

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

# State of Illinois

# 2023 and 2024

#### HB1390

Introduced 1/31/2023, by Rep. Jackie Haas

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

730 ILCS 5/5-5-3

Amends the Unified Code of Corrections. Provides that a period of probation, a term of periodic imprisonment, or conditional discharge shall not be imposed for a felony offense that requires registration under the Sex Offender Registration Act.

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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

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Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
  changing Section 5-5-3 as follows:
- 6 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-3)
- 7 Sec. 5-5-3. Disposition.
- 8 (a) (Blank).
- 9 (b) (Blank).
- 10 (c) (1) (Blank).

(2) A period of probation, a term of periodic imprisonment 11 conditional discharge shall not be 12 imposed for the or following offenses. The court shall sentence the offender to 13 14 not less than the minimum term of imprisonment set forth in this Code for the following offenses, and may order a fine or 15 16 restitution or both in conjunction with such term of 17 imprisonment:

18 (A) First degree murder where the death penalty is not19 imposed.

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- (B) Attempted first degree murder.
- 21 (C) A Class X felony.

(D) A violation of Section 401.1 or 407 of theIllinois Controlled Substances Act, or a violation of

1 subdivision (c)(1.5) of Section 401 of that Act which 2 relates to more than 5 grams of a substance containing 3 fentanyl or an analog thereof.

4 (D-5) A violation of subdivision (c)(1) of Section 401 5 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act which relates to 6 3 or more grams of a substance containing heroin or an 7 analog thereof.

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(E) (Blank).

(F) A Class 1 or greater felony if the offender had 9 10 been convicted of a Class 1 or greater felony, including 11 any state or federal conviction for an offense that contained, at the time it was committed, the same elements 12 as an offense now (the date of the offense committed after 13 14 the prior Class 1 or greater felony) classified as a Class 15 1 or greater felony, within 10 years of the date on which 16 the offender committed the offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 17 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act. 18

19 (F-3) A Class 2 or greater felony sex offense or 20 felony firearm offense if the offender had been convicted 21 of a Class 2 or greater felony, including any state or 22 federal conviction for an offense that contained, at the 23 time it was committed, the same elements as an offense now 24 (the date of the offense committed after the prior Class 2 25 or greater felony) classified as a Class 2 or greater 26 felony, within 10 years of the date on which the offender

committed the offense for which he or she is being
 sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10
 of the Substance Use Disorder Act.

(F-5) A violation of Section 24-1, 24-1.1, or 24-1.6 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 for which imprisonment is prescribed in those Sections.

7 (G) Residential burglary, except as otherwise provided
8 in Section 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act.

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(H) Criminal sexual assault.

10 (I) Aggravated battery of a senior citizen as 11 described in Section 12-4.6 or subdivision (a)(4) of 12 Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 13 Criminal Code of 2012.

14 (J) A forcible felony if the offense was related to15 the activities of an organized gang.

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of 16 this 17 paragraph, "organized gang" means an association of 5 or established hierarchy, that 18 persons, with an more 19 encourages members of the association to perpetrate crimes 20 or provides support to the members of the association who do commit crimes. 21

Beginning July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

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(K) Vehicular hijacking.

1 (L) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense 2 of hate crime when the underlying offense upon which the 3 hate crime is based is felony aggravated assault or felony 4 mob action.

5 (M) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense 6 of institutional vandalism if the damage to the property 7 exceeds \$300.

8 (N) A Class 3 felony violation of paragraph (1) of 9 subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Firearm Owners 10 Identification Card Act.

(0) A violation of Section 12-6.1 or 12-6.5 of the
 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(P) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5),
or (7) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the
Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

16 (P-5) A violation of paragraph (6) of subsection (a) 17 of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 18 Criminal Code of 2012 if the victim is a household or 19 family member of the defendant.

(Q) A violation of subsection (b) or (b-5) of Section
20-1, Section 20-1.2, or Section 20-1.3 of the Criminal
Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(R) A violation of Section 24-3A of the Criminal Code
of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

25 (S) (Blank).

