

Rep. Deb Conroy

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1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 693
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 693 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems
5	Act is amended by changing Sections 3.10, 3.50, and 3.85 as
6	follows:
7	(210 ILCS 50/3.10)
8	Sec. 3.10. Scope of services.
9	(a) "Advanced Life Support (ALS) Services" means an
10	advanced level of pre-hospital and inter-hospital emergency
11	care and non-emergency medical services that includes basic
12	life support care, cardiac monitoring, cardiac defibrillation,
13	electrocardiography, intravenous therapy, administration of
14	medications, drugs and solutions, use of adjunctive medical
15	devices, trauma care, and other authorized techniques and
16	procedures, as outlined in the provisions of the National EMS

Education Standards relating to Advanced Life Support and any modifications to that curriculum specified in rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act.

That care shall be initiated as authorized by the EMS Medical Director in a Department approved advanced life support EMS System, under the written or verbal direction of a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or under the verbal direction of an Emergency Communications Registered Nurse.

10 (b) "Intermediate Life Support (ILS) Services" means an 11 intermediate level of pre-hospital and inter-hospital emergency care and non-emergency medical 12 services that 13 includes basic life support care plus intravenous cannulation 14 and fluid therapy, invasive airway management, trauma care, 15 and other authorized techniques and procedures, as outlined in 16 the Intermediate Life Support national curriculum of the 17 United States Department of Transportation and anv 18 modifications to that curriculum specified in rules adopted by 19 the Department pursuant to this Act.

That care shall be initiated as authorized by the EMS Medical Director in a Department approved intermediate or advanced life support EMS System, under the written or verbal direction of a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or under the verbal direction of an Emergency Communications Registered Nurse.

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(c) "Basic Life Support (BLS) Services" means a basic

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1 level of pre-hospital and inter-hospital emergency care and non-emergency medical services 2 that includes medical monitoring, 3 clinical observation, airway management, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), control of shock and 4 5 bleeding and splinting of fractures, as outlined in the provisions of the National EMS Education Standards relating to 6 Basic Life Support and any modifications to that curriculum 7 8 specified in rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this 9 Act.

10 That care shall be initiated, where authorized by the EMS 11 Medical Director in a Department approved EMS System, under 12 the written or verbal direction of a physician licensed to 13 practice medicine in all of its branches or under the verbal 14 direction of an Emergency Communications Registered Nurse.

15 "Emergency Medical Responder Services" means (d) а 16 preliminary level of pre-hospital emergency care that includes cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), monitoring vital signs 17 and control of bleeding, as outlined in the Emergency Medical 18 Responder (EMR) curriculum of the National EMS Education 19 20 Standards and any modifications to that curriculum specified 21 in rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act.

(e) "Pre-hospital care" means those medical services
rendered to patients for analytic, resuscitative, stabilizing,
or preventive purposes, precedent to and during transportation
of such patients to health care facilities.

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(f) "Inter-hospital care" means those medical services

rendered to patients for analytic, resuscitative, stabilizing,
 or preventive purposes, during transportation of such patients
 from one hospital to another hospital.

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4 (f-5) "Critical care transport" means the pre-hospital or 5 inter-hospital transportation of a critically injured or ill patient by a vehicle service provider, including the provision 6 of medically necessary supplies and services, at a level of 7 8 service beyond the scope of the Paramedic. When medically indicated for a patient, as determined by a physician licensed 9 10 to practice medicine in all of its branches, an advanced 11 practice registered nurse, or a physician's assistant, in compliance with subsections (b) and (c) of Section 3.155 of 12 13 this Act, critical care transport may be provided by:

14 (1) Department-approved critical care transport
15 providers, not owned or operated by a hospital, utilizing
16 Paramedics with additional training, nurses, or other
17 qualified health professionals; or

(2) Hospitals, when utilizing any vehicle service 18 19 provider or any hospital-owned or operated vehicle service 20 provider. Nothing in Public Act 96-1469 requires a 21 hospital to use, or to be, a Department-approved critical 22 care transport provider when transporting patients, 23 including those critically injured or ill. Nothing in this 24 Act shall restrict or prohibit a hospital from providing, 25 or arranging for, the medically appropriate transport of any patient, as determined by a physician licensed to 26

practice in all of its branches, an advanced practice registered nurse, or a physician's assistant.

