

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2019 and 2020 HB5278

by Rep. Emanuel Chris Welch

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Creates the Student Confidential Reporting Act. Subject to appropriation, requires the Illinois State Police, in consultation with the Illinois Emergency Management Agency, State Board of Education, Department of Children and Family Services, and the Department of Human Services, to establish a program for receiving reports and other information from the public regarding potential self-harm or potential harm or criminal acts directed at school students, school employees, or schools in this State. Requires the program to include a Safe2Help Illinois helpline (defined as a school helpline involving a statewide toll-free telephone number, social media, a website, or other means of communication, or a combination of a toll-free telephone number and another means of communication, that transmits voice, text, photographic, or other messages and information to the Safe2Help Illinois operators). Provides for referrals from and the discontinuance of other State-run school violence help lines (excluding the CPS Violence Prevention Hotline). Sets forth other program and Illinois State Police requirements. Contains provisions concerning confidentiality of reported information, funding, and annual reporting. Provides that a Safe2Help Illinois employee, law enforcement agency, or law enforcement official acting in good faith in compliance with the Act shall have immunity from any civil or criminal liability that might otherwise occur as a result of handling tips, with the exception of willful or wanton misconduct. Provides that the Illinois State Police may adopt emergency rules to implement the Act. Amends various Acts to make conforming changes.

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CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning schools.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Student Confidential Reporting Act.
- 6 Section 5. Definitions. In this Act:
- "Safe2Help Illinois" means a school helpline involving a statewide toll-free telephone number, social media, a website, or other means of communication, or a combination of a toll-free telephone number and another means of communication, that transmits voice, text, photographic, or other messages and information to the Safe2Help Illinois operators.
 - "School" means a public or nonpublic school offering any grade from kindergarten through 12, regardless of whether school is in session. "School" includes all school property.
 - "School employee" means a full-time or part-time employee of a school or school district, including a school administrator, a volunteer with a school or school district, or any other person who provides services to a school or school district, while he or she is on school property. A person described in this definition is considered a school employee regardless of whether school is in session.
- "School site" means a building, a playing field, or

- 1 property used for school purposes to impart instruction to
- 2 school students or used for school purposes, functions, or
- 3 events, regardless of whether school is in session. "School
- 4 property" includes a school bus.
- 5 "School student" means a person who is enrolled as a
- 6 student in a school regardless of whether school is in session.
- 7 Section 10. Safe2Help Illinois program management and
- 8 administration.
- 9 (a) The Illinois State Police, in consultation with the
- 10 Illinois Emergency Management Agency, State Board of
- 11 Education, Department of Human Services, and Department of
- 12 Children and Family Services shall, to the extent that funds
- are appropriated for that purpose, establish a program for
- 14 receiving reports and other information from the public
- 15 regarding potential self-harm or potential harm or criminal
- acts directed at school students, school employees, or schools
- 17 in this State. The Illinois State Police shall establish the
- 18 program in accordance with this Act. The Illinois State Police
- 19 shall have access to the information needed to meet the
- 20 reporting requirements of Section 35.
- 21 (b) The program shall include a Safe2Help Illinois helpline
- 22 for operators to receive reports and information from the
- 23 general public as described in subsection (a). The helpline
- shall be available for use 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.
- 25 (c) The Department of Innovation and Technology shall

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- operate a dedicated website to provide mental health and risk assessment information for students, promotional information to local law enforcement officials, school officials, and the qeneral public regarding the program.
 - (d) Beginning on the date that Safe2Help Illinois is operational, all calls received by any State-run school violence help line in operation prior to the establishment of Safe2Help Illinois shall be directed to Safe2Help Illinois. In addition, any State-run school violence help line in operation prior to the establishment of Safe2Help Illinois shall be disconnected within 6 months after Safe2Help Illinois is operational. The CPS Violence Prevention Hotline established under Section 34-21.8 of the School Code and the Safe2Help Illinois shall cooperate with each other. If the Safe2Help helpline receives information about Illinois occurring in the Chicago public schools, it shall transmit that information to the CPS Violence Prevention Hotline. For the purposes of this subsection (e), a State-run school violence help line does not include the CPS Violence Prevention Hotline established under Section 34-21.8 of the School Code. Instead, the Illinois State Police shall work in conjunction with the Chicago Board of Education and the Chicago Police Department to direct all applicable calls received by Safe2Help to the CPS Violence Prevention Hotline.
 - (f) The Illinois State Police shall be responsible for the continued operational and administrative oversight of the

