

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB1767

Introduced 2/17/2021, by Rep. William Davis

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

315 ILCS 5/Act rep.

Repeals the Blighted Areas Redevelopment Act of 1947. Effective immediately.

LRB102 13323 KTG 18667 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 2.0

2.4

1 AN ACT concerning urban problems.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 1. Findings.
 - (1) The General Assembly finds that in the 20th Century African-American communities in Illinois were substantially economically disadvantaged due to the policy of "redlining", whereby mortgage opportunities were denied to African-Americans or provided at greater than average interest rates.
 - (2) The General Assembly finds that through these policies, the African-American population of Illinois became concentrated in certain neighborhoods in Illinois cities. Due to the lack of access to capital, many of the renters in these neighborhoods were at the mercy of unscrupulous landlords, who failed to provide the proper maintenance and improvements to their properties. African-American homeowners in these neighborhoods often lacked the funds for proper upkeep. As a result, these neighborhoods began to become rundown and dilapidated. Soon thereafter these neighborhoods were deemed "blighted". Policymakers began to look for solutions to the problem of "blighted areas".
 - (3) The Blighted Areas Redevelopment Act of 1947 was enacted in an attempt to address the blighted areas problem.

- However, the General Assembly finds that the ultimate effect 1 2 of this Act was to codify discriminatory housing practices by 3 declaring large swaths of African-American neighborhoods blighted areas. This resulted in these areas being condemned 5 and demolished and the residents being forced to move without affordable housing readily available. The ultimate result was 6 that the condemned areas were not redeveloped with affordable 7 8 housing, but rather converted to mixed industrial or highway 9 use, effectively serving as a "moat" between African-American 10 neighborhoods and the rest of the city.
- 11 (4) The General Assembly finds that the stain of the 12 discriminatory effects of the Blighted Areas Redevelopment Act 13 of 1947 cannot be erased. However, the effects can be 14 recognized and with the repeal of the Act, the path toward 15 healing can begin.
- 16 (315 ILCS 5/Act rep.)
- Section 5. The Blighted Areas Redevelopment Act of 1947 is repealed.
- 19 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 20 becoming law.