

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 SB0655

Introduced 2/24/2021, by Sen. Robert Peters

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

410 ILCS 305/9 from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7309 410 ILCS 325/5.5 from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7405.5 625 ILCS 5/6-106.1 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-106.1 625 ILCS 5/6-508 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-508 720 ILCS 5/11-9.1 from Ch. 38, par. 11-9.1 730 ILCS 5/5-5-3 720 ILCS 5/12-5.01 rep.

Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. Repeals the statute creating the offense of criminal transmission of HIV. Makes conforming changes in the AIDS Confidentiality Act, the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act, the Illinois Vehicle Code, the Criminal Code of 2012, and the Unified Code of Corrections. Effective immediately.

LRB102 13854 KMF 19205 b

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The AIDS Confidentiality Act is amended by changing Section 9 as follows:
- 6 (410 ILCS 305/9) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7309)
 - Sec. 9. (1) No person may disclose or be compelled to disclose HIV-related information, except to the following persons:
 - (a) The subject of an HIV test or the subject's legally authorized representative. A physician may notify the spouse or civil union partner of the test subject, if the test result is positive and has been confirmed pursuant to rules adopted by the Department, provided that the physician has first sought unsuccessfully to persuade the patient to notify the spouse or civil union partner or that, a reasonable time after the patient has agreed to make the notification, the physician has reason to believe that the patient has not provided the notification. This paragraph shall not create a duty or obligation under which a physician must notify the spouse or civil union partner of the test results, nor shall such duty or obligation be implied. No civil liability or criminal

sanction under this Act shall be imposed for any disclosure or non-disclosure of a test result to a spouse or civil union partner by a physician acting in good faith under this paragraph. For the purpose of any proceedings, civil or criminal, the good faith of any physician acting under this paragraph shall be presumed.

- (b) Any person designated in a legally effective authorization for release of the HIV-related information executed by the subject of the HIV-related information or the subject's legally authorized representative.
- (c) An authorized agent or employee of a health facility or health care provider if the health facility or health care provider itself is authorized to obtain the test results, the agent or employee provides patient care or handles or processes specimens of body fluids or tissues, and the agent or employee has a need to know such information.
- (d) The Department and local health authorities serving a population of over 1,000,000 residents or other local health authorities as designated by the Department, in accordance with rules for reporting, preventing, and controlling the spread of disease and the conduct of public health surveillance, public health investigations, and public health interventions, as otherwise provided by State law. The Department, local health authorities, and authorized representatives shall not disclose HIV test

results and HIV-related information, publicly or in any action of any kind in any court or before any tribunal, board, or agency. HIV test results and HIV-related information shall be protected from disclosure in accordance with the provisions of Sections 8-2101 through 8-2105 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

- (e) A health facility, health care provider, or health care professional which procures, processes, distributes or uses: (i) a human body part from a deceased person with respect to medical information regarding that person; or (ii) semen provided prior to the effective date of this Act for the purpose of artificial insemination.
- (f) Health facility staff committees for the purposes of conducting program monitoring, program evaluation or service reviews.
- (f-5) (Blank). A court in accordance with the provisions of Section 12 5.01 of the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (g) (Blank).
- (h) Any health care provider, health care professional, or employee of a health facility, and any firefighter or EMR, EMT, A-EMT, paramedic, PHRN, or EMT-I, involved in an accidental direct skin or mucous membrane contact with the blood or bodily fluids of an individual which is of a nature that may transmit HIV, as determined by a physician in his medical judgment.

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- (i) Any law enforcement officer, as defined in subsection (c) of Section 7, involved in the line of duty in a direct skin or mucous membrane contact with the blood or bodily fluids of an individual which is of a nature that may transmit HIV, as determined by a physician in his medical judgment.
- (j) A temporary caretaker of a child taken into temporary protective custody by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to Section 5 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, as now or hereafter amended.
- (k) In the case of a minor under 18 years of age whose test result is positive and has been confirmed pursuant to adopted by the Department, the health care professional who ordered the test shall make a reasonable effort to notify the minor's parent or legal guardian if, professional judgment of the in the health care professional, notification would be in the best interest of the child and the health care professional has first sought unsuccessfully to persuade the minor to notify the parent or legal guardian or a reasonable time after the minor has agreed to notify the parent or legal quardian, the health care professional has reason to believe that the minor has not made the notification. This subsection shall not create a duty or obligation under which a health care professional must notify the minor's parent or legal

guardian of the test results, nor shall a duty or obligation be implied. No civil liability or criminal sanction under this Act shall be imposed for any notification or non-notification of a minor's test result by a health care professional acting in good faith under this subsection. For the purpose of any proceeding, civil or criminal, the good faith of any health care professional acting under this subsection shall be presumed.

- (2) All information and records held by a State agency, local health authority, or health oversight agency pertaining to HIV-related information shall be strictly confidential and exempt from copying and inspection under the Freedom of Information Act. The information and records shall not be released or made public by the State agency, local health authority, or health oversight agency, shall not be admissible as evidence nor discoverable in any action of any kind in any court or before any tribunal, board, agency, or person, and shall be treated in the same manner as the information and those records subject to the provisions of Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure, except under the following circumstances:
- (A) when made with the written consent of all persons to whom the information pertains; or
 - (B) when authorized by Section 5-4-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

