

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB2479

Introduced 2/19/2021, by Rep. Deanne M. Mazzochi

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/15-172.1 new

Amends the Property Tax Code. Creates the senior citizens homestead school levy exemption for property that is improved with a permanent structure that is occupied as a primary residence by an applicant who (i) is 65 years of age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) is liable for paying real property taxes on the property, (iv) is an owner of record of the property or has a legal or equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written instrument, if no individual residing at the real property is or will be enrolled in a public school. Effective immediately.

LRB102 13576 HLH 18924 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by adding
- 5 Section 15-172.1 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 200/15-172.1 new)
- 7 Sec. 15-172.1. Senior Citizens Homestead Exemption School
- 8 Levy Cap.
- 9 (a) This Section may be cited as the Senior Citizens
- 10 Homestead Exemption School Levy Cap.
- 11 (b) As used in this Section:
- 12 <u>"Applicant" means an individual who has filed an</u>
- 13 application under this Section.
- "Base year" means the taxable year for which the applicant
- first qualifies and applies for the exemption, provided that,
- in the prior taxable year, the property was improved with a
- 17 permanent structure that was occupied as as the primary
- 18 residence by an applicant who was liable for paying real
- 19 property taxes on the property and who was either (i) an owner
- of record of the property or had legal or equitable interest in
- 21 the property as evidenced by a written instrument or (ii) had a
- 22 legal or equitable interest as a lessee in the parcel of
- 23 property that was an single-family residence and that lease

- obligates the lessee to pay property taxes on the parcel.
- 2 "Base year applicable K-12 school salary levy" means the
- 3 aggregate tax levy share applied to the property in the base
- 4 year pursuant to Section 17-2 of the School Code that derives
- 5 from: (i) faculty salaries and benefits; (ii) administrator
- 6 salaries and benefits; and (iii) classified staff salaries and
- 7 benefits.
- 8 "Retirement age base amount" means the base year equalized
- 9 assessed value of a residence as of the year the first
- 10 homeowner of the residence, who has resided in the residence
- as a primary residence for a period of at least 5 years, turns
- 12 age 65.
- "Chief county assessment officer" means the County
- 14 Assessor or Supervisor of Assessments of the county in which
- 15 the property is located.
- "Equalized assessed value" means the assessed value as
- 17 equalized by the Department of Revenue.
- 18 "Household" means the applicant, the spouse of the
- 19 applicant, and all persons using the residence of the
- 20 applicant as their principal place of residence.
- "Household income" means the combined income of the
- 22 members of a household for the calendar year preceding the
- taxable year.
- "Income" has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07
- of the Senior Citizens and Persons with Disabilities Property
- 26 Tax Relief Act, except that "income" does not include

- 1 veteran's benefits.
- 2 "Incremental K-12 school salary levy" means for any year
- 3 subsequent to the base year, the aggregate tax levy share
- 4 applied to the property pursuant to Section 17-2 that derives
- 5 from: (i) faculty salaries and benefits; (ii) administrator
- 6 salaries and benefits; and (iii) classified staff salaries and
- 7 benefits, which exceeds the base year applicable K-12 school
- 8 salary levy.
- 9 "Incremental K-12 school salary levy exemption amount"
- 10 means the incremental K-12 school salary levy exemption
- 11 calculated for that tax year.
- "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means the United States
- 13 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor law or laws
- 14 relating to federal income taxes in effect for the year
- 15 preceding the taxable year.
- "Life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative" means
- 17 a facility as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities
- 18 Act.
- 19 "Maximum income limitation" means for taxable years 2022
- and thereafter, \$100,000 per year, indexed to annual inflation
- 21 rates, or 2%, whichever is less per year.
- "Residence" means the principal dwelling place and
- 23 appurtenant structures used for residential purposes in this
- 24 State occupied on January 1 of the taxable year by a household
- and so much of the surrounding land, constituting the parcel
- 26 upon which the dwelling place is situated, as is used for

