102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

SB1834

Introduced 2/26/2021, by Sen. Cristina H. Pacione-Zayas

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 TT 00 5 /077 5

105	ILCS	5/2/A-5					
105	ILCS	5/34-2.1	from	Ch.	122,	par.	34-2.1
105	ILCS	5/34-2.2	from	Ch.	122,	par.	34-2.2
105	ILCS	5/34-2.3	from	Ch.	122,	par.	34-2.3
105	ILCS	5/34-2.3b					
105	ILCS	5/34-2.4b	from	Ch.	122,	par.	34-2.4b
105	ILCS	5/34-8.3	from	Ch.	122,	par.	34-8.3
105	ILCS	5/34-8.4					

Amends the School Code. Provides that a charter school operating within the City of Chicago shall be administered by a local school council. Provides that a local school council shall be established for each small school, contract school, and military school within the Chicago school district. Provides that in each attendance center enrolling students in 7th or 8th grade, one full-time student member shall be appointed, although no attendance center shall have more than one student member. Requires a supermajority of 8 votes by the local school council to veto any action proposed or approved regarding certain schools placed on probation and intervention actions by the Chicago Schools Academic Accountability Council. Creates the LSC Certification Commission to provide fundamental training to members of local school councils and certify each member, and sets forth its composition. Sets forth a mandatory training program for local school council members. Provides that the LSC Certification Commission may request and, upon such request, the Chicago Board of Education shall budget and distribute such funds as are equal to the total allocations for the certification of local school council members in the year immediately prior. Makes other changes. Effective immediately.

LRB102 16105 CMG 21479 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT SB1834

1

AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections
27A-5, 34-2.1, 34-2.2, 34-2.3, 34-2.3b, 34-2.4b, 34-8.3, and
34-8.4 as follows:

7 (105 ILCS 5/27A-5)

8 Sec. 27A-5. Charter school; legal entity; requirements.

9 (a) A charter school shall be a public, nonsectarian, 10 nonreligious, non-home based, and non-profit school. A charter 11 school shall be organized and operated as a nonprofit 12 corporation or other discrete, legal, nonprofit entity 13 authorized under the laws of the State of Illinois.

14 (b) A charter school may be established under this Article by creating a new school or by converting an existing public 15 16 school or attendance center to charter school status. Beginning on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 17 93-3), in all new applications to establish a charter school 18 19 in a city having a population exceeding 500,000, operation of the charter school shall be limited to one campus. The changes 20 21 made to this Section by Public Act 93-3 do not apply to charter 22 schools existing or approved on or before April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3). 23

- 2 - LRB102 16105 CMG 21479 b

1 (b-5) In this subsection (b-5), "virtual-schooling" means 2 a cyber school where students engage in online curriculum and 3 instruction via the Internet and electronic communication with 4 their teachers at remote locations and with students 5 participating at different times.

6 From April 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, there is a moratorium on the establishment of charter schools with 7 virtual-schooling components in school districts other than a 8 9 school district organized under Article 34 of this Code. This 10 moratorium does not apply to a charter school with 11 virtual-schooling components existing or approved prior to 12 April 1, 2013 or to the renewal of the charter of a charter 13 school with virtual-schooling components already approved 14 prior to April 1, 2013.

15 (c) A charter school shall be administered and governed by 16 its board of directors or other governing body in the manner 17 provided in its charter. The governing body of a charter school shall be subject to the Freedom of Information Act and 18 19 the Open Meetings Act. No later than January 1, 2021 (one year 20 after the effective date of Public Act 101-291) this 21 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly, a charter 22 school's board of directors or other governing body must 23 include at least one parent or quardian of a pupil currently enrolled in the charter school who may be selected through the 24 25 charter school or a charter network election, appointment by 26 the charter school's board of directors or other governing

body, or by the charter school's Parent Teacher Organization or its equivalent. <u>Any charter school operating within a</u> <u>school district organized under Article 34 of this Code shall</u> <u>be administered by a local school council established pursuant</u> <u>to Section 34-2.1 of this Code, with all the normal and usual</u> <u>powers afforded to a local school council operating in a</u> <u>public school.</u>

(c-5) No later than January 1, 2021 (one year after the 8 9 effective date of Public Act 101-291) this amendatory Act of 10 the 101st General Assembly or within the first year of his or her first term, every voting member of a charter school's 11 12 board of directors or other governing body shall complete a minimum of 4 hours of professional development leadership 13 training to ensure that each member has sufficient familiarity 14 15 with the board's or governing body's role and 16 responsibilities, including financial oversight and 17 accountability of the school, evaluating the principal's and school's performance, adherence to the Freedom of Information 18 19 Act and the Open Meetings Act Acts, and compliance with 20 education and labor law. In each subsequent year of his or her term, a voting member of a charter school's board of directors 21 22 or other governing body shall complete a minimum of 2 hours of 23 professional development training in these same areas. The training under this subsection may be provided or certified by 24 25 a statewide charter school membership association or may be 26 provided or certified by other qualified providers approved by

- 4 - LRB102 16105 CMG 21479 b

1 the State Board of Education.

SB1834

(d) For purposes of this subsection (d), "non-curricular 2 health and safety requirement" means any health and safety 3 requirement created by statute or rule to provide, maintain, 4 5 preserve, or safequard safe or healthful conditions for students and school personnel or to eliminate, reduce, or 6 7 prevent threats to the health and safety of students and personnel. "Non-curricular 8 school health and safety 9 requirement" does not include any course of study or 10 specialized instructional requirement for which the State 11 Board has established goals and learning standards or which is 12 designed primarily to impart knowledge and skills for students 13 to master and apply as an outcome of their education.

A charter school shall comply with all non-curricular 14 15 health and safety requirements applicable to public schools 16 under the laws of the State of Illinois. On or before September 17 1, 2015, the State Board shall promulgate and post on its Internet website a list of non-curricular health and safety 18 requirements that a charter school must meet. The list shall 19 20 be updated annually no later than September 1. Any charter contract between a charter school and its authorizer must 21 22 contain a provision that requires the charter school to follow 23 the list of all non-curricular health and safety requirements promulgated by the State Board and any non-curricular health 24 25 and safety requirements added by the State Board to such list 26 during the term of the charter. Nothing in this subsection (d)

precludes an authorizer from including non-curricular health and safety requirements in a charter school contract that are not contained in the list promulgated by the State Board, including non-curricular health and safety requirements of the authorizing local school board.

6 (e) Except as otherwise provided in the School Code, a 7 charter school shall not charge tuition; provided that a 8 charter school may charge reasonable fees for textbooks, 9 instructional materials, and student activities.

10 (f) A charter school shall be responsible for the 11 management and operation of its fiscal affairs including, but 12 not limited to, the preparation of its budget. An audit of each 13 charter school's finances shall be conducted annually by an 14 outside, independent contractor retained by the charter 15 school. To ensure financial accountability for the use of 16 public funds, on or before December 1 of every year of 17 operation, each charter school shall submit to its authorizer and the State Board a copy of its audit and a copy of the Form 18 990 the charter school filed that year with the federal 19 20 Internal Revenue Service. In addition, if deemed necessary for proper financial oversight of the charter school, 21 an 22 authorizer may require quarterly financial statements from 23 each charter school.

(g) A charter school shall comply with all provisions of
this Article, the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act,
all federal and State laws and rules applicable to public

1 schools that pertain to special education and the instruction 2 of English learners, and its charter. A charter school is 3 exempt from all other State laws and regulations in this Code 4 governing public schools and local school board policies; 5 however, a charter school is not exempt from the following:

6 (1) Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5 of this Code 7 regarding criminal history records checks and checks of 8 the Statewide Sex Offender Database and Statewide Murderer 9 and Violent Offender Against Youth Database of applicants 10 for employment;

11 (2) Sections 10-20.14, 10-22.6, 24-24, 34-19, and
 12 34-84a of this Code regarding discipline of students;

13 (3) the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees
14 Tort Immunity Act;

(4) Section 108.75 of the General Not For Profit
Corporation Act of 1986 regarding indemnification of
officers, directors, employees, and agents;

(5) the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;
(5.5) subsection (b) of Section 10-23.12 and
subsection (b) of Section 34-18.6 of this Code;

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(6) the Illinois School Student Records Act;

(7) Section 10-17a of this Code regarding school
 report cards;

24 (8) the P-20 Longitudinal Education Data System Act;

25 (9) Section 27-23.7 of this Code regarding bullying 26 prevention;

SB1834	- 7 -	LRB102	16105	CMG	21479	b
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1	(10) Section 2-3.162 of this Code regarding student
2	discipline reporting;
3	(11) Sections 22-80 and 27-8.1 of this Code;
4	(12) Sections 10-20.60 and 34-18.53 of this Code;
5	(13) Sections 10-20.63 and 34-18.56 of this Code;
6	(14) Section 26-18 of this Code;
7	(15) Section 22-30 of this Code; and
8	(16) Sections 24-12 and 34-85 of this Code; and \cdot
9	(17) the (16) The Seizure Smart School Act.