- 1 Disclosure shall be limited to those who have a need to
- 2 know the information, and no additional disclosures may be
- 3 made.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 98-973, eff. 8-15-14; 98-1046, eff. 1-1-15;
- 5 99-54, eff. 1-1-16; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15.)
- 6 Section 10. The Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease
- 7 Control Act is amended by changing Section 5.5 as follows:
- 8 (410 ILCS 325/5.5) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7405.5)
- 9 Sec. 5.5. Risk assessment.
- 10 (a) Whenever the Department receives a report of HIV
- infection or AIDS pursuant to this Act and the Department
- 12 determines that the subject of the report may present or may
- 13 have presented a possible risk of HIV transmission, the
- 14 Department shall, when medically appropriate, investigate the
- 15 subject of the report and that person's contacts as defined in
- 16 subsection (c), to assess the potential risks of transmission.
- 17 Any investigation and action shall be conducted in a timely
- 18 fashion. All contacts other than those defined in subsection
- 19 (c) shall be investigated in accordance with Section 5 of this
- 20 Act.
- 21 (b) If the Department determines that there is or may have
- 22 been potential risks of HIV transmission from the subject of
- 23 the report to other persons, the Department shall afford the
- 24 subject the opportunity to submit any information and comment

on proposed actions the Department intends to take with respect to the subject's contacts who are at potential risk of transmission of HIV prior to notification of the subject's contacts. The Department shall also afford the subject of the report the opportunity to notify the subject's contacts in a timely fashion who are at potential risk of transmission of HIV prior to the Department taking any steps to notify such contacts. If the subject declines to notify such contacts or if the Department determines the notices to be inadequate or incomplete, the Department shall endeavor to notify such other persons of the potential risk, and offer testing and counseling services to these individuals. When the contacts are notified, they shall be informed of the disclosure provisions of the AIDS Confidentiality Act and the penalties therein and this Section.

(c) Contacts investigated under this Section shall in the case of HIV infection include (i) individuals who have undergone invasive procedures performed by an HIV infected health care provider and (ii) health care providers who have performed invasive procedures for persons infected with HIV, provided the Department has determined that there is or may have been potential risk of HIV transmission from the health care provider to those individuals or from infected persons to health care providers. The Department shall have access to the subject's records to review for the identity of contacts. The subject's records shall not be copied or seized by the

1 Department.

For purposes of this subsection, the term "invasive procedures" means those procedures termed invasive by the Centers for Disease Control in current guidelines or recommendations for the prevention of HIV transmission in health care settings, and the term "health care provider" means any physician, dentist, podiatric physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, nurse, or other person providing health care services of any kind.

- (d) All information and records held by the Department and local health authorities pertaining to activities conducted pursuant to this Section shall be strictly confidential and exempt from copying and inspection under the Freedom of Information Act. Such information and records shall not be released or made public by the Department or local health authorities, and shall not be admissible as evidence, nor discoverable in any action of any kind in any court or before any tribunal, board, agency or person and shall be treated in the same manner as the information and those records subject to the provisions of Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure except under the following circumstances:
 - (1) When made with the written consent of all persons to whom this information pertains;
 - (2) (Blank) When authorized under Section 8 to be released under court order or subpoena pursuant to Section 12 5.01 or 12 16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the

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Criminal Code of 2012; or

- 2 (3) When made by the Department for the purpose of 3 seeking a warrant authorized by Sections 6 and 7 of this 4 Act. Such disclosure shall conform to the requirements of 5 subsection (a) of Section 8 of this Act.
- 6 (e) Any person who knowingly or maliciously disseminates
 7 any information or report concerning the existence of any
 8 disease under this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 100-513, eff. 1-1-18.)
- Section 15. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 6-106.1 and 6-508 as follows:
- 12 (625 ILCS 5/6-106.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-106.1) 13 Sec. 6-106.1. School bus driver permit.
 - (a) The Secretary of State shall issue a school bus driver permit to those applicants who have met all the requirements of the application and screening process under this Section to insure the welfare and safety of children who are transported on school buses throughout the State of Illinois. Applicants shall obtain the proper application required by the Secretary of State from their prospective or current employer and submit the completed application to the prospective or current employer along with the necessary fingerprint submission as required by the Department of State Police to conduct fingerprint based criminal background checks on current and

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future information available in the state system and current through the available of information Federal Bureau Investigation's system. Applicants who have completed the fingerprinting requirements shall not be subjected to the fingerprinting process when applying for subsequent permits or submitting proof of successful completion of the annual refresher course. Individuals who on July 1, 1995 (the effective date of Public Act 88-612) possess a valid school bus driver permit that has been previously issued by the appropriate Regional School Superintendent are not subject to the fingerprinting provisions of this Section as long as the permit remains valid and does not lapse. The applicant shall be required to pay all related application and fingerprinting fees as established by rule including, but not limited to, the amounts established by the Department of State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to process fingerprint based criminal background investigations. All fees paid for fingerprint processing services under this Section shall be deposited into the State Police Services Fund for the cost incurred in processing the fingerprint based criminal background investigations. All other fees paid under this Section shall be deposited into the Road Fund for the purpose defraying the costs of the Secretary of State in administering this Section. All applicants must:

- 1. be 21 years of age or older;
- 26 2. possess a valid and properly classified driver's

license issued by the Secretary of State;

- 3. possess a valid driver's license, which has not been revoked, suspended, or canceled for 3 years immediately prior to the date of application, or have not had his or her commercial motor vehicle driving privileges disqualified within the 3 years immediately prior to the date of application;
- 4. successfully pass a written test, administered by the Secretary of State, on school bus operation, school bus safety, and special traffic laws relating to school buses and submit to a review of the applicant's driving habits by the Secretary of State at the time the written test is given;
- 5. demonstrate ability to exercise reasonable care in the operation of school buses in accordance with rules promulgated by the Secretary of State;
- 6. demonstrate physical fitness to operate school buses by submitting the results of a medical examination, including tests for drug use for each applicant not subject to such testing pursuant to federal law, conducted by a licensed physician, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse, or a licensed physician assistant within 90 days of the date of application according to standards promulgated by the Secretary of State;
- 7. affirm under penalties of perjury that he or she has not made a false statement or knowingly concealed a

material fact in any application for permit;

- 8. have completed an initial classroom course, including first aid procedures, in school bus driver safety as promulgated by the Secretary of State; and after satisfactory completion of said initial course an annual refresher course; such courses and the agency or organization conducting such courses shall be approved by the Secretary of State; failure to complete the annual refresher course, shall result in cancellation of the permit until such course is completed;
- 9. not have been under an order of court supervision for or convicted of 2 or more serious traffic offenses, as defined by rule, within one year prior to the date of application that may endanger the life or safety of any of the driver's passengers within the duration of the permit period;
- 10. not have been under an order of court supervision for or convicted of reckless driving, aggravated reckless driving, driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, or reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle within 3 years of the date of application;
- 11. not have been convicted of committing or attempting to commit any one or more of the following offenses: (i) those offenses defined in Sections 8-1,

