

SB3024



102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

SB3024

Introduced 1/5/2022, by Sen. Melinda Bush

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 570/318

Amends the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. Provides that in accordance with an agreement entered into with the Department of Human Services, an authorized employee of a county or municipal health department or the Department of Public Health shall have access to data from the prescription inquiry system for any of the following purposes: (1) developing education programs or public health interventions relating to specific prescribing practices, controlled substances and the prevention of fraud and abuse; or (2) conducting analyses and publish reports on prescribing trends in their respective jurisdictions. Provides that analyses and reports must not include information that identifies, by name, license, or address, any practitioner, dispenser, ultimate user, or other person administering a controlled substance. Provides that any county or municipal health department accessing data from the system shall implement appropriate technical and physical safeguards to ensure the privacy and security of data obtained from the system.

LRB102 22161 RLC 31290 b

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
5 amended by changing Section 318 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 570/318)

7 Sec. 318. Confidentiality of information.

8 (a) Information received by the central repository under
9 Section 316 and former Section 321 is confidential.

10 (a-1) To ensure the federal Health Insurance Portability
11 and Accountability Act privacy of an individual's prescription
12 data reported to the Prescription Monitoring Program received
13 from a retail dispenser under this Act, and in order to execute
14 the duties and responsibilities under Section 316 of this Act
15 and rules for disclosure under this Section, the Clinical
16 Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program or his or her
17 designee shall maintain direct access to all Prescription
18 Monitoring Program data. Any request for Prescription
19 Monitoring Program data from any other department or agency
20 must be approved in writing by the Clinical Director of the
21 Prescription Monitoring Program or his or her designee unless
22 otherwise permitted by law. Prescription Monitoring Program
23 data shall only be disclosed as permitted by law.

1 (a-2) As an active step to address the current opioid
2 crisis in this State and to prevent and reduce addiction
3 resulting from a sports injury or an accident, the
4 Prescription Monitoring Program and the Department of Public
5 Health shall coordinate a continuous review of the
6 Prescription Monitoring Program and the Department of Public
7 Health data to determine if a patient may be at risk of opioid
8 addiction. Each patient discharged from any medical facility
9 with an International Classification of Disease, 10th edition
10 code related to a sport or accident injury shall be subject to
11 the data review. If the discharged patient is dispensed a
12 controlled substance, the Prescription Monitoring Program
13 shall alert the patient's prescriber as to the addiction risk
14 and urge each to follow the Centers for Disease Control and
15 Prevention guidelines or his or her respective profession's
16 treatment guidelines related to the patient's injury. This
17 subsection (a-2), other than this sentence, is inoperative on
18 or after January 1, 2024.

19 (b) The Department must carry out a program to protect the
20 confidentiality of the information described in subsection
21 (a). The Department may disclose the information to another
22 person only under subsection (c), (d), or (f) and may charge a
23 fee not to exceed the actual cost of furnishing the
24 information.

25 (c) The Department may disclose confidential information
26 described in subsection (a) to any person who is engaged in

1 receiving, processing, or storing the information.

2 (d) The Department may release confidential information
3 described in subsection (a) to the following persons:

4 (1) A governing body that licenses practitioners and
5 is engaged in an investigation, an adjudication, or a
6 prosecution of a violation under any State or federal law
7 that involves a controlled substance.

8 (2) An investigator for the Consumer Protection
9 Division of the office of the Attorney General, a
10 prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy
11 Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of
12 the Attorney General, who is engaged in any of the
13 following activities involving controlled substances:

14 (A) an investigation;

15 (B) an adjudication; or

16 (C) a prosecution of a violation under any State
17 or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

18 (3) A law enforcement officer who is:

19 (A) authorized by the Illinois State Police or the
20 office of a county sheriff or State's Attorney or
21 municipal police department of Illinois to receive
22 information of the type requested for the purpose of
23 investigations involving controlled substances; or

24 (B) approved by the Department to receive
25 information of the type requested for the purpose of
26 investigations involving controlled substances; and

1 (C) engaged in the investigation or prosecution of
2 a violation under any State or federal law that
3 involves a controlled substance.

4 (4) Select representatives of the Department of
5 Children and Family Services through the indirect online
6 request process. Access shall be established by an
7 intergovernmental agreement between the Department of
8 Children and Family Services and the Department of Human
9 Services.

10 (e) Before the Department releases confidential
11 information under subsection (d), the applicant must
12 demonstrate in writing to the Department that:

13 (1) the applicant has reason to believe that a
14 violation under any State or federal law that involves a
15 controlled substance has occurred; and

16 (2) the requested information is reasonably related to
17 the investigation, adjudication, or prosecution of the
18 violation described in subdivision (1).