3 (g) "Non-emergency medical services" means the provision 4 of, and all actions necessary before and after the provision 5 of, Basic Life Support (BLS) Services, Advanced Life Support (ALS) Services, and critical care transport medical care, 6 clinical observation, or medical monitoring rendered to 7 8 patients whose conditions do not meet this Act's definition of 9 emergency, before, after, or during transportation of such 10 patients to or from health care facilities visited for the 11 purpose of obtaining medical or health care services which are not emergency in nature, using a vehicle regulated by this Act 12 13 and personnel licensed under this Act.

14 (q-5) The Department shall have the authority to 15 promulgate minimum standards for critical care transport 16 providers through rules adopted pursuant to this Act. All critical care transport providers must function within a 17 Department-approved EMS System. Nothing in Department rules 18 shall restrict a hospital's ability to furnish personnel, 19 20 equipment, and medical supplies to any vehicle service provider, including a critical care transport provider. 21 22 Minimum critical care transport provider standards shall include, but are not limited to: 23

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(1) Personnel staffing and licensure.

25 (2) Education, certification, and experience.

26 (3) Medical equipment and supplies.

- (4) Vehicular standards.(5) Treatment and transport
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(5) Treatment and transport protocols.

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(6) Quality assurance and data collection.

4 (h) The provisions of this Act shall not apply to the use 5 of an ambulance or SEMSV, unless and until emergency or 6 non-emergency medical services are needed during the use of 7 the ambulance or SEMSV.

8 (Source: P.A. 99-661, eff. 1-1-17; 100-513, eff. 1-1-18.)

9 (210 ILCS 50/3.50)

Sec. 3.50. Emergency Medical Services personnel licensure levels.

(a) "Emergency Medical Technician" or "EMT" means a person 12 13 who has successfully completed a course in basic life support 14 as approved by the Department, is currently licensed by the 15 Department in accordance with standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and 16 practices within an EMS System. A valid Emergency Medical 17 Technician-Basic (EMT-B) license issued under this Act shall 18 19 continue to be valid and shall be recognized as an Emergency 20 Medical Technician (EMT) license until the Emergency Medical 21 Technician-Basic (EMT-B) license expires.

(b) "Emergency Medical Technician-Intermediate" or "EMT-I" means a person who has successfully completed a course in intermediate life support as approved by the Department, is currently licensed by the Department in accordance with 10200SB0693ham001 -7- LRB102 04346 CPF 26208 a

standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the
 Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an
 Intermediate or Advanced Life Support EMS System.

(b-5) "Advanced Emergency Medical Technician" or "A-EMT"
means a person who has successfully completed a course in
basic and limited advanced emergency medical care as approved
by the Department, is currently licensed by the Department in
accordance with standards prescribed by this Act and rules
adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and practices
within an Intermediate or Advanced Life Support EMS System.

"Paramedic 11 (EMT-P)" а (C)means person who has successfully completed a course in advanced life support care 12 as approved by the Department, is licensed by the Department 13 14 in accordance with standards prescribed by this Act and rules 15 adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and practices 16 within an Advanced Life Support EMS System. A valid Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic (EMT-P) license issued under this 17 18 Act shall continue to be valid and shall be recognized as a 19 Paramedic license until the Emergency Medical 20 Technician-Paramedic (EMT-P) license expires.

(c-5) "Emergency Medical Responder" or "EMR (First Responder)" means a person who has successfully completed a course in emergency medical response as approved by the Department and provides emergency medical response services prior to the arrival of an ambulance or specialized emergency medical services vehicle, in accordance with the level of care 10200SB0693ham001 -8- LRB102 04346 CPF 26208 a

1 established by the National EMS Educational Standards 2 Emergency Medical Responder course as modified by the 3 Department, or who. An Emergency Medical Responder who 4 provides services as part of an EMS System response plan shall 5 comply with the applicable sections of the Program Plan, as 6 approved by the Department, of that EMS System. The Department shall have the authority to adopt rules governing the 7 8 curriculum, practice, and necessary equipment applicable to 9 Emergency Medical Responders.

10 On August 15, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 11 98-973), a person who is licensed by the Department as a First Responder and has completed a Department-approved course in 12 13 first responder defibrillator training based on, or equivalent to, the National EMS Educational Standards or other standards 14 15 previously recognized by the Department shall be eligible for 16 licensure as an Emergency Medical Responder upon meeting the licensure requirements and submitting an application to the 17 Department. A valid First Responder license issued under this 18 Act shall continue to be valid and shall be recognized as an 19 20 Emergency Medical Responder license until the First Responder 21 license expires.

(c-10) All EMS Systems and licensees shall be fully compliant with the National EMS Education Standards, as modified by the Department in administrative rules, within 24 months after the adoption of the administrative rules.

