

1 AN ACT concerning State government.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by
5 changing Section 4.35 as follows:

6 (5 ILCS 80/4.35)

7 Sec. 4.35. Acts ~~Act~~ repealed on January 1, 2025. The
8 following Acts ~~are Act is~~ repealed on January 1, 2025:

9 The Genetic Counselor Licensing Act.

10 The Illinois Certified Shorthand Reporters Act of 1984.

11 (Source: P.A. 98-813, eff. 1-1-15.)

12 (5 ILCS 80/4.34 rep.)

13 Section 10. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by
14 repealing Section 4.34.

15 Section 15. The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act is
16 amended by changing and renumbering Section 5-45.35, as added
17 by Public Act 102-1115, as follows:

18 (5 ILCS 100/5-45.44)

19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 9, 2024)

20 Sec. 5-45.44 ~~5-45.35~~. Emergency rulemaking; Hate Crimes

1 and Bias Incident Prevention and Response Fund and Local
2 Chambers of Commerce Recovery Grants. To provide for the
3 expeditious and timely implementation of Public Act 102-1115
4 ~~this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly~~, emergency
5 rules implementing Section 6z-138 of the State Finance Act may
6 be adopted in accordance with Section 5-45 by the Department
7 of Human Rights and emergency rules implementing Section
8 605-1105 of the Department of Commerce and Economic
9 Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois
10 may be adopted in accordance with Section 5-45 by the
11 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity. The adoption
12 of emergency rules authorized by Section 5-45 and this Section
13 is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and
14 welfare.

15 This Section is repealed on March 31, 2024 ~~one year after~~
16 ~~the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General~~
17 ~~Assembly.~~

18 (Source: P.A. 102-1115, eff. 1-9-23; revised 9-27-23.)

19 Section 20. The Election Code is amended by changing
20 Section 1-23 as follows:

21 (10 ILCS 5/1-23)

22 (Section scheduled to be repealed on June 1, 2024)

23 Sec. 1-23. Ranked-Choice and Voting Systems Task Force.

24 (a) The Ranked-Choice and Voting Systems Task Force is

1 created. The purpose of the Task Force is to review voting
2 systems and the methods of voting, including ranked-choice
3 voting, that could be authorized by law. The Task Force shall
4 have the following duties:

5 (1) Engage election officials, interested groups, and
6 members of the public for the purpose of assessing the
7 adoption and implementation of ranked-choice voting in
8 presidential primary elections beginning in 2028.

9 (2) Review standards used to certify or approve the
10 use of a voting system, including the standards adopted by
11 the U.S. Election Assistance Commission and the State
12 Board of Elections.

13 (3) Advise whether the voting system used by Illinois
14 election authorities would be able to accommodate
15 alternative methods of voting, including, but not limited
16 to, ranked-choice voting.

17 (4) Make recommendations or suggestions for changes to
18 the Election Code or administrative rules for
19 certification of voting systems in Illinois to accommodate
20 alternative methods of voting, including ranked-choice
21 voting.

22 (b) On or before June 30, 2025 ~~March 1, 2024~~, the Task
23 Force shall publish a final report of its findings and
24 recommendations. The report shall, at a minimum, detail
25 findings and recommendations related to the duties of the Task
26 Force and the following:

1 (1) the process used in Illinois to certify voting
2 systems, including which systems can conduct ranked-choice
3 voting; and

4 (2) information about the voting system used by
5 election authorities, including which election authorities
6 rely on legacy hardware and software for voting and which
7 counties and election authorities rely on equipment for
8 voting that has not exceeded its usable life span but
9 require a software upgrade to accommodate ranked-choice
10 voting. In this paragraph, "legacy hardware and software"
11 means equipment that has exceeded its usable life span.

12 (c) The Task Force shall consist of the following members:

13 (1) 4 members, appointed by the Senate President,
14 including 2 members of the Senate and 2 members of the
15 public;

16 (2) 4 members, appointed by the Speaker of the House
17 of Representatives, including 2 members of the House of
18 Representatives and 2 members of the public;

19 (3) 4 members, appointed by the Minority Leader of the
20 Senate, including 2 members of the Senate and 2 members of
21 the public;

22 (4) 4 members, appointed by the Minority Leader of the
23 House of Representatives, including 2 members of the House
24 of Representatives and 2 members of the public;

25 (5) 4 members, appointed by the Governor, including at
26 least 2 members with knowledge and experience

1 administering elections.

2 (d) Appointments to the Task Force shall be made within 30
3 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
4 103rd General Assembly. Members shall serve without
5 compensation.

6 (e) The Task Force shall meet at the call of a co-chair at
7 least quarterly to fulfill its duties. At the first meeting of
8 the Task Force, the Task Force shall elect one co-chair from
9 the members appointed by the Senate President and one co-chair
10 from the members appointed by the Speaker of the House of
11 Representatives.

12 (f) The State Board of Elections shall provide
13 administrative support for the Task Force.

14 (g) This Section is repealed, and the Task Force is
15 dissolved, on July 1, 2025 ~~June 1, 2024~~.

16 (Source: P.A. 103-467, eff. 8-4-23.)

17 Section 25. The Department of Commerce and Economic
18 Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois
19 is amended by changing Section 605-1080 as follows:

20 (20 ILCS 605/605-1080)

21 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

22 Sec. 605-1080. Personal care products industry supplier
23 disparity study.

24 (a) The Department shall compile and publish a disparity

1 study by December 31, 2022 that: (1) evaluates whether there
2 exists intentional discrimination at the supplier or
3 distribution level for retailers of beauty products,
4 cosmetics, hair care supplies, and personal care products in
5 the State of Illinois; and (2) if so, evaluates the impact of
6 such discrimination on the State and includes recommendations
7 for reducing or eliminating any barriers to entry to those
8 wishing to establish businesses at the retail level involving
9 such products. The Department shall forward a copy of its
10 findings and recommendations to the General Assembly and
11 Governor.

12 (b) The Department may compile, collect, or otherwise
13 gather data necessary for the administration of this Section
14 and to carry out the Department's duty relating to the
15 recommendation of policy changes. The Department shall compile
16 all of the data into a single report, submit the report to the
17 Governor and the General Assembly, and publish the report on
18 its website.

19 (c) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026 ~~2024~~.
20 (Source: P.A. 101-658, eff. 3-23-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

21 Section 30. The Electric Vehicle Act is amended by
22 changing Section 60 as follows:

23 (20 ILCS 627/60)

24 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

1 Sec. 60. Study on loss of infrastructure funds and
2 replacement options. The Illinois Department of Transportation
3 shall conduct a study to be delivered to the members of the
4 Illinois General Assembly and made available to the public no
5 later than September 30, 2022. The study shall consider how
6 the proliferation of electric vehicles will adversely affect
7 resources needed for transportation infrastructure and take
8 into consideration any relevant federal actions. The study
9 shall identify the potential revenue loss and offer multiple
10 options for replacing those lost revenues. The Illinois
11 Department of Transportation shall collaborate with
12 organizations representing businesses involved in designing
13 and building transportation infrastructure, organized labor,
14 the general business community, and users of the system. In
15 addition, the Illinois Department of Transportation may
16 collaborate with other state agencies, including but not
17 limited to the Illinois Secretary of State and the Illinois
18 Department of Revenue.

19 This Section is repealed on January 1, 2025 ~~2024~~.

20 (Source: P.A. 102-662, eff. 9-15-21; 102-673, eff. 11-30-21.)

