



102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

SB2038

Introduced 2/26/2021, by Sen. Darren Bailey

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

10 ILCS 5/24-0.5 new
10 ILCS 5/24A-0.5 new
10 ILCS 5/24B-0.5 new
10 ILCS 5/24C-0.5 new

Amends the Election Code. Provides that certain Articles of the Code are subject to specified voting limitations. Requires election authorities to use hand-marked paper ballots that may be counted by hand or read through optical scan technology. Requires election authorities to implement strict chain of command procedures for ballots, voter registration polls, and tabulation results. Requires the State Board of Elections to implement software that monitors and detects vulnerabilities to the security of the voter registration rolls. Provides the State Board of Elections with rulemaking authority to adopt rules necessary to implement the provisions. Makes other changes.

LRB102 15885 SMS 21254 b

1 AN ACT concerning elections.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Election Code is amended by adding Sections
5 24-0.5, 24A-0.5, 24B-0.5, and 24C-0.5 as follows:

6 (10 ILCS 5/24-0.5 new)

7 Sec. 24-0.5. Voting security.

8 (a) As used in this Section, "hand-marked paper ballot"
9 means a paper ballot marked by the voter by hand.

10 (b) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
11 provisions of this Article are subject to the following
12 limitations:

13 (1) An election authority shall use a voting system
14 that requires the use of a hand-marked paper ballot of the
15 voter's vote that shall be marked and made available for
16 inspection and verification by the voter before the
17 voter's vote is cast and counted and which shall be
18 counted by hand or read by precinct tabulation optical
19 scan technology voting equipment or another counting
20 device.

21 (2) The election judges shall advise each voter that
22 he or she has the opportunity to correct any error on the
23 hand-marked paper ballot before the permanent hand-marked

1 paper ballot is counted and preserved.

2 (3) The voting system shall not preserve the
3 hand-marked paper ballots in any manner that makes it
4 possible, at any time after the ballot has been cast, to
5 associate a voter with the record of the voter's vote
6 without the voter's consent.

7 (4) The hand-marked paper ballot shall constitute the
8 official ballot and shall be preserved and used as the
9 official ballot for purposes of any recount or audit
10 conducted.

11 (5) Each hand-marked paper ballot used shall be
12 suitable for a manual audit and shall be counted by hand in
13 any recount or audit conducted.

14 (6) If any inconsistencies or irregularities between
15 any electronic vote tallies and the vote tallies
16 determined by counting by hand the hand-marked paper
17 ballots, the hand-marked paper ballots shall be the true
18 and correct record of the votes cast.

19 (7) If there is any inconsistency between any
20 electronic vote tallies and the vote tallies determined by
21 counting by hand the hand-marked paper and it is
22 demonstrated by clear and convincing evidence in any
23 recount, audit, or contest of the result of the election
24 that the hand-marked paper ballots have been compromised
25 (by damage or mischief or otherwise) and that a sufficient
26 number of the ballots have been so compromised that the

1 result of the election could be changed, the determination
2 of the appropriate remedy with respect to the election
3 shall be made in accordance with this Code, except that
4 the electronic tally shall not be used as the exclusive
5 basis for determining the official certified result.

6 (8) The State Board of Elections shall implement
7 software that monitors vulnerabilities to the security of
8 the voter registration rolls and detects intrusions to the
9 voter registration rolls and the origins of such
10 intrusions.

11 (9) Election authorities shall implement strict chain
12 of custody procedures for ballots, ballot boxes, poll
13 lists and poll books, and memory from voting tabulators.

14 (10) An election authority may not use an electronic
15 device to tabulate votes or determine voter registration
16 that has remote access or that can otherwise access the
17 Internet.

18 (11) The requirements of this subsection (b) apply to
19 all ballots cast in elections under this Code, including
20 ballots pursuant to Articles 19, 19A, and 20.

21 (c) The State Board of Elections shall adopt any rules for
22 the necessary implementation of this Section, including its
23 impact on the provisions of this Article.

24 (10 ILCS 5/24A-0.5 new)

25 Sec. 24A-0.5. Voting security.

1 (a) As used in this Section, "hand-marked paper ballot"
2 means a paper ballot marked by the voter by hand.

