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1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 120/1) (from Ch. 120, par. 440)

Sec. 1. Definitions. "Sale at retail" means any transfer of the ownership of or title to tangible personal property to a purchaser, for the purpose of use or consumption, and not for the purpose of resale in any form as tangible personal property to the extent not first subjected to a use for which it was purchased, for a valuable consideration: Provided that the property purchased is deemed to be purchased for the purpose of resale, despite first being used, to the extent to which it is resold as an ingredient of an intentionally produced product or byproduct of manufacturing. For this purpose, slag produced as an incident to manufacturing pig iron or steel and sold is considered to be an intentionally produced byproduct of manufacturing. Transactions whereby the possession of the property is transferred but the seller retains the title as security for payment of the selling price shall be deemed to be sales.

"Sale at retail" shall be construed to include any transfer

of the ownership of or title to tangible personal property to a purchaser, for use or consumption by any other person to whom such purchaser may transfer the tangible personal property without a valuable consideration, and to include any transfer, whether made for or without a valuable consideration, for resale in any form as tangible personal property unless made in compliance with Section 2c of this Act.

Sales of tangible personal property, which property, to the extent not first subjected to a use for which it was purchased, as an ingredient or constituent, goes into and forms a part of tangible personal property subsequently the subject of a "Sale at retail", are not sales at retail as defined in this Act: Provided that the property purchased is deemed to be purchased for the purpose of resale, despite first being used, to the extent to which it is resold as an ingredient of an intentionally produced product or byproduct of manufacturing.

"Sale at retail" shall be construed to include any Illinois florist's sales transaction in which the purchase order is received in Illinois by a florist and the sale is for use or consumption, but the Illinois florist has a florist in another state deliver the property to the purchaser or the purchaser's donee in such other state.

Nonreusable tangible personal property that is used by persons engaged in the business of operating a restaurant, cafeteria, or drive-in is a sale for resale when it is transferred to customers in the ordinary course of business as

part of the sale of food or beverages and is used to deliver, package, or consume food or beverages, regardless of where consumption of the food or beverages occurs. Examples of those items include, but are not limited to nonreusable, paper and plastic cups, plates, baskets, boxes, sleeves, buckets or other containers, utensils, straws, placemats, napkins, doggie bags, and wrapping or packaging materials that are transferred to customers as part of the sale of food or beverages in the ordinary course of business.

"Sale at retail" does not include the selling of food at retail to students, teachers, or staff, and not to the general public, during a school designated breakfast or lunch period, on the premises of a public or non-public school serving some or all of grades kindergarten through 12 that has an active identification number issued by the Department.

The purchase, employment and transfer of such tangible personal property as newsprint and ink for the primary purpose of conveying news (with or without other information) is not a purchase, use or sale of tangible personal property.

A person whose activities are organized and conducted primarily as a not-for-profit service enterprise, and who engages in selling tangible personal property at retail (whether to the public or merely to members and their guests) is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail with respect to such transactions, excepting only a person organized and operated exclusively for

charitable, religious or educational purposes either (1), to the extent of sales by such person to its members, students, patients or inmates of tangible personal property to be used primarily for the purposes of such person, or (2), to the extent of sales by such person of tangible personal property which is not sold or offered for sale by persons organized for profit. The selling of school books and school supplies by schools at retail to students is not "primarily for the purposes of" the school which does such selling. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to nor subject to taxation occasional dinners, socials or similar activities of a person organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious or educational purposes, whether or not such activities are open to the public.

A person who is the recipient of a grant or contract under Title VII of the Older Americans Act of 1965 (P.L. 92-258) and serves meals to participants in the federal Nutrition Program for the Elderly in return for contributions established in amount by the individual participant pursuant to a schedule of suggested fees as provided for in the federal Act is not engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail with respect to such transactions.

"Purchaser" means anyone who, through a sale at retail, acquires the ownership of or title to tangible personal property for a valuable consideration.

"Reseller of motor fuel" means any person engaged in the

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- 1 business of selling or delivering or transferring title of
- 2 motor fuel to another person other than for use or consumption.
- 3 No person shall act as a reseller of motor fuel within this
- 4 State without first being registered as a reseller pursuant to
- 5 Section 2c or a retailer pursuant to Section 2a.