10 The change made by Public Act 96-104 to this subsection 11 (g) is declaratory of existing law.

12 (h) A charter school may negotiate and contract with a 13 school district, the governing body of a State college or university or public community college, or any other public or 14 for-profit or nonprofit private entity for: (i) the use of a 15 16 school building and grounds or any other real property or 17 facilities that the charter school desires to use or convert for use as a charter school site, (ii) the operation and 18 maintenance thereof, and (iii) the provision of any service, 19 20 activity, or undertaking that the charter school is required to perform in order to carry out the terms of its charter. 21 22 However, a charter school that is established on or after 23 April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) and that operates in a city having a population exceeding 500,000 may 24 25 not contract with a for-profit entity to manage or operate the 26 school during the period that commences on April 16, 2003 (the - 8 - LRB102 16105 CMG 21479 b

effective date of Public Act 93-3) and concludes at the end of 1 2 the 2004-2005 school year. Except as provided in subsection (i) of this Section, a school district may charge a charter 3 school reasonable rent for the use of the district's 4 5 buildings, grounds, and facilities. Any services for which a 6 charter school contracts with a school district shall be 7 provided by the district at cost. Any services for which a charter school contracts with a local school board or with the 8 9 governing body of a State college or university or public 10 community college shall be provided by the public entity at 11 cost.

(i) In no event shall a charter school that is established 12 13 by converting an existing school or attendance center to 14 charter school status be required to pay rent for space that is 15 deemed available, as negotiated and provided in the charter 16 agreement, in school district facilities. However, all other 17 costs for the operation and maintenance of school district facilities that are used by the charter school shall be 18 subject to negotiation between the charter school and the 19 20 local school board and shall be set forth in the charter.

21 (j) A charter school may limit student enrollment by age 22 or grade level.

(k) If the charter school is approved by the State Board or Commission, then the charter school is its own local education agency.

26 (Source: P.A. 100-29, eff. 1-1-18; 100-156, eff. 1-1-18;

100-163, eff. 1-1-18; 100-413, eff. 1-1-18; 100-468, eff.
 6-1-18; 100-726, eff. 1-1-19; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 101-50,
 eff. 7-1-20; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-291, eff. 1-1-20;
 101-531, eff. 8-23-19; 101-543, eff. 8-23-19; revised 8-4-20.)

(105 ILCS 5/34-2.1) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-2.1)

6 Sec. 34-2.1. Local School Councils - Composition -7 Voter-Eligibility - Elections - Terms.

8 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a A local school council shall be established for each attendance center 9 10 within the school district, except for private schools, but 11 including public small schools, contract schools, and military 12 schools within the district. Each local school council shall consist of the following 12 voting members: the principal of 13 the attendance center, 2 teachers employed and assigned to 14 15 perform the majority of their employment duties at the 16 attendance center, 6 parents of students currently enrolled at the attendance center, one employee of the school district 17 employed and assigned to perform the majority of his or her 18 employment duties at the attendance center who is not a 19 20 teacher, and 2 community residents. Neither the parents nor 21 the community residents who serve as members of the local 22 school council shall be employees of the Board of Education. In each secondary attendance center, the local school council 23 shall consist of 13 voting members -- the 12 voting members 24 25 described above and one full-time student member, appointed as

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– 10 – LRB102 16105 CMG 21479 b

provided in subsection (m) below. In each attendance center 1 2 enrolling students in 7th or 8th grade, one full-time student 3 member shall be appointed as provided in subsection (m) of this Section. In the event that the chief executive officer of 4 5 the Chicago School Reform Board of Trustees determines that a local school council is not carrying out its financial duties 6 7 effectively, the chief executive officer is authorized to 8 appoint a representative of the business community with 9 experience in finance and management to serve as an advisor to 10 the local school council for the purpose of providing advice 11 and assistance to the local school council on fiscal matters. 12 The advisor shall have access to relevant financial records of 13 the local school council. The advisor may attend executive sessions. The chief executive officer shall issue a written 14 15 policy defining the circumstances under which a local school 16 council is not carrying out its financial duties effectively.

17 (b) Within 7 days of January 11, 1991, the Mayor shall appoint the members and officers (a Chairperson who shall be a 18 parent member and a Secretary) of each local school council 19 20 who shall hold their offices until their successors shall be elected and qualified. Members so appointed shall have all the 21 22 powers and duties of local school councils as set forth in this 23 amendatory Act of 1991. The Mayor's appointments shall not require approval by the City Council. 24

The membership of each local school council shall be encouraged to be reflective of the racial and ethnic

1 composition of the student population of the attendance center 2 served by the local school council.

(c) Beginning with the 1995-1996 school year and in every 3 even-numbered year thereafter, the Board shall set second 4 5 semester Parent Report Card Pick-up Day for Local School Council elections and may schedule elections at year-round 6 7 schools for the same dates as the remainder of the school 8 system. Elections shall be conducted as provided herein by the 9 Board of Education in consultation with the local school council at each attendance center. 10

(c-5) Notwithstanding subsection (c), for the local school 11 12 council election set for the 2019-2020 school year, the Board 13 may hold the election on the first semester Parent Report Card Pick-up Day of the 2020-2021 school year, making any necessary 14 15 modifications to the election process or date to comply with guidance from the Department of Public Health and the federal 16 17 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. The terms of office of all local school council members eligible to serve 18 19 and seated on or after March 23, 2020 through January 10, 2021 20 are extended through January 10, 2021, provided that the 21 members continue to meet eligibility requirements for local 22 school council membership.

(d) Beginning with the 1995-96 school year, the following procedures shall apply to the election of local school council members at each attendance center:

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(i) The elected members of each local school council

shall consist of the 6 parent members and the 2 community
 resident members.

3 (ii) Each elected member shall be elected by the eligible voters of that attendance center to serve for a 4 5 two-year term commencing on July 1 immediately following the election described in subsection (c), except that the 6 7 terms of members elected to a local school council under subsection (c-5) shall commence on January 11, 2021 and 8 9 end on July 1, 2022. Eligible voters for each attendance 10 center shall consist of the parents and community 11 residents for that attendance center.

12 (iii) Each eligible voter shall be entitled to cast 13 one vote for up to a total of 5 candidates, irrespective of 14 whether such candidates are parent or community resident 15 candidates.

(iv) Each parent voter shall be entitled to vote in
the local school council election at each attendance
center in which he or she has a child currently enrolled.
Each community resident voter shall be entitled to vote in
the local school council election at each attendance
center for which he or she resides in the applicable
attendance area or voting district, as the case may be.

(v) Each eligible voter shall be entitled to vote
once, but not more than once, in the local school council
election at each attendance center at which the voter is
eligible to vote.

The 2 teacher members and the non-teacher 1 (vi) 2 employee member of each local school council shall be 3 appointed as provided in subsection (1) below each to serve for a two-year term coinciding with that of the 4 5 elected parent and community resident members. From March 23, 2020 through January 10, 2021, the chief executive 6 7 officer or his or her designee may make accommodations to 8 fill the vacancy of a teacher or non-teacher employee 9 member of a local school council.

10 (vii) At secondary attendance centers and attendance 11 centers enrolling students in 7th or 8th grade, the voting 12 student member appointed as shall be provided in below to serve for a one-year term 13 subsection (m) 14 coinciding with the beginning of the terms of the elected 15 parent and community members of the local school council. 16 For the 2020-2021 school year, the chief executive officer 17 or his or her designee may make accommodations to fill the vacancy of a student member of a local school council. 18

19 (e) The Council shall publicize the date and place of the 20 election by posting notices at the attendance center, in 21 public places within the attendance boundaries of the 22 attendance center and by distributing notices to the pupils at 23 the attendance center, and shall utilize such other means as 24 it deems necessary to maximize the involvement of all eligible 25 voters.