26 (T) (Blank).

1 (U) A second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 2 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his or her 3 driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because 4 of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 5 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of 6 reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of 7 another state.

(V) A violation of paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of 8 9 Section 11-20.1B or paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of 10 Section 11-20.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or paragraph 11 (6) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal 12 Code of 2012 when the victim is under 13 years of age and the defendant has previously been convicted under the laws 13 14 of this State or any other state of the offense of child 15 pornography, aggravated child pornography, aggravated 16 criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual assault, 17 predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or any of 18 the offenses formerly known as rape, deviate sexual 19 assault, indecent liberties with a child, or aggravated indecent liberties with a child where the victim was under 20 21 the age of 18 years or an offense that is substantially 22 equivalent to those offenses.

(W) A violation of Section 24-3.5 of the Criminal Code
of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(X) A violation of subsection (a) of Section 31-1a of
the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

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1 (Y) A conviction for unlawful possession of a firearm 2 by a street gang member when the firearm was loaded or 3 contained firearm ammunition.

4 (Z) A Class 1 felony committed while he or she was
5 serving a term of probation or conditional discharge for a
6 felony.

7 (AA) Theft of property exceeding \$500,000 and not
8 exceeding \$1,000,000 in value.

9 (BB) Laundering of criminally derived property of a
10 value exceeding \$500,000.

11 (CC) Knowingly selling, offering for sale, holding for 12 sale, or using 2,000 or more counterfeit items or 13 counterfeit items having a retail value in the aggregate 14 of \$500,000 or more.

15 (DD) A conviction for aggravated assault under 16 paragraph (6) of subsection (c) of Section 12-2 of the 17 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the 18 firearm is aimed toward the person against whom the 19 firearm is being used.

20 (EE) A conviction for a violation of paragraph (2) of 21 subsection (a) of Section 24-3B of the Criminal Code of 22 2012.

# 23(FF) A felony offense that requires registration under24the Sex Offender Registration Act.

25 (3) (Blank).

26 (4) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10

1 consecutive days or 30 days of community service shall be 2 imposed for a violation of paragraph (c) of Section 6-303 of 3 the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(4.1) (Blank).

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5 (4.2) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.3) and (4.8) of 6 this subsection (c), a minimum of 100 hours of community 7 service shall be imposed for a second violation of Section 8 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

9 (4.3) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 10 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall 11 be imposed for a second violation of subsection (c) of Section 12 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

13 (4.4) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.5), (4.6), and 14 (4.9) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment 15 of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by 16 the court, shall be imposed for a third or subsequent 17 violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community 18 19 service hours for participation in activities and treatment as 20 determined by court services.

(4.5) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days shall be imposed for a third violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(4.6) Except as provided in paragraph (4.10) of this
subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days
shall be imposed for a fourth or subsequent violation of

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subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

2 (4.7) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 30
3 consecutive days, or 300 hours of community service, shall be
4 imposed for a violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303
5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (b-5)
6 of that Section.

7 (4.8) A mandatory prison sentence shall be imposed for a 8 second violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the 9 Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (c-5) of that 10 Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for 11 a period of not less than 5 years from the date of his or her 12 release from prison.

13 (4.9) A mandatory prison sentence of not less than 4 and 14 not more than 15 years shall be imposed for a third violation 15 of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle 16 Code, as provided in subsection (d-2.5) of that Section. The 17 person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder 18 of his or her life.

(4.10) A mandatory prison sentence for a Class 1 felony shall be imposed, and the person shall be eligible for an extended term sentence, for a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (d-3.5) of that Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of his or her life.

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(5) The court may sentence a corporation or unincorporated

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1 association convicted of any offense to:

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(A) a period of conditional discharge;

(B) a fine;

4 (C) make restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6
5 of this Code.

6 (5.1) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and 7 except as provided in paragraph (5.2) or (5.3), a person 8 convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the 9 Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, 10 permit, or privileges suspended for at least 90 days but not 11 more than one year, if the violation resulted in damage to the 12 property of another person.

