102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

SB2186

Introduced 2/26/2021, by Sen. Elgie R. Sims, Jr.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Counties Code. Provides that in a county exceeding a population of 3,000,000, if the court determines that the appointment of a special prosecutor is required because the State's Attorney is sick, absent, or unable to fulfill his or her duties or has a conflict of interest, the court shall request the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor to serve as the special prosecutor where the cause or proceeding is an officer-involved death. Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. Increases the threshold amount of theft not from the person and retail theft that enhances the offense from a misdemeanor to a felony to \$2,000. Amends the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, and the Unified Code of Corrections. Lowers penalties for the manufacture, delivery, possession with intent to manufacture or deliver, and trafficking and possession of cannabis, controlled substances, and methamphetamine. Amends the Unified Code of Corrections. Makes changes in eligibility for the Offender Initiative Program and the Second Chance Probation Program. Increases the maximum amount of sentence credit that a prisoner may receive for various offenses from 4.5 to 8.5 (from 7.5 to 10.5 for gunrunning, drug-induced homicide, or aggravated methamphetamine-related child endangerment) days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment. Reduces the mandatory supervised release term for Class X, 1, and 2 felonies other than certain sex offenses to 18 months. Makes other changes.

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CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 3. The Counties Code is amended by changing
Section 3-9008 as follows:

6 (55 ILCS 5/3-9008) (from Ch. 34, par. 3-9008)

7 Sec. 3-9008. Appointment of attorney to perform duties.

8 (a) (Blank).

9 (a-5) The court on its own motion, or an interested person in a cause or proceeding, civil or criminal, may file a 10 petition alleging that the State's Attorney is sick, absent, 11 or unable to fulfill his or her duties. The court shall 12 13 consider the petition, any documents filed in response, and if 14 necessary, grant a hearing to determine whether the State's Attorney is sick, absent, or otherwise unable to fulfill his 15 or her duties. If the court finds that the State's Attorney is 16 sick, absent, or otherwise unable to fulfill his or her 17 duties, the court may appoint some competent attorney to 18 19 prosecute or defend the cause or proceeding.

20 (a-10) The court on its own motion, or an interested 21 person in a cause or proceeding, civil or criminal, may file a 22 petition alleging that the State's Attorney has an actual 23 conflict of interest in the cause or proceeding. The court

shall consider the petition, any documents filed in response, 1 2 and if necessary, grant a hearing to determine whether the State's Attorney has an actual conflict of interest in the 3 cause or proceeding. If the court finds that the petitioner 4 5 has proven by sufficient facts and evidence that the State's 6 Attorney has an actual conflict of interest in a specific 7 case, the court may appoint some competent attorney to 8 prosecute or defend the cause or proceeding.

9 (a-15) Notwithstanding subsections (a-5) and (a-10) of 10 this Section, the State's Attorney may file a petition to 11 recuse himself or herself from a cause or proceeding for any 12 other reason he or she deems appropriate and the court shall 13 appoint a special prosecutor as provided in this Section.

14 (a-17) In a county exceeding a population of 3,000,000, if the court determines that the appointment of a special 15 16 prosecutor is required under subsection (a-10) or (a-15), the 17 court shall request the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor to serve as the special prosecutor where 18 19 the cause or proceeding is an officer-involved death, as that 20 term is defined in Section 1-5 of the Police and Community Relations Improvement Act. If the Office of the State's 21 22 Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor accepts the request, the Office 23 of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor shall be 24 appointed by the court and shall have the same power and 25 authority in relation to the cause or proceeding as the State's Attorney would have had if present and attending to 26

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1 the cause or proceedings.

2 (a-20) Except as provided in subsection (a-17), prior 3 Prior to appointing a private attorney under this Section, the court shall contact public agencies, including, but not 4 5 limited to, the Office of Attorney General, Office of the 6 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor, or local State's Attorney's Offices throughout the State, to determine a public 7 8 prosecutor's availability to serve as a special prosecutor at 9 no cost to the county and shall appoint a public agency if they 10 are able and willing to accept the appointment. An attorney so 11 appointed shall have the same power and authority in relation 12 to the cause or proceeding as the State's Attorney would have 13 if present and attending to the cause or proceedings.

(b) In case of a vacancy of more than one year occurring in 14 15 any county in the office of State's attorney, by death, 16 resignation or otherwise, and it becomes necessary for the 17 transaction of the public business, that some competent attorney act as State's attorney in and for such county during 18 the period between the time of the occurrence of such vacancy 19 20 and the election and qualification of a State's attorney, as 21 provided by law, the vacancy shall be filled upon the written 22 request of a majority of the circuit judges of the circuit in 23 which is located the county where such vacancy exists, by appointment as provided in The Election Code of some competent 24 25 attorney to perform and discharge all the duties of a State's 26 attorney in the said county, such appointment and all

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1 authority thereunder to cease upon the election and qualification of a State's attorney, as provided by law. Any 2 3 attorney appointed for any reason under this Section shall possess all the powers and discharge all the duties of a 4 5 regularly elected State's attorney under the laws of the State 6 to the extent necessary to fulfill the purpose of such 7 appointment, and shall be paid by the county he serves not to 8 exceed in any one period of 12 months, for the reasonable 9 amount of time actually expended in carrying out the purpose 10 of such appointment, the same compensation as provided by law 11 for the State's attorney of the county, apportioned, in the 12 case of lesser amounts of compensation, as to the time of 13 service reasonably and actually expended. The county shall 14 participate in all agreements on the rate of compensation of a 15 special prosecutor.

16 (c) An order granting authority to a special prosecutor 17 must be construed strictly and narrowly by the court. The power and authority of a special prosecutor shall not be 18 expanded without prior notice to the county. In the case of the 19 20 proposed expansion of a special prosecutor's power and authority, a county may provide the court with information on 21 22 the financial impact of an expansion on the county. Prior to 23 the signing of an order requiring a county to pay for attorney's fees or litigation expenses, the county shall be 24 25 provided with a detailed copy of the invoice describing the 26 fees, and the invoice shall include all activities performed

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1	in relation to the case and the	amount of time spent on each
2	activity.	
3	(Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 1-1-16)	.)
4	Section 5. The Criminal Co	ode of 2012 is amended by
5	changing Sections 16-1 and 16-25 a	as follows:
6	(720 ILCS 5/16-1) (from Ch. 38	8, par. 16-1)
7	Sec. 16-1. Theft.	
8	(a) A person commits theft whe	en he or she knowingly:
9	(1) Obtains or exerts	unauthorized control over
10	property of the owner; or	
11	(2) Obtains by deception	control over property of the
12	owner; or	
13	(3) Obtains by threat c	ontrol over property of the
14	owner; or	
15	(4) Obtains control over	stolen property knowing the
16	property to have been stolen	or under such circumstances
17	as would reasonably induce hi	m or her to believe that the
18	property was stolen; or	
19	(5) Obtains or exerts c	ontrol over property in the
20	custody of any law enforce	ement agency which any law
21	enforcement officer or any ir	dividual acting in behalf of
22	a law enforcement agency e	xplicitly represents to the
23	person as being stolen or re	epresents to the person such
24	circumstances as would reaso	onably induce the person to

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1 believe that the property was stolen, and

2 (A) Intends to deprive the owner permanently of
3 the use or benefit of the property; or

4 (B) Knowingly uses, conceals or abandons the
5 property in such manner as to deprive the owner
6 permanently of such use or benefit; or

7 (C) Uses, conceals, or abandons the property
8 knowing such use, concealment or abandonment probably
9 will deprive the owner permanently of such use or
10 benefit.

11 (b) Sentence.

12 (1) Theft of property not from the person and not
 13 exceeding \$500 in value is a Class A misdemeanor.

14 (1.1) Theft of property not from the person and not
15 exceeding \$2,000 \$500 in value is a Class 4 felony if the
16 theft was committed in a school or place of worship or if
17 the theft was of governmental property.

(2) A person who has been convicted of theft of 18 19 property not from the person and not exceeding \$2,000 \$500 20 in value who has been previously convicted of felony any type of theft, robbery, armed robbery, burglary, 21 22 residential burglary, possession of burglary tools, home 23 invasion, forgery, a violation of Section 4-103, 4-103.1, 4-103.2, or 4-103.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code relating 24 25 to the possession of a stolen or converted motor vehicle, 26 a violation of Section 17 36 of the Criminal Code of

1 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or Section 8 of the
 2 Illinois Credit Card and Debit Card Act is guilty of a
 3 Class 4 felony.

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(3) (Blank).

(4) Theft of property from the person not exceeding \$500 in value, or theft of property exceeding \$2,000 \$500 and not exceeding \$10,000 in value, is a Class 3 felony.

8 (4.1) Theft of property from the person not exceeding 9 \$500 in value, or theft of property exceeding \$2,000 \$500 10 and not exceeding \$10,000 in value, is a Class 2 felony if 11 the theft was committed in a school or place of worship or 12 if the theft was of governmental property.

13 (5) Theft of property exceeding \$10,000 and not
14 exceeding \$100,000 in value is a Class 2 felony.

15 (5.1) Theft of property exceeding \$10,000 and not 16 exceeding \$100,000 in value is a Class 1 felony if the 17 theft was committed in a school or place of worship or if 18 the theft was of governmental property.

19 (6) Theft of property exceeding \$100,000 and not
 20 exceeding \$500,000 in value is a Class 1 felony.

(6.1) Theft of property exceeding \$100,000 in value is
a Class X felony if the theft was committed in a school or
place of worship or if the theft was of governmental
property.

(6.2) Theft of property exceeding \$500,000 and not
 exceeding \$1,000,000 in value is a Class 1

1 non-probationable felony.

2 (6.3) Theft of property exceeding \$1,000,000 in value
3 is a Class X felony.

4 (7) Theft by deception, as described by paragraph (2) 5 of subsection (a) of this Section, in which the offender 6 obtained money or property valued at \$5,000 or more from a 7 victim 60 years of age or older or a person with a 8 disability is a Class 2 felony.

9 (8) Theft by deception, as described by paragraph (2) 10 of subsection (a) of this Section, in which the offender 11 falsely poses as a landlord or agent or employee of the 12 landlord and obtains a rent payment or a security deposit 13 from a tenant is a Class 3 felony if the rent payment or 14 security deposit obtained does not exceed \$500.

(9) Theft by deception, as described by paragraph (2)
of subsection (a) of this Section, in which the offender
falsely poses as a landlord or agent or employee of the
landlord and obtains a rent payment or a security deposit
from a tenant is a Class 2 felony if the rent payment or
security deposit obtained exceeds \$500 and does not exceed
\$10,000.

(10) Theft by deception, as described by paragraph (2)
of subsection (a) of this Section, in which the offender
falsely poses as a landlord or agent or employee of the
landlord and obtains a rent payment or a security deposit
from a tenant is a Class 1 felony if the rent payment or

security deposit obtained exceeds \$10,000 and does not
exceed \$100,000.

(11) Theft by deception, as described by paragraph (2)
of subsection (a) of this Section, in which the offender
falsely poses as a landlord or agent or employee of the
landlord and obtains a rent payment or a security deposit
from a tenant is a Class X felony if the rent payment or
security deposit obtained exceeds \$100,000.

9 (c) When a charge of theft of property exceeding a 10 specified value is brought, the value of the property involved 11 is an element of the offense to be resolved by the trier of 12 fact as either exceeding or not exceeding the specified value.

13 (d) Theft by lessee; permissive inference. The trier of 14 fact may infer evidence that a person intends to deprive the 15 owner permanently of the use or benefit of the property (1) if 16 a lessee of the personal property of another fails to return it 17 to the owner within 10 days after written demand from the owner for its return or (2) if a lessee of the personal property of 18 another fails to return it to the owner within 24 hours after 19 20 written demand from the owner for its return and the lessee had presented identification to the owner that contained a 21 22 materially fictitious name, address, or telephone number. A 23 notice in writing, given after the expiration of the leasing agreement, addressed and mailed, by registered mail, to the 24 25 lessee at the address given by him and shown on the leasing 26 agreement shall constitute proper demand.

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(e) Permissive inference; evidence of intent that a person 1 obtains by deception control over property. The trier of fact 2 3 may infer that a person "knowingly obtains by deception control over property of the owner" when he or she fails to 4 5 return, within 45 days after written demand from the owner, 6 the downpayment and any additional payments accepted under a 7 promise, oral or in writing, to perform services for the owner for consideration of \$3,000 or more, and the 8 promisor 9 knowingly without good cause failed to substantially perform 10 pursuant to the agreement after taking a down payment of 10% or 11 more of the agreed upon consideration. This provision shall 12 not apply where the owner initiated the suspension of performance under the agreement, or where the 13 promisor 14 responds to the notice within the 45-day notice period. A 15 notice in writing, addressed and mailed, by registered mail, 16 to the promisor at the last known address of the promisor, 17 shall constitute proper demand.

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(f) Offender's interest in the property.

(1) It is no defense to a charge of theft of property that the offender has an interest therein, when the owner also has an interest to which the offender is not entitled.

(2) Where the property involved is that of the
 offender's spouse, no prosecution for theft may be
 maintained unless the parties were not living together as
 man and wife and were living in separate abodes at the time

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1 of the alleged theft.
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2 (Source: P.A. 101-394, eff. 1-1-20.)

3 (720 ILCS 5/16-25)

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4 Sec. 16-25. Retail theft.

5 (a) A person commits retail theft when he or she6 knowingly:

7 Takes possession of, carries away, transfers or (1)causes to be carried away or transferred any merchandise 8 9 displayed, held, stored or offered for sale in a retail 10 mercantile establishment with the intention of retaining 11 such merchandise or with the intention of depriving the 12 merchant permanently of the possession, use or benefit of such merchandise without paying the full retail value of 13 14 such merchandise; or

15 (2) Alters, transfers, or removes any label, price 16 tag, marking, indicia of value or any other markings which in determining value affixed to any merchandise 17 aid 18 displayed, held, stored or offered for sale in a retail 19 mercantile establishment and attempts to purchase such merchandise at less than the full retail value with the 20 21 intention of depriving the merchant of the full retail 22 value of such merchandise; or

(3) Transfers any merchandise displayed, held, stored
 or offered for sale in a retail mercantile establishment
 from the container in or on which such merchandise is

displayed to any other container with the intention of depriving the merchant of the full retail value of such merchandise; or

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(4) Under-rings with the intention of depriving the merchant of the full retail value of the merchandise; or

6 (5) Removes a shopping cart from the premises of a 7 retail mercantile establishment without the consent of the 8 merchant given at the time of such removal with the 9 intention of depriving the merchant permanently of the 10 possession, use or benefit of such cart; or

11 (6) Represents to a merchant that he, she, or another 12 is the lawful owner of property, knowing that such 13 representation is false, and conveys or attempts to convey 14 that property to a merchant who is the owner of the 15 property in exchange for money, merchandise credit or 16 other property of the merchant; or

17 (7) Uses or possesses any theft detection shielding 18 device or theft detection device remover with the 19 intention of using such device to deprive the merchant 20 permanently of the possession, use or benefit of any 21 merchandise displayed, held, stored or offered for sale in 22 a retail mercantile establishment without paying the full 23 retail value of such merchandise; or

(8) Obtains or exerts unauthorized control over
 property of the owner and thereby intends to deprive the
 owner permanently of the use or benefit of the property

when a lessee of the personal property of another fails to 1 2 return it to the owner, or if the lessee fails to pay the 3 full retail value of such property to the lessor in satisfaction of any contractual provision requiring such, 4 5 within 10 days after written demand from the owner for its return. A notice in writing, given after the expiration of 6 7 the leasing agreement, by registered mail, to the lessee at the address given by the lessee and shown on the leasing 8 9 agreement shall constitute proper demand.

10 (b) Theft by emergency exit. A person commits theft by 11 emergency exit when he or she commits a retail theft as defined 12 in subdivisions (a)(1) through (a)(8) of this Section and to 13 facilitate the theft he or she leaves the retail mercantile 14 establishment by use of a designated emergency exit.

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(c) Permissive inference. If any person:

16 (1) conceals upon his or her person or among his or her 17 belongings unpurchased merchandise displayed, held, stored 18 or offered for sale in a retail mercantile establishment; 19 and

(2) removes that merchandise beyond the last known
station for receiving payments for that merchandise in
that retail mercantile establishment,

then the trier of fact may infer that the person possessed, carried away or transferred such merchandise with the intention of retaining it or with the intention of depriving the merchant permanently of the possession, use or benefit of 1 such merchandise without paying the full retail value of such 2 merchandise.

3 To "conceal" merchandise means that, although there may be 4 some notice of its presence, that merchandise is not visible 5 through ordinary observation.

6 (d) Venue. Multiple thefts committed by the same person as 7 part of a continuing course of conduct in different 8 jurisdictions that have been aggregated in one jurisdiction 9 may be prosecuted in any jurisdiction in which one or more of 10 the thefts occurred.

(e) For the purposes of this Section, "theft detection shielding device" means any laminated or coated bag or device designed and intended to shield merchandise from detection by an electronic or magnetic theft alarm sensor.

15 (f) Sentence.

16 (1) A violation of any of subdivisions (a) (1) through 17 (a) (6) and (a) (8) of this Section, the full retail value of which does not exceed \$2,000 + 300 for property other 18 than motor fuel or \$150 for motor fuel, is a Class A 19 20 misdemeanor. A violation of subdivision (a)(7) of this Section is a Class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a 21 22 Class 4 felony for a second or subsequent offense. Theft 23 by emergency exit of property, the full retail value of 24 which does not exceed $$2,000 \\ \frac{$300}{,}$ is a Class 4 felony.

(2) A person who has been convicted of retail theft of
 property under any of subdivisions (a) (1) through (a) (6)

and (a) (8) of this Section, the full retail value of which 1 2 does not exceed \$2,000 + 300 for property other than motor 3 fuel or \$150 for motor fuel, and who has been previously convicted of any type of theft, robbery, armed robbery, 4 burglary, residential burglary, possession of burglary 5 tools, home invasion, unlawful use of a credit card, or 6 7 forgery is guilty of a Class 4 felony. A person who has been convicted of theft by emergency exit of property, the 8 9 full retail value of which does not exceed \$2,000 \$300, 10 and who has been previously convicted of felony any type 11 of theft, robbery, armed robbery, burglary, residential 12 burglary, possession of burglary tools, home invasion, of a credit card, or forgery is guilty of a 13 unlawful use 14 Class 3 felony.

15 (3) Any retail theft of property under any of 16 subdivisions (a)(1) through (a)(6) and (a)(8) of this Section, the full retail value of which exceeds \$2,000 17 $\frac{300}{100}$ for property other than motor fuel or \$150 for motor 18 19 fuel in a single transaction, or in separate transactions 20 committed by the same person as part of a continuing 21 course of conduct from more mercantile one or 22 establishments over a period of one year, is a Class 3 23 felony. Theft by emergency exit of property, the full 24 retail value of which exceeds \$2,000 \$300 in a single 25 transaction, or in separate transactions committed by the 26 same person as part of a continuing course of conduct from

one or more mercantile establishments over a period of one year, is a Class 2 felony. When a charge of retail theft of property or theft by emergency exit of property, the full value of which exceeds <u>\$2,000</u> \$300, is brought, the value of the property involved is an element of the offense to be resolved by the trier of fact as either exceeding or not exceeding <u>\$2,000</u> \$300.

8 (Source: P.A. 97-597, eff. 1-1-12.)

9 Section 10. The Cannabis Control Act is amended by 10 changing Sections 4, 5, 5.1, 5.2, 7, 8, and 10 as follows:

11 (720 ILCS 550/4) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 704)

Sec. 4. Except as otherwise provided in the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act and the Industrial Hemp Act, it is unlawful for any person knowingly to possess cannabis.

Any person who violates this Section with respect to:

(a) not more than <u>3010</u> grams of any substance
containing cannabis is guilty of a civil law violation
punishable by a minimum fine not to exceed \$125 of \$100 and
a maximum fine of \$200. The proceeds of the fine shall be
payable to the clerk of the circuit court. Within 30 days
after the deposit of the fine, the clerk shall distribute
the proceeds of the fine as follows:

(1) \$10 of the fine to the circuit clerk and \$10 of
the fine to the law enforcement agency that issued the

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citation; the proceeds of each \$10 fine distributed to 1 2 the circuit clerk and each \$10 fine distributed to the 3 law enforcement agency that issued the citation for the violation shall be used to defer the cost of 4 5 automatic expungements under paragraph (2.5)of of Section 5.2 of the 6 subsection (a) Criminal 7 Identification Act;

8 (2) \$15 to the county to fund drug addiction 9 services;

(3) \$10 to the Office of the State's Attorneys
 Appellate Prosecutor for use in training programs;

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(4) \$10 to the State's Attorney; and

(5) any remainder of the fine to the law
enforcement agency that issued the citation for the
violation.

16 With respect to funds designated for the Department of 17 State Police, the moneys shall be remitted by the circuit court clerk to the Department of State Police within one 18 19 month after receipt for deposit into the State Police 20 Operations Assistance Fund. With respect to funds designated for the Department of Natural Resources, the 21 22 Department of Natural Resources shall deposit the moneys 23 into the Conservation Police Operations Assistance Fund;

(b) (blank); more than 10 grams but not more than 30
 grams of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a
 Class B misdemeanor;

(c) more than 30 grams but not more than <u>500</u> 100 grams
 of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class
 A misdemeanor; provided, that if any offense under this
 subsection (c) is a subsequent offense, the offender shall
 be guilty of a Class 4 felony;

6 (d) <u>(blank);</u> more than 100 grams but not more than 500 7 grams of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a 8 Class 4 felony; provided that if any offense under this 9 subsection (d) is a subsequent offense, the offender shall 10 be guilty of a Class 3 felony;

(e) more than 500 grams but not more than 2,000 grams of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class <u>4</u> 3 felony;

14 (f) more than 2,000 grams but not more than 5,000 15 grams of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a 16 Class <u>4</u> 2 felony;

(g) more than 5,000 grams of any substance containingcannabis is guilty of a Class 1 felony.

19 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

20 (720 ILCS 550/5) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 705)

Sec. 5. Except as otherwise provided in the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act and the Industrial Hemp Act, it is unlawful for any person knowingly to manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver, or manufacture, cannabis. Any person who violates this Section with respect to: (a) not more than 10 $\frac{2.5}{2.5}$ grams of any substance

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2 containing cannabis is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor; 3 (b) (blank) more than 2.5 grams but not more than 10 grams of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a 4 5 Class A misdemeanor; 6 (c) more than 10 grams but not more than 30 grams of 7 any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class A 8 misdemeanor 4 felony; 9 (d) more than 30 grams but not more than 500 grams of 10 any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class 4 $\frac{3}{2}$ 11 felony for which a fine not to exceed \$50,000 may be 12 imposed; 13 (e) more than 500 grams but not more than 2,000 grams 14 of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class 15 $3 \frac{2}{2}$ felony for which a fine not to exceed \$100,000 may be 16 imposed; 17 (f) more than 2,000 grams but not more than 5,000 grams of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a 18 19 Class 2 \pm felony for which a fine not to exceed \$150,000 20 may be imposed;

21 (g) (blank). more than 5,000 grams of any substance 22 containing cannabis is guilty of a Class X felony for 23 which a fine not to exceed \$200,000 may be imposed.

24 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

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(720 ILCS 550/5.1) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 705.1)

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Sec. 5.1. Cannabis trafficking.

2 (a) Except for purposes authorized by this Act, the 3 Industrial Hemp Act, or the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act, 4 any person who knowingly brings or causes to be brought into 5 this State for the purpose of manufacture or delivery or with 6 the intent to manufacture or deliver 2,500 grams or more of 7 cannabis in this State or any other state or country is guilty 8 of cannabis trafficking.