- 1 <u>residential purposes. If the chief county assessment officer</u>
- 2 has established a specific legal description for a portion of
- 3 property constituting the residence, then that portion of
- 4 property shall be deemed the residence for the purposes of
- 5 this Section.
- 6 "Taxable year" means the calendar year during which ad
- 7 valorem property taxes payable in the next succeeding year are
- 8 levied.
- 9 <u>(c) Beginning in taxable year 2022, a senior citizens</u>
- 10 <u>homestead school levy exemption is granted for real property</u>
- that is improved with a permanent structure that is occupied
- as the primary residence by an applicant who (i) is 65 years of
- 13 age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household
- 14 income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation,
- 15 (iii) is liable for paying real property taxes on the
- 16 property, (iv) is an owner of record of the property or has a
- 17 legal or equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a
- 18 written instrument, if no individual residing at the real
- 19 property is or will be enrolled in a tax levying body eligible
- 20 to place a levy on the property pursuant to Section 17-2 of the
- 21 School Code. This homestead school levy exemption shall also
- 22 apply to a leasehold interest in a parcel of property improved
- 23 with a permanent structure that is a single family residence
- that is occupied as a residence by a person who: (i) is 65
- 25 years of age or older during the taxable year; (ii) has a
- 26 household income that does not exceed the maximum income

- 1 <u>limitation; (iii) has a legal or equitable ownership interest</u>
- 2 <u>in the property as lessee; and (iv) is liable for the payment</u>
- 3 of real property taxes on that property.
- 4 (d) In counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the
- 5 amount of the exemption for all taxable years for qualifying
- 6 <u>residents is the incremental K-12 school salary levy exemption</u>
- amount, which may be reduced by an amount not to exceed the
- 8 percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban
- 9 Consumers for that year. In all other counties, the amount of
- the exemption for qualifying residents is the Incremental K-12
- 11 school salary levy exemption amount, provided that the
- 12 Incremental K-12 school salary levy exemption amount may be
- 13 reduced by 1% per year, provided that the total Incremental
- 14 K-12 school salary levy does not exceed 2% of the fair market
- value of the property.
- 16 When the applicant is a surviving spouse of an applicant
- for a prior year for the same residence for which an exemption
- 18 under this Section has been granted, the exemption shall still
- 19 apply provided that no individual residing at the real
- 20 property is or will be enrolled in a tax levying body eligible
- 21 to place a levy on the property pursuant to Section 17-2 of the
- 22 School Code.
- Each year at the time the assessment books are certified
- 24 to the county clerk, the board of review shall give to the
- county clerk a list of the assessed values of improvements on
- 26 each parcel qualifying for this exemption that were added

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

after the base year for this parcel and that increased the assessed value of the property. In the case of land improved with an apartment building owned and operated as a cooperative or a building that is a life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative, the maximum reduction from the equalized assessed value of the property is limited to the sum of the reductions calculated for each unit occupied as a residence by a person or persons (i) 65 years of age or older, (ii) with a household income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) who is liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for paying real property taxes on the property, and (iv) who is an owner of record of a legal or equitable interest in the cooperative apartment building, other than a leasehold interest, provided that no individual residing at the real property is or will be enrolled in a tax levying body eligible to place a levy on the property pursuant to Section 17-2 of the School Code. In the instance of a cooperative where a homestead exemption has been granted under this Section, the cooperative association or its management firm shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of the owner who qualified for the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses to credit that savings to an owner who qualifies for the exemption is quilty of a Class B misdemeanor. When a homestead exemption has been granted under this Section and an applicant then becomes a resident of a facility licensed under the Assisted Living and

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community

Care Act, or the MC/DD Act, the exemption shall be granted in

subsequent years so long as the residence (i) continues to be

occupied by the qualified applicant's spouse or (ii) if

remaining unoccupied, is still owned by the qualified

Shared Housing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized

7 <u>applicant for the homestead exemption, and no individual</u> 8 residing at the real property is or will be enrolled in a tax

levying body eligible to place a levy on the property pursuant

to Section 17-2 of the School Code.

