101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

SB1591

Introduced 2/15/2019, by Sen. Elgie R. Sims, Jr.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 2505/2505-810 new 35 ILCS 105/3-5 35 ILCS 110/3-5 35 ILCS 115/3-5 35 ILCS 120/2-5 35 ILCS 640/2-4

Amends the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Creates an exemption for qualified tangible personal property used in the construction or operation of a data center that has been granted a certificate of exemption by the Department of Revenue. Amends the Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois to add provisions concerning those certificates of exemption. Effective immediately.

LRB101 08762 HLH 53849 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1

AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 3. The Department of Revenue Law of the Civil
Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Section
2505-810 as follows:

- 7 (20 ILCS 2505/2505-810 new)
- 8 <u>Sec. 2505-810. Data center investment.</u>
- 9 <u>(a) The Department shall issue certificates of exemption</u> 10 <u>from the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act, the</u> 11 <u>Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act, all</u> 12 <u>locally-imposed retailers' occupation taxes administered and</u> 13 <u>collected by the Department, the Chicago non-titled Use Tax,</u> 14 <u>and the Electricity Excise Tax Act to qualifying Illinois data</u> 15 <u>centers.</u>
- 16 (b) For purposes of this Section:

17"Data center" means a building or a series of buildings18that is rehabilitated or constructed to house working19servers in one physical location or several sites.

- 20"Qualifying Illinois data center" means a new or21existing data center that:
- 22 (1) is located in the State of Illinois;
- 23 (2) in the case of an existing data center, made a

1	capital investment of at least \$250,000,000
2	collectively by the data center operator and the
3	tenants of all of its data centers over the 60-month
4	period immediately prior to January 1, 2020 or
5	committed to make a capital investment of at least
6	\$250,000,000 over a 60-month period commencing before
7	January 1, 2020 and ending after January 1, 2020; or
8	(3) in the case of a new data center, makes a
9	<u>capital investment of at least \$250,000,000 over a</u>
10	60-month period; and
11	(4) in the case of both existing and new data
12	centers, results in the creation of at least 20
13	<u>full-time or full-time equivalent new jobs over a</u>
14	period of 60 months by the data center operator and the
15	tenants of the data center, collectively, associated
16	with the operation or maintenance of the data center;
17	those jobs must have a total compensation equal to or
18	greater than 120% of the median wage paid to full-time
19	employees in the county where the data center is
20	located, as determined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor
21	Statistics; and
22	(5) is carbon neutral or attains certification
23	under one or more of the following green building
24	standards:
25	(A) BREEAM for New Construction or BREEAM
26	In-Use;

1	(B) ENERGY STAR;
2	(C) Envision;
3	(D) ISO 50001-energy management;
4	(E) LEED for Building Design and Construction
5	or LEED for Operations and Maintenance;
6	(F) Green Globes for New Construction or Green
7	Globes for Existing Buildings;
8	(G) UL 3223; or
9	(H) an equivalent program approved by the
10	Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity.
11	"Full-time equivalent job" means a job in which the new
12	employee works for the owner, operator, contractor, or
13	tenant of a data center or for a corporation under contract
14	with the owner, operator or tenant of a data center at a
15	rate of at least 35 hours per week. An owner, operator or
16	tenant who employs labor or services at a specific site or
17	facility under contract with another may declare one
18	full-time, permanent job for every 1,820-man hours worked
19	per year under that contract. Vacations, paid holidays, and
20	sick time are included in this computation. Overtime is not
21	considered a part of regular hours.
22	"Qualified tangible personal property" means:
23	electrical systems and equipment; climate control and
24	chilling equipment and systems; mechanical systems and
25	equipment; monitoring and secure systems; emergency
26	generators; hardware; computers; servers; data storage

SB1	591

1	devices; network connectivity equipment; racks; cabinets;
2	telecommunications cabling infrastructure; raised floor
3	systems; peripheral components or systems; software;
4	mechanical, electrical, or plumbing systems; battery
5	systems; cooling systems and towers; temperature control
6	systems; other cabling; and other data center
7	infrastructure equipment and systems necessary to operate
8	qualified tangible personal property, including fixtures;
9	and component parts of any of the foregoing, including
10	installation, maintenance, repair, refurbishment, and
11	replacement of qualified tangible personal property to
12	generate, transform, transmit, distribute, or manage
13	electricity necessary to operate qualified tangible
14	personal property; and all other tangible personal
15	property that is essential to the operations of a computer
16	data center. The term "qualified tangible personal
17	property" also includes building materials physically
18	incorporated in to the qualifying data center. To document
19	the exemption allowed under this Section, the retailer must
20	obtain from the purchaser a copy of the certificate of
21	eligibility issued by the Department.
22	(c) New and existing data centers seeking a certificate of
23	exemption for new or existing facilities shall apply to the
24	Department in the manner specified by the Department. The
25	Department and any data center seeking the exemption, including
26	a data center operator on behalf of itself and its tenants,

	SB1591 - 5 - LRB101 08762 HLH 53849 b
1	must enter into a memorandum of understanding that at a minimum
2	provides:
3	(1) the details for determining the amount of capital
4	investment to be made;
5	(2) the number of new jobs created;
6	(3) the timeline for achieving the capital investment
7	and new job goals;
8	(4) the repayment obligation should those goals not be
9	achieved and any conditions under which repayment by the
10	qualifying data center or data center tenant claiming the
11	exemption will be required; and
12	(5) other provisions as deemed necessary.
13	(d) Beginning July 1, 2021, and each year thereafter, the
14	Department shall annually report to the Governor and the
15	General Assembly on the outcomes and effectiveness of this
16	amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly that shall include
17	the following:
18	(1) the name of each recipient business;
19	(2) the location of the project;
20	(3) the estimated value of the credit;
21	(4) the number of new jobs and, if applicable, retained
22	jobs pledged as a result of the project; and
23	(5) whether or not the project is located in an
24	underserved area.

25 Section 5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Section

SB1591

- 6 - LRB101 08762 HLH 53849 b

1 3-5 as follows:

2 (35 ILCS 105/3-5)

3 Sec. 3-5. Exemptions. Use of the following tangible 4 personal property is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:

5 Personal property purchased from a corporation, (1)foundation, 6 association, institution, society, or 7 organization, other than a limited liability company, that is 8 organized and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise 9 for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the 10 personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the 11 purpose of resale by the enterprise.

12 (2) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit
13 Illinois county fair association for use in conducting,
14 operating, or promoting the county fair.

15 (3) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit arts or 16 cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under 17 Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is 18 organized and operated primarily for the presentation or 19 20 support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or 21 services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, 22 music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony 23 orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service 24 organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, 25 and media arts organizations. On and after July 1, 2001 (the

effective date of Public Act 92-35), however, an entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification number issued by the Department.

5 (4) Personal property purchased by a governmental body, by 6 а corporation, society, association, foundation, or 7 institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, 8 religious, or educational purposes, or by a not-for-profit 9 corporation, society, association, foundation, institution, or 10 organization that has no compensated officers or employees and 11 that is organized and operated primarily for the recreation of 12 persons 55 years of age or older. A limited liability company 13 may gualify for the exemption under this paragraph only if the 14 limited liability company is organized and operated 15 exclusively for educational purposes. On and after July 1, 16 1987, however, no entity otherwise eligible for this exemption 17 shall make tax-free purchases unless it has an active exemption identification number issued by the Department. 18

(5) Until July 1, 2003, a passenger car that is a
replacement vehicle to the extent that the purchase price of
the car is subject to the Replacement Vehicle Tax.

(6) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again on September 1, 2004 through August 30, 2014, graphic arts machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for graphic

production, and including machinery and equipment 1 arts 2 purchased for lease. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the chemicals or chemicals 3 acting as catalysts effect a direct and immediate change upon a 4 graphic arts product. Beginning on July 1, 2017, graphic arts 5 6 machinery and equipment is included in the manufacturing and assembling machinery and equipment exemption under paragraph 7 8 (18).

9

(7) Farm chemicals.

10 (8) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver 11 coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the 12 United States of America, or the government of any foreign 13 country, and bullion.

14 (9) Personal property purchased from a teacher-sponsored 15 student organization affiliated with an elementary or 16 secondary school located in Illinois.

(10) A motor vehicle that is used for automobile renting,
as defined in the Automobile Renting Occupation and Use Tax
Act.

(11) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or State or federal agricultural programs, including individual replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the

- 9 - LRB101 08762 HLH 53849 b

1 Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural 2 chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 3 but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered 4 5 under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering 6 plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under 7 8 this item (11). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry 9 boxes shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle 10 required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor 11 vehicle required to be licensed if the selling price of the 12 tender is separately stated.

13 Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision 14 farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be 15 installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not 16 limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders, 17 or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, 18 software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other 19 20 such equipment.

Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the computer-assisted operation of production agriculture facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and

1 agricultural chemicals. This item (11) is exempt from the 2 provisions of Section 3-90.

3 (12) Until June 30, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold 4 to or used by an air common carrier, certified by the carrier 5 to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct 6 of its business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined 7 for or returning from a location or locations outside the 8 United States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic 9 stopovers.

