

Rep. Eva Dina Delgado

Filed: 3/16/2021

	10200HB1747ham001 LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 1747
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 1747 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4 5	"Section 5. The Illinois Power Agency Act is amended by changing Sections 1-5, 1-10, and 1-75 as follows:
6	(20 ILCS 3855/1-5)
7	Sec. 1-5. Legislative declarations and findings. The
8	General Assembly finds and declares:
9	(1) The health, welfare, and prosperity of all
10	Illinois citizens require the provision of adequate,
11	reliable, affordable, efficient, and environmentally
12	sustainable electric service at the lowest total cost over
13	time, taking into account any benefits of price stability.
14	(2) (Blank).
15	(3) (Blank).
16	(4) It is necessary to improve the process of

10200HB1747ham001 -2- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

procuring electricity to serve Illinois residents, to 1 2 promote investment in energy efficiencv and 3 demand-response measures, and to maintain and support development of clean coal technologies, generation 4 5 resources that operate at all hours of the day and under all weather conditions, zero emission facilities, and 6 7 renewable resources.

8 (5) Procuring a diverse electricity supply portfolio 9 will ensure the lowest total cost over time for adequate, 10 reliable, efficient, and environmentally sustainable 11 electric service.

(6) Including renewable resources and zero emission 12 13 credits from zero emission facilities in that portfolio 14 will reduce long-term direct and indirect costs to 15 consumers by decreasing environmental impacts and by avoiding or delaying the need for new generation, 16 transmission, and distribution infrastructure. Developing 17 new renewable energy resources in Illinois, including 18 19 brownfield solar projects and community solar projects, 20 will help to diversify Illinois electricity supply, avoid and reduce pollution, reduce peak demand, and enhance 21 22 public health and well-being of Illinois residents.

(7) Developing community solar projects in Illinois
 will help to expand access to renewable energy resources
 to more Illinois residents.

26

(8) Developing brownfield solar projects in Illinois

10200HB1747ham001

will help return blighted or contaminated land to
 productive use while enhancing public health and the
 well-being of Illinois residents.

4 (9) Energy efficiency, demand-response measures, zero
5 emission energy, and renewable energy are resources
6 currently underused in Illinois. These resources should be
7 used, when cost effective, to reduce costs to consumers,
8 improve reliability, and improve environmental quality and
9 public health.

10 (10) The State should encourage the use of advanced 11 clean coal technologies that capture and sequester carbon 12 dioxide emissions to advance environmental protection 13 goals and to demonstrate the viability of coal and 14 coal-derived fuels in a carbon-constrained economy.

15 (11) The General Assembly enacted Public Act 96-0795 16 to reform the State's purchasing processes, recognizing 17 that government procurement is susceptible to abuse if 18 structural and procedural safeguards are not in place to 19 ensure independence, insulation, oversight, and 20 transparency.

(12) The principles that underlie the procurement
 reform legislation apply also in the context of power
 purchasing.

24 (13) The Governor of the State of Illinois has
 25 committed the State to principles of the Paris Climate
 26 Agreement to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. The Illinois

Renewable Portfolio Standard is a resource to advance the 1 2 development of renewable energy resources in Illinois that will reduce greenhouse gas emissions and stimulate 3 economic development in the State of Illinois. 4 5 (14) The Renewable Portfolio Standard, created in 2007, sets a goal for investor-owned utilities to procure 6 7 25% of their consumer load electricity from renewable 8 energy resources by the year 2025 through escalating 9 annual goals. 10 (15) The citizens and businesses of the State of Illinois pay a monthly fee on their electric utility bills 11 12 to fund the Renewable Portfolio Standard program. (16) The Illinois Power Agency has reported in 13 14 December 2020 that the annual incremental Renewable 15 Portfolio Standard goals are not being met. The Illinois Power Agency projected the Renewable Portfolio Standard 16 17 will achieve less than 10% of the State's renewable energy resource goal by the year 2030. The Illinois Power Agency 18 19 also reports the Renewable Portfolio Standard lacks 20 sufficient funding to implement the program between the years 2021 and 2025, curtailing the development of 21 22 in-state renewable energy generation and economic activity. Despite the failure to meet the Renewable 23 24 Portfolio Standard goals, residents and businesses of the 25 State of Illinois continue to pay monthly fees on their 26 electric utility bills to fund the Renewable Portfolio

1 <u>Standard program.</u>

2	(17) The General Assembly therefore finds it is
3	necessary to create a voluntary market for the residents
4	and businesses of the State of Illinois to purchase
5	in-state renewable energy and associated renewable energy
6	credits, from businesses that are authorized to supply
7	electricity to Illinois electricity consumers. Residents
8	and businesses that choose to purchase in-state renewable
9	energy are eligible to receive a monthly utility credit
10	equivalent to their monthly renewable portfolio standard
11	program fee. The voluntary in-state Renewable Energy
12	Program does not increase electricity fees, rather it
13	relies on voluntary and market-based agreements between
14	consumers and suppliers of in-state renewable energy. A
15	business that supplies in-state renewable energy must
16	report all renewable energy credits to the Illinois Power
17	Agency to count toward the State's annual goal to achieve
18	25% of the State's electricity from a renewable energy
19	resources by the year 2025.

20 (18) Renewable energy, generated from wind and solar, 21 reduces greenhouse gas emissions, provides electricity, 22 and supports jobs as well as local, regional, national, 23 and global economies. Renewable energy policies to 24 generate more renewable energy generation in the State 25 must include opportunities to directly purchase in-state 26 renewable energy from a business that supplies renewable 10200HB1747ham001

1 <u>electricity</u>.

The General Assembly therefore finds that it is necessary to create the Illinois Power Agency and that the goals and objectives of that Agency are to accomplish each of the following:

(A) Develop electricity procurement plans to ensure 6 7 reliable, affordable, efficient, adequate, and 8 environmentally sustainable electric service at the lowest 9 total cost over time, taking into account any benefits of 10 price stability, for electric utilities that on December 11 31, 2005 provided electric service to at least 100,000 customers in Illinois and for small multi-jurisdictional 12 13 electric utilities that (i) on December 31, 2005 served 14 less than 100,000 customers in Illinois and (ii) request a 15 procurement plan for their Illinois jurisdictional load. 16 The procurement plan shall be updated on an annual basis 17 and shall include renewable energy resources and, beginning with the delivery year commencing June 1, 2017, 18 zero emission credits from zero emission facilities 19 20 sufficient to achieve the standards specified in this Act.

(B) Conduct the competitive procurement processes
 identified in this Act.

(C) Develop electric generation and co-generation
 facilities that use indigenous coal or renewable
 resources, or both, financed with bonds issued by the
 Illinois Finance Authority.

1 (D) Supply electricity from the Agency's facilities at 2 cost to one or more of the following: municipal electric 3 systems, governmental aggregators, or rural electric 4 cooperatives in Illinois.

5 (E) Ensure that the process of power procurement is 6 conducted in an ethical and transparent fashion, immune 7 from improper influence.

8 (F) Continue to review its policies and practices to 9 determine how best to meet its mission of providing the 10 lowest cost power to the greatest number of people, at any 11 given point in time, in accordance with applicable law.

12 (G) Operate in a structurally insulated, independent, 13 and transparent fashion so that nothing impedes the 14 Agency's mission to secure power at the best prices the 15 market will bear, provided that the Agency meets all 16 applicable legal requirements.

(H) Implement renewable energy procurement and training programs throughout the State to diversify Illinois electricity supply, improve reliability, avoid and reduce pollution, reduce peak demand, and enhance public health and well-being of Illinois residents, including low-income residents.

23 (Source: P.A. 99-906, eff. 6-1-17.)

24 (20 ILCS 3855/1-10)

25 Sec. 1-10. Definitions.

1

"Agency" means the Illinois Power Agency.

"Agency loan agreement" means any agreement pursuant to 2 3 which the Illinois Finance Authority agrees to loan the proceeds of revenue bonds issued with respect to a project to 4 5 Agency upon terms providing for loan the repayment installments at least sufficient to pay when due all principal 6 of, interest and premium, if any, on those revenue bonds, and 7 8 providing for maintenance, insurance, and other matters in 9 respect of the project.

10 <u>"Alternative retail electric supplier" has the same</u>
11 <u>definition as found in Section 16-102 of the Public Utilities</u>
12 <u>Act.</u>

13 "Authority" means the Illinois Finance Authority.

14 "Brownfield site photovoltaic project" means photovoltaics 15 that are:

16 (1) interconnected to an electric utility as defined
17 in this Section, a municipal utility as defined in this
18 Section, a public utility as defined in Section 3-105 of
19 the Public Utilities Act, or an electric cooperative, as
20 defined in Section 3-119 of the Public Utilities Act; and

(2) located at a site that is regulated by any of the
 following entities under the following programs:

(A) the United States Environmental Protection
 Agency under the federal Comprehensive Environmental
 Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as
 amended;

1 (B) the United States Environmental Protection 2 Agency under the Corrective Action Program of the 3 federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as 4 amended;

5 (C) the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
6 under the Illinois Site Remediation Program; or

7

8

(D) the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency under the Illinois Solid Waste Program.

9 "Clean coal facility" means an electric generating 10 facility that uses primarily coal as a feedstock and that 11 captures and sequesters carbon dioxide emissions at the following levels: at least 50% of the total carbon dioxide 12 13 emissions that the facility would otherwise emit if, at the 14 time construction commences, the facility is scheduled to 15 commence operation before 2016, at least 70% of the total 16 carbon dioxide emissions that the facility would otherwise emit if, at the time construction commences, the facility is 17 scheduled to commence operation during 2016 or 2017, and at 18 least 90% of the total carbon dioxide emissions that the 19 20 facility would otherwise emit if, at the time construction 21 commences, the facility is scheduled to commence operation 22 after 2017. The power block of the clean coal facility shall 23 not exceed allowable emission rates for sulfur dioxide, 24 nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide, particulates and mercury for 25 a natural gas-fired combined-cycle facility the same size as 26 and in the same location as the clean coal facility at the time 10200HB1747ham001 -10- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 the clean coal facility obtains an approved air permit. All coal used by a clean coal facility shall have high volatile 2 bituminous rank and greater than 1.7 pounds of sulfur per 3 4 million btu content, unless the clean coal facility does not 5 gasification technology and was operating as use a conventional coal-fired electric generating facility on June 6 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-1027). 7

8 "Clean coal SNG brownfield facility" means a facility that 9 (1) has commenced construction by July 1, 2015 on an urban 10 brownfield site in a municipality with at least 1,000,000 11 residents; (2) uses a gasification process to produce substitute natural gas; (3) uses coal as at least 50% of the 12 13 total feedstock over the term of any sourcing agreement with a 14 utility and the remainder of the feedstock may be either 15 petroleum coke or coal, with all such coal having a high 16 bituminous rank and greater than 1.7 pounds of sulfur per million Btu content unless the facility reasonably determines 17 that it is necessary to use additional petroleum coke to 18 19 deliver additional consumer savings, in which case the 20 facility shall use coal for at least 35% of the total feedstock 21 over the term of any sourcing agreement; and (4) captures and sequesters at least 85% of the total carbon dioxide emissions 22 23 that the facility would otherwise emit.

"Clean coal SNG facility" means a facility that uses a gasification process to produce substitute natural gas, that sequesters at least 90% of the total carbon dioxide emissions 10200HB1747ham001 -11- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 that the facility would otherwise emit, that uses at least 90% coal as a feedstock, with all such coal having a high 2 3 bituminous rank and greater than 1.7 pounds of sulfur per 4 million btu content, and that has a valid and effective permit 5 to construct emission sources and air pollution control equipment and approval with respect to the federal regulations 6 for Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality 7 8 (PSD) for the plant pursuant to the federal Clean Air Act; provided, however, a clean coal SNG brownfield facility shall 9 10 not be a clean coal SNG facility.

11

"Commission" means the Illinois Commerce Commission.

12 "Community renewable generation project" means an electric 13 generating facility that:

14 (1)is powered by wind, solar thermal energy, 15 photovoltaic cells or panels, biodiesel, crops and 16 untreated and unadulterated organic waste biomass, tree 17 waste, and hydropower that does not involve new construction or significant expansion of hydropower dams; 18

(2) is interconnected at the distribution system level 19 20 of an electric utility as defined in this Section, a 21 municipal utility as defined in this Section that owns or 22 operates electric distribution facilities, а public 23 utility as defined in Section 3-105 of the Public 24 Utilities Act, or an electric cooperative, as defined in 25 Section 3-119 of the Public Utilities Act;

26

(3) credits the value of electricity generated by the

1 facility to the subscribers of the facility; and (4) is limited in nameplate capacity to less than or 2 equal to 2,000 kilowatts. 3 4 "Costs incurred in connection with the development and 5 construction of a facility" means: (1) the cost of acquisition of all real property, 6 fixtures, and improvements in connection therewith and 7 equipment, personal property, and other property, rights, 8 9 and easements acquired that are deemed necessary for the 10 operation and maintenance of the facility; 11 (2) financing costs with respect to bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness of the Agency; 12 13 all origination, commitment, utilization, (3) 14 facility, placement, underwriting, syndication, credit 15 enhancement, and rating agency fees; 16 engineering, design, procurement, consulting, (4) legal, accounting, title insurance, survey, appraisal, 17 escrow, trustee, collateral agency, interest rate hedging, 18 19 interest rate swap, capitalized interest, contingency, as 20 required by lenders, and other financing costs, and other 21 expenses for professional services; and

(5) the costs of plans, specifications, site study and
investigation, installation, surveys, other Agency costs
and estimates of costs, and other expenses necessary or
incidental to determining the feasibility of any project,
together with such other expenses as may be necessary or

10200HB1747ham001 -13- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

incidental to the financing, insuring, acquisition, and
 construction of a specific project and starting up,
 commissioning, and placing that project in operation.

4 "Delivery services" has the same definition as found in
5 Section 16-102 of the Public Utilities Act.

6 "Delivery year" means the consecutive 12-month period 7 beginning June 1 of a given year and ending May 31 of the 8 following year.

9 "Department" means the Department of Commerce and Economic10 Opportunity.

11 "Director" means the Director of the Illinois Power 12 Agency.

13 "Demand-response" means measures that decrease peak 14 electricity demand or shift demand from peak to off-peak 15 periods.

16 "Distributed renewable energy generation device" means a 17 device that is:

18 (1) powered by wind, solar thermal energy, 19 photovoltaic cells or panels, biodiesel, crops and 20 untreated and unadulterated organic waste biomass, tree 21 waste, and hydropower that does not involve new 22 construction or significant expansion of hydropower dams;

(2) interconnected at the distribution system level of
 either an electric utility as defined in this Section, a
 municipal utility as defined in this Section that owns or
 operates electric distribution facilities, or a rural

electric cooperative as defined in Section 3-119 of the
 Public Utilities Act;

3 (3) located on the customer side of the customer's
4 electric meter and is primarily used to offset that
5 customer's electricity load; and

6 (4) limited in nameplate capacity to less than or 7 equal to 2,000 kilowatts.

8 "Energy efficiency" means measures that reduce the amount of electricity or natural gas consumed in order to achieve a 9 10 given end use. "Energy efficiency" includes voltage 11 optimization measures that optimize the voltage at points on the electric distribution voltage system and thereby reduce 12 electricity consumption by electric customers' end use 13 devices. "Energy efficiency" also includes measures that 14 15 reduce the total Btus of electricity, natural gas, and other 16 fuels needed to meet the end use or uses.

17 "Electric utility" has the same definition as found in18 Section 16-102 of the Public Utilities Act.

19 "Facility" means an electric generating unit or a 20 co-generating unit that produces electricity along with 21 related equipment necessary to connect the facility to an 22 electric transmission or distribution system.

"Governmental aggregator" means one or more units of local government that individually or collectively procure electricity to serve residential retail electrical loads located within its or their jurisdiction. 10200HB1747ham001 -15-

1 "Local government" means a unit of local government as 2 defined in Section 1 of Article VII of the Illinois 3 Constitution.

4 "Municipality" means a city, village, or incorporated 5 town.

6 "Municipal utility" means a public utility owned and 7 operated by any subdivision or municipal corporation of this 8 State.

9 "Nameplate capacity" means the aggregate inverter10 nameplate capacity in kilowatts AC.

"Person" means any natural person, firm, partnership, corporation, either domestic or foreign, company, association, limited liability company, joint stock company, or association and includes any trustee, receiver, assignee, or personal representative thereof.

16 "Project" means the planning, bidding, and construction of 17 a facility.

18 "Public utility" has the same definition as found in 19 Section 3-105 of the Public Utilities Act.

20 "Real property" means any interest in land together with 21 all structures, fixtures, and improvements thereon, including 22 lands under water and riparian rights, any easements, 23 covenants, licenses, leases, rights-of-way, uses, and other 24 interests, together with any liens, judgments, mortgages, or 25 other claims or security interests related to real property. 26 "Renewable energy credit" means a tradable credit that

"Renewable energy credit" means a tradable credit that

1 represents the environmental attributes of one megawatt hour 2 of energy produced from a renewable energy resource.

3 "Renewable energy generator" means an electric generating
 4 facility that generates renewable energy resources.

5 "Renewable energy resources" includes energy and its associated renewable energy credit or renewable energy credits 6 from wind, solar thermal energy, photovoltaic cells and 7 panels, biodiesel, anaerobic digestion, crops and untreated 8 9 and unadulterated organic waste biomass, tree waste, and 10 hydropower that does not involve new construction or 11 significant expansion of hydropower dams. For purposes of this Act, landfill gas produced in the State is considered a 12 13 renewable energy resource. "Renewable energy resources" does 14 not include the incineration or burning of tires, garbage, 15 general household, institutional, and commercial waste, 16 industrial lunchroom or office waste, landscape waste other than tree waste, railroad crossties, utility poles, or 17 construction or demolition debris, other than untreated and 18 unadulterated waste wood. 19

20 "Retail customer" has the same definition as found in
21 Section 16-102 of the Public Utilities Act.

22 "Revenue bond" means any bond, note, or other evidence of 23 indebtedness issued by the Authority, the principal and 24 interest of which is payable solely from revenues or income 25 derived from any project or activity of the Agency.

26 <u>"Self-directing retail customer" means a retail customer</u>

1 that is being supplied energy from a renewable energy 2 generator located in Illinois under a self-supply renewable 3 portfolio standard agreement with an alternative retail 4 electric supplier in accordance with subsection (d-5) of 5 Section 16-115D of the Public Utilities Act.

6 "Self-supply renewable portfolio standard agreement" means a contract under which an alternative retail electric supplier 7 8 agrees to procure renewable energy resources from renewable 9 energy generators located in Illinois for at least 25% of the 10 metered electricity delivered by the alternative retail 11 electric supplier to the retail customer over the term of the self-supply renewable portfolio standard agreement and retire 12 13 the associated renewable energy credits procured from those 14 renewable energy generators.

15 "Sequester" means permanent storage of carbon dioxide by 16 injecting it into a saline aquifer, a depleted gas reservoir, or an oil reservoir, directly or through an enhanced oil 17 recovery process that may involve intermediate storage, 18 regardless of whether these activities are conducted by a 19 20 clean coal facility, a clean coal SNG facility, a clean coal SNG brownfield facility, or a party with which a clean coal 21 22 facility, clean coal SNG facility, or clean coal SNG 23 brownfield facility has contracted for such purposes.

24 "Service area" has the same definition as found in Section25 16-102 of the Public Utilities Act.

26

"Sourcing agreement" means (i) in the case of an electric

10200HB1747ham001 -18- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 utility, an agreement between the owner of a clean coal facility and such electric utility, which agreement shall have 2 3 terms and conditions meeting the requirements of paragraph (3) 4 of subsection (d) of Section 1-75, (ii) in the case of an 5 alternative retail electric supplier, an agreement between the owner of a clean coal facility and such alternative retail 6 electric supplier, which agreement shall have terms and 7 8 conditions meeting the requirements of Section 16-115(d)(5) of the Public Utilities Act, and (iii) in case of a gas utility, 9 10 an agreement between the owner of a clean coal SNG brownfield 11 facility and the gas utility, which agreement shall have the terms and conditions meeting the requirements of subsection 12 13 (h-1) of Section 9-220 of the Public Utilities Act.

"Subscriber" means a person who (i) takes delivery service 14 15 from an electric utility, and (ii) has a subscription of no 16 less than 200 watts to a community renewable generation project that is located in the electric utility's service 17 18 area. No subscriber's subscriptions may total more than 40% of the nameplate capacity of an individual community renewable 19 20 generation project. Entities that are affiliated by virtue of 21 a common parent shall not represent multiple subscriptions that total more than 40% of the nameplate capacity of an 22 23 individual community renewable generation project.

"Subscription" means an interest in a community renewable generation project expressed in kilowatts, which is sized primarily to offset part or all of the subscriber's 1 electricity usage.

2 "Substitute natural gas" or "SNG" means a gas manufactured 3 by gasification of hydrocarbon feedstock, which is 4 substantially interchangeable in use and distribution with 5 conventional natural gas.

"Total resource cost test" or "TRC test" means a standard 6 that is met if, for an investment in energy efficiency or 7 8 demand-response measures, the benefit-cost ratio is greater 9 than one. The benefit-cost ratio is the ratio of the net 10 present value of the total benefits of the program to the net 11 present value of the total costs as calculated over the lifetime of the measures. A total resource cost test compares 12 13 the sum of avoided electric utility costs, representing the 14 benefits that accrue to the system and the participant in the 15 delivery of those efficiency measures and including avoided 16 costs associated with reduced use of natural gas or other avoided costs associated 17 fuels, with reduced water 18 consumption, and avoided costs associated with reduced 19 operation and maintenance costs, as well as other quantifiable 20 societal benefits, to the sum of all incremental costs of 21 end-use measures that are implemented due to the program 22 (including both utility and participant contributions), plus costs to administer, deliver, and evaluate each demand-side 23 24 program, to quantify the net savings obtained by substituting 25 the demand-side program for supply resources. In calculating 26 avoided costs of power and energy that an electric utility

10200HB1747ham001 -20- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 would otherwise have had to acquire, reasonable estimates shall be included of financial costs likely to be imposed by 2 3 future regulations and legislation on emissions of greenhouse 4 gases. In discounting future societal costs and benefits for 5 the purpose of calculating net present values, a societal discount rate based on actual, long-term Treasury bond yields 6 should be used. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, the 7 TRC test shall not include or take into account a calculation 8 9 of market price suppression effects or demand reduction 10 induced price effects.

11 "Utility-scale solar project" means an electric generating 12 facility that:

13 (1) generates electricity using photovoltaic cells;14 and

15 (2) has a nameplate capacity that is greater than16 2,000 kilowatts.

17 "Utility-scale wind project" means an electric generating 18 facility that:

19

(1) generates electricity using wind; and

20 (2) has a nameplate capacity that is greater than
21 2,000 kilowatts.

22 "Zero emission credit" means a tradable credit that 23 represents the environmental attributes of one megawatt hour 24 of energy produced from a zero emission facility.

25 "Zero emission facility" means a facility that: (1) is 26 fueled by nuclear power; and (2) is interconnected with PJM 10200HB1747ham001

Interconnection, LLC or the Midcontinent Independent System
 Operator, Inc., or their successors.

3 (Source: P.A. 98-90, eff. 7-15-13; 99-906, eff. 6-1-17.)