21 Section 35. The Department of Transportation Law of the
22 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing
23 Section 2705-620 as follows:

24 (20 ILCS 2705/2705-620)

1 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)
2 Sec. 2705-620. Bond Reform in the Construction Industry
3 Task Force.

4 (a) There is created the Bond Reform in the Construction
5 Industry Task Force consisting of the following members:

6 (1) the Governor, or his or her designee;

7 (2) the State Treasurer, or his or her designee;

8 (3) the Director of Insurance, or his or her designee;

9 (4) 2 members appointed by the Speaker of the House of
10 Representatives;

11 (5) 2 members appointed by the Minority Leader of the
12 House of Representatives;

13 (6) 2 members appointed by the President of the
14 Senate;

15 (7) 2 members appointed by the Minority Leader of the
16 Senate; and

17 (8) 7 members representing the construction industry
18 appointed by the Governor.

19 The Department of Transportation shall provide
20 administrative support to the Task Force.

21 (b) The Task Force shall study innovative ways to reduce
22 the cost of insurance in the private and public construction
23 industry while protecting owners from risk of nonperformance.
24 The Task Force shall consider options that include, but are
25 not limited to, owner-financed insurance instead of
26 contractor-financed insurance and alternative ways to manage

1 risk other than bonds or other insurance products.

2 (c) The Task Force shall report its findings and
3 recommendations to the General Assembly no later than July 1,
4 2024 ~~March 1, 2023~~.

5 (d) This Section is repealed December 31, 2024 ~~2023~~.

6 (Source: P.A. 102-1065, eff. 6-10-22.)

7 Section 40. The Illinois Power Agency Act is amended by
8 changing Section 1-130 as follows:

9 (20 ILCS 3855/1-130)

10 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

11 Sec. 1-130. Home rule preemption.

12 (a) The authorization to impose any new taxes or fees
13 specifically related to the generation of electricity by, the
14 capacity to generate electricity by, or the emissions into the
15 atmosphere by electric generating facilities after the
16 effective date of this Act is an exclusive power and function
17 of the State. A home rule unit may not levy any new taxes or
18 fees specifically related to the generation of electricity by,
19 the capacity to generate electricity by, or the emissions into
20 the atmosphere by electric generating facilities after the
21 effective date of this Act. This Section is a denial and
22 limitation on home rule powers and functions under subsection
23 (g) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

24 (b) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2025 ~~2024~~.

1 (Source: P.A. 101-639, eff. 6-12-20; 102-671, eff. 11-30-21;
2 102-1109, eff. 12-21-22.)

3 Section 45. The Crime Reduction Task Force Act is amended
4 by changing Sections 1-15 and 1-20 as follows:

5 (20 ILCS 3926/1-15)

6 (Section scheduled to be repealed on March 1, 2024)

7 Sec. 1-15. Meetings; report.

8 (a) The Task Force shall meet at least 4 times with the
9 first meeting occurring within 60 days after the effective
10 date of this Act.

11 (b) The Task Force shall review available research and
12 best practices and take expert and witness testimony.

13 (c) The Task Force shall produce and submit a report
14 detailing the Task Force's findings, recommendations, and
15 needed resources to the General Assembly and the Governor on
16 or before June 30, 2024 ~~March 1, 2023~~.

17 (Source: P.A. 102-756, eff. 5-10-22.)

18 (20 ILCS 3926/1-20)

19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on March 1, 2024)

20 Sec. 1-20. Repeal. This Act is repealed on January 1, 2025
21 ~~March 1, 2024~~.

22 (Source: P.A. 102-756, eff. 5-10-22.)

1 Section 50. The Racial Disproportionality in Child Welfare
2 Task Force Act is amended by changing Section 30 as follows:

3 (20 ILCS 4105/30)

4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

5 Sec. 30. Repeal. The Task Force is dissolved, and this Act
6 is repealed on, June 30, 2024 ~~January 1, 2024~~.

7 (Source: P.A. 102-506, eff. 8-20-21.)

8 Section 55. The Blue-Ribbon Commission on Transportation
9 Infrastructure Funding and Policy Act is amended by changing
10 Sections 25 and 30 as follows:

11 (20 ILCS 4116/25)

12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on February 1, 2024)

13 Sec. 25. Report. The Commission shall direct the Illinois
14 Department of Transportation to enter into a contract with a
15 third party to assist the Commission in producing a document
16 that evaluates the topics under this Act and outline formal
17 recommendations that can be acted upon by the General
18 Assembly. The Commission shall report a summary of its
19 activities and produce a final report of the data, findings,
20 and recommendations to the General Assembly by July 1, 2025
21 ~~January 1, 2024~~. The final report shall include specific,
22 actionable recommendations for legislation and organizational
23 adjustments. The final report may include recommendations for

1 pilot programs to test alternatives. The final report and
2 recommendations shall also include any minority and individual
3 views of task force members.

4 (Source: P.A. 102-988, eff. 5-27-22; 102-1129, eff. 2-10-23;
5 reenacted by P.A. 103-461, eff. 8-4-23.)

6 (20 ILCS 4116/30)

7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on February 1, 2024)

8 Sec. 30. Repeal. This Commission is dissolved, and this
9 Act is repealed, on August 1, 2025 ~~February 1, 2024~~.

10 (Source: P.A. 102-988, eff. 5-27-22; 102-1129, eff. 2-10-23;
11 reenacted by P.A. 103-461, eff. 8-4-23.)

12 Section 60. The Comprehensive Licensing Information to
13 Minimize Barriers Task Force Act is amended by changing
14 Section 20 as follows:

15 (20 ILCS 4121/20)

16 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 1, 2024)

17 Sec. 20. Report.

18 (a) The Task Force shall conduct an analysis of
19 occupational licensing, including, but not limited to,
20 processes, procedures, and statutory requirements for
21 licensure administered by the Department. The findings of this
22 analysis shall be delivered to the General Assembly, the
23 Office of Management and Budget, the Department, and the

1 public in the form of a final report. For the purpose of
2 ensuring that historically and economically disadvantaged
3 populations are centered in this analysis, the Task Force
4 shall identify low-income and middle-income licensed
5 occupations in this State and aggregate the information from
6 those occupations under the occupations' respective regulatory
7 board overseen by the Department to form the basis of the
8 report.

9 (b) The report shall contain, to the extent available,
10 information collected from sources including, but not limited
11 to, the Department, department licensure boards, other State
12 boards, relevant departments, or other bodies of the State,
13 and supplementary data including, but not limited to, census
14 statistics, federal reporting, or published research as
15 follows:

16 (1) the number of license applications submitted
17 compared with the number of licenses issued;

18 (2) data concerning the reason why licenses were
19 denied or revoked and a ranking of the most common reasons
20 for denial or revocation;

21 (3) an analysis of the information required of license
22 applicants by the Department compared with the information
23 that the Department is required by statute to verify, to
24 ascertain if applicants are required to submit superfluous
25 information;

26 (4) demographic information for the last 5 years of

1 (i) active license holders, (ii) license holders who were
2 disciplined in that period, (iii) license holders whose
3 licenses were revoked in that period, and (iv) license
4 applicants who were not issued licenses;

5 (5) data aggregated from the last 5 years of monthly
6 enforcement reports, including a ranking of the most
7 common reasons for public discipline;

8 (6) the cost of licensure to the individual,
9 including, but not limited to, the fees for initial
10 licensure and renewal, the average cost of training and
11 testing required for initial licensure, and the average
12 cost of meeting continuing education requirements for
13 license renewal;

14 (7) the locations within this State of each program or
15 school that provides the required training and testing
16 needed to obtain or renew a license, and whether the
17 required training and testing can be fulfilled online;

18 (8) the languages in which the required training or
19 testing is offered;

20 (9) the acceptance rates, graduation rates, and
21 dropout rates of the training facilities that provide
22 required training;

23 (10) the percentage of students at each school that
24 offers required training who financed the required
25 training through student loans; and

26 (11) the average annual salary of those in the

1 occupation.