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- program. The program shall provide for a means to review all reports and information submitted through Safe2Help Illinois and to direct those reports and that information, including any analysis of the potential threat as determined appropriate by the Illinois State Police, to local law enforcement officials and school officials.
- 7 (g) The Illinois State Police shall ensure that appropriate 8 training is provided to program personnel in all of the 9 following areas:
- 10 (1) Crisis management, including recognizing mental 11 illness and emotional disturbance.
 - (2) The resources that are available in the community for providing mental health treatment and other human services.
 - (3) Other matters determined by the Illinois State Police to be relevant to the administration and operation of the program.
 - (4) Handling of criminal intelligence information regarding primary and data collection, storage, and dissemination.
 - (h) A report or other information submitted to the program is considered to be a report to a law enforcement agency and shall be maintained as a record by the Illinois State Police for at least 5 years, subject to the confidentiality requirements of this Act.
- 26 (i) The Illinois State Police shall ensure that any

- 1 information submitted to the program where mental health
- 2 emergencies are needed to be immediately referred to the
- 3 appropriate centralized reporting system as promulgated in
- 4 Public Act 101-45.
- 5 Section 15. Management of confidential information.
- 6 (a) Any report or information submitted to the program
- 7 under Section 10 is confidential, may not be released except as
- 8 otherwise provided in this Act or in the Juvenile Court Act of
- 9 1987, and is not subject to disclosure under the Freedom of
- 10 Information Act.
- 11 (b) Any report or information submitted to the program and
- forwarded by the vendor described in subsection (d) of Section
- 13 10 to a law enforcement official or to a school official is
- 14 confidential, may not be released except as otherwise provided
- in this Act, and is not subject to disclosure under the Freedom
- of Information Act.
- 17 (c) A person who intentionally discloses information to
- another person in violation of subsection (a) or (b) commits a
- 19 Class C misdemeanor.
- 20 Section 20. Exemptions to confidentiality of reported
- 21 information. Information regarding a report or information
- 22 submitted to the program under Section 10, including any
- identifying information, may be disclosed as follows:
- 24 (1) By the Illinois State Police, a law enforcement

- agency, a school, or a community mental health service program or an employee of one of those entities acting in
- 3 the course of his or her duties. However, this paragraph
- 4 (1) does not allow the disclosure of information that would
- 5 identify the person who submitted the report or information
- 6 to the program under Section 10, except for an imminent
- 7 threat that poses a clear and present danger to the person.
- 8 (2) With the permission of the person or, if the person
- 9 is a minor, with the permission of the minor and his or her
- 10 parents or guardian.

- (3) Pursuant to a court order issued under Section 25.
- 12 Section 25. Release of confidential information.
- 13 (a) A person who is charged with a criminal offense as a
- 14 result of a report or information submitted under Section 10
- 15 may petition the court for disclosure of the report or
- 16 information, including any identifying information, as
- 17 provided in this subsection (a). The State's Attorney having
- jurisdiction shall be notified of the petition not less than 7
- 19 days before the hearing on the petition, or as otherwise
- 20 provided by the court, and have the right to appear in the
- 21 proceedings to oppose the petition.
- If a petition is filed under this subsection (a), the court
- 23 may conduct a hearing on the petition. If a hearing is
- 24 conducted, it shall be conducted in chambers outside of the
- 25 presence of the petitioner.

If the court determines that the report or information, including any identifying information, is relevant to the criminal proceedings and is essential to the fair trial of the person, the court may order the disclosure of that report or information, including any identifying information, as determined appropriate by the court.

The court may place restrictions on the release and use of the report or information, including any identifying information, obtained under this subsection (a) or may redact material as it considers appropriate. Material reviewed by the court that is not ordered released or that is redacted shall be maintained by the court under seal for purposes of appeal only.

(b) If the State's Attorney has reason to believe that a report or other information provided under Section 10 was falsely provided to the Illinois State Police, the State's Attorney may petition the court to disclose the report or information, including any identifying information.

The Attorney General shall be notified of the petition not less than 7 days before the hearing on the petition, or as otherwise provided by the court, and has the right to appear in the proceedings to oppose the petition.

If the court determines that there is reason to believe that the report or information may have been falsely provided, the court may order the disclosure of the report or information, including any identifying information, as determined appropriate by the court.

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- The court may place restrictions on the release and use of the report or information, including any identifying information, obtained under this subsection (b) or may redact material as it considers appropriate. Material reviewed by the court that is not ordered released or that is redacted shall be maintained by the court under seal for purposes of appeal only.
- (c) The Attorney General may also appear in any other action to oppose the release of any report or information obtained under Section 10, including any identifying information.
- 11 Section 30. Funding.
 - (a) The Illinois State Police may receive money or other assets from any source for deposit into the State Police Operations Assistance Fund. All moneys deposited under this Act into the State Police Operations Assistance Fund shall be used, subject to appropriation, by the Illinois State Police only for one or more of the following purposes:
 - (1) To pay the costs of the Illinois State Police for administering this Act.
 - (2) To pay the costs of personnel to staff the program under Section 10.
- 22 (3) To pay for equipment and software for operating the program.
 - (4) To promote public awareness of the program, including the availability of Safe2Help Illinois and the

