

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB4457

Introduced 1/21/2022, by Rep. Michael J. Zalewski

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the General Provisions and State Employee Article of the Illinois Pension Code. Provides that the alternative retirement annuity under the State Employee Article applies to an investigator for the Illinois Liquor Control Commission, including an investigator for the Illinois Liquor Control Commission who is subject to the Tier 2 provisions. Authorizes investigators for the Illinois Liquor Control Commission to establish eliqible creditable service under the alternative retirement annuity formula for certain service by applying and paying a specified contribution. Amends the Liquor Control Act of 1934. Provides that, subject to certain restrictions, the State Commission has the power to expend sums that the Executive Director deems necessary for the purchase of evidence and for the employment of persons to obtain evidence. Provides that an action for a violation of the Act shall be commenced by the State Commission not more than 18 months after conviction of the violation of the Act or other State law in a circuit court or, if there has not been a conviction, not more than 3 years after the violation occurred (instead of within 2 years after the date the State Commission becomes aware of the violation). Makes changes to provisions concerning notice of a violation of the Act and dismissals of an action for failing to provide that notice; inspection of premises by the State Commission and local liquor control commissioners; bonding requirements; and forfeiture of alcoholic liquor possessed, sold, shipped, or transported in violation of the Act. Makes other changes. Effective immediately.

LRB102 17775 RPS 24057 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

PENSION IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning liquor.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by changing Sections 1-160, 14-110, and 14-152.1 as follows:
- 6 (40 ILCS 5/1-160)
- 7 Sec. 1-160. Provisions applicable to new hires.
- 8 (a) The provisions of this Section apply to a person who, 9 on or after January 1, 2011, first becomes a member or a participant under any reciprocal retirement system or pension 10 11 fund established under this Code, other than a retirement system or pension fund established under Article 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12 15 or 18 of this Code, notwithstanding any other provision of 13 14 this Code to the contrary, but do not apply to any self-managed plan established under this Code, to any person with respect 15 16 to service as a sheriff's law enforcement employee under 17 Article 7, or to any participant of the retirement plan established under Section 22-101. Notwithstanding anything to 18 19 the contrary in this Section, for purposes of this Section, a person who participated in a retirement system under Article 20 21 15 prior to January 1, 2011 shall be deemed a person who first 22 became a member or participant prior to January 1, 2011 under any retirement system or pension fund subject to this Section. 23

- 1 The changes made to this Section by Public Act 98-596 are a
- 2 clarification of existing law and are intended to be
- 3 retroactive to January 1, 2011 (the effective date of Public
- 4 Act 96-889), notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1-103.1
- 5 of this Code.
- 6 This Section does not apply to a person who first becomes a
- 7 noncovered employee under Article 14 on or after the
- 8 implementation date of the plan created under Section 1-161
- 9 for that Article, unless that person elects under subsection
- 10 (b) of Section 1-161 to instead receive the benefits provided
- 11 under this Section and the applicable provisions of that
- 12 Article.
- 13 This Section does not apply to a person who first becomes a
- 14 member or participant under Article 16 on or after the
- implementation date of the plan created under Section 1-161
- 16 for that Article, unless that person elects under subsection
- 17 (b) of Section 1-161 to instead receive the benefits provided
- 18 under this Section and the applicable provisions of that
- 19 Article.
- This Section does not apply to a person who elects under
- 21 subsection (c-5) of Section 1-161 to receive the benefits
- 22 under Section 1-161.
- This Section does not apply to a person who first becomes a
- 24 member or participant of an affected pension fund on or after 6
- 25 months after the resolution or ordinance date, as defined in
- 26 Section 1-162, unless that person elects under subsection (c)

- of Section 1-162 to receive the benefits provided under this Section and the applicable provisions of the Article under which he or she is a member or participant.
 - (b) "Final average salary" means the average monthly (or annual) salary obtained by dividing the total salary or earnings calculated under the Article applicable to the member or participant during the 96 consecutive months (or 8 consecutive years) of service within the last 120 months (or 10 years) of service in which the total salary or earnings calculated under the applicable Article was the highest by the number of months (or years) of service in that period. For the purposes of a person who first becomes a member or participant of any retirement system or pension fund to which this Section applies on or after January 1, 2011, in this Code, "final average salary" shall be substituted for the following:
 - (1) In Article 7 (except for service as sheriff's law enforcement employees), "final rate of earnings".
 - (2) In Articles 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12, "highest average annual salary for any 4 consecutive years within the last 10 years of service immediately preceding the date of withdrawal".
 - (3) In Article 13, "average final salary".
 - (4) In Article 14, "final average compensation".
 - (5) In Article 17, "average salary".
- 25 (6) In Section 22-207, "wages or salary received by him at the date of retirement or discharge".

(b-5) Beginning on January 1, 2011, for all purposes under this Code (including without limitation the calculation of benefits and employee contributions), the annual earnings, salary, or wages (based on the plan year) of a member or participant to whom this Section applies shall not exceed \$106,800; however, that amount shall annually thereafter be increased by the lesser of (i) 3% of that amount, including all previous adjustments, or (ii) one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase (but not less than zero) in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, including all previous adjustments.

For the purposes of this Section, "consumer price index-u" means the index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor that measures the average change in prices of goods and services purchased by all urban consumers, United States city average, all items, 1982-84 = 100. The new amount resulting from each annual adjustment shall be determined by the Public Pension Division of the Department of Insurance and made available to the boards of the retirement systems and pension funds by November 1 of each year.

(c) A member or participant is entitled to a retirement annuity upon written application if he or she has attained age 67 (beginning January 1, 2015, age 65 with respect to service under Article 12 of this Code that is subject to this Section) and has at least 10 years of service credit and is otherwise

1 eligible under the requirements of the applicable Article.

A member or participant who has attained age 62 (beginning January 1, 2015, age 60 with respect to service under Article 12 of this Code that is subject to this Section) and has at least 10 years of service credit and is otherwise eligible under the requirements of the applicable Article may elect to receive the lower retirement annuity provided in subsection (d) of this Section.

- (c-5) A person who first becomes a member or a participant subject to this Section on or after July 6, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 100-23), notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, is entitled to a retirement annuity under Article 8 or Article 11 upon written application if he or she has attained age 65 and has at least 10 years of service credit and is otherwise eligible under the requirements of Article 8 or Article 11 of this Code, whichever is applicable.
- (d) The retirement annuity of a member or participant who is retiring after attaining age 62 (beginning January 1, 2015, age 60 with respect to service under Article 12 of this Code that is subject to this Section) with at least 10 years of service credit shall be reduced by one-half of 1% for each full month that the member's age is under age 67 (beginning January 1, 2015, age 65 with respect to service under Article 12 of this Code that is subject to this Section).
- 26 (d-5) The retirement annuity payable under Article 8 or

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- 1 Article 11 to an eligible person subject to subsection (c-5)
- of this Section who is retiring at age 60 with at least 10
- 3 years of service credit shall be reduced by one-half of 1% for
- 4 each full month that the member's age is under age 65.
- 5 (d-10) Each person who first became a member or
- 6 participant under Article 8 or Article 11 of this Code on or
- 7 after January 1, 2011 and prior to the effective date of this
- 8 amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly shall make an
- 9 irrevocable election either:
 - (i) to be eligible for the reduced retirement age provided in subsections (c-5) and (d-5) of this Section, the eligibility for which is conditioned upon the member or participant agreeing to the increases in employee contributions for age and service annuities provided in subsection (a-5) of Section 8-174 of this Code (for service under Article 8) or subsection (a-5) of Section 11-170 of this Code (for service under Article 11); or
 - (ii) to not agree to item (i) of this subsection (d-10), in which case the member or participant shall continue to be subject to the retirement age provisions in subsections (c) and (d) of this Section and the employee contributions for age and service annuity as provided in subsection (a) of Section 8-174 of this Code (for service under Article 8) or subsection (a) of Section 11-170 of this Code (for service under Article 11).
 - The election provided for in this subsection shall be made

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- between October 1, 2017 and November 15, 2017. A person subject to this subsection who makes the required election shall remain bound by that election. A person subject to this subsection who fails for any reason to make the required election within the time specified in this subsection shall be deemed to have made the election under item (ii).
 - (e) Any retirement annuity or supplemental annuity shall be subject to annual increases on the January 1 occurring either on or after the attainment of age 67 (beginning January 1, 2015, age 65 with respect to service under Article 12 of this Code that is subject to this Section and beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, age 65 with respect to service under Article 8 or Article 11 for eligible persons who: (i) are subject to subsection (c-5) of this Section; or (ii) made the election under item (i) of subsection (d-10) of this Section) or the first anniversary of the annuity start date, whichever is later. Each annual increase shall be calculated at 3% or one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase (but not less than zero) in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, whichever is less, of the originally granted retirement annuity. If the annual unadjusted percentage change in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1 is zero or there is a decrease, then the annuity shall not be increased.

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For the purposes of Section 1-103.1 of this Code, the changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly are applicable without regard to whether the employee was in active service on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly.