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(f) Nomination. The Council shall publicize the opening of

nominations by posting notices at the attendance center, in 1 2 public places within the attendance boundaries of the 3 attendance center and by distributing notices to the pupils at the attendance center, and shall utilize such other means as 4 5 it deems necessary to maximize the involvement of all eligible voters. Not less than 2 weeks before the election date, 6 7 persons eligible to run for the Council shall submit their 8 name, date of birth, social security number, if available, and 9 some evidence of eligibility to the Council. The Council shall 10 encourage nomination of candidates reflecting the 11 racial/ethnic population of the students at the attendance 12 center. Each person nominated who runs as a candidate shall disclose, in a manner determined by the Board, any economic 13 14 interest held by such person, by such person's spouse or 15 children, or by each business entity in which such person has 16 an ownership interest, in any contract with the Board, any 17 local school council or any public school in the school district. Each person nominated who runs as a candidate shall 18 19 also disclose, in a manner determined by the Board, if he or 20 she ever has been convicted of any of the offenses specified in subsection (c) of Section 34-18.5; provided that neither this 21 22 provision nor any other provision of this Section shall be 23 deemed to require the disclosure of any information that is contained in any law enforcement record or juvenile court 24 25 record that is confidential or whose accessibility or 26 disclosure is restricted or prohibited under Section 5-901 or 5-905 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Failure to make such disclosure shall render a person ineligible for election or to serve on the local school council. The same disclosure shall be required of persons under consideration for appointment to the Council pursuant to subsections (1) and (m) of this Section.

(f-5) Notwithstanding disclosure, a person who has been 7 8 convicted of any of the following offenses at any time shall be 9 ineligible for election or appointment to a local school 10 council and ineligible for appointment to a local school 11 council pursuant to subsections (1) and (m) of this Section: 12 (i) those defined in Section 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-14.4, 11-16, 11-17.1, 13 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 12-13, 14 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, or 12-16, or subdivision (a)(2) of 15 16 Section 11-14.3, of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 17 Code of 2012, or (ii) any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States, which, if 18 19 committed or attempted in this State, would have been 20 punishable as one or more of the foregoing offenses. Notwithstanding disclosure, a person who has been convicted of 21 22 any of the following offenses within the 10 years previous to 23 the date of nomination or appointment shall be ineligible for election or appointment to a local school council: (i) those 24 25 defined in Section 401.1, 405.1, or 405.2 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or (ii) any offense committed or 26

attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United
 States, which, if committed or attempted in this State, would
 have been punishable as one or more of the foregoing offenses.

Immediately upon election or appointment, incoming local 4 5 school council members shall be required to undergo a criminal background investigation, to be completed prior to the member 6 7 taking office, in order to identify any criminal convictions offenses enumerated in Section 34-18.5. 8 the under The 9 investigation shall be conducted by the Department of State 10 Police in the same manner as provided for in Section 34-18.5. 11 However, notwithstanding Section 34-18.5, the social security 12 number shall be provided only if available. If it is determined at any time that a local school council member or 13 member-elect has been convicted of any of the offenses 14 enumerated in this Section or failed to disclose a conviction 15 16 of any of the offenses enumerated in Section 34-18.5, the 17 general superintendent shall notify the local school council member or member-elect of such determination and the local 18 school council member or member-elect shall be removed from 19 the local school council by the Board, subject to a hearing, 20 21 convened pursuant to Board rule, prior to removal.

(g) At least one week before the election date, the Council shall publicize, in the manner provided in subsection (e), the names of persons nominated for election.

(h) Voting shall be in person by secret ballot at theattendance center between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m.

(i) Candidates receiving the highest number of votes shall
 be declared elected by the Council. In cases of a tie, the
 Council shall determine the winner by lot.

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(j) The Council shall certify the results of the election and shall publish the results in the minutes of the Council.

6 (k) The general superintendent shall resolve any disputes 7 concerning election procedure or results and shall ensure 8 that, except as provided in subsections (e) and (g), no 9 resources of any attendance center shall be used to endorse or 10 promote any candidate.

(1) Beginning with the 1995-1996 school year and in every even numbered year thereafter, the Board shall appoint 2 teacher members to each local school council. These appointments shall be made in the following manner:

15 (i) The Board shall appoint 2 teachers who are 16 employed and assigned to perform the majority of their 17 employment duties at the attendance center to serve on the local school council of the attendance center for a 18 19 two-year term coinciding with the terms of the elected 20 parent and community members of that local school council. 21 These appointments shall be made from among those teachers 22 who are nominated in accordance with subsection (f).

(ii) A non-binding, advisory poll to ascertain the preferences of the school staff regarding appointments of teachers to the local school council for that attendance center shall be conducted in accordance with the

procedures used to elect parent and community Council 1 2 representatives. At such poll, each member of the school 3 staff shall be entitled to indicate his or her preference for up to 2 candidates from among those who submitted 4 5 statements of candidacy as described above. These preferences shall be advisory only and the Board shall 6 maintain absolute discretion to appoint teacher members to 7 8 local school councils, irrespective of the preferences 9 expressed in any such poll.

10 (iii) In the event that a teacher representative is 11 unable to perform his or her employment duties at the 12 school due to illness, disability, leave of absence, 13 disciplinary action, or any other reason, the Board shall 14 declare a temporary vacancy and appoint a replacement 15 teacher representative to serve on the local school 16 council until such time as the teacher member originally 17 appointed pursuant to this subsection (1) resumes service at the attendance center or for the remainder of the term. 18 19 The replacement teacher representative shall be appointed 20 in the same manner and by the same procedures as teacher 21 representatives are appointed in subdivisions (i) and (ii) 22 of this subsection (1).

(m) <u>In Beginning with the 1995-1996 school year, and in</u> every <u>school</u> year thereafter, the Board shall appoint one student member to each secondary attendance center <u>and</u> <u>attendance center enrolling students in 7th or 8th grade</u>, SB1834

1 <u>although no attendance center shall have more than one student</u>
2 <u>member</u>. These appointments shall be made in the following
3 manner:

4 (i) Appointments shall be made from among those 5 students who submit statements of candidacy to the 6 principal of the attendance center, such statements to be 7 submitted commencing on the first day of the twentieth 8 week of school and continuing for 2 weeks thereafter. The 9 form and manner of such candidacy statements shall be 10 determined by the Board.

11 (ii) During the twenty-second week of school in every 12 year, the principal of each attendance center shall 13 conduct a non-binding, advisory poll to ascertain the 14 preferences of the school students regarding the 15 appointment of a student to the local school council for 16 that attendance center. At such poll, each student shall 17 be entitled to indicate his or her preference for up to one candidate from among those who submitted statements of 18 19 candidacy as described above. The Board shall promulgate 20 rules to ensure that these non-binding, advisory polls are 21 conducted in a fair and equitable manner and maximize the 22 involvement of all school students. The preferences 23 expressed in these non-binding, advisory polls shall be 24 transmitted by the principal to the Board. However, these 25 preferences shall be advisory only and the Board shall 26 maintain absolute discretion to appoint student members to

local school councils, irrespective of the preferences
 expressed in any such poll.

(iii) For the 1995-96 school year only, appointments 3 shall be made from among those students who submitted 4 5 statements of candidacy to the principal of the attendance center during the first 2 weeks of the school year. The 6 7 principal shall communicate the results of any nonbinding, 8 advisory poll to the Board. These results shall be 9 advisory only, and the Board shall maintain absolute 10 discretion to appoint student members to local school 11 councils, irrespective of the preferences expressed in any 12 such poll.

13 (n) The Board may promulgate such other rules and 14 regulations for election procedures as may be deemed necessary 15 to ensure fair elections.

(o) In the event that a vacancy occurs during a member's term, the Council shall appoint a person eligible to serve on the Council, to fill the unexpired term created by the vacancy, except that any teacher vacancy shall be filled by the Board after considering the preferences of the school staff as ascertained through a non-binding advisory poll of school staff.

(p) If less than the specified number of persons is elected within each candidate category, the newly elected local school council shall appoint eligible persons to serve as members of the Council for two-year terms.

