

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB4366

Introduced 1/5/2022, by Rep. William Davis

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

755 ILCS 5/11a-12

from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 11a-12

Amends the Guardians For Adults With Disabilities Article of the Probate Act of 1975. Removes a provision that exempts a guardian of the person appointed in county with a population of more than 3,000,000 from completing a training program created under the Guardianship and Advocacy Act.

LRB102 23003 LNS 32157 b

1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Probate Act of 1975 is amended by changing

 Section 11a-12 as follows:
- 6 (755 ILCS 5/11a-12) (from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 11a-12)
- 7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-72)
- 8 Sec. 11a-12. Order of appointment.)
- 9 (a) If basis for the appointment of a guardian as
 10 specified in Section 11a-3 is not found, the court shall
 11 dismiss the petition.
- (b) If the respondent is adjudged to be a person with a 12 disability and to lack some but not all of the capacity as 13 14 specified in Section 11a-3, and if the court finds that guardianship is necessary for the protection of the person 15 16 with a disability, his or her estate, or both, the court shall 17 appoint a limited quardian for the respondent's person or estate or both. The court shall enter a written order stating 18 19 the factual basis for its findings and specifying the duties and powers of the quardian and the legal disabilities to which 20 21 the respondent is subject.
- (c) If the respondent is adjudged to be a person with a disability and to be totally without capacity as specified in

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- 11a-3, and if the finds 1 Section court that limited 2 quardianship will not provide sufficient protection for the person with a disability, his or her estate, or both, the court 3 shall appoint a plenary quardian for the respondent's person 4 5 or estate or both. The court shall enter a written order stating the factual basis for its findings. 6
 - (d) The selection of the guardian shall be in the discretion of the court, which shall give due consideration to the preference of the person with a disability as to a guardian, as well as the qualifications of the proposed guardian, in making its appointment. However, the paramount concern in the selection of the guardian is the best interest and well-being of the person with a disability.
 - (e) The order of appointment of a quardian of the person in any county with a population of less than 3 million shall include the requirement that the guardian of the person complete the training program as provided in Section 33.5 of Guardianship and Advocacy Act that the outlines responsibilities of the guardian of the person and the rights of the person under quardianship and file with the court a certificate of completion one year from the date of issuance of the letters of quardianship, except that: (1) the chief judge of any circuit may order implementation of another program by a suitable provider containing substantially similar content; (2) employees of the Office of the State Guardian, public guardians, attorneys currently

- 1 authorized to practice law, corporate fiduciaries, and persons
- 2 certified by the Center for Guardianship Certification are
- 3 exempt from this training requirement; and (3) the court may,
- 4 for good cause shown, exempt from this requirement an
- 5 individual not otherwise listed in item (2). For the purposes
- of this subsection (e), good cause may be proven by affidavit.
- 7 If the court finds good cause to exempt an individual from the
- 8 training requirement, the order of appointment shall so state.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 100-483, eff. 9-8-18.)
- 10 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-72)
- 11 Sec. 11a-12. Order of appointment.
- 12 (a) If basis for the appointment of a guardian as
- 13 specified in Section 11a-3 is not found, the court shall
- 14 dismiss the petition.
- 15 (b) If the respondent is adjudged to be a person with a
- 16 disability and to lack some but not all of the capacity as
- 17 specified in Section 11a-3, and if the court finds that
- 18 guardianship is necessary for the protection of the person
- 19 with a disability, his or her estate, or both, the court shall
- 20 appoint a limited guardian for the respondent's person or
- 21 estate or both. The court shall enter a written order stating
- 22 the factual basis for its findings and specifying the duties
- and powers of the guardian and the legal disabilities to which
- 24 the respondent is subject.
- 25 (c) If the respondent is adjudged to be a person with a

- disability and to be totally without capacity as specified in Section 11a-3, and if the court finds that limited guardianship will not provide sufficient protection for the person with a disability, his or her estate, or both, the court shall appoint a plenary quardian for the respondent's person or estate or both. The court shall enter a written order stating the factual basis for its findings.
 - (d) The selection of the guardian shall be in the discretion of the court, which shall give due consideration to the preference of the person with a disability as to a guardian, as well as the qualifications of the proposed guardian, in making its appointment. However, the paramount concern in the selection of the guardian is the best interests and well-being of the person with a disability.

One person or agency may be appointed a limited or plenary guardian of the person and another person or corporate trustee appointed as a limited or plenary guardian of the estate. If different persons are appointed, the court shall consider the factors set forth in subsection (b-5) of Section 11a-5. The court shall enter a written order stating the factual basis for its findings.

(e) The order of appointment of a guardian of the person in any county with a population of less than 3 million shall include the requirement that the guardian of the person complete the training program as provided in Section 33.5 of the Guardianship and Advocacy Act that outlines the

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responsibilities of the guardian of the person and the rights of the person under quardianship and file with the court a certificate of completion one year from the date of issuance of the letters of quardianship, except that: (1) the chief judge of any circuit may order implementation of another program by а suitable provider containing substantially similar content; (2) employees of the Office of the State Guardian, public guardians, attorneys currently authorized to practice law, corporate fiduciaries, and persons certified by the Center for Guardianship Certification are exempt from this training requirement; and (3) the court may, for good cause shown, exempt from this requirement an individual not otherwise listed in item (2). For the purposes of this subsection (e), good cause may be proven by affidavit. If the court finds good cause to exempt an individual from the training requirement, the order of appointment shall so state. (Source: P.A. 102-72, eff. 1-1-22.)

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.