2 (c) The final report shall also contain a general
3 description of the steps taken by the Task Force to fulfill the
4 report criteria and shall include in an appendix of the report
5 any results of the Task Force's analysis in the form of graphs,
6 charts, or other data visualizations. The Task Force shall
7 also exercise due care in the reporting of this information to
8 protect sensitive information of personal or proprietary value
9 or information that would risk the security of residents of
10 this State.

11 (d) The Task Force shall publish the final report by
12 December 1, 2024 ~~2023~~ with recommendations to the General
13 Assembly, including recommendations for continued required
14 reporting from the Department to better support the General
15 Assembly in revoking, modifying, or creating new licensing
16 Acts.

17 (Source: P.A. 102-1078, eff. 6-10-22.)

18 Section 65. The Money Laundering in Real Estate Task Force
19 Act is amended by changing Section 5-15 as follows:

20 (20 ILCS 4123/5-15)

21 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

22 Sec. 5-15. Reports. The Task Force shall submit a report
23 to the Governor and the General Assembly not later than 24 ~~12~~
24 months after the effective date of this Act. The report shall

1 include the Task Force's findings and shall summarize the
2 actions the Task Force has taken and those it intends to take
3 in response to its obligations under the Act. After it submits
4 its initial report, the Task Force shall periodically submit
5 reports to the Governor and the General Assembly as the
6 chairperson of the Task Force deems necessary to apprise those
7 officials of any additional findings made or actions taken by
8 the Task Force. The obligation of the Task Force to submit
9 periodic reports shall continue for the duration of the Task
10 Force.

11 (Source: P.A. 102-1108, eff. 12-21-22.)

12 Section 70. The Human Trafficking Task Force Act is
13 amended by changing Section 25 as follows:

14 (20 ILCS 5086/25)

15 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2024)

16 Sec. 25. Task force abolished; Act repealed. The Human
17 Trafficking Task Force is abolished and this Act is repealed
18 on July 1, 2025 ~~2024~~.

19 (Source: P.A. 102-323, eff. 8-6-21.)

20 Section 75. The Kidney Disease Prevention and Education
21 Task Force Act is amended by changing Section 10-15 as
22 follows:

1 (20 ILCS 5160/10-15)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on June 1, 2024)

3 Sec. 10-15. Repeal. This Act is repealed on June 1, 2026
4 ~~2024~~.

5 (Source: P.A. 101-649, eff. 7-7-20; 102-671, eff. 11-30-21.)

6 Section 80. The Business Enterprise for Minorities, Women,
7 and Persons with Disabilities Act is amended by changing
8 Section 9 as follows:

9 (30 ILCS 575/9) (from Ch. 127, par. 132.609)

10 (Section scheduled to be repealed on June 30, 2024)

11 Sec. 9. This Act is repealed June 30, 2029 ~~2024~~.

12 (Source: P.A. 101-170, eff. 1-1-20.)

13 Section 83. The Emergency Telephone System Act is amended
14 by changing Section 3 as follows:

15 (50 ILCS 750/3) (from Ch. 134, par. 33)

16 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-366)

17 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2025)

18 Sec. 3. (a) By July 1, 2017, every local public agency
19 shall be within the jurisdiction of a 9-1-1 system.

20 (b) Within 18 months of the awarding of a contract to a
21 vendor certified under Section 13-900 of the Public Utilities
22 Act to provide Next Generation 9-1-1 service, every 9-1-1

1 system in Illinois, except in a municipality with a population
2 over 500,000, shall provide Next Generation 9-1-1 service. A
3 municipality with a population over 500,000 shall provide Next
4 Generation 9-1-1 service by January 1, 2026 ~~December 31, 2023~~.

5 (c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit or
6 discourage in any way the formation of multijurisdictional or
7 regional systems, and any system established pursuant to this
8 Act may include the territory of more than one public agency or
9 may include a segment of the territory of a public agency.

10 (Source: P.A. 101-639, eff. 6-12-20; 102-9, eff. 6-3-21.)

11 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-366)

12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2025)

13 Sec. 3. (a) By July 1, 2017, every local public agency
14 shall be within the jurisdiction of a 9-1-1 system.

15 (b) Within 36 months of the awarding of a contract to a
16 vendor certified under Section 13-900 of the Public Utilities
17 Act to provide Next Generation 9-1-1 service, every 9-1-1
18 system in Illinois, except in a municipality with a population
19 over 500,000, shall provide Next Generation 9-1-1 service. A
20 municipality with a population over 500,000 shall provide Next
21 Generation 9-1-1 service by January 1, 2026 ~~July 1, 2024~~.

22 (c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit or
23 discourage in any way the formation of multijurisdictional or
24 regional systems, and any system established pursuant to this
25 Act may include the territory of more than one public agency or

1 may include a segment of the territory of a public agency.

2 (Source: P.A. 102-9, eff. 6-3-21; 103-366, eff. 1-1-24.)

3 Section 85. The Counties Code is amended by changing
4 Sections 3-5010.8, 4-11001.5, 5-41065, and 5-43043 as follows:

5 (55 ILCS 5/3-5010.8)

6 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-400)

7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

8 Sec. 3-5010.8. Mechanics lien demand and referral pilot
9 program.

10 (a) Legislative findings. The General Assembly finds that
11 expired mechanics liens on residential property, which cloud
12 title to property, are a rapidly growing problem throughout
13 the State. In order to address the increase in expired
14 mechanics liens and, more specifically, those that have not
15 been released by the lienholder, a recorder may establish a
16 process to demand and refer mechanics liens that have been
17 recorded but not litigated or released in accordance with the
18 Mechanics Lien Act to an administrative law judge for
19 resolution or demand that the lienholder commence suit or
20 forfeit the lien.

21 (b) Definitions. As used in this Section:

22 "Demand to Commence Suit" means the written demand
23 specified in Section 34 of the Mechanics Lien Act.

24 "Mechanics lien" and "lien" are used interchangeably in

1 this Section.

2 "Notice of Expired Mechanics Lien" means the notice a
3 recorder gives to a property owner under subsection (d)
4 informing the property owner of an expired lien.

5 "Notice of Referral" means the document referring a
6 mechanics lien to a county's code hearing unit.

7 "Recording" and "filing" are used interchangeably in this
8 Section.

9 "Referral" or "refer" means a recorder's referral of a
10 mechanics lien to a county's code hearing unit to obtain a
11 determination as to whether a recorded mechanics lien is
12 valid.

13 "Residential property" means real property improved with
14 not less than one nor more than 4 residential dwelling units; a
15 residential condominium unit, including, but not limited to,
16 the common elements allocated to the exclusive use of the
17 condominium unit that form an integral part of the condominium
18 unit and any parking unit or units specified by the
19 declaration to be allocated to a specific residential
20 condominium unit; or a single tract of agriculture real estate
21 consisting of 40 acres or less that is improved with a
22 single-family residence. If a declaration of condominium
23 ownership provides for individually owned and transferable
24 parking units, "residential property" does not include the
25 parking unit of a specified residential condominium unit
26 unless the parking unit is included in the legal description

1 of the property against which the mechanics lien is recorded.