9 <u>(a-5) A person convicted of cannabis trafficking shall be</u> 10 <u>sentenced as authorized by Section 5, based upon the amount of</u> 11 <u>the cannabis brought or caused to be brought into this State,</u> 12 <u>if the person at sentencing proves by a preponderance of the</u> 13 <u>evidence that he or she:</u>

14 <u>(1) received little or no compensation from the</u> 15 <u>illegal transport of the cannabis into this State and had</u> 16 <u>minimal knowledge of the scope and structure of the</u> 17 <u>enterprise to manufacture or deliver the cannabis</u> 18 <u>transported; or</u>

19 (2) was not involved in the organization or planning 20 of the enterprise to manufacture or deliver the cannabis 21 transported.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a-5), a A
person convicted of cannabis trafficking is guilty of a Class
<u>1 felony</u> shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment not less
than twice the minimum term and fined an amount as authorized
by subsection (f) or (g) of Section 5 of this Act, based upon

the amount of cannabis brought or caused to be brought into this State, and not more than twice the maximum term of imprisonment and fined twice the amount as authorized by subsection (f) or (g) of Section 5 of this Act, based upon the amount of cannabis brought or caused to be brought into this State.
(source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

8 (720 ILCS 550/5.2) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 705.2)

9 Sec. 5.2. Delivery of cannabis on school grounds.

10 (a.01) Any person who violates subsection (f) of Section 5 11 in any school, on the real property comprising any school, or 12 any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to 13 transport students to or from school or a school-related activity, or on any public way within 500 feet of the real 14 15 property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, 16 leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related activity, is guilty of a Class 17 18 1 felony;

(a) Any person who violates subsection (e) of Section 5 in any school, on the real property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a <u>school-related</u> school related activity, or on any public way within 500 feet of the real property comprising any school, or in any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to

transport students to or from school or a school-related 1 2 school related activity, and at the time of the violation 3 persons under the age of 18 are present, the offense is committed during school hours, or the offense is committed at 4 5 times when persons under the age of 18 are reasonably expected to be present in the school, in the conveyance, on the real 6 7 property, or on the public way, such as when after-school 8 activities are occurring, is guilty of a Class 2 + felony, the 9 fine for which shall not exceed \$200,000.+

10 (b) Any person who violates subsection (d) of Section 5 in 11 any school, on the real property comprising any school, or any 12 conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related 13 school related activity, or on any public way within 500 feet 14 15 of the real property comprising any school, or in any 16 conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to 17 transport students to or from school or a school-related school related activity, and at the time of the violation 18 19 persons under the age of 18 are present, the offense is 20 committed during school hours, or the offense is committed at times when persons under the age of 18 are reasonably expected 21 22 to be present in the school, in the conveyance, on the real 23 property, or on the public way, such as when after-school 24 activities are occurring, is guilty of a Class 3 $\frac{2}{2}$ felony, the 25 fine for which shall not exceed \$100,000.+

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(c) Any person who violates subsection (c) of Section 5

with respect to more than 15 grams of any substance containing 1 cannabis in any school, on the real property comprising any 2 school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a 3 4 school to transport students to or from school or а 5 school-related school related activity, or on any public way within 500 feet of the real property comprising any school, or 6 7 in any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related 8 9 school related activity, and at the time of the violation 10 persons under the age of 18 are present, the offense is 11 committed during school hours, or the offense is committed at 12 times when persons under the age of 18 are reasonably expected to be present in the school, in the conveyance, on the real 13 property, or on the public way, such as when after-school 14 15 activities are occurring, is guilty of a Class 4 $\frac{3}{2}$ felony, the 16 fine for which shall not exceed \$50,000.+

17 (d) (Blank) Any person who violates subsection (b) of Section 5 in any school, on the real property comprising any 18 19 school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a 20 school to transport students to or from school or a school 21 related activity, or on any public way within 500 feet of the 22 real property comprising any school, or in any conveyance 23 owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, and at the time 24 25 of the violation persons under the age of 18 are present, the offense is committed during school hours, or the offense is 26

1 committed at times when persons under the age of 18 are 2 reasonably expected to be present in the school, in the 3 conveyance, on the real property, or on the public way, such as 4 when after-school activities are occurring, is guilty of a 5 Class 4 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$25,000;

(e) (Blank) Any person who violates subsection (a) of 6 Section 5 in any school, on the real property comprising any 7 school, or in any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a 8 9 school to transport students to or from school or a school 10 related activity, on any public way within 500 feet of the real 11 property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, 12 leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, and at the time of 13 the violation persons under the age of 18 are present, the 14 offense is committed during school hours, or the offense is 15 16 committed at times when persons under the age of 18 are 17 reasonably expected to be present in the school, in the conveyance, on the real property, or on the public way, such as 18 19 when after school activities are occurring, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. 20

(f) This Section does not apply to a violation that occurs in or on the grounds of a building that is designated as a school but is no longer operational or active as a school, including a building that is temporarily or permanently closed by a unit of local government.

26 (Source: P.A. 100-3, eff. 1-1-18; 101-429, eff. 8-20-19;

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1 revised 8-28-20.)

(720 ILCS 550/7) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 707) 2 3 Sec. 7. Delivery of cannabis by a person at least 18 years 4 of age to a person under 18 years of age who is at least 3 5 years his or her junior. 6 (a) Any person who is at least 18 years of age who violates 7 subsection (f) of Section 5 of this Act by delivering cannabis to a person under 18 years of age who is at least 3 years his 8 9 junior may, at the discretion of the court, be sentenced to a 10 maximum term of imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term 11 of imprisonment for the underlying offense plus the minimum 12 term of imprisonment for the underlying offense.

13 may be sentenced to imprisonment for a term up to twice the 14 maximum term otherwise authorized by Section 5.

(b) Any person under 18 years of age who violates Section 4 or 5 of this Act may be treated by the court in accordance with the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

18 (Source: P.A. 85-1209.)

19 (720 ILCS 550/8) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 708)

Sec. 8. Except as otherwise provided in the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act and the Industrial Hemp Act, it is unlawful for any person knowingly to produce the Cannabis sativa plant or to possess such plants unless production or possession has been authorized pursuant to the provisions of Section 11 or 15.2 of the Act. Any person who violates this
 Section with respect to production or possession of:

(a) Not more than 5 plants is guilty of a civil
violation punishable by a minimum fine of \$100 and a
maximum fine of \$200. The proceeds of the fine are payable
to the clerk of the circuit court. Within 30 days after the
deposit of the fine, the clerk shall distribute the
proceeds of the fine as follows:

9 (1) \$10 of the fine to the circuit clerk and \$10 of 10 the fine to the law enforcement agency that issued the 11 citation; the proceeds of each \$10 fine distributed to 12 the circuit clerk and each \$10 fine distributed to the 13 law enforcement agency that issued the citation for 14 the violation shall be used to defer the cost of automatic expungements under paragraph 15 (2.5)of 16 subsection (a) of Section 5.2 of the Criminal 17 Identification Act;

18 (2) \$15 to the county to fund drug addiction19 services;

20 (3) \$10 to the Office of the State's Attorneys
 21 Appellate Prosecutor for use in training programs;

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(4) \$10 to the State's Attorney; and

(5) any remainder of the fine to the law
enforcement agency that issued the citation for the
violation.

26 With respect to funds designated for the Department of

State Police, the moneys shall be remitted by the circuit 1 2 court clerk to the Department of State Police within one 3 month after receipt for deposit into the State Police respect Operations Assistance Fund. With 4 to funds 5 designated for the Department of Natural Resources, the 6 Department of Natural Resources shall deposit the moneys 7 into the Conservation Police Operations Assistance Fund.

8 (b) More than 5, but not more than 20 plants, is guilty 9 of a Class <u>A misdemeanor</u> 4 felony.

10 (c) More than 20, but not more than 50 plants, is
11 guilty of a Class <u>4</u> 3 felony.

12 (d) More than 50, but not more than 200 plants, is quilty of a Class 3 2 felony for which a fine not to exceed 13 14 \$100,000 may be imposed and for which liability for the 15 cost of conducting the investigation and eradicating such 16 plants may be assessed. Compensation for expenses incurred 17 in the enforcement of this provision shall be transmitted to and deposited in the treasurer's office at the level of 18 19 government represented by the Illinois law enforcement 20 agency whose officers or employees conducted the 21 investigation or caused the arrest or arrests leading to 22 the prosecution, to be subsequently made available to that 23 law enforcement agency as expendable receipts for use in 24 the enforcement of laws regulating controlled substances 25 and cannabis. If such seizure was made by a combination of 26 law enforcement personnel representing different levels of

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government, the court levying the assessment shall determine the allocation of such assessment. The proceeds of assessment awarded to the State treasury shall be deposited in a special fund known as the Drug Traffic Prevention Fund.

(e) More than 200 plants is guilty of a Class $\frac{2}{1}$ 6 felony for which a fine not to exceed \$100,000 may be 7 8 imposed and for which liability for the cost of conducting 9 the investigation and eradicating such plants may be 10 assessed. Compensation for expenses incurred in the 11 enforcement of this provision shall be transmitted to and 12 deposited in the treasurer's office at the level of 13 government represented by the Illinois law enforcement whose 14 agency officers or employees conducted the 15 investigation or caused the arrest or arrests leading to 16 the prosecution, to be subsequently made available to that 17 law enforcement agency as expendable receipts for use in the enforcement of laws regulating controlled substances 18 19 and cannabis. If such seizure was made by a combination of 20 law enforcement personnel representing different levels of levying the assessment 21 government, the court shall 22 determine the allocation of such assessment. The proceeds 23 of assessment awarded to the State treasury shall be 24 deposited in a special fund known as the Drug Traffic 25 Prevention Fund.

26 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

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(720 ILCS 550/10) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 710)

Sec. 10. (a) Whenever any person who has not previously 2 3 been convicted of any felony offense under this Act or any law 4 of the United States or of any State relating to cannabis, or 5 controlled substances as defined in the Illinois Controlled 6 Substances Act, pleads guilty to or is found guilty of 7 violating Sections 4(a), 4(b), 4(c), 5(a), 5(b), 5(c) or 8 of this Act, the court may, without entering a judgment and with 8 9 the consent of such person, sentence him to probation.

10 (b) When a person is placed on probation, the court shall 11 enter an order specifying a period of probation of 24 months, 12 and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the 13 conclusion of the period or until the filing of a petition 14 alleging violation of a term or condition of probation.

15 (c) The conditions of probation shall be that the person: 16 (1) not violate any criminal statute of any jurisdiction; (2) refrain from possession of a firearm or other dangerous 17 weapon; (3) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a 18 manner as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times during 19 the period of the probation, with the cost of the testing to be 20 21 paid by the probationer; and (4) perform no less than 30 hours 22 of community service, provided community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county 23 24 board. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of 25 community service hours for participation in activities and SB2186 - 30 - LRB102 12161 KMF 17498 b

1 treatment as determined by court services.

2 The court may, in addition to other conditions, (d) 3 require that the person: (1) make a report to and appear in person before or 4 5 participate with the court or such courts, person, or social service agency as directed by the court in the 6 7 order of probation; 8 (2) pay a fine and costs; 9 (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational 10 training; 11 (4) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment; or 12 treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism; 13 (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of defendants on probation; 14 15 (6) support his dependents; 16 (7)refrain from possessing a firearm or other 17 dangerous weapon; (7-5) refrain from having in his or her body the 18 presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis 19 20 Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, 21 22 unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of 23 his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug; 24 25 (8) and in addition, if a minor:

26 (i) reside with his parents or in a foster home;

(ii) attend school;

2 (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
3 (iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a
4 foster home.

5 (e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation,
6 the court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt
7 and proceed as otherwise provided.

8 (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of 9 probation, the court shall discharge such person and dismiss 10 the proceedings against him.

11 (q) A disposition of probation is considered to be a 12 conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of probation and for appeal, however, discharge and dismissal 13 14 under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of 15 disgualification or disabilities imposed by law upon 16 conviction of a crime (including the additional penalty 17 imposed for subsequent offenses under Section 4(c), 4(d), 5(c)or 5(d) of this Act). 18

(h) (Blank). A person may not have more than one discharge
 and dismissal under this Section within a 4-year period.

(i) If a person is convicted of an offense under this Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and dismissal under this Section, the discharge and dismissal under this Section shall be admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that conviction as a factor in

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1 aggravation.

2 (j) Notwithstanding subsection (a), before a person is 3 sentenced to probation under this Section, the court may refer the person to the drug court established in that judicial 4 5 circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court Treatment drug court team shall evaluate the 6 Act. The person's 7 likelihood of successfully completing a sentence of probation 8 under this Section and shall report the results of its 9 evaluation to the court. If the drug court team finds that the 10 person suffers from a substance abuse problem that makes him 11 or her substantially unlikely to successfully complete a 12 sentence of probation under this Section, then the drug court shall set forth its findings in the form of a written order, 13 14 and the person shall not be sentenced to probation under this 15 Section, but shall be considered for the drug court program. 16 (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-3, eff. 1-1-18; 17 100-575, eff. 1-8-18.)

18 (720 ILCS 550/9 rep.)

Section 15. The Cannabis Control Act is amended by repealing Section 9.

Section 20. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is amended by changing Sections 401, 401.1, 402, 404, 405.2, 407, 407.1, 407.2, and 410 as follows: - 33 - LRB102 12161 KMF 17498 b

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(720 ILCS 570/401) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1401)

2 Sec. 401. Manufacture or delivery, or possession with 3 intent to manufacture or deliver, a controlled substance, a counterfeit substance, or controlled substance analog. Except 4 5 as authorized by this Act, it is unlawful for any person knowingly to manufacture or deliver, or possess with intent to 6 7 manufacture or deliver, a controlled substance other than 8 methamphetamine and other than bath salts as defined in the Bath Salts Prohibition Act sold or offered for sale in a retail 9 mercantile establishment as defined in Section 16-0.1 of the 10 11 Criminal Code of 2012, a counterfeit substance, or a 12 controlled substance analog. A violation of this Act with 13 respect to each of the controlled substances listed herein 14 constitutes a single and separate violation of this Act. For purposes of this Section, "controlled substance analog" or 15 16 "analog" means a substance, other than a controlled substance, 17 which is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, is not dispensed or possessed 18 in accordance with State or federal law, and that has a 19 20 chemical structure substantially similar to that of а controlled substance in Schedule I or II, or that was 21 22 specifically designed to produce an effect substantially 23 similar to that of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II. Examples of chemical classes in which controlled substance 24 25 analogs are found include, but are not limited to, the 26 following: phenethylamines, N-substituted piperidines,

morphinans, ecgonines, quinazolinones, substituted indoles, 1 2 and arylcycloalkylamines. For purposes of this Act, a 3 controlled substance analog shall be treated in the same the controlled substance to which 4 manner as it is 5 substantially similar.

(a) Any person who violates this Section with respect to 6 7 the following amounts of controlled or counterfeit substances 8 or controlled substance analogs, notwithstanding any of the 9 provisions of subsections (c), (d), $\frac{(e)_{r}}{(e)_{r}}$ (f), (q) or (h) to the contrary, is guilty of a Class X felony and shall be sentenced 10 11 for the class of offense to a term of imprisonment as provided 12 in this subsection (a) and fined as provided in subsection 13 (b):

14 (1) (A) <u>a Class 2 felony</u> not less than 6 years and not 15 more than 30 years with respect to 15 grams or more but 16 less than 100 grams of a substance containing heroin, or 17 an analog thereof;

(B) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 9 years and not more
than 40 years with respect to 100 grams or more but less
than <u>900</u> 400 grams of a substance containing heroin, or an
analog thereof;

22 (C) (blank); not less than 12 years and not more than 23 50 years with respect to 400 grams or more but less than 24 900 grams of a substance containing heroin, or an analog 25 thereof;

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(D) <u>a Class 1 felony for which the person, if</u>

sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than $\underline{6}$ $\underline{15}$ years and not more than $\underline{30}$ $\underline{60}$ years with respect to 900 grams or more of any substance containing heroin, or an analog thereof;

5 (1.5)(A) <u>a Class 2 felony</u> not less than 6 years and not 6 more than 30 years with respect to 15 grams or more but 7 less than 100 grams of a substance containing fentanyl, or 8 an analog thereof;

9 (B) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 9 years and not more 10 than 40 years with respect to <u>900</u> 100 grams or more but 11 less than 400 grams of a substance containing fentanyl, or 12 an analog thereof;

13 (C) (blank); not less than 12 years and not more than 14 50 years with respect to 400 grams or more but less than 15 900 grams of a substance containing fentanyl, or an analog 16 thereof;

(D) <u>a Class 1 felony for which the person, if</u> sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than <u>6</u> 15 years and not more than <u>30</u> 60 years with respect to 900 grams or more of a substance containing fentanyl, or an analog thereof;

(2) (A) <u>a Class 2 felony</u> not less than 6 years and not
 more than 30 years with respect to 15 grams or more but
 less than 100 grams of a substance containing cocaine, or
 an analog thereof;

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(B) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 9 years and not more

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1 than 40 years with respect to 100 grams or more but less 2 than <u>900</u> 400 grams of a substance containing cocaine, or 3 an analog thereof;

4 (C) (blank); not less than 12 years and not more than 5 50 years with respect to 400 grams or more but less than 6 900 grams of a substance containing cocaine, or an analog 7 thereof;

8 (D) <u>a Class 1 felony for which the person, if</u> 9 <u>sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to</u> 10 not less than <u>6</u> 15 years and not more than <u>30</u> 60 years with 11 respect to 900 grams or more of any substance containing 12 cocaine, or an analog thereof;

13 (3) (A) <u>a Class 2 felony</u> not less than 6 years and not 14 more than 30 years with respect to 15 grams or more but 15 less than 100 grams of a substance containing morphine, or 16 an analog thereof;

(B) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 9 years and not more than 40 years with respect to 100 grams or more but less than <u>900</u> 400 grams of a substance containing morphine, or an analog thereof;

21 (C) (blank); not less than 12 years and not more than 22 50 years with respect to 400 grams or more but less than 23 900 grams of a substance containing morphine, or an analog 24 thereof;

25 (D) <u>a Class 1 felony for which the person, if</u>
 26 <u>sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to</u>

not less than <u>6</u> 15 years and not more than <u>30</u> 60 years with respect to 900 grams or more of a substance containing morphine, or an analog thereof;

 (4) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 200 grams or more of any substance containing peyote, or an analog thereof;

6 (5) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 200 grams or more 7 of any substance containing a derivative of barbituric 8 acid or any of the salts of a derivative of barbituric 9 acid, or an analog thereof;

(6) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 200 grams or more
 of any substance containing amphetamine or any salt of an
 optical isomer of amphetamine, or an analog thereof;

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(6.5) (blank);

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(6.6) (blank);

15 (7) (A) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and not 16 more than 30 years with respect to: (i) 15 grams or more but less than 100 grams of a substance containing lysergic 17 acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 15 18 19 or more objects or 15 or more segregated parts of an object 20 or objects but less than 200 objects or 200 segregated 21 parts of an object or objects containing in them or having 22 upon them any amounts of any substance containing lysergic 23 acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

(B) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 9 years and not more
than 40 years with respect to: (i) 100 grams or more but
less than <u>900</u> 400 grams of a substance containing lysergic

acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 200 or more objects or 200 or more segregated parts of an object or objects but less than <u>1500</u> 600 objects or less than <u>1500</u> 600 segregated parts of an object or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

8 (C) (blank); not less than 12 years and not more than 9 50 years with respect to: (i) 400 grams or more but less 10 than 900 grams of a substance containing lysergic acid 11 diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 600 or 12 more objects or 600 or more segregated parts of an object objects but less than 1500 objects or 1500 segregated 13 14 parts of an object or objects containing in them or having 15 upon them any amount of any substance containing lysergie 16 acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

17 a Class 1 felony for which the person, if (D) sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to 18 19 not less than 6 $\frac{15}{15}$ years and not more than 30 $\frac{60}{15}$ years with 20 respect to: (i) 900 grams or more of any substance 21 containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog 22 thereof, or (ii) 1500 or more objects or 1500 or more 23 segregated parts of an object or objects containing in 24 them or having upon them any amount of a substance 25 containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog 26 thereof;

1 (7.5) (A) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and not 2 more than 30 years with respect to: (i) 15 grams or more 3 but less than 100 grams of a substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1),4 5 (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 15 or more pills, 6 7 tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 200 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing 8 9 in them or having upon them any amounts of any substance 10 listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), 11 (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof; 12

13 (B) a Class 1 felony not less than 9 years and not more 14 than 40 years with respect to: (i) 100 grams or more but 15 less than 400 grams of a substance listed in paragraph 16 (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1),(21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an 17 analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 200 or more pills, 18 19 tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 600 20 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing 21 in them or having upon them any amount of any substance 22 listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), 23 (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) 24 of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof;

25 (C) <u>a Class 1 felony for which the person, if</u>
 26 <u>sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to</u>

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1 not less than 6 $\frac{12}{12}$ years and not more than 30 $\frac{50}{50}$ years with 2 respect to: (i) 400 grams or more but less than 900 grams 3 of a substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of 4 5 subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 600 or more pills, tablets, caplets, 6 7 capsules, or objects but less than 1,500 pills, tablets, 8 caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having 9 upon them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph 10 (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1),11 (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an 12 analog or derivative thereof;

(D) (blank); not less than 15 years and not more 13 14 60 years with respect to: (i) 900 grams or more of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), 15 (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), 16 -of or (26)17 subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 1,500 or more pills, tablets, caplets, 18 19 capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon 20 them any amount of a substance listed in paragraph (1), 21 (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), 22 (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an 23 analog or derivative thereof;

(8) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 30 grams or more
 of any substance containing pentazocine or any of the
 salts, isomers and salts of isomers of pentazocine, or an

1 analog thereof;

2 (9) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 30 grams or more 3 of any substance containing methaqualone or any of the 4 salts, isomers and salts of isomers of methaqualone, or an 5 analog thereof;

6 (10) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 30 grams or more 7 of any substance containing phencyclidine or any of the 8 salts, isomers and salts of isomers of phencyclidine 9 (PCP), or an analog thereof;

10 (10.5) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 30 grams or 11 more of any substance containing ketamine or any of the 12 salts, isomers and salts of isomers of ketamine, or an 13 analog thereof;

14 (10.6) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 100 grams or 15 more of any substance containing hydrocodone, or any of 16 the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of hydrocodone, or 17 an analog thereof;

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(10.7) (blank);

19 (10.8) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 100 grams or 20 more of any substance containing dihydrocodeine, or any of 21 the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of dihydrocodeine, 22 or an analog thereof;

(10.9) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 100 grams or more of any substance containing oxycodone, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of oxycodone, or an analog thereof;

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(11) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 200 grams or more of any substance containing any other controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included in this subsection.

5 (b) Any person sentenced with respect to violations of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (7), or (7.5) of subsection (a) 6 7 involving 100 grams or more of the controlled substance named 8 therein, may in addition to the penalties provided therein, be 9 fined an amount not more than \$500,000 or the full street value of the controlled or counterfeit substance or controlled 10 11 substance analog, whichever is greater. The term "street 12 value" shall have the meaning ascribed in Section 110-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. Any person sentenced with 13 14 respect to any other provision of subsection (a), may in 15 addition to the penalties provided therein, be fined an amount 16 not to exceed \$500,000.

17 (b-1) Excluding violations of this Act when the controlled substance is fentanyl, any person sentenced to a term of 18 19 imprisonment with respect to violations of Section 401, 401.1, 405, 405.1, 405.2, or 407, when it is proven that the person 20 knew or should have known that the substance containing the 21 22 controlled substance contained contains any amount of 23 fentanyl, a term of imprisonment not to exceed 3 years may, at 24 the discretion of the court, shall be added to the term of 25 imprisonment imposed by the court, and the maximum sentence for the offense, if the additional term is imposed, shall be 26

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increased by that period of time not to exceed 3 years.

2 (c) Any person who violates this Section with regard to the following amounts of controlled or counterfeit substances 3 or controlled substance analogs, notwithstanding any of the 4 5 provisions of subsections (a), (b), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (h) to the contrary, shall be sentenced for the class of offense as 6 provided in this subsection (c) is guilty of a Class 1 felony. 7 8 The fine for violation of this subsection (c) shall not be more 9 than \$250,000:

10 (1) <u>a Class 3 felony with respect to</u> 1 gram or more but 11 less than 15 grams of any substance containing heroin, or 12 an analog thereof;

13 (1.5) <u>a Class 3 felony with respect to</u> 1 gram or more
14 but less than 15 grams of any substance containing
15 fentanyl, or an analog thereof;

16 (2) <u>a Class 3 felony with respect to</u> 1 gram or more but
 17 less than 15 grams of any substance containing cocaine, or
 18 an analog thereof;

19 (3) <u>a Class 3 felony with respect to</u> 10 grams or more
20 but less than 15 grams of any substance containing
21 morphine, or an analog thereof;

(4) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 50 grams or more
but less than 200 grams of any substance containing
peyote, or an analog thereof;

25 (4.5) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or more
 26 but less than 50 grams of any substance containing peyote,

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or an analog thereof;

2 (5) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 50 grams or more 3 but less than 200 grams of any substance containing a 4 derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a 5 derivative of barbituric acid, or an analog thereof;

6 (5.5) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or more 7 but less than 50 grams of any substance containing a 8 derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a 9 derivative of barbituric acid, or an analog thereof;

10 (6) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 50 grams or more 11 but less than 200 grams of any substance containing 12 amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of 13 amphetamine, or an analog thereof;

14 (6.1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or more 15 but less than 50 grams of any substance containing 16 amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of 17 amphetamine, or an analog thereof;

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(6.5) (blank);

19 (7) a Class 3 felony with respect to (i) 5 grams or 20 more but less than 15 grams of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or 21 22 (ii) more than 10 objects or more than 10 segregated parts 23 of an object or objects but less than 15 objects or less than 15 segregated parts of an object containing in them 24 25 or having upon them any amount of any substance containing 26 lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

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1 (7.5) a Class 3 felony with respect to (i) 5 grams or 2 more but less than 15 grams of any substance listed in 3 paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 4 5 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) more than 10 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less 6 7 than 15 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any 8 9 substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), 10 (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of 11 subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative 12 thereof;

13 (8) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 10 grams or more 14 but less than 30 grams of any substance containing 15 pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of 16 isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof;

17 (8.5) a Class 3 felony with respect to 5 grams or more 18 but less than 10 grams of pentazocine, or an analog 19 thereof;

20 (9) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 10 grams or more 21 but less than 30 grams of any substance containing 22 methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of 23 isomers of methaqualone, or an analog thereof;

24 (9.5) a Class 3 felony with respect to 5 grams or more
 25 but less than 10 grams of any substance containing
 26 methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of

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	isomer	s of	methaqu	alone, d	or an	analog	thereof;
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(10) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 10 grams or more
but less than 30 grams of any substance containing
phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
isomers of phencyclidine (PCP), or an analog thereof;

6 <u>(10.1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 5 grams or more</u> 7 <u>but less than 10 grams of any substance containing</u> 8 <u>phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of</u> 9 <u>isomers of phencyclidine (PCP), or an analog thereof;</u>

10 (10.5) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 10 grams or 11 more but less than 30 grams of any substance containing 12 ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers 13 of ketamine, or an analog thereof;

14 (10.5-1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 5 grams or 15 more but less than 10 grams of any substance containing 16 ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers 17 of ketamine, or an analog thereof;

18 (10.6) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 50 grams or 19 more but less than 100 grams of any substance containing 20 hydrocodone, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of 21 isomers of hydrocodone, or an analog thereof;

22 (10.6-1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or 23 more but less than 50 grams of any substance containing 24 hydrocodone, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of 25 isomers of hydrocodone, or an analog thereof;

(10.7) (blank);

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1	(10.7-1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or
2	more but less than 50 grams of any substance containing
3	dihydrocodeinone, or any of the salts, isomers and salts
4	of isomers of dihydrocodeinone, or an analog thereof;
5	(10.8) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 50 grams or
6	more but less than 100 grams of any substance containing
7	dihydrocodeine, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
8	isomers of dihydrocodeine, or an analog thereof;
9	(10.8-1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or
10	more but less than 50 grams of any substance containing
11	dihydrocodeine, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
12	isomers of dihydrocodeine, or an analog thereof;
13	(10.9) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 50 grams or
14	more but less than 100 grams of any substance containing
15	oxycodone, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
16	isomers of oxycodone, or an analog thereof;
17	(10.9-1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or
18	more but less than 50 grams of any substance containing
19	oxycodone, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
20	isomers of oxycodone, or an analog thereof;
21	(11) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 50 grams or more
22	but less than 200 grams of any substance containing a
23	substance classified in Schedules I or II, or an analog
24	thereof, which is not otherwise included in this
25	subsection (c).
26	(11.1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or

1	more but less than 50 grams of any substance containing a
2	substance classified in Schedules I or II, or an analog
3	thereof, which is not otherwise included in this
4	subsection (c);

5 (c-5) (Blank).