8-1.2, 9-1, 9-1.2, 9-2, 9-2.1, 9-3, 9-3.2, 9-3.3, 10-1, 1 2 10-2, 10-3.1, 10-4, 10-5, 10-5.1, 10-6, 10-7, 10-9, 3 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-6.5, 11-6.6, 11-9, 11-9.1, 11-9.1A, 11-9.3, 11-9.4, 11-9.4-1, 4 5 11-14, 11-14.1, 11-14.3, 11-14.4, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 6 7 11-20, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 11-21, 11-22, 11-23, 11-24, 11-25, 11-26, 11-30, 12-2.6, 12-3.05, 12-3.1, 12-4, 8 9 12-4.1, 12-4.2, 12-4.2-5, 12-4.3, 12-4.4, 12-4.5, 12-4.6, 10 12-4.7, 12-4.9, $\frac{12-5.01}{}$, 12-5.3, 12-6, 12-6.2, 12-7.1, 11 12-7.3, 12-7.4, 12-7.5, 12-11, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12 12-15, 12-16, $\frac{12-16.2}{12-21.5}$, 12-21.6, 12-33, 12C-5, 12C-10, 12C-20, 12C-30, 12C-45, 16-16, 16-16.1, 18-1, 13 14 18-2, 18-3, 18-4, 18-5, 19-6, 20-1, 20-1.1, 20-1.2, 20-1.3, 20-2, 24-1, 24-1.1, 24-1.2, 24-1.2-5, 24-1.6, 15 16 24-1.7, 24-2.1, 24-3.3, 24-3.5, 24-3.8, 24-3.9, 31A-1.1, 17 33A-2, and 33D-1, in subsection (A), clauses (a) and (b), of Section 24-3, and those offenses contained in Article 18 29D of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 19 20 2012; (ii) those offenses defined in the Cannabis Control 21 Act except those offenses defined in subsections (a) and 22 (b) of Section 4, and subsection (a) of Section 5 of the 23 Cannabis Control Act; (iii) those offenses defined in the 24 Illinois Controlled Substances Act; (iv) those offenses 25 defined in the Methamphetamine Control and Community 26 Protection Act; and (v) any offense committed or attempted

in any other state or against the laws of the United States, which if committed or attempted in this State would be punishable as one or more of the foregoing offenses; (vi) the offenses defined in Section 4.1 and 5.1 of the Wrongs to Children Act or Section 11-9.1A of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; (vii) those offenses defined in Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934; and (viii) those offenses defined in the Methamphetamine Precursor Control Act;

- 12. not have been repeatedly involved as a driver in motor vehicle collisions or been repeatedly convicted of offenses against laws and ordinances regulating the movement of traffic, to a degree which indicates lack of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable care in the safe operation of a motor vehicle or disrespect for the traffic laws and the safety of other persons upon the highway;
- 13. not have, through the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle, caused an accident resulting in the death of any person;
- 14. not have, within the last 5 years, been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering from any mental disability or disease;
- 15. consent, in writing, to the release of results of reasonable suspicion drug and alcohol testing under Section 6-106.1c of this Code by the employer of the

applicant to the Secretary of State; and

- attempting to commit within the last 20 years: (i) an offense defined in subsection (c) of Section 4, subsection (b) of Section 5, and subsection (a) of Section 8 of the Cannabis Control Act; or (ii) any offenses in any other state or against the laws of the United States that, if committed or attempted in this State, would be punishable as one or more of the foregoing offenses.
- (b) A school bus driver permit shall be valid for a period specified by the Secretary of State as set forth by rule. It shall be renewable upon compliance with subsection (a) of this Section.
- (c) A school bus driver permit shall contain the holder's driver's license number, legal name, residence address, zip code, and date of birth, a brief description of the holder and a space for signature. The Secretary of State may require a suitable photograph of the holder.
- (d) The employer shall be responsible for conducting a pre-employment interview with prospective school bus driver candidates, distributing school bus driver applications and medical forms to be completed by the applicant, and submitting the applicant's fingerprint cards to the Department of State Police that are required for the criminal background investigations. The employer shall certify in writing to the Secretary of State that all pre-employment conditions have

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- been successfully completed including the successful completion of an Illinois specific criminal background investigation through the Department of State Police and the submission of necessary fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for criminal history information available through the Federal Bureau of Investigation system. The applicant shall present the certification to the Secretary of State at the time of submitting the school bus driver permit application.
- (e) Permits shall initially be provisional upon receiving certification from the employer that all pre-employment conditions have been successfully completed, and upon completion of all training and examination successful requirements for the classification of the vehicle to be operated, the Secretary of State shall provisionally issue a School Bus Driver Permit. The permit shall remain in a provisional status pending the completion of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's criminal background investigation based upon fingerprinting specimens submitted to the Federal Bureau of Investigation by the Department of State Police. The Federal Bureau of Investigation shall report the findings directly to the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall remove the bus driver permit from provisional status upon the applicant's successful completion of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's criminal background investigation.
 - (f) A school bus driver permit holder shall notify the

employer and the Secretary of State if he or she is issued an order of court supervision for or convicted in another state of an offense that would make him or her ineligible for a permit under subsection (a) of this Section. The written notification shall be made within 5 days of the entry of the order of court supervision or conviction. Failure of the permit holder to provide the notification is punishable as a petty offense for a first violation and a Class B misdemeanor for a second or subsequent violation.

- (g) Cancellation; suspension; notice and procedure.
- (1) The Secretary of State shall cancel a school bus driver permit of an applicant whose criminal background investigation discloses that he or she is not in compliance with the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section.
- (2) The Secretary of State shall cancel a school bus driver permit when he or she receives notice that the permit holder fails to comply with any provision of this Section or any rule promulgated for the administration of this Section.
- (3) The Secretary of State shall cancel a school bus driver permit if the permit holder's restricted commercial or commercial driving privileges are withdrawn or otherwise invalidated.
- (4) The Secretary of State may not issue a school bus driver permit for a period of 3 years to an applicant who

fails to obtain a negative result on a drug test as required in item 6 of subsection (a) of this Section or under federal law.