2 (c) Establishment of a mechanics lien demand and referral
3 process. After a public hearing, a recorder in a county with a
4 code hearing unit may adopt rules establishing a mechanics
5 lien demand and referral process for residential property. A
6 recorder shall provide public notice 90 days before the public
7 hearing. The notice shall include a statement of the
8 recorder's intent to create a mechanics lien demand and
9 referral process and shall be published in a newspaper of
10 general circulation in the county and, if feasible, be posted
11 on the recorder's website and at the recorder's office or
12 offices.

13 (d) Notice of Expired Lien. If a recorder determines,
14 after review by legal staff or counsel, that a mechanics lien
15 recorded in the grantor's index or the grantee's index is an
16 expired lien, the recorder shall serve a Notice of Expired
17 Lien by certified mail to the last known address of the owner.
18 The owner or legal representative of the owner of the
19 residential property shall confirm in writing his or her
20 belief that the lien is not involved in pending litigation
21 and, if there is no pending litigation, as verified and
22 confirmed by county court records, the owner may request that
23 the recorder proceed with a referral or serve a Demand to
24 Commence Suit.

25 For the purposes of this Section, a recorder shall
26 determine if a lien is an expired lien. A lien is expired if a

1 suit to enforce the lien has not been commenced or a
2 counterclaim has not been filed by the lienholder within 2
3 years after the completion date of the contract as specified
4 in the recorded mechanics lien. The 2-year period shall be
5 increased to the extent that an automatic stay under Section
6 362(a) of the United States Bankruptcy Code stays a suit or
7 counterclaim to foreclose the lien. If a work completion date
8 is not specified in the recorded lien, then the work
9 completion date is the date of recording of the mechanics
10 lien.

11 (e) Demand to Commence Suit. Upon receipt of an owner's
12 confirmation that the lien is not involved in pending
13 litigation and a request for the recorder to serve a Demand to
14 Commence Suit, the recorder shall serve a Demand to Commence
15 Suit on the lienholder of the expired lien as provided in
16 Section 34 of the Mechanics Lien Act. A recorder may request
17 that the Secretary of State assist in providing registered
18 agent information or obtain information from the Secretary of
19 State's registered business database when the recorder seeks
20 to serve a Demand to Commence suit on the lienholder. Upon
21 request, the Secretary of State, or his or her designee, shall
22 provide the last known address or registered agent information
23 for a lienholder who is incorporated or doing business in the
24 State. The recorder must record a copy of the Demand to
25 Commence suit in the grantor's index or the grantee's index
26 identifying the mechanics lien and include the corresponding

1 document number and the date of demand. The recorder may, at
2 his or her discretion, notify the Secretary of State regarding
3 a Demand to Commence suit determined to involve a company,
4 corporation, or business registered with that office.

5 When the lienholder commences a suit or files an answer
6 within 30 days or the lienholder records a release of lien with
7 the county recorder as required by subsection (a) of Section
8 34 of the Mechanics Lien Act, then the demand and referral
9 process is completed for the recorder for that property. If
10 service under this Section is responded to consistent with
11 Section 34 of the Mechanics Lien Act, the recorder may not
12 proceed under subsection (f). If no response is received
13 consistent with Section 34 of the Mechanics Lien Act, the
14 recorder may proceed under subsection (f).

15 (f) Referral. Upon receipt of an owner's confirmation that
16 the lien is not involved in pending litigation and a request
17 for the recorder to proceed with a referral, the recorder
18 shall: (i) file the Notice of Referral with the county's code
19 hearing unit; (ii) identify and notify the lienholder by
20 telephone, if available, of the referral and send a copy of the
21 Notice of Referral by certified mail to the lienholder using
22 information included in the recorded mechanics lien or the
23 last known address or registered agent received from the
24 Secretary of State or obtained from the Secretary of State's
25 registered business database; (iii) send a copy of the Notice
26 of Referral by mail to the physical address of the property

1 owner associated with the lien; and (iv) record a copy of the
2 Notice of Referral in the grantor's index or the grantee's
3 index identifying the mechanics lien and include the
4 corresponding document number. The Notice of Referral shall
5 clearly identify the person, persons, or entity believed to be
6 the owner, assignee, successor, or beneficiary of the lien.
7 The recorder may, at his or her discretion, notify the
8 Secretary of State regarding a referral determined to involve
9 a company, corporation, or business registered with that
10 office.

11 No earlier than 30 business days after the date the
12 lienholder is required to respond to a Demand to Commence Suit
13 under Section 34 of the Mechanics Lien Act, the code hearing
14 unit shall schedule a hearing to occur at least 30 days after
15 sending notice of the date of hearing. Notice of the hearing
16 shall be provided by the county recorder, by and through his or
17 her representative, to the filer, or the party represented by
18 the filer, of the expired lien, the legal representative of
19 the recorder of deeds who referred the case, and the last owner
20 of record, as identified in the Notice of Referral.

21 If the recorder shows by clear and convincing evidence
22 that the lien in question is an expired lien, the
23 administrative law judge shall rule the lien is forfeited
24 under Section 34.5 of the Mechanics Lien Act and that the lien
25 no longer affects the chain of title of the property in any
26 way. The judgment shall be forwarded to all parties identified

1 in this subsection. Upon receiving judgment of a forfeited
2 lien, the recorder shall, within 5 business days, record a
3 copy of the judgment in the grantor's index or the grantee's
4 index.

5 If the administrative law judge finds the lien is not
6 expired, the recorder shall, no later than 5 business days
7 after receiving notice of the decision of the administrative
8 law judge, record a copy of the judgment in the grantor's index
9 or the grantee's index.

10 A decision by an administrative law judge is reviewable
11 under the Administrative Review Law, and nothing in this
12 Section precludes a property owner or lienholder from
13 proceeding with a civil action to resolve questions concerning
14 a mechanics lien.

15 A lienholder or property owner may remove the action from
16 the code hearing unit to the circuit court as provided in
17 subsection (i).

18 (g) Final administrative decision. The recorder's decision
19 to refer a mechanics lien or serve a Demand to Commence Suit is
20 a final administrative decision that is subject to review
21 under the Administrative Review Law by the circuit court of
22 the county where the real property is located. The standard of
23 review by the circuit court shall be consistent with the
24 Administrative Review Law.

25 (h) Liability. A recorder and his or her employees or
26 agents are not subject to personal liability by reason of any

1 error or omission in the performance of any duty under this
2 Section, except in the case of willful or wanton conduct. The
3 recorder and his or her employees or agents are not liable for
4 the decision to refer a lien or serve a Demand to Commence
5 Suit, or failure to refer or serve a Demand to Commence Suit,
6 of a lien under this Section.

7 (i) Private actions; use of demand and referral process.
8 Nothing in this Section precludes a private right of action by
9 any party with an interest in the property affected by the
10 mechanics lien or a decision by the code hearing unit. Nothing
11 in this Section requires a person or entity who may have a
12 mechanics lien recorded against his or her property to use the
13 mechanics lien demand and referral process created by this
14 Section.