(d) Any person who violates this Section with regard to 6 7 any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance containing dihydrocodeine or classified in Schedules I or II, 8 or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included in 9 10 subsection (a), (b), or (c), which is (i) a narcotic drug, (ii) 11 lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD) or an analog thereof, (iii) 12 any substance containing amphetamine or fentanyl or any salt or optical isomer of amphetamine or fentanyl, or an analog 13 thereof, or (iv) any substance containing N-Benzylpiperazine 14 (BZP) or any salt or optical isomer of N-Benzylpiperazine 15 16 (BZP), or an analog thereof, is guilty of a Class 4 2 felony. 17 The fine for violation of this subsection (d) shall not be more than \$200,000. 18

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(d-5) (Blank).

(e) <u>(Blank).</u> Any person who violates this Section with
regard to any other amount of a controlled substance other
than methamphetamine or counterfeit substance classified in
Schedule I or II, or an analog thereof, which substance is not
included under subsection (d) of this Section, is guilty of a
Class 3 felony. The fine for violation of this subsection (e)
shall not be more than \$150,000.

(f) Any person who violates this Section with regard to <u>10</u> grams or more any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance classified in Schedule III <u>, which is not otherwise</u> <u>included in subsection (a), (b), or (c), is guilty of a Class 3</u> felony. The fine for violation of this subsection (f) shall not be more than \$125,000.</u>

7 (f-1) Any person who violates this Section with regard to
8 any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance
9 classified in Schedule III which is not otherwise included in
10 subsection (a), (b), or (c), is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

(g) Any person who violates this Section with regard to <u>10</u> <u>grams or more any other amount</u> of a controlled or counterfeit substance classified in Schedule IV is guilty of a Class 3 felony. The fine for violation of this subsection (g) shall <u>not be more than \$100,000.</u>

16 (q-1) Any person who violates this Section with regard to 17 any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance 18 classified in Schedule IV which is not otherwise included in 19 subsection (a), (b), or (c), is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

(h) Any person who violates this Section with regard to <u>10</u> <u>grams or more any other amount</u> of a controlled or counterfeit substance classified in Schedule V, which is not otherwise <u>included in subsection (a), (b), or (c),</u> is guilty of a Class 3 felony. The fine for violation of this subsection (h) shall not be more than \$75,000.

26 (h-1) Any person who violates this Section with regard to

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any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance 1 classified in Schedule V, which is not otherwise included in 2 subsection (a), (b), or (c), is guilty of a Class 4 felony. 3 4 (i) This Section does not apply to the manufacture, 5 possession or distribution of a substance in conformance with 6 the provisions of an approved new drug application or an 7 exemption for investigational use within the meaning of 8 Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act. 9 (j) (Blank). (Source: P.A. 99-371, eff. 1-1-16; 99-585, eff. 1-1-17; 10 11 100-368, eff. 1-1-18.) 12 (720 ILCS 570/401.1) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1401.1) Sec. 401.1. Controlled Substance Trafficking. 13 14 (a) Except for purposes as authorized by this Act, any

15 person who knowingly brings or causes to be brought into this 16 State 400 grams or more of a controlled substance or 600 or more objects or 600 or more segregated parts of an object or 17 18 objects containing in them or having upon them any amounts of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or 19 20 an analog thereof or 600 or more pills, tablets, caplets, 21 capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them 22 any amount of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), 23 (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or24 (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or 25 derivative thereof for the purpose of manufacture or delivery 1 or with the intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled 2 substance other than methamphetamine or counterfeit substance 3 in this or any other state or country is guilty of controlled 4 substance trafficking.

5 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b-5), a A person convicted of controlled substance trafficking shall be 6 sentenced for the class of an offense that is one class higher 7 than the amount authorized by Section 401 of this Act for the 8 9 manufacture or delivery, or possession with intent to 10 manufacture or deliver, based upon the amount of controlled or 11 counterfeit substance brought or caused to be brought into 12 this State. If the sentence for the underlying offense under Section 401 of this Act is a Class 1 felony for which the 13 14 offender may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, the penalty for 15 16 controlled substance trafficking is a Class 1 felony for which 17 the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 9 years and not more than 40 years to a term of 18 19 imprisonment not less than twice the minimum term and fined an 20 amount as authorized by Section 401 of this Act, based upon the 21 amount of controlled or counterfeit substance brought or 22 caused to be brought into this State, and not more than twice 23 the maximum term of imprisonment and fined twice the amount 23 authorized by Section 401 of this Act, based upon the amount of 24 25 controlled or counterfeit substance brought or caused to be 26 brought into this State.

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1	(b-5) A person convicted of controlled substance
2	trafficking shall be sentenced as authorized by Section 401,
3	based upon the amount of the controlled or counterfeit
4	substance brought or caused to be brought into this State, if
5	the person at sentencing proves by a preponderance of the
6	evidence that he or she:
7	(1) received little or no compensation from the
8	illegal transport of the substance into this State and had
9	minimal knowledge of the scope and structure of the
10	enterprise to manufacture or deliver the illegal substance
11	transported; or
12	(2) was not involved in the organization or planning
13	of the enterprise to manufacture or deliver the illegal
14	substance transported.
15	(c) <u>(Blank)</u> It shall be a Class 2 felony for which a fine
16	not to exceed \$100,000 may be imposed for any person to
17	knowingly use a cellular radio telecommunication device in the
18	furtherance of controlled substance trafficking. This penalty
19	shall be in addition to any other penalties imposed by law.

20 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)

21 (720 ILCS 570/402) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1402)

22 Sec. 402. Except as otherwise authorized by this Act, it 23 is unlawful for any person knowingly to possess a controlled 24 or counterfeit substance or controlled substance analog. A 25 violation of this Act with respect to each of the controlled

substances listed herein constitutes a single and separate 1 2 violation of this Act. For purposes of this Section, "controlled substance analog" or "analog" means a substance, 3 other than a controlled substance, which is not approved by 4 5 the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with 6 7 State or federal law, and that has a chemical structure 8 substantially similar to that of a controlled substance in 9 Schedule I or II, or that was specifically designed to produce 10 an effect substantially similar to that of a controlled 11 substance in Schedule I or II. Examples of chemical classes in 12 which controlled substance analogs are found include, but are not limited to, the following: phenethylamines, N-substituted 13 14 piperidines, morphinans, ecgonines, quinazolinones, substituted indoles, and arylcycloalkylamines. For purposes of 15 16 this Act, a controlled substance analog shall be treated in 17 the same manner as the controlled substance to which it is 18 substantially similar.

(a) Any person who violates this Section with respect to the following controlled or counterfeit substances and amounts, notwithstanding any of the provisions of subsections (c) and (d) to the contrary, is guilty of a Class 1 felony and shall, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, be sentenced <u>for the class of offense</u> as provided in this subsection (a) and fined as provided in subsection (b):

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(1) (A) <u>a Class 3 felony</u> not less than 4 years and not

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more than 15 years with respect to 15 grams or more but less than 100 grams of a substance containing heroin;

(B) <u>a Class 2 felony</u> not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years with respect to 100 grams or more but less than 400 grams of a substance containing heroin;

7 (C) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 8 years and not
 8 more than 40 years with respect to 400 grams or more
 9 <u>but less than 900 grams</u> of any substance containing
 10 heroin;

11(D) (blank) not less than 10 years and not more12than 50 years with respect to 900 grams or more of any13substance containing heroin;

14(1.5) (A) a Class 3 felony with respect to 15 grams or15more but less than 100 grams of a substance containing16fentanyl;

17(B) a Class 2 felony with respect to 100 grams or18more but less than 400 grams of a substance containing19fentanyl;

20 <u>(C) a Class 1 felony with respect to 400 grams or</u> 21 more of a substance containing fentanyl;

(2) (A) <u>a Class 3 felony</u> not less than 4 years and not
 more than 15 years with respect to 15 grams or more but
 less than 100 grams of any substance containing
 cocaine;

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(B) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and not

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more than 30 years with respect to 100 grams or more but less than 400 grams of any substance containing cocaine;

4 (C) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 8 years and not 5 more than 40 years with respect to 400 grams or more 6 <u>but less than 900 grams</u> of any substance containing 7 cocaine;

8 (D) <u>(blank)</u> not less than 10 years and not more 9 than 50 years with respect to 900 grams or more of any 10 substance containing cocaine;

11 (3) (A) <u>a Class 3 felony</u> not less than 4 years and not 12 more than 15 years with respect to 15 grams or more but 13 less than 100 grams of any substance containing 14 morphine;

(B) <u>a Class 2 felony</u> not less than 6 years and not
more than 30 years with respect to 100 grams or more
but less than 400 grams of any substance containing
morphine;

19 (C) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 6 years and not 20 more than 40 years with respect to 400 grams or more 21 <u>but less than 900 grams</u> of any substance containing 22 morphine;

(D) (blank) not less than 10 years and not more
 than 50 years with respect to 900 grams or more of any
 substance containing morphine;

(4) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 200 grams or more

1 of any substance containing peyote; 2 (4.5) a Class 4 felony with respect to 15 grams or more but less than 200 grams of a substance containing peyote; 3 (5) a Class 2 felony with respect to 200 grams or more 4 5 of any substance containing a derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a derivative of barbituric 6 7 acid; 8 (5.5) a Class 4 felony with respect to 15 grams or more 9 but less than 200 grams of a substance containing a 10 derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a 11 derivative of barbituric acid; 12 (6) a Class 2 felony with respect to 200 grams or more 13 of any substance containing amphetamine or any salt of an 14 optical isomer of amphetamine; 15 (6.1) a Class 4 felony with respect to 15 grams or more 16 but less than 200 grams of a substance containing 17 amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of 18 amphetamine; 19 (6.5) (blank); 20 (7) (A) a Class 3 felony not less than 4 years and not 21 more than 15 years with respect to: (i) 15 grams or 22 more but less than 100 grams of any substance 23 containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 15 or more objects or 15 or 24 25 more segregated parts of an object or objects but less than 200 objects or 200 segregated parts of an object 26

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or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

(B) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and not 4 5 more than 30 years with respect to: (i) 100 grams or less than 400 grams of any substance 6 more but 7 containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 200 or more objects or 200 or 8 9 more segregated parts of an object or objects but less 10 than 600 objects or less than 600 segregated parts of 11 an object or objects containing in them or having upon 12 them any amount of any substance containing lysergic 13 acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

14 (C) a Class 1 felony not less than 8 years and not 15 more than 40 years with respect to: (i) 400 grams or 16 more but less than 900 grams of any substance 17 containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 600 or more objects or 600 or 18 19 more segregated parts of an object or objects but less 20 than 1500 objects or 1500 segregated parts of an 21 object or objects containing in them or having upon 22 them any amount of any substance containing lysergic 23 acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

24(D) (blank) not less than 10 years and not more25than 50 years with respect to: (i) 900 grams or more of26any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide

1 (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 1500 or more
2 objects or 1500 or more segregated parts of an object
3 or objects containing in them or having upon them any
4 amount of a substance containing lysergic acid
5 diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

6 (7.5) (A) a Class 3 felony not less than 4 years and 7 not more than 15 years with respect to: (i) 15 grams or more but less than 100 grams of any substance listed in 8 paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), 9 10 (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of 11 Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or 12 (ii) 15 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 200 pills, tablets, caplets, 13 14 capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon 15 them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph 16 (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20),(20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of 17 Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof; 18

19 (B) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and not 20 more than 30 years with respect to: (i) 100 grams or 21 more but less than 400 grams of any substance listed in 22 paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), 23 (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or 24 25 (ii) 200 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or 26 objects but less than 600 pills, tablets, caplets,

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capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof;

6 (C) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 8 years and not 7 more than 40 years with respect to: (i) 400 grams or more but less than 900 grams of any substance listed in 8 9 paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), 10 (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of 11 Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 600 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or 12 objects but less than 1,500 pills, tablets, caplets, 13 14 capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon 15 them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph 16 (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20),(20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of 17 Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof; 18

19 (D) (blank) not less than 10 years and not more 20 than 50 years with respect to: (i) 900 grams or more of 21 any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), 22 (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), 23 subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog derivative thereof, or (ii) 1,500 or more pills, 24 25 tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in 26 having upon them any amount of a substance them or

in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), 1 listed 2 (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), of or subsection (d) of Section 204, or an 3 analog derivative thereof; 4 5 (8) a Class 2 felony with respect to 30 grams or more 6 of any substance containing pentazocine or any of the 7 salts, isomers and salts of isomers of pentazocine, or an 8 analog thereof; 9 (8.5) a Class 4 felony with respect to 15 grams or more 10 but less than 30 grams of a substance containing 11 pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of 12 isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof; (9) a Class 2 felony with respect to 30 grams or more 13 14 of any substance containing methaqualone or any of the 15 salts, isomers and salts of isomers of methaqualone; 16 (9.5) a Class 4 felony with respect to 15 grams or more but less than 30 grams of a substance containing 17 18 methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of 19 isomers of methaqualone; (10) a Class 2 felony with respect to 30 grams or more 20 21 of any substance containing phencyclidine or any of the 22 salts, isomers and salts of isomers of phencyclidine 23 (PCP); 24 (10.1) a Class 4 felony with respect to 15 grams or 25 more but less than 30 grams of a substance containing 26 phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of

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1 isomers of phencyclidine (PCP); 2 (10.5) a Class 2 felony with respect to 30 grams or 3 more of any substance containing ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of ketamine; 4 5 (10.6) a Class 4 felony with respect to 15 grams or more but less than 30 grams of any substance containing 6 ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers 7 8 of ketamine; 9 (11) a Class 2 felony with respect to 200 grams or more 10 of any substance containing any substance classified as a 11 narcotic drug in Schedules I or II, or an analog thereof, 12 which is not otherwise included in this subsection; -13 (12) a Class 3 felony with respect to 15 grams or more 14 but less than 200 grams of any substance containing any 15 substance classified as a narcotic drug in Schedules I or II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included 16 17 in this subsection. (b) Any person sentenced with respect to violations of 18

19 paragraph (1), (2), (3), (7), or (7.5) of subsection (a) involving 100 grams or more of the controlled substance named 20 therein, may in addition to the penalties provided therein, be 21 22 fined an amount not to exceed \$200,000 or the full street value 23 of the controlled or counterfeit substances, whichever is greater. The term "street value" shall have the meaning 24 25 ascribed in Section 110-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 26 1963. Any person sentenced with respect to any other provision

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1 of subsection (a), may in addition to the penalties provided 2 therein, be fined an amount not to exceed \$200,000.

3 (c) Any person who violates this Section with regard to an
4 amount of a controlled substance other than methamphetamine or
5 counterfeit substance not set forth in subsection (a) or (d)
6 is guilty of a Class <u>A misdemeanor</u> <u>4 felony</u>. The fine for a
7 violation punishable under this subsection (c) shall not be
8 more than <u>\$2,500</u> \$25,000.

9 (d) Any person who violates this Section with regard to 10 any amount of anabolic steroid is guilty of a Class C 11 misdemeanor for the first offense and a Class B misdemeanor 12 for a subsequent offense committed within 2 years of a prior 13 conviction.

14 (Source: P.A. 99-371, eff. 1-1-16; 100-368, eff. 1-1-18.)

15 (720 ILCS 570/404) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1404)

16 Sec. 404. (a) For the purposes of this Section:

(1) "Advertise" means the attempt, by publication,
dissemination, solicitation or circulation, to induce
directly or indirectly any person to acquire, or enter
into an obligation to acquire, any substance within the
scope of this Section.

(2) "Distribute" has the meaning ascribed to it in
subsection (s) of Section 102 of this Act but as relates to
look-alike substances.

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(3) "Manufacture" means the producing, preparing,

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compounding, processing, encapsulating, packaging,
 repackaging, labeling or relabeling of a look-alike
 substance.

4 (b) It is unlawful for any person knowingly to
5 manufacture, distribute, advertise, or possess with intent to
6 manufacture or distribute a look-alike substance. Any person
7 who violates this subsection (b) shall be guilty of a Class <u>4</u> 3
8 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$150,000.

9 (c) <u>(Blank)</u> It is unlawful for any person knowingly to 10 possess a look alike substance. Any person who violates this 11 subsection (c) is guilty of a petty offense. Any person 12 convicted of a subsequent offense under this subsection (c) 13 shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.

14 (d) In any prosecution brought under this Section, it is 15 not a defense to a violation of this Section that the defendant 16 believed the look-alike substance actually to be a controlled 17 substance.

18 (e) Nothing in this Section applies to:

19 (1) The manufacture, processing, packaging,
20 distribution or sale of noncontrolled substances to
21 licensed medical practitioners for use as placebos in
22 professional practice or research.

(2) Persons acting in the course and legitimate scope
of their employment as law enforcement officers.

(3) The retention of production samples ofnoncontrolled substances produced prior to the effective

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date of this amendatory Act of 1982, where such samples
 are required by federal law.

3 (f) Nothing in this Section or in this Act applies to the 4 lawful manufacture, processing, packaging, advertising or 5 distribution of a drug or drugs by any person registered 6 pursuant to Section 510 of the Federal Food, Drug, and 7 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360).

8 (Source: P.A. 83-1362.)

9 (720 ILCS 570/405.2)

10 Sec. 405.2. Streetgang criminal drug conspiracy.

11 (a) Any person who engages in a streetgang criminal drug 12 conspiracy, as defined in this Section, is guilty of an 13 offense that is one class higher than the underlying offense under subsection (a) or (c) of Section 401 of this Act or under 14 15 the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act 16 except Section 60 of that Act. If the sentence for the underlying offense is a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 17 18 years and not more than 30 years, the penalty for streetgang criminal drug conspiracy is a Class 1 felony for which the 19 20 person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less 21 than 9 years and not more than 40 years. a Class X felony for 22 which the offender shall be sentenced +0 a of 23 imprisonment as follows:

(1) (blank) not less than 15 years and not more than 60
 years for a violation of subsection (a) of Section 401;

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(2) (blank) not less than 10 years and not more than 30 1 2 years for a violation of subsection (c) of Section 401. 3 For the purposes of this Section, a person engages in a streetgang criminal drug conspiracy when: 4 5 (i) he or she violates any of the provisions of subsection (a) or (c) of Section 401 of this Act or any 6 provision of the Methamphetamine Control and Community 7 8 Protection Act except Section 60 of that Act; and

9 (ii) such violation is part of a conspiracy undertaken 10 or carried out with 2 or more other persons; and

(iii) such conspiracy is in furtherance of the
activities of an organized gang as defined in the Illinois
Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act; and

14 (iv) he or she occupies a position of organizer, a 15 supervising person, or any other position of management 16 with those persons identified in clause (ii) of this 17 subsection (a).

The fine for a violation of this Section shall not be more than \$500,000, and the offender shall be subject to the forfeitures prescribed in subsection (b).

(b) Subject to the provisions of Section 8 of the Drug Asset Forfeiture Procedure Act, any person who is convicted under this Section of engaging in a streetgang criminal drug conspiracy shall forfeit to the State of Illinois:

(1) the receipts obtained by him or her in suchconspiracy; and

(2) any of his or her interests in, claims against,
 receipts from, or property or rights of any kind affording
 a source of influence over, such conspiracy.

4 (c) The circuit court may enter such injunctions,
5 restraining orders, directions or prohibitions, or may take
6 such other actions, including the acceptance of satisfactory
7 performance bonds, in connection with any property, claim,
8 receipt, right or other interest subject to forfeiture under
9 this Section, as it deems proper.

10 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)

11 (720 ILCS 570/407) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1407)

12 Sec. 407. (a) (1) (A) Any person 18 years of age or over who violates any subsection of Section 401 or subsection (b) of 13 14 Section 404 by delivering a controlled, counterfeit or 15 look-alike substance to a person under 18 years of age may, at 16 the discretion of the court, be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term of imprisonment 17 18 for the underlying offense plus the minimum term of imprisonment for the underlying offense may be sentenced to 19 20 imprisonment for a term up to twice the maximum term and fined 21 an amount up to twice that amount otherwise authorized by the 22 pertinent subsection of Section 401 and Subsection Section 404. 23

- 24 (B) (Blank).
- 25

(2) (Blank). Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this

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subsection, any person who violates:

2 (A) subsection (c) of Section 401 by delivering or 3 possessing with intent to deliver a controlled, 4 counterfeit, or look-alike substance in or on, or within 5 500 feet of, a truck stop or safety rest area, is guilty of 6 a Class 1 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed 7 \$250,000;

8 (B) subsection (d) of Section 401 by delivering or 9 possessing with intent to deliver a controlled, 10 counterfeit, or look alike substance in or on, or within 11 500 feet of, a truck stop or safety rest area, is guilty of 12 a Class 2 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed 13 \$200,000;

14 (C) subsection (e) of Section 401 or subsection (b) of 15 Section 404 by delivering or possessing with intent to 16 deliver a controlled, counterfeit, or look alike substance 17 in or on, or within 500 feet of, a truck stop or safety 18 rest area, is guilty of a Class 3 felony, the fine for 19 which shall not exceed \$150,000;

20 (D) subsection (f) of Section 401 by delivering or 21 possessing with intent to deliver a controlled, 22 counterfeit, or look-alike substance in or on, or within 23 500 feet of, a truck stop or safety rest area, is guilty of 24 a Class 3 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed 25 \$\frac{\xi 125,000;}{\xi 125,000;}}

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(E) subsection (g) of Section 401 by delivering or

possessing with intent to deliver a controlled, counterfeit, or look-alike substance in or on, or within 500 feet of, a truck stop or safety rest area, is guilty of a Class 3 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$\$100,000;

6 (F) subsection (h) of Section 401 by delivering or 7 possessing with intent to deliver a controlled, 8 counterfeit, or look alike substance in or on, or within 9 500 feet of, a truck stop or safety rest area, is guilty of 10 a Class 3 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed 11 \$75,000;

12 (3) (Blank). Any person who violates paragraph (2) of this subsection (a) by delivering or possessing with intent 13 +0 deliver a controlled, counterfeit, or look-alike substance in 14 or on, or within 500 feet of a truck stop or a safety rest 15 16 area, following a prior conviction or convictions of paragraph 17 (2) of this subsection (a) may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment up to 2 times the maximum term and fined an amount 18 up to 2 times the amount otherwise authorized by Section 401. 19

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(4) (Blank). For the purposes of this subsection (a):

21 (A) "Safety rest area" means a roadside facility
22 removed from the roadway with parking and facilities
23 designed for motorists' rest, comfort, and information
24 needs; and

(B) "Truck stop" means any facility (and its parking
 areas) used to provide fuel or service, or both, to any

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commercial motor vehicle as defined in Section 18b-101 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

3 (b) Any person who violates any subsection of Section 401 or subsection (b) of Section 404 in any school, or any 4 5 conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related 6 activity, or public park, on the real property comprising any 7 8 school, or within 500 feet of the real property comprising any 9 school, while persons under 18 years of age are present, 10 during school hours, or at times when persons under 18 years of 11 age are reasonably expected to be present, shall be sentenced 12 to a class of offense that is one class higher than the sentence otherwise authorized by the pertinent subsection of 13 14 Section 401 or subsection (b) of Section 404. If the sentence otherwise authorized by the pertinent subsection of Section 15 16 401 or subsection (b) of Section 404 is a Class 1 felony for 17 which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 4 years and not more than 15 years, the penalty 18 19 for an offense under this Section is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not 20 21 less than 6 years and not more than 30 years. If the sentence 22 otherwise authorized by the pertinent subsection of Section 23 401 or subsection (b) of Section 404 is a Class 1 felony for 24 which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of 25 not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, the penalty 26 for an offense under this Section is a Class 1 felony for which

the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 9 years and not more than 40 years.+

(1) subsection (c) of Section 401 in any school, on or 3 within 500 feet of the real property comprising any 4 5 school, or in any conveyance owned, leased or contracted 6 by a school to transport students to or from school or a 7 school related activity, and at the time of the violation 8 persons under the age of 18 are present, the offense 9 committed during school hours, or the offense is committed 10 at times when persons under the age of 18 are reasonably 11 expected to be present in the school, in the conveyance, 12 or on the real property, such as when after-school activities are occurring, or in any public park or 13 on within 500 feet of the real property comprising any public 14 15 park, on the real property comprising any church, 16 synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used 17 primarily for religious worship, or within 500 feet of the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other 18 19 building, structure, or place used primarily for religious 20 worship, on the real property comprising any of the 21 following places, buildings, or structures used primarily 22 for housing or providing space for activities for senior 23 citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior 24 citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented 25 toward daytime activities, or within 500 feet of the real 26 property comprising any of the following places,