"Selling price" or the "amount of sale" means consideration for a sale valued in money whether received in money or otherwise, including cash, credits, property, other than as hereinafter provided, and services, but not including the value of or credit given for traded-in tangible personal property where the item that is traded-in is of like kind and character as that which is being sold, and shall be determined without any deduction on account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of materials used, labor or service cost or any other expense whatsoever, but does not include charges that are added to prices by sellers on account of the seller's tax liability under this Act, or on account of the seller's duty to collect, from the purchaser, the tax that is imposed by the Use Tax Act, or, except as otherwise provided with respect to any cigarette tax imposed by a home rule unit, on account of the seller's tax liability under any local occupation tax administered by the Department, or, except as otherwise provided with respect to any cigarette tax imposed by a home rule unit on account of the seller's duty to collect, from the purchasers, the tax that is imposed under any local use tax administered by the Department. Effective December 1, 1985,

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1 "selling price" shall include charges that are added to prices

2 by sellers on account of the seller's tax liability under the

Cigarette Tax Act, on account of the sellers' duty to collect,

from the purchaser, the tax imposed under the Cigarette Use Tax

Act, and on account of the seller's duty to collect, from the

purchaser, any cigarette tax imposed by a home rule unit.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for any motor vehicle, as defined in Section 1-146 of the Vehicle Code, that is sold on or after January 1, 2015 for the purpose of leasing the vehicle for a defined period that is longer than one year and (1) is a motor vehicle of the second division that: (A) is self-contained motor vehicle designed or permanently converted to provide living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use, with direct walk through access to the living quarters from the driver's seat; (B) is of the van configuration designed for the transportation of not less than 7 nor more than 16 passengers; or (C) has a gross vehicle weight rating of 8,000 pounds or less or (2) is a motor vehicle of the first division, "selling price" or "amount of sale" means the consideration received by the lessor pursuant to the lease contract, including amounts due at lease signing and all monthly or other regular payments charged over the term of the lease. Also included in the selling price is any amount received by the lessor from the lessee for the leased vehicle that is not calculated at the time the lease is executed, including, but not limited to, excess mileage charges and

charges for excess wear and tear. For sales that occur in 1 2 Illinois, with respect to any amount received by the lessor 3 from the lessee for the leased vehicle that is not calculated at the time the lease is executed, the lessor who purchased the 5 motor vehicle does not incur the tax imposed by the Use Tax Act on those amounts, and the retailer who makes the retail sale of 6 7 the motor vehicle to the lessor is not required to collect the 8 tax imposed by the Use Tax Act or to pay the tax imposed by this 9 Act on those amounts. However, the lessor who purchased the 10 motor vehicle assumes the liability for reporting and paying 11 the tax on those amounts directly to the Department in the same 12 form (Illinois Retailers' Occupation Tax, and local retailers' occupation taxes, if applicable) in which the retailer would 13 14 have reported and paid such tax if the retailer had accounted 15 for the tax to the Department. For amounts received by the 16 lessor from the lessee that are not calculated at the time the 17 lease is executed, the lessor must file the return and pay the tax to the Department by the due date otherwise required by 18 19 this Act for returns other than transaction returns. If the 20 retailer is entitled under this Act to a discount 21 collecting and remitting the tax imposed under this Act to the 22 Department with respect to the sale of the motor vehicle to the 23 lessor, then the right to the discount provided in this Act 24 shall be transferred to the lessor with respect to the tax paid 25 by the lessor for any amount received by the lessor from the lessee for the leased vehicle that is not calculated at the 26

time the lease is executed; provided that the discount is only 1 2 allowed if the return is timely filed and for amounts timely paid. The "selling price" of a motor vehicle that is sold on or 3 after January 1, 2015 for the purpose of leasing for a defined period of longer than one year shall not be reduced by the 5 6 value of or credit given for traded-in tangible personal 7 property owned by the lessor, nor shall it be reduced by the 8 value of or credit given for traded-in tangible personal 9 property owned by the lessee, regardless of whether the 10 trade-in value thereof is assigned by the lessee to the lessor. 11 In the case of a motor vehicle that is sold for the purpose of 12 leasing for a defined period of longer than one year, the sale occurs at the time of the delivery of the vehicle, regardless 13 14 of the due date of any lease payments. A lessor who incurs a 15 Retailers' Occupation Tax liability on the sale of a motor 16 vehicle coming off lease may not take a credit against that 17 liability for the Use Tax the lessor paid upon the purchase of the motor vehicle (or for any tax the lessor paid with respect 18 to any amount received by the lessor from the lessee for the 19 20 leased vehicle that was not calculated at the time the lease 21 was executed) if the selling price of the motor vehicle at the 22 time of purchase was calculated using the definition of 23 "selling price" as defined in this paragraph. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, lessors shall 24 25 file all returns and make all payments required under this 26 paragraph to the Department by electronic means in the manner

