

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB5548

Introduced 1/31/2022, by Rep. Lamont J. Robinson, Jr.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

305 ILCS 5/9A-13 305 ILCS 5/9A-16 305 ILCS 5/12-4.4 750 ILCS 16/15

from Ch. 23, par. 12-4.4

Amends the Illinois Public Aid Code. In provisions concerning education, training, and employment programs for recipients of public aid, removes all references and provisions concerning the Earnfare component of the SNAP Employment and Training (SNAP E&T) program. Provides that if a court of competent jurisdiction orders an individual to participate in the SNAP E&T program (rather than the Earnfare program), hours engaged in employment assigned activities shall first be applied for a \$50 payment made to the custodial parent as a support obligation. Amends the Non-Support Punishment Act. In provisions concerning the offense of failure to support, provides that a person convicted of a first offense who is eligible for the SNAP E&T program (rather than the Earnfare program) shall, in lieu of a sentence, be referred to the SNAP E&T program (rather than the Earnfare program). Provides that upon certification of completion of the SNAP E&T program (rather than the Earnfare program), the conviction shall be expunged.

LRB102 22972 KTG 32126 b

1 AN ACT concerning public aid.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Sections 9A-13, 9A-16, and 12-4.4 as follows:
- 6 (305 ILCS 5/9A-13)

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- 7 Sec. 9A-13. Work activity; anti-displacement provisions.
- (a) As used in this Section "work activity" means any 8 9 workfare. earnfare, pay-after-performance, work-off-the-grant, work experience, or other activity under 10 Section 9A-9 or any other Section of this Code in which a 11 recipient of public assistance performs work for any employer 12 as a condition of receiving the public assistance, and the 13 14 employer does not pay wages for the work; or as any grant diversion, wage supplementation, or similar program in which 15
- 18 (b) An employer may not utilize a work activity

participant if such utilization would result in:

subsidy for the wages of any recipient in its workforce.

the public assistance grant is provided to the employer as a

20 (1) the displacement or partial displacement of 21 current employees, including but not limited to a 22 reduction in hours of non-overtime or overtime work, 23 wages, or employment benefits; or

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- 1 (2) the filling of a position that would otherwise be 2 a promotional opportunity for current employees; or
 - (3) the filling of a position created by or causing termination, layoff, a hiring freeze, or a reduction in the workforce; or
 - (4) the placement of a participant in any established unfilled vacancy; or
 - (5) the performance of work by a participant if there is a strike, lockout, or other labor dispute in which the employer is engaged.
 - (c) An employer who wishes to utilize work activity participants shall, at least 15 days prior to utilizing such participants, notify the labor organization of the name, work location, and the duties to be performed by the participant.
 - (d) The Department of Human Services shall establish a grievance procedure for employees and labor organizations to utilize in the event of any alleged violation of this Section. Notwithstanding the above, a labor organization may utilize the established grievance or arbitration procedure in its collective bargaining agreement to contest violations of this Section.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 92-111, eff. 1-1-02.)
- 23 (305 ILCS 5/9A-16)
- Sec. 9A-16. Work activity; applicable minimum wage. The State or federal minimum wage, whichever is higher, shall be

- 1 used to calculate the required number of hours of
- 2 participation in any earnfare or pay-after-performance
- 3 activity under Section 9A-9 or any other Section of this Code
- 4 in which a recipient of public assistance performs work as a
- 5 condition of receiving the public assistance and the recipient
- 6 is not paid wages for the work.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 94-533, eff. 8-10-05; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)
- 8 (305 ILCS 5/12-4.4) (from Ch. 23, par. 12-4.4)
- 9 Sec. 12-4.4. Administration of federally-aided programs.
- 10 Direct County Departments of Public Aid in the administration
- of the federally funded Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
- 12 (SNAP) Program, programs to aid refugees and Articles III, IV,
- 13 and V of this Code.
- 14 The Illinois Department of Human Services shall operate a
- 15 SNAP Employment and Training (SNAP E&T) program in compliance
- with federal law. The SNAP E&T program may only be mandatory in
- 17 counties where the Department can show that there are
- 18 sufficient program slots for at least the majority of the
- 19 county's current non-exempt work registrants as described in
- 20 Section 11-20 of this Code. Nothing in this Section shall
- 21 prevent the Department from operating a fully voluntary SNAP
- 22 E&T program. The SNAP E&T program will have an Earnfare
- 23 component. The Earnfare component shall be available in
- 24 selected geographic areas based on criteria established by the
- 25 Illinois Department of Human Services by rule. Participants in