- (5) The Secretary of State shall forthwith suspend a school bus driver permit for a period of 3 years upon receiving notice that the holder has failed to obtain a negative result on a drug test as required in item 6 of subsection (a) of this Section or under federal law.
- (6) The Secretary of State shall suspend a school bus driver permit for a period of 3 years upon receiving notice from the employer that the holder failed to perform the inspection procedure set forth in subsection (a) or (b) of Section 12-816 of this Code.
- (7) The Secretary of State shall suspend a school bus driver permit for a period of 3 years upon receiving notice from the employer that the holder refused to submit to an alcohol or drug test as required by Section 6-106.1c or has submitted to a test required by that Section which disclosed an alcohol concentration of more than 0.00 or disclosed a positive result on a National Institute on Drug Abuse five-drug panel, utilizing federal standards set forth in 49 CFR 40.87.

The Secretary of State shall notify the State Superintendent of Education and the permit holder's prospective or current employer that the applicant has (1) has failed a criminal background investigation or (2) is no longer

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eligible for a school bus driver permit; and of the related cancellation of the applicant's provisional school bus driver permit. The cancellation shall remain in effect pending the outcome of a hearing pursuant to Section 2-118 of this Code. The scope of the hearing shall be limited to the issuance criteria contained in subsection (a) of this Section. A petition requesting a hearing shall be submitted to the Secretary of State and shall contain the reason the individual feels he or she is entitled to a school bus driver permit. The permit holder's employer shall notify in writing to the Secretary of State that the employer has certified the removal of the offending school bus driver from service prior to the start of that school bus driver's next workshift. An employing school board that fails to remove the offending school bus driver from service is subject to the penalties defined in Section 3-14.23 of the School Code. A school bus contractor who violates a provision of this Section is subject to the penalties defined in Section 6-106.11.

All valid school bus driver permits issued under this Section prior to January 1, 1995, shall remain effective until their expiration date unless otherwise invalidated.

(h) When a school bus driver permit holder who is a service member is called to active duty, the employer of the permit holder shall notify the Secretary of State, within 30 days of notification from the permit holder, that the permit holder has been called to active duty. Upon notification pursuant to

- this subsection, (i) the Secretary of State shall characterize
 the permit as inactive until a permit holder renews the permit
 as provided in subsection (i) of this Section, and (ii) if a
 permit holder fails to comply with the requirements of this
 Section while called to active duty, the Secretary of State
 shall not characterize the permit as invalid.
 - (i) A school bus driver permit holder who is a service member returning from active duty must, within 90 days, renew a permit characterized as inactive pursuant to subsection (h) of this Section by complying with the renewal requirements of subsection (b) of this Section.
- 12 (j) For purposes of subsections (h) and (i) of this 13 Section:

"Active duty" means active duty pursuant to an executive order of the President of the United States, an act of the Congress of the United States, or an order of the Governor.

"Service member" means a member of the Armed Services or reserve forces of the United States or a member of the Illinois National Guard.

(k) A private carrier employer of a school bus driver permit holder, having satisfied the employer requirements of this Section, shall be held to a standard of ordinary care for intentional acts committed in the course of employment by the bus driver permit holder. This subsection (k) shall in no way limit the liability of the private carrier employer for violation of any provision of this Section or for the

- 1 negligent hiring or retention of a school bus driver permit
- 2 holder.

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- 3 (Source: P.A. 100-513, eff. 1-1-18; 101-458, eff. 1-1-20.)
- 4 (625 ILCS 5/6-508) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-508)
- 5 Sec. 6-508. Commercial Driver's License (CDL)
- 6 qualification standards.
- 7 (a) Testing.
- (1) General. No person shall be issued an original or 8 9 renewal CDL unless that person is domiciled in this State 10 is applying for a non-domiciled CDL under Sections 11 6-509 and 6-510 of this Code. The Secretary shall cause to 12 administered such tests as the Secretary deems 1.3 necessary to meet the requirements of 49 C.F.R. Part 383, 14 subparts F, G, H, and J.
 - (1.5) Effective July 1, 2014, no person shall be issued an original CDL or an upgraded CDL that requires a skills test unless that person has held a CLP, for a minimum of 14 calendar days, for the classification of vehicle and endorsement, if any, for which the person is seeking a CDL.
 - (2) Third party testing. The Secretary of State may authorize a "third party tester", pursuant to 49 C.F.R. 383.75 and 49 C.F.R. 384.228 and 384.229, to administer the skills test or tests specified by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration pursuant to the Commercial

Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 and any appropriate federal rule.

- (3) (i) Effective February 7, 2020, unless the person is exempted by 49 CFR 380.603, no person shall be issued an original (first time issuance) CDL, an upgraded CDL or a school bus (S), passenger (P), or hazardous Materials (H) endorsement unless the person has successfully completed entry-level driver training (ELDT) taught by a training provider listed on the federal Training Provider Registry.
- (ii) Persons who obtain a CLP before February 7, 2020 are not required to complete ELDT if the person obtains a CDL before the CLP or renewed CLP expires.
- (iii) Except for persons seeking the H endorsement, persons must complete the theory and behind-the-wheel (range and public road) portions of ELDT within one year of completing the first portion.
- (iv) The Secretary shall adopt rules to implement this subsection.
- (b) Waiver of Skills Test. The Secretary of State may waive the skills test specified in this Section for a driver applicant for a commercial driver license who meets the requirements of 49 C.F.R. 383.77. The Secretary of State shall waive the skills tests specified in this Section for a driver applicant who has military commercial motor vehicle experience, subject to the requirements of 49 C.F.R. 383.77.
 - (b-1) No person shall be issued a CDL unless the person

- certifies to the Secretary one of the following types of driving operations in which he or she will be engaged:
- 3 (1) non-excepted interstate;
- (2) non-excepted intrastate;
- (3) excepted interstate; or
- 6 (4) excepted intrastate.
- 7 (b-2) (Blank).