4 (20 ILCS 3855/1-75)

5 Sec. 1-75. Planning and Procurement Bureau. The Planning 6 and Procurement Bureau has the following duties and 7 responsibilities:

8 (a) The Planning and Procurement Bureau shall each year, 9 beginning in 2008, develop procurement plans and conduct 10 competitive procurement processes in accordance with the requirements of Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act 11 12 for the eligible retail customers of electric utilities that 13 on December 31, 2005 provided electric service to at least 14 100,000 customers in Illinois. Beginning with the delivery 15 year commencing on June 1, 2017, the Planning and Procurement Bureau shall develop plans and processes for the procurement 16 of zero emission credits from zero emission facilities in 17 accordance with the requirements of subsection (d-5) of this 18 19 Section. The Planning and Procurement Bureau shall also 20 develop procurement plans and conduct competitive procurement 21 processes in accordance with the requirements of Section 22 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act for the eligible retail customers of small multi-jurisdictional electric utilities 23 24 that (i) on December 31, 2005 served less than 100,000 25 customers in Illinois and (ii) request a procurement plan for

their Illinois jurisdictional load. This Section shall not apply to a small multi-jurisdictional utility until such time as a small multi-jurisdictional utility requests the Agency to prepare a procurement plan for their Illinois jurisdictional load. For the purposes of this Section, the term "eligible retail customers" has the same definition as found in Section 16-111.5(a) of the Public Utilities Act.

8 Beginning with the plan or plans to be implemented in the 9 2017 delivery year, the Agency shall no longer include the 10 procurement of renewable energy resources in the annual 11 procurement plans required by this subsection (a), except as provided in subsection (q) of Section 16-111.5 of the Public 12 13 Utilities Act, and shall instead develop a long-term renewable 14 resources procurement plan in accordance with subsection (c) 15 of this Section and Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities 16 Act.

(1) The Agency shall each year, beginning in 2008, as
needed, issue a request for qualifications for experts or
expert consulting firms to develop the procurement plans
in accordance with Section 16-111.5 of the Public
Utilities Act. In order to qualify an expert or expert
consulting firm must have:

(A) direct previous experience assembling
 large-scale power supply plans or portfolios for
 end-use customers;

26

(B) an advanced degree in economics, mathematics,

1 engineering, risk management, or a related area of 2 study;

3 (C) 10 years of experience in the electricity
4 sector, including managing supply risk;

5 (D) expertise in wholesale electricity market 6 rules, including those established by the Federal 7 Energy Regulatory Commission and regional transmission 8 organizations;

9 (E) expertise in credit protocols and familiarity 10 with contract protocols;

(F) adequate resources to perform and fulfill the
 required functions and responsibilities; and

13 (G) the absence of a conflict of interest and
14 inappropriate bias for or against potential bidders or
15 the affected electric utilities.

16 (2) The Agency shall each year, as needed, issue a
17 request for qualifications for a procurement administrator
18 to conduct the competitive procurement processes in
19 accordance with Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities
20 Act. In order to qualify an expert or expert consulting
21 firm must have:

(A) direct previous experience administering a
 large-scale competitive procurement process;

(B) an advanced degree in economics, mathematics,
 engineering, or a related area of study;

26

(C) 10 years of experience in the electricity

sector, including risk management experience; 1 expertise in wholesale electricity market 2 (D) 3 rules, including those established by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and regional transmission 4 5 organizations; (E) expertise in credit and contract protocols; 6 7 (F) adequate resources to perform and fulfill the 8 required functions and responsibilities; and 9 (G) the absence of a conflict of interest and 10 inappropriate bias for or against potential bidders or 11 the affected electric utilities. (3) The Agency shall provide affected utilities and 12 13 other interested parties with the lists of qualified 14 experts or expert consulting firms identified through the 15 request for qualifications processes that are under 16 consideration to develop the procurement plans and to 17 serve as the procurement administrator. The Agency shall 18 also provide each qualified expert's or expert consulting 19 firm's response to the request for qualifications. All 20 information provided under this subparagraph shall also be 21 provided to the Commission. The Agency may provide by rule 22 for fees associated with supplying the information to 23 utilities and other interested parties. These parties 24 shall, within 5 business days, notify the Agency in 25 writing if they object to any experts or expert consulting 26 firms on the lists. Objections shall be based on:

(A) failure to satisfy qualification criteria;
 (B) identification of a conflict of interest; or
 (C) evidence of inappropriate bias for or against
 potential bidders or the affected utilities.
 The Agency shall remove experts or expert consulting

firms from the lists within 10 days if there is a 6 reasonable basis for an objection and provide the updated 7 lists to the affected utilities and other interested 8 9 parties. If the Agency fails to remove an expert or expert 10 consulting firm from a list, an objecting party may seek 11 review by the Commission within 5 days thereafter by filing a petition, and the Commission shall render a 12 13 ruling on the petition within 10 days. There is no right of 14 appeal of the Commission's ruling.

15 (4) The Agency shall issue requests for proposals to
16 the qualified experts or expert consulting firms to
17 develop a procurement plan for the affected utilities and
18 to serve as procurement administrator.

19 (5) The Agency shall select an expert or expert 20 consulting firm to develop procurement plans based on the 21 proposals submitted and shall award contracts of up to 5 22 years to those selected.

(6) The Agency shall select an expert or expert
consulting firm, with approval of the Commission, to serve
as procurement administrator based on the proposals
submitted. If the Commission rejects, within 5 days, the

10200HB1747ham001 -26- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

Agency's selection, the Agency shall submit another recommendation within 3 days based on the proposals submitted. The Agency shall award a 5-year contract to the expert or expert consulting firm so selected with Commission approval.

(b) The experts or expert consulting firms retained by the 6 7 Agency shall, as appropriate, prepare procurement plans, and 8 conduct a competitive procurement process as prescribed in 9 Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act, to ensure 10 adequate, reliable, affordable, efficient, and environmentally sustainable electric service at the lowest total cost over 11 time, taking into account any benefits of price stability, for 12 13 eligible retail customers of electric utilities that on December 31, 2005 provided electric service to at least 14 15 100,000 customers in the State of Illinois, and for eligible 16 Illinois retail customers of small multi-jurisdictional electric utilities that (i) on December 31, 2005 served less 17 than 100,000 customers in Illinois and (ii) request a 18 19 procurement plan for their Illinois jurisdictional load.

20

(c) Renewable portfolio standard.

(1) (A) The Agency shall develop a long-term renewable resources procurement plan that shall include procurement programs and competitive procurement events necessary to meet the goals set forth in this subsection (c). The initial long-term renewable resources procurement plan shall be released for comment no later than 160 days after 10200HB1747ham001 -27- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 June 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-906). The Agency shall review, and may revise on an expedited 2 3 basis, the long-term renewable resources procurement plan at least every 2 years, which shall be conducted in 4 5 conjunction with the procurement plan under Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act to the extent 6 7 practicable to minimize administrative expense. The 8 long-term renewable resources procurement plans shall be 9 subject to review and approval by the Commission under 10 Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act.

11 (B) Subject to subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1), 12 the long-term renewable resources procurement plan shall 13 include the goals for procurement of renewable energy 14 credits to meet at least the following overall 15 percentages: 13% by the 2017 delivery year; increasing by at least 1.5% each delivery year thereafter to at least 16 25% by the 2025 delivery year; and continuing at no less 17 than 25% for each delivery year thereafter. In the event 18 19 of a conflict between these goals and the new wind and new 20 photovoltaic procurement requirements described in items 21 (i) through (iii) of subparagraph (C) of this paragraph 22 (1), the long-term plan shall prioritize compliance with 23 the new wind and new photovoltaic procurement requirements 24 described in items (i) through (iii) of subparagraph (C) 25 of this paragraph (1) over the annual percentage targets 26 described in this subparagraph (B).

-28- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

For the delivery year beginning June 1, 2017, the 1 procurement plan shall include cost-effective renewable 2 3 energy resources equal to at least 13% of each utility's load for eligible retail customers and 13% of the 4 5 applicable portion of each utility's load for retail customers who are not eligible retail customers, which 6 applicable portion shall equal 50% of the utility's load 7 8 for retail customers who are not eligible retail customers 9 on February 28, 2017.

10200HB1747ham001

10 For the delivery year beginning June 1, 2018, the procurement plan shall include cost-effective renewable 11 energy resources equal to at least 14.5% of each utility's 12 13 load for eligible retail customers and 14.5% of the 14 applicable portion of each utility's load for retail 15 customers who are not eligible retail customers, which 16 applicable portion shall equal 75% of the utility's load for retail customers who are not eligible retail customers 17 on February 28, 2017. 18

For the delivery year beginning June 1, 2019, and for each year thereafter, the procurement plans shall include cost-effective renewable energy resources equal to a minimum percentage of each utility's load for all retail customers as follows: 16% by June 1, 2019; increasing by 1.5% each year thereafter to 25% by June 1, 2025; and 25% by June 1, 2026 and each year thereafter.

26

For each delivery year, the Agency shall first

10200HB1747ham001 -29- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

recognize each utility's obligations for that delivery 1 year under existing contracts. Any renewable energy 2 3 credits under existing contracts, including renewable energy credits as part of renewable energy resources and 4 5 all renewable energy credits procured by alternative retail electric suppliers under the terms of self-supply 6 renewable portfolio standard agreements, shall be used to 7 8 meet the goals set forth in this subsection (c) for the 9 delivery year.

10 (C) Of the renewable energy credits procured under 11 this subsection (c), at least 75% shall come from wind and 12 photovoltaic projects. The long-term renewable resources 13 procurement plan described in subparagraph (A) of this 14 paragraph (1) shall include the procurement of renewable 15 energy credits in amounts equal to at least the following:

16

(i) By the end of the 2020 delivery year:

17At least 2,000,000 renewable energy credits18for each delivery year shall come from new wind19projects; and

At least 2,000,000 renewable energy credits for each delivery year shall come from new photovoltaic projects; of that amount, to the extent possible, the Agency shall procure: at least 50% from solar photovoltaic projects using the program outlined in subparagraph (K) of this paragraph (1) from distributed renewable energy 9

community renewable 1 generation devices or 2 generation projects; at least 40% from 3 utility-scale solar projects; at least 2% from brownfield site photovoltaic projects that are not 4 5 community renewable generation projects; and the shall be determined through 6 remainder the 7 long-term planning process described in 8 subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (1).

(ii) By the end of the 2025 delivery year:

10At least 3,000,000 renewable energy credits11for each delivery year shall come from new wind12projects; and

13 At least 3,000,000 renewable energy credits 14 for each delivery year shall come from new 15 photovoltaic projects; of that amount, to the 16 extent possible, the Agency shall procure: at least 50% from solar photovoltaic projects using 17 18 the program outlined in subparagraph (K) of this 19 paragraph (1) from distributed renewable energy 20 devices community renewable or generation 21 projects; at least 40% from utility-scale solar 22 projects; at least 2% from brownfield site 23 photovoltaic projects that are not community 24 renewable generation projects; and the remainder 25 shall be determined through the long-term planning 26 process described in subparagraph (A) of this

paragraph (1). 1 2 (iii) By the end of the 2030 delivery year: 3 At least 4,000,000 renewable energy credits 4 for each delivery year shall come from new wind 5 projects; and At least 4,000,000 renewable energy credits 6 7 for each delivery year shall come from new 8 photovoltaic projects; of that amount, to the 9 extent possible, the Agency shall procure: at 10 least 50% from solar photovoltaic projects using 11 the program outlined in subparagraph (K) of this 12 paragraph (1) from distributed renewable energy 13 community renewable generation devices or 14 projects; at least 40% from utility-scale solar 15 projects; at least 2% from brownfield site 16 photovoltaic projects that are not community 17 renewable generation projects; and the remainder 18 shall be determined through the long-term planning 19 process described in subparagraph (A) of this 20 paragraph (1).

21

For purposes of this Section:

"New wind projects" means wind renewable
energy facilities that are energized after June 1,
2017 for the delivery year commencing June 1, 2017
or within 3 years after the date the Commission
approves contracts for subsequent delivery years.

"New photovoltaic projects" means photovoltaic 1 renewable energy facilities that are energized 2 3 after June 1, 2017. Photovoltaic projects developed under Section 1-56 of this Act shall not 4 5 new photovoltaic apply towards the project requirements in this subparagraph (C). 6

7 (D) Renewable energy credits shall be cost effective. For purposes of this subsection (c), "cost effective" 8 9 means that the costs of procuring renewable energy 10 resources do not cause the limit stated in subparagraph of this paragraph (1) to be exceeded and, for 11 (E) renewable energy credits procured through a competitive 12 13 procurement event, do not exceed benchmarks based on 14 market prices for like products in the region. For 15 purposes of this subsection (c), "like products" means contracts for renewable energy credits from the same or 16 substantially similar technology, same or substantially 17 or existing), the (new 18 similar vintage same or 19 substantially similar quantity, and the same or 20 substantially similar contract length and structure. 21 Benchmarks shall be developed by the procurement 22 administrator, in consultation with the Commission staff, 23 Agency staff, and the procurement monitor and shall be 24 subject to Commission review and approval. If price benchmarks for like products in the region are not 25 26 available, the procurement administrator shall establish 1 price benchmarks based on publicly available data on regional technology costs and expected current and future 2 3 regional energy prices. The benchmarks in this Section shall not be used to curtail or otherwise reduce 4 5 contractual obligations entered into by or through the Agency prior to June 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public 6 7 Act 99-906).

8 (E) For purposes of this subsection (c), the required 9 procurement of cost-effective renewable energy resources 10 for a particular year commencing prior to June 1, 2017 11 shall be measured as a percentage of the actual amount of 12 electricity (megawatt-hours) supplied by the electric 13 utility to eligible retail customers in the delivery year 14 ending immediately prior to the procurement, and, for 15 delivery years commencing on and after June 1, 2017, the 16 required procurement of cost-effective renewable energy 17 resources for a particular year shall be measured as a percentage of actual amount of 18 the electricity 19 (megawatt-hours) delivered by the electric utility in the 20 delivery year ending immediately prior to the procurement, to all retail customers in its service territory. For 21 22 purposes of this subsection (c), the amount paid per kilowatthour means the total amount paid for electric 23 24 service expressed on a per kilowatthour basis. For 25 purposes of this subsection (c), the total amount paid for 26 electric service includes without limitation amounts paid for supply, transmission, distribution, surcharges, and
 add-on taxes.

3 Notwithstanding the requirements of this subsection (c), the total of renewable energy resources procured 4 5 under the procurement plan for any single year shall be subject to the limitations of this subparagraph (E). Such 6 procurement shall be reduced for all retail customers 7 8 based on the amount necessary to limit the annual 9 estimated average net increase due to the costs of these 10 resources included in the amounts paid by eligible retail customers in connection with electric service to no more 11 12 than the greater of 2.015% of the amount paid per 13 kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 14 31, 2007 or the incremental amount per kilowatthour paid 15 for these resources in 2011. To arrive at a maximum dollar amount of renewable energy resources to be procured for 16 17 the particular delivery year, the resulting per kilowatthour amount shall be applied to the actual amount 18 of kilowatthours of electricity delivered, or applicable 19 20 portion of such amount as specified in paragraph (1) of 21 this subsection (c), as applicable, by the electric 22 utility in the delivery year immediately prior to the 23 procurement to all retail customers in its service 24 territory. The calculations required by this subparagraph 25 (E) shall be made only once for each delivery year at the 26 time that the renewable energy resources are procured.

10200HB1747ham001 -35- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 Once the determination as to the amount of renewable energy resources to procure is made based on 2 the 3 calculations set forth in this subparagraph (E) and the 4 contracts procuring those amounts are executed, no 5 subsequent rate impact determinations shall be made and no adjustments to those contract amounts shall be allowed. 6 All costs incurred under such contracts shall be fully 7 8 recoverable by the electric utility as provided in this 9 Section.

10 (F) If the limitation on the amount of renewable 11 energy resources procured in subparagraph (E) of this 12 paragraph (1) prevents the Agency from meeting all of the 13 goals in this subsection (c), the Agency's long-term plan 14 shall prioritize compliance with the requirements of this 15 subsection (c) regarding renewable energy credits in the 16 following order:

17 (i) renewable energy credits under existing18 contractual obligations;

19 (i-5) funding for the Illinois Solar for All 20 Program, as described in subparagraph (0) of this 21 paragraph (1);

(ii) renewable energy credits necessary to comply with the new wind and new photovoltaic procurement requirements described in items (i) through (iii) of subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (1); and

(iii) renewable energy credits necessary to meet

26

1

the remaining requirements of this subsection (c).

2 (G) The following provisions shall apply to the 3 Agency's procurement of renewable energy credits under 4 this subsection (c):

5 (i) Notwithstanding whether a long-term renewable 6 resources procurement plan has been approved, the 7 Agency shall conduct an initial forward procurement 8 for renewable energy credits from new utility-scale 9 wind projects within 160 days after June 1, 2017 (the 10 effective date of Public Act 99-906). For the purposes 11 of this initial forward procurement, the Agency shall solicit 15-year contracts for delivery of 1,000,000 12 13 renewable energy credits delivered annually from new 14 utility-scale wind projects to begin delivery on June 15 1, 2019, if available, but not later than June 1, 2021, 16 unless the project has delays in the establishment of an operating interconnection with the applicable 17 transmission or distribution system as a result of the 18 19 actions or inactions of the transmission or 20 distribution provider, or other causes for force 21 majeure as outlined in the procurement contract, in 22 which case, not later than June 1, 2022. Payments to 23 suppliers of renewable energy credits shall commence 24 upon delivery. Renewable energy credits procured under this initial procurement shall be included in the 25 26 Agency's long-term plan and shall apply to all

renewable energy goals in this subsection (c). 1 2 (ii) Notwithstanding whether a long-term renewable 3 resources procurement plan has been approved, the Agency shall conduct an initial forward procurement 4 5 for renewable energy credits from new utility-scale solar projects and brownfield site photovoltaic 6 7 projects within one year after June 1, 2017 (the 8 effective date of Public Act 99-906). For the purposes 9 of this initial forward procurement, the Agency shall 10 solicit 15-year contracts for delivery of 1,000,000 renewable energy credits delivered annually from new 11 utility-scale solar projects and brownfield site 12 13 photovoltaic projects to begin delivery on June 1, 14 2019, if available, but not later than June 1, 2021, 15 unless the project has delays in the establishment of 16 an operating interconnection with the applicable 17 transmission or distribution system as a result of the or inactions of the transmission 18 actions or 19 distribution provider, or other causes for force 20 majeure as outlined in the procurement contract, in 21 which case, not later than June 1, 2022. The Agency may 22 structure this initial procurement in one or more 23 discrete procurement events. Payments to suppliers of 24 renewable energy credits shall commence upon delivery. 25 Renewable energy credits procured under this initial 26 shall be included in the procurement Agency's long-term plan and shall apply to all renewable energy
 goals in this subsection (c).

Subsequent forward procurements 3 (iii) for utility-scale wind projects shall solicit at least 4 5 1,000,000 renewable energy credits delivered annually per procurement event and shall be planned, scheduled, 6 and designed such that the cumulative amount of 7 8 renewable energy credits delivered from all new wind 9 projects in each delivery year shall not exceed the 10 Agency's projection of the cumulative amount of 11 renewable energy credits that will be delivered from all new photovoltaic projects, including utility-scale 12 13 and distributed photovoltaic devices, in the same 14 delivery year at the time scheduled for wind contract 15 delivery.

16 (iv) If, at any time after the time set for delivery of renewable energy credits pursuant to the 17 18 initial procurements in items (i) and (ii) of this 19 subparagraph (G), the cumulative amount of renewable 20 energy credits projected to be delivered from all new 21 wind projects in a given delivery year exceeds the 22 cumulative amount of renewable energy credits 23 projected to be delivered from all new photovoltaic 24 projects in that delivery year by 200,000 or more 25 renewable energy credits, then the Agency shall within 26 60 days adjust the procurement programs in the -39- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

long-term renewable resources procurement plan to 1 ensure that the projected cumulative amount of 2 3 renewable energy credits to be delivered from all new wind projects does not exceed the projected cumulative 4 5 amount of renewable energy credits to be delivered from all new photovoltaic projects by 200,000 or more 6 renewable energy credits, provided that nothing in 7 8 this Section shall preclude the projected cumulative 9 amount of renewable energy credits to be delivered 10 from all new photovoltaic projects from exceeding the 11 projected cumulative amount of renewable energy credits to be delivered from all new wind projects in 12 13 each delivery year and provided further that nothing 14 in this item (iv) shall require the curtailment of an 15 executed contract. The Agency shall update, on a 16 quarterly basis, its projection of the renewable 17 energy credits to be delivered from all projects in each delivery year. Notwithstanding anything to the 18 19 contrary, the Agency may adjust the timing of 20 procurement events conducted under this subparagraph 21 (G). The long-term renewable resources procurement 22 plan shall set forth the process by which the 23 adjustments may be made.

(v) All procurements under this subparagraph (G)
 shall comply with the geographic requirements in
 subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (1) and shall

-40- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

1 follow the procurement processes and procedures 2 described in this Section and Section 16-111.5 of the 3 Public Utilities Act to the extent practicable, and 4 these processes and procedures may be expedited to 5 accommodate the schedule established by this 6 subparagraph (G).

7 (H) The procurement of renewable energy resources for
8 a given delivery year shall be reduced as described in
9 this subparagraph (H) if an alternative retail electric
10 supplier meets the requirements described in this
11 subparagraph (H).

(i) Within 45 days after June 1, 2017 12 (the 13 effective date of Public Act 99-906), an alternative 14 retail electric supplier or its successor shall submit 15 an informational filing to the Illinois Commerce 16 Commission certifying that, as of December 31, 2015, the alternative retail electric supplier owned one or 17 more electric generating facilities that generates 18 19 renewable energy resources as defined in Section 1-10 20 of this Act, provided that such facilities are not 21 powered by wind or photovoltaics, and the facilities 22 generate one renewable energy credit for each 23 megawatthour of energy produced from the facility.

The informational filing shall identify each facility that was eligible to satisfy the alternative retail electric supplier's obligations under Section 16-115D of the Public Utilities Act as described in
 this item (i).

(ii) For a given delivery year, the alternative
retail electric supplier may elect to supply its
retail customers with renewable energy credits from
the facility or facilities described in item (i) of
this subparagraph (H) that continue to be owned by the
alternative retail electric supplier.

9 (iii) The alternative retail electric supplier 10 shall notify the Agency and the applicable utility, no 11 later than February 28 of the year preceding the applicable delivery year or 15 days after June 1, 2017 12 13 (the effective date of Public Act 99-906), whichever 14 is later, of its election under item (ii) of this 15 subparagraph (H) to supply renewable energy credits to 16 retail customers of the utility. Such election shall 17 identify the amount of renewable energy credits to be supplied by the alternative retail electric supplier 18 19 to the utility's retail customers and the source of the renewable energy credits identified in the 20 21 informational filing as described in item (i) of this (H), subject to 22 subparagraph the following 23 limitations:

For the delivery year beginning June 1, 2018, the maximum amount of renewable energy credits to be supplied by an alternative retail electric

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

supplier under this subparagraph (H) shall be 68% multiplied by 25% multiplied by 14.5% multiplied by the amount of metered electricity (megawatt-hours) delivered by the alternative retail electric supplier to Illinois retail customers during the delivery year ending May 31, 2016.

8 For delivery years beginning June 1, 2019 and 9 each year thereafter, the maximum amount of 10 renewable energy credits to be supplied by an 11 alternative retail electric supplier under this subparagraph (H) shall be 68% multiplied by 50% 12 13 multiplied by 16% multiplied by the amount of 14 metered electricity (megawatt-hours) delivered by 15 alternative retail electric supplier the to 16 Illinois retail customers during the delivery year ending May 31, 2016, provided that the 16% value 17 shall increase by 1.5% each delivery year 18 19 thereafter to 25% by the delivery year beginning 20 June 1, 2025, and thereafter the 25% value shall 21 apply to each delivery year.

