

SB3724



101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

SB3724

Introduced 2/14/2020, by Sen. Chuck Weaver

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

35 ILCS 735/3-3.5 new

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates an income tax deduction for an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax year contributed to a small business asset purchase account and all interest earned on such accounts during the tax year. Provides that a "small business asset purchase account" means an account established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code. Provides an addition modification for amounts withdrawn from a small business asset purchase account that are not used for qualified purchases. Amends the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act to establish a penalty for improper use of moneys in a small business asset purchase account. Effective immediately.

LRB101 19784 HLH 69295 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section

1 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

2 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
4 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
5 gross income and for which the individual claims a
6 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
4 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the same unitary business group but for the
9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
20 extent that dividends were included in base income of
21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
24 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
26 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue

1 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
2 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person, during the same taxable
16 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
17 to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
20 person did not have as a principal purpose the
21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
24 terms; or

25 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
26 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

1 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
2 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
3 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
4 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
24 reduction to the addition modification required under
25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

1 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
4 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
8 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
13 assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
18 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
21 to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an alternative
19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
26 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
2 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act;~~;~~

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
6 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
18 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
21 adopts and determines that its offering materials
22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

1 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
2 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
3 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
4 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

6 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
12 participants in its offering materials or makes a
13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
16 out-of-state program distributes its offering
17 materials;

18 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
20 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
21 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from a
22 qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
23 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
24 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c)(1)(B)
25 of the Internal Revenue Code;

26 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after

1 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
2 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
4 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
5 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
6 under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

7 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
8 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
9 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or a
10 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
11 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
12 State to an ABLE account established under an
13 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
14 the contribution component of the transferred amount
15 that was previously deducted from base income under
16 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this
17 Section;

18 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
20 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
21 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of
22 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
23 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
24 education institution, an amount equal to the
25 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
26 or refund that was previously deducted from base income

1 under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided
2 that the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
3 beneficiary's death or disability. For taxable years
4 beginning on or after January 1, 2018: (1) in the case
5 of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund, as defined
6 under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act, of
7 moneys from a qualified tuition program under Section
8 529 of the Internal Revenue Code administered by the
9 State, an amount equal to the contribution component of
10 the nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was
11 previously deducted from base income under subsection
12 (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and (2) in the case of a
13 nonqualified withdrawal or refund from a qualified
14 ABLE program under Section 529A of the Internal Revenue
15 Code administered by the State that is not used for
16 qualified disability expenses, an amount equal to the
17 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
18 or refund that was previously deducted from base income
19 under subsection (a)(2)(HH) of this Section;

20 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
21 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
22 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
23 Act;

24 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
26 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 for the taxable year;

2 (D-25) An amount withdrawn from a small business
3 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases
4 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of
5 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year
6 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is
7 used predominantly in Illinois; such amounts are
8 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under
9 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;

10 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
11 following amounts:

12 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
13 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
14 any compensation (including but not limited to any
15 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
16 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
17 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
18 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
19 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
20 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
21 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
22 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
23 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
24 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
25 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
26 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any

1 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
3 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
4 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
5 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
6 resident by reason of being a member of any component
7 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
8 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
9 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
10 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
11 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
12 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
13 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
15 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
16 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
18 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
19 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
21 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
22 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
23 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
24 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
25 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant

1 thereto;

2 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

3 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
4 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
5 and included in such total for the taxable year;

6 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
7 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
9 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
10 of taxable income;

11 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total which were paid by a corporation which
13 conducts business operations in a River Edge
14 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
15 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
16 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
17 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
18 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
20 such total that were paid by a corporation that
21 conducts business operations in a federally designated
22 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
23 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
24 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
25 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
26 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under

1 this subparagraph (K);

2 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
4 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
5 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code;

7 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
8 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
9 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
10 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
11 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
12 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
13 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
14 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2),
15 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
16 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
20 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
21 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
24 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
25 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
26 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the

1 United States; provided that, in the case of any
2 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
3 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
4 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
5 of bond premium amortization;

6 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
7 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
8 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

9 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
10 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
11 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
12 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
13 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
14 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
15 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
16 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

17 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
18 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
19 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
20 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
21 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

22 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
23 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

24 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
25 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
26 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a