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- (c) Limitations on issuance of a CDL. A CDL shall not be 8 9 issued to a person while the person is subject to 10 disqualification from driving a commercial motor vehicle, or 11 unless otherwise permitted by this Code, while the person's 12 driver's license is suspended, revoked or cancelled in any state, or any territory or province of Canada; nor may a CLP or 13 14 CDL be issued to a person who has a CLP or CDL issued by any 15 other state, or foreign jurisdiction, nor may a CDL be issued 16 to a person who has an Illinois CLP unless the person first 17 surrenders all of these licenses or permits. However, a person may hold an Illinois CLP and an Illinois CDL providing the CLP 18 19 is necessary to train or practice for an endorsement or 20 vehicle classification not present on the current CDL. No CDL 21 shall be issued to or renewed for a person who does not meet 22 the requirement of 49 CFR 391.41(b)(11). The requirement may 23 be met with the aid of a hearing aid.
 - (c-1) The Secretary may issue a CDL with a school bus driver endorsement to allow a person to drive the type of bus described in subsection (d-5) of Section 6-104 of this Code.

The CDL with a school bus driver endorsement may be issued only to a person meeting the following requirements:

- (1) the person has submitted his or her fingerprints to the Department of State Police in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of State Police. These fingerprints shall be checked against the fingerprint records now and hereafter filed in the Department of State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records databases;
- (2) the person has passed a written test, administered by the Secretary of State, on charter bus operation, charter bus safety, and certain special traffic laws relating to school buses determined by the Secretary of State to be relevant to charter buses, and submitted to a review of the driver applicant's driving habits by the Secretary of State at the time the written test is given;
- (3) the person has demonstrated physical fitness to operate school buses by submitting the results of a medical examination, including tests for drug use; and
- (4) the person has not been convicted of committing or attempting to commit any one or more of the following offenses: (i) those offenses defined in Sections 8-1.2, 9-1, 9-1.2, 9-2, 9-2.1, 9-3, 9-3.2, 9-3.3, 10-1, 10-2, 10-3.1, 10-4, 10-5, 10-5.1, 10-6, 10-7, 10-9, 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-6.5, 11-6.6, 11-9, 11-9.1, 11-9.3, 11-9.4, 11-14, 11-14.1, 11-14.3,

11-14.4, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 1 2 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20, 11-20.1, 3 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 11-21, 11-22, 11-23, 11-24, 11-25, 11-26, 11-30, 12-2.6, 12-3.1, 12-4, 12-4.1, 12-4.2, 4 5 12-4.2-5, 12-4.3, 12-4.4, 12-4.5, 12-4.6, 12-4.7, 12-4.9, 12 5.01, 12-6, 12-6.2, 12-7.1, 12-7.3, 12-7.4, 12-7.5, 6 12-11, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, 12-16, 12-16.2, 7 12-21.5, 12-21.6, 12-33, 12C-5, 12C-10, 12C-20, 12C-30, 8 9 12C-45, 16-16, 16-16.1, 18-1, 18-2, 18-3, 18-4, 18-5, 10 19-6, 20-1, 20-1.1, 20-1.2, 20-1.3, 20-2, 24-1, 24-1.1, 11 24-1.2, 24-1.2-5, 24-1.6, 24-1.7, 24-2.1, 24-3.3, 24-3.5, 24-3.8, 24-3.9, 31A-1, 31A-1.1, 33A-2, and 33D-1, and in 12 subsection (b) of Section 8-1, and in subdivisions (a) (1), 13 14 (a) (2), (b) (1), (e) (1), (e) (2), (e) (3), (e) (4), and (f) (1) of Section 12-3.05, and in subsection (a) and subsection 15 16 (b), clause (1), of Section 12-4, and in subsection (A), 17 clauses (a) and (b), of Section 24-3, and those offenses contained in Article 29D of the Criminal Code of 1961 or 18 the Criminal Code of 2012; (ii) those offenses defined in 19 20 the Cannabis Control Act except those offenses defined in subsections (a) and (b) of Section 4, and subsection (a) 21 22 of Section 5 of the Cannabis Control Act; (iii) those 23 offenses defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act; (iv) those offenses defined in the Methamphetamine 24 25 Control and Community Protection Act; (v) any offense 26 committed or attempted in any other state or against the

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laws of the United States, which if committed or attempted in this State would be punishable as one or more of the foregoing offenses; (vi) the offenses defined in Sections 4.1 and 5.1 of the Wrongs to Children Act or Section 11-9.1A of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; (vii) those offenses defined in Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934; and (viii) those offenses defined in the Methamphetamine Precursor Control Act.

The Department of State Police shall charge a fee for conducting the criminal history records check, which shall be deposited into the State Police Services Fund and may not exceed the actual cost of the records check.

- (c-2) The Secretary shall issue a CDL with a school bus endorsement to allow a person to drive a school bus as defined in this Section. The CDL shall be issued according to the requirements outlined in 49 C.F.R. 383. A person may not operate a school bus as defined in this Section without a school bus endorsement. The Secretary of State may adopt rules consistent with Federal guidelines to implement this subsection (c-2).
- 21 (d) (Blank).
- 22 (Source: P.A. 101-185, eff. 1-1-20.)
- 23 Section 20. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by changing Section 11-9.1 as follows:

- 1 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 11-9.1)
- 2 Sec. 11-9.1. Sexual exploitation of a child.
- (a) A person commits sexual exploitation of a child if in the presence or virtual presence, or both, of a child and with knowledge that a child or one whom he or she believes to be a child would view his or her acts, that person:
- 7 (1) engages in a sexual act; or
- 8 (2) exposes his or her sex organs, anus or breast for 9 the purpose of sexual arousal or gratification of such 10 person or the child or one whom he or she believes to be a 11 child.
- 12 (a-5) A person commits sexual exploitation of a child who
 13 knowingly entices, coerces, or persuades a child to remove the
 14 child's clothing for the purpose of sexual arousal or
 15 gratification of the person or the child, or both.
 - (b) Definitions. As used in this Section:
- "Sexual act" means masturbation, sexual conduct or sexual penetration as defined in Section 11-0.1 of this Code.
- "Sex offense" means any violation of Article 11 of this
 Code or Section 12-5.01 of this Code.
- "Child" means a person under 17 years of age.
- "Virtual presence" means an environment that is created
 with software and presented to the user and or receiver via the
 Internet, in such a way that the user appears in front of the
 receiver on the computer monitor or screen or hand-held
 portable electronic device, usually through a web camming

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- program. "Virtual presence" includes primarily experiencing through sight or sound, or both, a video image that can be explored interactively at a personal computer or hand-held
- 4 communication device, or both.