15 A lienholder or property owner may remove a matter in the
16 referral process to the circuit court at any time prior to the
17 final decision of the administrative law judge by delivering a
18 certified notice of the suit filed in the circuit court to the
19 administrative law judge. Upon receipt of the certified
20 notice, the administrative law judge shall dismiss the matter
21 without prejudice. If the matter is dismissed due to removal,
22 then the demand and referral process is completed for the
23 recorder for that property. If the circuit court dismisses the
24 removed matter without deciding on whether the lien is expired
25 and without prejudice, the recorder may reinstitute the demand
26 and referral process under subsection (d).

1 (j) Repeal. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026
2 ~~2024~~.

3 (Source: P.A. 101-296, eff. 8-9-19; 102-671, eff. 11-30-21.)

4 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-400)

5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

6 Sec. 3-5010.8. Mechanics lien demand and referral pilot
7 program.

8 (a) Legislative findings. The General Assembly finds that
9 expired mechanics liens on residential property, which cloud
10 title to property, are a rapidly growing problem throughout
11 the State. In order to address the increase in expired
12 mechanics liens and, more specifically, those that have not
13 been released by the lienholder, a recorder may establish a
14 process to demand and refer mechanics liens that have been
15 recorded but not litigated or released in accordance with the
16 Mechanics Lien Act to an administrative law judge for
17 resolution or demand that the lienholder commence suit or
18 forfeit the lien.

19 (b) Definitions. As used in this Section:

20 "Demand to Commence Suit" means the written demand
21 specified in Section 34 of the Mechanics Lien Act.

22 "Mechanics lien" and "lien" are used interchangeably in
23 this Section.

24 "Notice of Expired Mechanics Lien" means the notice a
25 recorder gives to a property owner under subsection (d)

1 informing the property owner of an expired lien.

2 "Notice of Referral" means the document referring a
3 mechanics lien to a county's code hearing unit.

4 "Recording" and "filing" are used interchangeably in this
5 Section.

6 "Referral" or "refer" means a recorder's referral of a
7 mechanics lien to a county's code hearing unit to obtain a
8 determination as to whether a recorded mechanics lien is
9 valid.

10 "Residential property" means real property improved with
11 not less than one nor more than 4 residential dwelling units; a
12 residential condominium unit, including, but not limited to,
13 the common elements allocated to the exclusive use of the
14 condominium unit that form an integral part of the condominium
15 unit and any parking unit or units specified by the
16 declaration to be allocated to a specific residential
17 condominium unit; or a single tract of agriculture real estate
18 consisting of 40 acres or less that is improved with a
19 single-family residence. If a declaration of condominium
20 ownership provides for individually owned and transferable
21 parking units, "residential property" does not include the
22 parking unit of a specified residential condominium unit
23 unless the parking unit is included in the legal description
24 of the property against which the mechanics lien is recorded.

25 (c) Establishment of a mechanics lien demand and referral
26 process. After a public hearing, a recorder in a county with a

1 code hearing unit may adopt rules establishing a mechanics
2 lien demand and referral process for residential property. A
3 recorder shall provide public notice 90 days before the public
4 hearing. The notice shall include a statement of the
5 recorder's intent to create a mechanics lien demand and
6 referral process and shall be published in a newspaper of
7 general circulation in the county and, if feasible, be posted
8 on the recorder's website and at the recorder's office or
9 offices.

10 (d) Notice of Expired Lien. If a recorder determines,
11 after review by legal staff or counsel, that a mechanics lien
12 recorded in the grantor's index or the grantee's index is an
13 expired lien, the recorder shall serve a Notice of Expired
14 Lien by certified mail to the last known address of the owner.
15 The owner or legal representative of the owner of the
16 residential property shall confirm in writing the owner's or
17 legal representative's belief that the lien is not involved in
18 pending litigation and, if there is no pending litigation, as
19 verified and confirmed by county court records, the owner may
20 request that the recorder proceed with a referral or serve a
21 Demand to Commence Suit.

22 For the purposes of this Section, a recorder shall
23 determine if a lien is an expired lien. A lien is expired if a
24 suit to enforce the lien has not been commenced or a
25 counterclaim has not been filed by the lienholder within 2
26 years after the completion date of the contract as specified

1 in the recorded mechanics lien. The 2-year period shall be
2 increased to the extent that an automatic stay under Section
3 362(a) of the United States Bankruptcy Code stays a suit or
4 counterclaim to foreclose the lien. If a work completion date
5 is not specified in the recorded lien, then the work
6 completion date is the date of recording of the mechanics
7 lien.

8 (e) Demand to Commence Suit. Upon receipt of an owner's
9 confirmation that the lien is not involved in pending
10 litigation and a request for the recorder to serve a Demand to
11 Commence Suit, the recorder shall serve a Demand to Commence
12 Suit on the lienholder of the expired lien as provided in
13 Section 34 of the Mechanics Lien Act. A recorder may request
14 that the Secretary of State assist in providing registered
15 agent information or obtain information from the Secretary of
16 State's registered business database when the recorder seeks
17 to serve a Demand to Commence suit on the lienholder. Upon
18 request, the Secretary of State, or the Secretary of State's
19 designee, shall provide the last known address or registered
20 agent information for a lienholder who is incorporated or
21 doing business in the State. The recorder must record a copy of
22 the Demand to Commence suit in the grantor's index or the
23 grantee's index identifying the mechanics lien and include the
24 corresponding document number and the date of demand. The
25 recorder may, at the recorder's discretion, notify the
26 Secretary of State regarding a Demand to Commence suit

1 determined to involve a company, corporation, or business
2 registered with that office.

3 When the lienholder commences a suit or files an answer
4 within 30 days or the lienholder records a release of lien with
5 the county recorder as required by subsection (a) of Section
6 34 of the Mechanics Lien Act, then the demand and referral
7 process is completed for the recorder for that property. If
8 service under this Section is responded to consistent with
9 Section 34 of the Mechanics Lien Act, the recorder may not
10 proceed under subsection (f). If no response is received
11 consistent with Section 34 of the Mechanics Lien Act, the
12 recorder may proceed under subsection (f).

13 (f) Referral. Upon receipt of an owner's confirmation that
14 the lien is not involved in pending litigation and a request
15 for the recorder to proceed with a referral, the recorder
16 shall: (i) file the Notice of Referral with the county's code
17 hearing unit; (ii) identify and notify the lienholder by
18 telephone, if available, of the referral and send a copy of the
19 Notice of Referral by certified mail to the lienholder using
20 information included in the recorded mechanics lien or the
21 last known address or registered agent received from the
22 Secretary of State or obtained from the Secretary of State's
23 registered business database; (iii) send a copy of the Notice
24 of Referral by mail to the physical address of the property
25 owner associated with the lien; and (iv) record a copy of the
26 Notice of Referral in the grantor's index or the grantee's

1 index identifying the mechanics lien and include the
2 corresponding document number. The Notice of Referral shall
3 clearly identify the person, persons, or entity believed to be
4 the owner, assignee, successor, or beneficiary of the lien.
5 The recorder may, at the recorder's discretion, notify the
6 Secretary of State regarding a referral determined to involve
7 a company, corporation, or business registered with that
8 office.

9 No earlier than 30 business days after the date the
10 lienholder is required to respond to a Demand to Commence Suit
11 under Section 34 of the Mechanics Lien Act, the code hearing
12 unit shall schedule a hearing to occur at least 30 days after
13 sending notice of the date of hearing. Notice of the hearing
14 shall be provided by the county recorder, by and through the
15 recorder's representative, to the filer, or the party
16 represented by the filer, of the expired lien, the legal
17 representative of the recorder of deeds who referred the case,
18 and the last owner of record, as identified in the Notice of
19 Referral.

