



102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

SB2147

Introduced 2/26/2021, by Sen. Dan McConchie

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

5 ILCS 420/3A-50 new	
10 ILCS 5/1A-14	from Ch. 46, par. 1A-14
10 ILCS 5/9-1.8	from Ch. 46, par. 9-1.8
10 ILCS 5/9-3.5 new	
10 ILCS 5/9-8.5	
25 ILCS 170/11.4 new	

Amends the Election Code. Prohibits a member of the State Board of Elections from contributing to a political committee, serving as an officer of a political committee, or being a candidate supported by a candidate political committee. Provides options for the person to remedy the violation. Requires a person who is in violation on the effective date of the amendatory Act to come into compliance within 30 days after the effective date of the amendatory Act. Defines a "limited activity committee" to mean a political committee for which a person who is nominated to a position that is subject to confirmation by the Senate, including a member of the State Board of Elections, or a person registered as a lobbyist under the Lobbyist Registration Act is either an officer or a candidate the committee has designated to support. Prohibits a limited activity committee from accepting contributions, except that the person who is either an officer or a candidate the committee has designated to support may contribute personal funds in order to pay maintenance expenses. Provides that a limited activity committee may only make specified expenditures. Amends the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act and the Lobbyist Registration Act. Prohibits an appointee subject to Senate confirmation and a registered lobbyist from serving as an officer of a candidate political committee in which the person is the designated candidate or being a candidate supported by a candidate political committee. Provides options for the person to remedy the violation. Requires a person who is in violation on the effective date of the amendatory Act to come into compliance within 30 days after the effective date of the amendatory Act. Effective immediately.

LRB102 15519 SMS 20882 b

1 AN ACT concerning elections.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Governmental Ethics Act is amended
5 by adding Section 3A-50 as follows:

6 (5 ILCS 420/3A-50 new)

7 Sec. 3A-50. Political activity. No person whose
8 appointment requires the advice and consent of the Senate
9 shall: (1) serve as an officer of a candidate political
10 committee; or (2) be a candidate who is designated as the
11 candidate to be supported by a candidate political committee.
12 A person whose appointment requires the advice and consent of
13 the Senate who is either an officer of a candidate political
14 committee or a candidate who is designated as the candidate to
15 be supported by a candidate political committee shall within
16 30 days after confirmation by the Senate: (i) resign as an
17 officer of the candidate political committee; (ii) have his or
18 her name removed as the candidate to be supported by a
19 candidate political committee; (iii) notify the State Board of
20 Elections of the person's intent to convert the candidate
21 political committee to a limited activity committee under
22 Section 9-1.8 of the Election Code and complete the transition
23 to a limited activity committee within 60 days after

1 confirmation; or (iv) dissolve the candidate political
2 committee. A person whose appointment requires the advice and
3 consent of the Senate who is in violation of this Section on
4 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
5 Assembly must come into compliance within 30 days after the
6 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
7 Assembly. As used in this Section, "candidate political
8 committee" has the meaning given to that term in Section 9-1.8
9 of the Election Code in which the person subject to
10 confirmation by the Senate is designated as the candidate to
11 be supported by the candidate political committee under
12 Section 9-2 of the Code.

13 Section 10. The Election Code is amended by changing
14 Sections 1A-14, 9-1.8, and 9-8.5 and by adding Section 9-3.5
15 as follows:

16 (10 ILCS 5/1A-14) (from Ch. 46, par. 1A-14)

17 Sec. 1A-14. Political activity by the State Board of
18 Elections.

19 (a) No member of the State Board of Elections may become a
20 candidate for nomination for, or election to, or accept
21 appointment to or hold any other remunerative public office or
22 public employment or any office in a political party.