13 (5.2) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and 14 except as provided in paragraph (5.3), a person convicted of 15 violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois 16 Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, 17 or privileges suspended for at least 180 days but not more than 18 2 years, if the violation resulted in injury to another 19 person.

(5.3) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for 2 years, if the violation resulted in the death of another person.

(5.4) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person
 convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle

Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for 3 months and until he or she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.

(5.5) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person 4 5 convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code during a period in which his or her driver's license, 6 permit, or privileges were suspended for a previous violation 7 of that Section shall have his or her driver's license, 8 9 permit, or privileges suspended for an additional 6 months 10 after the expiration of the original 3-month suspension and 11 until he or she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.

12 (6) (Blank).

13 (7) (Blank).

14 (8) (Blank).

15 (9) A defendant convicted of a second or subsequent 16 offense of ritualized abuse of a child may be sentenced to a 17 term of natural life imprisonment.

18 (10) (Blank).

19 (11) The court shall impose a minimum fine of \$1,000 for a 20 first offense and \$2,000 for a second or subsequent offense upon a person convicted of or placed on supervision for 21 22 battery when the individual harmed was a sports official or 23 coach at any level of competition and the act causing harm to the sports official or coach occurred within an athletic 24 25 facility or within the immediate vicinity of the athletic 26 facility at which the sports official or coach was an active

participant of the athletic contest held at the athletic 1 2 facility. For the purposes of this paragraph (11), "sports 3 official" means a person at an athletic contest who enforces the rules of the contest, such as an umpire or referee; 4 5 "athletic facility" means an indoor or outdoor playing field or recreational area where sports activities are conducted; 6 and "coach" means a person recognized as a coach by the 7 8 sanctioning authority that conducted the sporting event.

9 (12) A person may not receive a disposition of court 10 supervision for a violation of Section 5-16 of the Boat 11 Registration and Safety Act if that person has previously 12 received a disposition of court supervision for a violation of 13 that Section.

(13) A person convicted of or placed on court supervision 14 15 for an assault or aggravated assault when the victim and the 16 offender are family or household members as defined in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or convicted 17 of domestic battery or aggravated domestic battery may be 18 required to attend a Partner Abuse Intervention Program under 19 20 protocols set forth by the Illinois Department of Human Services under such terms and conditions imposed by the court. 21 22 The costs of such classes shall be paid by the offender.

(d) In any case in which a sentence originally imposed is vacated, the case shall be remanded to the trial court. The trial court shall hold a hearing under Section 5-4-1 of this Code which may include evidence of the defendant's life, moral

character and occupation during the time since the original 1 2 sentence was passed. The trial court shall then impose 3 sentence upon the defendant. The trial court may impose any sentence which could have been imposed at the original trial 4 5 subject to Section 5-5-4 of this Code. If a sentence is vacated on appeal or on collateral attack due to the failure of the 6 7 trier of fact at trial to determine beyond a reasonable doubt 8 the existence of a fact (other than a prior conviction) 9 necessary to increase the punishment for the offense beyond 10 the statutory maximum otherwise applicable, either the 11 defendant may be re-sentenced to a term within the range 12 otherwise provided or, if the State files notice of its 13 intention to again seek the extended sentence, the defendant shall be afforded a new trial. 14

(e) In cases where prosecution for aggravated criminal sexual abuse under Section 11-1.60 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 results in conviction of a defendant who was a family member of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, the court shall consider the safety and welfare of the victim and may impose a sentence of probation only where:

22 (1) the court finds (A) or (B) or both are 23 appropriate:

(A) the defendant is willing to undergo a court
 approved counseling program for a minimum duration of
 2 years; or