20 If the recorder shows by clear and convincing evidence
21 that the lien in question is an expired lien, the
22 administrative law judge shall rule the lien is forfeited
23 under Section 34.5 of the Mechanics Lien Act and that the lien
24 no longer affects the chain of title of the property in any
25 way. The judgment shall be forwarded to all parties identified
26 in this subsection. Upon receiving judgment of a forfeited

1 lien, the recorder shall, within 5 business days, record a
2 copy of the judgment in the grantor's index or the grantee's
3 index.

4 If the administrative law judge finds the lien is not
5 expired, the recorder shall, no later than 5 business days
6 after receiving notice of the decision of the administrative
7 law judge, record a copy of the judgment in the grantor's index
8 or the grantee's index.

9 A decision by an administrative law judge is reviewable
10 under the Administrative Review Law, and nothing in this
11 Section precludes a property owner or lienholder from
12 proceeding with a civil action to resolve questions concerning
13 a mechanics lien.

14 A lienholder or property owner may remove the action from
15 the code hearing unit to the circuit court as provided in
16 subsection (i).

17 (g) Final administrative decision. The recorder's decision
18 to refer a mechanics lien or serve a Demand to Commence Suit is
19 a final administrative decision that is subject to review
20 under the Administrative Review Law by the circuit court of
21 the county where the real property is located. The standard of
22 review by the circuit court shall be consistent with the
23 Administrative Review Law.

24 (h) Liability. A recorder and the recorder's employees or
25 agents are not subject to personal liability by reason of any
26 error or omission in the performance of any duty under this

1 Section, except in the case of willful or wanton conduct. The
2 recorder and the recorder's employees or agents are not liable
3 for the decision to refer a lien or serve a Demand to Commence
4 Suit, or failure to refer or serve a Demand to Commence Suit,
5 of a lien under this Section.

6 (i) Private actions; use of demand and referral process.
7 Nothing in this Section precludes a private right of action by
8 any party with an interest in the property affected by the
9 mechanics lien or a decision by the code hearing unit. Nothing
10 in this Section requires a person or entity who may have a
11 mechanics lien recorded against the person's or entity's
12 property to use the mechanics lien demand and referral process
13 created by this Section.

14 A lienholder or property owner may remove a matter in the
15 referral process to the circuit court at any time prior to the
16 final decision of the administrative law judge by delivering a
17 certified notice of the suit filed in the circuit court to the
18 administrative law judge. Upon receipt of the certified
19 notice, the administrative law judge shall dismiss the matter
20 without prejudice. If the matter is dismissed due to removal,
21 then the demand and referral process is completed for the
22 recorder for that property. If the circuit court dismisses the
23 removed matter without deciding on whether the lien is expired
24 and without prejudice, the recorder may reinstitute the demand
25 and referral process under subsection (d).

26 (j) Repeal. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026

1 ~~2024.~~

2 (Source: P.A. 102-671, eff. 11-30-21; 103-400, eff. 1-1-24.)

3 (55 ILCS 5/4-11001.5)

4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

5 Sec. 4-11001.5. Lake County Children's Advocacy Center
6 Pilot Program.

7 (a) The Lake County Children's Advocacy Center Pilot
8 Program is established. Under the Pilot Program, any grand
9 juror or petit juror in Lake County may elect to have his or
10 her juror fees earned under Section 4-11001 of this Code to be
11 donated to the Lake County Children's Advocacy Center, a
12 division of the Lake County State's Attorney's office.

13 (b) On or before January 1, 2017, the Lake County board
14 shall adopt, by ordinance or resolution, rules and policies
15 governing and effectuating the ability of jurors to donate
16 their juror fees to the Lake County Children's Advocacy Center
17 beginning January 1, 2017 and ending December 31, 2018. At a
18 minimum, the rules and policies must provide:

19 (1) for a form that a juror may fill out to elect to
20 donate his or her juror fees. The form must contain a
21 statement, in at least 14-point bold type, that donation
22 of juror fees is optional;

23 (2) that all monies donated by jurors shall be
24 transferred by the county to the Lake County Children's
25 Advocacy Center at the same time a juror is paid under

1 Section 4-11001 of this Code who did not elect to donate
2 his or her juror fees; and

3 (3) that all juror fees donated under this Section
4 shall be used exclusively for the operation of Lake County
5 Children's Advocacy Center.

6 The Lake County board shall adopt an ordinance or
7 resolution reestablishing the rules and policies previously
8 adopted under this subsection allowing a juror to donate his
9 or her juror fees to the Lake County Children's Advocacy
10 Center through December 31, 2021.

11 (c) The following information shall be reported to the
12 General Assembly and the Governor by the Lake County board
13 after each calendar year of the Pilot Program on or before
14 March 31, 2018, March 31, 2019, July 1, 2020, and July 1, 2021:

15 (1) the number of grand and petit jurors who earned
16 fees under Section 4-11001 of this Code during the
17 previous calendar year;

18 (2) the number of grand and petit jurors who donated
19 fees under this Section during the previous calendar year;

20 (3) the amount of donated fees under this Section
21 during the previous calendar year;

22 (4) how the monies donated in the previous calendar
23 year were used by the Lake County Children's Advocacy
24 Center; and

25 (5) how much cost there was incurred by Lake County
26 and the Lake County State's Attorney's office in the

1 previous calendar year in implementing the Pilot Program.

2 (d) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026 ~~2024~~.

3 (Source: P.A. 101-612, eff. 12-20-19; 102-671, eff. 11-30-21.)

4 (55 ILCS 5/5-41065)

5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

6 Sec. 5-41065. Mechanics lien demand and referral
7 adjudication.

8 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Division,
9 a county's code hearing unit must adjudicate an expired
10 mechanics lien referred to the unit under Section 3-5010.8.

11 (b) If a county does not have an administrative law judge
12 in its code hearing unit who is familiar with the areas of law
13 relating to mechanics liens, one may be appointed no later
14 than 3 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act
15 of the 100th General Assembly to adjudicate all referrals
16 concerning mechanics liens under Section 3-5010.8.

17 (c) If an administrative law judge familiar with the areas
18 of law relating to mechanics liens has not been appointed as
19 provided subsection (b) when a mechanics lien is referred
20 under Section 3-5010.8 to the code hearing unit, the case
21 shall be removed to the proper circuit court with
22 jurisdiction.

23 (d) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026 ~~2024~~.

24 (Source: P.A. 102-671, eff. 11-30-21.)

1 (55 ILCS 5/5-43043)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

3 Sec. 5-43043. Mechanics lien demand and referral
4 adjudication.

5 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Division,
6 a county's code hearing unit must adjudicate an expired
7 mechanics lien referred to the unit under Section 3-5010.8.

8 (b) If a county does not have an administrative law judge
9 in its code hearing unit who is familiar with the areas of law
10 relating to mechanics liens, one may be appointed no later
11 than 3 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act
12 of the 100th General Assembly to adjudicate all referrals
13 concerning mechanics liens under Section 3-5010.8.

14 (c) If an administrative law judge familiar with the areas
15 of law relating to mechanics liens has not been appointed as
16 provided subsection (b) when a mechanics lien is referred
17 under Section 3-5010.8 to the code hearing unit, the case
18 shall be removed to the proper circuit court with
19 jurisdiction.

20 (d) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026 ~~2024~~.

21 (Source: P.A. 102-671, eff. 11-30-21.)