- 21 - LRB102 16105 CMG 21479 b

(q) The Board shall promulgate rules regarding conflicts 1 2 of interest and disclosure of economic interests which shall apply to local school council members and which shall require 3 reports or statements to be filed by Council members at 4 5 regular intervals with the Secretary of the Board. Failure to comply with such rules or intentionally falsifying such 6 7 reports shall be grounds for disqualification from local 8 school council membership. A vacancy on the Council for 9 disqualification may be so declared by the Secretary of the 10 Board. Rules regarding conflicts of interest and disclosure of 11 economic interests promulgated by the Board shall apply to 12 local school council members. No less than 45 days prior to the 13 deadline, the general superintendent shall provide notice, by 14 mail, to each local school council member of all requirements 15 and forms for compliance with economic interest statements.

16 (r) (1) If a parent member of a local school council ceases 17 to have any child enrolled in the attendance center governed by the Local School Council due to the graduation or voluntary 18 transfer of a child or children from the attendance center, 19 20 the parent's membership on the Local School Council and all voting rights are terminated immediately as of the date of the 21 22 child's graduation or voluntary transfer. If the child of a 23 parent member of a local school council dies during the member's term in office, the member may continue to serve on 24 25 the local school council for the balance of his or her term. 26 Further, a local school council member may be removed from the

Council by a majority vote of the Council as provided in 1 2 subsection (c) of Section 34-2.2 if the Council member has 3 missed 3 consecutive regular meetings, not including committee meetings, or 5 regular meetings in a 12 month period, not 4 5 including committee meetings. If a parent member of a local school council ceases to be eligible to serve on the Council 6 7 for any other reason, he or she shall be removed by the Board 8 subject to a hearing, convened pursuant to Board rule, prior 9 to removal. A vote to remove a Council member by the local 10 school council shall only be valid if the Council member has been notified personally or by certified mail, mailed to the 11 12 person's last known address, of the Council's intent to vote 13 on the Council member's removal at least 7 days prior to the 14 vote. The Council member in question shall have the right to 15 explain his or her actions and shall be eligible to vote on the 16 guestion of his or her removal from the Council. The 17 provisions of this subsection shall be contained within the petitions used to nominate Council candidates. 18

19 (2) A person may continue to serve as a community resident 20 member of a local school council as long as he or she resides 21 in the attendance area served by the school and is not employed 22 by the Board nor is a parent of a student enrolled at the 23 school. If a community resident member ceases to be eligible to serve on the Council, he or she shall be removed by the 24 25 Board subject to a hearing, convened pursuant to Board rule, 26 prior to removal.

- 23 - LRB102 16105 CMG 21479 b

1 (3) A person may continue to serve as a teacher member of a local school council as long as he or she is employed and 2 assigned to perform a majority of his or her duties at the 3 school, provided that if the teacher representative resigns 4 5 from employment with the Board or voluntarily transfers to another school, the teacher's membership on the local school 6 7 council and all voting rights are terminated immediately as of 8 the date of the teacher's resignation or upon the date of the 9 teacher's voluntary transfer to another school. If a teacher 10 member of a local school council ceases to be eligible to serve 11 on a local school council for any other reason, that member 12 shall be removed by the Board subject to a hearing, convened pursuant to Board rule, prior to removal. 13

(s) As used in this Section only, "community resident" 14 15 means a person, 17 years of age or older, residing within an attendance area served by a school, excluding any person who 16 17 is a parent of a student enrolled in that school; provided that with respect to any multi-area school, community resident 18 19 means any person, 17 years of age or older, residing within the voting district established for that school pursuant to 20 Section 34-2.1c, excluding any person who is a parent of a 21 22 student enrolled in that school. This definition does not 23 apply to any provisions concerning school boards.

24 (Source: P.A. 101-643, eff. 6-18-20.)

25 (105 ILCS 5/34-2.2) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-2.2)

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SB1834

Sec. 34-2.2. Local school councils - Manner of operation.

2 (a) The annual organizational meeting of each local school 3 council shall be held at the attendance center or via videoconference or teleconference if guidance from 4 the 5 Department of Public Health or Centers for Disease Control and Prevention limits the size of in-person meetings at the time 6 7 of the meeting. At the annual organization meeting, which 8 shall be held no sooner than July 1 and no later than July 14, 9 a parent member of the local school council shall be selected 10 by the members of such council as its chairperson, and a 11 secretary shall be selected by the members of such council 12 from among their number, each to serve a term of one year. However, an organizational meeting held by members elected to 13 a local school council under subsection (c-5) of Section 14 15 34-2.1 may be held no sooner than January 11, 2021 and no later 16 than January 31, 2021. Whenever a vacancy in the office of 17 chairperson or secretary of a local school council shall occur, a new chairperson (who shall be a parent member) or 18 19 secretary, as the case may be, shall be elected by the members 20 of the local school council from among their number to serve as 21 such chairperson or secretary for the unexpired term of office 22 in which the vacancy occurs. At each annual organizational 23 meeting, the time and place of any regular meetings of the local school council shall be fixed. Special meetings of the 24 25 local school council may be called by the chairperson or by any 26 4 members by giving notice thereof in writing, specifying the

time, place and purpose of the meeting. Public notice of meetings shall also be given in accordance with the Open Meetings Act.

(b) Members and officers of the local school council shall 4 5 serve without compensation and without reimbursement of any expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, except 6 7 that the board of education may by rule establish a procedure 8 and thereunder provide for reimbursement of members and 9 officers of local school councils for such of their reasonable 10 and necessary expenses (excluding any lodging or meal 11 expenses) incurred in the performance of their duties as the 12 board may deem appropriate.

13 (c) A majority of the full membership of the local school 14 council shall constitute a quorum, and whenever a vote is 15 taken on any measure before the local school council, a quorum 16 being present, the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes 17 of the full membership then serving of the local school council shall determine the outcome thereof; provided that 18 whenever the measure before the local school council is (i) 19 the evaluation of the principal, or (ii) the renewal of his or 20 her performance contract or the inclusion of any provision or 21 22 modification of the contract, or (iii) the direct selection by 23 the local school council of a new principal (including a new 24 principal to fill a vacancy) to serve under a 4 year performance contract, or (iv) the determination of the names 25 26 of candidates to be submitted to the general superintendent

for the position of principal, the principal and student 1 2 member of a high school council shall not be counted for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present to act on 3 the measure and shall have no vote thereon; and provided 4 5 further that 7 affirmative votes of the local school council shall be required for the direct selection by the local school 6 7 council of a new principal to serve under a 4 year performance 8 contract but not for the renewal of a principal's performance 9 contract. A supermajority of 8 votes is required to veto any 10 action proposed or approved pursuant to subsection (d) of 11 Section 34-8.3 of this Code or any action proposed or approved 12 under Section 34-8.4 of this Code.

13 (d) Student members of high school councils shall not be 14 eligible to vote on personnel matters, including but not 15 limited to principal evaluations and contracts and the 16 allocation of teaching and staff resources.

(e) The local school council of an attendance center which provides bilingual education shall be encouraged to provide translators at each council meeting to maximize participation of parents and the community.

(f) Each local school council of an attendance center which provides bilingual education shall create a Bilingual Advisory Committee or recognize an existing Bilingual Advisory Committee as a standing committee. The Chair and a majority of the members of the advisory committee shall be parents of students in the bilingual education program. The parents on

the advisory committee shall be selected by parents of 1 2 students in the bilingual education program, and the committee advisory committee for each 3 shall select a Chair. The secondary attendance center shall include at least 4 one 5 full-time bilingual education student. The Bilingual Advisory Committee shall serve only in an advisory capacity to the 6 7 local school council.

8 (g) Local school councils may utilize the services of an 9 arbitration board to resolve intra-council disputes.

10 (Source: P.A. 101-643, eff. 6-18-20.)