For each delivery year, the total amount of renewable energy credits supplied by all alternative retail electric suppliers under this subparagraph (H) shall not exceed 9% of the Illinois target renewable energy credit quantity. The Illinois target renewable

energy credit quantity for the delivery year beginning 1 June 1, 2018 is 14.5% multiplied by the total amount of 2 3 metered electricity (megawatt-hours) delivered in the 4 delivery year immediately preceding that delivery 5 year, provided that the 14.5% shall increase by 1.5% each delivery year thereafter to 25% by the delivery 6 year beginning June 1, 2025, and thereafter the 25% 7 8 value shall apply to each delivery year.

9 If the requirements set forth in items (i) through 10 (iii) of this subparagraph (H) are met, the charges 11 that would otherwise be applicable to the retail customers of the alternative retail electric supplier 12 13 under paragraph (6) of this subsection (c) for the 14 applicable delivery year shall be reduced by the ratio 15 of the quantity of renewable energy credits supplied 16 by the alternative retail electric supplier compared 17 to that supplier's target renewable energy credit quantity. The supplier's target renewable energy 18 credit quantity for the delivery year beginning June 19 20 1, 2018 is 14.5% multiplied by the total amount of 21 metered electricity (megawatt-hours) delivered by the 22 alternative retail supplier in that delivery year, 23 provided that the 14.5% shall increase by 1.5% each 24 delivery year thereafter to 25% by the delivery year 25 beginning June 1, 2025, and thereafter the 25% value 26 shall apply to each delivery year.

2

3

4

5

On or before April 1 of each year, the Agency shall 1 annually publish a report on its website that identifies the aggregate amount of renewable energy credits supplied by alternative retail electric suppliers under this subparagraph (H).

(I) The Agency shall design its long-term renewable 6 7 energy procurement plan to maximize the State's interest 8 in the health, safety, and welfare of its residents, 9 including but not limited to minimizing sulfur dioxide, 10 nitrogen oxide, particulate matter and other pollution 11 that adversely affects public health in this State, increasing fuel and resource diversity in this State, 12 13 enhancing the reliability and resiliency of the 14 electricity distribution system in this State, meeting 15 goals to limit carbon dioxide emissions under federal or State law, and contributing to a cleaner and healthier 16 environment for the citizens of this State. In order to 17 further these legislative purposes, renewable energy 18 19 credits shall be eligible to be counted toward the 20 renewable energy requirements of this subsection (c) if 21 they are generated from facilities located in this State. 22 The Agency may qualify renewable energy credits from 23 facilities located in states adjacent to Illinois if the 24 generator demonstrates and the Agency determines that the 25 operation of such facility or facilities will help promote 26 the State's interest in the health, safety, and welfare of 10200HB1747ham001 -45- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

its residents based on the public interest criteria 1 2 described above. То ensure that the public interest 3 criteria are applied to the procurement and given full effect, the Agency's long-term procurement plan shall 4 5 describe in detail how each public interest factor shall be considered and weighted for facilities located in 6 7 states adjacent to Illinois.

8 (J) In order to promote the competitive development of 9 renewable energy resources in furtherance of the State's 10 interest in the health, safety, and welfare of its residents, renewable energy credits shall not be eligible 11 12 to be counted toward the renewable energy requirements of 13 this subsection (c) if they are sourced from a generating 14 unit whose costs were being recovered through rates 15 regulated by this State or any other state or states on or after January 1, 2017. Each contract executed to purchase 16 17 renewable energy credits under this subsection (c) shall provide for the contract's termination if the costs of the 18 19 generating unit supplying the renewable energy credits 20 subsequently begin to be recovered through rates regulated 21 by this State or any other state or states; and each 22 contract shall further provide that, in that event, the 23 supplier of the credits must return 110% of all payments 24 received under the contract. Amounts returned under the 25 requirements of this subparagraph (J) shall be retained by 26 the utility and all of these amounts shall be used for the 1 procurement of additional renewable energy credits from 2 new wind or new photovoltaic resources as defined in this 3 subsection (c). The long-term plan shall provide that 4 these renewable energy credits shall be procured in the 5 next procurement event.

10200HB1747ham001

Notwithstanding the limitations of this subparagraph 6 7 (J), renewable energy credits sourced from generating 8 units that are constructed, purchased, owned, or leased by 9 an electric utility as part of an approved project, 10 program, or pilot under Section 1-56 of this Act shall be 11 eligible to be counted toward the renewable energy requirements of this subsection (c), regardless of how the 12 13 costs of these units are recovered.

(K) The long-term renewable resources procurement plan 14 15 developed by the Agency in accordance with subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (1) shall include an Adjustable 16 17 Block program for the procurement of renewable energy new photovoltaic projects 18 credits from that are 19 distributed renewable energy generation devices or new 20 photovoltaic community renewable generation projects. The 21 Adjustable Block program shall be designed to provide a 22 transparent schedule of prices and quantities to enable 23 the photovoltaic market to scale up and for renewable 24 energy credit prices to adjust at a predictable rate over 25 time. The prices set by the Adjustable Block program can 26 be reflected as a set value or as the product of a formula.

-47- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

The Adjustable Block program shall include for each 1 category of eligible projects: a schedule of standard 2 3 block purchase prices to be offered; a series of steps, with associated nameplate capacity and purchase prices 4 that adjust from step to step; and automatic opening of 5 6 the next step as soon as the nameplate capacity and 7 available purchase prices for an open step are fully 8 committed or reserved. Only projects energized on or after 9 June 1, 2017 shall be eligible for the Adjustable Block 10 program. For each block group the Agency shall determine the number of blocks, the amount of generation capacity in 11 each block, and the purchase price for each block, 12 13 provided that the purchase price provided and the total 14 amount of generation in all blocks for all block groups 15 shall be sufficient to meet the goals in this subsection Agency may periodically review its 16 The prior (C). 17 decisions establishing the number of blocks, the amount of generation capacity in each block, and the purchase price 18 19 for each block, and may propose, on an expedited basis, 20 changes to these previously set values, including but not 21 limited to redistributing these amounts and the available 22 funds as necessary and appropriate, subject to Commission 23 approval as part of the periodic plan revision process 24 described in Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act. 25 The Agency may define different block sizes, purchase 26 prices, or other distinct terms and conditions for

10200HB1747ham001

projects located in different utility service territories if the Agency deems it necessary to meet the goals in this subsection (c).

The Adjustable Block program shall include at least the following block groups in at least the following amounts, which may be adjusted upon review by the Agency and approval by the Commission as described in this subparagraph (K):

9 (i) At least 25% from distributed renewable energy 10 generation devices with a nameplate capacity of no 11 more than 10 kilowatts.

(ii) At least 25% from distributed renewable 12 13 energy generation devices with a nameplate capacity of 14 more than 10 kilowatts and no more than 2,000 15 kilowatts. The Agency may create sub-categories within 16 this category to account for the differences between 17 projects for small commercial customers, large 18 commercial customers, and public or non-profit 19 customers.

20 (iii) At least 25% from photovoltaic community
 21 renewable generation projects.

(iv) The remaining 25% shall be allocated as
 specified by the Agency in the long-term renewable
 resources procurement plan.

25 The Adjustable Block program shall be designed to 26 ensure that renewable energy credits are procured from 10200HB1747ham001 -49- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

photovoltaic distributed renewable energy generation devices and new photovoltaic community renewable energy generation projects in diverse locations and are not concentrated in a few geographic areas.

5 (L) The procurement of photovoltaic renewable energy 6 credits under items (i) through (iv) of subparagraph (K) 7 of this paragraph (1) shall be subject to the following 8 contract and payment terms:

9 (i) The Agency shall procure contracts of at least 10 15 years in length.

11 For those renewable energy credits that (ii) are procured under item (i) 12 qualify and of 13 subparagraph (K) of this paragraph (1), the renewable 14 energy credit purchase price shall be paid in full by 15 the contracting utilities at the time that the 16 facility producing the renewable energy credits is 17 interconnected at the distribution system level of the utility and energized. The electric utility shall 18 19 receive and retire all renewable energy credits 20 generated by the project for the first 15 years of 21 operation.

(iii) For those renewable energy credits that
 qualify and are procured under item (ii) and (iii) of
 subparagraph (K) of this paragraph (1) and any
 additional categories of distributed generation
 included in the long-term renewable resources

procurement plan and approved by the Commission, 20 1 percent of the renewable energy credit purchase price 2 3 shall be paid by the contracting utilities at the time that the facility producing the renewable energy 4 credits is interconnected at the distribution system 5 level of the utility and energized. The remaining 6 7 portion shall be paid ratably over the subsequent 8 4-year period. The electric utility shall receive and 9 retire all renewable energy credits generated by the 10 project for the first 15 years of operation.

(iv) Each contract shall include provisions to ensure the delivery of the renewable energy credits for the full term of the contract.

(v) The utility shall be the counterparty to the
contracts executed under this subparagraph (L) that
are approved by the Commission under the process
described in Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities
Act. No contract shall be executed for an amount that
is less than one renewable energy credit per year.

20 (vi) If, at any time, approved applications for 21 the Adjustable Block program exceed funds collected by 22 the electric utility or would cause the Agency to 23 exceed the limitation described in subparagraph (E) of 24 this paragraph (1) on the amount of renewable energy 25 resources that may be procured, then the Agency shall 26 consider future uncommitted funds to be reserved for 1

2

3

4

these contracts on a first-come, first-served basis, with the delivery of renewable energy credits required beginning at the time that the reserved funds become available.

5 (vii) Nothing in this Section shall require the 6 utility to advance any payment or pay any amounts that exceed the actual amount of revenues collected by the 7 8 utility under paragraph (6) of this subsection (c) and 9 subsection (k) of Section 16-108 of the Public 10 Utilities Act, and contracts executed under this Section shall expressly incorporate this limitation. 11

(M) The Agency shall be authorized to retain one or 12 13 more experts or expert consulting firms to develop, 14 administer, implement, operate, and evaluate the 15 Adjustable Block program described in subparagraph (K) of this paragraph (1), and the Agency shall retain the 16 consultant or consultants in the same manner, to the 17 extent practicable, as the Agency retains others to 18 19 administer provisions of this Act, including, but not 20 limited to, the procurement administrator. The selection 21 of experts and expert consulting firms and the procurement 22 process described in this subparagraph (M) are exempt from 23 requirements of Section 20-10 of the Illinois the 24 Procurement Code, under Section 20-10 of that Code. The 25 Agency shall strive to minimize administrative expenses in 26 the implementation of the Adjustable Block program.

10200HB1747ham001 -52- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

The Agency and its consultant or consultants shall 1 monitor block activity, share program activity with 2 3 stakeholders and conduct regularly scheduled meetings to discuss program activity and market conditions. Ιf 4 5 necessary, the Agency may make prospective administrative adjustments to the Adjustable Block program design, such 6 7 as redistributing available funds or making adjustments to 8 purchase prices as necessary to achieve the goals of this 9 subsection (c). Program modifications to any price, 10 capacity block, or other program element that do not deviate from the Commission's approved value by more than 11 25% shall take effect immediately and are not subject to 12 13 Commission review and approval. Program modifications to 14 any price, capacity block, or other program element that 15 deviate more than 25% from the Commission's approved value must be approved by the Commission as a long-term plan 16 amendment under Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities 17 Act. The Agency shall consider stakeholder feedback when 18 19 making adjustments to the Adjustable Block design and 20 shall notify stakeholders in advance of any planned 21 changes.

(N) The long-term renewable resources procurement plan
required by this subsection (c) shall include a community
renewable generation program. The Agency shall establish
the terms, conditions, and program requirements for
community renewable generation projects with a goal to

10200HB1747ham001 -53- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 expand renewable energy generating facility access to a broader group of energy consumers, to ensure robust 2 3 participation opportunities for residential and small commercial customers and those who cannot install 4 5 renewable energy on their own properties. Any plan approved by the Commission shall allow subscriptions to 6 7 community renewable generation projects to be portable and 8 transferable. For purposes of this subparagraph (N), "portable" means that subscriptions may be retained by the 9 10 subscriber even if the subscriber relocates or changes its 11 address within the same utility service territory; and "transferable" means that a subscriber may assign or sell 12 13 subscriptions to another person within the same utility 14 service territory.

Electric utilities shall provide a monetary credit to a subscriber's subsequent bill for service for the proportional output of a community renewable generation project attributable to that subscriber as specified in Section 16-107.5 of the Public Utilities Act.

The Agency shall purchase renewable energy credits from subscribed shares of photovoltaic community renewable generation projects through the Adjustable Block program described in subparagraph (K) of this paragraph (1) or through the Illinois Solar for All Program described in Section 1-56 of this Act. The electric utility shall purchase any unsubscribed energy from community renewable

generation projects that are Qualifying Facilities ("QF")
 under the electric utility's tariff for purchasing the
 output from QFs under Public Utilities Regulatory Policies
 Act of 1978.

5 The owners of and any subscribers to a community renewable generation project shall not be considered 6 7 public utilities or alternative retail electricity 8 suppliers under the Public Utilities Act solely as a 9 result of their interest in or subscription to a community 10 renewable generation project and shall not be required to 11 become alternative retail electric an supplier bv 12 participating in a community renewable generation project 13 with a public utility.

14 (0) For the delivery year beginning June 1, 2018, the 15 long-term renewable resources procurement plan required by 16 this subsection (c) shall provide for the Agency to 17 procure contracts to continue offering the Illinois Solar for All Program described in subsection (b) of Section 18 19 1-56 of this Act, and the contracts approved by the 20 Commission shall be executed by the utilities that are 21 subject to this subsection (c). The long-term renewable 22 resources procurement plan shall allocate 5% of the funds 23 available under the plan for the applicable delivery year, 24 or \$10,000,000 per delivery year, whichever is greater, to 25 fund the programs, and the plan shall determine the amount 26 of funding to be apportioned to the programs identified in

-55- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

1 subsection (b) of Section 1-56 of this Act; provided that for the delivery years beginning June 1, 2017, June 1, 2 3 2021, and June 1, 2025, the long-term renewable resources procurement plan shall allocate 10% of the funds available 4 5 under the plan for the applicable delivery year, or \$20,000,000 per delivery year, whichever is greater, and 6 \$10,000,000 of such funds in such year shall be used by an 7 electric utility that serves more than 3,000,000 retail 8 9 customers in the State to implement a Commission-approved 10 plan under Section 16-108.12 of the Public Utilities Act. 11 determinations required under In making the this 12 subparagraph (0), the Commission shall consider the 13 experience and performance under the programs and any 14 evaluation reports. The Commission shall also provide for 15 an independent evaluation of those programs on a periodic 16 basis that are funded under this subparagraph (0).

- (2) (Blank).
- (3) (Blank).

17

18

19 (4) The electric utility shall retire all renewable20 energy credits used to comply with the standard.

(5) Beginning with the 2010 delivery year and ending June 1, 2017, an electric utility subject to this subsection (c) shall apply the lesser of the maximum alternative compliance payment rate or the most recent estimated alternative compliance payment rate for its service territory for the corresponding compliance period, -56- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

established pursuant to subsection (d) of Section 16-115D 1 of the Public Utilities Act to its retail customers that 2 3 take service pursuant to the electric utility's hourly pricing tariff or tariffs. The electric utility shall 4 5 amounts collected a result retain all as of the application of the alternative compliance payment rate or 6 7 rates to such customers, and, beginning in 2011, the 8 utility shall include in the information provided under 9 item (1) of subsection (d) of Section 16-111.5 of the 10 Public Utilities Act the amounts collected under the alternative compliance payment rate or rates for the prior 11 12 year ending May 31. Notwithstanding any limitation on the 13 procurement of renewable energy resources imposed by item 14 (2) of this subsection (c), the Agency shall increase its 15 spending on the purchase of renewable energy resources to be procured by the electric utility for the next plan year 16 17 by an amount equal to the amounts collected by the utility under the alternative compliance payment rate or rates in 18 19 the prior year ending May 31.

10200HB1747ham001

(6) The electric utility shall be entitled to recover
all of its costs associated with the procurement of
renewable energy credits under plans approved under this
Section and Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act.
These costs shall include associated reasonable expenses
for implementing the procurement programs, including, but
not limited to, the costs of administering and evaluating

the Adjustable Block program, through an automatic
 adjustment clause tariff in accordance with subsection (k)
 of Section 16-108 of the Public Utilities Act.

(7)Renewable energy credits procured from 4 new 5 photovoltaic projects or new distributed renewable energy generation devices under this Section after June 1, 2017 6 (the effective date of Public Act 99-906) must be procured 7 8 from devices installed by a qualified person in compliance with the requirements of Section 16-128A of the Public 9 10 Utilities Act and any rules or regulations adopted 11 thereunder.

In meeting the renewable energy requirements of this 12 13 subsection (c), to the extent feasible and consistent with 14 State and federal law, the renewable energy credit 15 procurements, Adjustable Block solar program, and 16 community renewable generation program shall provide 17 employment opportunities for all segments of the population and workforce, including minority-owned and 18 19 female-owned business enterprises, and shall not, 20 consistent with State and federal law, discriminate based on race or socioeconomic status. 21

22 (d) Clean coal portfolio standard.

(1) The procurement plans shall include electricity
 generated using clean coal. Each utility shall enter into
 one or more sourcing agreements with the initial clean
 coal facility, as provided in paragraph (3) of this

10200HB1747ham001 -58- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 subsection (d), covering electricity generated by the initial clean coal facility representing at least 5% of 2 3 each utility's total supply to serve the load of eligible 4 retail customers in 2015 and each year thereafter, as 5 described in paragraph (3) of this subsection (d), subject the limits specified in paragraph (2) of this 6 to 7 subsection (d). It is the goal of the State that by January 8 1, 2025, 25% of the electricity used in the State shall be 9 generated by cost-effective clean coal facilities. For 10 purposes of this subsection (d), "cost-effective" means 11 that the expenditures pursuant to such sourcing agreements 12 do not cause the limit stated in paragraph (2) of this 13 subsection (d) to be exceeded and do not exceed cost-based 14 benchmarks, which shall be developed to assess all 15 expenditures pursuant to such sourcing agreements covering 16 electricity generated by clean coal facilities, other than initial clean coal facility, by the procurement 17 the administrator, in consultation with the Commission staff, 18 19 Agency staff, and the procurement monitor and shall be 20 subject to Commission review and approval.

A utility party to a sourcing agreement shall immediately retire any emission credits that it receives in connection with the electricity covered by such agreement.

25 Utilities shall maintain adequate records documenting 26 the purchases under the sourcing agreement to comply with 1

2

3

4

this subsection (d) and shall file an accounting with the load forecast that must be filed with the Agency by July 15 of each year, in accordance with subsection (d) of Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act.

5 A utility shall be deemed to have complied with the 6 clean coal portfolio standard specified in this subsection 7 (d) if the utility enters into a sourcing agreement as 8 required by this subsection (d).

9 (2) For purposes of this subsection (d), the required 10 execution of sourcing agreements with the initial clean coal facility for a particular year shall be measured as a 11 12 percentage of the actual amount of electricity 13 (megawatt-hours) supplied by the electric utility to 14 eligible retail customers in the planning year ending 15 immediately prior to the agreement's execution. For 16 purposes of this subsection (d), the amount paid per kilowatthour means the total amount paid for electric 17 service expressed on a per kilowatthour basis. For 18 19 purposes of this subsection (d), the total amount paid for 20 electric service includes without limitation amounts paid 21 for supply, transmission, distribution, surcharges and 22 add-on taxes.

Notwithstanding the requirements of this subsection (d), the total amount paid under sourcing agreements with clean coal facilities pursuant to the procurement plan for any given year shall be reduced by an amount necessary to

1 limit the annual estimated average net increase due to the 2 costs of these resources included in the amounts paid by 3 eligible retail customers in connection with electric 4 service to:

5 (A) in 2010, no more than 0.5% of the amount paid 6 per kilowatthour by those customers during the year 7 ending May 31, 2009;

8 (B) in 2011, the greater of an additional 0.5% of 9 the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers 10 during the year ending May 31, 2010 or 1% of the amount 11 paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the 12 year ending May 31, 2009;

(C) in 2012, the greater of an additional 0.5% of the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2011 or 1.5% of the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2009;

(D) in 2013, the greater of an additional 0.5% of
the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers
during the year ending May 31, 2012 or 2% of the amount
paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the
year ending May 31, 2009; and

(E) thereafter, the total amount paid under
sourcing agreements with clean coal facilities
pursuant to the procurement plan for any single year
shall be reduced by an amount necessary to limit the

10200HB1747ham001 -61- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

estimated average net increase due to the cost of 1 2 these resources included in the amounts paid by 3 eligible retail customers in connection with electric service to no more than the greater of (i) 2.015% of 4 the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers 5 during the year ending May 31, 2009 or (ii) the 6 7 incremental amount per kilowatthour paid for these 8 resources in 2013. These requirements may be altered 9 only as provided by statute.

10 No later than June 30, 2015, the Commission shall review the limitation on the total amount paid under 11 sourcing agreements, if any, with clean coal facilities 12 13 pursuant to this subsection (d) and report to the General 14 Assembly its findings as to whether that limitation unduly 15 constrains the amount of electricity generated by cost-effective clean coal facilities that is covered by 16 17 sourcing agreements.

