

## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB4404

Introduced 1/21/2022, by Rep. Chris Bos

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

725 ILCS 5/110-4

from Ch. 38, par. 110-4

Amends the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. Provides that before January 1, 2023, a person who has 2 or more convictions for firearm offenses shall be denied bail when the court after a hearing, determines that the release of the defendant would pose a real and present threat to the physical safety of any person or persons. Provides that on or after January 1, 2023, a person shall not be eligible for pretrial release when the person is charged with a felony offense and the defendant has 2 or more convictions for firearms offenses if the court after a hearing, determines that the release of the defendant would pose a real and present threat to the physical safety of any person or persons. Effective immediately.

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1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is amended by changing Section 110-4 as follows:
- 6 (725 ILCS 5/110-4) (from Ch. 38, par. 110-4)
- 7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 101-652)
- 8 Sec. 110-4. Bailable Offenses.
  - (a) All persons shall be bailable before conviction, except the following offenses where the proof is evident or the presumption great that the defendant is guilty of the offense: capital offenses; offenses for which a sentence of life imprisonment may be imposed as a consequence of conviction; felony offenses for which sentence а of imprisonment, without conditional and revocable release, shall be imposed by law as a consequence of conviction, felony offenses when the defendant has 2 or more convictions for firearms offenses, where the court after a hearing, determines that the release of the defendant would pose a real and present threat to the physical safety of any person or persons; stalking or aggravated stalking, where the court, after a hearing, determines that the release of the defendant would pose a real and present threat to the physical safety of the

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alleged victim of the offense and denial of bail is necessary to prevent fulfillment of the threat upon which the charge is based; or unlawful use of weapons in violation of item (4) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 when that offense occurred in a school or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or school-related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of real property comprising any school, where the court, after a hearing, determines that the release of the defendant would pose a real and present threat to the physical safety of any person and denial of bail is necessary to prevent fulfillment of that threat; or making a terrorist threat in violation of Section 29D-20 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 or an attempt to commit the offense of making a terrorist threat, where the court, after a hearing, determines that the release of the defendant would pose a real and present threat to the physical safety of any person and denial of bail is necessary to prevent fulfillment of that threat.

(b) A person seeking release on bail who is charged with a capital offense or an offense for which a sentence of life imprisonment may be imposed shall not be bailable until a hearing is held wherein such person has the burden of demonstrating that the proof of his guilt is not evident and the presumption is not great.

- (c) Where it is alleged that bail should be denied to a 1 2 person upon the grounds that the person presents a real and 3 present threat to the physical safety of any person or persons, the burden of proof of such allegations shall be upon 4 5 the State.
- 6 (d) When it is alleged that bail should be denied to a 7 person charged with stalking or aggravated stalking upon the grounds set forth in Section 110-6.3 of this Code, the burden 8 9 of proof of those allegations shall be upon the State.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 11 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 101-652)
- 12 Sec. 110-4. Pretrial release.
- 1.3 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a-5), all 14 All persons charged with an offense shall be eligible for 15 pretrial release before conviction. Pretrial release may only 16 be denied when a person is charged with an offense listed in Section 110-6.1 or when the defendant has a high likelihood of 17 18 willful flight, and after the court has held a hearing under 19 Section 110-6.1.
- 20 (a-5) A person shall not be eligible for pretrial release 21 when the person is charged with a felony offense and the 22 defendant has 2 or more convictions for firearms offenses if 23 the court after a hearing, determines that the release of the 24 defendant would pose a real and present threat to the physical
- 25 safety of any person or persons.

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- 1 (b) A person seeking pretrial release who is charged with 2 a capital offense or an offense for which a sentence of life 3 imprisonment may be imposed shall not be eligible for release 4 pretrial until a hearing is held wherein such person has the 5 burden of demonstrating that the proof of his guilt is not 6 evident and the presumption is not great.
  - (c) Where it is alleged that pretrial should be denied to a person upon the grounds that the person presents a real and present threat to the physical safety of any person or persons, the burden of proof of such allegations shall be upon the State.
- 12 (d) When it is alleged that pretrial should be denied to a
  13 person charged with stalking or aggravated stalking upon the
  14 grounds set forth in Section 110-6.3 of this Code, the burden
  15 of proof of those allegations shall be upon the State.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 101-652, eff. 1-1-23.)
- Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.