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- dedicated website operated by the Illinois State Police 1 2 under subsection (c) of Section 10.
 - (5) To support the delivery of training and education on topics that address prevention of potential harm or criminal activities directed at school students, school employees, and schools.
 - The Illinois State Police (b) may also contributions, grants, gifts, assets, donations, services, or other financial assistance from any individual, association, corporation, or other organization having a legitimate interest in the Safe2Help Illinois helpline and the health and well-being of students.
 - Section 35. Procurement; rulemaking.
 - (a) The Illinois State Police, in consultation with and subject to the approval of the Chief Procurement Officer, may procure a single contract or multiple contracts to implement the provisions of this Act. A contract or contracts under this subsection are not subject to the provisions of the Illinois Procurement Code, except for Sections 20-60, 20-65, 20-70, and 20-160 and Article 50 of that Code, provided that the Chief Procurement Officer may, in writing with justification, waive any certification required under Article 50.
 - provide for the expeditious and implementation of this Act, emergency rules to implement any provision of this Act may be adopted by the Illinois State

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- 1 Police subject to the provisions of Section 5-45 of the
- 2 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for a period not to
- 3 exceed 180 days after the effective date of this Act.
 - Section 40. Annual reporting. The Illinois State Police, in consultation with the State Board of Education, shall prepare an annual report under this Act. The report shall be filed no later than 90 days after the conclusion of the calendar year. Copies of the report shall be filed with the Governor and the General Assembly as provided in Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act. The report shall also be maintained on the Illinois State Police's dedicated website under subsection (c) of Section 10. The report shall contain, but is not limited to, all of the following information:
 - (1) The number of reports submitted to the program under Section 10.
 - (2) The number of reports submitted to the program that are forwarded to local law enforcement officials and school officials.
 - (3) The number of reports submitted to the program resulting in referrals to mental health services.
 - (4) The nature of the reports and information submitted to the program in categories established by the Illinois State Police.
 - (5) An analysis of the overall effectiveness of the program in addressing potential self-harm or potential

- 1 harm or criminal acts directed at schools, school
- 2 employees, and school students.
- Section 45. Immunity. A Safe2Help Illinois helpline
 employee, law enforcement agency, or law enforcement official
 acting in good faith in compliance with this Act shall have
 immunity from any civil or criminal liability that might
 otherwise occur as a result of handling tips described in this
- 9 Section 900. The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act is 10 amended by adding Section 5-45.1 as follows:

Act, with the exception of willful or wanton misconduct.

- 11 (5 ILCS 100/5-45.1 new)
- Sec. 5-45.1. Emergency rulemaking; Student Confidential 12 13 Reporting Act. To provide for the expeditious and timely 14 implementation of the provisions of the Student Confidential Reporting Act, emergency rules implementing the Student 15 16 Confidential Reporting Act may be adopted in accordance with Section 5-45 by the Illinois State Police. The adoption of 17 18 emergency rules authorized by Section 5-45 and this Section is 19 deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and 20 welfare.
- This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.
- 22 Section 905. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by

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- 1 changing Section 7 as follows:
- 2 (5 ILCS 140/7) (from Ch. 116, par. 207)
- 3 Sec. 7. Exemptions.
- (1) When a request is made to inspect or copy a public record that contains information that is exempt from disclosure under this Section, but also contains information that is not exempt from disclosure, the public body may elect to redact the information that is exempt. The public body shall make the remaining information available for inspection and copying.

 Subject to this requirement, the following shall be exempt from
- Subject to this requirement, the following shall be exempt from inspection and copying:
 - (a) Information specifically prohibited from disclosure by federal or State law or rules and regulations implementing federal or State law.
 - (b) Private information, unless disclosure is required by another provision of this Act, a State or federal law or a court order.
 - (b-5) Files, documents, and other data or databases maintained by one or more law enforcement agencies and specifically designed to provide information to one or more law enforcement agencies regarding the physical or mental status of one or more individual subjects.
 - (c) Personal information contained within public records, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, unless the

disclosure is consented to in writing by the individual subjects of the information. "Unwarranted invasion of personal privacy" means the disclosure of information that is highly personal or objectionable to a reasonable person and in which the subject's right to privacy outweighs any legitimate public interest in obtaining the information. The disclosure of information that bears on the public duties of public employees and officials shall not be considered an invasion of personal privacy.