1 medical care savings account established under the
2 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
3 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
4 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
5 as provided in that Act;

6 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
7 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
8 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
9 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
10 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
11 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
12 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

13 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
14 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
15 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
16 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
17 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
18 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

19 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
20 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
21 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
22 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
23 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
24 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
25 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
26 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the

1 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
2 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
4 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
5 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
6 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
7 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
8 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
9 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
10 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
11 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
12 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
13 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
14 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
15 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
16 times a number that represents the fractional
17 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
18 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
19 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

20 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
21 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
22 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
23 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
24 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
26 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the

1 extent includible in gross income for federal income
2 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
3 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
4 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
5 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
6 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
7 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
8 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
9 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
10 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
11 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
12 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
13 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
14 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
16 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
17 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
18 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
19 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
20 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
21 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
22 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
23 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
24 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
25 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
26 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any

1 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
2 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
3 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
4 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
5 of Section 250;

6 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
7 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
8 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
9 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
10 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
11 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
12 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
13 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
14 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
15 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
16 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
17 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
18 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
19 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
20 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
21 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
22 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
23 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
24 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
25 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
26 from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
2 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
3 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
4 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
5 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
6 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

7 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
8 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
9 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
10 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
11 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
12 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
13 the bonus depreciation deduction;

14 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
15 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
16 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
17 0.429); and

18 (3) for taxable years ending after December
19 31, 2005:

20 (i) for property on which a bonus
21 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
22 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
23 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
24 0.429); and

25 (ii) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 1.0.

3 The aggregate amount deducted under this
4 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
5 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
6 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
7 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
8 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
9 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
12 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
13 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
14 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
15 an amount equal to that addition modification.

16 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
17 the last day of the last tax year for which the
18 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
19 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
20 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
21 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
22 equal to that addition modification.

23 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
24 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
25 piece of property.

26 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
3 other than salary, received by a driver in a
4 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

5 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
6 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
7 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
8 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
9 modification with respect to such transaction under
10 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
11 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
12 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
13 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
14 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
15 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
16 is required to make an addition modification with
17 respect to such transaction under Section
18 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
19 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
20 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

22 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
23 into account for the taxable year (net of the
24 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
25 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
26 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for

1 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
2 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
3 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
4 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
5 who would be a member of the same unitary business
6 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
7 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
8 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
9 required to apportion business income under different
10 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
11 addition modification required to be made for the same
12 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
13 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
15 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
17 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
18 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
19 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
21 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
22 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
23 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
24 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
25 who would be a member of the same unitary business
26 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited

1 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
2 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
3 required to apportion business income under different
4 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
5 addition modification required to be made for the same
6 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
7 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
9 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
12 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
13 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
14 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
15 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250;

17 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
18 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
19 add back any insurance premiums under Section
20 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
21 that part of a reimbursement received from the
22 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
23 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
24 company) that would have been taken into account as a
25 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
26 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes

1 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),
2 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
3 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
4 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
5 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

6 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
7 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2023, a maximum
8 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
9 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
10 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
11 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
12 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be
13 considered moneys contributed under this subparagraph
14 (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph (HH),
15 contributions made by an employer on behalf of an
16 employee, or matching contributions made by an
17 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee; and

18 -

19 (II) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2021, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax
21 year contributed to a small business asset purchase
22 account during the tax year, plus all interest earned
23 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small business
24 asset purchase account" means an account established
25 by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to
26 purchase property used primarily in Illinois for which

1 a federal income tax deduction is claimed under Section
2 179 of the Internal Revenue Code.

3 (b) Corporations.

4 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
5 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
6 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

7 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
8 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
9 of the following amounts:

10 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
11 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
12 received from regulated investment companies during
13 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
14 income in the computation of taxable income;

15 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
16 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
17 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

18 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
19 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
20 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
21 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
22 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
23 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
24 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
25 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act

1 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
2 law and is not a new enactment);

3 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
4 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
5 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
6 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

7 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
8 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
9 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
10 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
11 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
12 the amount by which addition modifications other than
13 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
14 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
15 year, with the following limitations applied in the
16 order that they are listed:

17 (i) the addition modification relating to the
18 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
19 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
20 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
21 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
22 which related to that net operating loss and which
23 was taken into account in calculating the base
24 income of an earlier taxable year, and

25 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
26 net operating loss carried back or forward to the

1 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
2 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
3 such carryback or carryforward;

4 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
5 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
6 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
7 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
8 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
9 independently under the preceding provisions of this
10 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

11 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
12 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
13 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
14 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
15 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

16 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
17 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
18 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
19 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code;

21 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
22 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
23 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
24 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
25 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
26 deductions taken in all taxable years under

1 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which the
4 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
5 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
6 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
7 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
8 equal to that subtraction modification.