(f) The initial survivor's or widow's annuity of an otherwise eligible survivor or widow of a retired member or participant who first became a member or participant on or after January 1, 2011 shall be in the amount of 66 2/3% of the retired member's or participant's retirement annuity at the date of death. In the case of the death of a member or participant who has not retired and who first became a member or participant on or after January 1, 2011, eligibility for a survivor's or widow's annuity shall be determined by the applicable Article of this Code. The initial benefit shall be 66 2/3% of the earned annuity without a reduction due to age. A child's annuity of an otherwise eligible child shall be in the amount prescribed under each Article if applicable. Any survivor's or widow's annuity shall be increased (1) on each January 1 occurring on or after the commencement of the annuity if the deceased member died while receiving a retirement annuity or (2) in other cases, on each January 1 occurring after the first anniversary of the commencement of the annuity. Each annual increase shall be calculated at 3% or one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase (but not

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- less than zero) in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months
 ending with the September preceding each November 1, whichever
 is less, of the originally granted survivor's annuity. If the
 annual unadjusted percentage change in the consumer price
 index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding
 each November 1 is zero or there is a decrease, then the
 annuity shall not be increased.
 - (g) The benefits in Section 14-110 apply only if the person is a State policeman, a fire fighter in the fire protection service of a department, a conservation police officer, an investigator for the Secretary of State, an arson Commerce Commission investigator, а police officer, investigator for the Department of Revenue, Illinois Liquor Control Commission, or the Illinois Gaming Board, a security employee of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice, or a security employee of the Department of Innovation and Technology, as those terms are defined in subsection (b) and subsection (c) of Section 14-110. A person who meets the requirements of this Section is entitled to an annuity calculated under the provisions of Section 14-110, in lieu of the regular or minimum retirement annuity, only if the person has withdrawn from service with not less than 20 years of eligible creditable service and has attained age 60, regardless of whether the attainment of age 60 occurs while the person is still in service.
 - (h) If a person who first becomes a member or a participant

of a retirement system or pension fund subject to this Section on or after January 1, 2011 is receiving a retirement annuity or retirement pension under that system or fund and becomes a member or participant under any other system or fund created by this Code and is employed on a full-time basis, except for those members or participants exempted from the provisions of this Section under subsection (a) of this Section, then the person's retirement annuity or retirement pension under that system or fund shall be suspended during that employment. Upon termination of that employment, the person's retirement annuity or retirement pension payments shall resume and be recalculated if recalculation is provided for under the applicable Article of this Code.

If a person who first becomes a member of a retirement system or pension fund subject to this Section on or after January 1, 2012 and is receiving a retirement annuity or retirement pension under that system or fund and accepts on a contractual basis a position to provide services to a governmental entity from which he or she has retired, then that person's annuity or retirement pension earned as an active employee of the employer shall be suspended during that contractual service. A person receiving an annuity or retirement pension under this Code shall notify the pension fund or retirement system from which he or she is receiving an annuity or retirement pension, as well as his or her contractual employer, of his or her retirement status before

- 1 accepting contractual employment. A person who fails to submit
- 2 such notification shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and
- 3 required to pay a fine of \$1,000. Upon termination of that
- 4 contractual employment, the person's retirement annuity or
- 5 retirement pension payments shall resume and, if appropriate,
- 6 be recalculated under the applicable provisions of this Code.
- 7 (i) (Blank).
- 8 (j) In the case of a conflict between the provisions of
- 9 this Section and any other provision of this Code, the
- 10 provisions of this Section shall control.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17;
- 12 100-563, eff. 12-8-17; 100-611, eff. 7-20-18; 100-1166, eff.
- 13 1-4-19; 101-610, eff. 1-1-20.)
- 14 (40 ILCS 5/14-110) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 14-110)
- Sec. 14-110. Alternative retirement annuity.
- 16 (a) Any member who has withdrawn from service with not
- 17 less than 20 years of eligible creditable service and has
- 18 attained age 55, and any member who has withdrawn from service
- 19 with not less than 25 years of eligible creditable service and
- 20 has attained age 50, regardless of whether the attainment of
- 21 either of the specified ages occurs while the member is still
- in service, shall be entitled to receive at the option of the
- 23 member, in lieu of the regular or minimum retirement annuity,
- 24 a retirement annuity computed as follows:
- 25 (i) for periods of service as a noncovered employee:

if retirement occurs on or after January 1, 2001, 3% of final average compensation for each year of creditable service; if retirement occurs before January 1, 2001, 2 1/4% of final average compensation for each of the first 10 years of creditable service, 2 1/2% for each year above 10 years to and including 20 years of creditable service, and 2 3/4% for each year of creditable service above 20 years; and

(ii) for periods of eligible creditable service as a covered employee: if retirement occurs on or after January 1, 2001, 2.5% of final average compensation for each year of creditable service; if retirement occurs before January 1, 2001, 1.67% of final average compensation for each of the first 10 years of such service, 1.90% for each of the next 10 years of such service, 2.10% for each year of such service in excess of 20 but not exceeding 30, and 2.30% for each year in excess of 30.

Such annuity shall be subject to a maximum of 75% of final average compensation if retirement occurs before January 1, 2001 or to a maximum of 80% of final average compensation if retirement occurs on or after January 1, 2001.

These rates shall not be applicable to any service performed by a member as a covered employee which is not eligible creditable service. Service as a covered employee which is not eligible creditable service shall be subject to the rates and provisions of Section 14-108.

| 1 | (b) For the purpose of this Section, "eligible creditable |
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| 2 | service" means creditable service resulting from service in |
| 3 | one or more of the following positions: |
| 4 | (1) State policeman; |
| 5 | (2) fire fighter in the fire protection service of a |
| 6 | department; |
| 7 | (3) air pilot; |
| 8 | (4) special agent; |
| 9 | (5) investigator for the Secretary of State; |
| 10 | (6) conservation police officer; |
| 11 | (7) investigator for the Department of Revenue, the |
| 12 | Illinois Liquor Control Commission, or the Illinois Gaming |
| 13 | Board; |
| 14 | (8) security employee of the Department of Humar |
| 15 | Services; |
| 16 | (9) Central Management Services security police |
| 17 | officer; |
| 18 | (10) security employee of the Department of |
| 19 | Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice; |
| 20 | (11) dangerous drugs investigator; |
| 21 | (12) investigator for the Department of State Police; |
| 22 | (13) investigator for the Office of the Attorney |
| 23 | General; |
| 24 | (14) controlled substance inspector; |
| 25 | (15) investigator for the Office of the State's |
| 26 | Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor; |

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| . (16) | Commerce | Commission | police | officer; |
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- 2 (17) arson investigator;
- 3 (18) State highway maintenance worker;
- 4 (19) security employee of the Department of Innovation 5 and Technology; or
- 6 (20) transferred employee.

A person employed in one of the positions specified in this subsection is entitled to eligible creditable service for service credit earned under this Article while undergoing the basic police training course approved by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board, if completion of that training is required of persons serving in that position. For the purposes of this Code, service during the required basic police training course shall be deemed performance of the duties of the specified position, even though the person is not a sworn peace officer at the time of the training.

A person under paragraph (20) is entitled to eligible creditable service for service credit earned under this Article on and after his or her transfer by Executive Order No. 2003-10, Executive Order No. 2004-2, or Executive Order No.

21 2016-1.

- (c) For the purposes of this Section:
- (1) The term "State policeman" includes any title or position in the Department of State Police that is held by an individual employed under the State Police Act.
- 26 (2) The term "fire fighter in the fire protection

service of a department" includes all officers in such fire protection service including fire chiefs and assistant fire chiefs.

- (3) The term "air pilot" includes any employee whose official job description on file in the Department of Central Management Services, or in the department by which he is employed if that department is not covered by the Personnel Code, states that his principal duty is the operation of aircraft, and who possesses a pilot's license; however, the change in this definition made by this amendatory Act of 1983 shall not operate to exclude any noncovered employee who was an "air pilot" for the purposes of this Section on January 1, 1984.
- (4) The term "special agent" means any person who by reason of employment by the Division of Narcotic Control, the Bureau of Investigation or, after July 1, 1977, the Division of Criminal Investigation, the Division of Internal Investigation, the Division of Operations, or any other Division or organizational entity in the Department of State Police is vested by law with duties to maintain public order, investigate violations of the criminal law of this State, enforce the laws of this State, make arrests and recover property. The term "special agent" includes any title or position in the Department of State Police that is held by an individual employed under the State Police Act.

(5) The term "investigator for the Secretary of State" means any person employed by the Office of the Secretary of State and vested with such investigative duties as render him ineligible for coverage under the Social Security Act by reason of Sections 218(d)(5)(A), 218(d)(8)(D) and 218(1)(1) of that Act.

A person who became employed as an investigator for the Secretary of State between January 1, 1967 and December 31, 1975, and who has served as such until attainment of age 60, either continuously or with a single break in service of not more than 3 years duration, which break terminated before January 1, 1976, shall be entitled to have his retirement annuity calculated in accordance with subsection (a), notwithstanding that he has less than 20 years of credit for such service.

- (6) The term "Conservation Police Officer" means any person employed by the Division of Law Enforcement of the Department of Natural Resources and vested with such law enforcement duties as render him ineligible for coverage under the Social Security Act by reason of Sections 218(d)(5)(A), 218(d)(8)(D), and 218(1)(1) of that Act. The term "Conservation Police Officer" includes the positions of Chief Conservation Police Administrator and Assistant Conservation Police Administrator.
- (7) The term "investigator for the Department of Revenue" means any person employed by the Department of

Revenue and vested with such investigative duties as render him ineligible for coverage under the Social Security Act by reason of Sections 218(d)(5)(A), 218(d)(8)(D) and 218(1)(1) of that Act.

The term "investigator for the Illinois Liquor Control Commission" means any person employed as such by the Illinois Liquor Control Commission and vested with such peace officer duties as render the person ineligible for coverage under the Social Security Act by reason of Sections 218(d)(5)(A), 218(d)(8)(D), and 218(l)(1) of that Act.