- (d) Records in the possession of any public body created in the course of administrative enforcement proceedings, and any law enforcement or correctional agency for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that disclosure would:
 - (i) interfere with pending or actually and reasonably contemplated law enforcement proceedings conducted by any law enforcement or correctional agency that is the recipient of the request;
 - (ii) interfere with active administrative enforcement proceedings conducted by the public body that is the recipient of the request;
 - (iii) create a substantial likelihood that a
 person will be deprived of a fair trial or an impartial
 hearing;
 - (iv) unavoidably disclose the identity of a confidential source, confidential information

furnished only by the confidential source, or persons who file complaints with or provide information to administrative, investigative, law enforcement, or penal agencies; except that the identities of witnesses to traffic accidents, traffic accident reports, and rescue reports shall be provided by agencies of local government, except when disclosure would interfere with an active criminal investigation conducted by the agency that is the recipient of the request;

- (v) disclose unique or specialized investigative techniques other than those generally used and known or disclose internal documents of correctional agencies related to detection, observation or investigation of incidents of crime or misconduct, and disclosure would result in demonstrable harm to the agency or public body that is the recipient of the request;
- (vi) endanger the life or physical safety of law enforcement personnel or any other person; or
- (vii) obstruct an ongoing criminal investigation by the agency that is the recipient of the request.
- (d-5) A law enforcement record created for law enforcement purposes and contained in a shared electronic record management system if the law enforcement agency that is the recipient of the request did not create the record, did not participate in or have a role in any of the events

which are the subject of the record, and only has access to the record through the shared electronic record management system.

- (e) Records that relate to or affect the security of correctional institutions and detention facilities.
- (e-5) Records requested by persons committed to the Department of Corrections, Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health, or a county jail if those materials are available in the library of the correctional institution or facility or jail where the inmate is confined.
- (e-6) Records requested by persons committed to the Department of Corrections, Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health, or a county jail if those materials include records from staff members' personnel files, staff rosters, or other staffing assignment information.
- (e-7) Records requested by persons committed to the Department of Corrections or Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health if those materials are available through an administrative request to the Department of Corrections or Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health.
- (e-8) Records requested by a person committed to the Department of Corrections, Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health, or a county jail, the disclosure

of which would result in the risk of harm to any person or the risk of an escape from a jail or correctional institution or facility.

- (e-9) Records requested by a person in a county jail or committed to the Department of Corrections or Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health, containing personal information pertaining to the person's victim or the victim's family, including, but not limited to, a victim's home address, home telephone number, work or school address, work telephone number, social security number, or any other identifying information, except as may be relevant to a requester's current or potential case or claim.
- (e-10) Law enforcement records of other persons requested by a person committed to the Department of Corrections, Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health, or a county jail, including, but not limited to, arrest and booking records, mug shots, and crime scene photographs, except as these records may be relevant to the requester's current or potential case or claim.
- (f) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, memoranda and other records in which opinions are expressed, or policies or actions are formulated, except that a specific record or relevant portion of a record shall not be exempt when the record is publicly cited and identified by the head of the public body. The exemption

provided in this paragraph (f) extends to all those records of officers and agencies of the General Assembly that pertain to the preparation of legislative documents.

information obtained from a person or business where the trade secrets or commercial or financial information are furnished under a claim that they are proprietary, privileged, or confidential, and that disclosure of the trade secrets or commercial or financial information would cause competitive harm to the person or business, and only insofar as the claim directly applies to the records requested.

The information included under this exemption includes all trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained by a public body, including a public pension fund, from a private equity fund or a privately held company within the investment portfolio of a private equity fund as a result of either investing or evaluating a potential investment of public funds in a private equity fund. The exemption contained in this item does not apply to the aggregate financial performance information of a private equity fund, nor to the identity of the fund's managers or general partners. The exemption contained in this item does not apply to the identity of a privately held company within the investment portfolio of a private equity fund, unless the disclosure of the identity of a privately held

company may cause competitive harm.

Nothing contained in this paragraph (g) shall be construed to prevent a person or business from consenting to disclosure.

- (h) Proposals and bids for any contract, grant, or agreement, including information which if it were disclosed would frustrate procurement or give an advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contractor agreement with the body, until an award or final selection is made. Information prepared by or for the body in preparation of a bid solicitation shall be exempt until an award or final selection is made.
- (i) Valuable formulae, computer geographic systems, designs, drawings and research data obtained or produced by any public body when disclosure could reasonably be expected to produce private gain or public loss. The exemption for "computer geographic systems" provided in this paragraph (i) does not extend to requests made by news media as defined in Section 2 of this Act when the requested information is not otherwise exempt and the only purpose of the request is to access and disseminate information regarding the health, safety, welfare, or legal rights of the general public.
- (j) The following information pertaining to educational matters:
 - (i) test questions, scoring keys and other

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examination data used to administer an academic examination;

- (ii) information received by a primary or secondary school, college, or university under its procedures for the evaluation of faculty members by their academic peers;
- (iii) information concerning a school or university's adjudication of student disciplinary cases, but only to the extent that disclosure would unavoidably reveal the identity of the student; and
- (iv) course materials or research materials used by faculty members.
- Architects' plans, engineers' technical (k) submissions, and other construction related technical documents for projects not constructed or developed in whole or in part with public funds and the same for projects constructed or developed with public funds, including, but not limited to, power generating and distribution stations and other transmission and distribution facilities, water treatment facilities, airport facilities, sport stadiums, convention centers, and all government owned, operated, or occupied buildings, but only to the extent that disclosure would compromise security.
- (1) Minutes of meetings of public bodies closed to the public as provided in the Open Meetings Act until the

public body makes the minutes available to the public under Section 2.06 of the Open Meetings Act.