(3) Initial clean coal facility. In order to promote 18 19 development of clean coal facilities in Illinois, each 20 electric utility subject to this Section shall execute a 21 sourcing agreement to source electricity from a proposed 22 clean coal facility in Illinois (the "initial clean coal 23 facility") that will have a nameplate capacity of at least 24 500 MW when commercial operation commences, that has a 25 final Clean Air Act permit on June 1, 2009 (the effective 26 date of Public Act 95-1027), and that will meet the 10200HB1747ham001 -62- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

definition of clean coal facility in Section 1-10 of this 1 Act when commercial operation commences. The sourcing 2 3 agreements with this initial clean coal facility shall be subject to both approval of the initial clean coal 4 5 facility by the General Assembly and satisfaction of the requirements of paragraph (4) of this subsection (d) and 6 shall be executed within 90 days after any such approval 7 8 by the General Assembly. The Agency and the Commission 9 shall have authority to inspect all books and records 10 associated with the initial clean coal facility during the 11 term of such a sourcing agreement. A utility's sourcing agreement for electricity produced by the initial clean 12 13 coal facility shall include:

(A) a formula contractual price (the "contract
price") approved pursuant to paragraph (4) of this
subsection (d), which shall:

17 (i) be determined using a cost of service methodology employing either a level or deferred 18 19 capital recovery component, based on a capital 20 structure consisting of 45% equity and 55% debt, 21 and a return on equity as may be approved by the 22 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, which in any 23 case may not exceed the lower of 11.5% or the rate 24 of return approved by the General Assembly 25 pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection (d); 26 and

17

(ii) provide that all miscellaneous 1 net revenue, including but not limited to net revenue 2 3 from the sale of emission allowances, if any, substitute natural gas, if any, grants or other 4 5 support provided by the State of Illinois or the States Government, firm transmission 6 United 7 rights, if any, by-products produced by the 8 facility, energy or capacity derived from the 9 facility and not covered by a sourcing agreement 10 pursuant to paragraph (3) of this subsection (d) 11 or item (5) of subsection (d) of Section 16-115 of the Public Utilities Act, whether generated from 12 13 the synthesis gas derived from coal, from SNG, or 14 from natural gas, shall be credited against the 15 revenue requirement for this initial clean coal 16 facility;

(B) power purchase provisions, which shall:

18 (i) provide that the utility party to such 19 sourcing agreement shall pay the contract price 20 for electricity delivered under such sourcing 21 agreement;

(ii) require delivery of electricity to the
regional transmission organization market of the
utility that is party to such sourcing agreement;

(iii) require the utility party to suchsourcing agreement to buy from the initial clean

coal facility in each hour an amount of energy 1 equal to all clean coal energy made available from 2 3 the initial clean coal facility during such hour times a fraction, the numerator of which is such 4 utility's retail market sales of electricity 5 (expressed in kilowatthours sold) in the State 6 7 during the prior calendar month and the denominator of which is the total retail market 8 9 sales of electricity (expressed in kilowatthours 10 sold) in the State by utilities during such prior 11 month and the sales of electricity (expressed in kilowatthours sold) in the State by alternative 12 13 retail electric suppliers during such prior month 14 that are subject to the requirements of this 15 subsection (d) and paragraph (5) of subsection (d) of Section 16-115 of the Public Utilities Act, 16 17 provided that the amount purchased by the utility in any year will be limited by paragraph (2) of 18 19 this subsection (d); and

20 (iv) be considered pre-existing contracts in 21 such utility's procurement plans for eligible 22 retail customers;

23 (C) contract for differences provisions, which24 shall:

(i) require the utility party to such sourcing
 agreement to contract with the initial clean coal

facility in each hour with respect to an amount of 1 energy equal to all clean coal energy made 2 3 available from the initial clean coal facility during such hour times a fraction, the numerator 4 5 of which is such utility's retail market sales of electricity (expressed in kilowatthours sold) in 6 the utility's service territory in the State 7 8 during the prior calendar month and the 9 denominator of which is the total retail market 10 sales of electricity (expressed in kilowatthours 11 sold) in the State by utilities during such prior month and the sales of electricity (expressed in 12 13 kilowatthours sold) in the State by alternative 14 retail electric suppliers during such prior month 15 that are subject to the requirements of this 16 subsection (d) and paragraph (5) of subsection (d) of Section 16-115 of the Public Utilities Act, 17 provided that the amount paid by the utility in 18 19 any year will be limited by paragraph (2) of this 20 subsection (d);

21 (ii) provide that the utility's payment 22 obligation in respect of the quantity of 23 electricity determined pursuant to the preceding 24 clause (i) shall be limited to an amount equal to 25 (1) the difference between the contract price 26 determined pursuant to subparagraph (A) of

-66- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

paragraph (3) of this subsection (d) and the 1 2 day-ahead price for electricity delivered to the 3 regional transmission organization market of the utility that is party to such sourcing agreement 4 5 (or any successor delivery point at which such utility's supply obligations are financially 6 settled on an hourly basis) (the "reference 7 8 price") on the day preceding the day on which the 9 electricity is delivered to the initial clean coal 10 facility busbar, multiplied by (2) the quantity of 11 electricity determined pursuant to the preceding clause (i); and 12

13 (iii) not require the utility to take physical 14 delivery of the electricity produced by the 15 facility;

16

(D) general provisions, which shall:

(i) specify a term of no more than 30 years,
commencing on the commercial operation date of the
facility;

20 (ii) provide that utilities shall maintain 21 adequate records documenting purchases under the 22 sourcing agreements entered into to comply with 23 this subsection (d) and shall file an accounting 24 with the load forecast that must be filed with the 25 Agency by July 15 of each year, in accordance with 26 subsection (d) of Section 16-111.5 of the Public 1

Utilities Act;

(iii) provide that all costs associated with 2 3 the initial clean coal facility will be periodically reported to the Federal Energy 4 5 Regulatory Commission and to purchasers in 6 accordance with applicable laws governing 7 cost-based wholesale power contracts;

8 (iv) permit the Illinois Power Agency to 9 assume ownership of the initial clean coal 10 facility, without monetary consideration and 11 otherwise on reasonable terms acceptable to the 12 Agency, if the Agency so requests no less than 3 13 years prior to the end of the stated contract 14 term;

15 (v) require the owner of the initial clean 16 coal facility to provide documentation to the 17 Commission each year, starting in the facility's 18 first year of commercial operation, accurately 19 reporting the quantity of carbon emissions from 20 facility that have been captured and the sequestered and report any quantities of carbon 21 released from the site or sites at which carbon 22 23 emissions were sequestered in prior years, based 24 on continuous monitoring of such sites. If, in any 25 year after the first year of commercial operation, 26 the owner of the facility fails to demonstrate

that the initial clean coal facility captured and 1 sequestered at least 50% of the total carbon 2 3 emissions that the facility would otherwise emit that sequestration of emissions from prior 4 or 5 years has failed, resulting in the release of carbon dioxide into the atmosphere, the owner of 6 7 the facility must offset excess emissions. Any 8 such carbon offsets must be permanent, additional, 9 verifiable, real, located within the State of 10 Illinois, and legally and practicably enforceable. 11 The cost of such offsets for the facility that are not recoverable shall not exceed \$15 million in 12 13 any given year. No costs of any such purchases of 14 carbon offsets may be recovered from a utility or 15 its customers. All carbon offsets purchased for 16 this purpose and any carbon emission credits 17 associated with sequestration of carbon from the 18 facility must be permanently retired. The initial 19 clean coal facility shall not forfeit its 20 designation as a clean coal facility if the 21 facility fails to fully comply with the applicable 22 carbon sequestration requirements in any given 23 provided the requisite offsets year, are 24 purchased. However, the Attorney General, on 25 behalf of the People of the State of Illinois, may 26 specifically enforce the facility's sequestration -69- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

requirement and the other terms of this contract 1 2 provision. Compliance with the sequestration 3 requirements and offset purchase requirements specified in paragraph (3) of this subsection (d) 4 5 shall be reviewed annually by an independent expert retained by the owner of the initial clean 6 7 coal facility, with the advance written approval 8 of the Attorney General. The Commission may, in 9 the course of the review specified in item (vii), 10 reduce the allowable return on equity for the 11 facility if the facility willfully fails to comply 12 with the carbon capture and sequestration 13 requirements set forth in this item (v);

14 (vi) include limits on, and accordingly 15 provide for modification of, the amount the 16 utility is required to source under the sourcing 17 agreement consistent with paragraph (2) of this 18 subsection (d);

19 (vii) require Commission review: (1) to 20 determine the justness, reasonableness, and 21 prudence of the inputs to the formula referenced subparagraphs (A)(i) through (A)(iii) 22 in of 23 paragraph (3) of this subsection (d), prior to an 24 adjustment in those inputs including, without 25 limitation, the capital structure and return on 26 equity, fuel costs, and other operations and

1 maintenance costs and (2) to approve the costs to 2 be passed through to customers under the sourcing 3 agreement by which the utility satisfies its 4 statutory obligations. Commission review shall 5 occur no less than every 3 years, regardless of 6 whether any adjustments have been proposed, and 7 shall be completed within 9 months;

8 (viii) limit the utility's obligation to such 9 amount as the utility is allowed to recover 10 through tariffs filed with the Commission, 11 provided that neither the clean coal facility nor 12 the utility waives any right to assert federal 13 pre-emption or any other argument in response to a 14 purported disallowance of recovery costs;

(ix) limit the utility's or alternative retail electric supplier's obligation to incur any liability until such time as the facility is in commercial operation and generating power and energy and such power and energy is being delivered to the facility busbar;

(x) provide that the owner or owners of the initial clean coal facility, which is the counterparty to such sourcing agreement, shall have the right from time to time to elect whether the obligations of the utility party thereto shall be governed by the power purchase provisions or 7

the contract for differences provisions; 1 2 (xi) append documentation showing that the formula rate and contract, insofar as they relate 3 the power purchase provisions, have been 4 to 5 Federal approved by the Energy Regulatory Commission pursuant to Section 205 of the Federal 6

Power Act:

8 (xii) provide that any changes to the terms of 9 the contract, insofar as such changes relate to 10 the power purchase provisions, are subject to 11 review under the public interest standard applied 12 by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 13 pursuant to Sections 205 and 206 of the Federal 14 Power Act; and

15 (xiii) conform with customary lender
16 requirements in power purchase agreements used as
17 the basis for financing non-utility generators.

18 (4) Effective date of sourcing agreements with the 19 initial clean coal facility. Any proposed sourcing 20 agreement with the initial clean coal facility shall not 21 become effective unless the following reports are prepared 22 and submitted and authorizations and approvals obtained:

(i) Facility cost report. The owner of the initial
clean coal facility shall submit to the Commission,
the Agency, and the General Assembly a front-end
engineering and design study, a facility cost report,

8

9

method of financing (including but not limited to 1 structure and associated costs), and an operating and 2 3 maintenance cost quote for the facility (collectively "facility cost report"), which shall be prepared in 4 accordance with the requirements of this paragraph (4) 5 of subsection (d) of this Section, and shall provide 6 7 the Commission and the Agency access to the work papers, relied upon documents, and any other backup documentation related to the facility cost report.

10 (ii) Commission report. Within 6 months following 11 receipt of the facility cost report, the Commission, 12 in consultation with the Agency, shall submit a report 13 to the General Assembly setting forth its analysis of 14 the facility cost report. Such report shall include, 15 but not be limited to, a comparison of the costs associated with electricity generated by the initial 16 clean coal facility to the costs associated with 17 electricity generated by other types of generation 18 19 facilities, an analysis of the rate impacts on residential and small business customers over the life 20 21 of the sourcing agreements, and an analysis of the 22 likelihood that the initial clean coal facility will 23 commence commercial operation by and be delivering 24 power to the facility's busbar by 2016. To assist in 25 the preparation of its report, the Commission, in 26 consultation with the Agency, may hire one or more -73- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

1

2

3

4

5

experts or consultants, the costs of which shall be paid for by the owner of the initial clean coal facility. The Commission and Agency may begin the process of selecting such experts or consultants prior to receipt of the facility cost report.

(iii) General Assembly approval. The proposed 6 sourcing agreements shall not take effect unless, 7 8 based on the facility cost report and the Commission's 9 report, the General Assembly enacts authorizing 10 legislation approving (A) the projected price, stated 11 in cents per kilowatthour, to be charged for electricity generated by the initial clean coal 12 13 facility, (B) the projected impact on residential and small business customers' bills over the life of the 14 15 sourcing agreements, and (C) the maximum allowable 16 return on equity for the project; and

(iv) Commission review. If the General Assembly 17 18 authorizing legislation enacts pursuant to 19 subparagraph (iii) approving a sourcing agreement, the 20 Commission shall, within 90 days of such enactment, 21 complete a review of such sourcing agreement. During 22 such time period, the Commission shall implement any 23 directive of the General Assembly, resolve any 24 disputes between the parties to the sourcing agreement 25 concerning the terms of such agreement, approve the 26 form of such agreement, and issue an order finding

1

2

that the sourcing agreement is prudent and reasonable. The facility cost report shall be prepared as follows:

3 (A) The facility cost report shall be prepared by duly licensed engineering and construction firms 4 detailing the estimated capital costs payable to one 5 or more contractors or suppliers for the engineering, 6 7 procurement and construction of the components 8 comprising the initial clean coal facility and the 9 estimated costs of operation and maintenance of the 10 facility. The facility cost report shall include:

11 (i) an estimate of the capital cost of the 12 core plant based on one or more front end 13 design studies engineering and for the 14 gasification island and related facilities. The 15 core plant shall include all civil, structural, 16 mechanical, electrical, control, and safety 17 systems.

18 (ii) an estimate of the capital cost of the 19 balance of the plant, including any capital costs 20 associated with sequestration of carbon dioxide emissions and all interconnects and interfaces 21 operate the facility, 22 required to such as 23 transmission of electricity, construction or 24 backfeed power supply, pipelines to transport 25 substitute natural gas or carbon dioxide, potable 26 water supply, natural gas supply, water supply,

water discharge, landfill, access roads, and coal
 delivery.

The quoted construction costs shall be expressed in nominal dollars as of the date that the quote is prepared and shall include capitalized financing costs during construction, taxes, insurance, and other owner's costs, and an assumed escalation in materials and labor beyond the date as of which the construction cost quote is expressed.

10 (B) The front end engineering and design study for 11 the gasification island and the cost study for the 12 balance of plant shall include sufficient design work 13 to permit quantification of major categories of 14 materials, commodities and labor hours, and receipt of 15 quotes from vendors of major equipment required to 16 construct and operate the clean coal facility.

17 (C) The facility cost report shall also include an operating and maintenance cost quote that will provide 18 19 the estimated cost of delivered fuel, personnel, 20 maintenance contracts, chemicals, catalysts, 21 consumables, spares, and other fixed and variable operations and maintenance costs. The delivered fuel 22 23 cost estimate will be provided by a recognized third 24 party expert or experts in the fuel and transportation 25 industries. The balance of the operating and 26 maintenance cost quote, excluding delivered fuel

-76- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

costs, will be developed based on the inputs provided by duly licensed engineering and construction firms performing the construction cost quote, potential vendors under long-term service agreements and plant operating agreements, or recognized third party plant operator or operators.

7 The operating and maintenance cost quote 8 (including the cost of the front end engineering and 9 design study) shall be expressed in nominal dollars as 10 of the date that the quote is prepared and shall 11 include taxes, insurance, and other owner's costs, and an assumed escalation in materials and labor beyond 12 13 the date as of which the operating and maintenance 14 cost quote is expressed.

15 (D) The facility cost report shall also include an 16 analysis of the initial clean coal facility's ability 17 to deliver power and energy into the applicable 18 regional transmission organization markets and an 19 analysis of the expected capacity factor for the 20 initial clean coal facility.

(E) Amounts paid to third parties unrelated to the owner or owners of the initial clean coal facility to prepare the core plant construction cost quote, including the front end engineering and design study, and the operating and maintenance cost quote will be reimbursed through Coal Development Bonds.

1 (5) Re-powering and retrofitting coal-fired power plants previously owned by Illinois utilities to qualify 2 as clean coal facilities. During the 2009 procurement 3 planning process and thereafter, the Agency and the 4 Commission shall consider sourcing agreements covering 5 electricity generated by power plants that were previously 6 owned by Illinois utilities and that have been or will be 7 8 converted into clean coal facilities, as defined by 9 Section 1-10 of this Act. Pursuant to such procurement 10 planning process, the owners of such facilities may propose to the Agency sourcing agreements with utilities 11 and alternative retail electric suppliers required to 12 13 comply with subsection (d) of this Section and item (5) of subsection (d) of Section 16-115 of the Public Utilities 14 15 Act, covering electricity generated by such facilities. In the case of sourcing agreements that are power purchase 16 agreements, the contract price for electricity sales shall 17 be established on a cost of service basis. In the case of 18 19 sourcing agreements that are contracts for differences, the contract price from which the reference price is 20 subtracted shall be established on a cost of service 21 22 basis. The Agency and the Commission may approve any such 23 utility sourcing agreements that do not exceed cost-based 24 benchmarks developed by the procurement administrator, in 25 consultation with the Commission staff, Agency staff and 26 the procurement monitor, subject to Commission review and approval. The Commission shall have authority to inspect
 all books and records associated with these clean coal
 facilities during the term of any such contract.

4 (6) Costs incurred under this subsection (d) or 5 pursuant to a contract entered into under this subsection 6 (d) shall be deemed prudently incurred and reasonable in 7 amount and the electric utility shall be entitled to full 8 cost recovery pursuant to the tariffs filed with the 9 Commission.

10

(d-5) Zero emission standard.

(1) Beginning with the delivery year commencing on 11 June 1, 2017, the Agency shall, for electric utilities 12 13 that serve at least 100,000 retail customers in this 14 State, procure contracts with zero emission facilities 15 that are reasonably capable of generating cost-effective zero emission credits in an amount approximately equal to 16 17 16% of the actual amount of electricity delivered by each electric utility to retail customers in the State during 18 19 calendar year 2014. For an electric utility serving fewer 20 100,000 retail customers in this State that than 21 requested, under Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities 22 Act, that the Agency procure power and energy for all or a 23 portion of the utility's Illinois load for the delivery 24 year commencing June 1, 2016, the Agency shall procure 25 contracts with zero emission facilities that are 26 reasonably capable of generating cost-effective zero -79- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

1 emission credits in an amount approximately equal to 16% of the portion of power and energy to be procured by the 2 3 Agency for the utility. The duration of the contracts procured under this subsection (d-5) shall be for a term 4 5 of 10 years ending May 31, 2027. The quantity of zero emission credits to be procured under the contracts shall 6 7 be all of the zero emission credits generated by the zero 8 emission facility in each delivery year; however, if the 9 zero emission facility is owned by more than one entity, 10 then the quantity of zero emission credits to be procured under the contracts shall be the amount of zero emission 11 12 credits that are generated from the portion of the zero 13 emission facility that is owned by the winning supplier.

The 16% value identified in this paragraph (1) is the average of the percentage targets in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of this Section for the 5 delivery years beginning June 1, 2017.

18 The procurement process shall be subject to the 19 following provisions:

(A) Those zero emission facilities that intend to
participate in the procurement shall submit to the
Agency the following eligibility information for each
zero emission facility on or before the date
established by the Agency:

25 (i) the in-service date and remaining useful
26 life of the zero emission facility;

(ii) the amount of power generated annually 1 for each of the years 2005 through 2015, and the 2 3 projected zero emission credits to be generated over the remaining useful life of the zero 4 emission facility, which shall 5 be used to determine the capability of each facility; 6

7 (iii) the annual zero emission facility cost 8 projections, expressed on a per megawatthour 9 basis, over the next 6 delivery years, which shall 10 include the following: operation and maintenance expenses; fully allocated overhead costs, which 11 12 shall be allocated using the methodology developed 13 by the Institute for Nuclear Power Operations; 14 fuel expenditures; non-fuel capital expenditures; 15 spent fuel expenditures; a return on working capital; the cost of operational and market risks 16 17 that could be avoided by ceasing operation; and costs necessary for 18 any other continued 19 operations, provided that "necessary" means, for 20 purposes of this item (iii), that the costs could 21 reasonably be avoided only by ceasing operations 22 of the zero emission facility; and

(iv) a commitment to continue operating, for
the duration of the contract or contracts executed
under the procurement held under this subsection
(d-5), the zero emission facility that produces

1 the zero emission credits to be procured in the 2 procurement.

The information described in item (iii) of this 3 subparagraph (A) may be submitted on a confidential 4 5 basis and shall be treated and maintained by the Agency, the procurement administrator, and 6 the 7 Commission as confidential and proprietary and exempt 8 from disclosure under subparagraphs (a) and (g) of 9 paragraph (1) of Section 7 of the Freedom of 10 Information Act. The Office of Attorney General shall 11 have access to, and maintain the confidentiality of, such information pursuant to Section 6.5 of the 12 13 Attorney General Act.

14 (B) The price for each zero emission credit 15 procured under this subsection (d-5) for each delivery 16 year shall be in an amount that equals the Social Cost 17 of Carbon, expressed on a price per megawatthour basis. However, to ensure that the procurement remains 18 affordable to retail customers in this State if 19 20 electricity prices increase, the price in an 21 applicable delivery year shall be reduced below the 22 Social Cost of Carbon by the amount ("Price 23 Adjustment") by which the market price index for the 24 applicable delivery year exceeds the baseline market 25 price index for the consecutive 12-month period ending 26 May 31, 2016. If the Price Adjustment is greater than

or equal to the Social Cost of Carbon in an applicable delivery year, then no payments shall be due in that delivery year. The components of this calculation are defined as follows:

5 (i) Social Cost of Carbon: The Social Cost of Carbon is \$16.50 per megawatthour, which is based 6 7 on the U.S. Interagency Working Group on Social 8 Cost of Carbon's price in the August 2016 9 Technical Update using a 3% discount rate, 10 adjusted for inflation for each year of the 11 program. Beginning with the delivery year 2023, the price June 1, 12 commencing per 13 shall increase \$1 megawatthour by per 14 megawatthour, and continue to increase by an 15 additional \$1 per megawatthour each delivery year 16 thereafter.

(ii) Baseline market price index: The baseline 17 18 market price index for the consecutive 12-month 19 period ending May 31, 2016 is \$31.40 per 20 megawatthour, which is based on the sum of (aa) the average day-ahead energy price across all 21 22 hours of such 12-month period at the PJM 23 Interconnection LLC Northern Illinois Hub, (bb) 24 50% multiplied by the Base Residual Auction, or 25 its successor, capacity price for the rest of the 26 RTO zone group determined by PJM Interconnection

26

LLC, divided by 24 hours per day, and (cc) 50% 1 multiplied by the Planning Resource Auction, or 2 3 its successor, capacity price for Zone 4 determined by the Midcontinent Independent System 4 5 Operator, Inc., divided by 24 hours per day. (iii) Market price index: The market price 6 index for a delivery year shall be the sum of 7 8 projected energy prices and projected capacity 9 prices determined as follows: 10 Projected energy prices: (aa) the 11 projected energy prices for the applicable delivery year shall be calculated once for the 12 13 year using the forward market price for the PJM Interconnection, LLC Northern Illinois 14 15 The forward market price shall Hub. be 16 calculated as follows: the energy forward 17 prices for each month of the applicable 18 delivery year averaged for each trade date 19 during the calendar year immediately preceding 20 that delivery year to produce a single energy 21 forward price for the delivery year. The 22 forward market price calculation shall use 23 data published by the Intercontinental 24 Exchange, or its successor. 25 (bb) Projected capacity prices:

(I) For the delivery years commencing

-84- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

1 June 1, 2017, June 1, 2018, and June 1, 2019, the projected capacity price shall 2 3 be equal to the sum of (1) 50% multiplied 4 by the Base Residual Auction, or its 5 successor, price for the rest of the RTO group as determined by 6 zone PJM Interconnection LLC, divided by 24 hours 7 8 per day and, (2) 50% multiplied by the 9 resource auction price determined in the 10 resource auction administered by the 11 Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc., in which the largest percentage of 12 13 load cleared for Local Resource Zone 4, 14 divided by 24 hours per day, and where 15 price is determined by such the 16 Midcontinent Independent System Operator, 17 Inc. 18 (II) For the delivery year commencing 19 June 1, 2020, and each year thereafter, 20 the projected capacity price shall be 21 equal to the sum of (1) 50% multiplied by 22 the Base Residual Auction, or its 23 successor, price for the ComEd zone as 24 determined by PJM Interconnection LLC, 25 divided by 24 hours per day, and (2) 50% 26 multiplied by the resource auction price -85- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

1 determined in the resource auction 2 administered by the Midcontinent 3 Independent System Operator, Inc., in 4 which the largest percentage of load 5 cleared for Local Resource Zone 4, divided by 24 hours per day, and where such price 6 7 is determined by the Midcontinent 8 Independent System Operator, Inc. 9 For purposes of this subsection (d-5): 10 "Rest of the RTO" and "ComEd Zone" shall have 11 meaning ascribed to РЈМ the them by 12 Interconnection, LLC. 13 "RTO" means regional transmission 14 organization. 15 (C) No later than 45 days after June 1, 2017 (the 16 effective date of Public Act 99-906), the Agency shall 17 publish its proposed zero emission standard procurement plan. The plan shall be consistent with 18 19 the provisions of this paragraph (1) and shall provide 20 that winning bids shall be selected based on public interest criteria that include, but are not limited 21 22 to, minimizing carbon dioxide emissions that result 23 from electricity consumed in Illinois and minimizing 24 sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxide, and particulate matter 25 emissions that adversely affect the citizens of this 26 State. In particular, the selection of winning bids

shall take into account the incremental environmental 1 benefits resulting from the procurement, such as any 2 3 existing environmental benefits that are preserved by the procurements held under Public Act 99-906 and 4 5 would cease to exist if the procurements were not held, including the preservation of zero emission 6 7 facilities. The plan shall also describe in detail how 8 each public interest factor shall be considered and 9 weighted in the bid selection process to ensure that 10 the public interest criteria are applied to the 11 procurement and given full effect.