1 buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or 2 providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior citizen 3 housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward 4 5 daytime activities and at the time of the violation 6 persons are present or reasonably expected to be present 7 in the church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used primarily for religious worship during worship 8 9 services, or in buildings or structures used primarily for 10 housing or providing space for activities for senior 11 citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior 12 citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities during the hours those places, 13 14 buildings, or structures are open for those activities, or 15 on the real property is guilty of a Class X felony, the 16 fine for which shall not exceed \$500,000;

17 (2) subsection (d) of Section 401 in any school, on or within 500 feet of the real property comprising any 18 19 school, or in any conveyance owned, leased or contracted 20 by a school to transport students to or from school or a 21 school related activity, and at the time of the violation 22 persons under the age of 18 are present, the offense is 23 committed during school hours, or the offense is committed at times when persons under the age of 18 are reasonably 24 25 expected to be present in the school, in the conveyance, 26 or on the real property, such as when after school

1	activities are occurring, or in any public park or on or
2	within 500 feet of the real property comprising any public
3	park, on the real property comprising any church,
4	synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used
5	primarily for religious worship, or within 500 feet of the
6	real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other
7	building, structure, or place used primarily for religious
8	worship, on the real property comprising any of the
9	following places, buildings, or structures used primarily
10	for housing or providing space for activities for senior
11	citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior
12	citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented
13	toward daytime activities, or within 500 feet of the real
14	property comprising any of the following places,
15	buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or
16	providing space for activities for senior citizens:
17	nursing homes, assisted living centers, senior citizen
18	housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward
19	daytime activities and at the time of the violation
20	persons are present or reasonably expected to be present
21	in the church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or
22	place used primarily for religious worship during worship
23	services, or in buildings or structures used primarily for
24	housing or providing space for activities for senior
25	citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior
26	citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented

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toward daytime activities during the hours those places, buildings, or structures are open for those activities, or on the real property is guilty of a Class 1 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$250,000;

5 (3) subsection (e) of Section 401 or Subsection (b) of Section 404 in any school, on or within 500 feet of the 6 real property comprising any school, or in any conveyance 7 8 owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport 9 students to or from school or a school related activity, 10 and at the time of the violation persons under the age of 11 18 are present, the offense is committed during school 12 hours, or the offense is committed at times when persons under the age of 18 are reasonably expected to be present 13 14 in the school, in the conveyance, or on the real property, such as when after-school activities are occurring, or in 15 16 any public park or on or within 500 feet of the real 17 property comprising any public park, on the real property 18 comprising any church, synagogue, or other building, 19 structure, or place used primarily for religious worship, 20 or within 500 feet of the real property comprising any 21 church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place 22 used primarily for religious worship, on the real property 23 comprising any of the following places, buildings, structures used primarily for housing or providing space 24 for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, 25 26 assisted living centers, senior citizen housing complexes,

1 or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities, or 2 within 500 feet of the real property comprising any of the 3 following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or providing space for activities for senior 4 5 citizens: nursing homes, assisted living centers, senior citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented 6 7 toward daytime activities and at the time of the violation 8 persons are present or reasonably expected to be present 9 in the church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or 10 place used primarily for religious worship during worship 11 services, or in buildings or structures used primarily for 12 housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior 13 14 citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented 15 toward daytime activities during the hours those places, 16 buildings, or structures are open for those activities, or 17 on the real property is quilty of a Class 2 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$200,000; 18 (4) subsection (f) of Section 401 in any school, on or 19

within 500 feet of the real property comprising any school, or in any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, and at the time of the violation persons under the age of 18 are present, the offense is committed during school hours, or the offense is committed at times when persons under the age of 18 are reasonably

1	expected to be present in the school, in the conveyance,
2	or on the real property, such as when after-school
3	activities are occurring, or in any public park or on or
4	within 500 feet of the real property comprising any public
5	park, on the real property comprising any church,
6	synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used
7	primarily for religious worship, or within 500 feet of the
8	real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other
9	building, structure, or place used primarily for religious
10	worship, on the real property comprising any of the
11	following places, buildings, or structures used primarily
12	for housing or providing space for activities for senior
13	citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior
14	citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented
15	toward daytime activities, or within 500 feet of the real
16	property comprising any of the following places,
17	buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or
18	providing space for activities for senior citizens:
19	nursing homes, assisted living centers, senior citizen
20	housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward
21	daytime activities and at the time of the violation
22	persons are present or reasonably expected to be present
23	in the church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or
24	place used primarily for religious worship during worship
25	services, or in buildings or structures used primarily for
26	housing or providing space for activities for senior

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citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities during the hours those places, buildings, or structures are open for those activities, or on the real property is guilty of a Class 2 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$150,000;

7 (5) subsection (q) of Section 401 in any school, on or 8 within 500 feet of the real property comprising any 9 school, or in any conveyance owned, leased or contracted 10 by a school to transport students to or from school or a 11 school related activity, and at the time of the violation 12 persons under the age of 18 are present, the offense is committed during school hours, or the offense is committed 13 at times when persons under the age of 18 are reasonably 14 15 expected to be present in the school, in the conveyance, 16 or on the real property, such as when after school 17 activities are occurring, or in any public park or on or within 500 feet of the real property comprising any public 18 19 park, on the real property comprising any church, 20 synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used 21 primarily for religious worship, or within 500 feet of the 22 real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other 23 building, structure, or place used primarily for religious 24 worship, on the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily 25 26 for housing or providing space for activities for senior

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1 citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior 2 citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities, or within 500 feet of the real 3 property comprising any of the following places, 4 buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or 5 providing space for activities for senior citizens: 6 7 nursing homes, assisted living centers, senior citizen 8 housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward 9 daytime activities and at the time of the violation 10 persons are present or reasonably expected to be present 11 in the church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or 12 place used primarily for religious worship during worship services, or in buildings or structures used primarily for 13 housing or providing space for activities for senior 14 15 citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior 16 citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented 17 toward daytime activities during the hours those places, buildings, or structures are open for those activities, or 18 19 on the real property is quilty of a Class 2 felony, the 20 fine for which shall not exceed \$125,000;

21 (6) subsection (h) of Section 401 in any school, on or 22 within 500 feet of the real property comprising any 23 school, or in any conveyance owned, leased or contracted 24 by a school to transport students to or from school or a 25 school related activity, and at the time of the violation 26 persons under the age of 18 are present, the offense is

1	committed during school hours, or the offense is committed
2	at times when persons under the age of 18 are reasonably
3	expected to be present in the school, in the conveyance,
4	or on the real property, such as when after-school
5	activities are occurring, or in any public park or on or
6	within 500 feet of the real property comprising any public
7	park, on the real property comprising any church,
8	synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used
9	primarily for religious worship, or within 500 feet of the
10	real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other
11	building, structure, or place used primarily for religious
12	worship, on the real property comprising any of the
13	following places, buildings, or structures used primarily
14	for housing or providing space for activities for senior
15	citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior
16	citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented
17	toward daytime activities, or within 500 feet of the real
18	property comprising any of the following places,
19	buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or
20	providing space for activities for senior citizens:
21	nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior citizen
22	housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward
23	daytime activities and at the time of the violation
24	persons are present or reasonably expected to be present
25	in the church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or
26	place used primarily for religious worship during worship

1 services, or in buildings or structures used primarily for 2 housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior 3 citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented 4 5 toward daytime activities during the hours those places, 6 buildings, or structures are open for those activities, or 7 on the real property is quilty of a Class 2 felony, fine for which shall not exceed \$100,000. 8

9 (c) <u>(Blank)</u>. Regarding penalties prescribed in subsection 10 (b) for violations committed in a school or on or within 500 11 feet of school property, the time of day and time of year at 12 the time of the offense is irrelevant.

13 (Source: P.A. 100-3, eff. 1-1-18.)

14 (720 ILCS 570/407.1) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1407.1)

15 Sec. 407.1. Any person 18 years of age or over who violates 16 any subsection of Section 401 or - Section 404 or Section 405 by using, engaging or employing a person under 18 years of age 17 to deliver a controlled, counterfeit or look-alike substance 18 may, at the discretion of the court, be sentenced to a maximum 19 20 term of imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term of 21 imprisonment for the underlying offense plus the minimum term 22 of imprisonment for the underlying offense for a term up to three times the maximum amount authorized by the pertinent 23 subsection of Section 401, Section 404 or Section 405. 24

25 (Source: P.A. 91-297, eff. 1-1-00.)

(720 ILCS 570/407.2) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1407.2) 1 2 Sec. 407.2. Delivery of a controlled substance to a 3 pregnant woman. 4 (a) Any person who violates any subsection (a) of Section 5 401 of this Act by delivering a controlled substance to a woman 6 he knows to be pregnant may, at the discretion of the court, be 7 sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term of imprisonment for the underlying offense 8 9 plus the minimum term of imprisonment for the underlying 10 offense a term twice the maximum amount authorized by Section 11 401 of this Act. 12 (Blank). Any person who delivers an amount (b)

12 (b) <u>(b) (b) and (c) and (d) of</u> 13 controlled substance set forth in subsections (c) and (d) of 14 Section 401 of this Act to a woman he knows to be pregnant 15 commits a Class 1 felony. The fine for a violation of this 16 subsection (b) shall not be more than \$250,000.

17 (Source: P.A. 86-1459; 87-754.)

18 (720 ILCS 570/410) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1410)

19 Sec. 410. (a) Whenever any person who has not previously 20 been convicted of any felony offense under this Act or any law 21 of the United States or of any State relating to cannabis or 22 controlled substances, pleads guilty to or is found guilty of 23 possession of a controlled or counterfeit substance under 24 subsection (c) of Section 402 or of unauthorized possession of prescription form under Section 406.2, the court, without entering a judgment and with the consent of such person, may sentence him or her to probation.

4 (b) When a person is placed on probation, the court shall 5 enter an order specifying a period of probation of 24 months 6 and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the 7 conclusion of the period or until the filing of a petition 8 alleging violation of a term or condition of probation.

9 (c) The conditions of probation shall be that the person: 10 (1) not violate any criminal statute of any jurisdiction; (2) 11 refrain from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon; 12 (3) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a manner as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times during the 13 14 period of the probation, with the cost of the testing to be 15 paid by the probationer; and (4) perform no less than 30 hours 16 of community service, provided community service is available 17 in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of 18 community service hours for participation in activities and 19 20 treatment as determined by court services.

21 (d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, 22 require that the person:

(1) make a report to and appear in person before or participate with the court or such courts, person, or social service agency as directed by the court in the order of probation;

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(2) pay a fine and costs;

2 (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational
3 training;

4 (4) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment; or
5 treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois
6 Department of Human Services;

7 (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the
8 instruction or residence of defendants on probation;

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(6) support his or her dependents;

10 (6-5) refrain from having in his or her body the 11 presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis 12 Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or 13 the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, 14 unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of 15 his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine 16 the presence of any illicit drug;

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(7) and in addition, if a minor:

18 (i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster19 home;

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(ii) attend school;

21 (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;

(iv) contribute to his or her own support at homeor in a foster home.

(e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation,
the court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt
and proceed as otherwise provided.

1 (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of 2 probation, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss 3 the proceedings against him or her.

- 4 (g) A disposition of probation is considered to be a 5 conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of 6 probation and for appeal, however, discharge and dismissal 7 under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of this Act 8 or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed 9 by law upon conviction of a crime.
- (h) (Blank). A person may not have more than one discharge
 and dismissal under this Section within a 4-year period.
- (i) If a person is convicted of an offense under this Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and dismissal under this Section, the discharge and dismissal under this Section shall be admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that conviction as evidence in aggravation.

19 (j) Notwithstanding subsection (a), before a person is sentenced to probation under this Section, the court may refer 20 the person to the drug court established in that judicial 21 22 circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court Treatment 23 drug court team shall evaluate the Act. The person's likelihood of successfully completing a sentence of probation 24 25 under this Section and shall report the results of its 26 evaluation to the court. If the drug court team finds that the

person suffers from a substance abuse problem that makes him 1 2 or her substantially unlikely to successfully complete a 3 sentence of probation under this Section, then the drug court shall set forth its findings in the form of a written order, 4 5 and the person shall not be sentenced to probation under this 6 Section, but shall be considered for the drug court program. 7 (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-3, eff. 1-1-18; 100-575, eff. 1-8-18.) 8

9 (720 ILCS 570/405 rep.)

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- 10 (720 ILCS 570/405.1 rep.)
- 11 (720 ILCS 570/408 rep.)

Section 25. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is amended by repealing Sections 405, 405.1, and 408.

Section 30. The Drug Paraphernalia Control Act is amended by changing Section 3.5 as follows:

16 (720 ILCS 600/3.5)

17 Sec. 3.5. Possession of drug paraphernalia.

(a) A person who knowingly possesses an item of drug
paraphernalia with the intent to use it in ingesting,
inhaling, or otherwise introducing a controlled substance into
the human body, or in preparing a controlled substance for
that use, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for which the
court shall impose a minimum fine of \$750 in addition to any

other penalty prescribed for a Class A misdemeanor. This subsection (a) does not apply to a person who is legally authorized to possess hypodermic syringes or needles under the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act.

5 (b) In determining intent under subsection (a), the trier 6 of fact may take into consideration the proximity of the 7 controlled substances to drug paraphernalia or the presence of 8 a controlled substance on the drug paraphernalia.

9 (Source: P.A. 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

10 Section 35. The Methamphetamine Control and Community 11 Protection Act is amended by changing Sections 15, 20, 25, 30, 12 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 56, 60, and 70 and by adding Sections 55.1, 13 55.2, 55.3, 55.4, and 55.5 as follows:

14 (720 ILCS 646/15)

15 Sec. 15. Participation in methamphetamine manufacturing.16 (a) Participation in methamphetamine manufacturing.

17 (1) It is unlawful to knowingly participate in the 18 manufacture of methamphetamine with the intent that 19 methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine 20 be produced.

(2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
 subsection (a) is subject to the following penalties:

(A) A person who participates in the manufacture
of less than 15 grams of methamphetamine or a

1 2 substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 2 1 felony.

3 (B) A person who participates in the manufacture of 15 or more grams but less than 100 grams of 4 5 methamphetamine or a substance containing 6 methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 1×10^{-10} felony, 7 subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine 8 9 not to exceed \$100,000 or the street value of the 10 methamphetamine manufactured, whichever is greater.

11 (C) A person who participates in the manufacture 12 of 100 or more grams but less than 400 grams of 13 methamphetamine or а substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 1 X felony, for 14 15 which the person may be sentenced subject to a term of 16 imprisonment of not less than 6 $\frac{9}{2}$ years and not more 17 than 30 40 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$200,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine 18 19 manufactured, whichever is greater.

20 (D) A person who participates in the manufacture 21 of 400 or more grams but less than 900 grams of 22 methamphetamine substance containing or а 23 methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 1 X felony, for 24 which the person may be sentenced subject to a term of 25 imprisonment of not less than $6 \frac{12}{12}$ years and not more 26 than 30 $\frac{50}{50}$ years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$300,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine
 manufactured, whichever is greater.

3 (E) A person who participates in the manufacture of 900 grams or more of methamphetamine or a substance 4 5 containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6 felony, for which the person may be sentenced subject 7 to a term of imprisonment of not less than $6 \frac{15}{15}$ years and not more than 30 $\frac{60}{9}$ years, and subject to a fine 8 9 not to exceed \$400,000 or the street value of the 10 methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

11 (b) Aggravated participation in methamphetamine 12 manufacturing.

13 is unlawful (1)It to engage in aggravated 14 participation in the manufacture of methamphetamine. A 15 person engages in aggravated participation in the 16 manufacture of methamphetamine when the person violates 17 paragraph (1) of subsection (a) and:

18 (A) the person knowingly does so in a multi-unit19 dwelling;

20 (B) the person knowingly does so in a structure or vehicle where a child under the age of 18, a person 21 22 with a disability, or a person 60 years of age or older 23 who is incapable of adequately providing for his or her own health and personal care resides, is present, 24 25 is endangered by the manufacture or of 26 methamphetamine;

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(C) the person does so in a structure or vehicle where a woman the person knows to be pregnant (including but not limited to the person herself) resides, is present, or is endangered by the methamphetamine manufacture;

6 (D) the person knowingly does so in a structure or 7 vehicle protected by one or more firearms, explosive 8 devices, booby traps, alarm systems, surveillance 9 systems, guard dogs, or dangerous animals;

10 (E) the methamphetamine manufacturing in which the 11 person participates is a contributing cause of the 12 death, serious bodily injury, disability, or 13 disfigurement of another person, including but not 14 limited to an emergency service provider;

15 (F) the methamphetamine manufacturing in which the 16 person participates is a contributing cause of a fire 17 or explosion that damages property belonging to 18 another person;

19 (G) the person knowingly organizes, directs, or 20 finances the methamphetamine manufacturing or carried 21 activities out in support of the 22 methamphetamine manufacturing; or

(H) the methamphetamine manufacturing occurs
within 500 feet of a place of worship or parsonage, or
within 500 feet of the real property comprising any
school at a time when children, clergy, patrons,

staff, or other persons are present or any activity
 sanctioned by the place of worship or parsonage or
 school is taking place.

4 (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this 5 subsection (b) is subject to the following penalties:

6 (A) A person who participates in the manufacture 7 less than 15 grams of methamphetamine or of а substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a 8 9 Class <u>1</u> X felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of 10 not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, and 11 subject to a fine not to exceed \$100,000 or the street 12 value of the methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

13 (B) A person who participates in the manufacture 14 of 15 or more grams but less than 100 grams of 15 methamphetamine or a substance containing 16 methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 1 X felony, for 17 which the person may be sentenced subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 $\frac{9}{2}$ years and not more 18 19 than 30 40 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed 20 \$200,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine, 21 whichever is greater.

(C) A person who participates in the manufacture
of 100 or more grams but less than 400 grams of
methamphetamine or a substance containing
methamphetamine is guilty of a Class <u>1</u> × felony, <u>for</u>
which the person may be sentenced subject to a term of

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imprisonment of not less than $\frac{6}{12}$ years and not more than $\frac{30}{50}$ years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$300,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

5 (D) A person who participates in the manufacture 6 of 400 grams or more of methamphetamine or a substance 7 containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\frac{1}{X}$ felony, for which the person may be sentenced subject 8 9 to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 $\frac{15}{15}$ years 10 and not more than 30 + 60 years, and subject to a fine 11 not to exceed \$400,000 or the street value of the 12 methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

13 (Source: P.A. 100-3, eff. 1-1-18.)

14 (720 ILCS 646/20)

15 Sec. 20. Methamphetamine precursor.

(a) Methamphetamine precursor or substance containing any
 methamphetamine precursor in standard dosage form.

(1) It is unlawful to knowingly possess, procure,
 transport, store, or deliver any methamphetamine precursor
 or substance containing any methamphetamine precursor in
 standard dosage form with the intent that it be used to
 manufacture methamphetamine or a substance containing
 methamphetamine.

24 (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
 25 subsection (a) is subject to the following penalties:

1 (A) A person who possesses, procures, transports, 2 stores, or delivers less than 15 grams of 3 methamphetamine precursor or substance containing any methamphetamine precursor is guilty of a Class 4 2 4 5 felonv.

6 (B) A person who possesses, procures, transports, 7 stores, or delivers 15 or more grams but less than 30 8 grams of methamphetamine precursor or substance 9 containing any methamphetamine precursor is guilty of 10 a Class <u>3</u> + felony.

11 (C) A person who possesses, procures, transports, 12 stores, or delivers 30 or more grams but less than 150 13 methamphetamine precursor or substance grams of 14 containing any methamphetamine precursor is guilty of 15 a Class 2 X felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, 16 17 and subject to a fine not to exceed \$100,000.

(D) A person who possesses, procures, transports, 18 19 stores, or delivers 150 or more grams but less than 500 20 grams of methamphetamine precursor or substance 21 containing any methamphetamine precursor is guilty of 22 a Class 1 X felony, subject to a term of imprisonment 23 of not less than 8 years and not more than 40 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$200,000. 24

(E) A person who possesses, procures, transports,
 stores, or delivers 500 or more grams of

1 methamphetamine precursor or substance containing any 2 methamphetamine precursor is guilty of a Class <u>1</u> X 3 felony, <u>for which the person may be sentenced</u> subject 4 to a term of imprisonment of not less than <u>6</u> 10 years 5 and not more than <u>30</u> 50 years, and subject to a fine 6 not to exceed \$300,000.

7 (b) <u>(Blank).</u> Methamphetamine precursor or substance
8 containing any methamphetamine precursor in any form other
9 than a standard dosage form.

10 (1) It is unlawful to knowingly possess, procure, 11 transport, store, or deliver any methamphetamine precursor 12 or substance containing any methamphetamine precursor in 13 any form other than a standard dosage form with the intent 14 that it be used to manufacture methamphetamine or a 15 substance containing methamphetamine.

16 (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
 17 subsection (b) is subject to the following penalties:

18 (A) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this 19 subsection (b) with the intent that less than 10 grams 20 of methamphetamine or a substance containing 21 methamphetamine be manufactured is guilty of a Class 2 22 felony.

(B) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
 subsection (b) with the intent that 10 or more grams
 but less than 20 grams of methamphetamine or a
 substance containing methamphetamine be manufactured

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is guilty of a Class 1 felony.

2 (C) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this subsection (b) with the intent that 20 or more grams 3 but less than 100 grams of methamphetamine 4 or 5 substance containing methamphetamine be manufactured 6 is guilty of a Class X felony, subject to a term of 7 imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$100,000. 8 9 (D) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this 10 subsection (b) with the intent that 100 or more grams 11 but less than 350 grams of methamphetamine or a 12 substance containing methamphetamine be manufactured is guilty of a Class X felony, subject to a 13 term of imprisonment of not less than 8 years and not more than 14 15 40 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$200,000. 16 (E) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this 17 subsection (b) with the intent that 350 or more grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing 18 19 methamphetamine be manufactured is guilty of a Class X 20 felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less 21 than 10 years and not more than 50 years, and subject 22 to a fine not to exceed \$300,000.

(c) Rule of evidence. The presence of any methamphetamine
precursor in a sealed, factory imprinted container, including,
but not limited to, a bottle, box, package, or blister pack, at
the time of seizure by law enforcement, is prima facie

evidence that the methamphetamine precursor located within the container is in fact the material so described and in the amount listed on the container. The factory imprinted container is admissible for a violation of this Act for purposes of proving the contents of the container.

6 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-830, eff. 6-5-06.)

7 (720 ILCS 646/25)

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8 Sec. 25. Anhydrous ammonia.

9 (a) Possession, procurement, transportation, storage, or 10 delivery of anhydrous ammonia with the intent that it be used 11 to manufacture methamphetamine.

It is unlawful to 12 knowingly engage (1)in the 13 possession, procurement, transportation, storage, or 14 delivery of anhydrous ammonia or to attempt to engage in 15 any of these activities or to assist another in engaging 16 in any of these activities with the intent that the anhydrous ammonia be used to manufacture methamphetamine. 17

18 (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
19 subsection (a) is guilty of a Class <u>2</u> 1 felony.

(b) Aggravated possession, procurement, transportation,
storage, or delivery of anhydrous ammonia with the intent that
it be used to manufacture methamphetamine.

(1) It is unlawful to knowingly engage in the
 aggravated possession, procurement, transportation,
 storage, or delivery of anhydrous ammonia with the intent

that it be used to manufacture methamphetamine. A person 1 2 commits this offense when the person engages in the 3 possession, procurement, transportation, storage, or delivery of anhydrous ammonia or attempts to engage in any 4 5 of these activities or assists another in engaging in any of these activities with the intent that the anhydrous 6 7 ammonia be used to manufacture methamphetamine and:

8 (A) the person knowingly does so in a multi-unit
9 dwelling;

10 (B) the person knowingly does so in a structure or 11 vehicle where a child under the age of 18, or a person 12 with a disability, or a person who is 60 years of age 13 or older who is incapable of adequately providing for 14 his or her own health and personal care resides, is 15 present, or is endangered by the anhydrous ammonia;

16 (C) the person's possession, procurement, 17 transportation, storage, or delivery of anhydrous 18 ammonia is a contributing cause of the death, serious 19 bodily injury, disability, or disfigurement of another 20 person; or

(D) the person's possession, procurement,
transportation, storage, or delivery of anhydrous
ammonia is a contributing cause of a fire or explosion
that damages property belonging to another person.

25 (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
26 subsection (b) is guilty of a Class <u>1</u> x felony, subject to

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a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$100,000.

4 (c) Possession, procurement, transportation, storage, or
5 delivery of anhydrous ammonia in an unauthorized container.

6 (1) It is unlawful to knowingly possess, procure, 7 transport, store, or deliver anhydrous ammonia in an 8 unauthorized container.

9 (1.5) <u>(Blank)</u> It is unlawful to attempt to possess, 10 procure, transport, store, or deliver anhydrous ammonia in 11 an unauthorized container.

(2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
subsection (c) is guilty of a Class <u>4</u> 3 felony. A person
who violates paragraph (1.5) of this subsection (c) is
guilty of a Class 4 felony.