11 (105 ILCS 5/34-2.3) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-2.3)

Sec. 34-2.3. Local school councils - Powers and duties. Each local school council shall have and exercise, consistent with the provisions of this Article and the powers and duties of the board of education, the following powers and duties:

16 (A) To annually evaluate the performance of the 1. principal of the attendance center using a Board approved 17 principal evaluation form, which shall include the evaluation 18 of (i) student academic improvement, as defined by the school 19 improvement plan, (ii) student absenteeism rates at the 20 21 school, (iii) instructional leadership, (iv) the effective 22 implementation of programs, policies, or strategies to improve student academic achievement, (v) school management, and (vi) 23 24 any other factors deemed relevant by the local school council, 25 including, without limitation, the principal's communication

skills and ability to create and maintain a student-centered 1 2 learning environment, to develop opportunities for 3 professional development, and to encourage parental involvement and community partnerships to achieve school 4 5 improvement;

6 (B) to determine in the manner provided by subsection (c) 7 of Section 34-2.2 and subdivision 1.5 of this Section whether 8 the performance contract of the principal shall be renewed; 9 and

(C) to directly select, in the manner provided by 10 11 subsection (c) of Section 34-2.2, a new principal (including a 12 new principal to fill a vacancy) -- without submitting any 13 of candidates for that position to list the general 14 superintendent as provided in paragraph 2 of this Section --15 to serve under a 4 year performance contract; provided that 16 (i) the determination of whether the principal's performance 17 contract is to be renewed, based upon the evaluation required by subdivision 1.5 of this Section, shall be made no later than 18 days 19 150 prior to the expiration of the current 20 performance-based contract of the principal, (ii) in cases where such performance contract is not renewed -- a direct 21 22 selection of a new principal -- to serve under a 4 year 23 performance contract shall be made by the local school council no later than 45 days prior to the expiration of the current 24 performance contract of the principal, and (iii) a selection 25 26 by the local school council of a new principal to fill a

vacancy under a 4 year performance contract shall be made within 90 days after the date such vacancy occurs. A Council shall be required, if requested by the principal, to provide in writing the reasons for the council's not renewing the principal's contract.

1.5. The local school council's determination of whether 6 7 to renew the principal's contract shall be based on an evaluation to assess the educational and administrative 8 9 progress made at the school during the principal's current performance-based contract. The local school council shall 10 base its evaluation on (i) student academic improvement, as 11 12 defined by the school improvement plan, (ii) student 13 rates the school, (iii) absenteeism at instructional leadership, (iv) the effective implementation of programs, 14 15 policies, or strategies to improve student academic 16 achievement, (v) school management, and (vi) any other factors 17 deemed relevant by the local school council, including, without limitation, the principal's communication skills and 18 ability to create and maintain a student-centered learning 19 20 environment, to develop opportunities for professional encourage parental involvement and 21 development, and to 22 community partnerships to achieve school improvement. If a 23 local school council fails to renew the performance contract 24 of a principal rated by the general superintendent, or his or 25 her designee, in the previous years' evaluations as meeting or 26 exceeding expectations, the principal, within 15 days after

the local school council's decision not to renew the contract, 1 2 may request a review of the local school council's principal 3 non-retention decision by a hearing officer appointed by the American Arbitration Association. A local school council 4 5 member or members or the general superintendent may support the principal's request for review. During the period of the 6 hearing officer's review of the local school council's 7 8 decision on whether or not to retain the principal, the local 9 school council shall maintain all authority to search for and 10 contract with a person to serve as interim or acting 11 principal, or as the principal of the attendance center under 12 a 4-year performance contract, provided that any performance contract entered into by the local school council shall be 13 voidable or modified in accordance with the decision of the 14 15 hearing officer. The principal may request review only once 16 while at that attendance center. If a local school council 17 renews the contract of a principal who failed to obtain a rating of "meets" or "exceeds expectations" in the general 18 superintendent's evaluation for the previous year, the general 19 20 superintendent, within 15 days after the local school 21 council's decision to renew the contract, may request a review 22 of the local school council's principal retention decision by 23 a hearing officer appointed by the American Arbitration Association. The general superintendent may request a review 24 25 only once for that principal at that attendance center. All requests to review the retention or non-retention of a 26

principal shall be submitted to the general superintendent, 1 2 who shall, in turn, forward such requests, within 14 days of 3 receipt, to the American Arbitration Association. The general superintendent shall send a contemporaneous copy of the 4 5 request that was forwarded to the American Arbitration 6 Association to the principal and to each local school council member and shall inform the local school council of its rights 7 8 and responsibilities under the arbitration process, including 9 the local school council's right to representation and the 10 manner and process by which the Board shall pay the costs of the council's representation. If the local school council 11 12 retains the principal and the general superintendent requests a review of the retention decision, the local school council 13 and the general superintendent shall be considered parties to 14 15 the arbitration, a hearing officer shall be chosen between 16 those 2 parties pursuant to procedures promulgated by the 17 State Board of Education, and the principal may retain counsel and participate in the arbitration. If the local school 18 19 council does not retain the principal and the principal 20 requests a review of the retention decision, the local school council and the principal shall be considered parties to the 21 22 arbitration and a hearing officer shall be chosen between 23 those 2 parties pursuant to procedures promulgated by the 24 State Board of Education. The hearing shall begin (i) within 25 45 days after the initial request for review is submitted by 26 the principal to the general superintendent or (ii) if the

for review is 1 initial request made bv the general 2 superintendent, within 45 days after that request is mailed to the American Arbitration Association. The hearing officer 3 shall render a decision within 45 days after the hearing 4 5 begins and within 90 days after the initial request for review. The Board shall contract with the American Arbitration 6 7 Association for all of the hearing officer's reasonable and 8 necessary costs. In addition, the Board shall pay any 9 reasonable costs incurred by a local school council for 10 representation before a hearing officer.

11 1.10. The hearing officer shall conduct a hearing, which 12 shall include (i) a review of the principal's performance, evaluations, and other evidence of the principal's service at 13 the school, (ii) reasons provided by the local school council 14 15 for its decision, and (iii) documentation evidencing views of 16 interested persons, including, without limitation, students, 17 parents, local school council members, school faculty and staff, the principal, the general superintendent or his or her 18 designee, and members of the community. The burden of proof in 19 establishing that the local school council's decision was 20 arbitrary and capricious shall be on the party requesting the 21 22 arbitration, and this party shall sustain the burden by a 23 preponderance of the evidence. The hearing officer shall set the local school council decision aside if that decision, in 24 25 light of the record developed at the hearing, is arbitrary and 26 capricious. The decision of the hearing officer may not be

1 appealed to the Board or the State Board of Education. If the 2 hearing officer decides that the principal shall be retained, 3 the retention period shall not exceed 2 years.

2. In the event (i) the local school council does not renew 4 5 the performance contract of the principal, or the principal receive a satisfactory rating as provided in 6 fails to subsection (h) of Section 34-8.3, or the principal is removed 7 8 for cause during the term of his or her performance contract in 9 the manner provided by Section 34-85, or a vacancy in the 10 position of principal otherwise occurs prior to the expiration 11 of the term of a principal's performance contract, and (ii) 12 the local school council fails to directly select a new principal to serve under a 4 year performance contract, the 13 local school council in such event shall submit to the general 14 superintendent a list of 3 candidates -- listed in the local 15 16 school council's order of preference -- for the position of 17 principal, one of which shall be selected by the general superintendent to serve as principal of the attendance center. 18 If the general superintendent fails or refuses to select one 19 20 of the candidates on the list to serve as principal within 30 days after being furnished with the candidate list, the 21 22 general superintendent shall select and place a principal on 23 an interim basis (i) for a period not to exceed one year or (ii) until the local school council selects a new principal 24 25 with 7 affirmative votes as provided in subsection (c) of Section 34-2.2, whichever occurs first. If the local school 26

council fails or refuses to select and appoint a 1 new principal, as specified by subsection (c) of Section 34-2.2, 2 3 the general superintendent may select and appoint a new principal on an interim basis for an additional year or until a 4 5 new contract principal is selected by the local school council. There shall be no discrimination on the basis of 6 7 race, sex, creed, color or disability unrelated to ability to perform in connection with the submission of candidates for, 8 9 and the selection of a candidate to serve as principal of an 10 attendance center. No person shall be directly selected, 11 listed as a candidate for, or selected to serve as principal of 12 an attendance center (i) if such person has been removed for cause from employment by the Board or (ii) if such person does 13 hold a valid administrative certificate issued or 14 not. 15 exchanged under Article 21 and endorsed as required by that 16 Article for the position of principal. A principal whose 17 performance contract is not renewed as provided under subsection (c) of Section 34-2.2 may nevertheless, if 18 otherwise qualified and certified as herein provided and if he 19 20 or she has received a satisfactory rating as provided in subsection (h) of Section 34-8.3, be included by a local 21 22 school council as one of the 3 candidates listed in order of 23 preference on any candidate list from which one person is to be selected to serve as principal of the attendance center under 24 25 a new performance contract. The initial candidate list required to be submitted by a local school council to the 26