12 For purposes of developing the plan, the Agency 13 shall consider any reports issued by a State agency, 14 board, or commission under House Resolution 1146 of 15 98th General Assembly and paragraph (4) of the 16 subsection (d) of this Section, as well as publicly 17 available analyses and studies performed by or for regional transmission organizations that serve the 18 19 State and their independent market monitors.

20 Upon publishing of the zero emission standard 21 procurement plan, copies of the plan shall be posted 22 and made publicly available on the Agency's website. 23 All interested parties shall have 10 days following 24 the date of posting to provide comment to the Agency on 25 the plan. All comments shall be posted to the Agency's 26 website. Following the end of the comment period, but -87- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

1

2

3

4

5

no more than 60 days later than June 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-906), the Agency shall revise the plan as necessary based on the comments received and file its zero emission standard procurement plan with the Commission.

If the Commission determines that the plan will 6 result in the procurement of cost-effective zero 7 8 emission credits, then the Commission shall, after 9 notice and hearing, but no later than 45 days after the 10 Agency filed the plan, approve the plan or approve 11 with modification. For purposes of this subsection (d-5), "cost effective" means the projected costs of 12 13 procuring zero emission credits from zero emission 14 facilities do not cause the limit stated in paragraph 15 (2) of this subsection to be exceeded.

16 (C-5) As part of the Commission's review and 17 acceptance or rejection of the procurement results, 18 the Commission shall, in its public notice of 19 successful bidders:

20 (i) identify how the winning bids satisfy the 21 public interest criteria described in subparagraph 22 (C) of this paragraph (1) of minimizing carbon 23 dioxide emissions that result from electricity 24 in Illinois and minimizing consumed sulfur 25 dioxide, nitrogen oxide, and particulate matter 26 emissions that adversely affect the citizens of 1

this State;

(ii) specifically address how the selection of 2 winning bids takes into account the incremental 3 environmental benefits resulting from the 4 5 procurement, including any existing environmental benefits that are preserved by the procurements 6 held under Public Act 99-906 and would have ceased 7 8 to exist if the procurements had not been held, 9 such as the preservation of zero emission 10 facilities;

(iii) quantify the environmental benefit of preserving the resources identified in item (ii) of this subparagraph (C-5), including the following:

15 (aa) the value of avoided greenhouse gas 16 emissions measured as the product of the zero emission facilities' output over the contract 17 term multiplied by the U.S. Environmental 18 19 Protection Agency eGrid subregion carbon 20 dioxide emission rate and the U.S. Interagency 21 Working Group on Social Cost of Carbon's price 22 in the August 2016 Technical Update using a 3% 23 discount rate, adjusted for inflation for each 24 delivery year; and

(bb) the costs of replacement with other
 zero carbon dioxide resources, including wind

26

1 and photovoltaic, based upon the simple 2 average of the following: (I) the price, or if there is more 3 4 than one price, the average of the prices, 5 paid for renewable energy credits from new utility-scale wind projects 6 in the procurement events specified in item (i) 7 8 of subparagraph (G) of paragraph (1) of 9 subsection (c) of this Section; and 10 (II) the price, or if there is more 11 than one price, the average of the prices, paid for renewable energy credits from new 12 13 utility-scale solar projects and 14 brownfield site photovoltaic projects in 15 the procurement events specified in item 16 (ii) of subparagraph (G) of paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of this Section and, 17 after January 1, 2015, renewable energy 18 19 credits from photovoltaic distributed 20 generation projects in procurement events held under subsection (c) of this Section. 21 22 Each utility shall enter into binding contractual 23 arrangements with the winning suppliers. 24 procurement described in this subsection The 25 (d-5), including, but not limited to, the execution of

all contracts procured, shall be completed no later

-90- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

than May 10, 2017. Based on the effective date of 1 Public Act 99-906, the Agency and Commission may, as 2 3 appropriate, modify the various dates and timelines under this subparagraph and subparagraphs (C) and (D) 4 5 of this paragraph (1). The procurement and plan approval processes required by this subsection (d-5) 6 7 shall be conducted in conjunction with the procurement 8 and plan approval processes required by subsection (c) 9 of this Section and Section 16-111.5 of the Public 10 Utilities Act, to the extent practicable. 11 Notwithstanding whether a procurement event is conducted under Section 16-111.5 of the 12 Public 13 Utilities Act, the Agency shall immediately initiate a 14 procurement process on June 1, 2017 (the effective 15 date of Public Act 99-906).

16 (D) Following the procurement event described in 17 this paragraph (1) and consistent with subparagraph (B) of this paragraph (1), the Agency shall calculate 18 19 the payments to be made under each contract for the 20 next delivery year based on the market price index for 21 that delivery year. The Agency shall publish the 22 payment calculations no later than May 25, 2017 and 23 every May 25 thereafter.

(E) Notwithstanding the requirements of this
 subsection (d-5), the contracts executed under this
 subsection (d-5) shall provide that the zero emission

1 facility may, as applicable, suspend or terminate 2 performance under the contracts in the following 3 instances:

(i) A zero emission facility shall be excused 4 from its performance under the contract for any 5 cause beyond the control of the resource, 6 7 including, but not restricted to, acts of God, 8 flood, drought, earthquake, storm, fire, 9 lightning, epidemic, war, riot, civil disturbance 10 or disobedience, labor dispute, labor or material 11 shortage, sabotage, acts of public enemy, 12 explosions, orders, regulations or restrictions 13 imposed by governmental, military, or lawfully 14 established civilian authorities, which, in any of 15 the foregoing cases, by exercise of commercially reasonable efforts the zero emission facility 16 17 could not reasonably have been expected to avoid, and which, by the exercise of commercially 18 19 reasonable efforts, it has been unable to 20 overcome. In such event, the zero emission 21 facility shall be excused from performance for the 22 duration of the event, including, but not limited 23 to, delivery of zero emission credits, and no 24 payment shall be due to the zero emission facility 25 during the duration of the event.

26

(ii) A zero emission facility shall be

1 permitted to terminate the contract if legislation is enacted into law by the General Assembly that 2 3 imposes or authorizes a new tax, special assessment, or fee on the generation of 4 5 electricity, the ownership or leasehold of a generating unit, or the privilege or occupation of 6 generation, ownership, or leasehold of 7 such 8 generation units by a zero emission facility. 9 However, the provisions of this item (ii) do not 10 apply to any generally applicable tax, special 11 assessment or fee, or requirements imposed by federal law. 12

(iii) A zero emission facility shall be permitted to terminate the contract in the event that the resource requires capital expenditures in excess of \$40,000,000 that were neither known nor reasonably foreseeable at the time it executed the contract and that a prudent owner or operator of such resource would not undertake.

20 (iv) A zero emission facility shall be 21 permitted to terminate the contract in the event 22 the Nuclear Regulatory Commission terminates the 23 resource's license.

(F) If the zero emission facility elects to
terminate a contract under subparagraph (E) of this
paragraph (1), then the Commission shall reopen the

docket in which the Commission approved the zero emission standard procurement plan under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (1) and, after notice and hearing, enter an order acknowledging the contract termination election if such termination is consistent with the provisions of this subsection (d-5).

7 (2) For purposes of this subsection (d-5), the amount
8 paid per kilowatthour means the total amount paid for
9 electric service expressed on a per kilowatthour basis.
10 For purposes of this subsection (d-5), the total amount
11 paid for electric service includes, without limitation,
12 amounts paid for supply, transmission, distribution,
13 surcharges, and add-on taxes.

14 Notwithstanding the requirements of this subsection 15 (d-5), the contracts executed under this subsection (d-5)shall provide that the total of zero emission credits 16 17 procured under a procurement plan shall be subject to the limitations of this paragraph (2). For each delivery year, 18 the contractual volume receiving payments in such year 19 20 shall be reduced for all retail customers based on the 21 amount necessary to limit the net increase that delivery 22 year to the costs of those credits included in the amounts 23 paid by eligible retail customers in connection with 24 electric service to no more than 1.65% of the amount paid 25 per kilowatthour by eligible retail customers during the year ending May 31, 2009. The result of this computation 26

-94- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

shall apply to and reduce the procurement for all retail 1 2 customers, and all those customers shall pay the same 3 single, uniform cents per kilowatthour charge under subsection (k) of Section 16-108 of the Public Utilities 4 Act. To arrive at a maximum dollar amount of zero emission 5 credits to be paid for the particular delivery year, the 6 7 resulting per kilowatthour amount shall be applied to the 8 actual amount of kilowatthours of electricity delivered by 9 the electric utility in the delivery year immediately 10 prior to the procurement, to all retail customers in its service territory. Unpaid contractual volume for any 11 12 delivery year shall be paid in any subsequent delivery 13 year in which such payments can be made without exceeding 14 the amount specified in this paragraph (2). The 15 calculations required by this paragraph (2) shall be made only once for each procurement plan year. Once the 16 determination as to the amount of zero emission credits to 17 be paid is made based on the calculations set forth in this 18 19 paragraph (2), no subsequent rate impact determinations 20 shall be made and no adjustments to those contract amounts shall be allowed. All costs incurred under those contracts 21 22 in implementing this subsection (d-5) shall be and 23 recovered by the electric utility as provided in this 24 Section.

25 No later than June 30, 2019, the Commission shall 26 review the limitation on the amount of zero emission 1 credits procured under this subsection (d-5) and report to 2 the General Assembly its findings as to whether that 3 limitation unduly constrains the procurement of 4 cost-effective zero emission credits.

(3) Six years after the execution of a contract under 5 this subsection (d-5), the Agency shall determine whether 6 7 the actual zero emission credit payments received by the 8 supplier over the 6-year period exceed the Average ZEC 9 Payment. In addition, at the end of the term of a contract 10 executed under this subsection (d-5), or at the time, if any, a zero emission facility's contract is terminated 11 12 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (1) of this subsection 13 (d-5), then the Agency shall determine whether the actual 14 zero emission credit payments received by the supplier 15 over the term of the contract exceed the Average ZEC Payment, after taking into account any amounts previously 16 17 credited back to the utility under this paragraph (3). If the Agency determines that the actual zero emission credit 18 19 payments received by the supplier over the relevant period 20 exceed the Average ZEC Payment, then the supplier shall 21 credit the difference back to the utility. The amount of 22 the credit shall be remitted to the applicable electric 23 utility no later than 120 days after the Agency's 24 determination, which the utility shall reflect as a credit 25 on its retail customer bills as soon as practicable; 26 however, the credit remitted to the utility shall not

exceed the total amount of payments received by the
 facility under its contract.

For purposes of this Section, the Average ZEC Payment 3 shall be calculated by multiplying the quantity of zero 4 emission credits delivered under the contract times the 5 average contract price. The average contract price shall 6 7 be determined by subtracting the amount calculated under 8 subparagraph (B) of this paragraph (3) from the amount 9 calculated under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (3), 10 as follows:

(A) The average of the Social Cost of Carbon, as
defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this
subsection (d-5), during the term of the contract.

(B) The average of the market price indices, as
defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this
subsection (d-5), during the term of the contract,
minus the baseline market price index, as defined in
subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection
(d-5).

20 If the subtraction yields a negative number, then the 21 Average ZEC Payment shall be zero.

(4) Cost-effective zero emission credits procured from
 zero emission facilities shall satisfy the applicable
 definitions set forth in Section 1-10 of this Act.

(5) The electric utility shall retire all zero
 emission credits used to comply with the requirements of

1 this subsection (d-5).

(6) Electric utilities shall be entitled to recover 2 3 all of the costs associated with the procurement of zero emission credits through an automatic adjustment clause 4 5 tariff in accordance with subsection (k) and (m) of Section 16-108 of the Public Utilities Act, and the 6 7 contracts executed under this subsection (d-5) shall 8 provide that the utilities' payment obligations under such 9 contracts shall be reduced if an adjustment is required 10 under subsection (m) of Section 16-108 of the Public 11 Utilities Act.

12 (7) This subsection (d-5) shall become inoperative on
 13 January 1, 2028.

(e) The draft procurement plans are subject to public
comment, as required by Section 16-111.5 of the Public
Utilities Act.

(f) The Agency shall submit the final procurement plan to the Commission. The Agency shall revise a procurement plan if the Commission determines that it does not meet the standards set forth in Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act.

(g) The Agency shall assess fees to each affected utility to recover the costs incurred in preparation of the annual procurement plan for the utility.

(h) The Agency shall assess fees to each bidder to recover the costs incurred in connection with a competitive procurement process. 10200HB1747ham001 -98- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 (i) A renewable energy credit, carbon emission credit, or zero emission credit can only be used once to comply with a 2 single portfolio or other standard as set forth in subsection 3 4 (c), subsection (d), or subsection (d-5) of this Section, 5 respectively. A renewable energy credit, carbon emission 6 credit, or zero emission credit cannot be used to satisfy the requirements of more than one standard. If more than one type 7 8 of credit is issued for the same megawatt hour of energy, only 9 one credit can be used to satisfy the requirements of a single 10 standard. After such use, the credit must be retired together 11 with any other credits issued for the same megawatt hour of 12 energy.

13 (Source: P.A. 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 14 101-113, eff. 1-1-20.)

15 Section 10. The Public Utilities Act is amended by 16 changing Sections 16-108, 16-111.5, and 16-115D as follows:

17 (220 ILCS 5/16-108)

18 Sec. 16-108. Recovery of costs associated with the 19 provision of delivery and other services.

(a) An electric utility shall file a delivery services tariff with the Commission at least 210 days prior to the date that it is required to begin offering such services pursuant to this Act. An electric utility shall provide the components of delivery services that are subject to the jurisdiction of 10200HB1747ham001 -99- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission at the same prices, terms and conditions set forth in its applicable tariff as 2 approved or allowed into effect by that Commission. 3 The 4 Commission shall otherwise have the authority pursuant to 5 Article IX to review, approve, and modify the prices, terms and conditions of those components of delivery services not 6 subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory 7 8 Commission, including the authority to determine the extent to 9 which such delivery services should be offered on an unbundled 10 basis. In making any such determination the Commission shall 11 consider, at a minimum, the effect of additional unbundling on (i) the objective of just and reasonable rates, (ii) electric 12 13 utility employees, and (iii) the development of competitive 14 markets for electric energy services in Illinois.

(b) The Commission shall enter an order approving, or approving as modified, the delivery services tariff no later than 30 days prior to the date on which the electric utility must commence offering such services. The Commission may subsequently modify such tariff pursuant to this Act.

(c) The electric utility's tariffs shall define the classes of its customers for purposes of delivery services charges. Delivery services shall be priced and made available to all retail customers electing delivery services in each such class on a nondiscriminatory basis regardless of whether the retail customer chooses the electric utility, an affiliate of the electric utility, or another entity as its supplier of 10200HB1747ham001 -100- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 electric power and energy. Charges for delivery services shall be cost based, and shall allow the electric utility to recover 2 the costs of providing delivery services through its charges 3 4 to its delivery service customers that use the facilities and 5 services associated with such costs. Such costs shall include the costs of owning, operating and maintaining transmission 6 and distribution facilities. The Commission shall also be 7 authorized to consider whether, and if so to what extent, the 8 9 following costs are appropriately included in the electric 10 utility's delivery services rates: (i) the costs of that 11 portion of generation facilities used for the production and absorption of reactive power in order that retail customers 12 located in the electric utility's service area can receive 13 14 electric power and energy from suppliers other than the 15 electric utility, and (ii) the costs associated with the use 16 redispatch of generation facilities to and mitigate constraints on the transmission or distribution system in 17 order that retail customers located in the electric utility's 18 service area can receive electric power and energy from 19 20 suppliers other than the electric utility. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as directing the Commission to 21 allocate any of the costs described in (i) or (ii) that are 22 23 found to be appropriately included in the electric utility's 24 delivery services rates to any particular customer group or 25 geographic area in setting delivery services rates.

26

(d) The Commission shall establish charges, terms and

10200HB1747ham001 -101- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 conditions for delivery services that are just and reasonable and shall take into account customer impacts when establishing 2 3 such charges. In establishing charges, terms and conditions 4 for delivery services, the Commission shall take into account 5 voltage level differences. A retail customer shall have the option to request to purchase electric service at any delivery 6 service voltage reasonably and technically feasible from the 7 8 electric facilities serving that customer's premises provided 9 that there are no significant adverse impacts upon system 10 reliability or system efficiency. A retail customer shall also 11 have the option to request to purchase electric service at any point of delivery that is reasonably and technically feasible 12 13 provided that there are no significant adverse impacts on system reliability or efficiency. Such requests shall not be 14 15 unreasonably denied.

16 Electric utilities shall recover the costs (e) of 17 installing, operating or maintaining facilities for the 18 particular benefit of one or more delivery services customers, 19 including without limitation any costs incurred in complying 20 with a customer's request to be served at a different voltage 21 level, directly from the retail customer or customers for 22 whose benefit the costs were incurred, to the extent such 23 costs are not recovered through the charges referred to in 24 subsections (c) and (d) of this Section.

(f) An electric utility shall be entitled but not requiredto implement transition charges in conjunction with the

10200HB1747ham001 -102- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 offering of delivery services pursuant to Section 16-104. If an electric utility implements transition charges, it shall 2 3 implement such charges for all delivery services customers and for all customers described in subsection (h), but shall not 4 5 implement transition charges for power and energy that a retail customer takes from cogeneration or self-generation 6 facilities located on that retail customer's premises, if such 7 8 facilities meet the following criteria:

9 (i) the cogeneration or self-generation facilities 10 serve a single retail customer and are located on that customer's premises (for purposes of 11 retail this subparagraph and subparagraph (ii), an industrial or 12 13 manufacturing retail customer and a third party contractor 14 that is served by such industrial or manufacturing 15 customer through such retail customer's own electrical distribution facilities under the circumstances described 16 in subsection (vi) of the definition of "alternative 17 retail electric supplier" set forth in Section 16-102, 18 19 shall be considered a single retail customer);

20 (ii) the cogeneration or self-generation facilities 21 either (A) are sized pursuant to generally accepted 22 engineering standards for the retail customer's electrical 23 load at that premises (taking into account standby or 24 other reliability considerations related to that retail 25 customer's operations at that site) or (B) if the facility 26 a cogeneration facility located on the is retail

customer's premises, the retail customer is the thermal 1 host for that facility and the facility has been designed 2 3 to meet that retail customer's thermal energy requirements resulting in electrical output beyond that retail 4 5 customer's electrical demand at that premises, comply with the operating and efficiency standards applicable to 6 "qualifying facilities" specified in title 18 Code of 7 8 Federal Regulations Section 292.205 as in effect on the 9 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1999;

10 (iii) the retail customer on whose premises the 11 facilities are located either has an exclusive right to 12 receive, and corresponding obligation to pay for, all of 13 the electrical capacity of the facility, or in the case of 14 a cogeneration facility that has been designed to meet the 15 retail customer's thermal energy requirements at that 16 premises, an identified amount of the electrical capacity 17 of the facility, over a minimum 5-year period; and

(iv) if the cogeneration facility is sized for the retail customer's thermal load at that premises but exceeds the electrical load, any sales of excess power or energy are made only at wholesale, are subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and are not for the purpose of circumventing the provisions of this subsection (f).

25 If a generation facility located at a retail customer's 26 premises does not meet the above criteria, an electric utility 10200HB1747ham001 -104- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 implementing transition charges shall implement a transition charge until December 31, 2006 for any power and energy taken 2 by such retail customer from such facility as if such power and 3 4 energy had been delivered by the electric utility. Provided, 5 however, that an industrial retail customer that is taking power from a generation facility that does not meet the above 6 criteria but that is located on such customer's premises will 7 8 not be subject to a transition charge for the power and energy taken by such retail customer from such generation facility if 9 10 the facility does not serve any other retail customer and 11 either was installed on behalf of the customer and for its own use prior to January 1, 1997, or is both predominantly fueled 12 13 by byproducts of such customer's manufacturing process at such premises and sells or offers an average of 300 megawatts or 14 15 more of electricity produced from such generation facility 16 into the wholesale market. Such charges shall be calculated as provided in Section 16-102, and shall be collected on each 17 kilowatt-hour delivered under a delivery services tariff to a 18 retail customer from the date the customer first takes 19 20 delivery services until December 31, 2006 except as provided in subsection (h) of this Section. Provided, however, that an 21 22 electric utility, other than an electric utility providing service to at least 1,000,000 customers in this State on 23 24 January 1, 1999, shall be entitled to petition for entry of an 25 order by the Commission authorizing the electric utility to 26 implement transition charges for an additional period ending

10200HB1747ham001 -105- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 no later than December 31, 2008. The electric utility shall file its petition with supporting evidence no earlier than 16 2 3 months, and no later than 12 months, prior to December 31, 4 2006. The Commission shall hold a hearing on the electric 5 utility's petition and shall enter its order no later than 8 months after the petition is filed. The Commission shall 6 determine whether and to what extent the electric utility 7 8 shall be authorized to implement transition charges for an 9 additional period. The Commission may authorize the electric 10 utility to implement transition charges for some or all of the 11 additional period, and shall determine the mitigation factors to be used in implementing such transition charges; provided, 12 13 that the Commission shall not authorize mitigation factors less than 110% of those in effect during the 12 months ended 14 15 December 31, 2006. In making its determination, the Commission 16 shall consider the following factors: the necessity to implement transition charges for an additional period in order 17 18 to maintain the financial integrity of the electric utility; the prudence of the electric utility's actions in reducing its 19 20 costs since the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; 21 the ability of the electric utility to provide safe, adequate 22 and reliable service to retail customers in its service area; 23 and the impact on competition of allowing the electric utility 24 to implement transition charges for the additional period.

(g) The electric utility shall file tariffs that establishthe transition charges to be paid by each class of customers to

10200HB1747ham001 -106- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 the electric utility in conjunction with the provision of delivery services. The electric utility's tariffs shall define 2 3 the classes of its customers for purposes of calculating 4 transition charges. The electric utility's tariffs shall 5 provide for the calculation of transition charges on a customer-specific basis for any retail customer whose average 6 monthly maximum electrical demand on the electric utility's 7 8 system during the 6 months with the customer's highest monthly 9 maximum electrical demands equals or exceeds 3.0 megawatts for 10 electric utilities having more than 1,000,000 customers, and 11 for other electric utilities for any customer that has an average monthly maximum electrical demand on the electric 12 13 utility's system of one megawatt or more, and (A) for which 14 there exists data on the customer's usage during the 3 years 15 preceding the date that the customer became eligible to take 16 delivery services, or (B) for which there does not exist data on the customer's usage during the 3 years preceding the date 17 18 that the customer became eligible to take delivery services, 19 if in the electric utility's reasonable judgment there exists 20 comparable usage information or a sufficient basis to develop such information, and further provided that the electric 21 22 utility can require customers for which an individual 23 calculation is made to sign contracts that set forth the 24 transition charges to be paid by the customer to the electric 25 utility pursuant to the tariff.