When married persons maintain separate residences, the exemption provided for in this Section may be claimed by only one of such persons and for only one residence, and provided that no individual residing at the real property is or will be enrolled in a tax levying body eligible to place a levy on the property pursuant to Section 17-2 of the School Code. For taxable year 2023, in counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an application by February 15, 2023 to the chief county assessment officer of the county in which the property is located. In counties having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, for taxable year 2023 and all subsequent taxable years, to receive the exemption, a person may submit an application to the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located during such period as may be specified by the Chief County Assessment officer. The Chief County Assessment Officer

in counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall annually 1 give notice of the application period by mail or by 2 3 publication. In counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, beginning with taxable year 2023 and thereafter, 4 5 a county may, by ordinance, establish a date for submission of applications that is different than February 15. The applicant 6 7 shall submit with the application an affidavit of the 8 applicant's total household income, age, marital status (and 9 if married the name and address of the applicant's spouse, if known), confirmation that no individual residing at the real 10 11 property is or will be enrolled in a tax levying body eligible 12 to place a levy on the property pursuant to Section 17-2 of the School Code for the full taxable year, and principal dwelling 13 14 place of members of the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The Department shall establish, by rule, a method for 15 verifying the accuracy of affidavits filed by applicants under 16 17 this Section, and the chief county assessment officer may conduct audits of any taxpayer claiming an exemption under 18 19 this Section to verify that the taxpayer is eligible to 20 receive the exemption. Each application shall contain or be 21 verified by a written declaration that it is made under the penalties of perjury. A taxpayer's signing a fraudulent 22 23 application under this Act is perjury, as defined in Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 2012. The applications shall be 24 25 clearly marked as applications for the Senior Citizens Homestead Exemption School Levy Cap and must contain a notice 26

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

that any taxpayer who receives the exemption is subject to an audit by the Chief County Assessment Officer.

Beginning January 1, 2023, notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, in counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant fails to file the application required by this Section in a timely manner and this failure to file is due to a mental or physical condition sufficiently severe so as to render the applicant incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, the chief county assessment officer may extend the filing deadline for a period of 3 months. In order to receive the extension provided in this paragraph, the applicant shall provide the chief county assessment officer with a signed statement from applicant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant stating the nature and extent of the condition, and that, in the physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant incapable of filing the application in a timely manner.

For purposes of this Section, a person who will be 65 years of age during the current taxable year shall be eligible to apply for the Senior Citizens Homestead Exemption School Levy Cap during that taxable year. Application shall be made during the application period in effect for the county of his or her residence.

The chief county assessment officer may determine the

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

eligibility of a life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative to receive the benefits provided by this Section by use of an affidavit, application, visual inspection, questionnaire, or other reasonable method in order to insure that the tax savings resulting from the exemption are credited by the management firm to the apportioned tax liability of each qualifying resident. The chief county assessment officer may request reasonable proof that the management firm has so credited that exemption. Except as provided in this Section, all information received by the chief county assessment officer or the Department from applications filed under this Section, or from any investigation conducted under the provisions of this Section, shall be confidential, except for official purposes or pursuant to official procedures for collection of any State or local tax or enforcement of any civil or criminal penalty or sanction imposed by this Act or by any statute or ordinance imposing a State or local tax. Any person who divulges any such information in any manner, except in accordance with a proper judicial order, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. Nothing contained in this Section shall prevent the Director or chief county assessment officer from publishing or making available reasonable statistics concerning the operation of the exemption contained in this Section in which the contents of claims are grouped into aggregates in such a way that information contained in any individual claim shall not be disclosed.

- 1 (e) Each chief county assessment officer shall annually publish a notice of availability of the exemption provided 2 3 under this Section. The notice shall be published at least 60 4 days but no more than 75 days prior to the date on which the 5 application must be submitted to the chief county assessment 6 officer of the county in which the property is located. The notice shall appear in a newspaper of general circulation in 7 8 the county.
- Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates

 Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the

 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.