"Webcam" means a video capturing device connected to a computer or computer network that is designed to take digital photographs or live or recorded video which allows for the live transmission to an end user over the Internet.

(c) Sentence.

- (1) Sexual exploitation of a child is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent violation of this Section or a substantially similar law of another state is a Class 4 felony.
- (2) Sexual exploitation of a child is a Class 4 felony if the person has been previously convicted of a sex offense.
 - (3) Sexual exploitation of a child is a Class 4 felony if the victim was under 13 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense.
 - (4) Sexual exploitation of a child is a Class 4 felony if committed by a person 18 years of age or older who is on or within 500 feet of elementary or secondary school grounds when children are present on the grounds.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)
 - Section 25. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by

- 1 changing Section 5-5-3 as follows:
- 2 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-3)
- 3 Sec. 5-5-3. Disposition.
- 4 (a) (Blank).
- 5 (b) (Blank).
- 6 (c) (1) (Blank).
- 7 (2) A period of probation, a term of periodic imprisonment 8 or conditional discharge shall not be imposed for the 9 following offenses. The court shall sentence the offender to 10 not less than the minimum term of imprisonment set forth in 11 this Code for the following offenses, and may order a fine or 12 restitution or both in conjunction with such term of 13 imprisonment:
- 14 (A) First degree murder where the death penalty is not imposed.
 - (B) Attempted first degree murder.
- 17 (C) A Class X felony.

- 18 (D) A violation of Section 401.1 or 407 of the
 19 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or a violation of
 20 subdivision (c)(1.5) of Section 401 of that Act which
 21 relates to more than 5 grams of a substance containing
 22 fentanyl or an analog thereof.
- 23 (D-5) A violation of subdivision (c)(1) of Section 401 24 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act which relates to 25 3 or more grams of a substance containing heroin or an

analog thereof.

- (E) (Blank).
- (F) A Class 1 or greater felony if the offender had been convicted of a Class 1 or greater felony, including any state or federal conviction for an offense that contained, at the time it was committed, the same elements as an offense now (the date of the offense committed after the prior Class 1 or greater felony) classified as a Class 1 or greater felony, within 10 years of the date on which the offender committed the offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act.
- (F-3) A Class 2 or greater felony sex offense or felony firearm offense if the offender had been convicted of a Class 2 or greater felony, including any state or federal conviction for an offense that contained, at the time it was committed, the same elements as an offense now (the date of the offense committed after the prior Class 2 or greater felony) classified as a Class 2 or greater felony, within 10 years of the date on which the offender committed the offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act.
- (F-5) A violation of Section 24-1, 24-1.1, or 24-1.6 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 for which imprisonment is prescribed in those Sections.

- 1 (G) Residential burglary, except as otherwise provided 2 in Section 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act.
 - (H) Criminal sexual assault.
 - (I) Aggravated battery of a senior citizen as described in Section 12-4.6 or subdivision (a)(4) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (J) A forcible felony if the offense was related to the activities of an organized gang.

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" means an association of 5 or more persons, with an established hierarchy, that encourages members of the association to perpetrate crimes or provides support to the members of the association who do commit crimes.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

- (K) Vehicular hijacking.
- (L) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of hate crime when the underlying offense upon which the hate crime is based is felony aggravated assault or felony mob action.
- (M) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of institutional vandalism if the damage to the property

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- 1 exceeds \$300.
- 2 (N) A Class 3 felony violation of paragraph (1) of 3 subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Firearm Owners 4 Identification Card Act.
 - (O) A violation of Section 12-6.1 or 12-6.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (P) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (7) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (Q) A violation of subsection (b) or (b-5) of Section 20-1, Section 20-1.2, or Section 20-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (R) A violation of Section 24-3A of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (S) (Blank).
 - (T) (Blank).
 - (U) A second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.
 - (V) A violation of paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of Section 11-20.1B or paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of Section 11-20.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or paragraph

- (6) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 when the victim is under 13 years of age and the defendant has previously been convicted under the laws of this State or any other state of the offense of child pornography, aggravated child pornography, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or any of the offenses formerly known as rape, deviate sexual assault, indecent liberties with a child, or aggravated indecent liberties with a child where the victim was under the age of 18 years or an offense that is substantially equivalent to those offenses.
- (W) A violation of Section 24-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
- (X) A violation of subsection (a) of Section 31-1a of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
- (Y) A conviction for unlawful possession of a firearm by a street gang member when the firearm was loaded or contained firearm ammunition.
- (Z) A Class 1 felony committed while he or she was serving a term of probation or conditional discharge for a felony.
- (AA) Theft of property exceeding \$500,000 and not exceeding \$1,000,000 in value.
- (BB) Laundering of criminally derived property of a value exceeding \$500,000.

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- 1 (CC) Knowingly selling, offering for sale, holding for 2 sale, or using 2,000 or more counterfeit items or 3 counterfeit items having a retail value in the aggregate 4 of \$500,000 or more.
 - (DD) A conviction for aggravated assault under paragraph (6) of subsection (c) of Section 12-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the firearm is aimed toward the person against whom the firearm is being used.
- 10 (EE) A conviction for a violation of paragraph (2) of 11 subsection (a) of Section 24-3B of the Criminal Code of 12 2012.
- 13 (3) (Blank).
- 14 (4) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10
 15 consecutive days or 30 days of community service shall be
 16 imposed for a violation of paragraph (c) of Section 6-303 of
 17 the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 18 (4.1) (Blank).
- 19 (4.2) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.3) and (4.8) of
 20 this subsection (c), a minimum of 100 hours of community
 21 service shall be imposed for a second violation of Section
 22 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 23 (4.3) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 24 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall 25 be imposed for a second violation of subsection (c) of Section 26 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

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- (4.4) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.5), (4.6), and 1 (4.9) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment 2 of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by 3 the court, shall be imposed for a third or subsequent 4 5 violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community 6 7 service hours for participation in activities and treatment as 8 determined by court services.
- 9 (4.5) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days shall be 10 imposed for a third violation of subsection (c) of Section 11 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (4.6) Except as provided in paragraph (4.10) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days shall be imposed for a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (4.7) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 30 consecutive days, or 300 hours of community service, shall be imposed for a violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (b-5) of that Section.
 - (4.8) A mandatory prison sentence shall be imposed for a second violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (c-5) of that Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for a period of not less than 5 years from the date of his or her release from prison.