23 (b) No member of the State Board of Elections shall: (1)
24 contribute, either financially or in services or goods or any

1 other way, to any political committee; (2) serve as an officer
2 of any political committee; or (3) be a candidate who is
3 designated as the candidate to be supported by a candidate
4 political committee. A member of the State Board of Elections
5 who is either an officer of a political committee or a
6 candidate who is designated as the candidate to be supported
7 by a candidate political committee shall within 30 days after
8 confirmation by the Senate: (i) resign as an officer of the
9 political committee; (ii) have his or her name removed as the
10 candidate to be supported by a political committee; (iii)
11 notify the Board of the member's intent to convert the
12 political committee to a limited activity committee under
13 Section 9-1.8, and complete the transition to a limited
14 activity committee within 60 days after confirmation; or (iv)
15 dissolve the committee. A member of the State Board of
16 Elections who is in violation of this subsection (b) on the
17 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
18 Assembly must come into compliance within 30 days after the
19 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
20 Assembly. As used in this Section, "political committee"
21 includes both the meaning provided in Section 9-1.8 of this
22 Code and the meaning provided in 52 U.S.C. 30101.

23 (c) Violation of any prohibition in this Section shall
24 disqualify a member of the Board and a vacancy is thereby
25 created. A vacancy also exists upon the occurrence of any of
26 the events enumerated in Section 25-2 of this Act as in the

1 case of an elective office.

2 (Source: P.A. 80-1178.)

3 (10 ILCS 5/9-1.8) (from Ch. 46, par. 9-1.8)

4 Sec. 9-1.8. Political committees.

5 (a) "Political committee" includes a candidate political
6 committee, a political party committee, a political action
7 committee, a ballot initiative committee, and an independent
8 expenditure committee.

9 (b) "Candidate political committee" means the candidate
10 himself or herself or any natural person, trust, partnership,
11 corporation, or other organization or group of persons
12 designated by the candidate that accepts contributions or
13 makes expenditures during any 12-month period in an aggregate
14 amount exceeding \$5,000 on behalf of the candidate.

15 (c) "Political party committee" means the State central
16 committee of a political party, a county central committee of
17 a political party, a legislative caucus committee, or a
18 committee formed by a ward or township committee person of a
19 political party. For purposes of this Article, a "legislative
20 caucus committee" means a committee established for the
21 purpose of electing candidates to the General Assembly by the
22 person elected President of the Senate, Minority Leader of the
23 Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Minority
24 Leader of the House of Representatives, or a committee
25 established by 5 or more members of the same caucus of the

1 Senate or 10 or more members of the same caucus of the House of
2 Representatives.

3 (d) "Political action committee" means any natural person,
4 trust, partnership, committee, association, corporation, or
5 other organization or group of persons, other than a
6 candidate, political party, candidate political committee, or
7 political party committee, that accepts contributions or makes
8 expenditures during any 12-month period in an aggregate amount
9 exceeding \$5,000 on behalf of or in opposition to a candidate
10 or candidates for public office. "Political action committee"
11 includes any natural person, trust, partnership, committee,
12 association, corporation, or other organization or group of
13 persons, other than a candidate, political party, candidate
14 political committee, or political party committee, that makes
15 electioneering communications during any 12-month period in an
16 aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 related to any candidate or
17 candidates for public office.

18 (e) "Ballot initiative committee" means any natural
19 person, trust, partnership, committee, association,
20 corporation, or other organization or group of persons that
21 accepts contributions or makes expenditures during any
22 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 in
23 support of or in opposition to any question of public policy to
24 be submitted to the electors. "Ballot initiative committee"
25 includes any natural person, trust, partnership, committee,
26 association, corporation, or other organization or group of

1 persons that makes electioneering communications during any
2 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000
3 related to any question of public policy to be submitted to the
4 voters. The \$5,000 threshold applies to any contributions or
5 expenditures received or made with the purpose of securing a
6 place on the ballot for, advocating the defeat or passage of,
7 or engaging in electioneering communication regarding the
8 question of public policy, regardless of the method of
9 initiation of the question of public policy and regardless of
10 whether petitions have been circulated or filed with the
11 appropriate office or whether the question has been adopted
12 and certified by the governing body.

13 (f) "Independent expenditure committee" means any trust,
14 partnership, committee, association, corporation, or other
15 organization or group of persons formed for the exclusive
16 purpose of making independent expenditures during any 12-month
17 period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 in support of
18 or in opposition to (i) the nomination for election, election,
19 retention, or defeat of any public official or candidate or
20 (ii) any question of public policy to be submitted to the
21 electors. "Independent expenditure committee" also includes
22 any trust, partnership, committee, association, corporation,
23 or other organization or group of persons that makes
24 electioneering communications that are not made in connection,
25 consultation, or concert with or at the request or suggestion
26 of a public official or candidate, a public official's or

1 candidate's designated political committee or campaign, or an
2 agent or agents of the public official, candidate, or
3 political committee or campaign during any 12-month period in
4 an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 related to (i) the
5 nomination for election, election, retention, or defeat of any
6 public official or candidate or (ii) any question of public
7 policy to be submitted to the voters.