10 Beginning July 1, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air carrier, certified by the carrier to be used 11 12 for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its 13 business as an air common carrier, for a flight that (i) is 14 engaged in foreign trade or is engaged in trade between the 15 United States and any of its possessions and (ii) transports at least one individual or package for hire from the city of 16 17 origination to the city of final destination on the same aircraft, without regard to a change in the flight number of 18 that aircraft. 19

(13) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately stated on customers' bills for the purchase and consumption of food and beverages purchased at retail from a retailer, to the extent that the proceeds of the service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a substitute for tips to the employees who participate directly in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or beverage function with

1 respect to which the service charge is imposed.

2 (14) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs, 3 rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and 4 5 tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps 6 and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any 7 individual replacement part for oil field exploration, 8 drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and 9 equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles 10 required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(15) Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for photoprocessing, and including photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease.

16 (16) Until July 1, 2023, coal and aggregate exploration, 17 mining, off-highway hauling, processing, maintenance, and equipment, including replacement 18 reclamation parts and equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but 19 20 excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. The changes made to this Section by 21 22 Public Act 97-767 apply on and after July 1, 2003, but no claim 23 for credit or refund is allowed on or after August 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456) for such taxes paid 24 25 during the period beginning July 1, 2003 and ending on August 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456). 26

1 (17) Until July 1, 2003, distillation machinery and 2 equipment, sold as a unit or kit, assembled or installed by the 3 retailer, certified by the user to be used only for the 4 production of ethyl alcohol that will be used for consumption 5 as motor fuel or as a component of motor fuel for the personal 6 use of the user, and not subject to sale or resale.

7 (18) Manufacturing and assembling machinery and equipment 8 used primarily in the process of manufacturing or assembling 9 tangible personal property for wholesale or retail sale or 10 lease, whether that sale or lease is made directly by the 11 manufacturer or by some other person, whether the materials 12 used in the process are owned by the manufacturer or some other 13 person, or whether that sale or lease is made apart from or as 14 an incident to the seller's engaging in the service occupation 15 of producing machines, tools, dies, jigs, patterns, gauges, or 16 other similar items of no commercial value on special order for 17 a particular purchaser. The exemption provided by this paragraph (18) does not include machinery and equipment used in 18 (i) the generation of electricity for wholesale or retail sale; 19 20 (ii) the generation or treatment of natural or artificial gas for wholesale or retail sale that is delivered to customers 21 22 through pipes, pipelines, or mains; or (iii) the treatment of 23 water for wholesale or retail sale that is delivered to 24 customers through pipes, pipelines, or mains. The provisions of 25 Public Act 98-583 are declaratory of existing law as to the 26 meaning and scope of this exemption. Beginning on July 1, 2017,

the exemption provided by this paragraph (18) includes, but is not limited to, graphic arts machinery and equipment, as defined in paragraph (6) of this Section.

4 (19) Personal property delivered to a purchaser or 5 purchaser's donee inside Illinois when the purchase order for 6 that personal property was received by a florist located 7 outside Illinois who has a florist located inside Illinois 8 deliver the personal property.

9 (20) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock10 for direct agricultural production.

(21) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and 11 12 meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club 13 Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter 14 Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or 15 Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or 16 racing for prizes. This item (21) is exempt from the provisions 17 of Section 3-90, and the exemption provided for under this item (21) applies for all periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no 18 claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after January 1, 19 20 2008 for such taxes paid during the period beginning May 30, 2000 and ending on January 1, 2008. 21

(22) Computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients purchased by a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would

otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a 1 2 hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 3 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a 4 5 manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the 6 tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the 7 8 case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at 9 the time the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect 10 or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that 11 purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this 12 Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax 13 has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly 14 collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have 15 a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. 16 If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any 17 reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the 18 Department.

19 (23) Personal property purchased by a lessor who leases the 20 property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in 21 effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the 22 tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body that has been 23 issued an active sales tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1q of the Retailers' Occupation 24 25 Tax Act. If the property is leased in a manner that does not 26 qualify for this exemption or used in any other non-exempt

manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under 1 2 this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based 3 on the fair market value of the property at the time the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt 4 5 to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to 6 reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the 7 Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been 8 paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such 9 amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to 10 claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, 11 that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the 12 lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department.

13 (24) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 14 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 15 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared 16 17 disaster area in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a 18 19 corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution 20 that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification 21 number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster 22 who reside within the declared disaster area.

(25) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including

but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, 1 2 bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer 3 line extensions, water distribution and purification facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and 4 5 sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a State or federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois 6 7 when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster. 8

9 (26) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds purchased 10 at a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" as that term is 11 used in the Wildlife Code. This paragraph is exempt from the 12 provisions of Section 3-90.

13 (27) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 14 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a 15 corporation, limited liability company, society, association, 16 foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department 17 to be organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, 18 19 limited liability company, society, association, foundation, 20 or institution organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, 21 22 private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful 23 branches of learning by methods common to public schools and that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the 24 25 course of study presented in tax-supported schools, and 26 vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and

operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, industrial, business, or commercial occupation.

5 (28)Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, including food, purchased through fundraising events for the 6 7 benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, 8 a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if 9 the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school 10 district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes 11 parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph 12 does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of 13 private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising 14 entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from 15 another individual or entity that sold the property for the 16 purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits 17 from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90. 18

(29) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 19 20 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other 21 22 items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning 23 January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and 24 25 vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, 26

coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph
 is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.

(30) Beginning January 1, 2001 and through June 30, 2016, 3 food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the 4 5 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 6 and food that has been prepared for drinks, immediate 7 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 8 medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing drugs, 9 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 10 use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical 11 assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code who 12 resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined in the Nursing Home Care Act, or in a licensed facility as defined 13 14 in the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, or the 15 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013.

16 (31) Beginning on August 2, 2001 (the effective date of 17 Public Act 92-227), computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the 18 diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients 19 20 purchased by a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the 21 22 lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this 23 Act, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the 24 25 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a 26 manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in

any other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the 1 2 tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the 3 case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect 4 5 or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this 6 7 Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax 8 has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly 9 collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have 10 a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. 11 If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any 12 reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the 13 Department. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90. 14

(32) Beginning on August 2, 2001 (the effective date of 15 16 Public Act 92-227), personal property purchased by a lessor who 17 leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be 18 19 subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body 20 has that been issued an active sales tax exemption 21 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the 22 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the property is leased in a 23 manner that does not qualify for this exemption or used in any 24 other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax 25 imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case 26 may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the

time the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or 1 2 attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports 3 to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been 4 5 paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to 6 claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, 7 8 that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the 9 lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department. This 10 paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.

11 (33) On and after July 1, 2003 and through June 30, 2004, 12 the use in this State of motor vehicles of the second division with a gross vehicle weight in excess of 8,000 pounds and that 13 14 are subject to the commercial distribution fee imposed under 15 Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Beginning on July 16 1, 2004 and through June 30, 2005, the use in this State of 17 motor vehicles of the second division: (i) with a gross vehicle weight rating in excess of 8,000 pounds; (ii) that are subject 18 to the commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 19 20 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; and (iii) that are 21 primarily used for commercial purposes. Through June 30, 2005, 22 this exemption applies to repair and replacement parts added 23 after the initial purchase of such a motor vehicle if that motor vehicle is used in a manner that would qualify for the 24 25 rolling stock exemption otherwise provided for in this Act. For 26 purposes of this paragraph, the term "used for commercial

purposes" means the transportation of persons or property in furtherance of any commercial or industrial enterprise, whether for-hire or not.

(34) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal property
used in the construction or maintenance of a community water
supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of the Environmental
Protection Act, that is operated by a not-for-profit
corporation that holds a valid water supply permit issued under
Title IV of the Environmental Protection Act. This paragraph is
exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.

11 (35) Beginning January 1, 2010, materials, parts, 12 equipment, components, and furnishings incorporated into or 13 upon an aircraft as part of the modification, refurbishment, 14 completion, replacement, repair, or maintenance of the 15 aircraft. This exemption includes consumable supplies used in 16 the modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, 17 repair, and maintenance of aircraft, but excludes any materials, parts, equipment, components, and consumable 18 supplies used in the modification, replacement, repair, and 19 20 maintenance of aircraft engines or power plants, whether such engines or power plants are installed or uninstalled upon any 21 22 such aircraft. "Consumable supplies" include, but are not 23 limited to, adhesive, tape, sandpaper, general purpose lubricants, cleaning solution, latex gloves, and protective 24 films. This exemption applies only to the use of qualifying 25 26 tangible personal property by persons who modify, refurbish,

complete, repair, replace, or maintain aircraft and who (i) 1 2 hold an Air Agency Certificate and are empowered to operate an 3 approved repair station by the Federal Aviation Administration, (ii) have a Class IV Rating, and (iii) conduct 4 5 operations in accordance with Part 145 of the Federal Aviation 6 Regulations. The exemption does not include aircraft operated 7 by a commercial air carrier providing scheduled passenger air service pursuant to authority issued under Part 121 or Part 129 8 9 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. The changes made to this 10 paragraph (35) by Public Act 98-534 are declarative of existing 11 law.

12 (36) Tangible property purchased personal by а 13 public-facilities corporation, as described in Section 11-65-10 of the Illinois Municipal Code, for purposes of 14 15 constructing or furnishing a municipal convention hall, but 16 only if the legal title to the municipal convention hall is 17 transferred to municipality without the any further consideration by or on behalf of the municipality at the time 18 of the completion of the municipal convention hall or upon the 19 20 retirement or redemption of any bonds or other debt instruments issued by the public-facilities corporation in connection with 21 22 the development of the municipal convention hall. This 23 exemption includes existing public-facilities corporations as provided in Section 11-65-25 of the Illinois Municipal Code. 24 25 This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90. (37) Beginning January 1, 2017, menstrual pads, tampons, 26

1 and menstrual cups.