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- 1 (4.9) A mandatory prison sentence of not less than 4 and 2 not more than 15 years shall be imposed for a third violation 3 of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle 4 Code, as provided in subsection (d-2.5) of that Section. The 5 person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder 6 of his or her life.
 - (4.10) A mandatory prison sentence for a Class 1 felony shall be imposed, and the person shall be eligible for an extended term sentence, for a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (d-3.5) of that Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of his or her life.
- 14 (5) The court may sentence a corporation or unincorporated 15 association convicted of any offense to:
 - (A) a period of conditional discharge;
- 17 (B) a fine;
- 18 (C) make restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6
 19 of this Code.
- 20 (5.1) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and
 21 except as provided in paragraph (5.2) or (5.3), a person
 22 convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the
 23 Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license,
 24 permit, or privileges suspended for at least 90 days but not
 25 more than one year, if the violation resulted in damage to the
 26 property of another person.

- 1 (5.2) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and
 2 except as provided in paragraph (5.3), a person convicted of
 3 violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois
 4 Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit,
 5 or privileges suspended for at least 180 days but not more than
 6 2 years, if the violation resulted in injury to another
 7 person.
 - (5.3) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for 2 years, if the violation resulted in the death of another person.
 - (5.4) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for 3 months and until he or she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.
 - (5.5) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code during a period in which his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges were suspended for a previous violation of that Section shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for an additional 6 months after the expiration of the original 3-month suspension and until he or she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.
 - (6) (Blank).

- $1 \qquad (7) \quad (Blank).$
- 2 (8) (Blank).
- 3 (9) A defendant convicted of a second or subsequent 4 offense of ritualized abuse of a child may be sentenced to a 5 term of natural life imprisonment.
- 6 (10) (Blank).

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- (11) The court shall impose a minimum fine of \$1,000 for a first offense and \$2,000 for a second or subsequent offense upon a person convicted of or placed on supervision for battery when the individual harmed was a sports official or coach at any level of competition and the act causing harm to the sports official or coach occurred within an athletic facility or within the immediate vicinity of the athletic facility at which the sports official or coach was an active participant of the athletic contest held at the athletic facility. For the purposes of this paragraph (11), "sports official" means a person at an athletic contest who enforces the rules of the contest, such as an umpire or referee; "athletic facility" means an indoor or outdoor playing field or recreational area where sports activities are conducted; and "coach" means a person recognized as a coach by the sanctioning authority that conducted the sporting event.
 - (12) A person may not receive a disposition of court supervision for a violation of Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act if that person has previously received a disposition of court supervision for a violation of

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that Section.

- (13) A person convicted of or placed on court supervision for an assault or aggravated assault when the victim and the offender are family or household members as defined in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or convicted of domestic battery or aggravated domestic battery may be required to attend a Partner Abuse Intervention Program under protocols set forth by the Illinois Department of Human Services under such terms and conditions imposed by the court. The costs of such classes shall be paid by the offender.
- (d) In any case in which a sentence originally imposed is vacated, the case shall be remanded to the trial court. The trial court shall hold a hearing under Section 5-4-1 of this Code which may include evidence of the defendant's life, moral character and occupation during the time since the original sentence was passed. The trial court shall then impose sentence upon the defendant. The trial court may impose any sentence which could have been imposed at the original trial subject to Section 5-5-4 of this Code. If a sentence is vacated on appeal or on collateral attack due to the failure of the trier of fact at trial to determine beyond a reasonable doubt the existence of a fact (other than a prior conviction) necessary to increase the punishment for the offense beyond statutory maximum otherwise applicable, either defendant may be re-sentenced to a term within the range otherwise provided or, if the State files notice of its

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1	intention	to	again	seek	the	extended	sentence,	the	defendant
2	shall be a	ffo	rded a	new t	rial				

- (e) In cases where prosecution for aggravated criminal sexual abuse under Section 11-1.60 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 results in conviction of a defendant who was a family member of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, the court shall consider the safety and welfare of the victim and may impose a sentence of probation only where:
- 10 (1) the court finds (A) or (B) or both are 11 appropriate:
 - (A) the defendant is willing to undergo a court approved counseling program for a minimum duration of 2 years; or
 - (B) the defendant is willing to participate in a court approved plan including but not limited to the defendant's:
 - (i) removal from the household;
 - (ii) restricted contact with the victim;
- 20 (iii) continued financial support of the family;
- 22 (iv) restitution for harm done to the victim;
 23 and
- (v) compliance with any other measures that the court may deem appropriate; and
- 26 (2) the court orders the defendant to pay for the

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victim's counseling services, to the extent that the court
finds, after considering the defendant's income and
assets, that the defendant is financially capable of
paying for such services, if the victim was under 18 years
of age at the time the offense was committed and requires
counseling as a result of the offense.

Probation may be revoked or modified pursuant to Section 5-6-4; except where the court determines at the hearing that the defendant violated a condition of his or her probation restricting contact with the victim or other family members or commits another offense with the victim or other family members, the court shall revoke the defendant's probation and impose a term of imprisonment.