19 (f) The Department may receive and release prescription
20 record information under Section 316 and former Section 321
21 to:

22 (1) a governing body that licenses practitioners;

23 (2) an investigator for the Consumer Protection
24 Division of the office of the Attorney General, a
25 prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy
26 Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of

1 the Attorney General;

2 (3) any Illinois law enforcement officer who is:

3 (A) authorized to receive the type of information
4 released; and

5 (B) approved by the Department to receive the type
6 of information released; or

7 (4) prescription monitoring entities in other states
8 per the provisions outlined in subsection (g) and (h)
9 below;

10 confidential prescription record information collected under
11 Sections 316 and 321 (now repealed) that identifies vendors or
12 practitioners, or both, who are prescribing or dispensing
13 large quantities of Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled
14 substances outside the scope of their practice, pharmacy, or
15 business, as determined by the Advisory Committee created by
16 Section 320.

17 (f-5) In accordance with an agreement entered into with
18 the Department, an authorized employee of a county or
19 municipal health department or the Department of Public Health
20 shall have access to data from the system for any of the
21 following purposes:

22 (1) developing education programs or public health
23 interventions relating to specific prescribing
24 practices, controlled substances and the prevention of
25 fraud and abuse; or

26 (2) conducting analyses and publish reports on

1 prescribing trends in their respective jurisdictions.
2 Analyses and reports created as part of subparagraph (2)
3 must not include information that identifies, by name,
4 license, or address, any practitioner, dispenser, ultimate
5 user, or other person administering a controlled substance.
6 Any county or municipal health department accessing data from
7 the system shall implement appropriate technical and physical
8 safeguards to ensure the privacy and security of data obtained
9 from the system.

10 (g) The information described in subsection (f) may not be
11 released until it has been reviewed by an employee of the
12 Department who is licensed as a prescriber or a dispenser and
13 until that employee has certified that further investigation
14 is warranted. However, failure to comply with this subsection
15 (g) does not invalidate the use of any evidence that is
16 otherwise admissible in a proceeding described in subsection
17 (h).

18 (h) An investigator or a law enforcement officer receiving
19 confidential information under subsection (c), (d), or (f) may
20 disclose the information to a law enforcement officer or an
21 attorney for the office of the Attorney General for use as
22 evidence in the following:

23 (1) A proceeding under any State or federal law that
24 involves a controlled substance.

25 (2) A criminal proceeding or a proceeding in juvenile
26 court that involves a controlled substance.

1 (i) The Department may compile statistical reports from
2 the information described in subsection (a). The reports must
3 not include information that identifies, by name, license or
4 address, any practitioner, dispenser, ultimate user, or other
5 person administering a controlled substance.

6 (j) Based upon federal, initial and maintenance funding, a
7 prescriber and dispenser inquiry system shall be developed to
8 assist the health care community in its goal of effective
9 clinical practice and to prevent patients from diverting or
10 abusing medications.

11 (1) An inquirer shall have read-only access to a
12 stand-alone database which shall contain records for the
13 previous 12 months.

14 (2) Dispensers may, upon positive and secure
15 identification, make an inquiry on a patient or customer
16 solely for a medical purpose as delineated within the
17 federal HIPAA law.

18 (3) The Department shall provide a one-to-one secure
19 link and encrypted software necessary to establish the
20 link between an inquirer and the Department. Technical
21 assistance shall also be provided.

22 (4) Written inquiries are acceptable but must include
23 the fee and the requester's ~~requestor's~~ Drug Enforcement
24 Administration license number and submitted upon the
25 requester's ~~requestor's~~ business stationery.

26 (5) As directed by the Prescription Monitoring Program

1 Advisory Committee and the Clinical Director for the
2 Prescription Monitoring Program, aggregate data that does
3 not indicate any prescriber, practitioner, dispenser, or
4 patient may be used for clinical studies.

5 (6) Tracking analysis shall be established and used
6 per administrative rule.

7 (7) Nothing in this Act or Illinois law shall be
8 construed to require a prescriber or dispenser to make use
9 of this inquiry system.

10 (8) If there is an adverse outcome because of a
11 prescriber or dispenser making an inquiry, which is
12 initiated in good faith, the prescriber or dispenser shall
13 be held harmless from any civil liability.

14 (k) The Department shall establish, by rule, the process
15 by which to evaluate possible erroneous association of
16 prescriptions to any licensed prescriber or end user of the
17 Illinois Prescription Information Library (PIL).