9 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
10 modification under this subparagraph only once with
11 respect to any one piece of property;

12 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
13 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the same unitary business group but for the
18 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
19 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
2 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
3 extent that dividends were included in base income of
4 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
5 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
6 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
7 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
8 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
9 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
11 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
12 incurred.

13 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

14 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
16 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
17 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
18 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
19 with respect to such interest; or

20 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
23 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
24 following:

25 (a) the person, during the same taxable
26 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest

1 to a person that is not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
3 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
4 person did not have as a principal purpose the
5 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
6 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
7 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
8 terms; or

9 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
10 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
11 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
12 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
13 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
14 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

15 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
19 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
20 to the application or use of an alternative method
21 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

22 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
23 Director from making any other adjustment
24 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
25 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
26 this amendment provided such adjustment is made

1 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
2 and such regulations provide methods and standards
3 by which the Department will utilize its authority
4 under Section 404 of this Act;

5 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
6 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
7 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
10 foreign person who would be a member of the same
11 unitary business group but for the fact that the
12 foreign person's business activity outside the United
13 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
14 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
16 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
17 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
18 from being included in the unitary business group
19 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
20 business income under different subsections of Section
21 304. The addition modification required by this
22 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
23 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
24 group for the same taxable year and received by the
25 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
26 business group (including amounts included in gross

1 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
3 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
4 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
5 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
6 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
7 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
8 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
9 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
10 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
11 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
12 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
13 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
14 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
15 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
17 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
18 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
19 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
20 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
21 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
22 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
23 similar types of intangible assets.

24 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

25 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
2 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
3 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
4 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
5 to such item; or

6 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
9 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person during the same taxable
12 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
13 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
14 not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 intangible expense or cost between the
17 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
18 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
19 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
20 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
21 or

22 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
25 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;

1 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
2 writing to the application or use of an alternative
3 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

4 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
5 Director from making any other adjustment
6 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
7 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
8 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
9 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
10 and such regulations provide methods and standards
11 by which the Department will utilize its authority
12 under Section 404 of this Act;

13 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
15 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
16 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
18 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
19 business group but for the fact that the person is
20 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
21 included in the unitary business group because he or
22 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
23 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
24 addition modification required by this subparagraph
25 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
26 included in base income of the unitary group for the

1 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
3 (including amounts included in gross income under
4 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
5 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
6 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
7 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
8 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
9 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
10 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
11 modification required under Section 203(b) (2) (E-12) or
12 Section 203(b) (2) (E-13) of this Act;

13 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
14 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
15 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
16 estate investment trust under Section 857(b) (2) (B) of
17 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

18 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
19 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
20 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
21 Act;

22 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
24 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 for the taxable year;

26 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December

1 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
2 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
3 Code for the taxable year; ~~—~~

4 (E-19) An amount withdrawn from a small business
5 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases
6 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year
8 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is
9 used predominantly in Illinois; such amounts are
10 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under
11 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;

12 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
13 following amounts:

14 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
15 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
16 and included in such total for the taxable year;

17 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
18 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

19 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
20 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
21 dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
22 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
23 for the taxable year;

24 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
25 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
26 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections

1 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
2 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
3 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
4 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
5 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
6 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
7 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
8 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
9 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
10 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
11 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
12 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
13 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
15 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
16 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
17 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
18 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
19 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
20 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
21 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
22 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
23 from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
25 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
26 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by

1 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
2 United States; provided that, in the case of any
3 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
4 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
5 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
6 of bond premium amortization;

7 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
8 such total which were paid by a corporation which
9 conducts business operations in a River Edge
10 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
11 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
12 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
13 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
16 such total that were paid by a corporation that
17 conducts business operations in a federally designated
18 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
19 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
20 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
21 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
22 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
23 this subparagraph (L);