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(B) the defendant is willing to participate in a 1 court approved plan, including, but not limited to, 2 the defendant's: 3 (i) removal from the household; 4 5 (ii) restricted contact with the victim; 6 (iii) continued financial support of the 7 family; (iv) restitution for harm done to the victim; 8 9 and 10 (v) compliance with any other measures that 11 the court may deem appropriate; and 12 (2) the court orders the defendant to pay for the victim's counseling services, to the extent that the court 13 14 finds, after considering the defendant's income and 15 assets, that the defendant is financially capable of 16 paying for such services, if the victim was under 18 years 17 of age at the time the offense was committed and requires counseling as a result of the offense. 18 19 Probation may be revoked or modified pursuant to Section 20 5-6-4; except where the court determines at the hearing that the defendant violated a condition of his or her probation 21 22 restricting contact with the victim or other family members or

commits another offense with the victim or other family members, the court shall revoke the defendant's probation and impose a term of imprisonment.

26 For the purposes of this Section, "family member" and

"victim" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section
 11-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

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(f) (Blank).

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(q) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under 4 5 Sections 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-14, 11-14.3, 11-14.4 except for an offense that involves keeping a 6 7 place of juvenile prostitution, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-13, 8 12-14, 9 12-14.1, 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 10 Criminal Code of 2012, the defendant shall undergo medical 11 testing to determine whether the defendant has any sexually 12 transmissible disease, including a test for infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified 13 14 causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). 15 Any such medical test shall be performed only by appropriately 16 licensed medical practitioners and may include an analysis of 17 any bodily fluids as well as an examination of the defendant's person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of 18 such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical 19 20 personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in 21 22 which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in 23 camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to 24 25 determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be 26 revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of the test

results. The court shall also notify the victim if requested 1 2 by the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's parents or legal guardian, the court 3 shall notify the victim's parents or legal guardian of the 4 5 test results. The court shall provide information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of 6 Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of 7 the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney 8 9 to provide the information to the victim when possible. The 10 court shall order that the cost of any such test shall be paid 11 by the county and may be taxed as costs against the convicted 12 defendant.

13 (a-5) inmate is tested for When an an airborne 14 communicable disease, as determined by the Illinois Department 15 of Public Health, including, but not limited to, tuberculosis, 16 the results of the test shall be personally delivered by the 17 warden or his or her designee in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the inmate must appear for the judge's 18 19 inspection in camera if requested by the judge. Acting in 20 accordance with the best interests of those in the courtroom, the judge shall have the discretion to determine what if any 21 22 precautions need to be taken to prevent transmission of the 23 disease in the courtroom.

(h) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under
Section 1 or 2 of the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act, the
defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether

the defendant has been exposed to human immunodeficiency virus 1 2 (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired 3 immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly 4 5 confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the 6 7 judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the 8 judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the 9 best interests of the public, the judge shall have the 10 discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the 11 testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant 12 of a positive test showing an infection with the human The immunodeficiency virus (HIV). 13 court shall provide 14 information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling 15 at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to 16 whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct 17 the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. The court shall order that the cost of any such 18 19 test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs 20 against the convicted defendant.

(i) All fines and penalties imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under the Criminal

1 and Traffic Assessment Act.

2 (j) In cases when prosecution for any violation of Section 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-8, 11-9, 3 11-11, 11-14, 11-14.3, 11-14.4, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 4 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 5 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 11-21, 11-30, 11-40, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 6 7 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, any violation of the Illinois Controlled 8 9 Substances Act, any violation of the Cannabis Control Act, or 10 any violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act results in conviction, a disposition of court 11 12 supervision, or an order of probation granted under Section 10 13 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois 14 Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the 15 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act of a 16 defendant, the court shall determine whether the defendant is 17 employed by a facility or center as defined under the Child Care Act of 1969, a public or private elementary or secondary 18 school, or otherwise works with children under 18 years of age 19 20 on a daily basis. When a defendant is so employed, the court shall order the Clerk of the Court to send a copy of the 21 22 judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation to 23 the defendant's employer by certified mail. If the employer of the defendant is a school, the Clerk of the Court shall direct 24 25 the mailing of a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of 26 supervision or probation to the appropriate regional

1 superintendent of schools. The regional superintendent of 2 schools shall notify the State Board of Education of any 3 notification under this subsection.