3 (b) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
4 provisions of this Article are subject to the following
5 limitations:

6 (1) An election authority shall use a voting system
7 that requires the use of a hand-marked paper ballot of the
8 voter's vote that shall be marked and made available for
9 inspection and verification by the voter before the
10 voter's vote is cast and counted and which shall be
11 counted by hand or read by precinct tabulation optical
12 scan technology voting equipment or another counting
13 device.

14 (2) The election judges shall advise each voter that
15 he or she has the opportunity to correct any error on the
16 hand-marked paper ballot before the permanent hand-marked
17 paper ballot is counted and preserved.

18 (3) The voting system shall not preserve the
19 hand-marked paper ballots in any manner that makes it
20 possible, at any time after the ballot has been cast, to
21 associate a voter with the record of the voter's vote
22 without the voter's consent.

23 (4) The hand-marked paper ballot shall constitute the
24 official ballot and shall be preserved and used as the
25 official ballot for purposes of any recount or audit
26 conducted.

1 (5) Each hand-marked paper ballot used shall be
2 suitable for a manual audit and shall be counted by hand in
3 any recount or audit conducted.

4 (6) If any inconsistencies or irregularities between
5 any electronic vote tallies and the vote tallies
6 determined by counting by hand the hand-marked paper
7 ballots, the hand-marked paper ballots shall be the true
8 and correct record of the votes cast.

9 (7) If there is any inconsistency between any
10 electronic vote tallies and the vote tallies determined by
11 counting by hand the hand-marked paper and it is
12 demonstrated by clear and convincing evidence in any
13 recount, audit, or contest of the result of the election
14 that the hand-marked paper ballots have been compromised
15 (by damage or mischief or otherwise) and that a sufficient
16 number of the ballots have been so compromised that the
17 result of the election could be changed, the determination
18 of the appropriate remedy with respect to the election
19 shall be made in accordance with this Code, except that
20 the electronic tally shall not be used as the exclusive
21 basis for determining the official certified result.

22 (8) The State Board of Elections shall implement
23 software that monitors vulnerabilities to the security of
24 the voter registration rolls and detects intrusions to the
25 voter registration rolls and the origins of such
26 intrusions.

1 (9) Election authorities shall implement strict chain
2 of custody procedures for ballots, ballot boxes, poll
3 lists and poll books, and memory from voting tabulators.

4 (10) An election authority may not use an electronic
5 device to tabulate votes or determine voter registration
6 that has remote access or that can otherwise access the
7 Internet.

8 (11) The requirements of this subsection (b) apply to
9 all ballots cast in elections under this Code, including
10 ballots pursuant to Articles 19, 19A, and 20.

11 (c) The State Board of Elections shall adopt any rules for
12 the necessary implementation of this Section, including its
13 impact on the provisions of this Article.

14 (10 ILCS 5/24B-0.5 new)

15 Sec. 24B-0.5. Voting security.

16 (a) As used in this Section, "hand-marked paper ballot"
17 means a paper ballot marked by the voter by hand.

18 (b) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
19 provisions of this Article are subject to the following
20 limitations:

21 (1) An election authority shall use a voting system
22 that requires the use of a hand-marked paper ballot of the
23 voter's vote that shall be marked and made available for
24 inspection and verification by the voter before the
25 voter's vote is cast and counted and which shall be

1 counted by hand or read by precinct tabulation optical
2 scan technology voting equipment or another counting
3 device.

4 (2) The election judges shall advise each voter that
5 he or she has the opportunity to correct any error on the
6 hand-marked paper ballot before the permanent hand-marked
7 paper ballot is counted and preserved.

8 (3) The voting system shall not preserve the
9 hand-marked paper ballots in any manner that makes it
10 possible, at any time after the ballot has been cast, to
11 associate a voter with the record of the voter's vote
12 without the voter's consent.

13 (4) The hand-marked paper ballot shall constitute the
14 official ballot and shall be preserved and used as the
15 official ballot for purposes of any recount or audit
16 conducted.

17 (5) Each hand-marked paper ballot used shall be
18 suitable for a manual audit and shall be counted by hand in
19 any recount or audit conducted.

20 (6) If any inconsistencies or irregularities between
21 any electronic vote tallies and the vote tallies
22 determined by counting by hand the hand-marked paper
23 ballots, the hand-marked paper ballots shall be the true
24 and correct record of the votes cast.