8 (g) "Limited activity committee" means a political
9 committee for which a person who is nominated to a position
10 that is subject to confirmation by the Senate, including a
11 member of the State Board of Elections, or a person registered
12 as a lobbyist under the Lobbyist Registration Act is either an
13 officer or a candidate the committee has designated to
14 support.

15 (Source: P.A. 100-1027, eff. 1-1-19.)

16 (10 ILCS 5/9-3.5 new)

17 Sec. 9-3.5. Candidate political committee restrictions.

18 (a) A person who is registered as a lobbyist under the
19 Lobbyist Registration Act or who is nominated to a position
20 that is subject to confirmation by the Senate shall not: (1)
21 serve as an officer of a candidate political committee that is
22 designated to support or oppose that person as a candidate; or
23 (2) be a candidate who is designated as the candidate to be
24 supported by a candidate political committee.

25 (b) Within 30 days after registering as a lobbyist under

1 the Lobbyist Registration Act or after confirmation by the
2 Senate, the person shall: (1) dissolve the candidate political
3 committee; (2) resign as an officer of the candidate political
4 committee; (3) have his or her name removed as the candidate to
5 be supported by the candidate political committee; or (iv)
6 notify the Board of the person's intent to convert the
7 candidate political committee to a limited activity candidate
8 political committee.

9 (10 ILCS 5/9-8.5)

10 Sec. 9-8.5. Limitations on campaign contributions.

11 (a) It is unlawful for a political committee to accept
12 contributions except as provided in this Section.

13 (b) During an election cycle, a candidate political
14 committee may not accept contributions with an aggregate value
15 over the following: (i) \$5,000 from any individual, (ii)
16 \$10,000 from any corporation, labor organization, or
17 association, or (iii) \$50,000 from a candidate political
18 committee or political action committee. A candidate political
19 committee may accept contributions in any amount from a
20 political party committee except during an election cycle in
21 which the candidate seeks nomination at a primary election.
22 During an election cycle in which the candidate seeks
23 nomination at a primary election, a candidate political
24 committee may not accept contributions from political party
25 committees with an aggregate value over the following: (i)

1 \$200,000 for a candidate political committee established to
2 support a candidate seeking nomination to statewide office,
3 (ii) \$125,000 for a candidate political committee established
4 to support a candidate seeking nomination to the Senate, the
5 Supreme Court or Appellate Court in the First Judicial
6 District, or an office elected by all voters in a county with
7 1,000,000 or more residents, (iii) \$75,000 for a candidate
8 political committee established to support a candidate seeking
9 nomination to the House of Representatives, the Supreme Court
10 or Appellate Court for a Judicial District other than the
11 First Judicial District, an office elected by all voters of a
12 county of fewer than 1,000,000 residents, and municipal and
13 county offices in Cook County other than those elected by all
14 voters of Cook County, and (iv) \$50,000 for a candidate
15 political committee established to support the nomination of a
16 candidate to any other office. A candidate political committee
17 established to elect a candidate to the General Assembly may
18 accept contributions from only one legislative caucus
19 committee. A candidate political committee may not accept
20 contributions from a ballot initiative committee or from an
21 independent expenditure committee.

22 (c) During an election cycle, a political party committee
23 may not accept contributions with an aggregate value over the
24 following: (i) \$10,000 from any individual, (ii) \$20,000 from
25 any corporation, labor organization, or association, or (iii)
26 \$50,000 from a political action committee. A political party

1 committee may accept contributions in any amount from another
2 political party committee or a candidate political committee,
3 except as provided in subsection (c-5). Nothing in this
4 Section shall limit the amounts that may be transferred
5 between a political party committee established under
6 subsection (a) of Section 7-8 of this Code and an affiliated
7 federal political committee established under the Federal
8 Election Code by the same political party. A political party
9 committee may not accept contributions from a ballot
10 initiative committee or from an independent expenditure
11 committee. A political party committee established by a
12 legislative caucus may not accept contributions from another
13 political party committee established by a legislative caucus.