26

(h) An electric utility shall also be entitled to file

10200HB1747ham001 -107- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 tariffs that allow it to collect transition charges from retail customers in the electric utility's service area that 2 3 do not take delivery services but that take electric power or 4 energy from an alternative retail electric supplier or from an 5 electric utility other than the electric utility in whose service area the customer is located. Such charges shall be 6 calculated, in accordance with the definition of transition 7 charges in Section 16-102, for the period of time that the 8 9 customer would be obligated to pay transition charges if it 10 were taking delivery services, except that no deduction for 11 delivery services revenues shall be made in such calculation, and usage data from the customer's class shall be used where 12 13 historical usage data is not available for the individual 14 customer. The customer shall be obligated to pay such charges 15 on a lump sum basis on or before the date on which the customer 16 commences to take service from the alternative retail electric supplier or other electric utility, provided, that the 17 18 electric utility in whose service area the customer is located shall offer the customer the option of signing a contract 19 20 pursuant to which the customer pays such charges ratably over 21 the period in which the charges would otherwise have applied.

(i) An electric utility shall be entitled to add to the
bills of delivery services customers charges pursuant to
Sections 9-221, 9-222 (except as provided in Section 9-222.1),
and Section 16-114 of this Act, Section 5-5 of the Electricity
Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Law, Section 6-5 of the

Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency, and Coal Resources
 Development Law of 1997, and Section 13 of the Energy
 Assistance Act.

4 (j) If a retail customer that obtains electric power and 5 energy from cogeneration or self-generation facilities installed for its own use on or before January 1, 1997, 6 subsequently takes service from an alternative retail electric 7 8 supplier or an electric utility other than the electric 9 utility in whose service area the customer is located for any 10 portion of the customer's electric power and energy 11 requirements formerly obtained from those facilities (including that amount purchased from the utility in lieu of 12 13 such generation and not as standby power purchases, under a 14 cogeneration displacement tariff in effect as of the effective 15 date of this amendatory Act of 1997), the transition charges 16 otherwise applicable pursuant to subsections (f), (q), or (h) of this Section shall not be applicable in any year to that 17 portion of the customer's electric 18 power and energy 19 requirements formerly obtained from those facilities, 20 provided, that for purposes of this subsection (j), such 21 portion shall not exceed the average number of kilowatt-hours 22 per year obtained from the cogeneration or self-generation 23 facilities during the 3 years prior to the date on which the 24 customer became eligible for delivery services, except as 25 provided in subsection (f) of Section 16-110.

26

(k) The electric utility shall be entitled to recover

10200HB1747ham001 -109- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 through tariffed charges all of the costs associated with the zero emission credits 2 purchase of from zero emission 3 facilities to meet the requirements of subsection (d-5) of 4 Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act. Such costs 5 shall include the costs of procuring the zero emission credits, as well as the reasonable costs that the utility 6 incurs as part of the procurement processes and to implement 7 8 and comply with plans and processes approved by the Commission 9 under such subsection (d-5). The costs shall be allocated 10 across all retail customers through a single, uniform cents 11 per kilowatt-hour charge applicable to all retail customers, which shall appear as a separate line item on each customer's 12 13 bill. Beginning June 1, 2017, the electric utility shall be 14 entitled to recover through tariffed charges all of the costs 15 associated with the purchase of renewable energy resources to 16 meet the renewable energy resource standards of subsection (c) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act, under 17 18 procurement plans as approved in accordance with that Section and Section 16-111.5 of this Act. Such costs shall include the 19 20 costs of procuring the renewable energy resources, as well as the reasonable costs that the utility incurs as part of the 21 22 procurement processes and to implement and comply with plans 23 and processes approved by the Commission under such Sections. 24 The costs associated with the purchase of renewable energy 25 resources shall be allocated across all retail customers in 26 proportion to the amount of renewable energy resources the

1 utility procures for such customers through a single, uniform cents per kilowatt-hour charge applicable to such retail 2 3 customers, which shall appear as a separate line item on each 4 such customer's bill; however, the electric utility shall 5 include an additional separate line item credit on the monthly 6 bills of self-directing retail customers in the same amount to fully rebate to self-directing retail customers the costs 7 8 associated with the purchase of renewable energy resources.

9 Notwithstanding whether the Commission has approved the 10 initial long-term renewable resources procurement plan as of 11 June 1, 2017, an electric utility shall place new tariffed charges into effect beginning with the June 2017 monthly 12 13 billing period, to the extent practicable, to begin recovering 14 the costs of procuring renewable energy resources, as those 15 charges are calculated under the limitations described in 16 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act. Notwithstanding the 17 date on which the utility places such new tariffed charges 18 into effect, the utility shall be permitted to collect the 19 20 charges under such tariff as if the tariff had been in effect 21 beginning with the first day of the June 2017 monthly billing 22 period. For the delivery years commencing June 1, 2017, June 1, 2018, and June 1, 2019, the electric utility shall deposit 23 24 into a separate interest bearing account of a financial 25 institution the monies collected under the tariffed charges. 26 Any interest earned shall be credited back to retail customers

10200HB1747ham001 -111- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 under the reconciliation proceeding provided for in this subsection (k), provided that the electric utility shall first 2 be reimbursed from the interest for the administrative costs 3 4 that it incurs to administer and manage the account. Any taxes 5 due on the funds in the account, or interest earned on it, will be paid from the account or, if insufficient monies are 6 available in the account, from the monies collected under the 7 8 tariffed charges to recover the costs of procuring renewable 9 energy resources. Monies deposited in the account shall be 10 subject to the review, reconciliation, and true-up process 11 described in this subsection (k) that is applicable to the funds collected and costs incurred for the procurement of 12 13 renewable energy resources.

The electric utility shall be entitled to recover all of 14 15 the costs identified in this subsection (k) through automatic 16 adjustment clause tariffs applicable to all of the utility's retail customers that allow the electric utility to adjust its 17 18 tariffed charges consistent with this subsection (k). The 19 determination as to whether any excess funds were collected 20 during a given delivery year for the purchase of renewable 21 energy resources, and the crediting of any excess funds back 22 to retail customers, shall not be made until after the close of 23 the delivery year, which will ensure that the maximum amount 24 of funds is available to implement the approved long-term 25 renewable resources procurement plan during a given delivery 26 year. The electric utility's collections under such automatic

10200HB1747ham001 -112- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 adjustment clause tariffs to recover the costs of renewable energy resources and zero emission credits from zero emission 2 facilities shall be subject to separate annual review, 3 4 reconciliation, and true-up against actual costs by the 5 Commission under a procedure that shall be specified in the electric utility's automatic adjustment clause tariffs and 6 that shall be approved by the Commission in connection with 7 its approval of such tariffs. The procedure shall provide that 8 9 any difference between the electric utility's collections 10 under the automatic adjustment charges for an annual period 11 and the electric utility's actual costs of renewable energy resources and zero emission credits from zero emission 12 13 facilities for that same annual period shall be refunded to or 14 collected from, as applicable, the electric utility's retail 15 customers in subsequent periods.

Nothing in this subsection (k) is intended to affect, limit, or change the right of the electric utility to recover the costs associated with the procurement of renewable energy resources for periods commencing before, on, or after June 1, 20 2017, as otherwise provided in the Illinois Power Agency Act.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, the Commission shall not conduct an annual review, reconciliation, and true-up associated with renewable energy resources' collections and costs for the delivery years commencing June 1, 2017, June 1, 2018, June 1, 2019, and June 1, 2020, and shall instead conduct a single review, reconciliation, and 10200HB1747ham001 -113- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 associated with renewable true-up energy resources' collections and costs for the 4-year period beginning June 1, 2 2017 and ending May 31, 2021, provided that the review, 3 4 reconciliation, and true-up shall not be initiated until after 5 August 31, 2021. During the 4-year period, the utility shall 6 be permitted to collect and retain funds under this subsection (k) and to purchase renewable energy resources under an 7 8 approved long-term renewable resources procurement plan using 9 those funds regardless of the delivery year in which the funds 10 were collected during the 4-year period.

11 If the amount of funds collected during the delivery year commencing June 1, 2017, exceeds the costs incurred during 12 13 that delivery year, then up to half of this excess amount, as 14 calculated on June 1, 2018, may be used to fund the programs 15 under subsection (b) of Section 1-56 of the Illinois Power 16 Agency Act in the same proportion the programs are funded under that subsection (b). However, any amount identified 17 under this subsection (k) to fund programs under subsection 18 (b) of Section 1-56 of the Illinois Power Agency Act shall be 19 20 reduced if it exceeds the funding shortfall. For purposes of this Section, "funding shortfall" means the difference between 21 22 \$200,000,000 and the amount appropriated by the General 23 Illinois Power Agency Renewable Energy Assembly to the 24 Resources Fund during the period that commences on the 25 effective date of this amendatory act of the 99th General 26 Assembly and ends on August 1, 2018.

10200HB1747ham001 -114- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 If the amount of funds collected during the delivery year commencing June 1, 2018, exceeds the costs incurred during 2 3 that delivery year, then up to half of this excess amount, as 4 calculated on June 1, 2019, may be used to fund the programs 5 under subsection (b) of Section 1-56 of the Illinois Power Agency Act in the same proportion the programs are funded 6 under that subsection (b). However, any amount identified 7 under this subsection (k) to fund programs under subsection 8 9 (b) of Section 1-56 of the Illinois Power Agency Act shall be 10 reduced if it exceeds the funding shortfall.

11 If the amount of funds collected during the delivery year commencing June 1, 2019, exceeds the costs incurred during 12 13 that delivery year, then up to half of this excess amount, as 14 calculated on June 1, 2020, may be used to fund the programs 15 under subsection (b) of Section 1-56 of the Illinois Power 16 Agency Act in the same proportion the programs are funded under that subsection (b). However, any amount identified 17 under this subsection (k) to fund programs under subsection 18 (b) of Section 1-56 of the Illinois Power Agency Act shall be 19 20 reduced if it exceeds the funding shortfall.

The funding available under this subsection (k), if any, for the programs described under subsection (b) of Section 1-56 of the Illinois Power Agency Act shall not reduce the amount of funding for the programs described in subparagraph (0) of paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act. If funding is available under this 1 subsection (k) for programs described under subsection (b) of 2 Section 1-56 of the Illinois Power Agency Act, then the 3 long-term renewable resources plan shall provide for the 4 Agency to procure contracts in an amount that does not exceed 5 the funding, and the contracts approved by the Commission 6 shall be executed by the applicable utility or utilities.

7 (1) A utility that has terminated any contract executed under subsection (d-5) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power 8 9 Agency Act shall be entitled to recover any remaining balance 10 associated with the purchase of zero emission credits prior to 11 such termination, and such utility shall also apply a credit retail bills 12 to its customer in the event of any 13 over-collection.

(m)(1) An electric utility that recovers its costs of 14 15 zero emission credits from zero procuring emission 16 facilities through a cents-per-kilowatthour charge under to subsection (k) of this Section shall be subject to the 17 requirements of this subsection (m). Notwithstanding 18 19 anything to the contrary, such electric utility shall, 20 beginning on April 30, 2018, and each April 30 thereafter 21 until April 30, 2026, calculate whether any reduction must 22 be applied to such cents-per-kilowatthour charge that is 23 paid by retail customers of the electric utility that are 24 exempt from subsections (a) through (j) of Section 8-103B 25 of this Act under subsection (1) of Section 8-103B. Such 26 charge shall be reduced for such customers for the next

delivery year commencing on June 1 based on the amount 1 2 necessary, if any, to limit the annual estimated average 3 net increase for the prior calendar year due to the future energy investment costs to no more than 1.3% of 5.98 cents 4 5 per kilowatt-hour, which is the average amount paid per kilowatthour for electric service during the year ending 6 7 December 31, 2015 by Illinois industrial retail customers, 8 as reported to the Edison Electric Institute.

9 The calculations required by this subsection (m) shall 10 be made only once for each year, and no subsequent rate 11 impact determinations shall be made.

12 (2) For purposes of this Section, "future energy 13 investment costs" shall be calculated by subtracting the 14 cents-per-kilowatthour charge identified in subparagraph 15 this paragraph (2) from the sum of of the (A) cents-per-kilowatthour charges identified in subparagraph 16 17 (B) of this paragraph (2):

(A) The cents-per-kilowatthour charge identified
in the electric utility's tariff placed into effect
under Section 8-103 of the Public Utilities Act that,
on December 1, 2016, was applicable to those retail
customers that are exempt from subsections (a) through
(j) of Section 8-103B of this Act under subsection (1)
of Section 8-103B.

(B) The sum of the following
 cents-per-kilowatthour charges applicable to those

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

retail customers that are exempt from subsections (a) through (j) of Section 8-103B of this Act under subsection (l) of Section 8-103B, provided that if one or more of the following charges has been in effect and applied to such customers for more than one calendar year, then each charge shall be equal to the average of the charges applied over a period that commences with the calendar year ending December 31, 2017 and ends with the most recently completed calendar year prior to the calculation required by this subsection (m):

(i) the cents-per-kilowatthour charge to recover the costs incurred by the utility under subsection (d-5) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act, adjusted for any reductions required under this subsection (m); and

16 (ii) the cents-per-kilowatthour charge to
17 recover the costs incurred by the utility under
18 Section 16-107.6 of the Public Utilities Act.

19If no charge was applied for a given calendar year20under item (i) or (ii) of this subparagraph (B), then21the value of the charge for that year shall be zero.

(3) If a reduction is required by the calculation
performed under this subsection (m), then the amount of
the reduction shall be multiplied by the number of years
reflected in the averages calculated under subparagraph
(B) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (m). Such

reduction shall be applied to the cents-per-kilowatthour charge that is applicable to those retail customers that are exempt from subsections (a) through (j) of Section 8-103B of this Act under subsection (l) of Section 8-103B beginning with the next delivery year commencing after the date of the calculation required by this subsection (m).

(4) The electric utility shall file a notice with the 7 8 Commission on May 1 of 2018 and each May 1 thereafter until May 1, 2026 containing the reduction, if any, which must 9 10 be applied for the delivery year which begins in the year 11 of the filing. The notice shall contain the calculations made pursuant to this Section. By October 1 of each year 12 13 beginning in 2018, each electric utility shall notify the 14 Commission if it appears, based on an estimate of the 15 calculation required in this subsection (m), that a reduction will be required in the next year. 16

17 (Source: P.A. 99-906, eff. 6-1-17.)

18

(220 ILCS 5/16-111.5)

19 Sec. 16-111.5. Provisions relating to procurement.

(a) An electric utility that on December 31, 2005 served
at least 100,000 customers in Illinois shall procure power and
energy for its eligible retail customers in accordance with
the applicable provisions set forth in Section 1-75 of the
Illinois Power Agency Act and this Section. Beginning with the
delivery year commencing on June 1, 2017, such electric

10200HB1747ham001 -119- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 utility shall also procure zero emission credits from zero 2 emission facilities in accordance with the applicable provisions set forth in Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power 3 4 Agency Act, and, for years beginning on or after June 1, 2017, 5 the utility shall procure renewable energy resources in accordance with the applicable provisions set forth in Section 6 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act and this Section, but 7 8 shall not procure renewable energy resources for self-directing retail customers. A small multi-jurisdictional 9 10 electric utility that on December 31, 2005 served less than 11 100,000 customers in Illinois may elect to procure power and energy for all or a portion of its eligible Illinois retail 12 13 customers in accordance with the applicable provisions set forth in this Section and Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power 14 15 Agency Act. This Section shall not apply to a small 16 multi-jurisdictional utility until such time as a small multi-jurisdictional utility requests the Illinois 17 Power 18 Agency to prepare a procurement plan for its eligible retail customers. "Eligible retail customers" for the purposes of 19 20 this Section means those retail customers that purchase power 21 and energy from the electric utility under fixed-price bundled service tariffs, other than those retail customers whose 22 23 service is declared or deemed competitive under Section 16-113 24 and those other customer groups specified in this Section, 25 including self-generating customers, customers electing hourly 26 pricing, or those customers who are otherwise ineligible for

10200HB1747ham001 -120- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 fixed-price bundled tariff service. For those customers that are excluded from the procurement plan's electric supply 2 3 service requirements, and the utility shall procure any supply 4 requirements, including capacity, ancillary services, and 5 hourly priced energy, in the applicable markets as needed to 6 serve those customers, provided that the utility may include in its procurement plan load requirements for the load that is 7 associated with those retail customers whose service has been 8 declared or deemed competitive pursuant to Section 16-113 of 9 10 this Act to the extent that those customers are purchasing 11 power and energy during one of the transition periods identified in subsection (b) of Section 16-113 of this Act. 12

13 (b) A procurement plan shall be prepared for each electric 14 utility consistent with the applicable requirements of the 15 Illinois Power Agency Act and this Section. For purposes of 16 this Section, Illinois electric utilities that are affiliated by virtue of a common parent company are considered to be a 17 single electric utility. Small multi-jurisdictional utilities 18 may request a procurement plan for a portion of or all of its 19 20 Illinois load. Each procurement plan shall analyze the 21 projected balance of supply and demand for those retail 22 customers to be included in the plan's electric supply service 23 requirements over a 5-year period, with the first planning 24 year beginning on June 1 of the year following the year in 25 which the plan is filed. The plan shall specifically identify 26 the wholesale products to be procured following plan approval,

10200HB1747ham001 -121- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 and shall follow all the requirements set forth in the Public Utilities Act and all applicable State and federal laws, 2 statutes, rules, or regulations, as well as Commission orders. 3 4 Nothing in this Section precludes consideration of contracts 5 longer than 5 years and related forecast data. Unless specified otherwise in this Section, in the procurement plan 6 or in the implementing tariff, any procurement occurring in 7 8 accordance with this plan shall be competitively bid through a 9 request for proposals process. Approval and implementation of 10 the procurement plan shall be subject to review and approval 11 by the Commission according to the provisions set forth in this Section. A procurement plan shall include each of the 12 13 following components:

14

(1) Hourly load analysis. This analysis shall include:

15 (i) multi-year historical analysis of hourly16 loads;

17 (ii) switching trends and competitive retail
 18 market analysis;

19 (iii) known or projected changes to future loads;20 and

21

(iv) growth forecasts by customer class.

(2) Analysis of the impact of any demand side and
 renewable energy initiatives. This analysis shall include:

(i) the impact of demand response programs and
 energy efficiency programs, both current and
 projected; for small multi-jurisdictional utilities,

10200HB1747ham001

26

the impact of demand response and energy efficiency 1 programs approved pursuant to Section 8-408 of this 2 3 Act, both current and projected; and (ii) supply side needs that are projected to be 4 offset by purchases of renewable energy resources, if 5 6 any. 7 (3) A plan for meeting the expected load requirements 8 that will not be met through preexisting contracts. This 9 plan shall include: 10 (i) definitions of the different Illinois retail 11 customer classes for which supply is being purchased; (ii) the proposed mix of demand-response products 12 13 for which contracts will be executed during the next 14 year. For small multi-jurisdictional electric 15 utilities that on December 31, 2005 served fewer than 16 100,000 customers in Illinois, these shall be defined as demand-response products offered in an energy 17 efficiency plan approved pursuant to Section 8-408 of 18 19 this Act. The cost-effective demand-response measures 20 shall be procured whenever the cost is lower than 21 procuring comparable capacity products, provided that 22 such products shall:

(A) be procured by a demand-response provider
from those retail customers included in the plan's
electric supply service requirements;

(B) at least satisfy the demand-response

1 requirements of the regional transmission 2 organization market in which the utility's service 3 territory is located, including, but not limited 4 to, any applicable capacity or dispatch 5 requirements;

6 (C) provide for customers' participation in 7 the stream of benefits produced by the 8 demand-response products;

9 (D) provide for reimbursement by the 10 demand-response provider of the utility for any 11 costs incurred as a result of the failure of the 12 supplier of such products to perform its 13 obligations thereunder; and

14 (E) meet the same credit requirements as apply
15 to suppliers of capacity, in the applicable
16 regional transmission organization market;

(iii) monthly forecasted system supply
requirements, including expected minimum, maximum, and
average values for the planning period;

20 (iv) the proposed mix and selection of standard 21 wholesale products for which contracts will be 22 executed during the next year, separately or in 23 combination, to meet that portion of its load 24 requirements not met through pre-existing contracts, 25 including but not limited to monthly 5 x 16 peak period 26 block energy, monthly off-peak wrap energy, monthly 7

1

2

3

4

x 24 energy, annual 5 x 16 energy, annual off-peak wrap energy, annual 7 x 24 energy, monthly capacity, annual capacity, peak load capacity obligations, capacity purchase plan, and ancillary services;

5 (v) proposed term structures for each wholesale 6 product type included in the proposed procurement plan 7 portfolio of products; and

8 (vi) an assessment of the price risk, load 9 uncertainty, and other factors that are associated 10 with the proposed procurement plan; this assessment, 11 to the extent possible, shall include an analysis of 12 the following factors: contract terms, time frames for securing products or services, fuel costs, weather 13 14 patterns, transmission costs, market conditions, and 15 the governmental regulatory environment; the proposed 16 procurement plan shall also identify alternatives for those portfolio measures that are identified as having 17 significant price risk. 18

(4) Proposed procedures for balancing loads. The procurement plan shall include, for load requirements included in the procurement plan, the process for (i) hourly balancing of supply and demand and (ii) the criteria for portfolio re-balancing in the event of significant shifts in load.

25 (5) Long-Term Renewable Resources Procurement Plan.
 26 The Agency shall prepare a long-term renewable resources

10200HB1747ham001

2

3

4

1 procurement plan for the procurement of renewable energy credits under Sections 1-56 and 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act for delivery beginning in the 2017 delivery year.

5 The initial long-term renewable resources (i) procurement plan and all subsequent revisions shall be 6 subject to review and approval by the Commission. For 7 the purposes of this Section, "delivery year" has the 8 9 same meaning as in Section 1-10 of the Illinois Power 10 Agency Act. For purposes of this Section, "Agency" 11 shall mean the Illinois Power Agency.

(ii) The long-term renewable resources planning 12 13 process shall be conducted as follows:

14 (A) Electric utilities shall provide a range 15 of load forecasts to the Illinois Power Agency 16 within 45 days of the Agency's request for 17 forecasts, which request shall specify the length 18 and conditions for the forecasts including, but 19 limited to, the quantity of distributed not 20 generation expected to be interconnected for each 21 year.

22 (B) The Agency shall publish for comment the 23 initial long-term renewable resources procurement 24 plan no later than 120 days after the effective 25 date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General 26 Assembly and shall review, and may revise, the

plan at least every 2 years thereafter. To the 1 extent practicable, the Agency shall review and 2 3 propose any revisions to the long-term renewable energy resources procurement plan in conjunction 4 5 with the Agency's other planning and approval processes conducted under this Section. 6 The 7 initial long-term renewable resources procurement 8 plan shall:

9 (aa) Identify the procurement programs and 10 competitive procurement events consistent with 11 the applicable requirements of the Illinois Power Agency Act and shall be designed to 12 13 achieve the goals set forth in subsection (c) of Section 1-75 of that Act. 14

15 (bb) Include a schedule for procurements 16 for renewable energy credits from utility-scale wind projects, utility-scale 17 18 projects, and brownfield solar site 19 photovoltaic projects consistent with 20 subparagraph (G) of paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois 21 22 Power Agency Act.

23 (cc) Identify the process whereby the 24 Agency will submit to the Commission for 25 review and approval the proposed contracts to 26 implement the programs required by such plan.