16 (3) Affirmative defense. It is an affirmative defense 17 that the person charged possessed, procured, transported, stored, or delivered anhydrous ammonia in a manner that 18 19 substantially complied with the rules governing anhydrous 20 ammonia equipment found in 8 Illinois Administrative Code Section 215, in 92 Illinois Administrative Code Sections 21 22 171 through 180, or in any provision of the Code of Federal 23 Regulations incorporated by reference into these Sections of the Illinois Administrative Code. 24

25

(d) Tampering with anhydrous ammonia equipment.

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(1) It is unlawful to knowingly tamper with anhydrous

1 ammonia equipment. A person tampers with anhydrous ammonia 2 equipment when, without authorization from the lawful 3 owner, the person: removes or attempts to remove anhydrous 4 (A) ammonia from the anhydrous ammonia equipment used by 5 the lawful owner; 6 7 (B) damages or attempts to damage the anhydrous 8 ammonia equipment used by the lawful owner; or 9 (C) vents or attempts to vent anhydrous ammonia 10 into the environment.

11 (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this 12 subsection (d) is guilty of a Class 3 felony. 13 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-830, eff. 6-5-06; 14 95-690, eff. 1-1-08.)

15 (720 ILCS 646/30)

16 Sec. 30. Methamphetamine manufacturing material.

(a) It is unlawful to knowingly engage in the possession, 17 18 procurement, transportation, storage, or delivery of any 19 methamphetamine manufacturing material, other than а 20 methamphetamine precursor, substance containing а 21 methamphetamine precursor, or anhydrous ammonia, with the 22 intent that it be used to manufacture methamphetamine.

23 (b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this Section 24 is guilty of a Class $3 \neq 2$ felony.

25 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-830, eff. 6-5-06.)

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(720 ILCS 646/35)
Sec. 35. Use of property.
(a) It is unlawful for a person knowingly to use or allow
the use of a vehicle, a structure, real property, or personal
property within the person's control to help bring about a
violation of this Act.
(b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this Section
is guilty of a Class <u>3</u> 2 felony.
(Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)
(720 ILCS 646/40)
Sec. 40. Protection of methamphetamine manufacturing.
(a) It is unlawful to engage in the protection of
methamphetamine manufacturing. A person engages in the
protection of methamphetamine manufacturing when:
(1) the person knows that others have been
participating, are participating, or will be participating
in the manufacture of methamphetamine; and
(2) with the intent to help prevent detection of or
interference with the methamphetamine manufacturing, the
person serves as a lookout for or guard of the
methamphetamine manufacturing.
(b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this Section
is guilty of a Class <u>3</u> 2 felony.
(Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)
(Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)
(Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)

(720 ILCS 646/45) 1 2 Sec. 45. Methamphetamine manufacturing waste. 3 (a) It is unlawful to knowingly burn, place in a trash receptacle, or dispose of methamphetamine manufacturing waste, 4 5 knowing that the waste was used in the manufacturing of 6 methamphetamine. 7 (b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this Section is guilty of a Class 3 2 felony. 8 9 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-830, eff. 6-5-06.) 10 (720 ILCS 646/50) 11 Sec. 50. Methamphetamine-related child endangerment. 12 (a) Methamphetamine-related child endangerment. 13 (1)Tt. is unlawful to engage in 14 methamphetamine-related child endangerment. A person 15 engages in methamphetamine-related child endangerment when the person knowingly endangers the life and health of a 16 17 child by exposing or allowing exposure of the child to a 18 methamphetamine manufacturing environment. 19 (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this 20 subsection (a) is guilty of a Class 2 felony. 21 Aggravated methamphetamine-related (b) child 22 endangerment. 23 (1)Ιt is unlawful to engage in aggravated 24 methamphetamine-related child endangerment. A person

1 in aggravated methamphetamine-related child engages 2 endangerment when the person violates paragraph (1) of this Section and the child 3 this subsection (a) of experiences death, great bodily harm, disability, or 4 5 disfigurement as a result of the methamphetamine-related 6 child endangerment.

7 (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
8 subsection (b) is guilty of a Class <u>1</u> X felony, subject to
9 a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not
10 more than <u>30 years</u>, and subject to a fine not to exceed
11 \$100,000.

12 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)

13 (720 ILCS 646/55)

14 Sec. 55. Methamphetamine delivery.

15 (a) Delivery or possession with intent to deliver16 methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine.

17 (1) It is unlawful knowingly to engage in the delivery
18 or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine or a
19 substance containing methamphetamine.

20 (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
 21 subsection (a) is subject to the following penalties:

22 (A) A person who delivers or possesses with intent 23 to deliver less than one gram 5 grams of 24 methamphetamine or a substance containing 25 methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 4 2 felony.

(B) A person who delivers or possesses with intent
to deliver <u>one</u> 5 or more grams but less than 15 grams
of methamphetamine or a substance containing
methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 3 ± felony.

5 (C) A person who delivers or possesses with intent 6 to deliver 15 or more grams but less than 100 grams of 7 а substance methamphetamine or containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 2 X felony, 8 9 subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 10 years and not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine 11 not to exceed \$100,000 or the street value of the 12 methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

13 (D) A person who delivers or possesses with intent 14 to deliver 100 or more grams but less than 400 grams of 15 methamphetamine or а substance containing 16 methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 1 X felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 9 17 years and not more than 40 years, and subject to a fine 18 19 not to exceed \$200,000 or the street value of the 20 methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

21 (E) A person who delivers or possesses with intent 22 to deliver 400 or more grams but less than 900 grams of substance 23 methamphetamine or а containing 24 methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 1 X felony, 25 subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 12 26 years and not more than 50 years, and subject to a fine

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not to exceed \$300,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

3 (F) A person who delivers or possesses with intent to deliver 900 or more grams of methamphetamine or a 4 5 substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a 6 Class $1 \times felony$, for which the person may be sentenced 7 subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 15 years and not more than 30 $\frac{60}{9}$ years, and subject to a 8 fine not to exceed \$400,000 or the street value of the 9 10 methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

11 (b) <u>(Blank).</u> Aggravated delivery or possession with intent 12 to deliver methamphetamine or a substance containing 13 methamphetamine.

14(1) It is unlawful to engage in the aggravated15delivery or possession with intent to deliver16methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine.17A person engages in the aggravated delivery or possession18with intent to deliver methamphetamine or a substance19containing methamphetamine when the person violates20paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this Section and:

21 (A) the person is at least 18 years of age and 22 knowingly delivers or possesses with intent to deliver 23 -containing -methamphetamineor -substance the-24 methamphetamine to a person under 18 years of age; 25 (B) the person is at least 18 years of age and 26 knowingly uses, engages, employs, or causes another

1person to use, engage, or employ a person under 182years of age to deliver the methamphetamine or3substance containing methamphetamine;

4 (C) the person knowingly delivers or possesses 5 with intent to deliver the methamphetamine or 6 substance containing methamphetamine in any structure 7 or vehicle protected by one or more firearms, 8 explosive devices, booby traps, alarm systems, 9 surveillance systems, guard dogs, or dangerous 10 animals;

11 (D) the person knowingly delivers or possesses with intent to deliver the methamphetamine or 12 substance containing methamphetamine in any school, on 13 14 any real property comprising any school, or in any 15 conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to 16 transport students to or from school or a 17 school related activity and at the time of the violation persons under the age of 18 are present, the 18 19 offense is committed during school hours, or the 20 offense is committed at times when persons under the 21 age of 18 are reasonably expected to be present in the 22 school, in the conveyance, or on the real property, 23 such as when after-school activities are occurring;

24 (E) the person delivers or causes another person
 25 to deliver the methamphetamine or substance containing
 26 methamphetamine to a woman that the person knows to be

1	pregnant; or
2	(F) (blank).
3	(2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
4	subsection (b) is subject to the following penalties:
5	(A) A person who delivers or possesses with intent
6	to deliver less than 5 grams of methamphetamine or a
7	substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a
8	Class 1 felony.
9	(B) A person who delivers or possesses with intent
10	to deliver 5 or more grams but less than 15 grams of
11	methamphetamine or a substance containing
12	methamphetamine is guilty of a Class X felony, subject
13	to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and
14	not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine not to
15	exceed \$100,000 or the street value of the
16	methamphetamine, whichever is greater.
17	(C) A person who delivers or possesses with intent
18	to deliver 15 or more grams but less than 100 grams of
19	methamphetamine or a substance containing
20	methamphetamine is guilty of a Class X felony, subject
21	to a term of imprisonment of not less than 8 years and
22	not more than 40 years, and subject to a fine not to
23	exceed \$200,000 or the street value of the
24	methamphetamine, whichever is greater.
25	(D) A person who delivers or possesses with intent
26	to deliver 100 or more grams of methamphetamine or a

substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class X felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 10 years and not more than 50 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$300,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine, whichever is greater.
Source: P.A. 100-3, eff. 1-1-18.)

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(720 ILCS 646/55.1 new)

8 Sec. 55.1. Methamphetamine delivery by a person at least 9 18 years of age to a person under 18 years of age. Any person 10 who is at least 18 years of age who violates any subsection of 11 Section 55 by delivering methamphetamine or substance 12 containing methamphetamine to a person under 18 years of age 13 may, at the discretion of the court, be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term of 14 15 imprisonment for the underlying offense plus the minimum term 16 of imprisonment for the underlying offense.

17 (720 ILCS 646/55.2 new)

Sec. 55.2. Employing person under 18 years of age to deliver methamphetamine. Any person who is at least 18 years of age who violates any subsection of Section 55 by using, engaging, or employing, or causing another person to use, engage, or employ a person under 18 years of age to deliver methamphetamine or substance containing methamphetamine may, at the discretion of the court, be sentenced to a maximum term

3 of imprisonment for the underlying offense.

4 (720 ILCS 646/55.3 new)

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5 Sec. 55.3. Delivery of methamphetamine or possession with 6 intent to deliver methamphetamine-protected structure or 7 vehicle. Any person who violates any subsection of Section 55 by knowingly delivering or possessing with intent to deliver 8 9 methamphetamine or substance containing methamphetamine in any 10 structure or vehicle protected by one or more explosive 11 devices, booby traps, or dangerous animals may, at the discretion of the court, be sentenced to a maximum term of 12 13 imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term of imprisonment for the underlying offense plus the minimum term of 14 15 imprisonment for the underlying offense.

16 (720 ILCS 646/55.4 new)

17 Sec. 55.4. Methamphetamine delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine on school grounds. Any 18 19 person who violates any subsection of Section 55 by delivering 20 or possessing with intent to deliver methamphetamine or 21 substance containing methamphetamine in any school, on any 22 real property comprising any school, or in any conveyance 23 owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students 24 to or from school or a school-related activity shall be

1	sentenced to a class of offense that is one class higher than
2	the sentence otherwise authorized by the pertinent subsection
3	of Section 55. If the sentence otherwise authorized by the
4	pertinent subsection of Section 55 is a Class 1 felony for
5	which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of
6	not less than 4 years and not more than 15 years, the penalty
7	for an offense under this Section is a Class 1 felony for which
8	the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not
9	less than 6 years and not more than 30 years. If the sentence
10	otherwise authorized by the pertinent subsection of Section 55
11	is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a
12	term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than
13	30 years, the penalty for an offense under this Section is a
14	Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a term
15	of imprisonment of not less than 9 years and not more than 40
16	years.
17	(720 ILCS 646/55.5 new)
18	Sec. 55.5. Methamphetamine delivery to pregnant woman. Any
19	person who violates any subsection of Section 55 by delivering
20	or causing to be delivered methamphetamine or substance
21	containing methamphetamine to a woman that the person knows to
22	be pregnant may, at the discretion of the court, be sentenced
23	to a maximum term of imprisonment that is equal to the maximum
24	term of imprisonment for the underlying offense plus the
25	minimum term of imprisonment for the underlying offense.

1 (720 ILCS 646/56)

2 Sec. 56. Methamphetamine trafficking.

3 (a) Except for purposes as authorized by this Act, any 4 person who knowingly brings, or causes to be brought, into 5 this State 400 grams or more of methamphetamine or 500 grams or more of , anhydrous ammonia, or a methamphetamine precursor or 6 7 any amount of anhydrous ammonia for the purpose of manufacture 8 delivery of methamphetamine or with the or intent to 9 manufacture or deliver methamphetamine is quilty of 10 methamphetamine trafficking.

11 (a-5) A person convicted of methamphetamine trafficking 12 shall be sentenced as authorized by Section 55 of this Act, 13 based upon the amount of the methamphetamine brought or caused 14 to be brought into this State, if the person at sentencing 15 proves by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she:

16 <u>(1) received little or no compensation from the</u> 17 <u>illegal transport of the methamphetamine into this State</u> 18 <u>and had minimal knowledge of the scope and structure of</u> 19 <u>the enterprise to manufacture or deliver the</u> 20 <u>methamphetamine transported; or</u>

21 (2) was not involved in the organization or planning 22 of the enterprise to manufacture or deliver the 23 methamphetamine transported.

(b) <u>Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a-5), a</u> A
 person convicted of methamphetamine trafficking shall be

sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than twice the 1 2 minimum term and not more than twice the maximum term of imprisonment based upon the amount of methamphetamine brought 3 or caused to be brought into this State, as provided in 4 5 subsection (a) of Section 55 of this Act that is one class higher than the underlying offense. If the underlying offense 6 7 is a Class 1 felony for which the offender may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more 8 9 than 30 years, the penalty for methamphetamine trafficking is 10 a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a 11 term of imprisonment of not less than 9 years and not more than 12 40 years.

13 (c) <u>(Blank)</u> A person convicted of methamphetamine 14 trafficking based upon a methamphetamine precursor shall be 15 sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than twice the 16 minimum term and not more than twice the maximum term of 17 imprisonment based upon the amount of methamphetamine 18 precursor provided in subsection (a) or (b) of Section 20 of 19 this Act brought or caused to be brought into this State.

(d) A person convicted of methamphetamine trafficking
based upon anhydrous ammonia under paragraph (1) of subsection
(a) of Section 25 of this Act is guilty of a Class 1 felony
shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than
twice the minimum term and not more than twice the maximum term
of imprisonment provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of
Section 25 of this Act.

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(Source: P.A. 94-830, eff. 6-5-06.)

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(720 ILCS 646/60) 2 3 Sec. 60. Methamphetamine possession. 4 (a) It is unlawful knowingly to possess methamphetamine or 5 a substance containing methamphetamine. 6 (b) A person who violates subsection (a) is subject to the 7 following penalties: (1) A person who possesses less than 15 = 5 grams of 8 9 methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine 10 is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor 3 felony. 11 (2) (Blank). A person who possesses 5 or more grams 12 less than 15 grams of methamphetamine or a substance but 13 containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 2 felony. 14 (3) A person who possesses 15 or more grams but less 15 than 100 grams of methamphetamine or а substance 16 containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 3 + 17 felony. 18 (4) A person who possesses 100 or more grams but less 19 than 400 grams of methamphetamine or a substance 20 containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 2 X 21 felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 22 6 years and not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine 23 not to exceed \$100,000.

24 (5) A person who possesses 400 or more grams but less
25 than 900 grams of methamphetamine or a substance

containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class <u>1</u> × felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 8 years and not more than 40 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$200,000.

(6) A person who possesses 900 or more grams of
methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine
is guilty of a Class <u>1</u> × felony, subject to a term of
imprisonment of not less than 10 years and not more than 50
years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$300,000.
(Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)

- 11 (720 ILCS 646/70)
- 12 Sec

Sec. 70. Probation.

13 Whenever any person who has not previously been (a) 14 convicted of any felony offense under this Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or any 15 16 law of the United States or of any state relating to cannabis or controlled substances, pleads guilty to or is found guilty 17 of possession of less than 15 grams of methamphetamine under 18 paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (b) of Section 60 of this 19 20 Act, the court, without entering a judgment and with the 21 consent of the person, may sentence him or her to probation.

(b) When a person is placed on probation, the court shall enter an order specifying a period of probation of 24 months and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the conclusion of the period or until the filing of a petition 1 alleging violation of a term or condition of probation.

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(c) The conditions of probation shall be that the person:

3 (1) not violate any criminal statute of any 4 jurisdiction;

5 (2) refrain from possessing a firearm or other 6 dangerous weapon;

7 (3) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a
8 manner as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times
9 during the period of the probation, with the cost of the
10 testing to be paid by the probationer; and

11 (4) perform no less than 30 hours of community 12 service, if community service is available in the 13 jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county 14 board. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of 15 community service hours for participation in activities 16 and treatment as determined by court services.

17 (d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, 18 require that the person take one or more of the following 19 actions:

20 (1) make a report to and appear in person before or 21 participate with the court or such courts, person, or 22 social service agency as directed by the court in the 23 order of probation;

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(2) pay a fine and costs;

25 (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational 26 training;

(4) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment; or 1 2 treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois 3 Department of Human Services; (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the 4 5 instruction or residence of defendants on probation; (6) support his or her dependents; 6 7 (7) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by this Act, the 8 9 Cannabis Control Act, or the Illinois Controlled 10 Substances Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and 11 submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for 12 tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug; or (8) if a minor: 13 (i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster 14 15 home; 16 (ii) attend school; 17 (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth; 18 or 19 (iv) contribute to his or her own support at home 20 or in a foster home. (e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation, 21 22 the court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt 23 and proceed as otherwise provided. (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of 24

25 probation, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss 26 the proceedings against the person. - 114 - LRB102 12161 KMF 17498 b

1 (g) A disposition of probation is considered to be a 2 conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of 3 probation and for appeal, however, discharge and dismissal 4 under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of this Act 5 or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed 6 by law upon conviction of a crime.

7 (h) (Blank). A person may not have more than one discharge
8 and dismissal under this Section within a 4 year period.

9 (i) If a person is convicted of an offense under this Act, 10 the Cannabis Control Act, or the Illinois Controlled 11 Substances Act within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and 12 dismissal under this Section, the discharge and dismissal 13 under this Section are admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that conviction as evidence in aggravation. 14

15 (j) Notwithstanding subsection (a), before a person is 16 sentenced to probation under this Section, the court may refer 17 the person to the drug court established in that judicial circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court Treatment 18 court team shall evaluate the person's 19 Act. The drua 20 likelihood of successfully completing a sentence of probation under this Section and shall report the results of its 21 22 evaluation to the court. If the drug court team finds that the 23 person suffers from a substance abuse problem that makes him or her substantially unlikely to successfully complete a 24 sentence of probation under this Section, then the drug court 25 26 shall set forth its findings in the form of a written order,

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and the person shall not be sentenced to probation under this
Section, but shall be considered for the drug court program.
(Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-3, eff. 1-1-18;
100-575, eff. 1-8-18.)

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(720 ILCS 646/65 rep.)

6 (720 ILCS 646/100 rep.)

Section 40. The Methamphetamine Control and Community
Protection Act is amended by repealing Sections 65 and 100.

9 Section 43. The State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's
10 Act is amended by changing Section 4.01 as follows:

11 (725 ILCS 210/4.01) (from Ch. 14, par. 204.01)

12 Sec. 4.01. (a) The Office and all attorneys employed 13 thereby may represent the People of the State of Illinois on 14 appeal in all cases which emanate from a county containing less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, when requested to do so and 15 16 the direction of the State's Attorney, otherwise at. 17 responsible for prosecuting the appeal, and may, with the 18 advice and consent of the State's Attorney prepare, file and 19 argue such appellate briefs in the Illinois Appellate Court 20 and, when requested and authorized to do so by the Attorney 21 General, in the Illinois Supreme Court.

(b) Notwithstanding the population restriction containedin subsection (a), the Office may also assist County State's

Attorneys in the discharge of their duties under the Illinois 1 2 Controlled Substances Act, the Cannabis Control Act, the 3 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the Drug Asset Forfeiture Procedure Act, the Narcotics Profit 4 5 Forfeiture Act, and the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act, including negotiations conducted on behalf of a county or 6 7 pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement as well as in the 8 trial and appeal of said cases and of tax objections, and the 9 counties which use services relating to labor relations shall 10 reimburse the Office on pro-rated shares as determined by the 11 board based upon the population and number of labor relations 12 cases of the participating counties. In addition, the Office and all attorneys employed by the Office may also assist 13 State's Attorneys in the discharge of their duties in the 14 15 prosecution, trial, or hearing on post-conviction of other 16 cases when requested to do so by, and at the direction of, the 17 State's Attorney otherwise responsible for the case. In addition, the Office and all attorneys employed by the Office 18 19 may act as Special Prosecutor if duly appointed to do so by a 20 court having jurisdiction. Except when the appointment of a Special Prosecutor is made pursuant to subsection (a-17) of 21 22 Section 3-9008 of the Counties Code, to $\frac{1}{10}$ be effective, the 23 order appointing the Office or its attorneys as Special 24 Prosecutor must (i) identify the case and its subject matter 25 and (ii) state that the Special Prosecutor serves at the 26 pleasure of the Attorney General, who may substitute himself SB2186 - 117 - LRB102 12161 KMF 17498 b

or herself as the Special Prosecutor when, in his or her judgment, the interest of the people of the State so requires. Within 5 days after receiving a copy of an order from the court appointing the Office or any of its attorneys as a Special Prosecutor, the Office must forward a copy of the order to the Springfield office of the Attorney General.

7 (Source: P.A. 100-319, eff. 8-24-17.)

8 Section 45. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
9 changing Sections 3-6-3, 5-4-1, 5-4.5-95, 5-5-3, 5-6-3.3,
10 5-6-3.4, 5-8-1, 5-8-2, and 5-8-6 as follows:

11 (730 ILCS 5/3-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-6-3)

12 Sec. 3-6-3. Rules and regulations for sentence credit.

(a) (1) The Department of Corrections shall prescribe rules and regulations for awarding and revoking sentence credit for persons committed to the Department which shall be subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board.

17 (1.5) As otherwise provided by law, sentence credit may be18 awarded for the following:

(A) successful completion of programming while in
 custody of the Department or while in custody prior to
 sentencing;

(B) compliance with the rules and regulations of theDepartment; or

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(C) service to the institution, service to a

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community, or service to the State.

2 (2) Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this 3 subsection (a), the rules and regulations on sentence credit shall provide, with respect to offenses listed in clause (i), 4 5 (ii), or (iii) of this paragraph (2) committed on or after June 19, 1998 or with respect to the offense listed in clause (iv) 6 7 of this paragraph (2) committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-71) or with respect to offense 8 9 listed in clause (vi) committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the 10 effective date of Public Act 95-625) or with respect to the 11 offense of being an armed habitual criminal committed on or 12 after August 2, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-398) or with respect to the offenses listed in clause (v) of this 13 14 paragraph (2) committed on or after August 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-134) or with respect to the 15 16 offense of aggravated domestic battery committed on or after 17 July 23, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1224) or with respect to the offense of attempt to commit terrorism 18 committed on or after January 1, 2013 (the effective date of 19 Public Act 97-990), the following: 20

(i) that a prisoner who is serving a term of imprisonment for first degree murder or for the offense of terrorism shall receive no sentence credit and shall serve the entire sentence imposed by the court;

25(i-5) that a prisoner who is serving a term of26imprisonment for first degree murder shall receive no more

1 than 7.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or 2 her sentence of <u>imprisonment;</u>

3 (ii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for attempt to commit terrorism, attempt to commit first degree murder, 4 5 solicitation of murder, solicitation of murder for hire, homicide of an unborn child, predatory 6 intentional criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal 7 sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, aggravated 8 9 kidnapping, aggravated battery with a firearm as described 10 in Section 12-4.2 or subdivision (e)(1), (e)(2), (e)(3), 11 or (e)(4) of Section 12-3.05, heinous battery as described 12 in Section 12-4.1 or subdivision (a)(2) of Section 12-3.05, being an armed habitual criminal, aggravated 13 14 battery of a senior citizen as described in Section 12-4.6 15 or subdivision (a)(4) of Section 12-3.05, or aggravated 16 battery of a child as described in Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b)(1) of Section 12-3.05 shall receive no 17 more than 8.5 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of 18 19 his or her sentence of imprisonment;

(iii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for home invasion, armed robbery, aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge of a firearm, or armed violence with a category I weapon or category II weapon, when the court has made and entered a finding, pursuant to subsection (c-1) of Section 5-4-1 of this Code, that the conduct leading to conviction for the enumerated offense resulted

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in great bodily harm to a victim, shall receive no more than 8.5 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;

4 (iv) that a prisoner serving a sentence for aggravated 5 discharge of a firearm, whether or not the conduct leading 6 to conviction for the offense resulted in great bodily 7 harm to the victim, shall receive no more than <u>8.5</u> 4.5 days 8 of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of 9 imprisonment;

10 (v) that a person serving a sentence for gunrunning, 11 narcotics racketeering, controlled substance trafficking, 12 methamphetamine trafficking, drug-induced homicide, or aggravated methamphetamine-related child endangerment, 13 14 money laundering pursuant to clause (c) (4) or (5) of 15 Section 29B-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 16 Code of 2012, or a Class X felony conviction for delivery 17 of a controlled substance, possession of a controlled substance with intent to manufacture 18 -deliver, or 19 calculated criminal drug conspiracy, criminal drug 20 conspiracy, street gang criminal drug conspiracy, 21 participation -in methamphetamine manufacturing, 22 <u>in</u> -methamphetamine aggravated 23 manufacturing, delivery of methamphetamine, possession 24 with intent to deliver methamphetamine, aggravated 25 delivery of methamphetamine, aggravated possession with 26 -deliver methamphetamine, methamphetamine intent to

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conspiracy when the substance containing the controlled substance or methamphetamine is 100 grams or more shall receive no more than 10.5 7.5 days sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;

5 (vi) that a prisoner serving a sentence for a second 6 or subsequent offense of luring a minor shall receive no 7 more than <u>8.5</u> 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of 8 his or her sentence of imprisonment; and

9 (vii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for 10 aggravated domestic battery shall receive no more than <u>8.5</u> 11 <u>4.5</u> days of sentence credit for each month of his or her 12 sentence of imprisonment.