For the purposes of this Section, "family member" and "victim" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 11-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

- (f) (Blank).
- (q) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under 18 Sections 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-14, 19 20 11-14.3, 11-14.4 except for an offense that involves keeping a place of juvenile prostitution, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 21 22 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-13, 23 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the defendant shall undergo medical 24 25 testing to determine whether the defendant has any sexually transmissible disease, including a test for infection with 26

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human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Any such medical test shall be performed only by appropriately licensed medical practitioners and may include an analysis of any bodily fluids as well as an examination of the defendant's person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of the test results. The court shall also notify the victim if requested by the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's parents or legal quardian, the court shall notify the victim's parents or legal guardian of the test results. The court shall provide information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is

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- relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal
 transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 12-16.2 of the
 Griminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 against the
 defendant. The court shall order that the cost of any such test
 shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against
 the convicted defendant.
 - (q-5)When an inmate is tested for an airborne communicable disease, as determined by the Illinois Department of Public Health including but not limited to tuberculosis, the results of the test shall be personally delivered by the warden or his or her designee in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the inmate must appear for the judge's inspection in camera if requested by the judge. Acting in accordance with the best interests of those in the courtroom, the judge shall have the discretion to determine what if any precautions need to be taken to prevent transmission of the disease in the courtroom.
 - (h) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under Section 1 or 2 of the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act, the defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether the defendant has been exposed to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the

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judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of a positive test showing an infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall provide information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12 5.01 or 12 16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 against the defendant. The court shall order that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against the convicted defendant.

(i) All fines and penalties imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under the Criminal

1 and Traffic Assessment Act.

2 (j) In cases when prosecution for any violation of Section 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-8, 11-9, 3 11-11, 11-14, 11-14.3, 11-14.4, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 5 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 11-21, 11-30, 11-40, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 6 7 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, any violation of the Illinois Controlled 8 9 Substances Act, any violation of the Cannabis Control Act, or 10 any violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act results in conviction, a disposition of court 11 12 supervision, or an order of probation granted under Section 10 13 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois 14 Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 $\circ f$ 15 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act of a 16 defendant, the court shall determine whether the defendant is 17 employed by a facility or center as defined under the Child Care Act of 1969, a public or private elementary or secondary 18 school, or otherwise works with children under 18 years of age 19 20 on a daily basis. When a defendant is so employed, the court shall order the Clerk of the Court to send a copy of the 21 22 judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation to 23 the defendant's employer by certified mail. If the employer of the defendant is a school, the Clerk of the Court shall direct 24 25 the mailing of a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of 26 supervision or probation to the appropriate

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superintendent of schools. The regional superintendent of schools shall notify the State Board of Education of any notification under this subsection.

(j-5) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted of a felony and who has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony and who is sentenced to a term of imprisonment in the Illinois Department of Corrections shall as a condition of his or her sentence be required by the court to attend educational courses designed to prepare defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work toward completing a vocational training program offered by the Department of Corrections. If a defendant fails to complete the educational training required by his or her sentence during the incarceration, the Prisoner Review Board shall, as a condition of mandatory supervised release, require the defendant, at his or her own expense, to pursue a course of study toward a high school diploma or passage of high school equivalency testing. Review The Prisoner Board shall revoke the mandatory supervised release of a defendant who wilfully fails to comply with this subsection (j-5) upon his or her release from confinement in a penal institution while serving a mandatory supervised release term; however, the inability of the defendant after making a good faith effort to obtain financial aid or pay for the educational training shall not be deemed a

wilful failure to comply. The Prisoner Review Board shall recommit the defendant whose mandatory supervised release term has been revoked under this subsection (j-5) as provided in Section 3-3-9. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed high school equivalency testing. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who is determined by the court to be a person with a developmental disability or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program.

- (k) (Blank).
 - (1) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (C) of subsection (1), whenever a defendant, who is an alien as defined by the Immigration and Nationality Act, is convicted of any felony or misdemeanor offense, the court after sentencing the defendant may, upon motion of the State's Attorney, hold sentence in abeyance and remand the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated agent to be deported when:
 - (1) a final order of deportation has been issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and
 - (2) the deportation of the defendant would not deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
 - Otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as provided in

- 1 this Chapter V.
 - (B) If the defendant has already been sentenced for a felony or misdemeanor offense, or has been placed on probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the court may, upon motion of the State's Attorney to suspend the sentence imposed, commit the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated agent when:
 - (1) a final order of deportation has been issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and
 - (2) the deportation of the defendant would not deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
 - (C) This subsection (1) does not apply to offenders who are subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 3-6-3.
 - (D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney, if a defendant sentenced under this Section returns to the jurisdiction of the United States, the defendant shall be recommitted to the custody of the county from which he or she was sentenced. Thereafter, the defendant shall be brought before the sentencing court, which may impose any sentence that was available under Section 5-5-3 at the time of initial

- 1 sentencing. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible
- 2 for additional earned sentence credit as provided under
- 3 Section 3-6-3.
- 4 (m) A person convicted of criminal defacement of property
- 5 under Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
- 6 Criminal Code of 2012, in which the property damage exceeds
- 7 \$300 and the property damaged is a school building, shall be
- 8 ordered to perform community service that may include cleanup,
- 9 removal, or painting over the defacement.
- 10 (n) The court may sentence a person convicted of a
- 11 violation of Section 12-19, 12-21, 16-1.3, or 17-56, or
- 12 subsection (a) or (b) of Section 12-4.4a, of the Criminal Code
- of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (i) to an impact
- incarceration program if the person is otherwise eligible for
- that program under Section 5-8-1.1, (ii) to community service,
- or (iii) if the person has a substance use disorder, as defined
- in the Substance Use Disorder Act, to a treatment program
- 18 licensed under that Act.
- 19 (o) Whenever a person is convicted of a sex offense as
- 20 defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act, the
- 21 defendant's driver's license or permit shall be subject to
- 22 renewal on an annual basis in accordance with the provisions
- of license renewal established by the Secretary of State.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 100-575, eff. 1-8-18; 100-759, eff. 1-1-19;
- 25 100-987, eff. 7-1-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.)

- 1 (720 ILCS 5/12-5.01 rep.)
- 2 Section 30. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by
- 3 repealing Section 12-5.01.
- 4 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 5 becoming law.