24 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
25 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
26 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest

1 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
2 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
3 property which is eligible for the River Edge
4 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
5 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
6 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
7 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
8 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
9 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment
10 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using
11 for this purpose the original basis of such property on
12 the date that it was placed in service in the River
13 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification
14 available to the taxpayer in any year under this
15 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
16 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
17 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
18 under the previous sentence. This subparagraph (M) is
19 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
21 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
22 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
23 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
24 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
25 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
26 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan

1 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
2 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
3 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
4 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
5 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
6 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
7 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
8 date that it was placed in service in a federally
9 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
10 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
11 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
12 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
13 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
14 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
15 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
16 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
17 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
18 calculated under the previous sentence;

19 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
20 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
21 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
22 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
23 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
24 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
25 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
26 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under

1 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
2 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
5 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
6 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
7 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
8 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
9 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
10 and received from a corporation that is not created or
11 organized under the laws of the United States or any
12 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
13 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
14 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
15 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
16 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
17 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
18 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
19 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
21 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
22 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
23 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
24 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
25 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
26 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,

1 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
2 dividends received from a captive real estate
3 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
4 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
5 Section 1504(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
6 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
7 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
8 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
9 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
10 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
11 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

12 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
13 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
14 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

15 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
16 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
17 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
18 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
19 the Internal Revenue Code;

20 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
21 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
22 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
23 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
24 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
25 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
26 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the

1 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
2 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
3 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
4 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
5 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250;

7 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
8 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
9 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
10 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
11 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
12 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
13 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
14 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
15 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
18 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
19 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
20 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
22 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

23 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
24 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
25 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
26 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was

1 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
2 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
3 the bonus depreciation deduction;

4 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
5 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
6 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
7 0.429); and

8 (3) for taxable years ending after December
9 31, 2005:

10 (i) for property on which a bonus
11 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
12 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
13 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
14 0.429); and

15 (ii) for property on which a bonus
16 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
17 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
18 1.0.

19 The aggregate amount deducted under this
20 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
21 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
22 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
23 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
24 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
25 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250;

1 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
2 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
3 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
4 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
5 equal to that addition modification.

6 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
7 the last day of the last tax year for which the
8 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
9 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
10 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
11 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
12 equal to that addition modification.

13 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
14 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
15 piece of property.

16 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
19 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
20 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
21 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
22 modification with respect to such transaction under
23 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
24 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
25 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
26 income from intangible property (net of the deductions

1 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
2 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
3 is required to make an addition modification with
4 respect to such transaction under Section
5 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
6 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
7 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
8 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
9 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
10 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
11 addition modification with respect to such transaction
12 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
13 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
14 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
15 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
16 from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
18 into account for the taxable year (net of the
19 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
22 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
8 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
10 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
12 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
13 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
16 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
17 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
18 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
19 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
20 who would be a member of the same unitary business
21 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
22 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
23 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
24 required to apportion business income under different
25 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
26 addition modification required to be made for the same

1 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
2 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
4 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
7 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
8 add back any insurance premiums under Section
9 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
10 that part of a reimbursement received from the
11 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
12 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
13 company) that would have been taken into account as a
14 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
15 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
16 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
17 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
18 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
19 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
20 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

21 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
22 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
23 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
24 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
25 Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
26 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.

1 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
2 Section 250; and -

3 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2021, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax
5 year contributed to a small business asset purchase
6 account during the tax year, plus all interest earned
7 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small business
8 asset purchase account" means an account established
9 by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to
10 purchase property used primarily in Illinois for which
11 a federal income tax deduction is claimed under Section
12 179 of the Internal Revenue Code.

13 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
14 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
15 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
16 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment
17 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or
18 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
19 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a) (3) of the
20 Internal Revenue Code.

21 (c) Trusts and estates.