26 (d) The Department shall have the authority and

1 responsibility to:

(1) Prescribe education and training requirements,
which includes training in the use of epinephrine, for all
levels of EMS personnel except for EMRs, based on the
National EMS Educational Standards and any modifications
to those curricula specified by the Department through
rules adopted pursuant to this Act.

8 (2) Prescribe licensure testing requirements for all 9 levels of EMS personnel, which shall include a requirement 10 that all phases of instruction, training, and field 11 experience be completed before taking the appropriate licensure examination. Candidates may elect to take the 12 13 appropriate National Registry examination in lieu of the 14 Department's examination, but are responsible for making 15 their own arrangements for taking the National Registry 16 examination. In prescribing licensure testing requirements for honorably discharged members of the armed forces of 17 18 the United States under this paragraph (2), the Department 19 shall ensure that a candidate's military emergency medical 20 training, emergency medical curriculum completed, and 21 clinical experience, as described in paragraph (2.5), are 22 recognized.

(2.5) Review applications for EMS personnel licensure
 from honorably discharged members of the armed forces of
 the United States with military emergency medical
 training. Applications shall be filed with the Department

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1 within one year after military discharge and shall contain: (i) proof of successful completion of military 2 3 emergency medical training; (ii) a detailed description of the emergency medical curriculum completed; and (iii) a 4 5 description of applicant's detailed the clinical experience. The Department may request additional and 6 clarifying information. The Department shall evaluate the 7 8 application, including the applicant's training and 9 experience, consistent with the standards set forth under 10 subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of Section 3.10. If the 11 application clearly demonstrates that the training and experience meet such standards, the Department shall offer 12 13 the applicant the opportunity to successfully complete a 14 Department-approved EMS personnel examination for the 15 level of license for which the applicant is qualified. 16 Upon passage of an examination, the Department shall issue a license, which shall be subject to all provisions of 17 this Act that are otherwise applicable to the level of EMS 18 19 personnel license issued.

20 (3) License individuals as an EMR, EMT, EMT-I, A-EMT,
21 or Paramedic who have met the Department's education,
22 training and examination requirements.

(4) Prescribe annual continuing education and
 relicensure requirements for all EMS personnel licensure
 levels.

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(5) Relicense individuals as an EMD, EMR, EMT, EMT-I,

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A-EMT, PHRN, PHAPRN, PHPA, or Paramedic every 4 years, 1 based on their compliance with continuing education and 2 3 relicensure requirements as required by the Department pursuant to this Act. Every 4 years, a Paramedic shall 4 5 have 100 hours of approved continuing education, an EMT-I and an advanced EMT shall have 80 hours of approved 6 7 continuing education, and an EMT shall have 60 hours of 8 approved continuing education. An Illinois licensed EMR, 9 EMD, EMT, EMT-I, A-EMT, Paramedic, ECRN, PHPA, PHAPRN, or 10 PHRN whose license has been expired for less than 36 months may apply for reinstatement by the Department. 11 12 Reinstatement shall require that the applicant (i) submit 13 satisfactory proof of completion of continuing medical 14 education and clinical requirements to be prescribed by 15 the Department in an administrative rule; (ii) submit a positive recommendation from an Illinois EMS Medical 16 Director attesting to the applicant's qualifications for 17 retesting; and (iii) pass a Department approved test for 18 19 the level of EMS personnel license sought to be 20 reinstated.

(6) Grant inactive status to any EMR, EMD, EMT, EMT-I,
A-EMT, Paramedic, ECRN, PHAPRN, PHPA, or PHRN who
qualifies, based on standards and procedures established
by the Department in rules adopted pursuant to this Act.

(7) Charge a fee for EMS personnel examination,
 licensure, and license renewal.

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1 (8) Suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew the 2 license of any licensee, after an opportunity for an 3 impartial hearing before a neutral administrative law 4 judge appointed by the Director, where the preponderance 5 of the evidence shows one or more of the following:

6 (A) The licensee has not met continuing education 7 or relicensure requirements as prescribed by the 8 Department;

9 (B) The licensee has failed to maintain 10 proficiency in the level of skills for which he or she 11 is licensed;

12 (C) The licensee, during the provision of medical 13 services, engaged in dishonorable, unethical, or 14 unprofessional conduct of a character likely to 15 deceive, defraud, or harm the public;

(D) The licensee has failed to maintain or has
violated standards of performance and conduct as
prescribed by the Department in rules adopted pursuant
to this Act or his or her EMS System's Program Plan;

20 (E) The licensee is physically impaired to the 21 extent that he or she cannot physically perform the 22 skills and functions for which he or she is licensed, 23 as verified by a physician, unless the person is on 24 inactive status pursuant to Department regulations;

(F) The licensee is mentally impaired to the
 extent that he or she cannot exercise the appropriate

judgment, skill and safety for performing the functions for which he or she is licensed, as verified by a physician, unless the person is on inactive status pursuant to Department regulations;

G) The licensee has violated this Act or any rule
adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act; or

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(H) The licensee has been convicted (or entered a
plea of guilty or <u>nolo contendere</u> nolo contendere) by
a court of competent jurisdiction of a Class X, Class
1, or Class 2 felony in this State or an out-of-state
equivalent offense.