The term "investigator for the Illinois Gaming Board" means any person employed as such by the Illinois Gaming Board and vested with such peace officer duties as render the person ineligible for coverage under the Social Security Act by reason of Sections 218(d)(5)(A), 218(d)(8)(D), and 218(1)(1) of that Act.

(8) The term "security employee of the Department of Human Services" means any person employed by the Department of Human Services who (i) is employed at the Chester Mental Health Center and has daily contact with the residents thereof, (ii) is employed within a security unit at a facility operated by the Department and has daily contact with the residents of the security unit, (iii) is employed at a facility operated by the Department that includes a security unit and is regularly scheduled

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to work at least 50% of his or her working hours within that security unit, or (iv) is a mental health police officer. "Mental health police officer" means any person employed by the Department of Human Services in a position pertaining to the Department's mental health developmental disabilities functions who is vested with enforcement duties as render such law the ineligible for coverage under the Social Security Act by reason of Sections 218(d)(5)(A), 218 (d) (8) (D) 218(1)(1) of that Act. "Security unit" means that portion of a facility that is devoted to the care, containment, and treatment of persons committed to the Department of Human Services as sexually violent persons, persons unfit to stand trial, or persons not guilty by reason of insanity. With respect to past employment, references to the Department of Human Services include its predecessor, Department of Mental Health the and Developmental Disabilities.

The changes made to this subdivision (c)(8) by Public Act 92-14 apply to persons who retire on or after January 1, 2001, notwithstanding Section 1-103.1.

(9) "Central Management Services security police officer" means any person employed by the Department of Central Management Services who is vested with such law enforcement duties as render him ineligible for coverage under the Social Security Act by reason of Sections

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1 218(d)(5)(A), 218(d)(8)(D) and 218(1)(1) of that Act.

- (10) For a member who first became an employee under this Article before July 1, 2005, the term "security employee of the Department of Corrections or Department of Juvenile Justice" means any employee of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice or the former Department of Personnel, and any member or employee of the Prisoner Review Board, who has daily contact with inmates or youth by working within a correctional facility or Juvenile facility operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice or who is a parole officer or an employee who has direct contact with committed persons in the performance of his or her job duties. For a member who first becomes an employee under this Article on or after July 1, 2005, the term means an employee of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice who is any of the following: (i) officially headquartered at a correctional facility or Juvenile facility operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice, (ii) a parole officer, (iii) a member of the apprehension unit, (iv) a member of the intelligence unit, (v) a member of the sort team, or (vi) an investigator.
- (11) The term "dangerous drugs investigator" means any person who is employed as such by the Department of Human Services.
 - (12) The term "investigator for the Department of

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State Police" means a person employed by the Department of State Police who is vested under Section 4 of the Narcotic Control Division Abolition Act with such law enforcement powers as render him ineligible for coverage under the Social Security Act by reason of Sections 218(d)(5)(A), 218(d)(8)(D) and 218(l)(1) of that Act.

- General" means any person who is employed as such by the Office of the Attorney General and is vested with such investigative duties as render him ineligible for coverage under the Social Security Act by reason of Sections 218(d)(5)(A), 218(d)(8)(D) and 218(l)(1) of that Act. For the period before January 1, 1989, the term includes all persons who were employed as investigators by the Office of the Attorney General, without regard to social security status.
- (14) "Controlled substance inspector" means any person who is employed as such by the Department of Professional Regulation and is vested with such law enforcement duties as render him ineligible for coverage under the Social Security Act by reason of Sections 218 (d) (5) (A), 218(d)(8)(D) 218(1)(1) of that Act. The term and "controlled substance inspector" includes the Executive of Enforcement and the Assistant Program Executive of Enforcement.
 - (15) The term "investigator for the Office of the

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State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor" means a person employed in that capacity on a full time basis under the authority of Section 7.06 of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's Act.

- (16) "Commerce Commission police officer" means any person employed by the Illinois Commerce Commission who is vested with such law enforcement duties as render him ineligible for coverage under the Social Security Act by reason of Sections 218(d)(5)(A), 218(d)(8)(D), and 218(1)(1) of that Act.
- (17) "Arson investigator" means any person who is employed as such by the Office of the State Fire Marshal and is vested with such law enforcement duties as render the person ineligible for coverage under the Social Security Act by reason of Sections 218 (d) (5) (A), 218(d)(8)(D), and 218(l)(1) of that Act. A person who was employed as an arson investigator on January 1, 1995 and is no longer in service but not yet receiving a retirement annuity may convert his or her creditable service for employment as an arson investigator into creditable service by paying to the System the difference between the employee contributions actually paid for that service and the amounts that would have been contributed if the applicant were contributing at the rate applicable to persons with the same social security status earning eligible creditable service on the date of application.

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- 1 (18) The term "State highway maintenance worker" means 2 a person who is either of the following:
 - (i) A person employed on a full-time basis by the Illinois Department of Transportation in the position of highway maintainer, highway maintenance lead worker, highway maintenance lead/lead worker, heavy construction equipment operator, power shovel operator, or bridge mechanic; and whose principal responsibility is to perform, on the roadway, the actual maintenance necessary to keep the highways that form a part of the State highway system in serviceable condition for vehicular traffic.
 - (ii) A person employed on a full-time basis by the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority in the position equipment operator/laborer H-4, equipment operator/laborer H-6, welder H-4, welder mechanical/electrical H-4, mechanical/electrical H-6, water/sewer H-4, water/sewer H-6, sign maker/hanger H-4, sign maker/hanger H-6, roadway lighting H-4, roadway lighting H-6, structural H-4, structural H-6, painter H-4, or painter H-6; and whose principal responsibility is to perform, on the roadway, the actual maintenance necessary to keep the Authority's in serviceable condition for vehicular tollways traffic.
 - (19) The term "security employee of the Department of

Innovation and Technology" means a person who was a security employee of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice, was transferred to the Department of Innovation and Technology pursuant to Executive Order 2016-01, and continues to perform similar job functions under that Department.

- (20) "Transferred employee" means an employee who was transferred to the Department of Central Management Services by Executive Order No. 2003-10 or Executive Order No. 2004-2 or transferred to the Department of Innovation and Technology by Executive Order No. 2016-1, or both, and was entitled to eligible creditable service for services immediately preceding the transfer.
- (d) A security employee of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice, a security employee of the Department of Human Services who is not a mental health police officer, and a security employee of the Department of Innovation and Technology shall not be eligible for the alternative retirement annuity provided by this Section unless he or she meets the following minimum age and service requirements at the time of retirement:
- 22 (i) 25 years of eligible creditable service and age 23 55; or
 - (ii) beginning January 1, 1987, 25 years of eligible creditable service and age 54, or 24 years of eligible creditable service and age 55; or

| 1 | (iii) | beginning | Janı | ıary | 1, | 1988, | 25 | years | of | eligible |
|---|------------|-------------|-------|-------|------|-------|----|-------|----|----------|
| 2 | creditable | e service | and | age | 53, | , or | 23 | years | of | eligible |
| 3 | creditable | e service a | and a | ge 55 | 5; c | or | | | | |

- (iv) beginning January 1, 1989, 25 years of eligible creditable service and age 52, or 22 years of eligible creditable service and age 55; or
- (v) beginning January 1, 1990, 25 years of eligible creditable service and age 51, or 21 years of eligible creditable service and age 55; or
- (vi) beginning January 1, 1991, 25 years of eligible creditable service and age 50, or 20 years of eligible creditable service and age 55.

Persons who have service credit under Article 16 of this Code for service as a security employee of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Human Services in a position requiring certification as a teacher may count such service toward establishing their eligibility under the service requirements of this Section; but such service may be used only for establishing such eligibility, and not for the purpose of increasing or calculating any benefit.

(e) If a member enters military service while working in a position in which eligible creditable service may be earned, and returns to State service in the same or another such position, and fulfills in all other respects the conditions prescribed in this Article for credit for military service,

such military service shall be credited as eligible creditable service for the purposes of the retirement annuity prescribed in this Section.

(f) For purposes of calculating retirement annuities under this Section, periods of service rendered after December 31, 1968 and before October 1, 1975 as a covered employee in the position of special agent, conservation police officer, mental health police officer, or investigator for the Secretary of State, shall be deemed to have been service as a noncovered employee, provided that the employee pays to the System prior to retirement an amount equal to (1) the difference between the employee contributions that would have been required for such service as a noncovered employee, and the amount of employee contributions actually paid, plus (2) if payment is made after July 31, 1987, regular interest on the amount specified in item (1) from the date of service to the date of payment.

For purposes of calculating retirement annuities under this Section, periods of service rendered after December 31, 1968 and before January 1, 1982 as a covered employee in the position of investigator for the Department of Revenue shall be deemed to have been service as a noncovered employee, provided that the employee pays to the System prior to retirement an amount equal to (1) the difference between the employee contributions that would have been required for such service as a noncovered employee, and the amount of employee

contributions actually paid, plus (2) if payment is made after

January 1, 1990, regular interest on the amount specified in

item (1) from the date of service to the date of payment.

(g) A State policeman may elect, not later than January 1, 1990, to establish eligible creditable service for up to 10 years of his service as a policeman under Article 3, by filing a written election with the Board, accompanied by payment of an amount to be determined by the Board, equal to (i) the difference between the amount of employee and employer contributions transferred to the System under Section 3-110.5, and the amounts that would have been contributed had such contributions been made at the rates applicable to State policemen, plus (ii) interest thereon at the effective rate for each year, compounded annually, from the date of service to the date of payment.