- (m) Communications between a public body and an attorney or auditor representing the public body that would not be subject to discovery in litigation, and materials prepared or compiled by or for a public body in anticipation of a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding upon the request of an attorney advising the public body, and materials prepared or compiled with respect to internal audits of public bodies.
- (n) Records relating to a public body's adjudication of employee grievances or disciplinary cases; however, this exemption shall not extend to the final outcome of cases in which discipline is imposed.
- (o) Administrative or technical information associated with automated data processing operations, including, but not limited to, software, operating protocols, computer program abstracts, file layouts, source listings, object modules, load modules, user guides, documentation pertaining to all logical and physical design of computerized systems, employee manuals, and any other information that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security of the system or its data or the security of materials exempt under this Section.
- (p) Records relating to collective negotiating matters between public bodies and their employees or

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- representatives, except that any final contract or agreement shall be subject to inspection and copying.
 - (q) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to determine the qualifications of an applicant for a license or employment.
 - (r) The records, documents, and information relating to real estate purchase negotiations until those negotiations have been completed or otherwise terminated. With regard to a parcel involved in a pending or actually and reasonably contemplated eminent domain proceeding under the Eminent Domain Act, records, documents, and information relating to that parcel shall be exempt except as may be allowed under discovery rules adopted by the Illinois Supreme Court. The records, documents, and information relating to a real estate sale shall be exempt until a sale is consummated.
 - (s) Any and all proprietary information and records related to the operation of an intergovernmental risk management association or self-insurance pool or jointly self-administered health and accident cooperative or pool. Insurance self insurance (including or any intergovernmental risk management association or insurance pool) claims, loss or risk management information, records, data, advice or communications.
 - (t) Information contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by,

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on behalf of, or for the use of a public body responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions, insurance companies, or pharmacy benefit managers, unless disclosure is otherwise required by State law.

- (u) Information that would disclose or might lead to the disclosure of secret or confidential information, codes, algorithms, programs, or private keys intended to be used to create electronic or digital signatures under the Electronic Commerce Security Act.
- (v) Vulnerability assessments, security measures, and response policies or plans that are designed to identify, prevent, or respond to potential attacks upon a community's population or systems, facilities, or installations, the destruction or contamination of which would constitute a clear and present danger to the health or safety of the community, but only to the extent that disclosure could reasonably be expected to jeopardize the effectiveness of the measures or the safety of the personnel who implement them or the public. Information exempt under this item may include such things as details pertaining to the mobilization or deployment of personnel or equipment, to the operation of communication systems or protocols, or to tactical operations.
 - (w) (Blank).
 - (x) Maps and other records regarding the location or

security of generation, transmission, distribution, storage, gathering, treatment, or switching facilities owned by a utility, by a power generator, or by the Illinois Power Agency.

- (y) Information contained in or related to proposals, bids, or negotiations related to electric power procurement under Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act and Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act that is determined to be confidential and proprietary by the Illinois Power Agency or by the Illinois Commerce Commission.
- (z) Information about students exempted from disclosure under Sections 10-20.38 or 34-18.29 of the School Code, and information about undergraduate students enrolled at an institution of higher education exempted from disclosure under Section 25 of the Illinois Credit Card Marketing Act of 2009.
- (aa) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the Viatical Settlements Act of 2009.
- (bb) Records and information provided to a mortality review team and records maintained by a mortality review team appointed under the Department of Juvenile Justice Mortality Review Team Act.
- (cc) Information regarding interments, entombments, or inurnments of human remains that are submitted to the Cemetery Oversight Database under the Cemetery Care Act or

the Cemetery Oversight Act, whichever is applicable.

- (dd) Correspondence and records (i) that may not be disclosed under Section 11-9 of the Illinois Public Aid Code or (ii) that pertain to appeals under Section 11-8 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (ee) The names, addresses, or other personal information of persons who are minors and are also participants and registrants in programs of park districts, forest preserve districts, conservation districts, recreation agencies, and special recreation associations.
- (ff) The names, addresses, or other personal information of participants and registrants in programs of park districts, forest preserve districts, conservation districts, recreation agencies, and special recreation associations where such programs are targeted primarily to minors.
- (gg) Confidential information described in Section 1-100 of the Illinois Independent Tax Tribunal Act of 2012.
- (hh) The report submitted to the State Board of Education by the School Security and Standards Task Force under item (8) of subsection (d) of Section 2-3.160 of the School Code and any information contained in that report.
- (ii) Records requested by persons committed to or detained by the Department of Human Services under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or committed to the

Department of Corrections under the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act if those materials: (i) are available in the library of the facility where the individual is confined; (ii) include records from staff members' personnel files, staff rosters, or other staffing assignment information; or (iii) are available through an administrative request to the Department of Human Services or the Department of Corrections.