(2.1) For all offenses, other than those enumerated in 13 14 subdivision (a)(2)(i), (i-5), (ii), or (iii) committed on or 15 after June 19, 1998 or subdivision (a) (2) (iv) committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-71) or 16 17 subdivision (a)(2)(v) committed on or after August 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-134) or subdivision 18 (a) (2) (vi) committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective 19 date of Public Act 95-625) or subdivision (a)(2)(vii) 20 committed on or after July 23, 2010 (the effective date of 21 22 Public Act 96-1224), and other than the offense of aggravated 23 driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, 24 or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 25 thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of 26 subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code,

and other than the offense of aggravated driving under the 1 2 influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating 3 compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of 4 5 Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed on or after January 1, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 6 7 96-1230), the rules and regulations shall provide that a 8 prisoner who is serving a term of imprisonment shall receive 9 one day of sentence credit for each day of his or her sentence 10 of imprisonment or recommitment under Section 3-3-9. Each day 11 of sentence credit shall reduce by one day the prisoner's 12 period of imprisonment or recommitment under Section 3-3-9.

13 (2.2) A prisoner serving a term of natural life 14 imprisonment or a prisoner who has been sentenced to death 15 shall receive no sentence credit.

16 (2.3) Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this 17 subsection (a), the rules and regulations on sentence credit shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence for 18 aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug 19 20 or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph 21 (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the 22 23 Illinois Vehicle Code, shall receive no more than (8.5) 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence 24 25 of imprisonment.

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(2.4) Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this

subsection (a), the rules and regulations on sentence credit 1 shall provide with respect to the offenses of aggravated 2 battery with a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any 3 device or attachment designed or used for silencing the report 4 5 of a firearm or aggravated discharge of a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment designed or 6 7 used for silencing the report of a firearm, committed on or 8 after July 15, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-121), 9 that a prisoner serving a sentence for any of these offenses 10 shall receive no more than (8.5) $\frac{4.5}{4.5}$ days of sentence credit 11 for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.

12 (2.5) Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this 13 subsection (a), the rules and regulations on sentence credit 14 shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence for 15 aggravated arson committed on or after July 27, 2001 (the 16 effective date of Public Act 92-176) shall receive no more 17 than (8.5) 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or 18 her sentence of imprisonment.

19 (2.6) Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this 20 subsection (a), the rules and regulations on sentence credit shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence for 21 22 aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug 23 or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds or any 24 combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the 25 26 Illinois Vehicle Code committed on or after January 1, 2011

(the effective date of Public Act 96-1230) shall receive no
 more than (8.5) 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of
 his or her sentence of imprisonment.

(3) In addition to the sentence credits earned under 4 5 paragraphs (2.1), (4), (4.1), and (4.7) of this subsection 6 (a), the rules and regulations shall also provide that the 7 Director may award up to 180 days of earned sentence credit for 8 good conduct in specific instances as the Director deems 9 proper. The good conduct may include, but is not limited to, 10 compliance with the rules and regulations of the Department, 11 service to the Department, service to a community, or service 12 to the State.

13 Eligible inmates for an award of earned sentence credit 14 under this paragraph (3) may be selected to receive the credit 15 at the Director's or his or her designee's sole discretion. Eligibility for the additional earned sentence credit under 16 17 this paragraph (3) shall be based on, but is not limited to, the results of any available risk/needs assessment or other 18 19 relevant assessments or evaluations administered by the 20 Department using a validated instrument, the circumstances of the crime, any history of conviction for a forcible felony 21 22 enumerated in Section 2-8 of the Criminal Code of 2012, the 23 inmate's behavior and disciplinary history while incarcerated, and the inmate's commitment to rehabilitation, including 24 25 participation in programming offered by the Department.

26 The Director shall not award sentence credit under this

paragraph (3) to an inmate unless the inmate has served a minimum of 60 days of the sentence; except nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to permit the Director to extend an inmate's sentence beyond that which was imposed by the court. Prior to awarding credit under this paragraph (3), the Director shall make a written determination that the inmate:

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(A) is eligible for the earned sentence credit;

8 (B) has served a minimum of 60 days, or as close to 60
9 days as the sentence will allow;

10 (B-1) has received a risk/needs assessment or other 11 relevant evaluation or assessment administered by the 12 Department using a validated instrument; and

13 (C) has met the eligibility criteria established by14 rule for earned sentence credit.

15 The Director shall determine the form and content of the 16 written determination required in this subsection.

17 (3.5) The Department shall provide annual written reports 18 to the Governor and the General Assembly on the award of earned 19 sentence credit no later than February 1 of each year. The 20 Department must publish both reports on its website within 48 21 hours of transmitting the reports to the Governor and the 22 General Assembly. The reports must include:

23 (A) the number of inmates awarded earned sentence24 credit;

(B) the average amount of earned sentence creditawarded;

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(C) the holding offenses of inmates awarded earned sentence credit; and

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(D) the number of earned sentence credit revocations.

(4) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this 4 5 subsection (a), the rules and regulations shall also provide that the sentence credit accumulated and retained under 6 7 paragraph (2.1) of subsection (a) of this Section by any 8 inmate during specific periods of time in which such inmate is 9 engaged full-time in substance abuse programs, correctional 10 industrv assignments, educational programs, behavior 11 modification programs, life skills courses, or re-entry 12 planning provided by the Department under this paragraph (4) 13 satisfactorily completes the and assigned program as 14 determined by the standards of the Department, shall be 15 multiplied by a factor of 1.25 for program participation before August 11, 1993 and 1.50 for program participation on 16 17 or after that date. The rules and regulations shall also provide that sentence credit, subject to the same offense 18 19 limits and multiplier provided in this paragraph, may be 20 provided to an inmate who was held in pre-trial detention prior to his or her current commitment to the Department of 21 22 Corrections and successfully completed a full-time, 60-day or 23 longer substance abuse program, educational program, behavior modification program, life skills course, or re-entry planning 24 25 provided by the county department of corrections or county 26 jail. Calculation of this county program credit shall be done

1 at sentencing as provided in Section 5-4.5-100 of this Code 2 and shall be included in the sentencing order. However, no 3 inmate shall be eligible for the additional sentence credit 4 under this paragraph (4) or (4.1) of this subsection (a) while 5 assigned to a boot camp or electronic detention.

6 (B) The Department shall award sentence credit under this 7 paragraph (4) accumulated prior to January 1, 2020 (the 8 effective date of Public Act 101-440) this amendatory Act of 9 the 101st General Assembly in an amount specified in 10 subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (4) to an inmate serving a 11 sentence for an offense committed prior to June 19, 1998, if 12 the Department determines that the inmate is entitled to this sentence credit, based upon: 13

14 (i) documentation provided by the Department that the 15 inmate engaged in any full-time substance abuse programs, 16 correctional industry assignments, educational programs, 17 behavior modification programs, life skills courses, or re-entry planning provided by the Department under this 18 19 paragraph (4) and satisfactorily completed the assigned 20 program as determined by the standards of the Department during the inmate's current term of incarceration; or 21

22 (ii) the inmate's own testimony in the form of an 23 documentation, affidavit or or а third partv's documentation or testimony in the form of an affidavit 24 25 that the inmate likely engaged in any full-time substance 26 abuse programs, correctional industry assignments,

educational programs, behavior modification programs, life skills courses, or re-entry planning provided by the Department under paragraph (4) and satisfactorily completed the assigned program as determined by the standards of the Department during the inmate's current term of incarceration.

7 (C) If the inmate can provide documentation that he or she 8 is entitled to sentence credit under subparagraph (B) in 9 excess of 45 days of participation in those programs, the 10 inmate shall receive 90 days of sentence credit. If the inmate 11 cannot provide documentation of more than 45 days of 12 participation in those programs, the inmate shall receive 45 13 days of sentence credit. In the event of a disagreement 14 between the Department and the inmate as to the amount of 15 credit accumulated under subparagraph (B), if the Department 16 provides documented proof of a lesser amount of days of 17 participation in those programs, that proof shall control. If the Department provides no documentary proof, the inmate's 18 proof as set forth in clause (ii) of subparagraph (B) shall 19 control as to the amount of sentence credit provided. 20

(D) If the inmate has been convicted of a sex offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act, sentencing credits under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph (4) shall be awarded by the Department only if the conditions set forth in paragraph (4.6) of subsection (a) are satisfied. No inmate serving a term of natural life imprisonment shall 1 receive sentence credit under subparagraph (B) of this
2 paragraph (4).

3 Educational, vocational, substance abuse, behavior modification programs, life skills courses, re-entry planning, 4 5 and correctional industry programs under which sentence credit may be increased under this paragraph (4) and paragraph (4.1)6 7 of this subsection (a) shall be evaluated by the Department on 8 the basis of documented standards. The Department shall report 9 the results of these evaluations to the Governor and the 10 General Assembly by September 30th of each year. The reports 11 shall include data relating to the recidivism rate among 12 program participants.

13 Availability of these programs shall be subject to the 14 limits of fiscal resources appropriated by the General 15 Assembly for these purposes. Eligible inmates who are denied 16 immediate admission shall be placed on a waiting list under 17 criteria established by the Department. The inability of any inmate to become engaged in any such programs by reason of 18 19 insufficient program resources or for any other reason 20 established under the rules and regulations of the Department shall not be deemed a cause of action under which the 21 22 Department or any employee or agent of the Department shall be 23 liable for damages to the inmate.

(4.1) Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this
subsection (a), the rules and regulations shall also provide
that an additional 90 days of sentence credit shall be awarded

to any prisoner who passes high school equivalency testing 1 2 committed to while the prisoner is the Department of Corrections. The sentence credit awarded under this paragraph 3 (4.1) shall be in addition to, and shall not affect, the award 4 5 of sentence credit under any other paragraph of this Section, but shall also be pursuant to the guidelines and restrictions 6 7 set forth in paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of this Section. The sentence credit provided for in this paragraph shall be 8 9 available only to those prisoners who have not previously 10 earned a high school diploma or a high school equivalency 11 certificate. If, after an award of the high school equivalency 12 testing sentence credit has been made, the Department determines that the prisoner was not eliqible, then the award 13 14 shall be revoked. The Department may also award 90 days of 15 sentence credit to any committed person who passed high school 16 equivalency testing while he or she was held in pre-trial 17 detention prior to the current commitment to the Department of Corrections. 18

19 Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this subsection 20 (a), the rules and regulations shall provide that an additional 180 days of sentence credit shall be awarded to any 21 22 prisoner who obtains a bachelor's degree while the prisoner is 23 committed to the Department of Corrections. The sentence 24 credit awarded under this paragraph (4.1) shall be in addition 25 to, and shall not affect, the award of sentence credit under 26 any other paragraph of this Section, but shall also be under

the quidelines and restrictions set forth in paragraph (4) of 1 2 this subsection (a). The sentence credit provided for in this 3 paragraph shall be available only to those prisoners who have not earned a bachelor's degree prior to the current commitment 4 5 to the Department of Corrections. If, after an award of the 6 bachelor's degree sentence credit has been made, the 7 Department determines that the prisoner was not eligible, then 8 the award shall be revoked. The Department may also award 180 9 days of sentence credit to any committed person who earned a 10 bachelor's degree while he or she was held in pre-trial 11 detention prior to the current commitment to the Department of 12 Corrections.

13 Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this subsection 14 (a), the rules and regulations shall provide that an 15 additional 180 days of sentence credit shall be awarded to any prisoner who obtains a master's or professional degree while 16 17 the prisoner is committed to the Department of Corrections. The sentence credit awarded under this paragraph (4.1) shall 18 19 be in addition to, and shall not affect, the award of sentence 20 credit under any other paragraph of this Section, but shall also be under the guidelines and restrictions set forth in 21 22 paragraph (4) of this subsection (a). The sentence credit 23 provided for in this paragraph shall be available only to those prisoners who have not previously earned a master's or 24 25 professional degree prior to the current commitment to the 26 Department of Corrections. If, after an award of the master's

or professional degree sentence credit has been made, the Department determines that the prisoner was not eligible, then the award shall be revoked. The Department may also award 180 days of sentence credit to any committed person who earned a master's or professional degree while he or she was held in pre-trial detention prior to the current commitment to the Department of Corrections.

8 (4.5) The rules and regulations on sentence credit shall 9 also provide that when the court's sentencing order recommends 10 a prisoner for substance abuse treatment and the crime was 11 committed on or after September 1, 2003 (the effective date of 12 Public Act 93-354), the prisoner shall receive no sentence credit awarded under clause (3) of this subsection (a) unless 13 14 he or she participates in and completes a substance abuse 15 treatment program. The Director may waive the requirement to 16 participate in or complete a substance abuse treatment program 17 in specific instances if the prisoner is not a good candidate abuse treatment 18 for а substance program for medical, 19 programming, or operational reasons. Availability of substance 20 abuse treatment shall be subject to the limits of fiscal 21 resources appropriated by the General Assembly for these 22 purposes. If treatment is not available and the requirement to 23 participate and complete the treatment has not been waived by 24 the Director, the prisoner shall be placed on a waiting list 25 under criteria established by the Department. The Director may 26 allow a prisoner placed on a waiting list to participate in and

1 complete a substance abuse education class or attend substance 2 abuse self-help meetings in lieu of a substance abuse 3 treatment program. A prisoner on a waiting list who is not 4 placed in a substance abuse program prior to release may be 5 eligible for a waiver and receive sentence credit under clause 6 (3) of this subsection (a) at the discretion of the Director.

7 (4.6) The rules and regulations on sentence credit shall 8 also provide that a prisoner who has been convicted of a sex 9 offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender 10 Registration Act shall receive no sentence credit unless he or 11 she either has successfully completed or is participating in 12 sex offender treatment as defined by the Sex Offender Management Board. However, prisoners who are waiting to 13 14 receive treatment, but who are unable to do so due solely to 15 the lack of resources on the part of the Department, may, at 16 the Director's sole discretion, be awarded sentence credit at 17 a rate as the Director shall determine.

(4.7) On or after January 1, 2018 (the effective date of 18 19 Public Act 100-3) this amendatory Act of the 100th General 20 Assembly, sentence credit under paragraph (3), (4), or (4.1)21 of this subsection (a) may be awarded to a prisoner who is 22 serving a sentence for an offense described in paragraph (2), 23 (2.3), (2.4), (2.5), or (2.6) for credit earned on or after 24 January 1, 2018 (the effective date of Public Act 100-3) this 25 amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly; provided, the 26 award of the credits under this paragraph (4.7) shall not

1 reduce the sentence of the prisoner to less than the following 2 amounts:

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(i) 85% of his or her sentence if the prisoner is required to serve 85% of his or her sentence; or

5 (ii) 60% of his or her sentence if the prisoner is 6 required to serve 75% of his or her sentence, except if the 7 prisoner is serving a sentence for gunrunning his or her 8 sentence shall not be reduced to less than 75%.

9 (iii) 100% of his or her sentence if the prisoner is
10 required to serve 100% of his or her sentence.

11 (5) Whenever the Department is to release any inmate 12 earlier than it otherwise would because of a grant of earned sentence credit under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of this 13 14 Section given at any time during the term, the Department 15 shall give reasonable notice of the impending release not less 16 than 14 days prior to the date of the release to the State's 17 Attorney of the county where the prosecution of the inmate took place, and if applicable, the State's Attorney of the 18 county into which the inmate will be released. The Department 19 must also make identification information and a recent photo 20 of the inmate being released accessible on the Internet by 21 22 means of a hyperlink labeled "Community Notification of Inmate 23 Early Release" on the Department's World Wide Web homepage. The identification information shall include the inmate's: 24 25 alias, date of birth, name, any known physical 26 characteristics, commitment offense, and county where

1 conviction was imposed. The identification information shall 2 be placed on the website within 3 days of the inmate's release 3 and the information may not be removed until either: 4 completion of the first year of mandatory supervised release 5 or return of the inmate to custody of the Department.

6 (b) Whenever a person is or has been committed under 7 several convictions, with separate sentences, the sentences 8 shall be construed under Section 5-8-4 in granting and 9 forfeiting of sentence credit.

10 (c) The Department shall prescribe rules and regulations 11 for revoking sentence credit, including revoking sentence 12 credit awarded under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of this Section. The Department shall prescribe rules and regulations 13 14 for suspending or reducing the rate of accumulation of 15 sentence credit for specific rule violations, during 16 imprisonment. These rules and regulations shall provide that 17 no inmate may be penalized more than one year of sentence credit for any one infraction. 18

19 When the Department seeks to revoke, suspend, or reduce 20 the rate of accumulation of any sentence credits for an alleged infraction of its rules, it shall bring charges 21 22 therefor against the prisoner sought to be so deprived of 23 sentence credits before the Prisoner Review Board as provided in subparagraph (a) (4) of Section 3-3-2 of this Code, if the 24 25 amount of credit at issue exceeds 30 days or when, during any 12-month 12 month period, the cumulative amount of credit 26

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revoked exceeds 30 days except where the infraction is 1 2 committed or discovered within 60 days of scheduled release. 3 In those cases, the Department of Corrections may revoke up to 30 days of sentence credit. The Board may subsequently approve 4 5 the revocation of additional sentence credit, if the Department seeks to revoke sentence credit in excess of 30 6 7 days. However, the Board shall not be empowered to review the 8 Department's decision with respect to the loss of 30 days of 9 sentence credit within any calendar year for any prisoner or 10 to increase any penalty beyond the length requested by the 11 Department.

12 Director of the Department of Corrections, The in 13 appropriate cases, may restore up to 30 days of sentence 14 credits which have been revoked, suspended, or reduced. Any 15 restoration of sentence credits in excess of 30 days shall be 16 subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board. However, the 17 Board may not restore sentence credit in excess of the amount requested by the Director. 18

Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the Prisoner Review Board from ordering, pursuant to Section 3-3-9(a)(3)(i)(B), that a prisoner serve up to one year of the sentence imposed by the court that was not served due to the accumulation of sentence credit.

(d) If a lawsuit is filed by a prisoner in an Illinois or
federal court against the State, the Department of
Corrections, or the Prisoner Review Board, or against any of

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their officers or employees, and the court makes a specific 1 2 finding that a pleading, motion, or other paper filed by the 3 prisoner is frivolous, the Department of Corrections shall conduct a hearing to revoke up to 180 days of sentence credit 4 5 by bringing charges against the prisoner sought to be deprived of the sentence credits before the Prisoner Review Board as 6 7 provided in subparagraph (a)(8) of Section 3-3-2 of this Code. 8 If the prisoner has not accumulated 180 days of sentence 9 credit at the time of the finding, then the Prisoner Review 10 Board may revoke all sentence credit accumulated by the 11 prisoner.

12

For purposes of this subsection (d):

(1) "Frivolous" means that a pleading, motion, or other filing which purports to be a legal document filed by a prisoner in his or her lawsuit meets any or all of the following criteria:

17 (A) it lacks an arguable basis either in law or in18 fact;

(B) it is being presented for any improper
purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary
delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation;

(C) the claims, defenses, and other legal
contentions therein are not warranted by existing law
or by a nonfrivolous argument for the extension,
modification, or reversal of existing law or the
establishment of new law;

1 (D) the allegations and other factual contentions 2 do not have evidentiary support or, if specifically so 3 identified, are not likely to have evidentiary support 4 after a reasonable opportunity for further 5 investigation or discovery; or

6 (E) the denials of factual contentions are not 7 warranted on the evidence, or if specifically so 8 identified, are not reasonably based on a lack of 9 information or belief.

(2) "Lawsuit" means a motion pursuant to Section 116-3 10 11 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, a habeas corpus 12 action under Article X of the Code of Civil Procedure or under federal law (28 U.S.C. 2254), a petition for claim 13 14 under the Court of Claims Act, an action under the federal Civil Rights Act (42 U.S.C. 1983), or a second or 15 16 subsequent petition for post-conviction relief under 17 Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 whether filed with or without leave of court or a second or 18 subsequent petition for relief from judgment under Section 19 2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure. 20

(e) Nothing in Public Act 90-592 or 90-593 affects the
 validity of Public Act 89-404.

(f) Whenever the Department is to release any inmate who has been convicted of a violation of an order of protection under Section 12-3.4 or 12-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, earlier than it otherwise would because of a grant of sentence credit, the Department, as a condition of release, shall require that the person, upon release, be placed under electronic surveillance as provided in Section 5-8A-7 of this Code.

5 (q) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory 6 Act of the 102nd General Assembly apply to prisoners sentenced 7 before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd 8 General Assembly for their serving sentences of imprisonment 9 on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 10 102nd General Assembly and to prisoners sentenced on or after 11 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General 12 Assembly. Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly shall be construed to permit the award of any 13 14 additional sentence credit provided in this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly for any service of imprisonment 15 before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd 16 17 General Assembly.

18 (Source: P.A. 100-3, eff. 1-1-18; 100-575, eff. 1-8-18; 19 101-440, eff. 1-1-20; revised 8-19-20.)

20 (730 ILCS 5/5-4-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-1)

21 Sec. 5-4-1. Sentencing hearing.

(a) Except when the death penalty is sought under hearing
procedures otherwise specified, after a determination of
guilt, a hearing shall be held to impose the sentence.
However, prior to the imposition of sentence on an individual

being sentenced for an offense based upon a charge for a 1 2 violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the individual must 3 undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol 4 5 or other drug abuse problem exists and the extent of such a 6 problem. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be 7 licensed by the Department of Human Services. However, if the individual is not a resident of Illinois, the court may, in its 8 9 discretion, accept an evaluation from a program in the state 10 of such individual's residence. The court shall make a 11 specific finding about whether the defendant is eligible for 12 participation in a Department impact incarceration program as 13 provided in Section 5-8-1.1 or 5-8-1.3, and if not, provide an 14 explanation as to why a sentence to impact incarceration is 15 not an appropriate sentence. The court may in its sentencing 16 order recommend a defendant for placement in a Department of 17 Corrections substance abuse treatment program as provided in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of Section 3-2-2 conditioned 18 19 upon the defendant being accepted in a program by the 20 Department of Corrections. At the hearing the court shall:

21 (1) consider the evidence, if any, received upon the 22 trial;

23

(2) consider any presentence reports;

(3) consider the financial impact of incarceration
based on the financial impact statement filed with the
clerk of the court by the Department of Corrections;

(4) consider evidence and information offered by the
 parties in aggravation and mitigation;

3 (4.5) consider substance abuse treatment, eligibility
4 screening, and an assessment, if any, of the defendant by
5 an agent designated by the State of Illinois to provide
6 assessment services for the Illinois courts;

7

(5) hear arguments as to sentencing alternatives;

8 (6) afford the defendant the opportunity to make a
9 statement in his own behalf;

10 (7)afford the victim of a violent crime or a 11 violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 12 similar provision of a local ordinance, the a or opportunity to present an oral or written statement, as 13 14 guaranteed by Article I, Section 8.1 of the Illinois 15 Constitution and provided in Section 6 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act. The court shall allow a 16 17 victim to make an oral statement if the victim is present in the courtroom and requests to make an oral or written 18 19 statement. An oral or written statement includes the 20 victim or a representative of the victim reading the 21 written statement. The court may allow persons impacted by 22 the crime who are not victims under subsection (a) of 23 Section 3 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act 24 to present an oral or written statement. A victim and any 25 person making an oral statement shall not be put under 26 oath or subject to cross-examination. All statements

1 offered under this paragraph (7) shall become part of the record of the court. In this paragraph (7), "victim of a 2 3 violent crime" means a person who is a victim of a violent crime for which the defendant has been convicted after a 4 5 bench or jury trial or a person who is the victim of a 6 violent crime with which the defendant was charged and the 7 defendant has been convicted under a plea agreement of a crime that is not a violent crime as defined in subsection 8 9 (c) of 3 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act;

10 (7.5) afford a qualified person affected by: (i) a 11 violation of Section 405, 405.1, 405.2, or 407 of the 12 Illinois Controlled Substances Act or a violation of Section 55 or Section 65 of the Methamphetamine Control 13 14 and Community Protection Act; or (ii) a Class 4 felony 15 violation of Section 11-14, 11-14.3 except as described in 16 subdivisions (a) (2) (A) and (a) (2) (B), 11-15, 11-17, 11-18, 11-18.1, or 11-19 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 17 Criminal Code of 2012, committed by the defendant the 18 19 opportunity to make a statement concerning the impact on 20 the qualified person and to offer evidence in aggravation 21 or mitigation; provided that the statement and evidence 22 offered in aggravation or mitigation shall first be 23 prepared in writing in conjunction with the State's 24 Attorney before it may be presented orally at the hearing. 25 Sworn testimony offered by the qualified person is subject 26 to the defendant's right to cross-examine. All statements

and evidence offered under this paragraph (7.5) shall 1 2 become part of the record of the court. In this paragraph 3 (7.5), "qualified person" means any person who: (i) lived or worked within the territorial jurisdiction where the 4 5 offense took place when the offense took place; or (ii) is 6 familiar with various public places within the territorial 7 jurisdiction where the offense took place when the offense took place. "Qualified person" includes any peace officer 8 9 or any member of any duly organized State, county, or 10 municipal peace officer unit assigned to the territorial 11 jurisdiction where the offense took place when the offense 12 took place;

13 (8) in cases of reckless homicide afford the victim's
14 spouse, guardians, parents or other immediate family
15 members an opportunity to make oral statements;

16 (9) in cases involving a felony sex offense as defined 17 under the Sex Offender Management Board Act, consider the 18 results of the sex offender evaluation conducted pursuant 19 to Section 5-3-2 of this Act; and

(10) make a finding of whether a motor vehicle was
used in the commission of the offense for which the
defendant is being sentenced.