Subject to the limitation in subsection (i), a State policeman may elect, not later than July 1, 1993, to establish eligible creditable service for up to 10 years of his service as a member of the County Police Department under Article 9, by filing a written election with the Board, accompanied by payment of an amount to be determined by the Board, equal to (i) the difference between the amount of employee and employer contributions transferred to the System under Section 9-121.10 and the amounts that would have been contributed had those contributions been made at the rates applicable to State policemen, plus (ii) interest thereon at the effective rate

for each year, compounded annually, from the date of service to the date of payment.

(h) Subject to the limitation in subsection (i), a State policeman or investigator for the Secretary of State may elect to establish eligible creditable service for up to 12 years of his service as a policeman under Article 5, by filing a written election with the Board on or before January 31, 1992, and paying to the System by January 31, 1994 an amount to be determined by the Board, equal to (i) the difference between the amount of employee and employer contributions transferred to the System under Section 5-236, and the amounts that would have been contributed had such contributions been made at the rates applicable to State policemen, plus (ii) interest thereon at the effective rate for each year, compounded annually, from the date of service to the date of payment.

Subject to the limitation in subsection (i), a State policeman, conservation police officer, or investigator for the Secretary of State may elect to establish eligible creditable service for up to 10 years of service as a sheriff's law enforcement employee under Article 7, by filing a written election with the Board on or before January 31, 1993, and paying to the System by January 31, 1994 an amount to be determined by the Board, equal to (i) the difference between the amount of employee and employer contributions transferred to the System under Section 7-139.7, and the amounts that would have been contributed had such contributions been made

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at the rates applicable to State policemen, plus (ii) interest thereon at the effective rate for each year, compounded annually, from the date of service to the date of payment.

Subject to the limitation in subsection (i), a State policeman, conservation police officer, or investigator for the Secretary of State may elect to establish eligible creditable service for up to 5 years of service as a police officer under Article 3, a policeman under Article 5, a sheriff's law enforcement employee under Article 7, a member of the county police department under Article 9, or a police officer under Article 15 by filing a written election with the Board and paying to the System an amount to be determined by the Board, equal to (i) the difference between the amount of employee and employer contributions transferred to the System under Section 3-110.6, 5-236, 7-139.8, 9-121.10, or 15-134.4 and the amounts that would have been contributed had such contributions been made at the rates applicable to State policemen, plus (ii) interest thereon at the effective rate for each year, compounded annually, from the date of service to the date of payment.

Subject to the limitation in subsection (i), an investigator for the Office of the Attorney General, or an investigator for the Department of Revenue, may elect to establish eligible creditable service for up to 5 years of service as a police officer under Article 3, a policeman under Article 5, a sheriff's law enforcement employee under Article

7, or a member of the county police department under Article 9 by filing a written election with the Board within 6 months after August 25, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 96-745) and paying to the System an amount to be determined by the Board, equal to (i) the difference between the amount of employee and employer contributions transferred to the System under Section 3-110.6, 5-236, 7-139.8, or 9-121.10 and the amounts that would have been contributed had such contributions been made at the rates applicable to State policemen, plus (ii) interest thereon at the actuarially assumed rate for each year, compounded annually, from the date of service to the date of payment.

Subject to the limitation in subsection (i), a State policeman, conservation police officer, investigator for the Office of the Attorney General, an investigator for the Department of Revenue, or investigator for the Secretary of State may elect to establish eligible creditable service for up to 5 years of service as a person employed by a participating municipality to perform police duties, or law enforcement officer employed on a full-time basis by a forest preserve district under Article 7, a county corrections officer, or a court services officer under Article 9, by filing a written election with the Board within 6 months after August 25, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 96-745) and paying to the System an amount to be determined by the Board, equal to (i) the difference between the amount of employee and

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employer contributions transferred to the System under Sections 7-139.8 and 9-121.10 and the amounts that would have been contributed had such contributions been made at the rates applicable to State policemen, plus (ii) interest thereon at the actuarially assumed rate for each year, compounded annually, from the date of service to the date of payment.

Subject to the limitation in subsection (i), an investigator for the Illinois Liquor Control Commission may elect to establish eligible creditable service for up to 5 years of service as a police officer under Article 3, a policeman under Article 5, a sheriff's law enforcement employee under Article 7, or a member of the county police department under Article 9 by filing a written election with the Board within 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly and paying to the System an amount to be determined by the Board, equal to (i) the difference between the amount of employee and employer contributions transferred to the System under Section 3-110.6, 5-236, 7-139.8, or 9-121.10 and the amounts that would have been contributed had such contributions been made at the rates applicable to State policemen, plus (ii) interest thereon at the actuarially assumed rate for each year, compounded annually, from the date of service to the date of payment.

(i) The total amount of eligible creditable service established by any person under subsections (g), (h), (j), (k), (1), (1-5), and (0), and (p) of this Section shall not

1 exceed 12 years.

- (j) Subject to the limitation in subsection (i), an investigator for the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor or a controlled substance inspector may elect to establish eligible creditable service for up to 10 years of his service as a policeman under Article 3 or a sheriff's law enforcement employee under Article 7, by filing a written election with the Board, accompanied by payment of an amount to be determined by the Board, equal to (1) the difference between the amount of employee and employer contributions transferred to the System under Section 3-110.6 or 7-139.8, and the amounts that would have been contributed had such contributions been made at the rates applicable to State policemen, plus (2) interest thereon at the effective rate for each year, compounded annually, from the date of service to the date of payment.
- (k) Subject to the limitation in subsection (i) of this Section, an alternative formula employee may elect to establish eligible creditable service for periods spent as a full-time law enforcement officer or full-time corrections officer employed by the federal government or by a state or local government located outside of Illinois, for which credit is not held in any other public employee pension fund or retirement system. To obtain this credit, the applicant must file a written application with the Board by March 31, 1998, accompanied by evidence of eligibility acceptable to the Board

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and payment of an amount to be determined by the Board, equal to employee contributions (1)for the credit being established, based upon the applicant's salary on the first day as an alternative formula employee after the employment for which credit is being established and the rates then applicable to alternative formula employees, plus (2) amount determined by the Board to be the employer's normal cost of the benefits accrued for the credit being established, plus (3) regular interest on the amounts in items (1) and (2) from the first day as an alternative formula employee after the employment for which credit is being established to the date of payment.

(1) Subject to the limitation in subsection (i), a security employee of the Department of Corrections may elect, not later than July 1, 1998, to establish eligible creditable service for up to 10 years of his or her service as a policeman under Article 3, by filing a written election with the Board, accompanied by payment of an amount to be determined by the Board, equal to (i) the difference between the amount of employee and employer contributions transferred to the System under Section 3-110.5, and the amounts that would have been contributed had such contributions been made at the rates applicable to security employees of the Department of Corrections, plus (ii) interest thereon at the effective rate for each year, compounded annually, from the date of service to the date of payment.

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(1-5) Subject to the limitation in subsection (i) of this Section, a State policeman may elect to establish eligible creditable service for up to 5 years of service as a full-time law enforcement officer employed by the federal government or by a state or local government located outside of Illinois for which credit is not held in any other public employee pension fund or retirement system. To obtain this credit, the applicant must file a written application with the Board no later than 3 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly, accompanied by evidence of eligibility acceptable to the Board and payment of an amount to be determined by the Board, equal to (1) employee contributions for the credit being established, based upon the applicant's salary on the first day as an alternative formula employee after the employment for which credit is being established and the rates then applicable to alternative formula employees, plus (2) an amount determined by the Board to be the employer's normal cost of the benefits accrued for the credit being established, plus (3) regular interest on the amounts in items (1) and (2) from the first day as an alternative formula employee after the employment for which credit is being established to the date of payment.

(m) The amendatory changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly apply only to: (1) security employees of the Department of Juvenile Justice employed by the Department of Corrections before the effective

date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly and transferred to the Department of Juvenile Justice by this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly; and (2) persons employed by the Department of Juvenile Justice on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly who are required by subsection (b) of Section 3-2.5-15 of the Unified Code of Corrections to have any bachelor's or advanced degree from an accredited college or university or, in the case of persons who provide vocational training, who are required to have adequate knowledge in the skill for which they are providing the vocational training.

- (n) A person employed in a position under subsection (b) of this Section who has purchased service credit under subsection (j) of Section 14-104 or subsection (b) of Section 14-105 in any other capacity under this Article may convert up to 5 years of that service credit into service credit covered under this Section by paying to the Fund an amount equal to (1) the additional employee contribution required under Section 14-133, plus (2) the additional employer contribution required under Section 14-131, plus (3) interest on items (1) and (2) at the actuarially assumed rate from the date of the service to the date of payment.
- (o) Subject to the limitation in subsection (i), a conservation police officer, investigator for the Secretary of State, Commerce Commission police officer, investigator for the Department of Revenue or the Illinois Gaming Board, or

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arson investigator subject to subsection (q) of Section 1-160 may elect to convert up to 8 years of service credit established before the effective date of this amendatory Act 101st General Assembly as a conservation police officer, investigator for the Secretary of State, Commerce Commission police officer, investigator for the Department of Revenue or the Illinois Gaming Board, or arson investigator under this Article into eligible creditable service by filing a written election with the Board no later than one year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly, accompanied by payment of an amount to be determined by the Board equal to (i) the difference between the amount of the employee contributions actually paid for that service and the amount of the employee contributions that would have been paid had the employee contributions been made as a noncovered employee serving in a position in which eligible creditable service, as defined in this Section, may be earned, plus (ii) interest thereon at the effective rate for each year, compounded annually, from the date of service to the date of payment.