and form as required by the Department. This paragraph does not apply to leases of motor vehicles for which, at the time the lease is entered into, the term of the lease is not a defined period, including leases with a defined initial period with the option to continue the lease on a month-to-month or other basis beyond the initial defined period.

The phrase "like kind and character" shall be liberally construed (including but not limited to any form of motor vehicle for any form of motor vehicle, or any kind of farm or agricultural implement for any other kind of farm or agricultural implement), while not including a kind of item which, if sold at retail by that retailer, would be exempt from retailers' occupation tax and use tax as an isolated or occasional sale.

"Gross receipts" from the sales of tangible personal property at retail means the total selling price or the amount of such sales, as hereinbefore defined. In the case of charge and time sales, the amount thereof shall be included only as and when payments are received by the seller. Receipts or other consideration derived by a seller from the sale, transfer or assignment of accounts receivable to a wholly owned subsidiary will not be deemed payments prior to the time the purchaser makes payment on such accounts.

"Department" means the Department of Revenue.

"Person" means any natural individual, firm, partnership, association, joint stock company, joint adventure, public or

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private corporation, limited liability company, or a receiver, executor, trustee, guardian or other representative appointed by order of any court.

isolated or occasional sale of tangible personal property at retail by a person who does not hold himself out as being engaged (or who does not habitually engage) in selling such tangible personal property at retail, or a sale through a bulk vending machine, does not constitute engaging in a business of selling such tangible personal property at retail within the meaning of this Act; provided that any person who is engaged in a business which is not subject to the tax imposed by this Act because of involving the sale of or a contract to sell real estate or a construction contract to improve real estate or a construction contract to engineer, install, and maintain an integrated system of products, but who, in the course of conducting such business, transfers tangible personal property to users or consumers in the finished form in which it was purchased, and which does not become real estate or was not engineered and installed, under any provision of a construction contract or real estate sale or real estate sales agreement entered into with some other person arising out of or because of such nontaxable business, is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail to the extent of the value of the tangible personal property so transferred. If, in such a transaction, a separate charge is made for the tangible personal property so transferred, the value of such

property, for the purpose of this Act, shall be the amount so separately charged, but not less than the cost of such property to the transferor; if no separate charge is made, the value of such property, for the purposes of this Act, is the cost to the transferor of such tangible personal property. Construction contracts for the improvement of real estate consisting of engineering, installation, and maintenance of voice, data, video, security, and all telecommunication systems do not constitute engaging in a business of selling tangible personal property at retail within the meaning of this Act if they are sold at one specified contract price.

A person who holds himself or herself out as being engaged (or who habitually engages) in selling tangible personal property at retail is a person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail hereunder with respect to such sales (and not primarily in a service occupation) notwithstanding the fact that such person designs and produces such tangible personal property on special order for the purchaser and in such a way as to render the property of value only to such purchaser, if such tangible personal property so produced on special order serves substantially the same function as stock or standard items of tangible personal property that are sold at retail.

Persons who engage in the business of transferring tangible personal property upon the redemption of trading stamps are engaged in the business of selling such property at retail and

- 1 shall be liable for and shall pay the tax imposed by this Act
- 2 on the basis of the retail value of the property transferred
- 3 upon redemption of such stamps.
- "Bulk vending machine" means a vending machine, containing 4
- 5 unsorted confections, nuts, toys, or other items designed
- 6 primarily to be used or played with by children which, when a
- coin or coins of a denomination not larger than \$0.50 are 7
- inserted, are dispensed in equal portions, at random and 8
- 9 without selection by the customer.
- (Source: P.A. 98-628, eff. 1-1-15; 98-1080, eff. 8-26-14.) 10