22 Section 90. The Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems
23 Act is amended by changing Section 3.22 as follows:

24 (210 ILCS 50/3.22)

1 Sec. 3.22. EMT Training, Recruitment, and Retention Task
2 Force.

3 (a) The EMT Training, Recruitment, and Retention Task
4 Force is created to address the following:

5 (1) the impact that the EMT and Paramedic shortage is
6 having on this State's EMS System and health care system;

7 (2) barriers to the training, recruitment, and
8 retention of Emergency Medical Technicians throughout this
9 State;

10 (3) steps that the State of Illinois can take,
11 including coordination and identification of State and
12 federal funding sources, to assist Illinois high schools,
13 community colleges, and ground ambulance providers to
14 train, recruit, and retain emergency medical technicians;

15 (4) the examination of current testing mechanisms for
16 EMRs, EMTs, and Paramedics and the utilization of the
17 National Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians,
18 including current pass rates by licensure level, national
19 utilization, and test preparation strategies;

20 (5) how apprenticeship programs, local, regional, and
21 statewide, can be utilized to recruit and retain EMRs,
22 EMTs, and Paramedics;

23 (6) how ground ambulance reimbursement affects the
24 recruitment and retention of EMTs and Paramedics; and

25 (7) all other areas that the Task Force deems
26 necessary to examine and assist in the recruitment and

1 retention of EMTs and Paramedics.

2 (b) The Task Force shall be comprised of the following
3 members:

4 (1) one member of the Illinois General Assembly,
5 appointed by the President of the Senate, who shall serve
6 as co-chair;

7 (2) one member of the Illinois General Assembly,
8 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

9 (3) one member of the Illinois General Assembly,
10 appointed by the Senate Minority Leader;

11 (4) one member of the Illinois General Assembly,
12 appointed by the House Minority Leader, who shall serve as
13 co-chair;

14 (5) 9 members representing private ground ambulance
15 providers throughout this State representing for-profit
16 and non-profit rural and urban ground ambulance providers,
17 appointed by the President of the Senate;

18 (6) 3 members representing hospitals, appointed by the
19 Speaker of the House of Representatives, with one member
20 representing safety-net ~~safety-net~~ hospitals and one
21 member representing rural hospitals;

22 (7) 3 members representing a statewide association of
23 nursing homes, appointed by the President of the Senate;

24 (8) one member representing the State Board of
25 Education, appointed by the House Minority Leader;

26 (9) 2 EMS Medical Directors from a Regional EMS

1 Medical Directors Committee, appointed by the Governor;
2 and

3 (10) one member representing the Illinois Community
4 College Systems, appointed by the Minority Leader of the
5 Senate.

6 (c) Members of the Task Force shall serve without
7 compensation.

8 (d) The Task Force shall convene at the call of the
9 co-chairs and shall hold at least 6 meetings.

10 (e) The Task Force shall submit its final report to the
11 General Assembly and the Governor no later than September 1,
12 2024 ~~January 1, 2024~~, and upon the submission of its final
13 report, the Task Force shall be dissolved.

14 (Source: P.A. 103-547, eff. 8-11-23; revised 10-25-23.)

15 Section 95. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by
16 changing Section 9.18 as follows:

17 (415 ILCS 5/9.18)

18 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

19 Sec. 9.18. Commission on market-based carbon pricing
20 solutions.

21 (a) In the United States, state-based market policies to
22 reduce greenhouse gases have been in operation since 2009.
23 More than a quarter of the US population lives in a state with
24 carbon pricing and these states represent one-third of the

1 United States' gross domestic product. Market-based policies
2 have proved effective at reducing emissions in states across
3 the United States, and around the world. Additionally,
4 well-designed carbon pricing incentivizes energy efficiency
5 and drives investments in low-carbon solutions and
6 technologies, such as renewables, hydrogen, biofuels, and
7 carbon capture, use, and storage. Illinois must assess
8 available suites of programs and policies to support a rapid,
9 economy-wide decarbonization and spur the development of a
10 clean energy economy in the State, while maintaining Illinois'
11 competitive advantage.

12 (b) The Governor is hereby authorized to create a carbon
13 pricing commission to study the short-term and long-term
14 impacts of joining, implementing, or designing a sector-based,
15 statewide, or regional carbon pricing program. The commission
16 shall analyze and compare the relative cost of, and greenhouse
17 gas reductions from, various carbon pricing programs available
18 to Illinois and the Midwest, including, but not limited to:
19 the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative (RGGI), the
20 Transportation and Climate Initiative (TCI), California's
21 cap-and-trade program, California's low carbon fuel standard,
22 Washington State's cap-and-invest program, the Oregon Clean
23 Fuels Program, and other relevant market-based programs. At
24 the conclusion of the study, no later than December 31, 2022,
25 the commission shall issue a public report containing its
26 findings.

1 (c) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2025 ~~2024~~.

2 (Source: P.A. 102-662, eff. 9-15-21.)

3 Section 100. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
4 changing Section 3-692 as follows:

5 (625 ILCS 5/3-692)

6 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

7 Sec. 3-692. Soil and Water Conservation District Plates.

8 (a) In addition to any other special license plate, the
9 Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and
10 applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary of
11 State, may issue Soil and Water Conservation District license
12 plates. The special Soil and Water Conservation District plate
13 issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger
14 vehicles of the first division and motor vehicles of the
15 second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates
16 issued under this Section shall expire according to the
17 staggered multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1
18 of this Code.

19 (b) The design, color, and format of the plates shall be
20 wholly within the discretion of the Secretary of State.
21 Appropriate documentation, as determined by the Secretary,
22 must accompany each application. The Secretary, in his or her
23 discretion, shall approve and prescribe stickers or decals as
24 provided under Section 3-412.

1 (c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a
2 \$40 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate
3 registration fee. Of this fee, \$25 shall be deposited into the
4 Soil and Water Conservation District Fund and \$15 shall be
5 deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate
6 Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the
7 administrative processing costs. For each registration renewal
8 period, a \$27 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration
9 fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$25 shall be deposited into
10 the Soil and Water Conservation District Fund and \$2 shall be
11 deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate
12 Fund.

13 (d) The Soil and Water Conservation District Fund is
14 created as a special fund in the State treasury. All money in
15 the Soil and Water Conservation District Fund shall be paid,
16 subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and
17 distribution by the Secretary, as grants to Illinois soil and
18 water conservation districts for projects that conserve and
19 restore soil and water in Illinois. All interest earned on
20 moneys in the Fund shall be deposited into the Fund. The Fund
21 shall not be subject to administrative charges or chargebacks,
22 such as but not limited to those authorized under Section 8h of
23 the State Finance Act.

24 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, on July 1,
25 2023, or as soon thereafter as practical, the State
26 Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall

1 transfer the remaining balance from the Soil and Water
2 Conservation District Fund into the Partners for Conservation
3 Fund. Upon completion of the transfers, the Soil and Water
4 Conservation District Fund is dissolved, and any future
5 deposits due to that Fund and any outstanding obligations or
6 liabilities of that Fund shall pass to the Partners for
7 Conservation Fund.

8 (f) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2025 ~~2024~~.

9 (Source: P.A. 103-8, eff. 6-7-23.)

10 Section 105. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
11 amended by changing Section 311.6 as follows:

12 (720 ILCS 570/311.6)

13 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-425)

14 (This Section may contain text from a Public Act with a
15 delayed effective date)

16 Sec. 311.6. Opioid prescriptions.

17 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a
18 prescription for a substance classified in Schedule II, III,
19 IV, or V must be sent electronically, in accordance with
20 Section 316. Prescriptions sent in accordance with this
21 subsection (a) must be accepted by the dispenser in electronic
22 format.