(p) Subject to the limitation in subsection (i), an investigator for the Illinois Liquor Control Commission may elect to convert up to 8 years of service credit established before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly as an investigator for the Illinois Liquor Control Commission under this Article into eligible creditable

- 1 service by filing a written election with the Board no later 2 than one year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, accompanied by payment of an 3 amount to be determined by the Board equal to (i) the 4 5 difference between the amount of the employee contributions actually paid for that service and the amount of the employee 6 7 contributions that would have been paid had the employee 8 contributions been made as a noncovered employee serving in a 9 position in which eligible creditable service, as defined in 10 this Section, may be earned, plus (ii) interest thereon at the 11 effective rate for each year, compounded annually, from the 12 date of service to the date of payment. (Source: P.A. 100-19, eff. 1-1-18; 100-611, eff. 7-20-18; 13
- 15 (40 ILCS 5/14-152.1)

101-610, eff. 1-1-20.)

- Sec. 14-152.1. Application and expiration of new benefit increases.
- (a) As used in this Section, "new benefit increase" means 18 an increase in the amount of any benefit provided under this 19 Article, or an expansion of the conditions of eligibility for 20 21 any benefit under this Article, that results from an amendment 22 to this Code that takes effect after June 1, 2005 effective date of Public Act 94-4). "New benefit increase", 23 24 however, does not include any benefit increase resulting from 25 the changes made to Article 1 or this Article by Public Act

- 96-37, Public Act 100-23, Public Act 100-587, Public Act
 100-611, Public Act 101-10, <u>Public Act 101-610</u>, or this
 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly or this
 - amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code or any subsequent amendment to this Code, every new benefit increase is subject to this Section and shall be deemed to be granted only in conformance with and contingent upon compliance with the provisions of this Section.
 - (c) The Public Act enacting a new benefit increase must identify and provide for payment to the System of additional funding at least sufficient to fund the resulting annual increase in cost to the System as it accrues.

Every new benefit increase is contingent upon the General Assembly providing the additional funding required under this subsection. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall analyze whether adequate additional funding has been provided for the new benefit increase and shall report its analysis to the Public Pension Division of the Department of Insurance. A new benefit increase created by a Public Act that does not include the additional funding required under this subsection is null and void. If the Public Pension Division determines that the additional funding provided for a new benefit increase under this subsection is or has become inadequate, it may so certify to the Governor and the State Comptroller and, in the absence of corrective action

- 1 by the General Assembly, the new benefit increase shall expire
- 2 at the end of the fiscal year in which the certification is
- 3 made.
- 4 (d) Every new benefit increase shall expire 5 years after
- 5 its effective date or on such earlier date as may be specified
- 6 in the language enacting the new benefit increase or provided
- 7 under subsection (c). This does not prevent the General
- 8 Assembly from extending or re-creating a new benefit increase
- 9 by law.
- 10 (e) Except as otherwise provided in the language creating
- 11 the new benefit increase, a new benefit increase that expires
- 12 under this Section continues to apply to persons who applied
- and qualified for the affected benefit while the new benefit
- 14 increase was in effect and to the affected beneficiaries and
- 15 alternate payees of such persons, but does not apply to any
- 16 other person, including, without limitation, a person who
- 17 continues in service after the expiration date and did not
- 18 apply and qualify for the affected benefit while the new
- 19 benefit increase was in effect.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;
- 21 100-611, eff. 7-20-18; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff.
- 22 7-12-19; 101-610, eff. 1-1-20.)
- 23 Section 10. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by
- 24 changing Sections 3-12, 4-4, 8-2, 10-8, and 10-6 and by adding
- 25 Section 3-4.1 as follows:

(235 ILCS 5/3-4.1 new)

Sec. 3-4.1. Obtaining evidence. The State Commission has
the power to expend sums that the Executive Director deems
necessary for the purchase of evidence and for the employment
of persons to obtain evidence. The sums shall be advanced to
employees authorized by the Executive Director to expend
funds, on vouchers signed by the Executive Director.

In addition, the Executive Director is authorized to maintain one or more commercial checking accounts with any State banking corporation or corporations organized under or subject to the Illinois Banking Act for the deposit and withdrawal of moneys to be used solely for the purchase of evidence and for the employment of persons to obtain evidence.

No check may be written on nor any withdrawal made from such an account except on the written signature of 2 persons designated by the Executive Director to write those checks and make those withdrawals. The balance of moneys on deposit in any such account shall not exceed \$25,000 at any time, nor shall any one check written on or single withdrawal made from any such account exceed \$25,000.

- 21 (235 ILCS 5/3-12)
- 22 Sec. 3-12. Powers and duties of State Commission.
- 23 (a) The State Commission shall have the following powers, 24 functions, and duties:

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(1) To receive applications and to issue licenses to manufacturers, foreign importers, importing distributors, distributors, non-resident dealers, on premise consumption retailers, off premise sale retailers, special event retailer licensees, special use permit licenses, auction licenses, brew pubs, caterer retailers, non-beverage users, railroads, including owners lessees of sleeping, dining and cafe cars, airplanes, boats, brokers, and wine maker's premises licensees in accordance with the provisions of this Act, and to suspend or revoke such licenses upon the State Commission's determination, upon notice after hearing, that a licensee has violated any provision of this Act or any rule or regulation issued pursuant thereto and in effect for 30 days prior to such violation. Except in the case of an action taken pursuant to a violation of Section 6-3, 6-5, or 6-9, any action by the State Commission to suspend or revoke a licensee's license may be limited to the license for the specific premises where the violation occurred. An action for a violation of this Act shall be commenced by the State Commission not more than 18 months after conviction of the violation of the Act or other State law in a circuit court or, if there has not been a conviction, not more than 3 years after the violation occurred within 2 years after the date the State Commission becomes aware of the violation.

In lieu of suspending or revoking a license, the commission may impose a fine, upon the State Commission's determination and notice after hearing, that a licensee has violated any provision of this Act or any rule or regulation issued pursuant thereto and in effect for 30 days prior to such violation.

For the purpose of this paragraph (1), when determining multiple violations for the sale of alcohol to a person under the age of 21, a second or subsequent violation for the sale of alcohol to a person under the age of 21 shall only be considered if it was committed within 5 years after the date when a prior violation for the sale of alcohol to a person under the age of 21 was committed.

The fine imposed under this paragraph may not exceed \$500 for each violation. Each day that the activity, which gave rise to the original fine, continues is a separate violation. The maximum fine that may be levied against any licensee, for the period of the license, shall not exceed \$20,000. The maximum penalty that may be imposed on a licensee for selling a bottle of alcoholic liquor with a foreign object in it or serving from a bottle of alcoholic liquor with a foreign object in it shall be the destruction of that bottle of alcoholic liquor for the first 10 bottles so sold or served from by the licensee. For the eleventh bottle of alcoholic liquor and for each third bottle thereafter sold or served from by the

licensee with a foreign object in it, the maximum penalty that may be imposed on the licensee is the destruction of the bottle of alcoholic liquor and a fine of up to \$50.

Any notice issued by the State Commission to a licensee for a violation of this Act or any notice with respect to settlement or offer in compromise shall include the field report, photographs, and any other supporting documentation necessary to reasonably inform the licensee of the nature and extent of the violation or the conduct alleged to have occurred, which may include, but is not limited to, the field report, photographs, and any other supporting documentation. The failure to reasonably inform the licensee include such required documentation shall result in the dismissal of the action.

- (2) To adopt such rules and regulations consistent with the provisions of this Act which shall be necessary to carry on its functions and duties to the end that the health, safety and welfare of the People of the State of Illinois shall be protected and temperance in the consumption of alcoholic liquors shall be fostered and promoted and to distribute copies of such rules and regulations to all licensees affected thereby.
- (3) To call upon other administrative departments of the State, county and municipal governments, county and city police departments and upon prosecuting officers for such information and assistance as it deems necessary in

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the performance of its duties.

- (4) To recommend to local commissioners rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the law, for the distribution and sale of alcoholic liquors throughout the State.
- (5) To inspect, or cause to be inspected, at <u>reasonable times</u> any premises in this State where alcoholic liquors manufactured, are distributed, warehoused, or sold. Nothing in this Act authorizes an agent of the State Commission to inspect private areas within the premises without reasonable suspicion or a warrant during an inspection. "Private areas" include, but are not limited to, safes, personal property, and closed desks.

For the purposes of this paragraph (5), the term "at reasonable times" means (i) during normal business hours; (ii) during the hours of operation of the business; (iii) any time the business is found to be operating; or (iv) any time when a customer is in the business, including before or after the hours of operation of such business.

(5.1) Upon receipt of a complaint or upon having knowledge that any person is engaged in business as a manufacturer, importing distributor, distributor, or retailer without a license or valid license, to conduct an investigation. If, after conducting an investigation, the State Commission is satisfied that the alleged conduct

occurred or is occurring, it may issue a cease and desist notice as provided in this Act, impose civil penalties as provided in this Act, notify the local liquor authority, or file a complaint with the State's Attorney's Office of the county where the incident occurred or the Attorney General.

- knowledge that any person is shipping alcoholic liquor into this State from a point outside of this State if the shipment is in violation of this Act, to conduct an investigation. If, after conducting an investigation, the State Commission is satisfied that the alleged conduct occurred or is occurring, it may issue a cease and desist notice as provided in this Act, impose civil penalties as provided in this Act, notify the foreign jurisdiction, or file a complaint with the State's Attorney's Office of the county where the incident occurred or the Attorney General.
- (5.3) To receive complaints from licensees, local officials, law enforcement agencies, organizations, and persons stating that any licensee has been or is violating any provision of this Act or the rules and regulations issued pursuant to this Act. Such complaints shall be in writing, signed and sworn to by the person making the complaint, and shall state with specificity the facts in relation to the alleged violation. If the State Commission

has reasonable grounds to believe that the complaint substantially alleges a violation of this Act or rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this Act, it shall conduct an investigation. If, after conducting an investigation, the State Commission is satisfied that the alleged violation did occur, it shall proceed with disciplinary action against the licensee as provided in this Act.