22 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
23 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
24 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

25 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of

1 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
2 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
3 following amounts:

4 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
5 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
6 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
7 in the computation of taxable income;

8 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
9 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
10 required to distribute all of its income currently,
11 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
12 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
13 the computation of taxable income;

14 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
15 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
16 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

17 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
18 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
19 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
20 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

21 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
22 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
23 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
24 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
25 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
26 the amount by which addition modifications other than

1 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
2 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
3 the following limitations applied in the order that
4 they are listed:

5 (i) the addition modification relating to the
6 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
7 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
8 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
9 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
10 which related to that net operating loss and which
11 was taken into account in calculating the base
12 income of an earlier taxable year, and

13 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
14 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
15 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
16 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
17 such carryback or carryforward;

18 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
19 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
20 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
21 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
22 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
23 independently under the preceding provisions of this
24 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

25 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
26 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to

1 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
2 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
3 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
4 Act;

5 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
6 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
7 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
8 computation of taxable income;

9 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
10 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
11 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
12 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
13 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

14 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
15 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
16 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
17 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code; and

19 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
20 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
21 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
22 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
23 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
24 deductions taken in all taxable years under
25 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

26 If the taxpayer continues to own property through

1 the last day of the last tax year for which the
2 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
3 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
4 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
5 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
6 equal to that subtraction modification.

7 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
8 modification under this subparagraph only once with
9 respect to any one piece of property;

10 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
11 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
12 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the same unitary business group but for the
16 fact that the foreign person's business activity
17 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
18 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
19 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
20 who would be a member of the same unitary business
21 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
22 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
23 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
24 required to apportion business income under different
25 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
26 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the

1 extent that dividends were included in base income of
2 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
3 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
4 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
5 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
6 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
7 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
9 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
10 incurred.

11 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

12 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
14 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
15 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
16 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
17 with respect to such interest; or

18 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
20 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
21 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
22 following:

23 (a) the person, during the same taxable
24 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
25 to a person that is not a related member, and

26 (b) the transaction giving rise to the

1 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
2 person did not have as a principal purpose the
3 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
4 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
5 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
6 terms; or

7 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
8 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
9 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
10 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
11 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
12 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

13 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
15 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
17 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
18 to the application or use of an alternative method
19 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
4 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
5 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
8 foreign person who would be a member of the same
9 unitary business group but for the fact that the
10 foreign person's business activity outside the United
11 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
12 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
14 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
15 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
16 from being included in the unitary business group
17 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
18 business income under different subsections of Section
19 304. The addition modification required by this
20 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
21 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
22 group for the same taxable year and received by the
23 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
24 business group (including amounts included in gross
25 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross

1 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
2 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
3 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
4 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
5 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
6 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
7 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
8 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
9 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
10 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
11 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
12 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
13 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
15 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
16 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
17 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
18 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
19 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
20 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
21 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

22 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

23 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
26 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a

1 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
2 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
3 to such item; or

4 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
7 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
8 following:

9 (a) the person during the same taxable
10 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
11 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
12 not a related member, and

13 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
14 intangible expense or cost between the
15 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
16 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
17 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
18 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
19 or

20 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
23 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
24 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
25 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
26 writing to the application or use of an alternative

1 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

2 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
3 Director from making any other adjustment
4 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
5 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
6 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
7 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
8 and such regulations provide methods and standards
9 by which the Department will utilize its authority
10 under Section 404 of this Act;

11 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
13 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
14 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
16 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
17 business group but for the fact that the person is
18 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
19 included in the unitary business group because he or
20 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
21 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
22 addition modification required by this subparagraph
23 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
24 included in base income of the unitary group for the
25 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
26 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group

1 (including amounts included in gross income under
2 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
4 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
5 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
6 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
7 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
8 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
9 modification required under Section 203(c) (2) (G-12) or
10 Section 203(c) (2) (G-13) of this Act;

11 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
12 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
13 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
14 Act;

15 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
17 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
18 for the taxable year;

19 (G-17) An amount withdrawn from a small business
20 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases
21 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of
22 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year
23 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is
24 used predominantly in Illinois; such amounts are
25 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under
26 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;

1 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
2 following amounts:

3 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
4 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
5 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
7 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
8 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
9 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
10 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
11 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
13 thereto;

14 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

15 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
16 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
17 and included in such total for the taxable year;

18 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
19 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
20 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
21 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
22 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
23 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
24 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
25 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
26 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount

1 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
2 amortization;

3 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
4 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
5 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
6 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
7 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
8 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
9 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
10 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2),
11 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
12 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal
14 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
16 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
17 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250;