general superintendent in cases where the local school council 1 does not renew the performance contract of its principal and 2 3 does not directly select a new principal to serve under a 4 year performance contract shall be submitted not later than 30 4 5 days prior to the expiration of the current performance contract. In cases where the local school council fails or 6 list to 7 refuses to submit the candidate the general 8 superintendent no later than 30 days prior to the expiration 9 the incumbent principal's contract, the of general 10 superintendent may appoint a principal on an interim basis for 11 a period not to exceed one year, during which time the local 12 school council shall be able to select a new principal with 7 13 affirmative votes as provided in subsection (c) of Section 14 34-2.2. In cases where a principal is removed for cause or a 15 vacancy otherwise occurs in the position of principal and the vacancy is not filled by direct selection by the local school 16 17 council, the candidate list shall be submitted by the local school council to the general superintendent within 90 days 18 19 after the date such removal or vacancy occurs. In cases where 20 the local school council fails or refuses to submit the 21 candidate list to the general superintendent within 90 days 22 after the date of the vacancy, the general superintendent may 23 appoint a principal on an interim basis for a period of one year, during which time the local school council shall be able 24 25 to select a new principal with 7 affirmative votes as provided in subsection (c) of Section 34-2.2. 26

1 2.5. Whenever a vacancy in the office of a principal 2 occurs for any reason, the vacancy shall be filled in the 3 manner provided by this Section by the selection of a new 4 principal to serve under a 4 year performance contract.

5 3. To establish additional criteria to be included as part of the performance contract of its principal, provided that 6 such additional criteria shall not discriminate on the basis 7 of race, sex, creed, color or disability unrelated to ability 8 9 to perform, and shall not be inconsistent with the uniform 4 10 year performance contract for principals developed by the 11 board as provided in Section 34-8.1 of the School Code or with 12 other provisions of this Article governing the authority and 13 responsibility of principals.

To approve the expenditure plan prepared by the 14 4. 15 principal with respect to all funds allocated and distributed 16 to the attendance center by the Board. The expenditure plan 17 shall be administered by the principal. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other law, any expenditure 18 plan approved and administered under this Section 34-2.3 shall 19 20 be consistent with and subject to the terms of any contract for services with a third party entered into by the Chicago School 21 22 Reform Board of Trustees or the board under this Act.

Via a supermajority vote of 7 members of the local school council or 8 members of a high school local school council, the Council may transfer allocations pursuant to Section 34-2.3 within funds; provided that such a transfer is consistent with

SB1834

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SB1834

applicable law and collective bargaining agreements.

2 Beginning in fiscal year 1991 and in each fiscal year thereafter, the Board may reserve up to 1% of its total fiscal 3 year budget for distribution on a prioritized basis to schools 4 5 throughout the school system in order to assure adequate programs to meet the needs of special student populations as 6 7 determined by the Board. This distribution shall take into 8 account the needs catalogued in the Systemwide Plan and the 9 various local school improvement plans of the local school 10 councils. Information about these centrally funded programs 11 shall be distributed to the local school councils so that 12 their subsequent planning and programming will account for 13 these provisions.

Beginning in fiscal year 1991 and in each fiscal year 14 15 thereafter, from other amounts available in the applicable 16 fiscal year budget, the board shall allocate a lump sum amount 17 to each local school based upon such formula as the board shall determine taking into account the special needs of the student 18 19 body. The local school principal shall develop an expenditure 20 plan in consultation with the local school council, the 21 professional personnel leadership committee and with all other 22 school personnel, which reflects the priorities and activities 23 as described in the school's local school improvement plan and is consistent with applicable law and collective bargaining 24 25 agreements and with board policies and standards; however, the 26 local school council shall have the right to request waivers

of board policy from the board of education and waivers of
 employee collective bargaining agreements pursuant to Section
 34-8.1a.

The expenditure plan developed by the principal with respect to amounts available from the fund for prioritized special needs programs and the allocated lump sum amount must be approved by the local school council.

8 The lump sum allocation shall take into account the 9 following principles:

10 Teachers: Each school shall be allocated funds a. 11 equal to the amount appropriated in the previous school 12 for compensation for teachers year (regular grades 13 kindergarten through 12th grade) plus whatever increases 14 in compensation have been negotiated contractually or 15 through longevity as provided in the negotiated agreement. 16 Adjustments shall be made due to layoff or reduction in 17 lack of funds or work, change force, in subject requirements, enrollment changes, or contracts with third 18 19 parties for the performance of services or to rectify any 20 inconsistencies with system-wide allocation formulas or 21 for other legitimate reasons.

22 b. Other personnel: Funds for other teacher 23 certificated and uncertificated personnel paid through 24 non-categorical funds shall be provided according to 25 system-wide formulas based on student enrollment and the 26 special needs of the school as determined by the Board.

SB1834

1 Non-compensation items: Appropriations for all с. 2 non-compensation items shall be based on system-wide 3 formulas based on student enrollment and on the special needs of the school or factors related to the physical 4 5 plant, including but not limited to textbooks, electronic 6 textbooks and the technological equipment necessary to 7 gain access to and use electronic textbooks, supplies, 8 electricity, equipment, and routine maintenance.

9 Funds for categorical programs: Schools shall d. 10 receive personnel and funds based on, and shall use such 11 personnel and funds in accordance with State and Federal 12 each categorical program requirements applicable to 13 provided to meet the special needs of the student body 14 (including but not limited to, Federal Chapter I, 15 Bilingual, and Special Education).

16 d.1. Funds for State Title I: Each school shall 17 receive funds based on State and Board requirements applicable to each State Title I pupil provided to meet 18 19 the special needs of the student body. Each school shall 20 receive the proportion of funds as provided in Section 18-8 or 18-8.15 to which they are entitled. These funds 21 22 shall be spent only with the budgetary approval of the 23 Local School Council as provided in Section 34-2.3.

e. The Local School Council shall have the right to request the principal to close positions and open new ones consistent with the provisions of the local school 1 improvement plan provided that these decisions are 2 consistent with applicable law and collective bargaining 3 agreements. If a position is closed, pursuant to this 4 paragraph, the local school shall have for its use the 5 system-wide average compensation for the closed position.

f. Operating within existing laws and collective
bargaining agreements, the local school council shall have
the right to direct the principal to shift expenditures
within funds.

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g. (Blank).

11 Any funds unexpended at the end of the fiscal year shall be 12 available to the board of education for use as part of its 13 budget for the following fiscal year.

5. To make recommendations to the principal concerning textbook selection and concerning curriculum developed pursuant to the school improvement plan which is consistent with systemwide curriculum objectives in accordance with Sections 34-8 and 34-18 of the School Code and in conformity with the collective bargaining agreement.

6. To advise the principal concerning the attendance and disciplinary policies for the attendance center, subject to the provisions of this Article and Article 26, and consistent with the uniform system of discipline established by the board pursuant to Section 34-19.

7. To approve a school improvement plan developed as
 provided in Section 34-2.4. The process and schedule for plan

publicized to 1 development shall be the entire school 2 community, and the community shall be afforded the opportunity to make recommendations concerning the plan. At least twice a 3 year the principal and local school council shall report 4 5 publicly on progress and problems with respect to plan 6 implementation.

8. To evaluate the allocation of teaching resources and 7 other certificated and uncertificated staff to the attendance 8 9 center to determine whether such allocation is consistent with 10 and in furtherance of instructional objectives and school 11 programs reflective of the school improvement plan adopted for 12 the attendance center; and to make recommendations to the board, the general superintendent and the principal concerning 13 any reallocation of teaching resources or other staff whenever 14 15 the council determines that any such reallocation is 16 appropriate because the qualifications of any existing staff 17 at the attendance center do not adequately match or support instructional objectives or school programs which reflect the 18 19 school improvement plan.

