

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB3578

Introduced 2/22/2021, by Rep. Deb Conroy

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 570/315.7 new

Amends the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. Provides that a prescriber shall prescribe naloxone hydrochloride or another drug approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for the complete or partial reversal of opioid depression to a patient if the patient presents with an increased risk for overdose, including a patient with a history of overdose, a patient with a history of substance use disorder, or a patient at risk for returning to a high dose of opioid medication to which the patient is no longer tolerant. Provides other requirements and exemptions. Makes other changes. Effective January 1, 2022.

LRB102 12604 KMF 17942 b

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1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is amended by adding Section 315.7 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 570/315.7 new)
- Sec. 315.7. Prescriber requirements.
- 8 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,
 9 a prescriber shall:
 - approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for the complete or partial reversal of opioid depression to a patient when the patient presents with an increased risk for overdose, including a patient with a history of overdose, a patient with a history of substance use disorder, or a patient at risk for returning to a high dose of opioid medication to which the patient is no longer tolerant.
 - (2) Consistent with the existing standard of care, provide education to patients receiving a prescription under paragraph (1) of this subsection (a) on overdose prevention and the use of naloxone hydrochloride or another drug approved by the United States Food and Drug

1	Administration	for	the	complete	or	partial	reversal	of
2	opioid depressi							

- (3) Consistent with the existing standard of care, provide education on overdose prevention and the use of naloxone hydrochloride or another drug approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for the complete or partial reversal of opioid depression to one or more persons designated by the patient, or, for a patient who is a minor, to the minor's parent or quardian.
- (b) This Section does not apply to a prescriber when prescribing to an inmate or youth under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice.
- (c) A prescriber who does not comply with subsection (a) is subject to administrative sanctions under the appropriate licensing board. This Section does not create a private right of action against a prescriber and does not limit a prescriber's liability for the negligent failure to diagnose or treat a patient.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January
 1, 2022.