- (5.4) To make arrests and issue notices of civil violations where necessary for the enforcement of this Act.
 - (5.5) To investigate any and all unlicensed activity.
- (5.6) To impose civil penalties or fines to any person who, without holding a valid license, engages in conduct that requires a license pursuant to this Act, in an amount not to exceed \$20,000 for each offense as determined by the State Commission. A civil penalty shall be assessed by the State Commission after a hearing is held in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Act regarding the provision of a hearing for the revocation or suspension of a license.
- (6) To hear and determine appeals from orders of a local commission in accordance with the provisions of this Act, as hereinafter set forth. Hearings under this subsection shall be held in Springfield or Chicago, at whichever location is the more convenient for the majority of persons who are parties to the hearing.

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The State Commission shall establish uniform systems of accounts to be kept by all retail licensees having more than 4 employees, and for this purpose the State Commission may classify all retail licensees having more than 4 employees and establish a uniform system of accounts for each class and prescribe the manner in which such accounts shall be kept. The State Commission may also prescribe the forms of accounts to be kept by all retail licensees having more than 4 employees, including, but not limited to, accounts of earnings and expenses and any distribution, payment, or other distribution of earnings or assets, and any other forms, records, and memoranda which in the judgment of the commission may be necessary or appropriate to carry out any of the provisions of this Act, including, but not limited to, such forms, records, and memoranda as will readily and accurately disclose at all times the beneficial ownership of such retail licensed business. The accounts, forms, records, and memoranda shall be available at all reasonable times for inspection by authorized representatives of the State Commission or by any local liquor control commissioner or his or her authorized representative. The commission, may, from time to time, alter, amend, or repeal, in whole or in part, any uniform system of accounts, or the form and manner of keeping accounts.

(8) In the conduct of any hearing authorized to be

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held by the State Commission, to appoint, commission's discretion, hearing officers to conduct hearings involving complex issues or issues that will require a protracted period of time to resolve, to examine, or cause to be examined, under oath, licensee, and to examine or cause to be examined the books and records of such licensee; to hear testimony and take proof material for its information in the discharge of its duties hereunder: to administer or cause to be administered oaths; for any such purpose to issue subpoena or subpoenas to require the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, which shall be effective in any part of this State, and to adopt rules to implement its powers under this paragraph (8).

Any circuit court may by order duly entered, require the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books subpoenaed by the State Commission and the court may compel obedience to its order by proceedings for contempt.

- (9) To investigate the administration of laws in relation to alcoholic liquors in this and other states and any foreign countries, and to recommend from time to time to the Governor and through him or her to the legislature of this State, such amendments to this Act, if any, as it may think desirable and as will serve to further the general broad purposes contained in Section 1-2 hereof.
 - (10) To adopt such rules and regulations consistent

with the provisions of this Act which shall be necessary for the control, sale, or disposition of alcoholic liquor damaged as a result of an accident, wreck, flood, fire, or other similar occurrence.

- (11) To develop industry educational programs related to responsible serving and selling, particularly in the areas of overserving consumers and illegal underage purchasing and consumption of alcoholic beverages.
- (11.1) To license persons providing education and training to alcohol beverage sellers and servers for mandatory and non-mandatory training under the Beverage Alcohol Sellers and Servers Education and Training (BASSET) programs and to develop and administer a public awareness program in Illinois to reduce or eliminate the illegal purchase and consumption of alcoholic beverage products by persons under the age of 21. Application for a license shall be made on forms provided by the State Commission.
- (12) To develop and maintain a repository of license and regulatory information.
 - (13) (Blank).
- (14) On or before April 30, 2008 and every 2 years thereafter, the State Commission shall present a written report to the Governor and the General Assembly that shall be based on a study of the impact of Public Act 95-634 on the business of soliciting, selling, and shipping wine

| 1 | from | insi | de | and | outsi | de | of | thi | s St | tate | dir | rectl | -У | to |
|---|--------|-------|----|-------|---------|-----|------|-------|-------|------|-----|-------|-----|-----|
| 2 | reside | ents | of | this | State. | As | par | t of | its | repo | rt, | the | Sta | ate |
| 3 | Commis | ssion | sh | all p | orovide | all | of · | the i | follo | wing | inf | orma | tio | n: |

- (A) The amount of State excise and sales tax revenues generated.
 - (B) The amount of licensing fees received.
- (C) The number of cases of wine shipped from inside and outside of this State directly to residents of this State.
- (D) The number of alcohol compliance operations conducted.
- (E) The number of winery shipper's licenses issued.
- (F) The number of each of the following: reported violations; cease and desist notices issued by the Commission; notices of violations issued by the Commission and to the Department of Revenue; and notices and complaints of violations to law enforcement officials, including, without limitation, the Illinois Attorney General and the U.S. Department of Treasury's Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau.
- (15) As a means to reduce the underage consumption of alcoholic liquors, the State Commission shall conduct alcohol compliance operations to investigate whether businesses that are soliciting, selling, and shipping wine

from inside or outside of this State directly to residents of this State are licensed by this State or are selling or attempting to sell wine to persons under 21 years of age in violation of this Act.

- (16) The State Commission shall, in addition to notifying any appropriate law enforcement agency, submit notices of complaints or violations of Sections 6-29 and 6-29.1 by persons who do not hold a winery shipper's license under this Act to the Illinois Attorney General and to the U.S. Department of Treasury's Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau.
- (17) (A) A person licensed to make wine under the laws of another state who has a winery shipper's license under this Act and annually produces less than 25,000 gallons of wine or a person who has a first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's license, a first-class or second-class wine-maker's license, or a limited wine manufacturer's license under this Act and annually produces less than 25,000 gallons of wine may make application to the Commission for a self-distribution exemption to allow the sale of not more than 5,000 gallons of the exemption holder's wine to retail licensees per year.
- (B) In the application, which shall be sworn under penalty of perjury, such person shall state (1) the date it was established; (2) its volume of production and sales for each year since its establishment; (3) its efforts to

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establish distributor relationships; (4) that a self-distribution exemption is necessary to facilitate the marketing of its wine; and (5) that it will comply with the liquor and revenue laws of the United States, this State, and any other state where it is licensed.

- (C) The State Commission shall approve the application for a self-distribution exemption if such person: (1) is in compliance with State revenue and liquor laws; (2) is not a member of any affiliated group that produces more than 25,000 gallons of wine per annum or produces any other alcoholic liquor; (3) will not annually produce for sale more than 25,000 gallons of wine; and (4) will not annually sell more than 5,000 gallons of its wine to retail licensees.
- self-distribution exemption holder annually certify to the State Commission its production of wine in the previous 12 months and its anticipated production and sales for the next 12 months. The State Commission fine. suspend, revoke may or self-distribution exemption after a hearing if it finds that the exemption holder has made а material misrepresentation in its application, violated a revenue or liquor law of Illinois, exceeded production of 25,000 gallons of wine in any calendar year, or become part of an affiliated group producing more than 25,000 gallons of wine or any other alcoholic liquor.

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- (E) Except in hearings for violations of this Act or Public Act 95-634 or a bona fide investigation by duly sworn law enforcement officials, the State Commission, or its agents, the State Commission shall maintain the production and sales information of a self-distribution exemption holder as confidential and shall not release such information to any person.
- (F) The State Commission shall issue regulations governing self-distribution exemptions consistent with this Section and this Act.
- (G) Nothing in this paragraph (17) shall prohibit a self-distribution exemption holder from entering into or simultaneously having a distribution agreement with a licensed Illinois distributor.
- (H) It is the intent of this paragraph (17) to promote and continue orderly markets. The General Assembly finds Illinois' that, in order to preserve regulatory create distribution system, it is necessary to exception for smaller makers of wine as their wines are frequently adjusted in varietals, mixes, vintages, and taste to find and create market niches sometimes too small distributor or importing distributor business for strategies. Limited self-distribution rights will afford and allow smaller makers of wine access to the marketplace in order to develop a customer base without impairing the integrity of the 3-tier system.

- (18) (A) A class 1 brewer licensee, who must also be either a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer and annually manufacture less than 930,000 gallons of beer, may make application to the State Commission for a self-distribution exemption to allow the sale of not more than 232,500 gallons of the exemption holder's beer per year to retail licensees and to brewers, class 1 brewers, and class 2 brewers that, pursuant to subsection (e) of Section 6-4 of this Act, sell beer, cider, or both beer and cider to non-licensees at their breweries.
- (B) In the application, which shall be sworn under penalty of perjury, the class 1 brewer licensee shall state (1) the date it was established; (2) its volume of beer manufactured and sold for each year since its establishment; (3) its efforts to establish distributor relationships; (4) that a self-distribution exemption is necessary to facilitate the marketing of its beer; and (5) that it will comply with the alcoholic beverage and revenue laws of the United States, this State, and any other state where it is licensed.
- (C) Any application submitted shall be posted on the State Commission's website at least 45 days prior to action by the State Commission. The State Commission shall approve the application for a self-distribution exemption if the class 1 brewer licensee: (1) is in compliance with the State, revenue, and alcoholic beverage laws; (2) is

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not a member of any affiliated group that manufactures more than 930,000 gallons of beer per annum or produces any other alcoholic beverages; (3) shall not annually manufacture for sale more than 930,000 gallons of beer; (4) shall not annually sell more than 232,500 gallons of its beer to retail licensees or to brewers, class 1 brewers, and class 2 brewers that, pursuant to subsection (e) of Section 6-4 of this Act, sell beer, cider, or both beer and cider to non-licensees at their breweries; and (5) has relinquished any brew pub license held by the licensee, including any ownership interest it held in the licensed brew pub.