(9) Prescribe education and training requirements in the administration and use of opioid antagonists for all levels of EMS personnel based on the National EMS Educational Standards and any modifications to those curricula specified by the Department through rules adopted pursuant to this Act.

(d-5) An EMR, EMD, EMT, EMT-I, A-EMT, Paramedic, ECRN, 18 19 PHAPRN, PHPA, or PHRN who is a member of the Illinois National 20 Guard or an Illinois State Trooper or who exclusively serves 21 as a volunteer for units of local government with a population 22 base of less than 5,000 or as a volunteer for a not-for-profit 23 organization that serves a service area with a population base 24 of less than 5,000 may submit an application to the Department 25 for a waiver of the fees described under paragraph (7) of 26 subsection (d) of this Section on a form prescribed by the 1 Department.

2 The education requirements prescribed by the Department under this Section must allow for the suspension of those 3 4 requirements in the case of a member of the armed services or 5 reserve forces of the United States or a member of the Illinois 6 National Guard who is on active duty pursuant to an executive order of the President of the United States, an act of the 7 Congress of the United States, or an order of the Governor at 8 9 the time that the member would otherwise be required to 10 fulfill a particular education requirement. Such a person must 11 fulfill the education requirement within 6 months after his or her release from active duty. 12

(e) In the event that any rule of the Department or an EMS Medical Director that requires testing for drug use as a condition of the applicable EMS personnel license conflicts with or duplicates a provision of a collective bargaining agreement that requires testing for drug use, that rule shall not apply to any person covered by the collective bargaining agreement.

(f) At the time of applying for or renewing his or her license, an applicant for a license or license renewal may submit an email address to the Department. The Department shall keep the email address on file as a form of contact for the individual. The Department shall send license renewal notices electronically and by mail to <u>a licensee</u> all licensees who <u>provides</u> provide the Department with his or her email 10200SB0693ham001

address. The notices shall be sent at least 60 days prior to
 the expiration date of the license.

3 (Source: P.A. 100-1082, eff. 8-24-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 4 101-153, eff. 1-1-20; revised 12-3-19.)

5 (210 ILCS 50/3.85)

6 Sec. 3.85. Vehicle Service Providers.

7 (a) "Vehicle Service Provider" means an entity licensed by 8 the Department to provide emergency or non-emergency medical 9 services in compliance with this Act, the rules promulgated by 10 the Department pursuant to this Act, and an operational plan 11 approved by its EMS System(s), utilizing at least ambulances 12 or specialized emergency medical service vehicles (SEMSV).

13 (1) "Ambulance" means any publicly or privately owned 14 on-road vehicle that is specifically designed, constructed or modified and equipped, and is intended to be used for, 15 16 and is maintained or operated for the emergency 17 transportation of persons who are sick, injured, wounded 18 otherwise incapacitated or helpless, or the or 19 non-emergency medical transportation of persons who 20 require the presence of medical personnel to monitor the 21 individual's condition or medical apparatus being used on 22 such individuals.

(2) "Specialized Emergency Medical Services Vehicle"
 or "SEMSV" means a vehicle or conveyance, other than those
 owned or operated by the federal government, that is

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1 primarily intended for use in transporting the sick or 2 injured by means of air, water, or ground transportation, 3 that is not an ambulance as defined in this Act. The term 4 includes watercraft, aircraft and special purpose ground 5 transport vehicles or conveyances not intended for use on 6 public roads.

7 (3) An ambulance or SEMSV may also be designated as a
8 Limited Operation Vehicle or Special-Use Vehicle:

9 (A) "Limited Operation Vehicle" means a vehicle 10 which is licensed by the Department to provide basic, 11 intermediate or advanced life support emergency or 12 non-emergency medical services that are exclusively 13 limited to specific events or locales.

14 (B) "Special-Use Vehicle" means any publicly or 15 privately owned vehicle that is specifically designed, 16 constructed or modified and equipped, and is intended 17 to be used for, and is maintained or operated solely 18 for the emergency or non-emergency transportation of a specific medical class or category of persons who are 19 20 sick, injured, wounded or otherwise incapacitated or 21 helpless (e.g. high-risk obstetrical patients, 22 neonatal patients).