(38) Merchandise that is subject to the Rental Purchase Agreement Occupation and Use Tax. The purchaser must certify that the item is purchased to be rented subject to a rental purchase agreement, as defined in the Rental Purchase Agreement Act, and provide proof of registration under the Rental Purchase Agreement Occupation and Use Tax Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.

9 (39) Tangible personal property purchased by a purchaser 10 who is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act by operation of 11 federal law. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of 12 Section 3-90.

13 (40) Beginning on January 1, 2020, gualified tangible personal property used in the construction or operation of a 14 15 data center that has been granted a certificate of exemption by the Department, whether that tangible personal property is 16 17 purchased by the owner, operator, or tenant of the data center or by a contractor or subcontractor of the owner, operator, or 18 19 tenant. Data centers that would have qualified for a 20 certificate of exemption prior to January 1, 2020 had this 21 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly been in effect, 22 may apply for and obtain an exemption for subsequent purchases 23 of computer equipment or enabling software purchased or leased 24 to upgrade, supplement, or replace computer equipment or 25 enabling software purchased or leased in the original 26 investment that would have qualified.

SB1591	- 24 -	LRB101 08762 HLH 53849 b
--------	--------	--------------------------

1	The Department shall grant a certificate of exemption under
2	this item (40) to qualified data centers as defined by
3	subsection (b) of Section 2505-810 of the Department of Revenue
4	Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
5	For the purposes of this item (40):
6	"Data center" means a building or a series of buildings
7	rehabilitated or constructed to house working servers in
8	one physical location or multiple sites within the State of
9	Illinois.
10	"Qualified tangible personal property" means:
11	electrical systems and equipment; climate control and
12	chilling equipment and systems; mechanical systems and
13	equipment; monitoring and secure systems; emergency
14	generators; hardware; computers; servers; data storage
15	devices; network connectivity equipment; racks; cabinets;
16	telecommunications cabling infrastructure; raised floor
17	systems; peripheral components or systems; software;
18	mechanical, electrical, or plumbing systems; battery
19	systems; cooling systems and towers; temperature control
20	systems; other cabling; and other data center
21	infrastructure equipment and systems necessary to operate
22	qualified tangible personal property, including fixtures;
23	and component parts of any of the foregoing, including
24	installation, maintenance, repair, refurbishment, and
25	replacement of qualified tangible personal property to
26	generate, transform, transmit, distribute, or manage

1	electricity necessary to operate qualified tangible
2	personal property; and all other tangible personal
3	property that is essential to the operations of a computer
4	data center. The term "qualified tangible personal
5	property" also includes building materials physically
6	incorporated in to the qualifying data center. To document
7	the exemption allowed under this Section, the retailer must
8	obtain from the purchaser a copy of the certificate of
9	eligibility issued by the Department.
10	This item (40) is exempt from the provisions of Section
11	<u>3-90.</u>
1.0	

12 (Source: P.A. 99-180, eff. 7-29-15; 99-855, eff. 8-19-16; 13 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 100-437, eff. 1-1-18; 100-594, eff. 14 6-29-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; revised 15 1-8-19.)

Section 10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing
Section 3-5 as follows:

18 (35 ILCS 110/3-5)

Sec. 3-5. Exemptions. Use of the following tangible personal property is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:

(1) Personal property purchased from a corporation, society, association, foundation, institution, or organization, other than a limited liability company, that is organized and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise 1 for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the 2 personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the 3 purpose of resale by the enterprise.

4 (2) Personal property purchased by a non-profit Illinois
5 county fair association for use in conducting, operating, or
6 promoting the county fair.

7 (3) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit arts or 8 cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by 9 the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under 10 Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is 11 organized and operated primarily for the presentation or 12 support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or 13 services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, 14 music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony 15 orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service 16 organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, 17 and media arts organizations. On and after July 1, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 92-35) this amendatory Act of the 18 92nd General Assembly, however, an entity otherwise eligible 19 20 for this exemption shall not make tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification number issued by the Department. 21

(4) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver
coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the
United States of America, or the government of any foreign
country, and bullion.

26

(5) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again on September 1,

2004 through August 30, 2014, graphic arts machinery and 1 2 equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that manufactured on special order or 3 purchased for lease, certified by the purchaser to be used 4 5 primarily for graphic arts production. Equipment includes 6 chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the 7 chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts effect a direct and immediate change upon a graphic arts product. Beginning on July 8 9 1, 2017, graphic arts machinery and equipment is included in 10 the manufacturing and assembling machinery and equipment 11 exemption under Section 2 of this Act.

12 (6) Personal property purchased from a teacher-sponsored 13 student organization affiliated with an elementary or 14 secondary school located in Illinois.

(7) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, 15 16 including that manufactured on special order, certified by the 17 purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or State or federal agricultural programs, including individual 18 replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including 19 20 machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the 21 22 Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural 23 chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 24 25 but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or 26

hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under this item (7). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry boxes shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor vehicle required to be licensed if the selling price of the tender is separately stated.

8 Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision 9 farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be 10 installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not 11 limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders, 12 or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not 13 limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other 14 15 such equipment.

16 Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, 17 sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the computer-assisted of production 18 operation agriculture facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited 19 20 to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and 21 22 agricultural chemicals. This item (7) is exempt from the 23 provisions of Section 3-75.

(8) Until June 30, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold
to or used by an air common carrier, certified by the carrier
to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct

of its business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined for or returning from a location or locations outside the United States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic stopovers.

5 Beginning July 1, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air carrier, certified by the carrier to be used 6 for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its 7 8 business as an air common carrier, for a flight that (i) is 9 engaged in foreign trade or is engaged in trade between the 10 United States and any of its possessions and (ii) transports at 11 least one individual or package for hire from the city of 12 origination to the city of final destination on the same 13 aircraft, without regard to a change in the flight number of that aircraft. 14

15 (9) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately 16 stated on customers' bills for the purchase and consumption of 17 food and beverages acquired as an incident to the purchase of a service from a serviceman, to the extent that the proceeds of 18 19 the service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a 20 substitute for tips to the employees who participate directly in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or 21 22 beverage function with respect to which the service charge is 23 imposed.

(10) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration, drilling,
and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs,
rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and

tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any individual replacement part for oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

7 (11) Proceeds from the sale of photoprocessing machinery 8 and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new 9 and used, including that manufactured on special order, 10 certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for 11 photoprocessing, and including photoprocessing machinery and 12 equipment purchased for lease.

13 (12) Until July 1, 2023, coal and aggregate exploration, 14 mining, off-highway hauling, processing, maintenance, and 15 reclamation equipment, including replacement parts and 16 equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but 17 excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. The changes made to this Section by 18 Public Act 97-767 apply on and after July 1, 2003, but no claim 19 20 for credit or refund is allowed on or after August 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456) for such taxes paid 21 22 during the period beginning July 1, 2003 and ending on August 23 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456).

24 (13) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock25 for direct agricultural production.

26

(14) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and

meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club 1 2 Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter 3 Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or 4 5 racing for prizes. This item (14) is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75, and the exemption provided for under this item 6 7 (14) applies for all periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no 8 claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after January 1, 9 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88) this amendatory 10 Act of the 95th General Assembly for such taxes paid during the 11 period beginning May 30, 2000 and ending on January 1, 2008 12 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88) this amendatory Act of 13 the 95th General Assembly.

14 (15) Computers and communications equipment utilized for 15 any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, 16 analysis, or treatment of hospital patients purchased by a 17 lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would 18 19 otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a 20 hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 21 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the 22 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a 23 manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in 24 any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the 25 tax imposed under this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may 26 be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time

the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or 1 2 attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports 3 to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by 4 5 the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a 6 refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount 7 8 is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is 9 liable to pay that amount to the Department.

10 (16) Personal property purchased by a lessor who leases the 11 property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in 12 effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body that has been 13 14 issued an active tax exemption identification number by the 15 Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 16 Act. If the property is leased in a manner that does not 17 qualify for this exemption or is used in any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under 18 19 this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the 20 fair market value of the property at the time the 21 non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt 22 to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to 23 reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the 24 Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by 25 the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount 26 from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a

1 refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount 2 is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is 3 liable to pay that amount to the Department.

(17) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 4 5 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for 6 disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared 7 8 in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a disaster area 9 manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a 10 corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification 11 12 number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster who reside within the declared disaster area. 13

14 (18) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 15 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 16 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the 17 performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, 18 19 bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer 20 line extensions, water distribution and purification 21 facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and 22 sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a State or 23 federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the 24 25 declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster.

26 (19) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds purchased

1 at a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" as that term is 2 used in the Wildlife Code. This paragraph is exempt from the 3 provisions of Section 3-75.