25 (7) If there is any inconsistency between any
26 electronic vote tallies and the vote tallies determined by

1 counting by hand the hand-marked paper and it is
2 demonstrated by clear and convincing evidence in any
3 recount, audit, or contest of the result of the election
4 that the hand-marked paper ballots have been compromised
5 (by damage or mischief or otherwise) and that a sufficient
6 number of the ballots have been so compromised that the
7 result of the election could be changed, the determination
8 of the appropriate remedy with respect to the election
9 shall be made in accordance with this Code, except that
10 the electronic tally shall not be used as the exclusive
11 basis for determining the official certified result.

12 (8) The State Board of Elections shall implement
13 software that monitors vulnerabilities to the security of
14 the voter registration rolls and detects intrusions to the
15 voter registration rolls and the origins of such
16 intrusions.

17 (9) Election authorities shall implement strict chain
18 of custody procedures for ballots, ballot boxes, poll
19 lists and poll books, and memory from voting tabulators.

20 (10) An election authority may not use an electronic
21 device to tabulate votes or determine voter registration
22 that has remote access or that can otherwise access the
23 Internet.

24 (11) The requirements of this subsection (b) apply to
25 all ballots cast in elections under this Code, including
26 ballots pursuant to Articles 19, 19A, and 20.

1 (c) The State Board of Elections shall adopt any rules for
2 the necessary implementation of this Section, including its
3 impact on the provisions of this Article.

4 (10 ILCS 5/24C-0.5 new)

5 Sec. 24C-0.5. Voting security.

6 (a) As used in this Section, "hand-marked paper ballot"
7 means a paper ballot marked by the voter by hand.

8 (b) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
9 provisions of this Article are subject to the following
10 limitations:

11 (1) An election authority shall use a voting system
12 that requires the use of a hand-marked paper ballot of the
13 voter's vote that shall be marked and made available for
14 inspection and verification by the voter before the
15 voter's vote is cast and counted and which shall be
16 counted by hand or read by precinct tabulation optical
17 scan technology voting equipment or another counting
18 device.

19 (2) The election judges shall advise each voter that
20 he or she has the opportunity to correct any error on the
21 hand-marked paper ballot before the permanent hand-marked
22 paper ballot is counted and preserved.

23 (3) The voting system shall not preserve the
24 hand-marked paper ballots in any manner that makes it
25 possible, at any time after the ballot has been cast, to

1 associate a voter with the record of the voter's vote
2 without the voter's consent.

3 (4) The hand-marked paper ballot shall constitute the
4 official ballot and shall be preserved and used as the
5 official ballot for purposes of any recount or audit
6 conducted.

7 (5) Each hand-marked paper ballot used shall be
8 suitable for a manual audit and shall be counted by hand in
9 any recount or audit conducted.

10 (6) If any inconsistencies or irregularities between
11 any electronic vote tallies and the vote tallies
12 determined by counting by hand the hand-marked paper
13 ballots, the hand-marked paper ballots shall be the true
14 and correct record of the votes cast.

15 (7) If there is any inconsistency between any
16 electronic vote tallies and the vote tallies determined by
17 counting by hand the hand-marked paper and it is
18 demonstrated by clear and convincing evidence in any
19 recount, audit, or contest of the result of the election
20 that the hand-marked paper ballots have been compromised
21 (by damage or mischief or otherwise) and that a sufficient
22 number of the ballots have been so compromised that the
23 result of the election could be changed, the determination
24 of the appropriate remedy with respect to the election
25 shall be made in accordance with this Code, except that
26 the electronic tally shall not be used as the exclusive

1 basis for determining the official certified result.

2 (8) The State Board of Elections shall implement
3 software that monitors vulnerabilities to the security of
4 the voter registration rolls and detects intrusions to the
5 voter registration rolls and the origins of such
6 intrusions.

7 (9) Election authorities shall implement strict chain
8 of custody procedures for ballots, ballot boxes, poll
9 lists and poll books, and memory from voting tabulators.

10 (10) An election authority may not use an electronic
11 device to tabulate votes or determine voter registration
12 that has remote access or that can otherwise access the
13 Internet.

14 (11) The requirements of this subsection (b) apply to
15 all ballots cast in elections under this Code, including
16 ballots pursuant to Articles 19, 19A, and 20.

17 (c) The State Board of Elections shall adopt any rules for
18 the necessary implementation of this Section, including its
19 impact on the provisions of this Article.