20 To make recommendations to the principal and the 9. 21 general superintendent concerning their respective 22 appointments, after August 31, 1989, and in the manner 23 provided by Section 34-8 and Section 34-8.1, of persons to fill any vacant, additional or newly created positions for 24 25 teachers at the attendance center or at attendance centers 26 which include the attendance center served by the local school - 42 - LRB102 16105 CMG 21479 b

SB1834

1 council.

2 10. To request of the Board the manner in which training and assistance shall be provided to the local school council. 3 Pursuant to Board quidelines a local school council is 4 5 authorized to direct the Board of Education to contract with personnel or not-for-profit organizations not associated with 6 7 the school district to train or assist council members. If training or assistance is provided by contract with personnel 8 9 or organizations not associated with the school district, the 10 period of training or assistance shall not exceed 30 hours 11 during a given school year; person shall not be employed on a 12 continuous basis longer than said period and shall not have 13 been employed by the Chicago Board of Education within the preceding six months. Council members shall receive training 14 15 in at least the following areas:

16

1. school budgets;

17 2. educational theory pertinent to the attendance 18 center's particular needs, including the development of 19 the school improvement plan and the principal's 20 performance contract; and

21

3. personnel selection.

22 Council members shall, to the greatest extent possible, 23 complete such training within 90 days of election.

11. In accordance with systemwide guidelines contained in the System-Wide Educational Reform Goals and Objectives Plan, criteria for evaluation of performance shall be established

for local school councils and local school council members. If 1 2 a local school council persists in noncompliance with systemwide requirements, the Board may impose sanctions and 3 take necessary corrective action, consistent with Section 4 5 34-8.3. Any such action allowed for or taken pursuant to subsection (d) of Section 34-8.3 or Section 34-8.4 of this 6 Code must be vetoed by a supermajority of 8 of the voting 7 8 members of the local school council.

9 12. Each local school council shall comply with the Open 10 Meetings Act and the Freedom of Information Act. Each local 11 school council shall issue and transmit to its school 12 community a detailed annual report accounting for its activities programmatically and financially. Each local school 13 council shall convene at least 2 well-publicized meetings 14 15 annually with its entire school community. These meetings 16 shall include presentation of the proposed local school 17 improvement plan, of the proposed school expenditure plan, and the annual report, and shall provide an opportunity for public 18 19 comment.

20 13. Each local school council is encouraged to involve 21 additional non-voting members of the school community in 22 facilitating the council's exercise of its responsibilities.

14. The local school council may adopt a school uniform or dress code policy that governs the attendance center and that is necessary to maintain the orderly process of a school function or prevent endangerment of student health or safety,

consistent with the policies and rules of the Board of 1 2 Education. A school uniform or dress code policy adopted by a local school council: (i) shall not be applied in such manner 3 as to discipline or deny attendance to a transfer student or 4 5 any other student for noncompliance with that policy during such period of time as is reasonably necessary to enable the 6 7 student to acquire a school uniform or otherwise comply with the dress code policy that is in effect at the attendance 8 9 center into which the student's enrollment is transferred; and 10 (ii) shall include criteria and procedures under which the 11 local school council will accommodate the needs of or 12 otherwise provide appropriate resources to assist a student 13 from an indigent family in complying with an applicable school 14 uniform or dress code policy. A student whose parents or legal 15 quardians object on religious grounds to the student's 16 compliance with an applicable school uniform or dress code 17 policy shall not be required to comply with that policy if the student's parents or legal guardians present to the local 18 school council a signed statement of objection detailing the 19 20 grounds for the objection.

21 15. All decisions made and actions taken by the local 22 school council in the exercise of its powers and duties shall 23 comply with State and federal laws, all applicable collective 24 bargaining agreements, court orders and rules properly 25 promulgated by the Board.

26 15a. To grant, in accordance with board rules and

SB1834

policies, the use of assembly halls and classrooms when not otherwise needed, including lighting, heat, and attendants, for public lectures, concerts, and other educational and social activities.

5 15b. To approve, in accordance with board rules and 6 policies, receipts and expenditures for all internal accounts 7 of the attendance center, and to approve all fund-raising 8 activities by nonschool organizations that use the school 9 building.

10 16. (Blank).

11 17. Names and addresses of local school council members 12 shall be a matter of public record.

13 (Source: P.A. 100-465, eff. 8-31-17.)

14 (105 ILCS 5/34-2.3b)

15 Sec. 34-2.3b. Local School Council Training.

16 (a) The LSC Certification Commission, an independent commission, is established to provide fundamental training to 17 18 members of local school councils and certify each member. The LSC Certification Commission shall be comprised 19 of 20 representatives from the Chicago public school system and 21 representatives from organizations that have provided training 22 to local school council members on and after January 23, 2014. The board shall collaborate with universities and other 23 24 interested entities and individuals to offer training to local 25 school council members on topics relevant to school operations

1 and their responsibilities as local school council members, 2 including but not limited to legal requirements, role 3 differentiation, responsibilities, and authorities, and 4 improving student achievement.

5 (b) Training of local school council members shall be provided at the direction of the LSC Certification Commission, 6 which shall work with universities and other interested 7 entities to develop and administer a required 3-day training 8 9 program for local school council members board in consultation 10 with the Council of Chicago area Deans of Education. Incoming 11 local school council members shall be required to complete a 12 3-day training program provided under this Section within 6 13 months of taking office. The LSC Certification Commission board shall monitor the compliance of incoming local school 14 council members with the 3-day training program requirement 15 16 established by this Section.

17 (c) At the direction of the LSC Certification Commission, the The board shall declare vacant the office of a local school 18 council member who fails to complete the 3-day training 19 20 program provided under this Section within the 6 month period allowed. Any such vacancy shall be filled as provided in 21 22 subsection (o) of Section 34-2.1 by appointment of another 23 person qualified to hold the office. In addition to requiring local school council members to complete the 3-day training 24 25 program under this Section, the board may encourage local school council members to complete additional training during 26

1 their term of office and shall provide recognition for 2 individuals completing that additional training. The board is authorized to collaborate with universities, non-profits, and 3 other interested organizations and individuals to offer 4 5 additional training to local school council members on a regular basis during their term in office. The board shall not 6 7 be required to bear the cost of the required 3 day training 8 program or any additional training provided to local 9 council members under this Section.

10 (d) The LSC Certification Commission board shall also 11 offer training to aid local school councils in developing 12 principal evaluation procedures and criteria. The board shall 13 send out requests for proposals concerning this training and is authorized to contract with universities, non-profits, and 14 15 other interested organizations and individuals to provide this 16 training. The board is authorized to use funds from private 17 organizations, non profits, or any other outside source well as its own funds for this purpose. 18

19 <u>(e) The LSC Certification Commission may request and, upon</u> 20 <u>such request, the board shall budget and distribute such funds</u> 21 <u>as are equal to the total allocations for the certification of</u> 22 <u>local school council members under this Section in the year</u> 23 <u>immediately prior. Upon a majority vote of the LSC</u> 24 <u>Certification Commission, that request may exceed the prior</u> 25 <u>year's allocations by 2%.</u>

26 (Source: P.A. 90-100, eff. 7-11-97; 91-622, eff. 8-19-99.)

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(105 ILCS 5/34-2.4b) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-2.4b)

34-2.4b. Limitation upon applicability. 2 Sec. The provisions of Sections 34-2.1, 34-2.2, 34-2.3, 34-2.3a, 34-2.4 3 4 and 34 8.3, and those provisions of paragraph 1 of Section 5 34-18 and paragraph (c) of Section 34A-201a relating to the 6 allocation or application -- by formula or otherwise -- of lump sum amounts and other funds to attendance centers, shall 7 8 not apply to attendance centers that have applied for and been 9 designated as a "Small School" by the Board, the Cook County 10 Juvenile Detention Center and Cook County Jail schools, nor to 11 the district's alternative schools for pregnant girls, nor to 12 alternative schools established under Article 13A, nor to a 13 contract school, nor to the Michael R. Durso School, the 14 Jackson Adult Center, the Hillard Adult Center, the 15 Alternative Transitional School, or any other attendance 16 center designated by the Board as an alternative school, provided that the designation is not applied to an attendance 17 center that has in place a legally constituted local school 18 19 council, except for contract turnaround schools. The board of 20 education shall have and exercise with respect to those 21 schools and with respect to the conduct, operation, affairs 22 and budgets of those schools, and with respect +0 the principals, teachers and other school staff there employed, 23 24 the same powers which are exercisable by local school councils 25 with respect to the other attendance centers, principals,

SB1834	- 49 -	LRB102	16105	CMG	21479	b
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teachers and school staff within the district, together with 1 2 all powers and duties generally exercisable by the board of 3 education with respect to all attendance centers within the district. The board of education shall develop appropriate 4 5 alternative methods for involving parents, community members 6 and school staff to the maximum extent possible in all of the 7 activities of those schools, and may delegate to the parents, community members and school staff so involved the same powers 8 which are exercisable by local school councils with respect to 9 10 other attendance centers.