(20) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 4 5 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, 6 7 foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department 8 to be organized and operated exclusively for educational 9 purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, 10 limited liability company, society, association, foundation, 11 institution organized and operated exclusively for or 12 educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, 13 private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful 14 branches of learning by methods common to public schools and 15 that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the 16 course of study presented in tax-supported schools, and 17 vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less 18 than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to 19 20 follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, industrial, business, or commercial occupation. 21

(21) Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, including food, purchased through fundraising events for the benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school

district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes 1 2 parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of 3 private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising 4 5 entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from 6 another individual or entity that sold the property for the 7 purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits 8 from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is 9 exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

(22) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 10 11 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and 12 serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other 13 items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts 14 for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and 15 16 vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the 17 gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph 18 is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75. 19

20 (23) Beginning August 23, 2001 and through June 30, 2016, food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the 21 22 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 23 and food that has been prepared for immediate drinks, consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 24 25 medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing drugs, 26 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human

use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code who resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined in the Nursing Home Care Act, or in a licensed facility as defined in the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, or the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013.

(24) Beginning on August 2, 2001 (the effective date of 7 8 Public Act 92-227) this amendatory Act of the 92nd General 9 Assembly, computers and communications equipment utilized for 10 any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, 11 analysis, or treatment of hospital patients purchased by a 12 lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or 13 longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would 14 otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a 15 hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 16 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the 17 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in 18 19 any other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the 20 tax imposed under this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time 21 22 the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or 23 attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the 24 25 Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by 26 the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount

from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

(25) Beginning on August 2, 2001 (the effective date of 6 7 Public Act 92-227) this amendatory Act of the 92nd General 8 Assembly, personal property purchased by a lessor who leases 9 the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or 10 in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to 11 the tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body that has 12 been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1q of the Retailers' Occupation 13 14 Tax Act. If the property is leased in a manner that does not 15 qualify for this exemption or is used in any other nonexempt 16 manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under 17 this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time the nonqualifying 18 use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an 19 20 amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that 21 lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Use Tax Act, as 22 the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If 23 a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that 24 25 amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not 26 refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to

pay that amount to the Department. This paragraph is exempt
 from the provisions of Section 3-75.

3 (26) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal property 4 used in the construction or maintenance of a community water 5 supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of the Environmental 6 Protection Act, that is operated by a not-for-profit 7 corporation that holds a valid water supply permit issued under 8 Title IV of the Environmental Protection Act. This paragraph is 9 exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

10 (27)Beginning January 1, 2010, materials, parts, 11 equipment, components, and furnishings incorporated into or 12 upon an aircraft as part of the modification, refurbishment, 13 completion, replacement, repair, or maintenance of the 14 aircraft. This exemption includes consumable supplies used in the modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, 15 16 repair, and maintenance of aircraft, but excludes any 17 materials, parts, equipment, components, and consumable supplies used in the modification, replacement, repair, and 18 maintenance of aircraft engines or power plants, whether such 19 20 engines or power plants are installed or uninstalled upon any such aircraft. "Consumable supplies" include, but are not 21 22 limited to, adhesive, tape, sandpaper, general purpose 23 lubricants, cleaning solution, latex gloves, and protective films. This exemption applies only to the use of qualifying 24 tangible personal property transferred incident 25 to the 26 modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, repair,

- 39 - LRB101 08762 HLH 53849 b

or maintenance of aircraft by persons who (i) hold an Air 1 2 Agency Certificate and are empowered to operate an approved 3 repair station by the Federal Aviation Administration, (ii) have a Class IV Rating, and (iii) conduct operations in 4 5 accordance with Part 145 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. 6 exemption does not include aircraft operated by a The 7 commercial air carrier providing scheduled passenger air service pursuant to authority issued under Part 121 or Part 129 8 9 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. The changes made to this 10 paragraph (27) by Public Act 98-534 are declarative of existing 11 law.

12 (28)Tangible personal property purchased by а 13 public-facilities corporation, as described in Section 11-65-10 of the Illinois Municipal Code, for purposes of 14 15 constructing or furnishing a municipal convention hall, but 16 only if the legal title to the municipal convention hall is 17 transferred to the municipality without any further consideration by or on behalf of the municipality at the time 18 of the completion of the municipal convention hall or upon the 19 20 retirement or redemption of any bonds or other debt instruments issued by the public-facilities corporation in connection with 21 22 the development of the municipal convention hall. This 23 exemption includes existing public-facilities corporations as provided in Section 11-65-25 of the Illinois Municipal Code. 24 25 This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75. 26 (29) Beginning January 1, 2017, menstrual pads, tampons,

1 and menstrual cups.

(30) Tangible personal property transferred to a purchaser
who is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act by operation of
federal law. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
Section 3-75.

6 (31) Beginning on January 1, 2020, qualified tangible 7 personal property used in the construction or operation of a 8 data center that has been granted a certificate of exemption by 9 the Department, whether that tangible personal property is 10 purchased by the owner, operator, or tenant of the data center 11 or by a contractor or subcontractor of the owner, operator, or 12 tenant. Data centers that would have qualified for a 13 certificate of exemption prior to January 1, 2020 had this 14 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly been in effect, may apply for and obtain an exemption for subsequent purchases 15 16 of computer equipment or enabling software purchased or leased 17 to upgrade, supplement, or replace computer equipment or enabling software purchased or leased in the original 18 19 investment that would have qualified.

20 <u>The Department shall grant a certificate of exemption under</u> 21 <u>this item (31) to qualified data centers as defined by</u> 22 <u>subsection (b) of Section 2505-810 of the Department of Revenue</u> 23 <u>Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.</u>

- 24 For the purposes of this item (31):
- 25 <u>"Data center" means a building or a series of buildings</u>
 26 <u>rehabilitated or constructed to house working servers in</u>

<u>one physical location or multiple sites within the State of</u>
 Illinois.

3 "Qualified tangible personal property" means: electrical systems and equipment; climate control and 4 5 chilling equipment and systems; mechanical systems and 6 equipment; monitoring and secure systems; emergency generators; hardware; computers; servers; data storage 7 8 devices; network connectivity equipment; racks; cabinets; 9 telecommunications cabling infrastructure; raised floor 10 systems; peripheral components or systems; software; 11 mechanical, electrical, or plumbing systems; battery systems; cooling systems and towers; temperature control 12 13 systems; other cabling; and other data center 14 infrastructure equipment and systems necessary to operate 15 qualified tangible personal property, including fixtures; 16 and component parts of any of the foregoing, including installation, maintenance, repair, refurbishment, and 17 18 replacement of qualified tangible personal property to 19 generate, transform, transmit, distribute, or manage 20 electricity necessary to operate qualified tangible personal property; and all other tangible personal 21 22 property that is essential to the operations of a computer data center. The term "qualified tangible personal 23 24 property" also includes building materials physically 25 incorporated in to the qualifying data center. To document 26 the exemption allowed under this Section, the retailer must

	SB1591 - 42 - LRB101 08762 HLH 53849 b
1	obtain from the purchaser a copy of the certificate of
2	eligibility issued by the Department.
3	This item (31) is exempt from the provisions of Section
4	<u>3-75.</u>
5	(Source: P.A. 99-180, eff. 7-29-15; 99-855, eff. 8-19-16;
6	100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 100-594, eff. 6-29-18; 100-1171, eff.
7	1-4-19; revised 1-8-19.)
8	Section 15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by
9	changing Section 3-5 as follows:
10	(35 ILCS 115/3-5)
11	Sec. 3-5. Exemptions. The following tangible personal
12	property is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:
13	(1) Personal property sold by a corporation, society,
14	association, foundation, institution, or organization, other
15	than a limited liability company, that is organized and
16	operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise for the benefit
17	of persons 65 years of age or older if the personal property
18	was not purchased by the enterprise for the purpose of resale
19	by the enterprise.
20	(2) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit
21	Illinois county fair association for use in conducting,
22	operating, or promoting the county fair.
23	(3) Personal property purchased by any not-for-profit arts
24	or cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by

the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under 1 2 Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is organized and operated primarily for the presentation or 3 support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or 4 5 services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, 6 music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony 7 orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service 8 organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, 9 and media arts organizations. On and after July 1, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 92-35) this amendatory Act of the 10 11 92nd General Assembly, however, an entity otherwise eligible 12 for this exemption shall not make tax-free purchases unless it 13 has an active identification number issued by the Department.

14 (4) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver
15 coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the
16 United States of America, or the government of any foreign
17 country, and bullion.

(5) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again on September 1, 18 2004 through August 30, 2014, graphic arts machinery and 19 20 equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that manufactured on special order or 21 22 purchased for lease, certified by the purchaser to be used 23 primarily for graphic arts production. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the 24 25 chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts effect a direct and 26 immediate change upon a graphic arts product. Beginning on July

1, 2017, graphic arts machinery and equipment is included in
 the manufacturing and assembling machinery and equipment
 exemption under Section 2 of this Act.

4 (6) Personal property sold by a teacher-sponsored student
5 organization affiliated with an elementary or secondary school
6 located in Illinois.

7 (7) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, 8 including that manufactured on special order, certified by the 9 purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or 10 State or federal agricultural programs, including individual 11 replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including 12 machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including 13 implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural 14 15 chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to 16 be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 17 but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or 18 hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering 19 20 plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under this item (7). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry boxes 21 22 shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle 23 required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor vehicle required to be licensed if the selling price of the 24 25 tender is separately stated.

26 Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision

farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders, or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other such equipment.

8 Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, 9 sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the 10 computer-assisted operation of production agriculture 11 facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited 12 to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and 13 crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and agricultural chemicals. This item (7) is exempt from the 14 15 provisions of Section 3-55.

(8) Until June 30, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air common carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined for or returning from a location or locations outside the United States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic stopovers.