19 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
20 such total which were paid by a corporation which
21 conducts business operations in a River Edge
22 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
23 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
24 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
25 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
2 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
3 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

4 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
5 such total that were paid by a corporation that
6 conducts business operations in a federally designated
7 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
8 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
9 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
10 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
11 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
12 this subparagraph (O);

13 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
14 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
15 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
16 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
17 the Internal Revenue Code;

18 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
19 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
20 extent includible in gross income for federal income
21 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
22 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
23 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
24 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
25 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
26 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived

1 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
2 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
3 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
4 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
5 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
6 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
7 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
8 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
9 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
10 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
11 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
12 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
13 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
14 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
15 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
16 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
17 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
18 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
19 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
20 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
21 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
22 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
23 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
24 of Section 250;

25 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
26 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction

1 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
2 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
3 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
4 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

5 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
6 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
7 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
8 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
9 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
10 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
11 the bonus depreciation deduction;

12 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
13 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
14 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
15 0.429); and

16 (3) for taxable years ending after December
17 31, 2005:

18 (i) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (ii) for property on which a bonus
24 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
25 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
26 1.0.

1 The aggregate amount deducted under this
2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
4 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
6 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
7 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
10 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
12 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
13 equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which the
16 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
17 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
18 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
22 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
23 piece of property.

24 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of

1 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
2 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
3 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
4 modification with respect to such transaction under
5 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
6 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
7 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
8 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
9 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
10 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
11 is required to make an addition modification with
12 respect to such transaction under Section
13 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
14 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
15 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
16 from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
18 into account for the taxable year (net of the
19 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
22 the fact the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
8 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
10 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
12 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
13 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
16 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
17 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
18 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
19 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
20 who would be a member of the same unitary business
21 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
22 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
23 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
24 required to apportion business income under different
25 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
26 addition modification required to be made for the same

1 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
2 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
4 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
7 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
8 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
10 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
11 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
12 Section 250;

13 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
14 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
15 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
16 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
17 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
19 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
20 add back any insurance premiums under Section
21 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
22 that part of a reimbursement received from the
23 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
24 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
25 company) that would have been taken into account as a
26 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the

1 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
2 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
3 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
4 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
5 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
6 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

7 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
8 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
9 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a deduction
10 by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code;
11 and -

12 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2021, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax
14 year contributed to a small business asset purchase
15 account during the tax year, plus all interest earned
16 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small business
17 asset purchase account" means an account established
18 by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to
19 purchase property used primarily in Illinois for which
20 a federal income tax deduction is claimed under Section
21 179 of the Internal Revenue Code.

22 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
23 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
24 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
25 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
26 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set

1 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
2 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

3 (d) Partnerships.

4 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
5 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
6 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

7 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
8 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
9 of the following amounts:

10 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
11 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
12 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
13 in the computation of taxable income;

14 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
15 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
16 the taxable year;

17 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
18 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
19 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

20 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
21 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
22 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
23 computation of taxable income;

24 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
25 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken

1 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
2 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code;

4 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
5 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
6 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
7 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
8 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
9 deductions taken in all taxable years under
10 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

11 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
12 the last day of the last tax year for which the
13 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
14 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
15 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
16 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
17 equal to that subtraction modification.

18 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
19 modification under this subparagraph only once with
20 respect to any one piece of property;

21 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
22 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
23 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
26 member of the same unitary business group but for the

1 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
2 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
3 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
4 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
5 who would be a member of the same unitary business
6 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
7 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
8 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
9 required to apportion business income under different
10 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
11 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
12 extent that dividends were included in base income of
13 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
14 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
15 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
16 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
17 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
18 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
20 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
21 incurred.