14 (c-5) During the period beginning on the date candidates
15 may begin circulating petitions for a primary election and
16 ending on the day of the primary election, a political party
17 committee may not accept contributions with an aggregate value
18 over \$50,000 from a candidate political committee or political
19 party committee. A political party committee may accept
20 contributions in any amount from a candidate political
21 committee or political party committee if the political party
22 committee receiving the contribution filed a statement of
23 nonparticipation in the primary as provided in subsection
24 (c-10). The Task Force on Campaign Finance Reform shall study
25 and make recommendations on the provisions of this subsection
26 to the Governor and General Assembly by September 30, 2012.

1 This subsection becomes inoperative on July 1, 2013 and
2 thereafter no longer applies.

3 (c-10) A political party committee that does not intend to
4 make contributions to candidates to be nominated at a general
5 primary election or consolidated primary election may file a
6 Statement of Nonparticipation in a Primary Election with the
7 Board. The Statement of Nonparticipation shall include a
8 verification signed by the chairperson and treasurer of the
9 committee that (i) the committee will not make contributions
10 or coordinated expenditures in support of or opposition to a
11 candidate or candidates to be nominated at the general primary
12 election or consolidated primary election (select one) to be
13 held on (insert date), (ii) the political party committee may
14 accept unlimited contributions from candidate political
15 committees and political party committees, provided that the
16 political party committee does not make contributions to a
17 candidate or candidates to be nominated at the primary
18 election, and (iii) failure to abide by these requirements
19 shall deem the political party committee in violation of this
20 Article and subject the committee to a fine of no more than
21 150% of the total contributions or coordinated expenditures
22 made by the committee in violation of this Article. This
23 subsection becomes inoperative on July 1, 2013 and thereafter
24 no longer applies.

25 (d) During an election cycle, a political action committee
26 may not accept contributions with an aggregate value over the

1 following: (i) \$10,000 from any individual, (ii) \$20,000 from
2 any corporation, labor organization, political party
3 committee, or association, or (iii) \$50,000 from a political
4 action committee or candidate political committee. A political
5 action committee may not accept contributions from a ballot
6 initiative committee or from an independent expenditure
7 committee.

8 (e) A ballot initiative committee may accept contributions
9 in any amount from any source, provided that the committee
10 files the document required by Section 9-3 of this Article and
11 files the disclosure reports required by the provisions of
12 this Article.

13 (e-5) An independent expenditure committee may accept
14 contributions in any amount from any source, provided that the
15 committee files the document required by Section 9-3 of this
16 Article and files the disclosure reports required by the
17 provisions of this Article.

18 (e-10) A limited activity committee shall not accept
19 contributions, except that the officer or a candidate the
20 committee has designated to support may contribute personal
21 funds in order to pay for maintenance expenses. A limited
22 activity committee may only make expenditures that are: (1)
23 necessary for maintenance of the committee; (2) for rent or
24 lease payments until the end of the lease in effect at the time
25 the officer or candidate is confirmed by the Senate or
26 registered as a lobbyist under the Lobbyist Registration Act;

1 (3) contributions to 501(c)(3) charities; or (4) returning
2 contributions to original contributors.

3 (f) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a political
4 committee from dividing the proceeds of joint fundraising
5 efforts; provided that no political committee may receive more
6 than the limit from any one contributor, and provided that an
7 independent expenditure committee may not conduct joint
8 fundraising efforts with a candidate political committee or a
9 political party committee.

10 (g) On January 1 of each odd-numbered year, the State
11 Board of Elections shall adjust the amounts of the
12 contribution limitations established in this Section for
13 inflation as determined by the Consumer Price Index for All
14 Urban Consumers as issued by the United States Department of
15 Labor and rounded to the nearest \$100. The State Board shall
16 publish this information on its official website.