Beginning July 1, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a flight that (i) is

engaged in foreign trade or is engaged in trade between the United States and any of its possessions and (ii) transports at least one individual or package for hire from the city of origination to the city of final destination on the same aircraft, without regard to a change in the flight number of that aircraft.

(9) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately 7 8 stated on customers' bills for the purchase and consumption of 9 food and beverages, to the extent that the proceeds of the 10 service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a 11 substitute for tips to the employees who participate directly 12 in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or 13 beverage function with respect to which the service charge is 14 imposed.

(10) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration, drilling, 15 16 and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs, 17 rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps 18 and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any 19 20 individual replacement part for oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and 21 22 equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles 23 required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(11) Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, including
 repair and replacement parts, both new and used, including that
 manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be

1

2

SB1591

used primarily for photoprocessing, and including photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease.

(12) Until July 1, 2023, coal and aggregate exploration, 3 mining, off-highway hauling, processing, maintenance, 4 and 5 reclamation equipment, including replacement parts and equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but 6 7 excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the 8 Illinois Vehicle Code. The changes made to this Section by 9 Public Act 97-767 apply on and after July 1, 2003, but no claim 10 for credit or refund is allowed on or after August 16, 2013 11 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456) for such taxes paid 12 during the period beginning July 1, 2003 and ending on August 13 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456).

(13) Beginning January 1, 1992 and through June 30, 2016, 14 15 food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 16 17 food that has been prepared for drinks and immediate consumption) and prescription and non-prescription medicines, 18 19 drugs, medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing 20 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical 21 22 assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code who 23 resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined in 24 the Nursing Home Care Act, or in a licensed facility as defined in the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, or the 25 26 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013.

(14) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock
 for direct agricultural production.

(15) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and 3 meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club 4 5 Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter 6 Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or 7 Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or 8 racing for prizes. This item (15) is exempt from the provisions 9 of Section 3-55, and the exemption provided for under this item 10 (15) applies for all periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no 11 claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after January 1, 12 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88) for such taxes paid during the period beginning May 30, 2000 and ending on 13 January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88). 14

15 (16) Computers and communications equipment utilized for 16 any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, 17 analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer 18 executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a 19 20 hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 21 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the 22 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.

(17) Personal property sold to a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation
 Tax Act.

(18) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 3 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 4 5 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared 6 7 disaster area in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a 8 manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a 9 corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution 10 that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification 11 number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster 12 who reside within the declared disaster area.

13 (19) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 14 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 15 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the 16 performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including 17 but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer 18 19 line extensions, water distribution and purification 20 facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a 21 State or 22 federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois 23 when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster. 24

(20) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds sold at a
"game breeding and hunting preserve area" as that term is used

in the Wildlife Code. This paragraph is exempt from the
 provisions of Section 3-55.

(21) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 3 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a 4 5 corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department 6 to be organized and operated exclusively for educational 7 8 purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, 9 limited liability company, society, association, foundation, 10 or institution organized and operated exclusively for 11 educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, 12 private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful 13 branches of learning by methods common to public schools and that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the 14 15 course of study presented in tax-supported schools, and 16 vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and 17 operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to 18 19 follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, 20 industrial, business, or commercial occupation.

(22) Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, including food, purchased through fundraising events for the benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes

parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph 1 2 does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising 3 entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from 4 5 another individual or entity that sold the property for the purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits 6 from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is 7 exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55. 8

(23) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 9 10 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and 11 serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other 12 items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts 13 for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and 14 15 vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the 16 gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, 17 coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55. 18

(24) Beginning on August 2, 2001 (the effective date of 19 20 Public Act 92-227) this amendatory Act of the 92nd General 21 Assembly, computers and communications equipment utilized for 22 any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, 23 analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer 24 25 executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a 26 hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the
 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. This paragraph is exempt from
 the provisions of Section 3-55.

(25) Beginning on August 2, 2001 (the effective date of 4 5 Public Act 92-227) this amendatory Act of the 92nd General 6 Assembly, personal property sold to a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in 7 8 effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental body that 9 has been issued an active tax exemption identification number 10 by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation 11 Tax Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of 12 Section 3-55.

13 (26) Beginning on January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2016, tangible personal property purchased from an Illinois 14 15 retailer by a taxpayer engaged in centralized purchasing activities in Illinois who will, upon receipt of the property 16 17 in Illinois, temporarily store the property in Illinois (i) for the purpose of subsequently transporting it outside this State 18 for use or consumption thereafter solely outside this State or 19 20 (ii) for the purpose of being processed, fabricated, or manufactured into, attached to, or incorporated into other 21 22 tangible personal property to be transported outside this State 23 and thereafter used or consumed solely outside this State. The Director of Revenue shall, pursuant to rules adopted in 24 25 accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, 26 issue a permit to any taxpayer in good standing with the

1 Department who is eligible for the exemption under this 2 paragraph (26). The permit issued under this paragraph (26) shall authorize the holder, to the extent and in the manner 3 specified in the rules adopted under this Act, to purchase 4 5 tangible personal property from a retailer exempt from the 6 taxes imposed by this Act. Taxpayers shall maintain all 7 necessary books and records to substantiate the use and 8 consumption of all such tangible personal property outside of 9 the State of Illinois.

10 (27) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal property 11 used in the construction or maintenance of a community water 12 supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of the Environmental 13 Protection Act, that is operated by a not-for-profit 14 corporation that holds a valid water supply permit issued under 15 Title IV of the Environmental Protection Act. This paragraph is 16 exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.

17 (28)Tangible personal property sold to а public-facilities corporation, described 18 as in Section 19 11-65-10 of the Illinois Municipal Code, for purposes of 20 constructing or furnishing a municipal convention hall, but only if the legal title to the municipal convention hall is 21 22 transferred to the municipality without anv further 23 consideration by or on behalf of the municipality at the time of the completion of the municipal convention hall or upon the 24 25 retirement or redemption of any bonds or other debt instruments 26 issued by the public-facilities corporation in connection with the development of the municipal convention hall. This exemption includes existing public-facilities corporations as provided in Section 11-65-25 of the Illinois Municipal Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.

5 (29)Beginning January 1, 2010, materials, parts, equipment, components, and furnishings incorporated into or 6 upon an aircraft as part of the modification, refurbishment, 7 8 completion, replacement, repair, or maintenance of the 9 aircraft. This exemption includes consumable supplies used in 10 the modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, but excludes any 11 12 materials, parts, equipment, components, and consumable 13 supplies used in the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft engines or power plants, whether such 14 15 engines or power plants are installed or uninstalled upon any 16 such aircraft. "Consumable supplies" include, but are not 17 limited to, adhesive, tape, sandpaper, general purpose lubricants, cleaning solution, latex gloves, and protective 18 films. This exemption applies only to the transfer of 19 20 qualifying tangible personal property incident to the modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, repair, 21 22 or maintenance of an aircraft by persons who (i) hold an Air 23 Agency Certificate and are empowered to operate an approved repair station by the Federal Aviation Administration, (ii) 24 25 have a Class IV Rating, and (iii) conduct operations in accordance with Part 145 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. 26

1 The exemption does not include aircraft operated by a 2 commercial air carrier providing scheduled passenger air 3 service pursuant to authority issued under Part 121 or Part 129 4 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. The changes made to this 5 paragraph (29) by Public Act 98-534 are declarative of existing 6 law.

7 (30) Beginning January 1, 2017, menstrual pads, tampons,
8 and menstrual cups.

9 (31) Tangible personal property transferred to a purchaser 10 who is exempt from tax by operation of federal law. This 11 paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.

12 (32) Beginning on January 1, 2020, qualified tangible personal property used in the construction or operation of a 13 14 data center that has been granted a certificate of exemption by the Department, whether that tangible personal property is 15 purchased by the owner, operator, or tenant of the data center 16 17 or by a contractor or subcontractor of the owner, operator, or tenant. Data centers that would have qualified for a 18 19 certificate of exemption prior to January 1, 2020 had this 20 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly been in effect, 21 may apply for and obtain an exemption for subsequent purchases 22 of computer equipment or enabling software purchased or leased 23 to upgrade, supplement, or replace computer equipment or enabling software purchased or leased in the original 24 25 investment that would have qualified.

26 The Department shall grant a certificate of exemption under

	SB1591 - 56 - LRB101 08762 HLH 53849 b
1	this item (32) to qualified data centers as defined by
2	subsection (b) of Section 2505-810 of the Department of Revenue
3	Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
4	For the purposes of this item (32):
5	"Data center" means a building or a series of buildings
6	rehabilitated or constructed to house working servers in
7	one physical location or multiple sites within the State of
8	Illinois.
9	"Qualified tangible personal property" means:
10	electrical systems and equipment; climate control and
11	chilling equipment and systems; mechanical systems and
12	equipment; monitoring and secure systems; emergency
13	generators; hardware; computers; servers; data storage
14	devices; network connectivity equipment; racks; cabinets;
15	telecommunications cabling infrastructure; raised floor
16	systems; peripheral components or systems; software;
17	mechanical, electrical, or plumbing systems; battery
18	systems; cooling systems and towers; temperature control
19	systems; other cabling; and other data center
20	infrastructure equipment and systems necessary to operate
21	qualified tangible personal property, including fixtures;
22	and component parts of any of the foregoing, including
23	installation, maintenance, repair, refurbishment, and
24	replacement of qualified tangible personal property to
25	generate, transform, transmit, distribute, or manage
26	electricity necessary to operate qualified tangible

1	personal property; and all other tangible personal
2	property that is essential to the operations of a computer
3	data center. The term "qualified tangible personal
4	property" also includes building materials physically
5	incorporated in to the qualifying data center. To document
6	the exemption allowed under this Section, the retailer must
7	obtain from the purchaser a copy of the certificate of
8	eligibility issued by the Department.