22 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

23 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
25 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
26 than a state which requires mandatory unitary

1 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
2 with respect to such interest; or

3 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
5 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
6 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
7 following:

8 (a) the person, during the same taxable
9 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
10 to a person that is not a related member, and

11 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
12 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
13 person did not have as a principal purpose the
14 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
15 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
16 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
17 terms; or

18 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
19 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
20 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
21 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
22 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
23 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

24 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
26 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing

1 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
2 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
3 to the application or use of an alternative method
4 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
6 Director from making any other adjustment
7 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
8 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
9 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
10 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
11 and such regulations provide methods and standards
12 by which the Department will utilize its authority
13 under Section 404 of this Act; and

14 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
15 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
16 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
19 foreign person who would be a member of the same
20 unitary business group but for the fact that the
21 foreign person's business activity outside the United
22 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
23 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
25 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
26 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)

1 from being included in the unitary business group
2 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
3 business income under different subsections of Section
4 304. The addition modification required by this
5 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
6 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
7 group for the same taxable year and received by the
8 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
9 business group (including amounts included in gross
10 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
12 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
13 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
14 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
15 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
16 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
17 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
18 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
19 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
20 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
21 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
22 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
23 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
24 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
26 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and

1 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
2 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
3 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
4 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
5 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
6 similar types of intangible assets;

7 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

8 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
11 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
12 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
13 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
14 to such item; or

15 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
18 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
19 following:

20 (a) the person during the same taxable
21 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
22 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
23 not a related member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 intangible expense or cost between the
26 taxpayer and the person did not have as a

1 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
2 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
3 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
4 or

5 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
8 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
9 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
10 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
11 writing to the application or use of an alternative
12 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

13 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
14 Director from making any other adjustment
15 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
16 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
17 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
18 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
19 and such regulations provide methods and standards
20 by which the Department will utilize its authority
21 under Section 404 of this Act;

22 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
23 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
24 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
25 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
26 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a

1 person who would be a member of the same unitary
2 business group but for the fact that the person is
3 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
4 included in the unitary business group because he or
5 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
6 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
7 addition modification required by this subparagraph
8 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
9 included in base income of the unitary group for the
10 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
12 (including amounts included in gross income under
13 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
15 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
16 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
17 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
18 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
19 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
20 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
21 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

22 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
23 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
24 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
25 Act;

26 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
2 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 for the taxable year;

4 (D-12) An amount withdrawn from a small business
5 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases
6 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year
8 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is
9 used predominantly in Illinois; such amounts are
10 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under
11 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;

12 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
13 amounts:

14 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

15 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
16 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
17 and included in such total for the taxable year;

18 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
19 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
20 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
21 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
22 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
23 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
24 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
25 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
26 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net

1 of bond premium amortization;

2 (H) Any income of the partnership which
3 constitutes personal service income as defined in
4 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
5 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance for
6 compensation paid or accrued for services rendered by
7 partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
8 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
11 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
12 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
13 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
14 including amounts distributable to organizations
15 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
16 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
17 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
19 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
20 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
21 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
22 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
23 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
25 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2),
26 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue

1 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal
3 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
5 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
6 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
9 such total which were paid by a corporation which
10 conducts business operations in a River Edge
11 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
12 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
13 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
14 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
17 job training project established pursuant to the Real
18 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

19 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
20 such total that were paid by a corporation that
21 conducts business operations in a federally designated
22 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
23 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
24 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
25 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
26 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under

1 this subparagraph (M);

2 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
3 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
4 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
5 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
6 the Internal Revenue Code;

7 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
8 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
9 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
10 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
11 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
12 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

13 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
14 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
15 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
16 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
17 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
18 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
19 the bonus depreciation deduction;

20 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
21 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
22 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
23 0.429); and

24 (3) for taxable years ending after December
25 31, 2005:

26 (i) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
2 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
3 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
4 0.429); and

5 (ii) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
7 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
8 1.0.

9 The aggregate amount deducted under this
10 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
11 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
12 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
13 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
14 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
15 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250;

17 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
18 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
19 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
20 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
21 equal to that addition modification.

22 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
23 the last day of the last tax year for which the
24 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
25 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
26 was required in any taxable year to make an addition

1 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
2 equal to that addition modification.

3 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
4 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
5 piece of property.