(C) "Reserve Ambulance" means a vehicle that meets
 all criteria set forth in this Section and all
 Department rules, except for the required inventory of
 medical supplies and durable medical equipment, which

1 may be rapidly transferred from a fully functional 2 ambulance to a reserve ambulance without the use of 3 tools or special mechanical expertise.

4 (b) The Department shall have the authority and 5 responsibility to:

6 (1) Require all Vehicle Service Providers, both 7 publicly and privately owned, to function within an EMS 8 System.

9 (2) Require a Vehicle Service Provider utilizing 10 ambulances to have a primary affiliation with an EMS 11 System within the EMS Region in which its Primary Service Area is located, which is the geographic areas in which 12 13 the provider renders the majority of its emergency 14 responses. This requirement shall not apply to Vehicle 15 Service Providers which exclusively utilize Limited 16 Operation Vehicles.

17 (3) Establish licensing standards and requirements for
18 Vehicle Service Providers, through rules adopted pursuant
19 to this Act, including but not limited to:

20 (A) Vehicle design, specification, operation and
 21 maintenance standards, including standards for the use
 22 of reserve ambulances;

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(B) Equipment requirements;

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(C) Staffing requirements; and

(D) License renewal at intervals determined by the
 Department, which shall be not less than every 4

years.

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Department's standards and requirements with 2 The 3 respect to vehicle staffing for private, nonpublic local government employers must allow for an alternative rural 4 5 staffing models that include an EMR who drives an ambulance with a licensed EMT, EMT-I, A-EMT, Paramedic, or 6 7 PHRN, as appropriate, in the patient compartment providing 8 care to the patient pursuant to protocols developed by the 9 EMS Director for an EMS System model for those vehicle 10 service providers that serve a rural or semi-rural 11 population of 10,000 or fewer inhabitants and exclusively uses volunteers, paid-on-call, or a combination thereof. 12

13 (4) License all Vehicle Service Providers that have 14 met the Department's requirements for licensure, unless 15 such Provider is owned or licensed by the federal 16 government. All Provider licenses issued by the Department shall specify the level and type of each vehicle covered 17 by the license (BLS, ILS, ALS, ambulance, SEMSV, limited 18 19 operation vehicle, special use vehicle, reserve 20 ambulance).

(5) Annually inspect all licensed vehicles operated by
 Vehicle Service Providers.

(6) Suspend, revoke, refuse to issue or refuse to
 renew the license of any Vehicle Service Provider, or that
 portion of a license pertaining to a specific vehicle
 operated by the Provider, after an opportunity for a

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hearing, when findings show that the Provider or one or more of its vehicles has failed to comply with the standards and requirements of this Act or rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act.

5 Issue an Emergency Suspension Order for any (7)Provider or vehicle licensed under this Act, when the 6 7 Director or his designee has determined that an immediate 8 and serious danger to the public health, safety and 9 welfare exists. Suspension or revocation proceedings which 10 offer an opportunity for hearing shall be promptly 11 initiated after the Emergency Suspension Order has been issued. 12

13 any licensed vehicle from subsequent (8) Exempt 14 vehicle design standards or specifications required by the 15 Department, as long as said vehicle is continuously in 16 the vehicle design compliance with standards and 17 specifications originally applicable to that vehicle, or 18 until said vehicle's title of ownership is transferred.

(9) Exempt any vehicle (except an SEMSV) which was
being used as an ambulance on or before December 15, 1980,
from vehicle design standards and specifications required
by the Department, until said vehicle's title of ownership
is transferred. Such vehicles shall not be exempt from all
other licensing standards and requirements prescribed by
the Department.

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(10) Prohibit any Vehicle Service Provider from

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advertising, identifying its vehicles, or disseminating information in a false or misleading manner concerning the Provider's type and level of vehicles, location, primary service area, response times, level of personnel, licensure status or System participation.

6 (10.5) Prohibit any Vehicle Service Provider, whether 7 municipal, private, or hospital-owned, from advertising 8 itself as a critical care transport provider unless it 9 participates in a Department-approved EMS System critical 10 care transport plan.

(11) (11) Charge each Vehicle Service Provider a fee per transport vehicle, due annually at time of inspection. The fee per transport vehicle shall be set by administrative rule by the Department and shall not exceed 100 vehicles per provider.

16 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-1014, eff. 1-1-13; 17 98-452, eff. 1-1-14.)".