 9
 This item (32) is exempt from the provisions of Section

 10
 3-55.

 11
 (Source: P.A. 99-180, eff. 7-29-15; 99-855, eff. 8-19-16;

12 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 100-594, eff. 6-29-18; 100-1171, eff. 13 1-4-19; revised 1-8-19.)

Section 20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Section 2-5 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 120/2-5)

Sec. 2-5. Exemptions. Gross receipts from proceeds from the sale of the following tangible personal property are exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:

20

(1) Farm chemicals.

(2) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used,
 including that manufactured on special order, certified by
 the purchaser to be used primarily for production
 agriculture or State or federal agricultural programs,

1 including individual replacement parts for the machinery 2 and equipment, including machinery and equipment purchased 3 for lease, and including implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery 4 5 and agricultural chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and 6 nurse wagons required to be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, but excluding other motor 7 8 vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois 9 Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or hoop houses used 10 for propagating, growing, or overwintering plants shall be 11 considered farm machinery and equipment under this item 12 (2). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry boxes shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle required 13 14 to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor vehicle 15 required to be licensed, if the selling price of the tender 16 is separately stated.

Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision 17 farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be 18 19 installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, 20 21 seeders, or spreaders. Precision farming equipment 22 includes, but is not limited to, soil testing sensors, 23 computers, monitors, software, global positioning and 24 mapping systems, and other such equipment.

Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers,
 sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in

the computer-assisted operation of production agriculture facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and agricultural chemicals. This item (2) is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

7 (3) Until July 1, 2003, distillation machinery and 8 equipment, sold as a unit or kit, assembled or installed by 9 the retailer, certified by the user to be used only for the 10 production of ethyl alcohol that will be used for 11 consumption as motor fuel or as a component of motor fuel 12 for the personal use of the user, and not subject to sale 13 or resale.

(4) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again September 1, 14 2004 through August 30, 2014, graphic arts machinery and 15 16 equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both 17 new and used, and including that manufactured on special order or purchased for lease, certified by the purchaser to 18 be used primarily for graphic arts production. Equipment 19 20 includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts 21 22 effect a direct and immediate change upon a graphic arts 23 product. Beginning on July 1, 2017, graphic arts machinery 24 equipment is included in the manufacturing and and 25 assembling machinery and equipment exemption under 26 paragraph (14).

1 (5) A motor vehicle that is used for automobile 2 renting, as defined in the Automobile Renting Occupation 3 and Use Tax Act. This paragraph is exempt from the 4 provisions of Section 2-70.

5 (6) Personal property sold by a teacher-sponsored 6 student organization affiliated with an elementary or 7 secondary school located in Illinois.

8 (7) Until July 1, 2003, proceeds of that portion of the 9 selling price of a passenger car the sale of which is 10 subject to the Replacement Vehicle Tax.

(8) Personal property sold to an Illinois county fair
 association for use in conducting, operating, or promoting
 the county fair.

(9) Personal property sold to a not-for-profit arts or 14 15 cultural organization that establishes, by proof required 16 the Department by rule, that it has received an by 17 exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is organized and operated primarily for the 18 19 presentation or support of arts or cultural programming, 20 activities, or services. These organizations include, but 21 are not limited to, music and dramatic arts organizations 22 such as symphony orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and 23 cultural service organizations, local arts councils, 24 visual arts organizations, and media arts organizations. On and after July 1, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 25 26 92-35), however, an entity otherwise eligible for this

1

2

SB1591

exemption shall not make tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification number issued by the Department.

(10) Personal property sold by a corporation, society,
association, foundation, institution, or organization,
other than a limited liability company, that is organized
and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise for the
benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the personal
property was not purchased by the enterprise for the
purpose of resale by the enterprise.

(11) Personal property sold to a governmental body, to 10 11 corporation, society, association, foundation, а or 12 institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, or to a 13 14 not-for-profit corporation, society, association, 15 foundation, institution, or organization that has no 16 compensated officers or employees and that is organized and 17 operated primarily for the recreation of persons 55 years of age or older. A limited liability company may qualify 18 19 for the exemption under this paragraph only if the limited 20 liability company is organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes. On and after July 1, 1987, 21 22 however, no entity otherwise eligible for this exemption 23 shall make tax-free purchases unless it has an active 24 identification number issued by the Department.

(12) (Blank).

26

25

(12-5) On and after July 1, 2003 and through June 30,

2004, motor vehicles of the second division with a gross 1 2 vehicle weight in excess of 8,000 pounds that are subject 3 to the commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Beginning on July 1, 4 5 2004 and through June 30, 2005, the use in this State of 6 motor vehicles of the second division: (i) with a gross 7 vehicle weight rating in excess of 8,000 pounds; (ii) that are subject to the commercial distribution fee imposed 8 9 under Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; and 10 (iii) that are primarily used for commercial purposes. 11 Through June 30, 2005, this exemption applies to repair and 12 replacement parts added after the initial purchase of such a motor vehicle if that motor vehicle is used in a manner 13 14 that would qualify for the rolling stock exemption 15 otherwise provided for in this Act. For purposes of this 16 paragraph, "used for commercial purposes" means the transportation of persons or property in furtherance of any 17 commercial or industrial enterprise whether for-hire or 18 19 not.

20 (13)Proceeds from sales to owners, lessors, or 21 shippers of tangible personal property that is utilized by 22 interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling stock 23 moving in interstate commerce and equipment operated by a 24 telecommunications provider, licensed as a common carrier 25 Federal Communications Commission, by the which is 26 permanently installed in or affixed to aircraft moving in

1 interstate commerce.

2 (14) Machinery and equipment that will be used by the 3 purchaser, or a lessee of the purchaser, primarily in the process of manufacturing or assembling tangible personal 4 5 property for wholesale or retail sale or lease, whether the 6 sale or lease is made directly by the manufacturer or by 7 some other person, whether the materials used in the 8 process are owned by the manufacturer or some other person, 9 or whether the sale or lease is made apart from or as an 10 incident to the seller's engaging in the service occupation 11 producing machines, tools, dies, jigs, patterns, of 12 gauges, or other similar items of no commercial value on 13 special order for a particular purchaser. The exemption 14 provided by this paragraph (14) does not include machinery 15 and equipment used in (i) the generation of electricity for 16 wholesale or retail sale; (ii) the generation or treatment 17 of natural or artificial gas for wholesale or retail sale that is delivered to customers through pipes, pipelines, or 18 19 mains; or (iii) the treatment of water for wholesale or 20 retail sale that is delivered to customers through pipes, 21 pipelines, or mains. The provisions of Public Act 98-583 22 are declaratory of existing law as to the meaning and scope 23 of this exemption. Beginning on July 1, 2017, the exemption 24 provided by this paragraph (14) includes, but is not 25 limited to, graphic arts machinery and equipment, as 26 defined in paragraph (4) of this Section.

- 64 - LRB101 08762 HLH 53849 b

(15) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately 1 stated on customers' bills for purchase and consumption of 2 3 food and beverages, to the extent that the proceeds of the service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a 4 substitute for tips to the employees who participate 5 directly in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the 6 7 food or beverage function with respect to which the service 8 charge is imposed.

9 (16) Tangible personal property sold to a purchaser if 10 the purchaser is exempt from use tax by operation of 11 federal law. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 12 of Section 2-70.

Tangible personal property sold to a common 13 (17)14 carrier by rail or motor that receives the physical 15 possession of the property in Illinois and that transports 16 the property, or shares with another common carrier in the 17 transportation of the property, out of Illinois on a standard uniform bill of lading showing the seller of the 18 19 property as the shipper or consignor of the property to a 20 destination outside Illinois, for use outside Illinois.

(18) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the United States of America, or the government of any foreign country, and bullion.

(19) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration,
 drilling, and production equipment, including (i) rigs and

parts of rigs, rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover 1 2 rigs, (ii) pipe and tubular goods, including casing and 3 drill strings, (iii) pumps and pump-jack units, (iv) tanks and flow lines, (v) any individual 4 storage 5 replacement part for oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and equipment 6 purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles required 7 8 to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

9 (20)Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, 10 including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, 11 including that manufactured on special order, certified by 12 the purchaser to be used primarily for photoprocessing, and 13 photoprocessing machinery including and equipment 14 purchased for lease.

15 (21)Until July 1, 2023, coal and aggregate 16 exploration, mining, off-highway hauling, processing, 17 and reclamation equipment, maintenance, including replacement parts and equipment, and including equipment 18 purchased for lease, but excluding motor vehicles required 19 20 to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. The changes made to this Section by Public Act 97-767 apply on 21 22 and after July 1, 2003, but no claim for credit or refund 23 is allowed on or after August 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456) for such taxes paid during the period 24 beginning July 1, 2003 and ending on August 16, 2013 (the 25 effective date of Public Act 98-456). 26

- 66 - LRB101 08762 HLH 53849 b

1 (22) Until June 30, 2013, fuel and petroleum products 2 sold to or used by an air carrier, certified by the carrier 3 to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the 4 conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a 5 flight destined for or returning from a location or 6 locations outside the United States without regard to 7 previous or subsequent domestic stopovers.