- (jj) Confidential information described in Section 5-535 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- (kk) The public body's credit card numbers, debit card numbers, bank account numbers, Federal Employer Identification Number, security code numbers, passwords, and similar account information, the disclosure of which could result in identity theft or impression or defrauding of a governmental entity or a person.
- (11) (kk) Records concerning the work of the threat assessment team of a school district.
- (mm) Information prohibited from being disclosed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 15 of the Student Confidential Reporting Act.
- (1.5) Any information exempt from disclosure under the Judicial Privacy Act shall be redacted from public records prior to disclosure under this Act.
- (2) A public record that is not in the possession of a public body but is in the possession of a party with whom the

- 1 agency has contracted to perform a governmental function on
- 2 behalf of the public body, and that directly relates to the
- 3 governmental function and is not otherwise exempt under this
- 4 Act, shall be considered a public record of the public body,
- 5 for purposes of this Act.
- 6 (3) This Section does not authorize withholding of
- 7 information or limit the availability of records to the public,
- 8 except as stated in this Section or otherwise provided in this
- 9 Act.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 100-26, eff. 8-4-17; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17;
- 11 100-732, eff. 8-3-18; 101-434, eff. 1-1-20; 101-452, eff.
- 12 1-1-20; 101-455, eff. 8-23-19; revised 9-27-19.)
- 13 Section 910. The Department of State Police Law of the
- 14 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding
- 15 Section 2605-615 as follows:
- 16 (20 ILCS 2605/2605-615 new)
- 17 Sec. 2605-615. School helpline program. The Illinois State
- 18 Police shall establish a school helpline program in accordance
- 19 with the Student Confidential Reporting Act.
- Section 915. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
- 21 changing Section 5-915 as follows:
- 22 (705 ILCS 405/5-915)

- Sec. 5-915. Expungement of juvenile law enforcement and juvenile court records.
- (0.05) (Blank).
- 4 (0.1) (a) The Department of State Police and all law enforcement agencies within the State shall automatically expunge, on or before January 1 of each year, except as described in paragraph (c) of subsection (0.1), all juvenile law enforcement records relating to events occurring before an individual's 18th birthday if:
- 10 (1) one year or more has elapsed since the date of the
 11 arrest or law enforcement interaction documented in the
 12 records;
 - (2) no petition for delinquency or criminal charges were filed with the clerk of the circuit court relating to the arrest or law enforcement interaction documented in the records; and
 - (3) 6 months have elapsed since the date of the arrest without an additional subsequent arrest or filing of a petition for delinquency or criminal charges whether related or not to the arrest or law enforcement interaction documented in the records.
 - (b) If the law enforcement agency is unable to verify satisfaction of conditions (2) and (3) of this subsection (0.1), records that satisfy condition (1) of this subsection (0.1) shall be automatically expunged if the records relate to an offense that if committed by an adult would not be an

- 1 offense classified as Class 2 felony or higher, an offense
- 2 under Article 11 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or Criminal Code
- of 2012, or an offense under Section 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1,
- 4 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 5 (c) If the juvenile law enforcement record was received
- 6 through a public submission to a statewide student confidential
- 7 reporting system administered by the Illinois State Police, the
- 8 record will maintained for a period of five years according to
- 9 all other provisions in subsection (0.1).
- 10 (0.15) If a juvenile law enforcement record meets paragraph
- 11 (a) of subsection (0.1) of this Section, a juvenile law
- 12 enforcement record created:
- 13 (1) prior to January 1, 2018, but on or after January
- 14 1, 2013 shall be automatically expunded prior to January 1,
- 15 2020;
- 16 (2) prior to January 1, 2013, but on or after January
- 1, 2000, shall be automatically expunded prior to January
- 18 1, 2023; and
- 19 (3) prior to January 1, 2000 shall not be subject to
- 20 the automatic expungement provisions of this Act.
- 21 Nothing in this subsection (0.15) shall be construed to
- 22 restrict or modify an individual's right to have his or her
- juvenile law enforcement records expunged except as otherwise
- 24 may be provided in this Act.
- 25 (0.2) (a) Upon dismissal of a petition alleging delinquency
- or upon a finding of not delinquent, the successful termination

of an order of supervision, or the successful termination of an adjudication for an offense which would be a Class B misdemeanor, Class C misdemeanor, or a petty or business offense if committed by an adult, the court shall automatically order the expungement of the juvenile court records and juvenile law enforcement records. The clerk shall deliver a certified copy of the expungement order to the Department of State Police and the arresting agency. Upon request, the State's Attorney shall furnish the name of the arresting agency. The expungement shall be completed within 60 business days after the receipt of the expungement order.

(b) If the chief law enforcement officer of the agency, or his or her designee, certifies in writing that certain information is needed for a pending investigation involving the commission of a felony, that information, and information identifying the juvenile, may be retained until the statute of limitations for the felony has run. If the chief law enforcement officer of the agency, or his or her designee, certifies in writing that certain information is needed with respect to an internal investigation of any law enforcement office, that information and information identifying the juvenile may be retained within an intelligence file until the investigation is terminated or the disciplinary action, including appeals, has been completed, whichever is later. Retention of a portion of a juvenile's law enforcement record does not disqualify the remainder of his or her record from

immediate automatic expungement.