6 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
9 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
10 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
11 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
12 modification with respect to such transaction under
13 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
14 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
15 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
16 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
17 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
18 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
19 is required to make an addition modification with
20 respect to such transaction under Section
21 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
22 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
23 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
24 from Section 250;

25 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
26 into account for the taxable year (net of the

1 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
4 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
14 addition modification required to be made for the same
15 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
17 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
18 Section 250;

19 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
20 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
21 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
24 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
25 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
2 who would be a member of the same unitary business
3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
4 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
6 required to apportion business income under different
7 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
8 addition modification required to be made for the same
9 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
10 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
12 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; ~~and~~

13 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
14 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
15 add back any insurance premiums under Section
16 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
17 that part of a reimbursement received from the
18 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
19 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
20 company) that would have been taken into account as a
21 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
22 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
23 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
24 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
25 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
26 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph

1 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and ~~and~~

2 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after January
3 1, 2021, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax year
4 contributed to a small business asset purchase account
5 during the tax year, plus all interest earned on such
6 accounts during the tax year; a "small business asset
7 purchase account" means an account established by a
8 taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to purchase
9 property used primarily in Illinois for which a federal
10 income tax deduction is claimed under Section 179 of
11 the Internal Revenue Code.

12 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

13 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
14 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section and
15 Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted gross
16 income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall mean
17 the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
18 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
19 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
20 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
21 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
23 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
24 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
25 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess

1 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
2 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
3 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
4 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
5 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
7 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
8 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
9 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
10 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
11 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
12 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
13 addition modification must be made under those
14 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
15 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
16 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
17 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
18 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
19 Revenue Code.

20 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
21 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
22 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

23 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
24 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
25 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
26 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of

1 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
2 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
3 Internal Revenue Code;

4 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
5 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
6 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
7 insurance company taxable income;

8 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
9 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
10 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
11 investment company taxable income;

12 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
13 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
14 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
15 estate investment trust taxable income;

16 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
17 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
18 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
19 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
20 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
21 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
22 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
23 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
24 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
25 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
26 provided by Section 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue

1 Code had been in effect for all such years;

2 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
3 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
4 organization determined in accordance with the
5 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition
7 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
8 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
9 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
10 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
11 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the
12 event such election is made, such losses shall be
13 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with
14 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
15 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
16 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
17 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.
18 The election shall be effective for all taxable years
19 with original returns due on or after the date of the
20 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
21 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
22 to provide that the election shall be effective for
23 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
24 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
25 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
26 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting

1 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
2 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
3 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
4 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
5 existing law;

6 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
7 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
8 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
9 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
10 corporation determined in accordance with Section
11 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
12 taxable income shall take into account those items
13 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
15 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
16 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
17 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
18 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
19 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
20 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
21 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

22 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
23 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
24 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
25 income shall take into account those items which are
26 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated

1 but which would be taken into account by an individual
2 in calculating his taxable income.

3 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
4 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
5 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
6 business has been classified as business income and in a
7 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
8 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
9 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
10 related to that asset or business that generated the
11 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
12 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
13 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
14 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
15 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
16 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
17 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
18 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
19 taxable years.

20 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

21 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
22 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and
23 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

24 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
25 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable

1 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
3 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

4 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
5 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
6 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
7 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
8 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
9 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
10 such gain included in the amount determined under
11 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

12 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

13 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
14 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
15 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
16 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
17 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
18 determining gain) for such property on that date
19 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
20 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
21 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
22 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
23 such property.

24 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
25 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
26 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation

1 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
2 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
3 property for federal income tax purposes for the
4 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
5 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
6 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
7 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
8 period for the property.

9 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
10 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
11 purposes of this paragraph.

12 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
13 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
14 to be deducted more than once.

15 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
16 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
17 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
18 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
19 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
20 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
21 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
22 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
23 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

24 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 100-905, eff. 8-17-18;

1 101-9, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; revised 9-20-19.)

2 Section 10. The Uniform Penalty and Interest Act is amended
3 by adding Section 3-3.5 as follows:

4 (35 ILCS 735/3-3.5 new)

5 Sec. 3-3.5. Penalty for improper use of proceeds of Small
6 Business Asset Purchase Account. A penalty of 10% of the amount
7 withdrawn from a small business asset purchase account, as
8 defined in Section 203 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, during a
9 tax year that is used for purchases of property for which a
10 deduction under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code is not
11 claimed for the tax year in which the amount is withdrawn, or
12 purchases of property for which the deduction under Section 179
13 of the Internal Revenue Code is claimed that is not used
14 predominantly in Illinois.

15 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
16 becoming law.