8 Beginning July 1, 2013, fuel and petroleum products 9 sold to or used by an air carrier, certified by the carrier 10 to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the 11 conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a 12 flight that (i) is engaged in foreign trade or is engaged trade between the United States and any of its 13 in 14 possessions and (ii) transports at least one individual or 15 package for hire from the city of origination to the city 16 of final destination on the same aircraft, without regard to a change in the flight number of that aircraft. 17

18 (23) A transaction in which the purchase order is
19 received by a florist who is located outside Illinois, but
20 who has a florist located in Illinois deliver the property
21 to the purchaser or the purchaser's donee in Illinois.

(24) Fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or vessels that are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or the conveyance of persons for hire on rivers bordering on this State if the fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or

1

SB1591

vessel while it is afloat upon that bordering river.

2 (25) Except as provided in item (25-5) of this Section, 3 a motor vehicle sold in this State to a nonresident even though the motor vehicle is delivered to the nonresident in 4 this State, if the motor vehicle is not to be titled in 5 6 this State, and if a drive-away permit is issued to the 7 motor vehicle as provided in Section 3-603 of the Illinois 8 Vehicle Code or if the nonresident purchaser has vehicle 9 registration plates to transfer to the motor vehicle upon 10 returning to his or her home state. The issuance of the 11 drive-away permit or having the out-of-state registration 12 plates to be transferred is prima facie evidence that the motor vehicle will not be titled in this State. 13

14 (25-5) The exemption under item (25) does not apply if 15 the state in which the motor vehicle will be titled does 16 not allow a reciprocal exemption for a motor vehicle sold 17 and delivered in that state to an Illinois resident but titled in Illinois. The tax collected under this Act on the 18 19 sale of a motor vehicle in this State to a resident of 20 another state that does not allow a reciprocal exemption 21 shall be imposed at a rate equal to the state's rate of tax 22 on taxable property in the state in which the purchaser is 23 a resident, except that the tax shall not exceed the tax 24 that would otherwise be imposed under this Act. At the time 25 of the sale, the purchaser shall execute a statement, 26 signed under penalty of perjury, of his or her intent to

1 title the vehicle in the state in which the purchaser is a 2 resident within 30 days after the sale and of the fact of 3 the payment to the State of Illinois of tax in an amount equivalent to the state's rate of tax on taxable property 4 5 in his or her state of residence and shall submit the statement to the appropriate tax collection agency in his 6 7 or her state of residence. In addition, the retailer must retain a signed copy of the statement in his or her 8 9 records. Nothing in this item shall be construed to require 10 the removal of the vehicle from this state following the 11 filing of an intent to title the vehicle in the purchaser's 12 state of residence if the purchaser titles the vehicle in his or her state of residence within 30 days after the date 13 14 of sale. The tax collected under this Act in accordance 15 with this item (25-5) shall be proportionately distributed 16 as if the tax were collected at the 6.25% general rate 17 imposed under this Act.

18 (25-7) Beginning on July 1, 2007, no tax is imposed 19 under this Act on the sale of an aircraft, as defined in 20 Section 3 of the Illinois Aeronautics Act, if all of the 21 following conditions are met:

(1) the aircraft leaves this State within 15 days
after the later of either the issuance of the final
billing for the sale of the aircraft, or the authorized
approval for return to service, completion of the
maintenance record entry, and completion of the test

1 flight and ground test for inspection, as required by
2 14 C.F.R. 91.407;

3 (2) the aircraft is not based or registered in this
4 State after the sale of the aircraft; and

5 (3) the seller retains in his or her books and 6 records and provides to the Department a signed and dated certification from the purchaser, on a form 7 8 prescribed by the Department, certifying that the 9 requirements of this item (25-7) The are met. 10 certificate must also include the name and address of 11 the purchaser, the address of the location where the 12 aircraft is to be titled or registered, the address of 13 the primary physical location of the aircraft, and 14 other information that the Department may reasonably 15 require.

16 For purposes of this item (25-7):

17 "Based in this State" means hangared, stored, or 18 otherwise used, excluding post-sale customizations as 19 defined in this Section, for 10 or more days in each 20 12-month period immediately following the date of the sale 21 of the aircraft.

22 "Registered in this State" means aircraft an 23 with the Department of registered Transportation, 24 Aeronautics Division, or titled or registered with the 25 Federal Aviation Administration to an address located in 26 this State.

This paragraph (25-7) is exempt from the provisions of
 Section 2-70.

3 (26) Semen used for artificial insemination of
 4 livestock for direct agricultural production.

5 (27) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse 6 7 Club Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American 8 Quarter Horse Association, United States Trotting 9 Association, or Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for 10 purposes of breeding or racing for prizes. This item (27) 11 is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70, and the 12 exemption provided for under this item (27) applies for all 13 periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no claim for credit or 14 refund is allowed on or after January 1, 2008 (the 15 effective date of Public Act 95-88) for such taxes paid during the period beginning May 30, 2000 and ending on 16 17 January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88).

(28) Computers and communications equipment utilized 18 19 any hospital purpose and equipment used in the for 20 diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients 21 sold to a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of 22 one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the 23 purchase, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax 24 exemption identification number by the Department under 25 Section 1g of this Act.

26

(29) Personal property sold to a lessor who leases the

1 property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or 2 in effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental 3 body that has been issued an active tax exemption 4 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of 5 this Act.

6 (30) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is 8 9 donated for disaster relief to be used in a State or 10 federally declared disaster area in Illinois or bordering 11 Illinois by a manufacturer or retailer that is registered 12 in this State to a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution that has been issued a sales tax 13 14 exemption identification number by the Department that 15 assists victims of the disaster who reside within the 16 declared disaster area.

17 (31) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on 18 19 or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used 20 in the performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, 21 including but not limited to municipal roads and streets, 22 access roads, bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, 23 water and sewer line extensions, water distribution and 24 purification facilities, storm water drainage and 25 retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities, 26 resulting from a State or federally declared disaster in

1 Illinois or bordering Illinois when such repairs are 2 initiated on facilities located in the declared disaster 3 area within 6 months after the disaster.

4 (32) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds sold at
5 a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" as that term is
6 used in the Wildlife Code. This paragraph is exempt from
7 the provisions of Section 2-70.

8 (33) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in 9 Section 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated 10 to a corporation, limited liability company, society, 11 association, foundation, or institution that is determined 12 by the Department to be organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes. For purposes of this exemption, 13 14 "a corporation, limited liability company, society, 15 association, foundation, or institution organized and 16 operated exclusively for educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, private schools that offer 17 systematic instruction in useful branches of learning by 18 19 methods common to public schools and that compare favorably 20 in their scope and intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported schools, and vocational or 21 22 technical schools or institutes organized and operated 23 exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 24 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to 25 follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, 26 mechanical, industrial, business, or commercial

- 73 - LRB101 08762 HLH 53849 b

SB1591

1

occupation.

(34) Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, 2 3 including food, purchased through fundraising events for the benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary 4 5 school, a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if the events are sponsored by an 6 entity 7 recognized by the school district that consists primarily 8 of volunteers and includes parents and teachers of the 9 school children. This paragraph does not apply to 10 fundraising events (i) for the benefit of private home 11 instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising entity 12 purchases the personal property sold at the events from 13 another individual or entity that sold the property for the 14 purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that 15 profits from the sale to the fundraising entity. This 16 paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

17 (35) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare 18 19 and serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, 20 and other items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, 21 22 machines and parts for machines used in commercial, 23 coin-operated amusement and vending business if a use or 24 occupation tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from 25 the use of the commercial, coin-operated amusement and 26 vending machines. This paragraph is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 2-70.

2 (35-5) Beginning August 23, 2001 and through June 30, 3 2016, food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic 4 5 beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for 6 immediate consumption) and prescription and 7 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, and 8 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles 9 used by diabetics, for human use, when purchased for use by 10 a person receiving medical assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code who resides in a licensed 11 12 long-term care facility, as defined in the Nursing Home Care Act, or a licensed facility as defined in the ID/DD 13 14 Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, or the Specialized 15 Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013.

16 (36)Beginning August 2, 2001, computers and 17 communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment 18 19 of hospital patients sold to a lessor who leases the 20 equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or 21 in effect at the time of the purchase, to a hospital that 22 has been issued an active tax exemption identification 23 number by the Department under Section 1q of this Act. This 24 paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

(37) Beginning August 2, 2001, personal property sold
 to a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one

year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of this Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

(38) Beginning on January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 6 7 2016, tangible personal property purchased from an 8 Illinois retailer by a taxpayer engaged in centralized 9 purchasing activities in Illinois who will, upon receipt of 10 the property in Illinois, temporarily store the property in 11 Illinois (i) for the purpose of subsequently transporting 12 it outside this State for use or consumption thereafter 13 solely outside this State or (ii) for the purpose of being 14 processed, fabricated, or manufactured into, attached to, 15 or incorporated into other tangible personal property to be 16 transported outside this State and thereafter used or 17 consumed solely outside this State. The Director of Revenue shall, pursuant to rules adopted in accordance with the 18 19 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, issue a permit to 20 any taxpayer in good standing with the Department who is 21 eligible for the exemption under this paragraph (38). The 22 permit issued under this paragraph (38) shall authorize the 23 holder, to the extent and in the manner specified in the 24 rules adopted under this Act, to purchase tangible personal 25 property from a retailer exempt from the taxes imposed by 26 this Act. Taxpayers shall maintain all necessary books and

records to substantiate the use and consumption of all such
 tangible personal property outside of the State of
 Illinois.