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Earnfare will, to the extent resources allow, earn their assistance. Participation in the Earnfare program is voluntary, except when ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction. Eligibility for Earnfare may be limited to only 6 months out of any 12 consecutive month period. Clients are not entitled to be placed in an Earnfare slot. Earnfare slots shall be made available only as resources permit. Earnfare shall be available to persons receiving SNAP benefits who meet eligibility criteria established by the Illinois Department of Human Services by rule. The Illinois Department may, by rule, extend the Earnfare Program to clients who do not receive SNAP benefits. Receipt of SNAP benefits is not an eligibility requirement of Earnfare when a court of competent jurisdiction orders an individual to participate in the Earnfare Program. To the extent resources permit, the Earnfare program will allow participants to engage in work related activities to earn monthly financial assistance payments and to improve participants' employability in order for them to succeed in obtaining employment. The Illinois Department of Human Services may enter into contracts with other public agencies including State agencies, with local governmental units, and with not-for-profit community based organizations to carry out the elements of the Program that the Department of Human Services deems appropriate.

The Earnfare Program shall contain the following elements: (1) To the extent resources allow and slots exist, the

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Illinois Department of Human Services shall refer recipients of SNAP benefits who meet eligibility criteria, as established by rule. Receipt of SNAP benefits is not an eligibility requirement of Earnfare when a court of competent jurisdiction orders an individual to participate in the Earnfare Program.

(2) Persons participating in Earnfare shall engage in employment assigned activities equal to the amount of SNAP benefits divided by the State or federal minimum wage, whichever is higher, and subsequently shall earn minimum wage assistance for each additional hour of performance in Earnfare activity. Earnfare participants shall be offered the opportunity to earn up to \$154. Department of Human Services may establish a higher amount by rule provided resources permit. If a court of competent jurisdiction orders an individual to participate in the SNAP E&T Earnfare program, hours engaged in employment assigned activities shall first be applied for a \$50 payment made to the custodial parent as a support obligation. If the individual receives SNAP benefits, the individual shall engage in employment assigned activities equal to the amount of the SNAP benefits divided by the or federal minimum wage, whichever is higher, subsequently shall earn State or federal minimum wage assistance, whichever is higher, for each additional hour of performance in Earnfare activity.

(3) To the extent appropriate slots are available, the Illinois Department of Human Services shall assign Earnfare participants to Earnfare activities based on an assessment of the person's age, literacy, education, educational achievement, job training, work experience, and recent institutionalization, whenever these factors are known to the Department of Human Services or to the contractor and are relevant to the individual's success in carrying out the assigned activities and in ultimately obtaining employment.

(4) The Department of Human Services shall consider the participant's preferences and personal employment goals in making assignments to the extent administratively possible and to the extent that resources allow.

(5) The Department of Human Services may enter into cooperative agreements with local governmental units (which may, in turn, enter into agreements with not for profit community based organizations): with other public, including State, agencies; directly with not-for-profit community based organizations, and with private employers to create Earnfare activities for program participants.

(6) To the extent resources permit, the Department of
Human Services shall provide the Earnfare participants
with the costs of transportation in looking for work and
in getting to and from the assigned Earnfare job site and

initial expenses of employment.

(7) All income and asset limitations of the Federal SNAP Program will govern continued Earnfare participation, except that court ordered participants shall participate for 6 months unless the court orders otherwise.

(8) Earnfare participants shall not displace or substitute for regular, full time or part time employees, regardless of whether or not the employee is currently working, on a leave of absence or in a position or similar position where a layoff has taken place or the employer has terminated the employment of any regular employee or otherwise reduced its workforce with the effect of filling the vacancy so created with a participant subsidized under this program, or is or has been involved in a labor dispute between a labor organization and the sponsor.

