

Rep. La Shawn K. Ford

Filed: 4/8/2021

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10200HB2989ham002

LRB102 10284 KMF 24792 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 2989 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend House Bill 2989, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the 3 4 following: "Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by 5 6 changing Section 5-4.5-105 as follows: 7 (730 ILCS 5/5-4.5-105) Sec. 5-4.5-105. SENTENCING OF INDIVIDUALS UNDER THE AGE OF 8 21 18 AT THE TIME OF THE COMMISSION OF AN OFFENSE. 9 (a) On or after January 1, 2016 (the effective date of 10 Public Act 99-69) this amendatory Act of the 99th General 11 Assembly and before the effective date of this amendatory Act 12 13 of the 102nd General Assembly, when a person commits an

offense and the person is under 18 years of age at the time of

the commission of the offense, the court, at the sentencing

hearing conducted under Section 5-4-1, shall consider the

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1	following	additional	factors	in	mitigation	in	determining	the
2	appropriat	te sentence:						

- (1) the person's age, impetuosity, and level of maturity at the time of the offense, including the ability to consider risks and consequences of behavior, and the presence of cognitive or developmental disability, or both, if any;
- (2) whether the person was subjected to outside pressure, including peer pressure, familial pressure, or negative influences;
- (3) the person's family, home environment, educational and social background, including any history of parental neglect, physical abuse, or other childhood trauma;
- (4) the person's potential for rehabilitation or evidence of rehabilitation, or both;
 - (5) the circumstances of the offense;
- (6) the person's degree of participation and specific role in the offense, including the level of planning by the defendant before the offense;
- (7) whether the person was able to meaningfully participate in his or her defense;
- (8) the person's prior juvenile or criminal history;
- (9) any other information the court finds relevant and reliable, including an expression of remorse, if appropriate. However, if the person, on advice of counsel

1	chooses not to make a statement, the court shall not
2	consider a lack of an expression of remorse as an
3	aggravating factor.
4	(a-5) On or after the effective date of this amendatory
5	Act of the 102nd General Assembly, when a person commits an
6	offense and the person is under 21 years of age at the time of
7	the commission of the offense, the court, at the sentencing
8	hearing conducted under Section 5-4-1, shall consider the
9	following additional factors in mitigation in determining the
10	appropriate sentence:
11	(1) the person's age, impetuosity, and level of
12	maturity at the time of the offense, including the ability
13	to consider risks and consequences of behavior, and the
14	presence of cognitive or developmental disability, or
15	<pre>both, if any;</pre>
16	(2) whether the person was subjected to outside
17	pressure, including peer pressure, familial pressure, or
18	<pre>negative influences;</pre>
19	(3) the person's family, home environment, educational
20	and social background, including any history of parental
21	neglect, physical abuse, or other childhood trauma;
22	(4) the person's potential for rehabilitation or
23	evidence of rehabilitation, or both;
24	(5) the circumstances of the offense;
25	(6) the person's degree of participation and specific
26	role in the offense, including the level of planning by

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the o	defendant	before	the	offense;
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- (7) whether the person was able to meaningfully participate in his or her defense;
 - (8) the person's prior juvenile or criminal history; and
 - (9) any other information the court finds relevant and reliable, including an expression of remorse, if appropriate. However, if the person, on advice of counsel chooses not to make a statement, the court shall not consider a lack of an expression of remorse as an aggravating factor.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the court may sentence the defendant to any disposition authorized for the class of the offense of which he or she was found guilty as described in Article 4.5 of this Code, and may, in its discretion, decline to impose any otherwise applicable sentencing enhancement based upon firearm possession, possession with personal discharge, or possession with personal discharge that proximately causes great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the defendant is convicted of first degree murder and would otherwise be subject to sentencing under clause (iii), (iv), (v), or (vii) of subparagraph (c) of paragraph (l) of subsection (a) of Section 5-8-1 of this Code based on the

- category of persons identified therein, the court shall impose 1
- a sentence of not less than 40 years of imprisonment. In 2
- 3 addition, the court may, in its discretion, decline to impose
- 4 the sentencing enhancements based upon the possession or use
- 5 of a firearm during the commission of the offense included in
- subsection (d) of Section 5-8-1. 6
- (Source: P.A. 99-69, eff. 1-1-16; 99-258, eff. 1-1-16; 99-875, 7
- eff. 1-1-17.)". 8