(39) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal 4 5 property used in the construction or maintenance of a community water supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of 6 7 the Environmental Protection Act, that is operated by a 8 not-for-profit corporation that holds a valid water supply 9 permit issued under Title IV of the Environmental Protection Act. This paragraph is exempt from the 10 11 provisions of Section 2-70.

12 (40) Beginning January 1, 2010, materials, parts, 13 equipment, components, and furnishings incorporated into 14 upon an aircraft as part of the modification, or refurbishment, completion, replacement, repair, 15 or 16 maintenance of the aircraft. This exemption includes 17 supplies used the consumable in modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, repair, 18 and 19 maintenance of aircraft, but excludes any materials, 20 parts, equipment, components, and consumable supplies used 21 in the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance 22 of aircraft engines or power plants, whether such engines 23 or power plants are installed or uninstalled upon any such 24 aircraft. "Consumable supplies" include, but are not 25 limited to, adhesive, tape, sandpaper, general purpose 26 lubricants, cleaning solution, latex gloves, and

protective films. This exemption applies only to the sale 1 2 of qualifying tangible personal property to persons who 3 modify, refurbish, complete, replace, or maintain an aircraft and who (i) hold an Air Agency Certificate and are 4 5 empowered to operate an approved repair station by the Federal Aviation Administration, (ii) have a Class IV 6 7 Rating, and (iii) conduct operations in accordance with 8 Part 145 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. The exemption 9 does not include aircraft operated by a commercial air 10 carrier providing scheduled passenger air service pursuant 11 to authority issued under Part 121 or Part 129 of the 12 Federal Aviation Regulations. The changes made to this 13 paragraph (40) by Public Act 98-534 are declarative of 14 existing law.

15 (41)Tangible personal property sold to а 16 public-facilities corporation, as described in Section 17 11-65-10 of the Illinois Municipal Code, for purposes of constructing or furnishing a municipal convention hall, 18 19 but only if the legal title to the municipal convention 20 hall is transferred to the municipality without any further 21 consideration by or on behalf of the municipality at the 22 time of the completion of the municipal convention hall or 23 upon the retirement or redemption of any bonds or other 24 debt instruments issued by the public-facilities 25 corporation in connection with the development of the 26 municipal convention hall. This exemption includes

1

2

3

existing public-facilities corporations as provided in Section 11-65-25 of the Illinois Municipal Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

4 (42) Beginning January 1, 2017, menstrual pads,
5 tampons, and menstrual cups.

6 (43) Merchandise that is subject to the Rental Purchase Agreement Occupation and Use Tax. The purchaser must 7 8 certify that the item is purchased to be rented subject to 9 a rental purchase agreement, as defined in the Rental 10 Purchase Agreement Act, and provide proof of registration 11 under the Rental Purchase Agreement Occupation and Use Tax 12 Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of 13 Section 2-70.

14 (44) Beginning on January 1, 2020, qualified tangible 15 personal property used in the construction or operation of 16 a data center that has been granted a certificate of 17 exemption by the Department, whether that tangible personal property is <u>purchased</u> by the owner, operator, or 18 19 tenant of the data center or by a contractor or 20 subcontractor of the owner, operator, or tenant. Data 21 centers that would have qualified for a certificate of 22 exemption prior to January 1, 2020 had this amendatory Act 23 of the 101st General Assembly been in effect, may apply for 24 and obtain an exemption for subsequent purchases of 25 computer equipment or enabling software purchased or 26 leased to upgrade, supplement, or replace computer

1	equipment or enabling software purchased or leased in the
2	original investment that would have qualified.
3	The Department shall grant a certificate of exemption
4	under this item (44) to qualified data centers as defined
5	by subsection (b) of Section 2505-810 of the Department of
6	Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
7	For the purposes of this item (44):
8	"Data center" means a building or a series of
9	buildings rehabilitated or constructed to house
10	working servers in one physical location or multiple
11	sites within the State of Illinois.
12	"Qualified tangible personal property" means:
13	electrical systems and equipment; climate control and
14	chilling equipment and systems; mechanical systems and
15	equipment; monitoring and secure systems; emergency
16	generators; hardware; computers; servers; data storage
17	devices; network connectivity equipment; racks;
18	cabinets; telecommunications cabling infrastructure;
19	raised floor systems; peripheral components or
20	systems; software; mechanical, electrical, or plumbing
21	systems; battery systems; cooling systems and towers;
22	temperature control systems; other cabling; and other
23	data center infrastructure equipment and systems
24	necessary to operate qualified tangible personal
25	property, including fixtures; and component parts of
26	any of the foregoing, including installation,

1	maintenance, repair, refurbishment, and replacement of
2	qualified tangible personal property to generate,
3	transform, transmit, distribute, or manage electricity
4	necessary to operate qualified tangible personal
5	property; and all other tangible personal property
6	that is essential to the operations of a computer data
7	center. The term "qualified tangible personal
8	property" also includes building materials physically
9	incorporated in to the qualifying data center. To
10	document the exemption allowed under this Section, the
11	retailer must obtain from the purchaser a copy of the
12	certificate of eligibility issued by the Department.
13	This item (44) is exempt from the provisions of Section
14	<u>2-70.</u>
15	(Source: P.A. 99-180, eff. 7-29-15; 99-855, eff. 8-19-16;
16	100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 100-321, eff. 8-24-17; 100-437, eff.
17	1-1-18; 100-594, eff. 6-29-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18;
18	100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; revised 1-8-19.)
19	Section 25. The Electricity Excise Tax Law is amended by
20	changing Section 2-4 as follows:
21	(35 ILCS 640/2-4)
22	Sec. 2-4. Tax imposed.
23	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a tax is imposed
24	on the privilege of using in this State electricity purchased

1 for use or consumption and not for resale, other than by 2 municipal corporations owning and operating a local 3 transportation system for public service, at the following 4 rates per kilowatt-hour delivered to the purchaser:

5

6

(i) For the first 2000 kilowatt-hours used or consumedin a month: 0.330 cents per kilowatt-hour;

7 (ii) For the next 48,000 kilowatt-hours used or
8 consumed in a month: 0.319 cents per kilowatt-hour;

9 (iii) For the next 50,000 kilowatt-hours used or
10 consumed in a month: 0.303 cents per kilowatt-hour;

11 (iv) For the next 400,000 kilowatt-hours used or 12 consumed in a month: 0.297 cents per kilowatt-hour;

(v) For the next 500,000 kilowatt-hours used or
consumed in a month: 0.286 cents per kilowatt-hour;

(vi) For the next 2,000,000 kilowatt-hours used or
 consumed in a month: 0.270 cents per kilowatt-hour;

(vii) For the next 2,000,000 kilowatt-hours used or
 consumed in a month: 0.254 cents per kilowatt-hour;

(viii) For the next 5,000,000 kilowatt-hours used or
 consumed in a month: 0.233 cents per kilowatt-hour;

(ix) For the next 10,000,000 kilowatt-hours used or
 consumed in a month: 0.207 cents per kilowatt-hour;

(x) For all electricity in excess of 20,000,000
 kilowatt-hours used or consumed in a month: 0.202 cents per
 kilowatt-hour.

26 Provided, that in lieu of the foregoing rates, the tax is

imposed on a self-assessing purchaser at the rate of 5.1% of the self-assessing purchaser's purchase price for all electricity distributed, supplied, furnished, sold, transmitted and delivered to the self-assessing purchaser in a month.

6 (b) A tax is imposed on the privilege of using in this 7 State electricity purchased from a municipal system or electric cooperative, as defined in Article XVII of the Public Utilities 8 9 Act, which has not made an election as permitted by either 10 Section 17-200 or Section 17-300 of such Act, at the lesser of 11 0.32 cents per kilowatt hour of all electricity distributed, 12 supplied, furnished, sold, transmitted, and delivered by such municipal system or electric cooperative to the purchaser or 5% 13 of each such purchaser's purchase price for all electricity 14 15 distributed, supplied, furnished, sold, transmitted, and 16 delivered by such municipal system or electric cooperative to 17 the purchaser, whichever is the lower rate as applied to each purchaser in each billing period. 18

19 (c) The tax imposed by this Section 2-4 is not imposed with 20 respect to any use of electricity by business enterprises certified under Section 9-222.1 or 9-222.1A of the Public 21 22 Utilities Act, as amended, to the extent of such exemption and 23 during the time specified by the Department of Commerce and 24 Economic Opportunity; or with respect to any transaction in 25 interstate commerce, or otherwise, to the extent to which such 26 transaction may not, under the Constitution and statutes of the

1	United States, be made the subject of taxation by this State.
2	(d) Beginning January 1, 2020, a business enterprise that
3	is certified as a qualified data center, as defined by
4	subsection (b) of the Data Center Investment Act, by the
5	Department of Revenue is exempt from the tax imposed under this
6	Section. The Department shall adopt rules to carry out the
7	provisions of this subsection including procedures for
8	applying for the exemption. The Department of Revenue shall
9	notify the public utility of the exemption status of the
10	business enterprise. The exemption shall take effect upon
11	certification of the qualifying data center.
12	(Source: P.A. 94-793, eff. 5-19-06.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.