2 (0.3) (a) Upon an adjudication of delinquency based on any offense except a disqualified offense, the juvenile court shall 3 automatically order the expungement of the juvenile court and 4 5 law enforcement records 2 years after the juvenile's case was 6 closed if no delinquency or criminal proceeding is pending and 7 the person has had no subsequent delinquency adjudication or criminal conviction. The clerk shall deliver a certified copy 8 9 of the expungement order to the Department of State Police and 10 the arresting agency. Upon request, the State's Attorney shall 11 furnish the name of the arresting agency. The expungement shall 12 be completed within 60 business days after the receipt of the 13 expungement order. In this subsection (0.3), "disqualified offense" means any of the following offenses: Section 8-1.2, 14 9-1, 9-1.2, 9-2, 9-2.1, 9-3, 9-3.2, 10-1, 10-2, 10-3, 10-3.1, 15 16 10-4, 10-5, 10-9, 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 17 11-6, 11-6.5, 12-2, 12-3.05, 12-3.3, 12-4.4a, 12-5.02, 12-6.2, 12-6.5, 12-7.1, 12-7.5, 12-20.5, 12-32, 12-33, 12-34, 12-34.5, 18 18-1, 18-2, 18-3, 18-4, 18-6, 19-3, 19-6, 20-1, 20-1.1, 24-1.2, 19 24-1.2-5, 24-1.5, 24-3A, 24-3B, 24-3.2, 24-3.8, 24-3.9, 20 29D-14.9, 29D-20, 30-1, 31-1a, 32-4a, or 33A-2 of the Criminal 21 22 Code of 2012, or subsection (b) of Section 8-1, paragraph (4) 23 of subsection (a) of Section 11-14.4, subsection (a-5) of Section 12-3.1, paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (a) of 24 25 Section 12-6, subsection (a-3) or (a-5) of Section 12-7.3, paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of Section 12-7.4, 26

- 1 subparagraph (i) of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section
- 2 12-9, subparagraph (H) of paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of
- 3 Section 24-1.6, paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section
- 4 25-1, or subsection (a-7) of Section 31-1 of the Criminal Code
- 5 of 2012.
- 6 (b) If the chief law enforcement officer of the agency, or
- 7 his or her designee, certifies in writing that certain
- 8 information is needed for a pending investigation involving the
- 9 commission of a felony, that information, and information
- 10 identifying the juvenile, may be retained in an intelligence
- 11 file until the investigation is terminated or for one
- 12 additional year, whichever is sooner. Retention of a portion of
- 13 a juvenile's juvenile law enforcement record does not
- 14 disqualify the remainder of his or her record from immediate
- 15 automatic expungement.
- 16 (0.4) Automatic expungement for the purposes of this
- 17 Section shall not require law enforcement agencies to
- 18 obliterate or otherwise destroy juvenile law enforcement
- 19 records that would otherwise need to be automatically expunged
- 20 under this Act, except after 2 years following the subject
- 21 arrest for purposes of use in civil litigation against a
- 22 governmental entity or its law enforcement agency or personnel
- which created, maintained, or used the records. However, these
- juvenile law enforcement records shall be considered expunged
- 25 for all other purposes during this period and the offense,
- 26 which the records or files concern, shall be treated as if it

- 1 never occurred as required under Section 5-923.
- (0.5) Subsection (0.1) or (0.2) of this Section does not
- 3 apply to violations of traffic, boating, fish and game laws, or
- 4 county or municipal ordinances.
- 5 (0.6) Juvenile law enforcement records of a plaintiff who
- 6 has filed civil litigation against the governmental entity or
- 7 its law enforcement agency or personnel that created,
- 8 maintained, or used the records, or juvenile law enforcement
- 9 records that contain information related to the allegations set
- 10 forth in the civil litigation may not be expunded until after 2
- 11 years have elapsed after the conclusion of the lawsuit,
- including any appeal.
- 13 (0.7) Officer-worn body camera recordings shall not be
- 14 automatically expunded except as otherwise authorized by the
- 15 Law Enforcement Officer-Worn Body Camera Act.
- 16 (1) Whenever a person has been arrested, charged, or
- 17 adjudicated delinquent for an incident occurring before his or
- her 18th birthday that if committed by an adult would be an
- 19 offense, and that person's juvenile law enforcement and
- 20 juvenile court records are not eligible for automatic
- expungement under subsection (0.1), (0.2), or (0.3), the person
- 22 may petition the court at any time for expundement of juvenile
- law enforcement records and juvenile court records relating to
- 24 the incident and, upon termination of all juvenile court
- 25 proceedings relating to that incident, the court shall order
- 26 the expungement of all records in the possession of the