18 (l) The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee
19 is authorized to evaluate the need for and method of
20 establishing a patient specific identifier.

21 (m) Patients who identify prescriptions attributed to them
22 that were not obtained by them shall be given access to their
23 personal prescription history pursuant to the validation
24 process as set forth by administrative rule.

25 (n) The Prescription Monitoring Program is authorized to
26 develop operational push reports to entities with compatible

1 electronic medical records. The process shall be covered
2 within administrative rule established by the Department.

3 (o) Hospital emergency departments and freestanding
4 healthcare facilities providing healthcare to walk-in patients
5 may obtain, for the purpose of improving patient care, a
6 unique identifier for each shift to utilize the PII system.

7 (p) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall
8 automatically create a log-in to the inquiry system when a
9 prescriber or dispenser obtains or renews his or her
10 controlled substance license. The Department of Financial and
11 Professional Regulation must provide the Prescription
12 Monitoring Program with electronic access to the license
13 information of a prescriber or dispenser to facilitate the
14 creation of this profile. The Prescription Monitoring Program
15 shall send the prescriber or dispenser information regarding
16 the inquiry system, including instructions on how to log into
17 the system, instructions on how to use the system to promote
18 effective clinical practice, and opportunities for continuing
19 education for the prescribing of controlled substances. The
20 Prescription Monitoring Program shall also send to all
21 enrolled prescribers, dispensers, and designees information
22 regarding the unsolicited reports produced pursuant to Section
23 314.5 of this Act.

24 (q) A prescriber or dispenser may authorize a designee to
25 consult the inquiry system established by the Department under
26 this subsection on his or her behalf, provided that all the

1 following conditions are met:

2 (1) the designee so authorized is employed by the same
3 hospital or health care system; is employed by the same
4 professional practice; or is under contract with such
5 practice, hospital, or health care system;

6 (2) the prescriber or dispenser takes reasonable steps
7 to ensure that such designee is sufficiently competent in
8 the use of the inquiry system;

9 (3) the prescriber or dispenser remains responsible
10 for ensuring that access to the inquiry system by the
11 designee is limited to authorized purposes and occurs in a
12 manner that protects the confidentiality of the
13 information obtained from the inquiry system, and remains
14 responsible for any breach of confidentiality; and

15 (4) the ultimate decision as to whether or not to
16 prescribe or dispense a controlled substance remains with
17 the prescriber or dispenser.

18 The Prescription Monitoring Program shall send to
19 registered designees information regarding the inquiry system,
20 including instructions on how to log onto the system.

21 (r) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall maintain an
22 Internet website in conjunction with its prescriber and
23 dispenser inquiry system. This website shall include, at a
24 minimum, the following information:

25 (1) current clinical guidelines developed by health
26 care professional organizations on the prescribing of

1 opioids or other controlled substances as determined by
2 the Advisory Committee;

3 (2) accredited continuing education programs related
4 to prescribing of controlled substances;

5 (3) programs or information developed by health care
6 professionals that may be used to assess patients or help
7 ensure compliance with prescriptions;

8 (4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the
9 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other
10 public and private organizations which are relevant to
11 prescribing;

12 (5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;

13 (6) other information regarding the prescription of
14 controlled substances; and

15 (7) information regarding prescription drug disposal
16 events, including take-back programs or other disposal
17 options or events.

18 The content of the Internet website shall be periodically
19 reviewed by the Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory
20 Committee as set forth in Section 320 and updated in
21 accordance with the recommendation of the advisory committee.

22 (s) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall regularly
23 send electronic updates to the registered users of the
24 Program. The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory
25 Committee shall review any communications sent to registered
26 users and also make recommendations for communications as set

1 forth in Section 320. These updates shall include the
2 following information:

3 (1) opportunities for accredited continuing education
4 programs related to prescribing of controlled substances;

5 (2) current clinical guidelines developed by health
6 care professional organizations on the prescribing of
7 opioids or other drugs as determined by the Advisory
8 Committee;

9 (3) programs or information developed by health care
10 professionals that may be used to assess patients or help
11 ensure compliance with prescriptions;

12 (4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the
13 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other
14 public and private organizations which are relevant to
15 prescribing;

16 (5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;

17 (6) other information regarding prescribing of
18 controlled substances;

19 (7) information regarding prescription drug disposal
20 events, including take-back programs or other disposal
21 options or events; and

22 (8) reminders that the Prescription Monitoring Program
23 is a useful clinical tool.

24 (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-125, eff. 1-1-18;
25 100-1093, eff. 8-26-18.)