Copies of the initial long-term renewable 1 resources procurement plan and all subsequent 2 3 revisions shall be posted and made publicly available on the Agency's and Commission's 4 5 websites, and copies shall also be provided to each affected electric utility. An 6 affected 7 utility and other interested parties shall have 45 8 days following the date of posting to provide 9 comment to the Agency on the initial long-term 10 renewable resources procurement plan and all 11 subsequent revisions. All comments submitted to 12 the Agency shall be specific, supported by data or 13 other detailed analyses, and, if objecting to all 14 or a portion of the procurement plan, accompanied 15 by specific alternative wording or proposals. All 16 comments shall be posted on the Agency's and Commission's websites. During this 45-day comment 17 period, the Agency shall hold at least one public 18 hearing within each utility's service area that is 19 20 subject to the requirements of this paragraph (5) 21 for the purpose of receiving public comment. 22 Within 21 days following the end of the 45-day 23 review period, the Agency may revise the long-term 24 renewable resources procurement plan based on the 25 comments received and shall file the plan with the 26 Commission for review and approval.

(C) Within 14 days after the filing of the 1 2 initial long-term renewable resources procurement 3 plan or any subsequent revisions, any person objecting to the plan may file an objection with 4 5 the Commission. Within 21 days after the filing of the plan, the Commission shall determine whether a 6 7 hearing is necessary. The Commission shall enter its order confirming or modifying the initial 8 9 long-term renewable resources procurement plan or 10 any subsequent revisions within 120 days after the 11 filing of the plan by the Illinois Power Agency.

12 (D) The Commission shall approve the initial 13 long-term renewable resources procurement plan and 14 any subsequent revisions, including expressly the 15 forecast used in the plan and taking into account 16 that funding will be limited to the amount of 17 revenues actually collected by the utilities, if the Commission determines that the plan will 18 19 reasonably and prudently accomplish the 20 requirements of Section 1-56 and subsection (c) of 21 Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act. The 22 Commission shall also approve the process for the submission, review, and approval of the proposed 23 24 contracts to procure renewable energy credits or 25 implement the programs authorized by the 26 Commission pursuant to a long-term renewable

resources procurement plan approved under this
 Section.

3 (iii) The Agency or third parties contracted by the Agency shall implement all programs authorized by 4 5 the Commission in an approved long-term renewable resources procurement plan without further review and 6 7 approval by the Commission. Third parties shall not 8 begin implementing any programs or receive any payment 9 under this Section until the Commission has approved 10 the contract or contracts under the process authorized 11 by the Commission in item (D) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (5) of this subsection (b) and the third 12 13 party and the Agency or utility, as applicable, have 14 executed the contract. For those renewable energy 15 credits subject to procurement through a competitive 16 bid process under the plan or under the initial 17 forward procurements for wind and solar resources 18 described in subparagraph (G) of paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power 19 20 Agency Act, the Agency shall follow the procurement 21 process specified in the provisions relating to 22 electricity procurement in subsections (e) through (i) 23 of this Section.

(iv) An electric utility shall recover its costs
 associated with the procurement of renewable energy
 credits under this Section through an automatic

10200HB1747ham001

adjustment clause tariff under subsection (k) of 1 Section 16-108 of this Act. A utility shall not be 2 3 required to advance any payment or pay any amounts under this Section that exceed the actual amount of 4 5 revenues collected by the utility under paragraph (6) of subsection (c) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois 6 7 Power Agency Act and subsection (k) of Section 16-108 8 of this Act, and contracts executed under this Section 9 shall expressly incorporate this limitation.

(v) For the public interest, safety, and welfare,
the Agency and the Commission may adopt rules to carry
out the provisions of this Section on an emergency
basis immediately following the effective date of this
amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly.

(vi) On or before July 1 of each year, the Commission shall hold an informal hearing for the purpose of receiving comments on the prior year's procurement process and any recommendations for change.

(c) The procurement process set forth in Section 1-75 of
the Illinois Power Agency Act and subsection (e) of this
Section shall be administered by a procurement administrator
and monitored by a procurement monitor.

24

(1) The procurement administrator shall:

(i) design the final procurement process in
 accordance with Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power

15

Agency Act and subsection (e) of this 1 Section 2 following Commission approval of the procurement plan; 3 (ii) develop benchmarks in accordance with 4 subsection (e) (3) to be used to evaluate bids; these 5 benchmarks shall be submitted to the Commission for review and approval on a confidential basis prior to 6 7 the procurement event;

8 (iii) serve as the interface between the electric
9 utility and suppliers;

10 (iv) manage the bidder pre-qualification and 11 registration process;

12 (v) obtain the electric utilities' agreement to 13 the final form of all supply contracts and credit 14 collateral agreements;

(vi) administer the request for proposals process;

have the discretion to negotiate 16 (vii) to determine whether bidders are willing to lower the 17 18 price of bids that meet the benchmarks approved by the 19 Commission; any post-bid negotiations with bidders 20 shall be limited to price only and shall be completed within 24 hours after opening the sealed bids and 21 shall be conducted in a fair and unbiased manner; in 22 23 conducting the negotiations, there shall be no 24 disclosure of any information derived from proposals 25 submitted by competing bidders; if information is disclosed to any bidder, it shall be provided to all 26

competing bidders; 1 (viii) maintain confidentiality of supplier and 2 bidding information in a manner consistent with all 3 4 applicable laws, rules, regulations, and tariffs; 5 submit a confidential report to the (ix) Commission recommending acceptance or rejection of 6 7 bids: 8 (x) notify the utility of contract counterparties 9 and contract specifics; and 10 (xi) administer related contingency procurement 11 events. (2) The procurement monitor, who shall be retained by 12 13 the Commission, shall: 14 (i) monitor interactions among the procurement 15 administrator, suppliers, and utility; 16 (ii) monitor and report to the Commission on the 17 progress of the procurement process; 18 (iii) provide an independent confidential report to the Commission regarding the results of the 19 20 procurement event; 21 (iv) assess compliance with the procurement plans 22 approved by the Commission for each utility that on December 31, 2005 provided electric service to at 23 24 least 100,000 customers in Illinois and for each small 25 multi-jurisdictional utility that on December 31, 2005 26 served less than 100,000 customers in Illinois;

(v) preserve the confidentiality of supplier and
 bidding information in a manner consistent with all
 applicable laws, rules, regulations, and tariffs;

4 (vi) provide expert advice to the Commission and 5 consult with the procurement administrator regarding 6 issues related to procurement process design, rules, 7 protocols, and policy-related matters; and

8 (vii) consult with the procurement administrator 9 regarding the development and use of benchmark 10 criteria, standard form contracts, credit policies, 11 and bid documents.

12 (d) Except as provided in subsection (j), the planning 13 process shall be conducted as follows:

(1) Beginning in 2008, each Illinois utility procuring 14 15 power pursuant to this Section shall annually provide a 16 range of load forecasts to the Illinois Power Agency by 17 July 15 of each year, or such other date as may be required by the Commission or Agency. The load forecasts shall 18 19 cover the 5-year procurement planning period for the next 20 procurement plan and shall include hourly data 21 representing a high-load, low-load, and expected-load scenario for the load of those retail customers included 22 23 in the plan's electric supply service requirements. The 24 utility shall provide supporting data and assumptions for 25 each of the scenarios.

26

(2) Beginning in 2008, the Illinois Power Agency shall

10200HB1747ham001

1 prepare a procurement plan by August 15th of each year, or such other date as may be required by the Commission. The 2 3 procurement plan shall identify the portfolio of 4 demand-response and power and energy products to be 5 procured. Cost-effective demand-response measures shall be procured as set forth in item (iii) of subsection (b) of 6 7 this Section. Copies of the procurement plan shall be 8 posted and made publicly available on the Agency's and 9 Commission's websites, and copies shall also be provided 10 to each affected electric utility. An affected utility 11 shall have 30 days following the date of posting to provide comment to the Agency on the procurement plan. 12 13 interested entities also may comment Other on the 14 procurement plan. All comments submitted to the Agency 15 shall be specific, supported by data or other detailed 16 analyses, and, if objecting to all or a portion of the 17 procurement plan, accompanied by specific alternative 18 wording or proposals. All comments shall be posted on the 19 Agency's and Commission's websites. During this 30-day 20 comment period, the Agency shall hold at least one public 21 hearing within each utility's service area for the purpose 22 of receiving public comment on the procurement plan. 23 Within 14 days following the end of the 30-day review 24 period, the Agency shall revise the procurement plan as 25 necessary based on the comments received and file the 26 procurement plan with the Commission and post the

1

procurement plan on the websites.

(3) Within 5 days after the filing of the procurement 2 3 plan, any person objecting to the procurement plan shall file an objection with the Commission. Within 10 days 4 5 after the filing, the Commission shall determine whether a hearing is necessary. The Commission shall enter its order 6 confirming or modifying the procurement plan within 90 7 days after the filing of the procurement plan by the 8 9 Illinois Power Agency.

10 (4) The Commission shall approve the procurement plan, including expressly the forecast used in the procurement 11 plan, if the Commission determines that it will ensure 12 13 reliable, affordable, efficient, adequate, and 14 environmentally sustainable electric service at the lowest 15 total cost over time, taking into account any benefits of 16 price stability.

17 (e) The procurement process shall include each of the 18 following components:

(1) Solicitation, pre-qualification, and registration 19 20 of bidders. The procurement administrator shall 21 disseminate information to potential bidders to promote a 22 procurement event, notify potential bidders that the procurement administrator may enter into a post-bid price 23 24 negotiation with bidders that meet the applicable 25 benchmarks, provide supply requirements, and otherwise 26 explain the competitive procurement process. In addition 10200HB1747ham001 -136- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 to such other publication as the procurement administrator determines is appropriate, this information shall be 2 3 posted on the Illinois Power Agency's and the Commission's websites. The procurement administrator shall also 4 5 pregualification process, administer the including credit worthiness, 6 evaluation of compliance with 7 procurement rules, and agreement to the standard form 8 contract developed pursuant to paragraph (2) of this 9 subsection (e). The procurement administrator shall then 10 identify and register bidders to participate in the 11 procurement event.

(2) Standard contract forms and credit terms 12 and 13 The instruments. procurement administrator, in 14 consultation with the utilities, the Commission, and other 15 interested parties and subject to Commission oversight, 16 shall develop and provide standard contract forms for the supplier contracts that meet generally accepted industry 17 practices. Standard credit terms and instruments that meet 18 generally accepted industry practices shall be similarly 19 20 developed. The procurement administrator shall make available to the Commission all written comments it 21 22 receives on the contract forms, credit terms, or 23 instruments. If the procurement administrator cannot reach 24 agreement with the applicable electric utility as to the 25 terms and conditions, the contract procurement 26 administrator must notify the Commission of any disputed terms and the Commission shall resolve the dispute. The terms of the contracts shall not be subject to negotiation by winning bidders, and the bidders must agree to the terms of the contract in advance so that winning bids are selected solely on the basis of price.

10200HB1747ham001

(3) Establishment of a market-based price benchmark. 6 7 As part of the development of the procurement process, the procurement administrator, in consultation with 8 the 9 Commission staff, Agency staff, and the procurement 10 monitor, shall establish benchmarks for evaluating the final prices in the contracts for each of the products 11 12 that will be procured through the procurement process. The 13 benchmarks shall be based on price data for similar 14 products for the same delivery period and same delivery 15 hub, or other delivery hubs after adjusting for that difference. The price benchmarks may also be adjusted to 16 take into account differences between the information 17 reflected in the underlying data sources and the specific 18 19 products and procurement process being used to procure 20 power for the Illinois utilities. The benchmarks shall be 21 confidential but shall be provided to, and will be subject 22 to Commission review and approval, prior to a procurement 23 event.

24 (4) Request for proposals competitive procurement
25 process. The procurement administrator shall design and
26 issue a request for proposals to supply electricity in

10200HB1747ham001 -138- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

accordance with each utility's procurement plan, as
 approved by the Commission. The request for proposals
 shall set forth a procedure for sealed, binding commitment
 bidding with pay-as-bid settlement, and provision for
 selection of bids on the basis of price.

6 (5) A plan for implementing contingencies in the event 7 of supplier default or failure of the procurement process 8 to fully meet the expected load requirement due to 9 insufficient supplier participation, Commission rejection 10 of results, or any other cause.

11 (i) Event of supplier default: In the event of supplier default, the utility shall 12 review the 13 contract of the defaulting supplier to determine if 14 the amount of supply is 200 megawatts or greater, and 15 if there are more than 60 days remaining of the 16 contract term. If both of these conditions are met, the default results in termination 17 and of the contract, the utility shall immediately notify the 18 19 Illinois Power Agency that a request for proposals 20 must be issued to procure replacement power, and the 21 procurement administrator shall run an additional 22 procurement event. If the contracted supply of the 23 defaulting supplier is less than 200 megawatts or 24 there are less than 60 days remaining of the contract term, the utility shall procure power and energy from 25 26 the applicable regional transmission organization

10200HB1747ham001

market, including ancillary services, capacity, and 1 day-ahead or real time energy, or both, for the 2 replace 3 duration of the contract term to the 4 contracted supply; provided, however, that if a needed 5 not available through the product is regional transmission organization market it shall be purchased 6 from the wholesale market. 7

8 (ii) Failure of the procurement process to fully 9 meet the expected load requirement: If the procurement 10 process fails to fully meet the expected load 11 requirement due to insufficient supplier participation or due to a Commission rejection of the procurement 12 13 results, the procurement administrator, the 14 procurement monitor, and the Commission staff shall 15 meet within 10 days to analyze potential causes of low 16 supplier interest or causes for the Commission decision. If changes are identified that would likely 17 18 result in increased supplier participation, or that 19 would address concerns causing the Commission to 20 reject the results of the prior procurement event, the 21 procurement administrator may implement those changes 22 and rerun the request for proposals process according 23 schedule determined by those parties to a and 24 consistent with Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power 25 Agency Act and this subsection. In any event, a new 26 request for proposals process shall be implemented by

1

2

3

the procurement administrator within 90 days after the determination that the procurement process has failed to fully meet the expected load requirement.

4 (iii) In all cases where there is insufficient 5 supply provided under contracts awarded through the procurement process to fully meet the 6 electric 7 utility's load requirement, the utility shall meet the 8 load requirement by procuring power and energy from 9 the applicable regional transmission organization 10 market, including ancillary services, capacity, and 11 day-ahead or real time energy, or both; provided, however, that if a needed product is not available 12 13 through the regional transmission organization market 14 it shall be purchased from the wholesale market.

15 (6) The procurement process described in this
16 subsection is exempt from the requirements of the Illinois
17 Procurement Code, pursuant to Section 20-10 of that Code.

18 (f) Within 2 business days after opening the sealed bids, the procurement administrator shall submit a confidential 19 20 report to the Commission. The report shall contain the results of the bidding for each of the products along with the 21 22 procurement administrator's recommendation for the acceptance 23 and rejection of bids based on the price benchmark criteria 24 and other factors observed in the process. The procurement 25 monitor also shall submit a confidential report to the 26 Commission within 2 business days after opening the sealed 10200HB1747ham001 -141- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 bids. The report shall contain the procurement monitor's assessment of bidder behavior in the process as well as an 2 3 assessment of the procurement administrator's compliance with 4 the procurement process and rules. The Commission shall review 5 confidential reports submitted by the procurement the administrator and procurement monitor, and shall accept or 6 reject the recommendations of the procurement administrator 7 8 within 2 business days after receipt of the reports.

(g) Within 3 business days after the Commission decision 9 10 approving the results of a procurement event, the utility 11 shall enter into binding contractual arrangements with the winning suppliers using the standard form contracts; except 12 13 that the utility shall not be required either directly or indirectly to execute the contracts if a tariff that is 14 15 consistent with subsection (1) of this Section has not been 16 approved and placed into effect for that utility.

(h) The names of the successful bidders and the load 17 18 weighted average of the winning bid prices for each contract type and for each contract term shall be made available to the 19 20 public at the time of Commission approval of a procurement monitor, 21 event. The Commission, the procurement the procurement administrator, the Illinois Power Agency, and all 22 23 participants in the procurement process shall maintain the 24 confidentiality of all other supplier and bidding information 25 in a manner consistent with all applicable laws, rules, regulations, and tariffs. Confidential information, including 26

10200HB1747ham001 -142- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 the confidential reports submitted by the procurement 2 administrator and procurement monitor pursuant to subsection 3 (f) of this Section, shall not be made publicly available and 4 shall not be discoverable by any party in any proceeding, 5 absent a compelling demonstration of need, nor shall those 6 reports be admissible in any proceeding other than one for law 7 enforcement purposes.

(i) Within 2 business days after a Commission decision 8 9 approving the results of a procurement event or such other 10 date as may be required by the Commission from time to time, 11 the utility shall file for informational purposes with the Commission its actual or estimated retail supply charges, as 12 applicable, by customer supply group reflecting the costs 13 14 associated with the procurement and computed in accordance 15 with the tariffs filed pursuant to subsection (1) of this 16 Section and approved by the Commission.

Within 60 days following August 28, 2007 17 (ij) (the effective date of Public Act 95-481), each electric utility 18 that on December 31, 2005 provided electric service to at 19 20 least 100,000 customers in Illinois shall prepare and file with the Commission an initial procurement plan, which shall 21 22 conform in all material respects to the requirements of the 23 procurement plan set forth in subsection (b); provided, 24 however, that the Illinois Power Agency Act shall not apply to 25 the initial procurement plan prepared pursuant to this 26 subsection. The initial procurement plan shall identify the

10200HB1747ham001 -143- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

portfolio of power and energy products to be procured and 1 delivered for the period June 2008 through May 2009, and shall 2 3 identify the proposed procurement administrator, who shall 4 have the same experience and expertise as is required of a 5 procurement administrator hired pursuant to Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act. Copies of the procurement plan 6 7 be posted and made publicly available on shall the 8 Commission's website. The initial procurement plan may include contracts for renewable resources that extend beyond May 2009. 9

10 (i) Within 14 days following filing of the initial procurement plan, any person may file a detailed objection 11 12 with the Commission contesting the procurement plan 13 submitted by the electric utility. All objections to the 14 electric utility's plan shall be specific, supported by 15 data or other detailed analyses. The electric utility may 16 file a response to any objections to its procurement plan within 7 days after the date objections are due to be 17 filed. Within 7 days after the date the utility's response 18 is due, the Commission shall determine whether a hearing 19 20 is necessary. If it determines that a hearing is 21 necessary, it shall require the hearing to be completed 22 and issue an order on the procurement plan within 60 days 23 after the filing of the procurement plan by the electric 24 utility.

(ii) The order shall approve or modify the procurement
 plan, approve an independent procurement administrator,

The

1 and approve or modify the electric utility's tariffs that are proposed with the initial procurement plan. 2 3 Commission shall approve the procurement plan if the 4 Commission determines that it will ensure adequate, 5 reliable, affordable, efficient, and environmentally sustainable electric service at the lowest total cost over 6

7 time, taking into account any benefits of price stability.

8 (k) (Blank).

10200HB1747ham001

9 (k-5) (Blank).

10 (1) An electric utility shall recover its costs incurred 11 under this Section, including, but not limited to, the costs of procuring power and energy demand-response resources under 12 this Section. The utility shall file with the initial 13 14 procurement plan its proposed tariffs through which its costs 15 procuring power that are incurred pursuant of to а 16 Commission-approved procurement plan and those other costs identified in this subsection (1), will be recovered. The 17 18 tariffs shall include a formula rate or charge designed to 19 pass through both the costs incurred by the utility in 20 procuring a supply of electric power and energy for the 21 applicable customer classes with no mark-up or return on the 22 price paid by the utility for that supply, plus any just and 23 reasonable costs that the utility incurs in arranging and 24 providing for the supply of electric power and energy. The 25 formula rate or charge shall also contain provisions that 26 ensure that its application does not result in over or under

10200HB1747ham001 -145- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 recovery due to changes in customer usage and demand patterns, and that provide for the correction, on at least an annual 2 basis, of any accounting errors that may occur. A utility 3 4 shall recover through the tariff all reasonable costs incurred 5 to implement or comply with any procurement plan that is developed and put into effect pursuant to Section 1-75 of the 6 Illinois Power Agency Act and this Section, including any fees 7 assessed by the Illinois Power Agency, costs associated with 8 9 load balancing, and contingency plan costs. The electric 10 utility shall also recover its full costs of procuring 11 electric supply for which it contracted before the effective date of this Section in conjunction with the provision of full 12 13 requirements service under fixed-price bundled service tariffs subsequent to December 31, 2006. All such costs shall be 14 15 deemed to have been prudently incurred. The pass-through 16 tariffs that are filed and approved pursuant to this Section shall not be subject to review under, or in any way limited by, 17 Section 16-111(i) of this Act. All of the costs incurred by the 18 electric utility associated with the purchase of zero emission 19 20 credits in accordance with subsection (d-5) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act and, beginning June 1, 2017, all 21 22 of the costs incurred by the electric utility associated with 23 the purchase of renewable energy resources in accordance with 24 Sections 1-56 and 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act, shall 25 be recovered through the electric utility's tariffed charges 26 applicable to all of its retail customers, as specified in

subsection (k) of Section 16-108 of this Act, and shall not be recovered through the electric utility's tariffed charges for electric power and energy supply to its eligible retail customers.

5 (m) The Commission has the authority to adopt rules to 6 carry out the provisions of this Section. For the public 7 interest, safety, and welfare, the Commission also has 8 authority to adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this 9 Section on an emergency basis immediately following August 28, 10 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-481).

11 (n) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, any affiliated electric utilities that submit a single procurement 12 13 plan covering their combined needs may procure for those 14 combined needs in conjunction with that plan, and may enter 15 jointly into power supply contracts, purchases, and other 16 procurement arrangements, and allocate capacity and energy and cost responsibility therefor among themselves in proportion to 17 18 their requirements.

19 (o) On or before June 1 of each year, the Commission shall 20 hold an informal hearing for the purpose of receiving comments 21 on the prior year's procurement process and any 22 recommendations for change.

(p) An electric utility subject to this Section may propose to invest, lease, own, or operate an electric generation facility as part of its procurement plan, provided the utility demonstrates that such facility is the least-cost 10200HB1747ham001 -147- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 option to provide electric service to those retail customers 2 included in the plan's electric supply service requirements. 3 If the facility is shown to be the least-cost option and is 4 included in a procurement plan prepared in accordance with 5 Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act and this 6 Section, then the electric utility shall make a filing pursuant to Section 8-406 of this Act, and may request of the 7 8 Commission any statutory relief required thereunder. If the 9 Commission grants all of the necessary approvals for the 10 proposed facility, such supply shall thereafter be considered 11 as a pre-existing contract under subsection (b) of this Section. The Commission shall in any order approving a 12 13 proposal under this subsection specify how the utility will recover the prudently incurred costs of investing in, leasing, 14 15 owning, or operating such generation facility through just and 16 reasonable rates charged to those retail customers included in the plan's electric supply service requirements. Cost recovery 17 for facilities included in the utility's procurement plan 18 pursuant to this subsection shall not be subject to review 19 20 under or in any way limited by the provisions of Section 16-111(i) of this Act. Nothing in this Section is intended to 21 prohibit a utility from filing for a fuel adjustment clause as 22 23 is otherwise permitted under Section 9-220 of this Act.