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- 1 Department of State Police, the clerk of the circuit court, and
- 2 law enforcement agencies relating to the incident, but only in
- 3 any of the following circumstances:
- 4 (a) the minor was arrested and no petition for delinquency was filed with the clerk of the circuit court;
- 6 (a-5) the minor was charged with an offense and the 7 petition or petitions were dismissed without a finding of 8 delinquency;
 - (b) the minor was charged with an offense and was found not delinquent of that offense;
 - (c) the minor was placed under supervision under Section 5-615, and the order of supervision has since been successfully terminated; or
 - (d) the minor was adjudicated for an offense which would be a Class B misdemeanor, Class C misdemeanor, or a petty or business offense if committed by an adult.
- (1.5) The Department of State Police shall allow a person to use the Access and Review process, established in the Department of State Police, for verifying that his or her juvenile law enforcement records relating to incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday eligible under this Act have been expunged.
- (1.6) (Blank).
- (1.7) (Blank).
- 25 (1.8) (Blank).
- 26 (2) Any person whose delinquency adjudications are not

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eligible for automatic expundement under subsection (0.3) of this Section may petition the court to expunge all juvenile law enforcement records relating to any incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday which did not result in proceedings in criminal court and all juvenile court records with respect to any adjudications except those based upon first degree murder or an offense under Article 11 of the Criminal Code of 2012 if the person is required to register under the Sex Offender Registration Act at the time he or she petitions the court for expungement; provided that: (a) (blank); or (b) 2 years have elapsed since all juvenile court proceedings relating to him or her have been terminated and his or her commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice under this Act has been terminated.

- (2.5)If a minor is arrested and no petition delinquency is filed with the clerk of the circuit court at the time the minor is released from custody, the youth officer, if applicable, or other designated person from the arresting agency, shall notify verbally and in writing to the minor or the minor's parents or quardians that the minor shall have an arrest record and shall provide the minor and the minor's parents or quardians with an expungement information packet, information regarding this State's expungement laws including a petition to expunge juvenile law enforcement and juvenile court records obtained from the clerk of the circuit court.
 - (2.6) If a minor is referred to court, then, at the time of

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sentencing, or dismissal of the case, or successful completion of supervision, the judge shall inform the delinquent minor of his or her rights regarding expungement and the clerk of the circuit court shall provide an expungement information packet to the minor, written in plain language, including information regarding this State's expungement laws and a petition for expungement, a sample of a completed petition, expungement instructions that shall include information informing the minor that (i) once the case is expunded, it shall be treated as if it never occurred, (ii) he or she may apply to have petition fees waived, (iii) once he or she obtains an expungement, he or she may not be required to disclose that he or she had a juvenile law enforcement or juvenile court record, and (iv) if petitioning he or she may file the petition on his or her own or with the assistance of an attorney. The failure of the judge to inform the delinquent minor of his or her right to petition for expungement as provided by law does not create a substantive right, nor is that failure grounds for: (i) a reversal of an adjudication of delinquency; (ii) a new trial; or (iii) an appeal.

- 21 (2.7) (Blank).
- 22 (2.8) (Blank).
- 23 (3) (Blank).
- 24 (3.1) (Blank).
- 25 (3.2) (Blank).
- 26 (3.3) (Blank).

- 1 (4) (Blank).
- 2 (5) (Blank).
- 3 (5.5) Whether or not expunded, records eligible for
- 4 automatic expungement under subdivision (0.1)(a), (0.2)(a), or
- 5 (0.3)(a) may be treated as expunged by the individual subject
- 6 to the records.
- 7 (6) (Blank).
- 8 (6.5) The Department of State Police or any employee of the
- 9 Department shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for
- 10 failure to expunge any records of arrest that are subject to
- 11 expungement under this Section because of inability to verify a
- 12 record. Nothing in this Section shall create Department of
- 13 State Police liability or responsibility for the expungement of
- 14 juvenile law enforcement records it does not possess.
- 15 (7) (Blank).
- 16 (7.5) (Blank).
- 17 (8) (a) (Blank). (b) (Blank). (c) The expungement of
- 18 juvenile law enforcement or juvenile court records under
- 19 subsection (0.1), (0.2), or (0.3) of this Section shall be
- 20 funded by appropriation by the General Assembly for that
- 21 purpose.
- 22 (9) (Blank).
- 23 (10) (Blank).
- 24 (Source: P.A. 99-835, eff. 1-1-17; 99-881, eff. 1-1-17;
- 25 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-285, eff. 1-1-18; 100-720, eff.
- 26 8-3-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-987, eff. 7-1-19; 100-1162,

- 1 eff. 12-20-18; revised 7-16-19.)
- 2 Section 920. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
- 3 Section 5.930 as follows:
- 4 (30 ILCS 105/5.930 new)
- 5 Sec. 5.930. The Student Safety Fund.

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8 30 ILCS 105/5.930 new

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