(j-5) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted 4 5 of a felony and who has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony and who is sentenced to a term of 6 7 imprisonment in the Illinois Department of Corrections shall 8 as a condition of his or her sentence be required by the court 9 to attend educational courses designed to prepare the 10 defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high 11 school diploma or to work toward passing high school 12 equivalency testing or to work toward completing a vocational training program offered by the Department of Corrections. If 13 14 a defendant fails to complete the educational training 15 required by his or her sentence during the term of 16 incarceration, the Prisoner Review Board shall, as a condition 17 of mandatory supervised release, require the defendant, at his or her own expense, to pursue a course of study toward a high 18 19 school diploma or passage of high school equivalency testing. 20 Review The Prisoner Board shall revoke the mandatorv supervised release of a defendant who wilfully fails to comply 21 22 with this subsection (j-5) upon his or her release from 23 confinement in a penal institution while serving a mandatory supervised release term; however, the inability of the 24 25 defendant after making a good faith effort to obtain financial 26 aid or pay for the educational training shall not be deemed a

wilful failure to comply. The Prisoner Review Board shall 1 2 recommit the defendant whose mandatory supervised release term has been revoked under this subsection (j-5) as provided in 3 Section 3-3-9. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a 4 5 defendant who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed high school equivalency testing. This subsection (j-5) 6 does not apply to a defendant who is determined by the court to 7 8 be a person with a developmental disability or otherwise 9 mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational 10 program.

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(k) (Blank).

12 (1) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (C) of subsection (1), whenever a defendant, who is not a citizen or national of 13 the United States, is convicted of any felony or misdemeanor 14 15 offense, the court after sentencing the defendant may, upon 16 motion of the State's Attorney, hold sentence in abeyance and 17 remand the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated agent to be deported 18 19 when:

(1) a final order of deportation has been issued
against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the
Immigration and Nationality Act, and

(2) the deportation of the defendant would not
deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and
would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.

26 Otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as provided in

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1 this Chapter V.

2 (B) If the defendant has already been sentenced for a 3 felony or misdemeanor offense, or has been placed on probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of 4 5 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the 6 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the 7 court may, upon motion of the State's Attorney to suspend the 8 sentence imposed, commit the defendant to the custody of the 9 Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated 10 agent when:

(1) a final order of deportation has been issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and

14 (2) the deportation of the defendant would not
15 deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and
16 would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.

(C) This subsection (1) does not apply to offenders who
are subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection
(a) of Section 3-6-3.

(D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney, if a defendant 20 sentenced under this Section returns to the jurisdiction of 21 22 the United States, the defendant shall be recommitted to the 23 custody of the county from which he or she was sentenced. 24 Thereafter, the defendant shall be brought before the sentencing court, which may impose any sentence that was 25 available under Section 5-5-3 at the time of initial 26

1 sentencing. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible 2 for additional earned sentence credit as provided under 3 Section 3-6-3.

(m) A person convicted of criminal defacement of property under Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, in which the property damage exceeds \$300 and the property damaged is a school building, shall be ordered to perform community service that may include cleanup, removal, or painting over the defacement.

10 The court may sentence a person convicted of a (n) 11 violation of Section 12-19, 12-21, 16-1.3, or 17-56, or 12 subsection (a) or (b) of Section 12-4.4a, of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (i) to an impact 13 14 incarceration program if the person is otherwise eligible for that program under Section 5-8-1.1, (ii) to community service, 15 16 or (iii) if the person has a substance use disorder, as defined 17 in the Substance Use Disorder Act, to a treatment program licensed under that Act. 18

(o) Whenever a person is convicted of a sex offense as
defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act, the
defendant's driver's license or permit shall be subject to
renewal on an annual basis in accordance with the provisions
of license renewal established by the Secretary of State.
(Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-168, eff. 7-27-21;
102-531, eff. 1-1-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1030, eff.

26 5-27-22.)