(q) If the Illinois Power Agency filed with the
Commission, under Section 16-111.5 of this Act, its proposed
procurement plan for the period commencing June 1, 2017, and

10200HB1747ham001 -148- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 the Commission has not yet entered its final order approving the plan on or before the effective date of this amendatory Act 2 of the 99th General Assembly, then the Illinois Power Agency 3 4 shall file a notice of withdrawal with the Commission, after 5 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly, to withdraw the proposed procurement of renewable 6 energy resources to be approved under the plan, other than the 7 8 procurement of renewable energy credits from distributed 9 renewable energy generation devices using funds previously 10 collected from electric utilities' retail customers that take 11 service pursuant to electric utilities' hourly pricing tariff or tariffs and, for an electric utility that serves less than 12 13 100,000 retail customers in the State, other than the 14 procurement of renewable energy credits from distributed 15 renewable energy generation devices. Upon receipt of the 16 notice, the Commission shall enter an order that approves the withdrawal of the proposed procurement of renewable energy 17 18 resources from the plan. The initially proposed procurement of renewable energy resources shall not be approved or be the 19 20 subject of any further hearing, investigation, proceeding, or order of any kind. 21

This amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly preempts and supersedes any order entered by the Commission that approved the Illinois Power Agency's procurement plan for the period commencing June 1, 2017, to the extent it is inconsistent with the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 10200HB1747ham001 -149- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 99th General Assembly. To the extent any previously entered order approved the procurement of renewable energy resources, 2 3 the portion of that order approving the procurement shall be 4 void, other than the procurement of renewable energy credits 5 from distributed renewable energy generation devices using funds previously collected from electric utilities' retail 6 customers that take service under electric utilities' hourly 7 pricing tariff or tariffs and, for an electric utility that 8 9 serves less than 100,000 retail customers in the State, other 10 than the procurement of renewable energy credits for 11 distributed renewable energy generation devices.

12 (Source: P.A. 99-906, eff. 6-1-17.)

13 (220 ILCS 5/16-115D)

Sec. 16-115D. Renewable portfolio standard for alternative retail electric suppliers and electric utilities operating outside their service territories.

17 (a) An alternative retail electric supplier shall be 18 responsible for procuring cost-effective renewable energy 19 resources as required under item (5) of subsection (d) of 20 Section 16-115 of this Act as outlined herein:

(1) The definition of renewable energy resources
 contained in Section 1-10 of the Illinois Power Agency Act
 applies to all renewable energy resources required to be
 procured by alternative retail electric suppliers.

25

(2) Through May 31, 2017, the quantity of renewable

10200HB1747ham001

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

energy resources shall be measured as a percentage of the actual amount of metered electricity (megawatt-hours) delivered by the alternative retail electric supplier to Illinois retail customers during the 12-month period June 1 through May 31, commencing June 1, 2009, and the comparable 12-month period in each year thereafter except as provided in item (6) of this subsection (a).

(3) Through May 31, 2017, the quantity of renewable 8 9 energy resources shall be in amounts at least equal to the 10 annual percentages set forth in item (1) of subsection (c) 11 of Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act. At least 12 60% of the renewable energy resources procured pursuant to 13 items (1) and (3) of subsection (b) of this Section shall 14 come from wind generation and, starting June 1, 2015, at 15 least 6% of the renewable energy resources procured 16 pursuant to items (1) and (3) of subsection (b) of this 17 Section shall come from solar photovoltaics. If, in any given year, an alternative retail electric supplier does 18 19 not purchase at least these levels of renewable energy 20 resources, then the alternative retail electric supplier 21 shall make alternative compliance payments, as described in subsection (d) of this Section. 22

(3.5) For the delivery year commencing June 1, 2017,
the quantity of renewable energy resources shall be at
least 13.0% of the uncovered amount of metered electricity
(megawatt-hours) delivered by the alternative retail

10200HB1747ham001

1 electric supplier to Illinois retail customers during the 2 delivery year, which uncovered amount shall equal 50% of 3 such metered electricity delivered by the alternative retail electric supplier. For the delivery year commencing 4 5 June 1, 2018, the quantity of renewable energy resources shall be at least 14.5% of the uncovered amount of metered 6 electricity (megawatt-hours) delivered by the alternative 7 8 retail electric supplier to Illinois retail customers 9 during the delivery year, which uncovered amount shall 10 equal 25% of such metered electricity delivered by the 11 alternative retail electric supplier. At least 32% of the 12 renewable energy resources procured by the alternative 13 retail electric supplier for its uncovered portion under 14 this paragraph (3.5) shall come from wind or photovoltaic 15 generation. The renewable energy resources procured under this paragraph (3.5) shall not include any resources from 16 17 a facility whose costs were being recovered through rates regulated by any state or states on or after January 1, 18 19 2017.

The quantity and source of renewable energy 20 (4) 21 resources shall be independently verified through the PJM 22 Environmental Information System Generation Attribute 23 Tracking System (PJM-GATS) or the Midwest Renewable Energy 24 Tracking System (M-RETS), which shall document the 25 location of generation, resource type, month, and year of 26 generation for all qualifying renewable energy resources 10200HB1747ham001 -152- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 that an alternative retail electric supplier uses to comply with this Section. No later than June 1, 2009, the 2 3 Illinois Power Agency shall provide PJM-GATS, M-RETS, and alternative retail electric suppliers with all information 4 5 necessary to identify resources located in Illinois, within states that adjoin Illinois or within portions of 6 the PJM and MISO footprint in the United States that 7 8 qualify under the definition of renewable energy resources 9 in Section 1-10 of the Illinois Power Agency Act for 10 compliance with this Section 16-115D. Alternative retail 11 electric suppliers shall be subject to not the requirements in item (3) of subsection (c) of Section 1-75 12 13 of the Illinois Power Agency Act.

14 (5) All renewable energy credits used to comply with15 this Section shall be permanently retired.

16 (6) The required procurement of renewable energy
17 resources by an alternative retail electric supplier shall
18 apply to all metered electricity delivered to Illinois
19 retail customers by the alternative retail electric
20 supplier pursuant to contracts executed or extended after
21 March 15, 2009.

22 (b) Compliance obligations.

(1) Through May 31, 2017, an alternative retail
 electric supplier shall comply with the renewable energy
 portfolio standards by making an alternative compliance
 payment, as described in subsection (d) of this Section,

1 to cover at least one-half of the alternative retail 2 electric supplier's compliance obligation for the period 3 prior to June 1, 2017.

4 (2) For the delivery years beginning June 1, 2017 and 5 June 1, 2018, an alternative retail electric supplier need 6 not make any alternative compliance payment to meet any 7 portion of its compliance obligation, as set forth in 8 paragraph (3.5) of subsection (a) of this Section.

9 (3) An alternative retail electric supplier shall use 10 any one or combination of the following means to cover the 11 remainder of the alternative retail electric supplier's 12 compliance obligation, as set forth in paragraphs (3) and 13 (3.5) of subsection (a) of this Section, not covered by an 14 alternative compliance payment made under paragraphs (1) 15 and (2) of this subsection (b) of this Section:

16 (A) Generating electricity using renewable energy
17 resources identified pursuant to item (4) of
18 subsection (a) of this Section.

(B) Purchasing electricity generated using
renewable energy resources identified pursuant to item
(4) of subsection (a) of this Section through an
energy contract.

(C) Purchasing renewable energy credits from
renewable energy resources identified pursuant to item
(4) of subsection (a) of this Section.

26

(D) Making an alternative compliance payment as

1 described in subsection (d) of this Section.

(c) Use of renewable energy credits.

2

3 (1) Renewable energy credits that are not used by an alternative retail electric supplier to comply with a 4 renewable portfolio standard in a compliance year may be 5 banked and carried forward up to 2 12-month compliance 6 periods after the compliance period in which the credit 7 8 was generated for the purpose of complying with a 9 renewable portfolio standard in those 2 subsequent 10 compliance periods. For the 2009-2010 and 2010-2011 11 compliance periods, an alternative retail electric 12 supplier may use renewable credits generated after December 31, 2008 and before June 1, 2009 to comply with 13 this Section. 14

15 (2) An alternative retail electric supplier is 16 responsible for demonstrating that a renewable energy 17 credit used to comply with a renewable portfolio standard 18 is derived from a renewable energy resource and that the 19 alternative retail electric supplier has not used, traded, 20 sold, or otherwise transferred the credit.

(3) The same renewable energy credit may be used by an alternative retail electric supplier to comply with a federal renewable portfolio standard and a renewable portfolio standard established under this Act. An alternative retail electric supplier that uses a renewable energy credit to comply with a renewable portfolio 10200HB1747ham001

standard imposed by any other state may not use the same credit to comply with a renewable portfolio standard established under this Act.

4

(d) Alternative compliance payments.

5 (1) The Commission shall establish and post on its website, within 5 business days after entering an order 6 7 approving a procurement plan pursuant to Section 1-75 of 8 the Illinois Power Agency Act, maximum alternative 9 compliance payment rates, expressed on a per kilowatt-hour 10 basis, that will be applicable in the first compliance period following the plan approval. A separate maximum 11 12 alternative compliance payment rate shall be established 13 for the service territory of each electric utility that is 14 subject to subsection (c) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois 15 Power Agency Act. Each maximum alternative compliance payment rate shall be equal to the maximum allowable 16 17 annual estimated average net increase due to the costs of the utility's purchase of renewable energy resources 18 19 included in the amounts paid by eligible retail customers 20 in connection with electric service, as described in item (2) of subsection (c) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois 21 22 Power Agency Act for the compliance period, and as 23 established in the approved procurement plan. Following 24 each procurement event through which renewable energy 25 resources are purchased for one or more of these utilities 26 for the compliance period, the Commission shall establish 10200HB1747ham001 -156- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 and post on its website estimates of the alternative 2 compliance payment rates, expressed on a per kilowatt-hour 3 basis, that shall apply for that compliance period. Posting of the estimates shall occur no later than 10 4 5 business days following the procurement event, however, the Commission shall not be required to establish and post 6 7 such estimates more often than once per calendar month. By 8 July 1 of each year, the Commission shall establish and 9 post on its website the actual alternative compliance 10 payment rates for the preceding compliance year. For 11 compliance years beginning prior to June 1, 2014, each 12 alternative compliance payment rate shall be equal to the 13 total amount of dollars that the utility contracted to 14 spend on renewable resources, excepting the additional 15 incremental cost attributable to solar resources, for the 16 compliance period divided by the forecasted load of 17 eligible retail customers, at the customers' meters, as 18 previously established in the Commission-approved 19 procurement plan for that compliance year. For compliance 20 years commencing on or after June 1, 2014, each 21 alternative compliance payment rate shall be equal to the 22 total amount of dollars that the utility contracted to 23 spend on all renewable resources for the compliance period 24 divided by the forecasted load of retail customers for 25 which the utility is procuring renewable energy resources 26 in a given delivery year, at the customers' meters, as

-157- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 previously established in Commission-approved the 2 procurement plan for that compliance year. The actual 3 alternative compliance payment rates may not exceed the maximum alternative compliance payment rates established 4 5 for the compliance period. For purposes of this subsection (d), the term "eligible retail customers" has the same 6 meaning as found in Section 16-111.5 of this Act. 7

10200HB1747ham001

8 (2)In any given compliance year, an alternative 9 retail electric supplier may elect to use alternative 10 compliance payments to comply with all or a part of the 11 applicable renewable portfolio standard. In the event that an alternative retail electric supplier elects to make 12 13 alternative compliance payments to comply with all or a 14 part of the applicable renewable portfolio standard, such 15 payments shall be made by September 1, 2010 for the period 16 of June 1, 2009 to May 1, 2010 and by September 1 of each 17 year thereafter for the subsequent compliance period, in 18 the manner and form as determined by the Commission. Any 19 election by an alternative retail electric supplier to use 20 alternative compliance payments is subject to review by 21 the Commission under subsection (e) of this Section.

22 (3)An alternative retail electric supplier's 23 alternative compliance payments shall be computed 24 separately for each electric utility's service territory within which the alternative retail electric supplier 25 26 provided retail service during the compliance period,

-158- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

10200HB1747ham001

1 provided that the electric utility was subject to subsection (c) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power 2 3 Agency Act. For each service territory, the alternative retail electric supplier's alternative compliance payment 4 5 shall be equal to (i) the actual alternative compliance payment rate established in item (1) of this subsection 6 (d), multiplied by (ii) the actual amount of metered 7 8 electricity delivered by the alternative retail electric 9 supplier to retail customers for which the supplier has a 10 compliance obligation within the service territory during 11 the compliance period, multiplied by (iii) the result of one minus the ratios of the quantity of renewable energy 12 13 resources used by the alternative retail electric supplier 14 to comply with the requirements of this Section within the 15 service territory to the product of the percentage of 16 renewable energy resources required under item (3) or (3.5) of subsection (a) of this Section and the actual 17 18 amount of metered electricity delivered by the alternative 19 retail electrical supplier to retail customers for which 20 the supplier has a compliance obligation within the 21 service territory during the compliance period.

(4) Through May 31, 2017, all alternative compliance
payments by alternative retail electric suppliers shall be
deposited in the Illinois Power Agency Renewable Energy
Resources Fund and used to purchase renewable energy
credits, in accordance with Section 1-56 of the Illinois

10200HB1747ham001 -159- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

Power Agency Act. Beginning April 1, 2012 and by April 1 of each year thereafter, the Illinois Power Agency shall submit an annual report to the General Assembly, the Commission, and alternative retail electric suppliers that shall include, but not be limited to:

6 (A) the total amount of alternative compliance 7 payments received in aggregate from alternative retail 8 electric suppliers by planning year for all previous 9 planning years in which the alternative compliance 10 payment was in effect;

(B) the amount of those payments utilized to purchased renewable energy credits itemized by the date of each procurement in which the payments were utilized; and

15 (C) the unused and remaining balance in the Agency
16 Renewable Energy Resources Fund attributable to those
17 payments.

(4.5) Beginning with the delivery year commencing June 18 19 1, 2017, all alternative compliance payments bv 20 alternative retail electric suppliers shall be remitted to applicable electric utility. To facilitate this 21 the 22 remittance, each electric utility shall file a tariff with 23 the Commission no later than 30 days following the 24 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General 25 Assembly, which the Commission shall approve, after notice 26 and hearing, no later than 45 days after its filing. The

10200HB1747ham001

Illinois Power Agency shall use such payments to increase
 the amount of renewable energy resources otherwise to be
 procured under subsection (c) of Section 1-75 of the
 Illinois Power Agency Act.

5 (5) The Commission, in consultation with the Illinois Power Agency, shall establish a process or proceeding to 6 consider the impact of a federal renewable portfolio 7 8 standard, if enacted, on the operation of the alternative 9 compliance mechanism, which shall include, but not be 10 limited to, developing, to the extent permitted by the 11 applicable federal statute, an appropriate methodology to apportion renewable energy credits retired as a result of 12 13 alternative compliance payments made in accordance with 14 this Section. The Commission shall commence any such 15 process or proceeding within 35 days after enactment of a 16 federal renewable portfolio standard.

17 (d-5) Self directing retail customers.

18(1) Beginning June 1, 2022, alternative retail19electric suppliers may procure renewable energy resources20from a renewable energy generator located in Illinois for21self-directing retail customers, as defined in Section221-10 of the Illinois Power Agency Act.

23 (2) In order to qualify as a self-directing retail
24 <u>customer:</u>

25(A) a notice must be provided to the electric26utility and the Illinois Power Agency that the retail

customer has entered into a self-supply renewable 1 portfolio standard agreement, as defined in Section 2 3 1-10 of the Illinois Power Agency Act, with an alternative retail electric supplier; 4

(B) the alternative retail electric supplier must 5 certify to the Illinois Power Agency that over the 6 7 term of the self-supply renewable portfolio standard agreement: (i) it will procure renewable energy 8 9 resources from renewable energy generators located in 10 Illinois for at least 25% of the metered electricity delivered by the alternative retail electric supplier 11 to the retail customer; (ii) it will deliver the 12 13 energy from those renewable energy generators to the 14 retail customer and retire the renewable energy 15 credits from those renewable energy generators; and (iii) it will not use, trade, sell, or otherwise 16 transfer those renewable energy credits from those 17 renewable energy generators; and 18

19 (C) the renewable energy generator must certify to 20 the Illinois Power Agency that: (i) its facility is 21 located in Illinois; (ii) not less than the prevailing 22 wage was or will be paid to employees engaged in 23 construction activities associated with the facility; 24 (iii) at a minimum at least 25% of all construction 25 related activities associated with the facility, 26 including, but not limited to legal work, accounting,

1	catering, and equipment rental were or are provided by
2	businesses owned by minority persons, women, or
3	persons with disabilities; and (iv) the costs for its
4	facility were not recovered through rates regulated by
5	any state or states on or after January 1, 2017.
6	"Prevailing wage" has the same meaning as defined in
7	subparagraph (F) of paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of
8	Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act. The
9	terms "minority persons", "women", and "persons with
10	disabilities" have the same meaning as provided in
11	subsection (A) of Section 2 of the Business Enterprise
12	for Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities
13	<u>Act.</u>
14	(3) The electric utility shall be entitled to recover
15	reasonable costs incurred in complying with this
16	subsection from all retail customers.
17	(4) The self-supply renewable portfolio standard
18	agreement, and any renewal of such agreement, shall be for
19	<u>a minimum duration of one year for residential retail</u>
20	customers and small commercial retail customers; a minimum
21	duration of one year for corporate authorities, township
22	boards, and county boards entering into such agreements
23	under a government aggregation program adopted in
24	accordance with Section 1-92 of the Illinois Power Agency

accordance with Section 1-92 of the Illinois Power Agency 24 Act; and a minimum duration of 5 years for all other 25 26 non-residential retail customers.

1	(5) The notice provided pursuant to paragraph (2) of
2	this subsection shall be given by the alternative retail
3	electric supplier at least 60 days prior to the effective
4	date of the self-supply renewable portfolio standard
5	agreement and shall identify: (i) the retail customer's
6	name, address, and account number; (ii) the duration of
7	the self-supply renewable portfolio standard agreement;
8	and (iii) the name and location of the renewable energy
9	generator that will be supplying the renewable energy
10	resources. The alternative retail electric supplier also
11	shall provide a notice to the electric utility and the
12	Illinois Power Agency at least 60 days prior to the end of
13	the term of the self-supply renewable portfolio standard
14	agreement detailing whether and for what duration the
15	self-supply renewable portfolio standard agreement has
16	been renewed, and shall promptly notify the electric
17	utility and the Illinois Power Agency if the self-supply
18	renewable portfolio standard agreement is terminated for
19	any reason prior to the end of the term.

(e) Each alternative retail electric supplier shall, by
September 1, 2010 and by September 1 of each year thereafter,
prepare and submit to the Commission a report, in a format to
be specified by the Commission, that provides information
certifying compliance by the alternative retail electric
supplier with this Section, including copies of all PJM-GATS
and M-RETS reports, and documentation relating to banking,

1 retiring renewable energy credits, and any other information 2 that the Commission determines necessary to ensure compliance 3 with this Section.

10200HB1747ham001

4 An alternative retail electric supplier may file 5 commercially or financially sensitive information or trade secrets with the Commission as provided under the rules of the 6 Commission. To be filed confidentially, the information shall 7 8 be accompanied by an affidavit that sets forth both the 9 reasons for the confidentiality and a public synopsis of the 10 information.

11 (f) The Commission may initiate a contested case to review allegations that the alternative retail electric supplier has 12 13 violated this Section, including an order issued or rule 14 promulgated under this Section. In any such proceeding, the 15 alternative retail electric supplier shall have the burden of 16 proof. If the Commission finds, after notice and hearing, that an alternative retail electric supplier has violated this 17 18 Section, then the Commission shall issue an order requiring 19 the alternative retail electric supplier to:

20

(1) immediately comply with this Section; and

21 (2) if the violation involves a failure to procure the 22 requisite quantity of renewable energy resources or pay 23 the applicable alternative compliance payment by the 24 deadline, the Commission shall annual require the 25 alternative retail electric supplier to double the 26 applicable alternative compliance payment that would otherwise be required to bring the alternative retail electric supplier into compliance with this Section.

10200HB1747ham001

1

2

3 If an alternative retail electric supplier fails to comply 4 with the renewable energy resource portfolio requirement in 5 this Section more than once in a 5-year period, then the Commission shall revoke the alternative electric supplier's 6 certificate of service authority. The Commission shall not 7 accept an application for a certificate of service authority 8 9 from an alternative retail electric supplier that has lost 10 certification under this subsection (f), or any corporate 11 affiliate thereof, for at least one year after the date of revocation. 12

13 (q) All of the provisions of this Section apply to 14 electric utilities operating outside their service area except 15 under item (2) of subsection (a) of this Section the quantity 16 of renewable energy resources shall be measured as а 17 percentage of the actual amount of electricity supplied in the State outside of the 18 (megawatt-hours) utility's service territory during the 12-month period June 1 19 20 through May 31, commencing June 1, 2009, and the comparable 12-month period in each year thereafter except as provided in 21 item (6) of subsection (a) of this Section. 22

If any such utility fails to procure the requisite quantity of renewable energy resources by the annual deadline, then the Commission shall require the utility to double the alternative compliance payment that would otherwise be required to bring the utility into compliance with this
 Section.

If any such utility fails to comply with the renewable energy resource portfolio requirement in this Section more than once in a 5-year period, then the Commission shall order the utility to cease all sales outside of the utility's service territory for a period of at least one year.

8 (h) The provisions of this Section and the provisions of 9 subsection (d) of Section 16-115 of this Act relating to 10 procurement of renewable energy resources shall not apply to 11 an alternative retail electric supplier that operates a combined heat and power system in this State or that has a 12 13 corporate affiliate that operates such a combined heat and 14 power system in this State that supplies electricity primarily 15 to or for the benefit of: (i) facilities owned by the supplier, 16 its subsidiary, or other corporate affiliate; (ii) facilities electrically integrated with the electrical system of 17 facilities owned by the supplier, its subsidiary, or other 18 corporate affiliate; or (iii) facilities that are adjacent to 19 20 the site on which the combined heat and power system is located. 21

(i) The obligations of alternative retail electric
suppliers and electric utilities operating outside their
service territories to procure renewable energy resources,
make alternative compliance payments, and file annual reports,
and the obligations of the Commission to determine and post

10200HB1747ham001 -167- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 alternative compliance payment rates, shall terminate after May 31, 2019, provided that alternative retail electric 2 suppliers and electric utilities operating outside their 3 4 service territories shall be obligated to make all alternative 5 compliance payments that they were obligated to pay for periods through and including May 31, 2019, but were not paid 6 as of that date. The Commission shall continue to enforce the 7 8 payment of unpaid alternative compliance payments in 9 accordance with subsections (f) and (q) of this Section. All 10 alternative compliance payments made after May 31, 2016 shall 11 be remitted to the applicable electric utility and used to purchase renewable energy credits, in accordance with Section 12 13 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act.

This subsection (i) is 14 intended to accommodate the 15 transition to the procurement of renewable energy resources 16 for all retail customers in the amounts specified under subsection (c) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency 17 Act and Section 16-111.5 of this Act, including but not 18 19 limited to the transition to a single charge applicable to all 20 retail customers to recover the costs of these resources. Each 21 alternative retail electric supplier shall certify in its 22 annual reports filed pursuant to subsection (e) of this 23 Section after May 31, 2019, that its retail customers are not 24 paying the costs of alternative compliance payments or 25 renewable energy resources that the alternative retail 26 electric supplier is not required to remit or purchase under 10200HB1747ham001 -168- LRB102 12090 SPS 23532 a

1 this Section. The Commission shall have the authority to 2 initiate an emergency rulemaking to adopt rules regarding such 3 certification.

4 (Source: P.A. 99-906, eff. 6-1-17.)".