(9) Persons who fail to cooperate with the SNAP E&T program in counties where available program slots exist for at least the majority of that county's current work registrants shall become ineligible for SNAP benefits according to SNAP regulations, and for Earnfare participation. Failure to participate in Earnfare for all of the hours assigned is not a failure to cooperate unless so established by the employer pursuant to Department of Human Services rules. If a person who is ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction to participate in the Earnfare Program fails to cooperate with the Program, the person

- 1 shall be referred to the court for failure to comply with
- 2 the court order.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 101-566, eff. 8-23-19.)
- 4 Section 10. The Non-Support Punishment Act is amended by
- 5 changing Section 15 as follows:
- 6 (750 ILCS 16/15)
- 7 Sec. 15. Failure to support.
- 8 (a) A person commits the offense of failure to support
- 9 when he or she:

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- (1) willfully, without any lawful excuse, refuses to provide for the support or maintenance of his or her spouse, with the knowledge that the spouse is in need of such support or maintenance, or, without lawful excuse, deserts or willfully refuses to provide for the support or maintenance of his or her child or children in need of support or maintenance and the person has the ability to provide the support; or
 - (2) willfully fails to pay a support obligation required under a court or administrative order for support, if the obligation has remained unpaid for a period longer than 6 months, or is in arrears in an amount greater than \$5,000, and the person has the ability to provide the support; or
- 24 (3) leaves the State with the intent to evade a

- support obligation required under a court or administrative order for support, if the obligation, regardless of when it accrued, has remained unpaid for a period longer than 6 months, or is in arrears in an amount greater than \$10,000; or
 - (4) willfully fails to pay a support obligation required under a court or administrative order for support, if the obligation has remained unpaid for a period longer than one year, or is in arrears in an amount greater than \$20,000, and the person has the ability to provide the support.
 - (a-5) Presumption of ability to pay support. The existence of a court or administrative order of support that was not based on a default judgment and was in effect for the time period charged in the indictment or information creates a rebuttable presumption that the obligor has the ability to pay the support obligation for that time period.
 - (b) Sentence. A person convicted of a first offense under subdivision (a)(1) or (a)(2) is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. A person convicted of an offense under subdivision (a)(3) or (a)(4) or a second or subsequent offense under subdivision (a)(1) or (a)(2) is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (c) Expungement. A person convicted of a first offense under subdivision (a)(1) or (a)(2) who is eligible for the SNAP E&T program Earnfare program, shall, in lieu of the

- sentence prescribed in subsection (b), be referred to the <u>SNAP</u>

 <u>E&T program Earnfare program</u>. Upon certification of completion

 of the <u>SNAP E&T program Earnfare program</u>, the conviction shall

 be expunged. If the person fails to successfully complete the

 <u>SNAP E&T program Earnfare program</u>, he or she shall be

 sentenced in accordance with subsection (b).
 - (d) Fine. Sentences of imprisonment and fines for offenses committed under this Act shall be as provided under Articles 8 and 9 of Chapter V of the Unified Code of Corrections, except that the court shall order restitution of all unpaid support payments and may impose the following fines, alone, or in addition to a sentence of imprisonment under the following circumstances:
 - (1) from \$1,000 to \$5,000 if the support obligation has remained unpaid for a period longer than 2 years, or is in arrears in an amount greater than \$1,000 and not exceeding \$10,000;
 - (2) from \$5,000 to \$10,000 if the support obligation has remained unpaid for a period longer than 5 years, or is in arrears in an amount greater than \$10,000 and not exceeding \$20,000; or
 - (3) from \$10,000 to \$25,000 if the support obligation has remained unpaid for a period longer than 8 years, or is in arrears in an amount greater than \$20,000.
 - (e) Restitution shall be ordered in an amount equal to the total unpaid support obligation as it existed at the time of

- sentencing. Any amounts paid by the obligor shall be allocated
- 2 first to current support and then to restitution ordered and
- 3 then to fines imposed under this Section.
- 4 (f) For purposes of this Act, the term "child" shall have
- 5 the meaning ascribed to it in Section 505 of the Illinois
- 6 Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 91-613, eff. 10-1-99; 92-876, eff. 6-1-03.)