(b) All sentences shall be imposed by the judge based upon his independent assessment of the elements specified above and any agreement as to sentence reached by the parties. The judge who presided at the trial or the judge who accepted the plea of

quilty shall impose the sentence unless he is no longer 1 2 sitting as a judge in that court. Where the judge does not impose sentence at the same time on all defendants who are 3 convicted as a result of being involved in the same offense, 4 5 the defendant or the State's Attorney may advise the sentencing court of the disposition of any other defendants 6 7 who have been sentenced.

8 (b-1) In imposing a sentence of imprisonment or periodic 9 imprisonment for a Class 3 or Class 4 felony for which a 10 sentence of probation or conditional discharge is an available 11 sentence, if the defendant has no prior sentence of probation 12 or conditional discharge and no prior conviction for a violent crime, the defendant shall not be sentenced to imprisonment 13 14 before review and consideration of a presentence report and 15 determination and explanation of why the particular evidence, 16 information, factor in aggravation, factual finding, or other 17 reasons support a sentencing determination that one or more of the factors under subsection (a) of Section 5-6-1 of this Code 18 19 apply and that probation or conditional discharge is not an 20 appropriate sentence.

(c) In imposing a sentence for a violent crime or for an offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other drug or any combination thereof, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, when such offense resulted in the personal injury to someone other than the defendant, the trial judge shall

specify on the record the particular evidence, information, factors in mitigation and aggravation or other reasons that led to his sentencing determination. The full verbatim record of the sentencing hearing shall be filed with the clerk of the court and shall be a public record.

(c-1) In imposing a sentence for the offense of aggravated 6 7 ransom, home invasion, kidnapping for armed robbery, 8 aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge of a 9 firearm, or armed violence with a category I weapon or 10 category II weapon, the trial judge shall make a finding as to 11 whether the conduct leading to conviction for the offense 12 resulted in great bodily harm to a victim, and shall enter that 13 finding and the basis for that finding in the record.

14 (c-2) If the defendant is sentenced to prison, other than 15 when a sentence of natural life imprisonment or a sentence of 16 death is imposed, at the time the sentence is imposed the judge 17 shall state on the record in open court the approximate period of time the defendant will serve in custody according to the 18 19 then current statutory rules and regulations for sentence 20 credit found in Section 3-6-3 and other related provisions of 21 this Code. This statement is intended solely to inform the 22 public, has no legal effect on the defendant's actual release, 23 and may not be relied on by the defendant on appeal.

The judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, other than when the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(4) of Section 3-6-3,

1 shall include the following:

2 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of 3 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of 4 5 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of 6 7 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this 8 case, assuming the defendant receives all of his or her 9 sentence credit, the period of estimated actual custody is ... 10 years and ... months, less up to 180 days additional earned sentence credit. If the defendant, because of his or her own 11 12 misconduct or failure to comply with the institutional regulations, does not receive those credits, the actual time 13 14 served in prison will be longer. The defendant may also 15 receive an additional one-half day sentence credit for each 16 day of participation in vocational, industry, substance abuse, 17 and educational programs as provided for by Illinois statute."

When the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses 18 19 enumerated in paragraph (a) (2) of Section 3-6-3, other than 20 first degree murder, and the offense was committed on or after June 19, 1998, and when the sentence is imposed for reckless 21 22 homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the 23 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1999, and when the 24 25 sentence is imposed for aggravated driving under the influence 26 of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or - 147 - LRB102 12161 KMF 17498 b

1 compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in 2 subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and when the sentence is 3 imposed for aggravated arson if the offense was committed on 4 5 or after July 27, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 6 92-176), and when the sentence is imposed for aggravated 7 driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, 8 or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 9 thereof as defined in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of 10 subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code 11 committed on or after January 1, 2011 (the effective date of 12 Public Act 96-1230), the judge's statement, to be given after 13 pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of 14 15 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in 16 prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of 17 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of 18 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this 19 20 case, the defendant is entitled to no more than 4 1/2 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of 21 22 imprisonment. Therefore, this defendant will serve at least 23 85% of his or her sentence. Assuming the defendant receives 4 1/2 days credit for each month of his or her sentence, the 24 25 period of estimated actual custody is ... years and ... months. If the defendant, because of his or her own misconduct 26

1 or failure to comply with the institutional regulations 2 receives lesser credit, the actual time served in prison will 3 be longer."

When a sentence of imprisonment is imposed for first degree murder and the offense was committed on or after June 19, 1998, the judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

8 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of 9 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in 10 prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of 11 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois 12 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this 13 14 case, the defendant is not entitled to sentence credit. 15 Therefore, this defendant will serve 100% of his or her 16 sentence."

17 When the sentencing order recommends placement in a substance abuse program for any offense that results in 18 19 incarceration in a Department of Corrections facility and the 20 crime was committed on or after September 1, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-354), the judge's statement, 21 22 in addition to any other judge's statement required under this 23 Section, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall 24 include the following:

25 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of 26 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in

prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of 1 2 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois 3 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this 4 5 case, the defendant shall receive no earned sentence credit under clause (3) of subsection (a) of Section 3-6-3 until he or 6 she participates in and completes a substance abuse treatment 7 8 program or receives a waiver from the Director of Corrections 9 pursuant to clause (4.5) of subsection (a) of Section 3-6-3."

10 (c-4) Before the sentencing hearing and as part of the presentence investigation under Section 5-3-1, the court shall 11 12 inquire of the defendant whether the defendant is currently 13 serving in or is a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United 14 States. If the defendant is currently serving in the Armed 15 Forces of the United States or is a veteran of the Armed Forces 16 of the United States and has been diagnosed as having a mental 17 illness by a qualified psychiatrist or clinical psychologist or physician, the court may: 18

19 (1) order that the officer preparing the presentence 20 report consult with the United States Department of 21 Veterans Affairs, Illinois Department of Veterans' 22 another agency or person with suitable Affairs, or 23 knowledge or experience for the purpose of providing the information regarding 24 court with treatment options 25 available to the defendant, including federal, State, and 26 local programming; and

1 (2) consider the treatment recommendations of any 2 diagnosing or treating mental health professionals 3 together with the treatment options available to the 4 defendant in imposing sentence.

5 For the purposes of this subsection (c-4), "qualified 6 psychiatrist" means a reputable physician licensed in Illinois 7 to practice medicine in all its branches, who has specialized 8 in the diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders 9 for a period of not less than 5 years.

10 (c-6) In imposing a sentence, the trial judge shall 11 specify, on the record, the particular evidence and other 12 reasons which led to his or her determination that a motor 13 vehicle was used in the commission of the offense.

14 <u>(c-7) In imposing a sentence for a Class 3 or 4 felony,</u> 15 <u>other than a violent crime as defined in Section 3 of the</u> 16 <u>Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act, the court shall</u> 17 <u>determine and indicate in the sentencing order whether the</u> 18 <u>defendant has 4 or more or fewer than 4 months remaining on his</u> 19 <u>or her sentence accounting for time served.</u>

(d) When the defendant is committed to the Department of Corrections, the State's Attorney shall and counsel for the defendant may file a statement with the clerk of the court to be transmitted to the department, agency or institution to which the defendant is committed to furnish such department, agency or institution with the facts and circumstances of the offense for which the person was committed together with all

other factual information accessible to them in regard to the 1 2 person prior to his commitment relative to his habits, 3 associates, disposition and reputation and any other facts and circumstances which may aid such department, 4 agency or 5 institution during its custody of such person. The clerk shall within 10 days after receiving any such statements transmit a 6 7 copy to such department, agency or institution and a copy to 8 the other party, provided, however, that this shall not be 9 cause for delay in conveying the person to the department, 10 agency or institution to which he has been committed.

(e) The clerk of the court shall transmit to the department, agency or institution, if any, to which the defendant is committed, the following:

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(1) the sentence imposed;

15 (2) any statement by the court of the basis for
16 imposing the sentence;

17

(3) any presentence reports;

18 (3.5) any sex offender evaluations;

19 (3.6) any substance abuse treatment eligibility 20 screening and assessment of the defendant by an agent 21 designated by the State of Illinois to provide assessment 22 services for the Illinois courts;

(4) the number of days, if any, which the defendant has been in custody and for which he is entitled to credit against the sentence, which information shall be provided to the clerk by the sheriff;

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(4.1) any finding of great bodily harm made by the 1 2 court with respect to an offense enumerated in subsection 3 (c-1);(5) all statements filed under subsection (d) of this 4 5 Section: 6 (6) any medical or mental health records or summaries 7 of the defendant; (7) the municipality where the arrest of the offender 8 9 or the commission of the offense has occurred, where such 10 municipality has a population of more than 25,000 persons; 11 (8) all statements made and evidence offered under 12 paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of this Section; and 13 (9) all additional matters which the court directs the 14 clerk to transmit. (f) In cases in which the court finds that a motor vehicle 15 16 was used in the commission of the offense for which the 17 defendant is being sentenced, the clerk of the court shall, within 5 days thereafter, forward a report of such conviction 18 19 to the Secretary of State. 20 (Source: P.A. 100-961, eff. 1-1-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-105, eff. 1-1-20.) 21 22 (730 ILCS 5/5-4.5-95) 23 Sec. 5-4.5-95. GENERAL RECIDIVISM PROVISIONS. 24 (a) HABITUAL CRIMINALS. 25 (1) Every person who has been twice convicted in any

state or federal court of an offense that contains the 1 same elements as an offense now (the date of the offense 2 3 committed after the 2 prior convictions) classified in Illinois as a Class X felony, criminal sexual assault, 4 5 aggravated kidnapping, or first degree murder, and who is 6 thereafter convicted of a Class X felony, criminal sexual 7 assault, or first degree murder, committed after the 2 prior convictions, shall be adjudged an habitual criminal. 8

9 (2) The 2 prior convictions need not have been for the 10 same offense.

11 (3) Any convictions that result from or are connected 12 with the same transaction, or result from offenses 13 committed at the same time, shall be counted for the 14 purposes of this Section as one conviction.

15 (4) This Section does not apply unless each of the16 following requirements are satisfied:

(A) The third offense was committed after July 3, 1980.

(B) The third offense was committed within 20 years of the date that judgment was entered on the first conviction; provided, however, that time spent in custody shall not be counted.

(C) The third offense was committed afterconviction on the second offense.

(D) The second offense was committed afterconviction on the first offense.

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1 (5) Anyone who, having attained the age of 18 at the 2 time of the third offense, is adjudged an habitual 3 criminal shall be sentenced to a term of natural life 4 imprisonment.

5 (6) A prior conviction shall not be alleged in the indictment, and no evidence or other disclosure of that 6 7 conviction shall be presented to the court or the jury 8 during the trial of an offense set forth in this Section 9 unless otherwise permitted by the issues properly raised 10 in that trial. After a plea or verdict or finding of guilty 11 and before sentence is imposed, the prosecutor may file 12 with the court a verified written statement signed by the State's Attorney concerning any former conviction of an 13 offense set forth in this Section rendered against the 14 15 defendant. The court shall then cause the defendant to be 16 brought before it; shall inform the defendant of the 17 allegations of the statement so filed, and of his or her right to a hearing before the court on the issue of that 18 19 former conviction and of his or her right to counsel at that hearing; and unless the defendant admits 20 such 21 conviction, shall hear and determine the issue, and shall 22 make a written finding thereon. If a sentence has 23 previously been imposed, the court may vacate that 24 sentence and impose a new sentence in accordance with this 25 Section.

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(7) A duly authenticated copy of the record of any

1 alleged former conviction of an offense set forth in this 2 Section shall be prima facie evidence of that former 3 conviction; and a duly authenticated copy of the record of 4 the defendant's final release or discharge from probation 5 granted, or from sentence and parole supervision (if any) 6 imposed pursuant to that former conviction, shall be prima 7 facie evidence of that release or discharge.

8 (8) Any claim that a previous conviction offered by 9 the prosecution is not a former conviction of an offense 10 set forth in this Section because of the existence of any 11 exceptions described in this Section, is waived unless 12 duly raised at the hearing on that conviction, or unless 13 prosecution's proof shows the existence of the the 14 exceptions described in this Section.

If the person so convicted 15 (9) shows to the 16 satisfaction of the court before whom that conviction was 17 had that he or she was released from imprisonment, upon either of the sentences upon a pardon granted for the 18 19 reason that he or she was innocent, that conviction and 20 sentence shall not be considered under this Section.

21 (10) This subsection (a) does not apply to a violation 22 of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled 23 Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and 24 Community Protection Act.

25 (b) When a defendant, over the age of 21 years, is 26 convicted of a Class 1 or Class 2 felony <u>that is a forcible</u>

felony as defined in Section 2-8 of the Criminal Code of 2012, 1 2 except for an offense listed in subsection (c) of this Section, after having twice been convicted in any state or 3 federal court of an offense that contains the same elements as 4 5 an offense now (the date the Class 1 or Class 2 forcible felony was committed) classified in Illinois as a Class 2 or greater 6 7 Class felony that is a forcible felony as defined in Section 2-8 of the Criminal Code of 2012, except for an offense listed 8 9 in subsection (c) of this Section, and those charges are 10 separately brought and tried and arise out of different series 11 of acts, that defendant shall be sentenced as a Class X 12 offender. This subsection does not apply unless: 13 (1) the first felony was committed after February 1, 1978 (the effective date of Public Act 80-1099); 14 15 (2) the second felony was committed after conviction 16 on the first; and 17 (3) the third felony was committed after conviction on the second. 18 19 This subsection (b) does not apply to a violation of the 20 Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act. 21 22 (c) Subsection (b) of this Section does not apply to Class 23 1 or Class 2 felony convictions for a violation of Section 16-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012. 24

A person sentenced as a Class X offender under this subsection (b) is not eligible to apply for treatment as a

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(D-5) (Blank). A violation of subdivision (c)(1) of
 Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act
 which relates to 3 or more grams of a substance containing
 heroin or an analog thereof.

(E) (Blank).

6 (F) A Class 1 or greater felony if the offender had 7 been convicted of a Class 1 or greater felony, including any state or federal conviction for an offense that 8 9 contained, at the time it was committed, the same elements 10 as an offense now (the date of the offense committed after 11 the prior Class 1 or greater felony) classified as a Class 1 or greater felony, within 10 years of the date on which 12 the offender committed the offense for which he or she is 13 14 being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 15 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act. This subparagraph 16 (F) does not apply to a violation of the Cannabis Control 17 Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the 18 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

19 (F-3) A Class 2 or greater felony sex offense or felony firearm offense if the offender had been convicted 20 21 of a Class 2 or greater felony, including any state or 22 federal conviction for an offense that contained, at the 23 time it was committed, the same elements as an offense now 24 (the date of the offense committed after the prior Class 2 25 or greater felony) classified as a Class 2 or greater 26 felony, within 10 years of the date on which the offender

committed the offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act.

(F-5) A violation of Section 24-1, 24-1.1, or 24-1.6 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 for which imprisonment is prescribed in those Sections.

(G) <u>(Blank).</u> Residential burglary, except as otherwise provided in Section 40 10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act.

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(H) Criminal sexual assault.

(I) Aggravated battery of a senior citizen as described in Section 12-4.6 or subdivision (a)(4) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(J) A forcible felony if the offense was related tothe activities of an organized gang.

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" means an association of 5 or more persons, with an established hierarchy, that encourages members of the association to perpetrate crimes or provides support to the members of the association who do commit crimes.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

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(K) Vehicular hijacking.

2 (L) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense 3 of hate crime when the underlying offense upon which the 4 hate crime is based is felony aggravated assault or felony 5 mob action.

6 (M) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense 7 of institutional vandalism if the damage to the property 8 exceeds \$300.

9 (N) A Class 3 felony violation of paragraph (1) of 10 subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Firearm Owners 11 Identification Card Act.

(0) A violation of Section 12-6.1 or 12-6.5 of the
Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(P) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5),
or (7) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the
Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(Q) A violation of subsection (b) or (b-5) of Section
20-1, Section 20-1.2, or Section 20-1.3 of the Criminal
Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

20 (R) A violation of Section 24-3A of the Criminal Code
21 of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

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23

(S) (Blank).

(T) (Blank).

(U) A second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303
 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his or her
 driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because

of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.

5 (V) A violation of paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of 6 Section 11-20.1B or paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of 7 Section 11-20.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal 8 9 Code of 2012 when the victim is under 13 years of age and 10 the defendant has previously been convicted under the laws 11 of this State or any other state of the offense of child 12 pornography, aggravated child pornography, aggravated 13 criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual assault, 14 predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or any of 15 the offenses formerly known as rape, deviate sexual 16 assault, indecent liberties with a child, or aggravated 17 indecent liberties with a child where the victim was under the age of 18 years or an offense that is substantially 18 equivalent to those offenses. 19

20 (W) A violation of Section 24-3.5 of the Criminal Code
21 of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(X) A violation of subsection (a) of Section 31-1a of
 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(Y) A conviction for unlawful possession of a firearm
by a street gang member when the firearm was loaded or
contained firearm ammunition.

(Z) A Class 1 felony committed while he or she was
 serving a term of probation or conditional discharge for a
 felony.

4 (AA) Theft of property exceeding \$500,000 and not
5 exceeding \$1,000,000 in value.

6 (BB) Laundering of criminally derived property of a
7 value exceeding \$500,000.

8 (CC) Knowingly selling, offering for sale, holding for 9 sale, or using 2,000 or more counterfeit items or 10 counterfeit items having a retail value in the aggregate 11 of \$500,000 or more.

12 (DD) A conviction for aggravated assault under 13 paragraph (6) of subsection (c) of Section 12-2 of the 14 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the 15 firearm is aimed toward the person against whom the 16 firearm is being used.

17 (EE) A conviction for a violation of paragraph (2) of
18 subsection (a) of Section 24-3B of the Criminal Code of
19 2012.

20 (3) (Blank).

(4) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10 consecutive days or 30 days of community service shall be imposed for a violation of paragraph (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

25 (4.1) (Blank).

26 (4.2) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.3) and (4.8) of

1 this subsection (c), a minimum of 100 hours of community 2 service shall be imposed for a second violation of Section 3 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

4 (4.3) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300
5 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall
6 be imposed for a second violation of subsection (c) of Section
7 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

8 (4.4) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.5), (4.6), and 9 (4.9) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment 10 of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by 11 the court, shall be imposed for a third or subsequent 12 violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. The 13 court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community 14 service hours for participation in activities and treatment as 15 determined by court services.

16 (4.5) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days shall be 17 imposed for a third violation of subsection (c) of Section 18 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

19 (4.6) Except as provided in paragraph (4.10) of this 20 subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days 21 shall be imposed for a fourth or subsequent violation of 22 subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(4.7) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 30 consecutive days, or 300 hours of community service, shall be imposed for a violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (b-5)

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1 of that Section.

(4.8) A mandatory prison sentence shall be imposed for a
second violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the
Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (c-5) of that
Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for
a period of not less than 5 years from the date of his or her
release from prison.

8 (4.9) A mandatory prison sentence of not less than 4 and 9 not more than 15 years shall be imposed for a third violation 10 of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle 11 Code, as provided in subsection (d-2.5) of that Section. The 12 person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder 13 of his or her life.

(4.10) A mandatory prison sentence for a Class 1 felony shall be imposed, and the person shall be eligible for an extended term sentence, for a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (d-3.5) of that Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of his or her life.

(5) The court may sentence a corporation or unincorporated
 association convicted of any offense to:

23

(A) a period of conditional discharge;

24 (B) a fine;

(C) make restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6
of this Code.

1 (5.1) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and 2 except as provided in paragraph (5.2) or (5.3), a person 3 convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the 4 Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, 5 permit, or privileges suspended for at least 90 days but not 6 more than one year, if the violation resulted in damage to the 7 property of another person.

8 (5.2) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and 9 except as provided in paragraph (5.3), a person convicted of 10 violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois 11 Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, 12 or privileges suspended for at least 180 days but not more than 13 2 years, if the violation resulted in injury to another 14 person.

15 (5.3) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person 16 convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the 17 Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, 18 permit, or privileges suspended for 2 years, if the violation 19 resulted in the death of another person.

(5.4) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for 3 months and until he or she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.

(5.5) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person
 convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle

1 Code during a period in which his or her driver's license, 2 permit, or privileges were suspended for a previous violation 3 of that Section shall have his or her driver's license, 4 permit, or privileges suspended for an additional 6 months 5 after the expiration of the original 3-month suspension and 6 until he or she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.

(6) (Blank).

7

- 8 (7) (Blank).
- 9 (8) (Blank).

10 (9) A defendant convicted of a second or subsequent 11 offense of ritualized abuse of a child may be sentenced to a 12 term of natural life imprisonment.

13 (10) (Blank).

(11) The court shall impose a minimum fine of \$1,000 for a 14 15 first offense and \$2,000 for a second or subsequent offense 16 upon a person convicted of or placed on supervision for 17 battery when the individual harmed was a sports official or coach at any level of competition and the act causing harm to 18 the sports official or coach occurred within an athletic 19 20 facility or within the immediate vicinity of the athletic facility at which the sports official or coach was an active 21 22 participant of the athletic contest held at the athletic 23 facility. For the purposes of this paragraph (11), "sports official" means a person at an athletic contest who enforces 24 25 the rules of the contest, such as an umpire or referee; 26 "athletic facility" means an indoor or outdoor playing field 1 or recreational area where sports activities are conducted; 2 and "coach" means a person recognized as a coach by the 3 sanctioning authority that conducted the sporting event.

4 (12) A person may not receive a disposition of court 5 supervision for a violation of Section 5-16 of the Boat 6 Registration and Safety Act if that person has previously 7 received a disposition of court supervision for a violation of 8 that Section.

9 (13) A person convicted of or placed on court supervision 10 for an assault or aggravated assault when the victim and the 11 offender are family or household members as defined in Section 12 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or convicted of domestic battery or aggravated domestic battery may be 13 14 required to attend a Partner Abuse Intervention Program under 15 protocols set forth by the Illinois Department of Human 16 Services under such terms and conditions imposed by the court. 17 The costs of such classes shall be paid by the offender.

(d) In any case in which a sentence originally imposed is 18 19 vacated, the case shall be remanded to the trial court. The 20 trial court shall hold a hearing under Section 5-4-1 of this Code which may include evidence of the defendant's life, moral 21 22 character and occupation during the time since the original 23 sentence was passed. The trial court shall then impose 24 sentence upon the defendant. The trial court may impose any 25 sentence which could have been imposed at the original trial subject to Section 5-5-4 of this Code. If a sentence is vacated 26

on appeal or on collateral attack due to the failure of the 1 2 trier of fact at trial to determine beyond a reasonable doubt the existence of a fact (other than a prior conviction) 3 necessary to increase the punishment for the offense beyond 4 5 statutory maximum otherwise applicable, either the the defendant may be re-sentenced to a term within the range 6 7 otherwise provided or, if the State files notice of its 8 intention to again seek the extended sentence, the defendant 9 shall be afforded a new trial.

10 (e) In cases where prosecution for aggravated criminal 11 sexual abuse under Section 11-1.60 or 12-16 of the Criminal 12 Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 results in conviction 13 of a defendant who was a family member of the victim at the 14 time of the commission of the offense, the court shall 15 consider the safety and welfare of the victim and may impose a 16 sentence of probation only where:

17 (1) the court finds (A) or (B) or both are 18 appropriate:

(A) the defendant is willing to undergo a court
 approved counseling program for a minimum duration of
 2 years; or

(B) the defendant is willing to participate in a
 court approved plan including but not limited to the
 defendant's:

(i) removal from the household;
(ii) restricted contact with the victim;

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1 (iii) continued financial support of the 2 family;

3 (iv) restitution for harm done to the victim;4 and

5 (v) compliance with any other measures that 6 the court may deem appropriate; and

7 (2) the court orders the defendant to pay for the 8 victim's counseling services, to the extent that the court 9 finds, after considering the defendant's income and 10 assets, that the defendant is financially capable of 11 paying for such services, if the victim was under 18 years 12 of age at the time the offense was committed and requires 13 counseling as a result of the offense.

Probation may be revoked or modified pursuant to Section 5-6-4; except where the court determines at the hearing that the defendant violated a condition of his or her probation restricting contact with the victim or other family members or commits another offense with the victim or other family members, the court shall revoke the defendant's probation and impose a term of imprisonment.

For the purposes of this Section, "family member" and "victim" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 11-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

24 (f) (Blank).

25 (g) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under
26 Sections 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-14,

11-14.3, 11-14.4 except for an offense that involves keeping a 1 2 place of juvenile prostitution, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-13, 3 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 4 5 Criminal Code of 2012, the defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether the defendant has any sexually 6 7 transmissible disease, including a test for infection with 8 human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified 9 causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). 10 Any such medical test shall be performed only by appropriately 11 licensed medical practitioners and may include an analysis of 12 any bodily fluids as well as an examination of the defendant's person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of 13 such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical 14 15 personnel involved in the testing and must be personally 16 delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in 17 which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the 18 19 victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to 20 determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of the test 21 22 results. The court shall also notify the victim if requested 23 by the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's parents or legal guardian, the court 24 25 shall notify the victim's parents or legal guardian of the test results. The court shall provide information on the 26

availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of 1 2 Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of 3 the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A 4 5 State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court 6 shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is 7 8 relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 12-16.2 of the 9 10 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 against the 11 defendant. The court shall order that the cost of any such test 12 shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against 13 the convicted defendant.

is tested for 14 (a-5) When an inmate an airborne 15 communicable disease, as determined by the Illinois Department 16 of Public Health including but not limited to tuberculosis, 17 the results of the test shall be personally delivered by the warden or his or her designee in a sealed envelope to the judge 18 19 of the court in which the inmate must appear for the judge's inspection in camera if requested by the judge. Acting in 20 accordance with the best interests of those in the courtroom, 21 22 the judge shall have the discretion to determine what if any 23 precautions need to be taken to prevent transmission of the 24 disease in the courtroom.