11 (Source: P.A. 96-105, eff. 7-30-09.)

12 (105 ILCS 5/34-8.3) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-8.3)

Sec. 34-8.3. Remediation and probation of attendance centers.

15 (a) The general superintendent shall monitor the 16 performance of the attendance centers within the district and 17 shall identify attendance centers, pursuant to criteria that 18 the board shall establish, in which:

19 (1) there is a failure to develop, implement, or20 comply with a school improvement plan;

(2) there is a pervasive breakdown in the educational program as indicated by factors, including, but not limited to, the absence of improvement in student reading and math achievement scores, an increased drop-out rate, a decreased graduation rate, and a decrease in rate of SB1834

student attendance;

2

(3) (blank); or

3 (4) there is a failure or refusal to comply with the
4 provisions of this Act, other applicable laws, collective
5 bargaining agreements, court orders, or with Board rules
6 which the Board is authorized to promulgate.

7 Ιf the general superintendent identifies (b) а 8 nonperforming school as described herein, he or she shall 9 place the attendance center on remediation by developing a 10 remediation plan for the center. The purpose of the 11 remediation plan shall be to correct the deficiencies in the 12 performance of the attendance center by one or more of the 13 following methods:

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(1) drafting a new school improvement plan;

15 (2) applying to the board for additional funding for16 training for the local school council;

17 (3) directing implementation of a school improvement18 plan;

19 (4) mediating disputes or other obstacles to reform or20 improvement at the attendance center.

Nothing in this Section removes any authority of the local school council, which shall retain the right to reject or modify any school improvement plan or implementation thereof.

If, however, the general superintendent determines that the problems are not able to be remediated by these methods, the general superintendent shall place the attendance center 1 on probation. The board shall establish guidelines that 2 determine the factors for placing an attendance center on 3 probation.

(c) Each school placed on probation shall have a school 4 5 improvement plan and school budget for correcting deficiencies identified by the board. The plan shall include specific steps 6 that the local school council and school staff must take to 7 identified deficiencies 8 correct and specific objective 9 criteria by which the school's subsequent progress will be 10 determined. The school budget shall include specific 11 expenditures directly calculated to correct educational and 12 operational deficiencies identified at the school by the 13 probation team.

(d) Schools placed on probation that, after a maximum of one year, fail to make adequate progress in correcting deficiencies are subject to the following actions by the general superintendent with the approval of the board, after opportunity for a hearing:

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(1) Ordering new local school council elections.

(2) Removing and replacing the principal.

(3) Replacement of faculty members, subject to the
 provisions of Section 24A-5.

(4) Reconstitution of the attendance center and
replacement and reassignment by the general superintendent
of all employees of the attendance center.

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(5) Intervention under Section 34-8.4.

1 (5.5) Operating an attendance center as a contract 2 turnaround school.

3

(6) Closing of the school.

Any action proposed or approved under this subsection (d) is
subject to veto by a supermajority of 8 of the voting members
of the local school council.

7 (e) Schools placed on probation shall remain on probation 8 from year to year until deficiencies are corrected, even if 9 such schools make acceptable annual progress. The board shall 10 establish, in writing, criteria for determining whether or not 11 a school shall remain on probation. Such criteria shall be 12 delivered to each local school council on or before August 1 of 13 each year. If academic achievement tests are used as the 14 factor for placing a school on probation, the general 15 superintendent shall consider objective criteria, not just an 16 increase in test scores, in deciding whether or not a school 17 shall remain on probation. These criteria shall include attendance, test scores, student mobility rates, poverty 18 rates, bilingual education eligibility, special education, and 19 20 English language proficiency programs, with progress made in these areas being taken into consideration in deciding whether 21 22 or not a school shall remain on probation.

(f) Where the board has reason to believe that violations of civil rights, or of civil or criminal law have occurred, or when the general superintendent deems that the school is in educational crisis it may take immediate corrective action,

including the actions specified in this Section, without first 1 2 placing the school on remediation or probation. Nothing described herein shall limit the authority of the board as 3 provided by any law of this State. The board shall develop 4 5 criteria governing the determination regarding when a school is in educational crisis. Such criteria shall be delivered to 6 7 each local school council on or before August 1 of each year. An action under subsection (d) of this Section shall be 8 9 subject to veto by a supermajority of 8 of the voting members 10 of the local school council.

(g) All persons serving as subdistrict superintendent on May 1, 1995 shall be deemed by operation of law to be serving under a performance contract which expires on June 30, 1995, and the employment of each such person as subdistrict superintendent shall terminate on June 30, 1995. The board shall have no obligation to compensate any such person as a subdistrict superintendent after June 30, 1995.

(h) The general superintendent shall, in consultation with local school councils, conduct an annual evaluation of each principal in the district pursuant to guidelines promulgated by the Board of Education.

22 (Source: P.A. 96-105, eff. 7-30-09.)

23 (105 ILCS 5/34-8.4)

Sec. 34-8.4. Intervention. The Chicago Schools Academic
 Accountability Council may recommend to the Chicago School

Reform Board of Trustees that any school placed on remediation 1 2 or probation under Section 34-8.3 or schools that for the 3 3 consecutive school years of 1992-1993, 1993-1994, and 1994-1995 have met the State Board of Education's category of 4 5 "does not meet expectations" be made subject to intervention under this Section 34-8.4. In addition to any powers created 6 under this Section, the Trustees shall have all powers created 7 under Section 34-8.3 with respect to schools subjected to 8 9 intervention.

10 Prior to subjecting a school to intervention, the Trustees 11 shall conduct a public hearing and make findings of facts 12 concerning the recommendation of the Chicago Schools Academic Accountability Council and the factors causing the failure of 13 the school to adequately perform. The Trustees shall afford an 14 15 opportunity at the hearing for interested persons to comment 16 about the intervention recommendation. After the hearing has 17 been held and completion of findings of fact, the Trustees shall make a determination whether to subject the school to 18 19 intervention.

If the Trustees determine that a school shall be subject to intervention under this Section, the Trustees shall develop an intervention implementation plan and shall cause a performance evaluation to be made of each employee at the school. Upon consideration of such evaluations, and consistent with the intervention implementation plan, the Trustees may reassign, layoff, or dismiss any employees at the attendance

SB1834

center, notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 24A-5 and
 34-85.

The chief educational officer shall appoint a principal 3 for the school and shall set the terms and conditions of the 4 5 principal's contract, which in no case may be longer than 2 6 vears. The principal shall select all teachers and 7 non-certified personnel for the school as may be necessary. Any provision of Section 34-8.1 that conflicts with this 8 9 Section shall not apply to a school subjected to intervention 10 under this Section.

If pursuant to this Section, the general superintendent, with the approval of the board, orders new local school council elections, the general superintendent shall carry out the responsibilities of the local school council for a school subject to intervention until the new local school council members are elected and trained.

Any action authorized by this Section must be vetoed by a supermajority vote of 8 of the voting members of the local school council for the attendance center affected by the action.

Each school year, 5% of the supplemental general State aid funds distributed to a school subject to intervention during that school year under subsection 5(i)(1)(a) of part A of Section 18-8 or subsection (H) of Section 18-8.05 shall be used for employee performance incentives. The Trustees shall prepare a report evaluating the results of any interventions SB1834 - 56 - LRB102 16105 CMG 21479 b

1 undertaken pursuant to this Section and shall make recommendations concerning implementation of special programs 2 3 for dealing with underperforming schools on an ongoing basis. This report shall be submitted to the State Superintendent of 4 5 Education and Mayor of the City of Chicago by January 1, 1999. 6 (Source: P.A. 89-15, eff. 5-30-95; 89-698, eff. 1-14-97; 90-548, eff. 1-1-98.) 7

8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 9 becoming law.