17 (h) Self-funding candidates. If a public official, a
18 candidate, or the public official's or candidate's immediate
19 family contributes or loans to the public official's or
20 candidate's political committee or to other political
21 committees that transfer funds to the public official's or
22 candidate's political committee or makes independent
23 expenditures for the benefit of the public official's or
24 candidate's campaign during the 12 months prior to an election
25 in an aggregate amount of more than (i) \$250,000 for statewide
26 office or (ii) \$100,000 for all other elective offices, then

1 the public official or candidate shall file with the State
2 Board of Elections, within one day, a Notification of
3 Self-funding that shall detail each contribution or loan made
4 by the public official, the candidate, or the public
5 official's or candidate's immediate family. Within 2 business
6 days after the filing of a Notification of Self-funding, the
7 notification shall be posted on the Board's website and the
8 Board shall give official notice of the filing to each
9 candidate for the same office as the public official or
10 candidate making the filing, including the public official or
11 candidate filing the Notification of Self-funding. Notice
12 shall be sent via first class mail to the candidate and the
13 treasurer of the candidate's committee. Notice shall also be
14 sent by e-mail to the candidate and the treasurer of the
15 candidate's committee if the candidate and the treasurer, as
16 applicable, have provided the Board with an e-mail address.
17 Upon posting of the notice on the Board's website, all
18 candidates for that office, including the public official or
19 candidate who filed a Notification of Self-funding, shall be
20 permitted to accept contributions in excess of any
21 contribution limits imposed by subsection (b). If a public
22 official or candidate filed a Notification of Self-funding
23 during an election cycle that includes a general primary
24 election or consolidated primary election and that public
25 official or candidate is nominated, all candidates for that
26 office, including the nominee who filed the notification of

1 self-funding, shall be permitted to accept contributions in
2 excess of any contribution limit imposed by subsection (b) for
3 the subsequent election cycle. For the purposes of this
4 subsection, "immediate family" means the spouse, parent, or
5 child of a public official or candidate.

6 (h-5) If a natural person or independent expenditure
7 committee makes independent expenditures in support of or in
8 opposition to the campaign of a particular public official or
9 candidate in an aggregate amount of more than (i) \$250,000 for
10 statewide office or (ii) \$100,000 for all other elective
11 offices in an election cycle, as reported in a written
12 disclosure filed under subsection (a) of Section 9-8.6 or
13 subsection (e-5) of Section 9-10, then the State Board of
14 Elections shall, within 2 business days after the filing of
15 the disclosure, post the disclosure on the Board's website and
16 give official notice of the disclosure to each candidate for
17 the same office as the public official or candidate for whose
18 benefit or detriment the natural person or independent
19 expenditure committee made independent expenditures. Upon
20 posting of the notice on the Board's website, all candidates
21 for that office in that election, including the public
22 official or candidate for whose benefit or detriment the
23 natural person or independent expenditure committee made
24 independent expenditures, shall be permitted to accept
25 contributions in excess of any contribution limits imposed by
26 subsection (b).

1 (h-10) If the State Board of Elections receives
2 notification or determines that a natural person or persons,
3 an independent expenditure committee or committees, or
4 combination thereof has made independent expenditures in
5 support of or in opposition to the campaign of a particular
6 public official or candidate in an aggregate amount of more
7 than (i) \$250,000 for statewide office or (ii) \$100,000 for
8 all other elective offices in an election cycle, then the
9 Board shall, within 2 business days after discovering the
10 independent expenditures that, in the aggregate, exceed the
11 threshold set forth in (i) and (ii) of this subsection, post
12 notice of this fact on the Board's website and give official
13 notice to each candidate for the same office as the public
14 official or candidate for whose benefit or detriment the
15 independent expenditures were made. Notice shall be sent via
16 first class mail to the candidate and the treasurer of the
17 candidate's committee. Notice shall also be sent by e-mail to
18 the candidate and the treasurer of the candidate's committee
19 if the candidate and the treasurer, as applicable, have
20 provided the Board with an e-mail address. Upon posting of the
21 notice on the Board's website, all candidates of that office
22 in that election, including the public official or candidate
23 for whose benefit or detriment the independent expenditures
24 were made, may accept contributions in excess of any
25 contribution limits imposed by subsection (b).