- (D) self-distribution exemption holder shall annually certify to the State Commission its manufacture of beer during the previous 12 months and its anticipated manufacture and sales of beer for the next 12 months. The Commission may fine, suspend, or State revoke self-distribution exemption after a hearing if it finds t.hat. the exemption holder has made material а misrepresentation in its application, violated a revenue alcoholic beverage law of Illinois, exceeded the manufacture of 930,000 gallons of beer in any calendar year or became part of an affiliated group manufacturing more than 930,000 gallons of beer or any other alcoholic beverage.
 - (E) The State Commission shall issue rules and

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regulations governing self-distribution exemptions consistent with this Act.

- (F) Nothing in this paragraph (18) shall prohibit a self-distribution exemption holder from entering into or simultaneously having a distribution agreement with a licensed Illinois importing distributor or a distributor. If a self-distribution exemption holder enters into a distribution agreement and has assigned distribution rights to an importing distributor or distributor, then the self-distribution exemption holder's distribution rights in the assigned territories shall cease in a reasonable time not to exceed 60 days.
- (G) It is the intent of this paragraph (18) to promote and continue orderly markets. The General Assembly finds in order to preserve Illinois' regulatory distribution system, it is necessary to create exception for smaller manufacturers in order to afford and allow such smaller manufacturers of beer access to the marketplace in order to develop a customer base without impairing the integrity of the 3-tier system.
- (19) (A) A class 1 craft distiller licensee or a non-resident dealer who manufactures less than 50,000 gallons of distilled spirits per year may make application to the State Commission for a self-distribution exemption to allow the sale of not more than 5,000 gallons of the exemption holder's spirits to retail licensees per year.

- (B) In the application, which shall be sworn under penalty of perjury, the class 1 craft distiller licensee or non-resident dealer shall state (1) the date it was established; (2) its volume of spirits manufactured and sold for each year since its establishment; (3) its efforts to establish distributor relationships; (4) that a self-distribution exemption is necessary to facilitate the marketing of its spirits; and (5) that it will comply with the alcoholic beverage and revenue laws of the United States, this State, and any other state where it is licensed.
- (C) Any application submitted shall be posted on the State Commission's website at least 45 days prior to action by the State Commission. The State Commission shall approve the application for a self-distribution exemption if the applicant: (1) is in compliance with State revenue and alcoholic beverage laws; (2) is not a member of any affiliated group that produces more than 50,000 gallons of spirits per annum or produces any other alcoholic liquor; (3) does not annually manufacture for sale more than 50,000 gallons of spirits; and (4) does not annually sell more than 5,000 gallons of its spirits to retail licensees.
- (D) A self-distribution exemption holder shall annually certify to the State Commission its manufacture of spirits during the previous 12 months and its

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anticipated manufacture and sales of spirits for the next 12 months. The State Commission may fine, suspend, or revoke a self-distribution exemption after a hearing if it finds that the exemption holder has made a material misrepresentation in its application, violated a revenue or alcoholic beverage law of Illinois, exceeded the manufacture of 50,000 gallons of spirits in any calendar year, or has become part of an affiliated group manufacturing more than 50,000 gallons of spirits or any other alcoholic beverage.

- (E) The State Commission shall adopt rules governing self-distribution exemptions consistent with this Act.
- (F) Nothing in this paragraph (19) shall prohibit a self-distribution exemption holder from entering into or simultaneously having a distribution agreement with a licensed Illinois importing distributor or a distributor.
- (G) It is the intent of this paragraph (19) to promote and continue orderly markets. The General Assembly finds t.hat. in order to preserve Illinois' regulatory distribution system, it is necessary to exception for smaller manufacturers in order to afford and allow such smaller manufacturers of spirits access to the marketplace in order to develop a customer base without impairing the integrity of the 3-tier system.
- (b) On or before April 30, 1999, the Commission shall present a written report to the Governor and the General

- 1 Assembly that shall be based on a study of the impact of Public
- 2 Act 90-739 on the business of soliciting, selling, and
- 3 shipping alcoholic liquor from outside of this State directly
- 4 to residents of this State.
- 5 As part of its report, the Commission shall provide the
- 6 following information:
- 7 (i) the amount of State excise and sales tax revenues
- generated as a result of Public Act 90-739;
- 9 (ii) the amount of licensing fees received as a result
- of Public Act 90-739;
- 11 (iii) the number of reported violations, the number of
- 12 cease and desist notices issued by the Commission, the
- number of notices of violations issued to the Department
- of Revenue, and the number of notices and complaints of
- violations to law enforcement officials.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 100-134, eff. 8-18-17; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17;
- 17 100-816, eff. 8-13-18; 100-1012, eff. 8-21-18; 100-1050, eff.
- 18 8-23-18; 101-37, eff. 7-3-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-482,
- 19 eff. 8-23-19; revised 9-20-19.)
- 20 (235 ILCS 5/4-4) (from Ch. 43, par. 112)
- Sec. 4-4. Additional powers of local liquor control
- 22 commissioners. Each local liquor control commissioner shall
- 23 also have the following powers, functions, and duties with
- 24 respect to licenses, other than licenses to manufacturers,
- 25 importing distributors, distributors, foreign importers,

- non-resident dealers, non-beverage users, brokers, railroads,
 airplanes, and boats:
 - 1. To grant or suspend for not more than 30 days or revoke for cause all local licenses issued to persons for premises within his jurisdiction;
 - 2. To enter or to authorize any law enforcing officer to enter at <u>reasonable times</u> any time upon any premises licensed hereunder to determine whether any of the provisions of this Act or any rules or regulations adopted by him or by the State Commission have been or are being violated, and at such time to examine said premises of said licensee in connection therewith;
 - 3. To notify the Secretary of State where a club incorporated under the General Not for Profit Corporation Act of 1986 or a foreign corporation functioning as a club in this State under a certificate of authority issued under that Act has violated this Act by selling or offering for sale at retail alcoholic liquors without a retailer's license;
 - 4. To receive a complaint from any citizen within his jurisdiction that any of the provisions of this Act, or any rules or regulations adopted pursuant hereto, have been or are being violated and to act upon the complaint in the manner hereinafter provided;
 - 5. To receive local license fees and pay the same forthwith to the city, village, town, or county treasurer,

- 1 as the case may be.
- 2 Each local liquor commissioner also has the duty to notify
- 3 the Secretary of State of any convictions or dispositions of
- 4 court supervision for a violation of Section 6-20 of this Act
- 5 or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- In counties and municipalities, the local liquor control
- 7 commissioners shall also have the power to levy fines in
- 8 accordance with Section 7-5 of this Act.
- 9 For the purposes of this Section, the term "at reasonable
- times" means (i) during normal business hours; (ii) during the
- 11 hours of operation of the business; (iii) any time the
- business is found to be operating; or (iv) any time when a
- 13 customer is in the business, including before or after the
- hours of operation of such business.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)
- 16 (235 ILCS 5/8-2) (from Ch. 43, par. 159)
- 17 Sec. 8-2. Payments; reports. It is the duty of each
- 18 manufacturer with respect to alcoholic liquor produced or
- imported by such manufacturer, or purchased tax-free by such
- 20 manufacturer from another manufacturer or importing
- 21 distributor, and of each importing distributor as to alcoholic
- 22 liquor purchased by such importing distributor from foreign
- 23 importers or from anyone from any point in the United States
- 24 outside of this State or purchased tax-free from another
- 25 manufacturer or importing distributor, to pay the tax imposed

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by Section 8-1 to the Department of Revenue on or before the 15th day of the calendar month following the calendar month in which such alcoholic liquor is sold or used by such manufacturer or by such importing distributor other than in an authorized tax-free manner or to pay that tax electronically as provided in this Section.

Each manufacturer and each importing distributor shall make payment under one of the following methods: (1) on or before the 15th day of each calendar month, file in person or by United States first-class mail, postage pre-paid, with the Department of Revenue, on forms prescribed and furnished by the Department, a report in writing in such form as may be required by the Department in order to compute, and assure the accuracy of, the tax due on all taxable sales and uses of alcoholic liquor occurring during the preceding month. Payment of the tax in the amount disclosed by the report shall accompany the report or, (2) on or before the 15th day of each calendar month, electronically file with the Department of Revenue, on forms prescribed and furnished by the Department, an electronic report in such form as may be required by the Department in order to compute, and assure the accuracy of, the tax due on all taxable sales and uses of alcoholic liquor occurring during the preceding month. An electronic payment of the tax in the amount disclosed by the report shall accompany the report. A manufacturer or distributor who files an electronic report and electronically pays the tax imposed

pursuant to Section 8-1 to the Department of Revenue on or before the 15th day of the calendar month following the calendar month in which such alcoholic liquor is sold or used by that manufacturer or importing distributor other than in an authorized tax-free manner shall pay to the Department the amount of the tax imposed pursuant to Section 8-1, less a discount which is allowed to reimburse the manufacturer or importing distributor for the expenses incurred in keeping and maintaining records, preparing and filing the electronic returns, remitting the tax, and supplying data to the Department upon request.