(h) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under
Section 1 or 2 of the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act, the

defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether 1 2 the defendant has been exposed to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired 3 immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Except as otherwise provided 4 5 by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly 6 confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the 7 8 judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the 9 judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the 10 best interests of the public, the judge shall have the 11 discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the 12 testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of a positive test showing an infection with the human 13 14 immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall provide 15 information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to 16 17 whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim 18 19 when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to 20 obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the 21 22 State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a 23 charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 24 25 2012 against the defendant. The court shall order that the 26 cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be

1 taxed as costs against the convicted defendant.

(i) All fines and penalties imposed under this Section for
any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois
Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and
any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a
similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and
disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under the Criminal
and Traffic Assessment Act.

9 (j) In cases when prosecution for any violation of Section 10 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-8, 11-9, 11 11-11, 11-14, 11-14.3, 11-14.4, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 12 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 11-21, 11-30, 11-40, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 13 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 14 Code of 2012, any violation of the Illinois Controlled 15 16 Substances Act, any violation of the Cannabis Control Act, or 17 any violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act results in conviction, a disposition of court 18 supervision, or an order of probation granted under Section 10 19 20 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois 21 Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the 22 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act of a 23 defendant, the court shall determine whether the defendant is 24 employed by a facility or center as defined under the Child 25 Care Act of 1969, a public or private elementary or secondary 26 school, or otherwise works with children under 18 years of age

on a daily basis. When a defendant is so employed, the court 1 2 shall order the Clerk of the Court to send a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation to 3 the defendant's employer by certified mail. If the employer of 4 5 the defendant is a school, the Clerk of the Court shall direct the mailing of a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of 6 7 supervision or probation to the appropriate regional 8 superintendent of schools. The regional superintendent of 9 schools shall notify the State Board of Education of any 10 notification under this subsection.

11 (j-5) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted 12 of a felony and who has not been previously convicted of a 13 misdemeanor or felony and who is sentenced to a term of 14 imprisonment in the Illinois Department of Corrections shall 15 as a condition of his or her sentence be required by the court 16 attend educational courses designed to prepare the to 17 defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing high 18 school equivalency testing or to work toward completing a vocational 19 20 training program offered by the Department of Corrections. If 21 defendant fails to complete the educational training а 22 required by his or her sentence during the term of 23 incarceration, the Prisoner Review Board shall, as a condition 24 of mandatory supervised release, require the defendant, at his 25 or her own expense, to pursue a course of study toward a high 26 school diploma or passage of high school equivalency testing.

1 Review shall The Prisoner Board revoke the mandatory 2 supervised release of a defendant who wilfully fails to comply 3 with this subsection (j-5) upon his or her release from confinement in a penal institution while serving a mandatory 4 5 supervised release term; however, the inability of the 6 defendant after making a good faith effort to obtain financial 7 aid or pay for the educational training shall not be deemed a 8 wilful failure to comply. The Prisoner Review Board shall 9 recommit the defendant whose mandatory supervised release term 10 has been revoked under this subsection (j-5) as provided in 11 Section 3-3-9. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a 12 defendant who has a high school diploma or has successfully 13 passed high school equivalency testing. This subsection (j-5) 14 does not apply to a defendant who is determined by the court to be a person with a developmental disability or otherwise 15 16 mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational 17 program.

18 (k) (Blank).

19 (1) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (C) of subsection 20 (1), whenever a defendant, who is an alien as defined by the Immigration and Nationality Act, is convicted of any felony or 21 22 misdemeanor offense, the court after sentencing the defendant 23 may, upon motion of the State's Attorney, hold sentence in abeyance and remand the defendant to the custody of the 24 25 Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated 26 agent to be deported when:

1 (1) a final order of deportation has been issued 2 against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the 3 Immigration and Nationality Act, and

4 (2) the deportation of the defendant would not 5 deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and 6 would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.

7 Otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as provided in8 this Chapter V.

9 (B) If the defendant has already been sentenced for a 10 felony or misdemeanor offense, or has been placed on probation 11 under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of 12 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the 13 14 court may, upon motion of the State's Attorney to suspend the 15 sentence imposed, commit the defendant to the custody of the 16 Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated 17 agent when:

(1) a final order of deportation has been issued
against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the
Immigration and Nationality Act, and

(2) the deportation of the defendant would not
deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and
would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.

(C) This subsection (1) does not apply to offenders who
are subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection
(a) of Section 3-6-3.

(D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney, if a defendant 1 2 sentenced under this Section returns to the jurisdiction of the United States, the defendant shall be recommitted to the 3 custody of the county from which he or she was sentenced. 4 5 Thereafter, the defendant shall be brought before the sentencing court, which may impose any sentence that was 6 7 available under Section 5-5-3 at the time of initial sentencing. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible 8 9 for additional earned sentence credit as provided under Section 3-6-3. 10

(m) A person convicted of criminal defacement of property under Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, in which the property damage exceeds \$300 and the property damaged is a school building, shall be ordered to perform community service that may include cleanup, removal, or painting over the defacement.

17 The court may sentence a person convicted of a (n) violation of Section 12-19, 12-21, 16-1.3, or 17-56, or 18 19 subsection (a) or (b) of Section 12-4.4a, of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (i) to an impact 20 incarceration program if the person is otherwise eligible for 21 22 that program under Section 5-8-1.1, (ii) to community service, 23 or (iii) if the person has a substance use disorder, as defined 24 in the Substance Use Disorder Act, to a treatment program 25 licensed under that Act.

26

(o) Whenever a person is convicted of a sex offense as

defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act, the defendant's driver's license or permit shall be subject to renewal on an annual basis in accordance with the provisions of license renewal established by the Secretary of State.

5 (Source: P.A. 100-575, eff. 1-8-18; 100-759, eff. 1-1-19;
6 100-987, eff. 7-1-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.)

7 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3.3)

8

Sec. 5-6-3.3. Offender Initiative Program.

9 (a) Statement of purpose. The General Assembly seeks to 10 continue other successful programs that promote public safety, 11 conserve valuable resources, and reduce recidivism by 12 defendants who can lead productive lives by creating the 13 Offender Initiative Program.

14 (a-1) Whenever any person who has not previously been 15 convicted of any felony offense under the laws of this State, 16 the laws of any other state, or the laws of the United States, is arrested for and charged with a probationable felony 17 18 offense of theft, retail theft, forgery, possession of a stolen motor vehicle, burglary, possession of burglary tools, 19 deceptive practices, disorderly conduct, criminal damage or 20 21 trespass to property under Article 21 of the Criminal Code of 22 2012, criminal trespass to a residence, obstructing justice, involving fraudulent identification, 23 offense or an or 24 possession of cannabis, possession of a controlled substance, 25 or possession of methamphetamine, the court, with the consent

of the defendant and the State's Attorney, may continue this
 matter to allow a defendant to participate and complete the
 Offender Initiative Program.

(a-2) Exemptions. A defendant shall not be eligible for 4 5 this Program if the offense he or she has been arrested for and charged with is a violent offense. For purposes of this 6 Program, a "violent offense" is any offense where bodily harm 7 8 was inflicted or where force was used against any person or 9 threatened against any person, any offense involving sexual 10 conduct, sexual penetration, or sexual exploitation, any 11 offense of domestic violence, domestic battery, violation of 12 an order of protection, stalking, hate crime, and any offense 13 involving the possession of a firearm or dangerous weapon. A 14 defendant shall not be eligible for this Program if he or she 15 has previously been adjudicated a delinquent minor for the 16 commission of a violent offense as defined in this subsection.

17 (b) When a defendant is placed in the Program, after both 18 the defendant and State's Attorney waive preliminary hearing 19 pursuant to Section 109-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 20 1963, the court shall enter an order specifying that the 21 proceedings shall be suspended while the defendant is 22 participating in a Program of not less 12 months.

23 (c) The conditions of the Program shall be that the 24 defendant:

(1) not violate any criminal statute of this State orany other jurisdiction;

(2) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
 dangerous weapon;

3 (3) make full restitution to the victim or property
 4 owner pursuant to Section 5-5-6 of this Code;

5 (4) obtain employment or perform not less than 30 6 hours of community service, provided community service is 7 available in the county and is funded and approved by the 8 county board; and

9 (5) attend educational courses designed to prepare the 10 defendant for obtaining a high school diploma or to work 11 toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work 12 toward completing a vocational training program.

13 (c-1) The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of 14 community service hours for participation in activities and 15 treatment as determined by court services.

16 (d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, 17 require that the defendant:

18 (1) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or
19 treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois
20 Department of Human Services;

21 (2) refrain from having in his or her body the 22 illicit drug prohibited presence of any by the 23 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the Cannabis Control Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances 24 Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples 25 of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine 26

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1 the presence of any illicit drug; 2 (3) submit to periodic drug testing at a time, manner, and frequency as ordered by the court; 3 (4) pay fines, fees and costs; and 4 5 (5) in addition, if a minor: 6 (i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster 7 home; (ii) attend school; 8 9 (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth; 10 or 11 (iv) contribute to his or her own support at home 12 or in a foster home. 13 (e) When the State's Attorney makes a factually specific 14 offer of proof that the defendant has failed to successfully 15 complete the Program or has violated any of the conditions of 16 the Program, the court shall enter an order that the defendant 17 has not successfully completed the Program and continue the case for arraignment pursuant to Section 113-1 of the Code of 18 Criminal Procedure of 1963 for further proceedings as if the 19 20 defendant had not participated in the Program. (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of the 21 22 Program, the State's Attorney shall dismiss the case or the

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23 court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings 24 against the person.

25 (g) (Blank). A person may only have one discharge and
 26 dismissal under this Section within a 4 year period.

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(h) Notwithstanding subsection (a-1), if the court finds 1 2 that the defendant suffers from a substance abuse problem, 3 then before the person participates in the Program under this Section, the court may refer the person to the drug court 4 5 established in that judicial circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court Treatment Act. The drug court team shall 6 7 evaluate the person's likelihood of successfully fulfilling 8 the terms and conditions of the Program under this Section and 9 shall report the results of its evaluation to the court. If the 10 drug court team finds that the person suffers from a substance 11 abuse problem that makes him or her substantially unlikely to 12 successfully fulfill the terms and conditions of the Program, then the drug court shall set forth its findings in the form of 13 14 a written order, and the person shall be ineligible to 15 participate in the Program under this Section, but shall be 16 considered for the drug court program.

17 (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-3, eff. 1-1-18; 18 100-575, eff. 1-8-18.)

19 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3.4)

20 Sec. 5-6-3.4. Second Chance Probation.

(a) Whenever any person who has not previously been
convicted of any felony offense under the laws of this State,
the laws of any other state, or the laws of the United States,
and pleads guilty to, or is found guilty of, possession of less
than 15 grams of a controlled substance; possession of less

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than 15 grams of methamphetamine; or a probationable felony 1 2 offense of possession of cannabis, theft, retail theft, 3 forgery, deceptive practices, possession of a stolen motor vehicle, burglary, possession of burglary tools, disorderly 4 5 conduct, criminal damage or trespass to property under Article 21 of the Criminal Code of 2012, criminal trespass to a 6 7 residence, an offense involving fraudulent identification, or 8 obstructing justice; or possession of cannabis, the court, 9 with the consent of the defendant and the State's Attorney, 10 may, without entering a judgment, sentence the defendant to 11 probation under this Section.

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12 (a-1) Exemptions. A defendant is not eligible for this probation if the offense he or she pleads quilty to, or is 13 found quilty of, is a violent offense, or he or she has 14 15 previously been convicted of a violent offense. For purposes 16 of this probation, a "violent offense" is any offense where 17 bodily harm was inflicted or where force was used against any person or threatened against any person, any offense involving 18 sexual conduct, sexual penetration, or sexual exploitation, 19 20 any offense of domestic violence, domestic battery, violation of an order of protection, stalking, hate crime, and any 21 22 offense involving the possession of a firearm or dangerous 23 weapon. A defendant shall not be eligible for this probation if he or she has previously been adjudicated a delinquent 24 25 minor for the commission of a violent offense as defined in 26 this subsection.

1 (b) When a defendant is placed on probation, the court 2 shall enter an order specifying a period of probation of not 3 less than 24 months and shall defer further proceedings in the 4 case until the conclusion of the period or until the filing of 5 a petition alleging violation of a term or condition of 6 probation.

7 (c) The conditions of probation shall be that the 8 defendant:

9 (1) not violate any criminal statute of this State or
10 any other jurisdiction;

11 (2) refrain from possessing a firearm or other12 dangerous weapon;

13 (3) make full restitution to the victim or property
14 owner under Section 5-5-6 of this Code;

15

(4) obtain or attempt to obtain employment;

16

(5) pay fines and costs;

17 (6) attend educational courses designed to prepare the 18 defendant for obtaining a high school diploma or to work 19 toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work 20 toward completing a vocational training program;

(7) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a manner as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times during the period of probation, with the cost of the testing to be paid by the defendant; and

(8) perform a minimum of 30 hours of community
 service. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment

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- of community service hours for participation in activities
 and treatment as determined by court services.
- 3 (d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, 4 require that the defendant:
- 5 (1) make a report to and appear in person before or 6 participate with the court or such courts, person, or 7 social service agency as directed by the court in the 8 order of probation;
- 9 (2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or 10 treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois 11 Department of Human Services;
- 12 (3) attend or reside in a facility established for the13 instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
- 14

(4) support his or her dependents; or

15 (5) refrain from having in his or her body the 16 presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the 17 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the Control Act, or the Illinois 18 Cannabis Controlled 19 Substances Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for 20 21 tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug.

(e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation,
the court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt
and proceed as otherwise provided by law.

25 (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of 26 probation, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss 1 the proceedings against the person.

(g) A disposition of probation is considered to be a conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of probation and for appeal; however, a discharge and dismissal under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of this Code or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime.

8 (h) (Blank). A person may only have one discharge and
9 dismissal under this Section within a 4 year period.

(i) If a person is convicted of any offense which occurred within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and dismissal under this Section, the discharge and dismissal under this Section shall be admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that conviction as evidence in aggravation.

15 (j) Notwithstanding subsection (a), if the court finds that the defendant suffers from a substance abuse problem, 16 17 then before the person is placed on probation under this Section, the court may refer the person to the drug court 18 established in that judicial circuit pursuant to Section 15 of 19 20 the Drug Court Treatment Act. The drug court team shall evaluate the person's likelihood of successfully fulfilling 21 22 the terms and conditions of probation under this Section and 23 shall report the results of its evaluation to the court. If the 24 drug court team finds that the person suffers from a substance 25 abuse problem that makes him or her substantially unlikely to 26 successfully fulfill the terms and conditions of probation

under this Section, then the drug court shall set forth its findings in the form of a written order, and the person shall be ineligible to be placed on probation under this Section, but shall be considered for the drug court program.

5 (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-3, eff. 1-1-18; 6 100-575, eff. 1-8-18.)

7 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-1)

8 Sec. 5-8-1. Natural life imprisonment; enhancements for
9 use of a firearm; mandatory supervised release terms.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in the statute defining
the offense or in Article 4.5 of Chapter V, a sentence of
imprisonment for a felony shall be a determinate sentence set
by the court under this Section, subject to Section 5-4.5-115
of this Code, according to the following limitations:

15

(1) for first degree murder,

16

(a) (blank),

(b) if a trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable 17 doubt that the murder was accompanied by exceptionally 18 brutal or heinous behavior indicative of wanton 19 20 cruelty or, except as set forth in subsection 21 (a) (1) (c) of this Section, that any of the aggravating 22 factors listed in subsection (b) or (b-5) of Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code 23 24 of 2012 are present, the court may sentence the 25 defendant, subject to Section 5-4.5-105, to a term of

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natural life imprisonment, or

(c) the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of natural life imprisonment if the defendant, at the time of the commission of the murder, had attained the age of 18, and

(i) has previously been convicted of first degree murder under any state or federal law, or

(ii) is found guilty of murdering more than one victim, or

10 (iii) is found guilty of murdering a peace 11 officer, fireman, or emergency management worker 12 when the peace officer, fireman, or emergency 13 management worker was killed in the course of 14 performing his official duties, or to prevent the 15 peace officer or fireman from performing his 16 official duties, or in retaliation for the peace 17 officer, fireman, or emergency management worker from performing his official duties, and the 18 19 defendant knew or should have known that the 20 murdered individual was a peace officer, fireman, 21 or emergency management worker, or

(iv) is found guilty of murdering an employee
of an institution or facility of the Department of
Corrections, or any similar local correctional
agency, when the employee was killed in the course
of performing his official duties, or to prevent

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the employee from performing his official duties, or in retaliation for the employee performing his official duties, or

(v) is found guilty of murdering an emergency 4 5 medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical 6 7 technician - paramedic, ambulance driver or other medical assistance or first aid person while 8 9 employed by a municipality or other governmental 10 unit when the person was killed in the course of 11 performing official duties or to prevent the 12 person from performing official duties or in 13 retaliation for performing official duties and the 14 defendant knew or should have known that the 15 murdered individual was an emergency medical 16 technician ambulance, emergency medical 17 technician - intermediate, emergency medical 18 technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other 19 medical assistant or first aid personnel, or

(vi) (blank), or

21 (vii) is found guilty of first degree murder 22 and the murder was committed by reason of any 23 person's activity as a community policing 24 volunteer or to prevent any person from engaging 25 in activity as a community policing volunteer. For 26 the purpose of this Section, "community policing - 190 - LRB102 12161 KMF 17498 b

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volunteer" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

For purposes of clause (v), "emergency medical technician - ambulance", "emergency medical technician - intermediate", "emergency medical technician paramedic", have the meanings ascribed to them in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act.

> (d)(i) if the person committed the offense while armed with a firearm, 15 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;

(ii) if, during the commission of the offense, the person personally discharged a firearm, 20 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;

(iii) if, during the commission of the offense, the person personally discharged a firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person, 25 years or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.

22 (2) (blank);

(2.5) for a person who has attained the age of 18 years
at the time of the commission of the offense and who is
convicted under the circumstances described in subdivision
(b) (1) (B) of Section 11-1.20 or paragraph (3) of

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subsection (b) of Section 12-13, subdivision (d)(2) of 1 Section 11-1.30 or paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of 2 Section 12-14, subdivision (b)(1.2) of Section 11-1.40 or 3 paragraph (1.2) of subsection (b) of Section 12-14.1, 4 5 subdivision (b)(2) of Section 11-1.40 or paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 12-14.1 of the Criminal Code of 6 7 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the sentence shall be a 8 term of natural life imprisonment.

- 9 (b) (Blank).
- 10 (c) (Blank).

(d) Subject to earlier termination under Section 3-3-8, the parole or mandatory supervised release term shall be written as part of the sentencing order and shall be as follows:

15 (1) for first degree murder or a Class X felony except 16 for the offenses of predatory criminal sexual assault of a 17 child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, and criminal sexual assault if committed on or after the effective date 18 19 of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly and 20 except for the offense of aggravated child pornography under Section 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-20.1 with 21 sentencing under subsection (c-5) of Section 11-20.1 of 22 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, 23 if committed on or after January 1, 2009, 3 years; 24 25 (1.5) for a Class X felony except for the offenses of

26 <u>predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated</u>

1	criminal sexual assault, and criminal sexual assault if
2	committed on or after December 13, 2005 (the effective
3	date of Public Act 94-715) and except for the offense of
4	aggravated child pornography under Section 11-20.1B.
5	11-20.3, or 11-20.1 with sentencing under subsection (c-5)
6	of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
7	Criminal Code of 2012, if committed on or after January 1,
8	2009, 18 months;

9 (2) for a Class 1 felony or a Class 2 felony except for 10 the offense of criminal sexual assault if committed on or after December 13, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 11 12 94-715) this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly except for the offenses of manufacture 13 and and 14 dissemination of child pornography under clauses (a) (1) and (a) (2) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 15 16 or the Criminal Code of 2012, if committed on or after January 1, 2009, 18 months 2 years; 17

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(3) for a Class 3 felony or a Class 4 felony, 1 year;

19 (4) for defendants who commit the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal 20 21 sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault, on or after 22 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th 23 General Assembly, or who commit the offense of aggravated 24 child pornography under Section 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 25 11-20.1 with sentencing under subsection (c-5) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code 26

1 of 2012, manufacture of child pornography, or 2 dissemination of child pornography after January 1, 2009, 3 the term of mandatory supervised release shall range from a minimum of 3 years to a maximum of the natural life of 4 5 the defendant;

6 (5) if the victim is under 18 years of age, for a 7 second or subsequent offense of aggravated criminal sexual 8 abuse or felony criminal sexual abuse, 4 years, at least 9 the first 2 years of which the defendant shall serve in an 10 electronic monitoring or home detention program under 11 Article 8A of Chapter V of this Code;

12 (6) for a felony domestic battery, aggravated domestic
13 battery, stalking, aggravated stalking, and a felony
14 violation of an order of protection, 4 years.

15 (e) (Blank).

16 (f) (Blank).

17 (Source: P.A. 100-431, eff. 8-25-17; 100-1182, eff. 6-1-19; 18 101-288, eff. 1-1-20.)

19 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-2)

20 Sec. 5-8-2. Extended Term.

(a) A judge shall not sentence an offender to a term of imprisonment in excess of the maximum sentence authorized by Article 4.5 of Chapter V for an offense or offenses within the class of the most serious offense of which the offender was convicted unless the factors in aggravation set forth in Section 5-5-3.2 or clause (a)(1)(b) of Section 5-8-1 were found to be present. If the pre-trial and trial proceedings were conducted in compliance with subsection (c-5) of Section 111-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, the judge may sentence an offender to an extended term as provided in Article 4.5 of Chapter V (730 ILCS 5/Ch. V, Art. 4.5).

7 (b) If the conviction was by plea, it shall appear on the 8 record that the plea was entered with the defendant's 9 knowledge that a sentence under this Section was а 10 possibility. If it does not so appear on the record, the 11 defendant shall not be subject to such a sentence unless he is 12 first given an opportunity to withdraw his plea without prejudice. 13

14 (c) An extended term as provided in Article 4.5 of Chapter 15 <u>V may not be imposed for a violation of the Cannabis Control</u> 16 <u>Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the</u> 17 <u>Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.</u>

18 (Source: P.A. 95-1052, eff. 7-1-09; 96-1200, eff. 7-22-10.)

19 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-6) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-6)

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Sec. 5-8-6. Place of confinement.

(a) <u>Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (a)</u>,
<u>offenders</u> Offenders sentenced to a term of imprisonment for a
felony shall be committed to the penitentiary system of the
Department of Corrections. However, such sentence shall not
limit the powers of the Department of Children and Family

Services in relation to any child under the age of one year in 1 2 the sole custody of a person so sentenced, nor in relation to 3 any child delivered by a female so sentenced while she is so confined as a consequence of such sentence. Except as 4 5 otherwise provided in this subsection (a), a A person sentenced for a felony may be assigned by the Department of 6 7 Corrections to any of its institutions, facilities or 8 programs. An offender sentenced to a term of imprisonment for 9 a Class 3 or 4 felony, other than a violent crime as defined in 10 Section 3 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act, in 11 which the sentencing order indicates that the offender has 12 less than 4 months remaining on his or her sentence accounting for time served may not be confined in the penitentiary system 13 14 of the Department of Corrections but may be assigned to electronic home detention under Article 8A of this Chapter V, 15 an adult transition center, or another facility or program 16 17 within the Department of Corrections.

(b) Offenders sentenced to a term of imprisonment for less
than one year shall be committed to the custody of the sheriff.
A person committed to the Department of Corrections, prior to
July 14, 1983, for less than one year may be assigned by the
Department to any of its institutions, facilities or programs.

(c) All offenders under 18 years of age when sentenced to imprisonment shall be committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice and the court in its order of commitment shall set a definite term. The provisions of Section 3-3-3 shall be a part of such commitment as fully as though written in the order of commitment. The place of confinement for sentences imposed before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly are not affected or abated by this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly.

6 (d) No defendant shall be committed to the Department of 7 Corrections for the recovery of a fine or costs.

8 When a court sentences a defendant to a term of (e) 9 imprisonment concurrent with a previous and unexpired sentence 10 of imprisonment imposed by any district court of the United 11 States, it may commit the offender to the custody of the 12 Attorney General of the United States. The Attorney General of 13 the United States, or the authorized representative of the 14 Attorney General of the United States, shall be furnished with 15 the warrant of commitment from the court imposing sentence, 16 which warrant of commitment shall provide that, when the 17 offender is released from federal confinement, whether by parole or by termination of sentence, the offender shall be 18 19 transferred by the Sheriff of the committing county to the 20 Department of Corrections. The court shall cause the Department to be notified of such sentence at the time of 21 22 commitment and to be provided with copies of all records 23 regarding the sentence.

24 (Source: P.A. 99-628, eff. 1-1-17.)

25 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes

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1 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text 2 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section 3 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does 4 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes 5 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other 6 Public Act.

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