26 (i) For the purposes of this Section, a corporation, labor

1 organization, association, or a political action committee
2 established by a corporation, labor organization, or
3 association may act as a conduit in facilitating the delivery
4 to a political action committee of contributions made through
5 dues, levies, or similar assessments and the political action
6 committee may report the contributions in the aggregate,
7 provided that: (i) contributions made through dues, levies, or
8 similar assessments paid by any natural person, corporation,
9 labor organization, or association in a calendar year may not
10 exceed the limits set forth in this Section; (ii) the
11 corporation, labor organization, association, or a political
12 action committee established by a corporation, labor
13 organization, or association facilitating the delivery of
14 contributions maintains a list of natural persons,
15 corporations, labor organizations, and associations that paid
16 the dues, levies, or similar assessments from which the
17 contributions comprising the aggregate amount derive; and
18 (iii) contributions made through dues, levies, or similar
19 assessments paid by any natural person, corporation, labor
20 organization, or association that exceed \$500 in a quarterly
21 reporting period shall be itemized on the committee's
22 quarterly report and may not be reported in the aggregate. A
23 political action committee facilitating the delivery of
24 contributions or receiving contributions shall disclose the
25 amount of contributions made through dues delivered or
26 received and the name of the corporation, labor organization,

1 association, or political action committee delivering the
2 contributions, if applicable. On January 1 of each
3 odd-numbered year, the State Board of Elections shall adjust
4 the amounts of the contribution limitations established in
5 this subsection for inflation as determined by the Consumer
6 Price Index for All Urban Consumers as issued by the United
7 States Department of Labor and rounded to the nearest \$100.
8 The State Board shall publish this information on its official
9 website.

10 (j) A political committee that receives a contribution or
11 transfer in violation of this Section shall dispose of the
12 contribution or transfer by returning the contribution or
13 transfer, or an amount equal to the contribution or transfer,
14 to the contributor or transferor or donating the contribution
15 or transfer, or an amount equal to the contribution or
16 transfer, to a charity. A contribution or transfer received in
17 violation of this Section that is not disposed of as provided
18 in this subsection within 30 days after the Board sends
19 notification to the political committee of the excess
20 contribution by certified mail shall escheat to the General
21 Revenue Fund and the political committee shall be deemed in
22 violation of this Section and subject to a civil penalty not to
23 exceed 150% of the total amount of the contribution.

24 (k) For the purposes of this Section, "statewide office"
25 means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General,
26 Secretary of State, Comptroller, and Treasurer.

1 (1) This Section is repealed if and when the United States
2 Supreme Court invalidates contribution limits on committees
3 formed to assist candidates, political parties, corporations,
4 associations, or labor organizations established by or
5 pursuant to federal law.

6 (Source: P.A. 97-766, eff. 7-6-12; 98-115, eff. 7-29-13.)

7 Section 15. The Lobbyist Registration Act is amended by
8 adding Section 11.4 as follows:

9 (25 ILCS 170/11.4 new)

10 Sec. 11.4. Political activity. No person registered under
11 this Act shall: (1) serve as an officer of a political
12 committee; or (2) be a candidate who is designated as the
13 candidate to be supported by a candidate political committee.
14 A person registered under this Act who is either an officer of
15 a political committee or a candidate who is designated as the
16 candidate to be supported by a candidate political committee
17 shall: (i) resign as an officer of the candidate political
18 committee; (ii) have his or her name removed as the candidate
19 to be supported by a candidate political committee within 30
20 days after confirmation by the Senate; (iii) notify the State
21 Board of Elections of the person's intent to convert the
22 candidate political committee to a limited activity committee
23 pursuant to Section 9-1.8 of the Election Code within 30 days
24 after registering under this Act and complete the transition

1 to a limited activity committee within 60 days after
2 registration; or (iv) dissolve the candidate political
3 committee. A person registered under this Act who is in
4 violation of this Section on the effective date of this
5 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly must come into
6 compliance within 30 days after the effective date of this
7 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. As used in this
8 Section, "political committee" has the meaning given to that
9 term in Section 9-1.8 of the Election Code in which the person
10 registered under this Act is designated as the candidate to be
11 supported by the candidate political committee under Section
12 9-2 of the Code.

13 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
14 becoming law.