The discount shall be in an amount as follows:

- 13 (1) For original returns due on or after January 1,
 14 2003 through September 30, 2003, the discount shall be
 15 1.75% or \$1,250 per return, whichever is less;
 - (2) For original returns due on or after October 1, 2003 through September 30, 2004, the discount shall be 2% or \$3,000 per return, whichever is less; and
 - (3) For original returns due on or after October 1, 2004, the discount shall be 2% or \$2,000 per return, whichever is less.

The Department may, if it deems it necessary in order to insure the payment of the tax imposed by this Article, require returns to be made more frequently than and covering periods of less than a month. Such return shall contain such further information as the Department may reasonably require.

It shall be presumed that all alcoholic liquors acquired or made by any importing distributor or manufacturer have been sold or used by him in this State and are the basis for the tax imposed by this Article unless proven, to the satisfaction of the Department, that such alcoholic liquors are (1) still in the possession of such importing distributor or manufacturer, or (2) prior to the termination of possession have been lost by theft or through unintentional destruction, or (3) that such alcoholic liquors are otherwise exempt from taxation under this Act.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the manufacturer's or importing distributor's liabilities under this Act, as shown on an original report, the manufacturer or importing distributor may credit such excess payment against liability subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, in accordance with reasonable rules adopted by the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the manufacturer or importing distributor, the manufacturer's or importing distributor's discount shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the discount as applied to the credit taken and that actually due, and the manufacturer or importing distributor shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

The Department may require any foreign importer to file monthly information returns, by the 15th day of the month

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following the month which any such return covers, if the
Department determines this to be necessary to the proper
performance of the Department's functions and duties under
this Act. Such return shall contain such information as the
Department may reasonably require.

Every manufacturer and importing distributor, except for a new applicant for a manufacturer license or importing distributor license or a manufacturer or importing distributor that in the preceding year had less than \$50,000 of tax liability under this Article, shall also file, with the Department, a bond in an amount not less than \$1,000 and not to exceed \$100,000 on a form to be approved by, and with a surety or sureties satisfactory to, the Department. Such bond shall be conditioned upon the manufacturer or importing distributor paying to the Department all monies becoming due from such manufacturer or importing distributor under this Article. The Department shall fix the penalty of such bond in each case, taking into consideration the amount of alcoholic liquor expected to be sold and used by such manufacturer or importing distributor, and the penalty fixed by the Department shall be sufficient, in the Department's opinion, to protect the State of Illinois against failure to pay any amount due under this Article, but the amount of the penalty fixed by the Department shall not exceed twice the amount of tax liability of a monthly return, nor shall the amount of such penalty be less than \$1,000. The Department shall notify the State Commission of

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approval or disapproval of the Department's anv manufacturer's or importing distributor's bond, or of the termination or cancellation of any such bond, or of the Department's direction to a manufacturer or importing distributor that he must file additional bond in order to comply with this Section. The Commission shall not issue a license to any applicant for a manufacturer's or importing distributor's license unless the Commission has received a notification from the Department showing that such applicant has filed a satisfactory bond with the Department hereunder and that such bond has been approved by the Department. Failure by any licensed manufacturer or importing distributor to keep a satisfactory bond in effect with the Department or to furnish additional bond to the Department, when required hereunder by the Department to do so, shall be grounds for the revocation or suspension of such manufacturer's or importing distributor's license by the Commission. If a manufacturer or importing distributor fails to pay any amount due under this Article, his bond with the Department shall be deemed forfeited, and the Department may institute a suit in its own name on such bond.

After notice and opportunity for a hearing the State Commission may revoke or suspend the license of any manufacturer or importing distributor who fails to comply with the provisions of this Section. Notice of such hearing and the time and place thereof shall be in writing and shall contain a

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statement of the charges against the licensee. Such notice may be given by United States registered or certified mail with return receipt requested, addressed to the person concerned at his last known address and shall be given not less than 7 days prior to the date fixed for the hearing. An order revoking or suspending a license under the provisions of this Section may be reviewed in the manner provided in Section 7-10 of this Act. No new license shall be granted to a person whose license has been revoked for a violation of this Section or, in case of suspension, shall such suspension be terminated until he has paid to the Department all taxes and penalties which he owes the State under the provisions of this Act.

Every manufacturer or importing distributor who has, as verified by the Department, continuously complied with the conditions of the bond under this Act for a period of 2 years shall be considered to be a prior continuous compliance taxpayer. In determining the consecutive period of time for qualification as a prior continuous compliance taxpayer, any consecutive period of time of qualifying compliance immediately prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1987 shall be credited to any manufacturer or importing distributor.

A manufacturer or importing distributor that is a prior continuous compliance taxpayer under this Section and becomes a successor as the result of an acquisition, merger, or consolidation of a manufacturer or importing distributor shall

be deemed to be a prior continuous compliance taxpayer with respect to the acquired, merged, or consolidated entity.

Every prior continuous compliance taxpayer shall be exempt from the bond requirements of this Act until the Department has determined the taxpayer to be delinquent in the filing of any return or deficient in the payment of any tax under this Act. Any taxpayer who fails to pay an admitted or established liability under this Act may also be required to post bond or other acceptable security with the Department guaranteeing the payment of such admitted or established liability.

The Department shall discharge any surety and shall release and return any bond or security deposit assigned, pledged or otherwise provided to it by a taxpayer under this Section within 30 days after: (1) such taxpayer becomes a prior continuous compliance taxpayer; or (2) such taxpayer has ceased to collect receipts on which he is required to remit tax to the Department, has filed a final tax return, and has paid to the Department an amount sufficient to discharge his remaining tax liability as determined by the Department under this Act.

21 (Source: P.A. 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-37, eff. 7-3-19.)

22 (235 ILCS 5/10-6) (from Ch. 43, par. 188)

Sec. 10-6. <u>Forfeiture</u>. Any person who shall knowingly possess, sell, ship, transport or in any wise dispose of any alcoholic liquor under any other than the proper name or brand

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known to the trade as designating the kind and quality of the 1 2 contents of the package or other containers of said alcoholic 3 liquor, or who shall cause any such Act to be done, or who shall knowingly possess, sell, ship, transport, or in any way 4 5 dispose of any alcoholic liquor in violation of the provisions 6 of this Act, shall have no property right of any kind in said 7 <u>alcoholic liquor and shall</u> forfeit to the State said alcoholic 8 liquor and said packages and containers and shall be subject 9 to the punishment and penalties provided for violation of this 10 Act.

12 (235 ILCS 5/10-8) (from Ch. 43, par. 190)

(Source: P.A. 82-783.)

Sec. 10-8. Complaints. Whenever complaint is made in writing, verified by affidavit, to any judge of the circuit court, that complainant has just and reasonable grounds to and does believe that alcoholic believe liquor is manufactured, possessed, kept for sale, used or transported, in violation of this Act, or any mash, still or other property designed for the manufacture of alcoholic liquor is possessed in any premises which are not licensed hereunder, (particularly describing and designating such property in the complaint), the judge may issue a search warrant hereinafter provided; provided, however, no search warrant shall be necessary for the inspection or search at reasonable times of any premises licensed under this Act, and provided,

further, that no search warrant shall be issued for the search 1 2 of premises in use for residence purposes. The property seized 3 on any such warrant shall not be taken from the officer seizing the same on any order of replevin or other like process. For 4 5 the purposes of this Section, the term "at reasonable times" means (i) during normal business hours; (ii) during the hours 6 7 of operation of the business; (iii) any time the business is 8 found to be operating; or (iv) any time when a customer is in 9 the business, including before or after the hours of operation 10 of such business.

11 Each complaint shall be substantially in the following

12 form:

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13 State of Illinois,)

14) ss.

15 County of Cook.

16 Complaint for Search Warrant.

The complaint and affidavit of (name of complainant), of (his residence), made before (name of officer) one of the (official title of officer), in and for the (county, city or village, as the case may be), on (insert date), being first duly sworn, upon his oath says: That he has just and reasonable grounds to believe, and does believe that alcoholic liquor is now unlawfully (manufactured, possessed, used, disposed of or kept for sale, or any mash, still or other property designed for the illegal manufacture of alcoholic liquor is possessed therein, as the case may be), to-wit: At

19 becoming law.

| 1 | and within a certain (here describe the house, building, |
|----|---|
| 2 | premises, boat, vehicle, receptacle or other place to be |
| 3 | searched, with particulars as to the location sufficiently to |
| 4 | identify it, stating the name of the person occupying the |
| 5 | same, if known), in the (city, village or town of), |
| 6 | in the county and state set out above; that the following are |
| 7 | the reasons for his or her belief, to-wit (here insert the |
| 8 | facts upon which such belief is based). Wherefore complainant |
| 9 | prays that a search warrant may issue according to law. |
| 10 | |
| 11 | (Signature of complainant.) |
| 12 | Subscribed and Sworn to before me on (insert date). |
| 13 | |
| 14 | (Name of officer.) |
| 15 | |
| 16 | (Official title of officer.) |
| 17 | (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.) |
| 18 | Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon |

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| 2 | Statutes amended in order of appearance |
| | |
| 3 | 40 ILCS 5/1-160 |
| 4 | 40 ILCS 5/14-110 from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 14-110 |
| 5 | 40 ILCS 5/14-152.1 |
| 6 | 235 ILCS 5/3-4.1 new |
| 7 | 235 ILCS 5/3-12 |
| 8 | 235 ILCS 5/4-4 from Ch. 43, par. 112 |
| 9 | 235 ILCS 5/8-2 from Ch. 43, par. 159 |
| 10 | 235 ILCS 5/10-6 from Ch. 43, par. 188 |

11 235 ILCS 5/10-8 from Ch. 43, par. 190