23 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section or
24 any other provision of law, a prescriber shall not be required

1 to issue prescriptions electronically if he or she certifies
2 to the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation
3 that he or she will not issue more than 25 prescriptions during
4 a 12-month period. Prescriptions in both oral and written form
5 for controlled substances shall be included in determining
6 whether the prescriber will reach the limit of 25
7 prescriptions.

8 (c) The Department of Financial and Professional
9 Regulation shall adopt rules for the administration of this
10 Section. These rules shall provide for the implementation of
11 any such exemption to the requirements under this Section that
12 the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may
13 deem appropriate, including the exemption provided for in
14 subsection (b).

15 (Source: P.A. 102-490, eff. 1-1-24 (See Section 55 of P.A.
16 102-1109 for effective date of P.A. 102-490).)

17 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-425)

18 (This Section may contain text from a Public Act with a
19 delayed effective date)

20 Sec. 311.6. Opioid prescriptions.

21 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a
22 prescription for a substance classified in Schedule II, III,
23 IV, or V must be sent electronically, in accordance with
24 Section 316. Prescriptions sent in accordance with this
25 subsection (a) must be accepted by the dispenser in electronic

1 format.

2 (b) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act
3 of the 103rd General Assembly until December 31, 2028,
4 notwithstanding any other provision of this Section or any
5 other provision of law, a prescriber shall not be required to
6 issue prescriptions electronically if he or she certifies to
7 the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation that
8 he or she will not issue more than 150 prescriptions during a
9 12-month period. Prescriptions in both oral and written form
10 for controlled substances shall be included in determining
11 whether the prescriber will reach the limit of 150
12 prescriptions. Beginning January 1, 2029, notwithstanding any
13 other provision of this Section or any other provision of law,
14 a prescriber shall not be required to issue prescriptions
15 electronically if he or she certifies to the Department of
16 Financial and Professional Regulation that he or she will not
17 issue more than 50 prescriptions during a 12-month period.
18 Prescriptions in both oral and written form for controlled
19 substances shall be included in determining whether the
20 prescriber will reach the limit of 50 prescriptions.

21 (b-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section
22 or any other provision of law, a prescriber shall not be
23 required to issue prescriptions electronically under the
24 following circumstances:

25 (1) prior to January 1, 2026, the prescriber
26 demonstrates financial difficulties in buying or managing

1 an electronic prescription option, whether it is an
2 electronic health record or some other electronic
3 prescribing product;

4 (2) on and after January 1, 2026, the prescriber
5 provides proof of a waiver from the Centers for Medicare
6 and Medicaid Services for the Electronic Prescribing for
7 Controlled Substances Program due to demonstrated economic
8 hardship for the previous compliance year;

9 (3) there is a temporary technological or electrical
10 failure that prevents an electronic prescription from
11 being issued;

12 (4) the prescription is for a drug that the
13 practitioner reasonably determines would be impractical
14 for the patient to obtain in a timely manner if prescribed
15 by an electronic data transmission prescription and the
16 delay would adversely impact the patient's medical
17 condition;

18 (5) the prescription is for an individual who:

19 (A) resides in a nursing or assisted living
20 facility;

21 (B) is receiving hospice or palliative care;

22 (C) is receiving care at an outpatient renal
23 dialysis facility and the prescription is related to
24 the care provided;

25 (D) is receiving care through the United States
26 Department of Veterans Affairs; or

1 (E) is incarcerated in a state, detained, or
2 confined in a correctional facility;

3 (6) the prescription prescribes a drug under a
4 research protocol;

5 (7) the prescription is a non-patient specific
6 prescription dispensed under a standing order, approved
7 protocol for drug therapy, collaborative drug management,
8 or comprehensive medication management, or in response to
9 a public health emergency or other circumstance in which
10 the practitioner may issue a non-patient specific
11 prescription;

12 (8) the prescription is issued when the prescriber and
13 dispenser are the same entity; ~~or~~

14 (9) the prescription is issued for a compound
15 prescription containing 2 or more compounds; or

16 (10) the prescription is issued by a licensed
17 veterinarian within 2 years after the effective date of
18 this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly.

19 (c) The Department of Financial and Professional
20 Regulation may adopt rules for the administration of this
21 Section to the requirements under this Section that the
22 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may deem
23 appropriate.

24 (d) Any prescriber who makes a good faith effort to
25 prescribe electronically, but for reasons not within the
26 prescriber's control is unable to prescribe electronically,

1 may be exempt from any disciplinary action.

2 (e) Any pharmacist who dispenses in good faith based upon
3 a valid prescription that is not prescribed electronically may
4 be exempt from any disciplinary action. A pharmacist is not
5 required to ensure or responsible for ensuring the
6 prescriber's compliance under subsection (b), nor may any
7 other entity or organization require a pharmacist to ensure
8 the prescriber's compliance with that subsection.

9 (f) It shall be a violation of this Section for any
10 prescriber or dispenser to adopt a policy contrary to this
11 Section.

12 (Source: P.A. 102-490, eff. 1-1-24 (See Section 55 of P.A.
13 102-1109 for effective date of P.A. 102-490); 103-425, eff.
14 1-1-24.)

15 Section 110. The Common Interest Community Association Act
16 is amended by changing Section 1-90 as follows:

17 (765 ILCS 160/1-90)

18 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

19 Sec. 1-90. Compliance with the Condominium and Common
20 Interest Community Ombudsperson Act. Every common interest
21 community association, except for those exempt from this Act
22 under Section 1-75, must comply with the Condominium and
23 Common Interest Community Ombudsperson Act and is subject to
24 all provisions of the Condominium and Common Interest

1 Community Ombudsperson Act. This Section is repealed January
2 1, 2026 ~~2024~~.

3 (Source: P.A. 102-921, eff. 5-27-22.)

4 Section 115. The Condominium Property Act is amended by
5 changing Section 35 as follows:

6 (765 ILCS 605/35)

7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

8 Sec. 35. Compliance with the Condominium and Common
9 Interest Community Ombudsperson Act. Every unit owners'
10 association must comply with the Condominium and Common
11 Interest Community Ombudsperson Act and is subject to all
12 provisions of the Condominium and Common Interest Community
13 Ombudsperson Act. This Section is repealed January 1, 2026
14 ~~2024~~.

15 (Source: P.A. 102-921, eff. 5-27-22.)

16 Section 120. The Condominium and Common Interest Community
17 Ombudsperson Act is amended by changing Section 70 as follows:

18 (765 ILCS 615/70)

19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

20 Sec. 70. Repeal. This Act is repealed on January 1, 2026
21 ~~2024~~.

22 (Source: P.A. 102-921, eff. 5-27-22.)

1 Section 900. "An Act concerning housing", approved June
2 30, 2023, Public Act 103-215, is amended by adding Section 99
3 as follows:

4 (P.A. 103-215, Sec. 99 new)

5 Sec. 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect April 30,
6 2024.

7 Section 905. "An Act concerning education", approved
8 August 11, 2023, Public Act 103-542, is amended by adding
9 Section 99 as follows:

10 (P.A. 103-542, Sec. 99 new)

11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect on July
12 1, 2024.

13 Section 950. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act
14 makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by
15 text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a
16 Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that
17 text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the
18 changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any
19 other Public Act.

20 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
21 becoming law.