

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Community Benefits Act is amended by
5 changing Section 22 as follows:

6 (210 ILCS 76/22)

7 Sec. 22. Public reports.

8 (a) In order to increase transparency and accessibility of
9 charity care and financial assistance data, a hospital shall
10 make the annual hospital community benefits plan report
11 submitted to the Attorney General under Section 20 available
12 to the public by publishing the information on the hospital's
13 website in the same location where annual reports are posted
14 or on a prominent location on the homepage of the hospital's
15 website. A hospital is not required to post its audited
16 financial statements. Information made available to the public
17 shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

18 (1) The reporting period.

19 (2) Charity care costs consistent with the reporting
20 requirements in paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section
21 20. Charity care costs associated with services provided
22 in a hospital's emergency department shall be reported as
23 a subset of total charity care costs.

1 (3) Total net patient revenue, reported separately by
2 hospital if the reporting health system includes more than
3 one hospital.

4 (4) Total community benefits spending. If a hospital
5 is owned or operated by a health system, total community
6 benefits spending may be reported as a health system.

7 (5) Data on financial assistance applications
8 consistent with the reporting requirements in paragraph
9 (3) of subsection (a) of Section 20, including:

10 (A) the number of applications submitted to the
11 hospital, both complete and incomplete;

12 (B) the number of applications approved; ~~and~~

13 (C) the number of applications denied and the 5
14 most frequent reasons for denial; and ~~and~~

15 (D) the number of uninsured patients who have
16 declined or failed to respond to the screening
17 described in subsection (a) of Section 16 of the Fair
18 Patient Billing Act and the 5 most frequent reasons
19 for declining.

20 (6) To the extent that race, ethnicity, sex, or
21 preferred language is collected and available for
22 financial assistance applications, the data outlined in
23 paragraph (5) shall be reported by race, ethnicity, sex,
24 and preferred language. If this data is not provided by
25 the patient, the hospital shall indicate this in its
26 reports. Public reporting of this information shall begin

1 with the community benefit report filed on or after July
2 1, 2022. A hospital that files a report without having a
3 full year of demographic data as required by this Act may
4 indicate this in its report.

5 (b) The Attorney General shall provide notice on the
6 Attorney General's website informing the public that, upon
7 request, the Attorney General will provide the annual reports
8 filed with the Attorney General under Section 20. The notice
9 shall include the contact information to submit a request.

10 (Source: P.A. 102-581, eff. 1-1-22.)

11 Section 10. The Fair Patient Billing Act is amended by
12 changing Sections 5, 10, 30, 45, and 70 and by adding Section
13 16 as follows:

14 (210 ILCS 88/5)

15 Sec. 5. Purpose; findings.

16 (a) The purpose of this Act is to advance the prompt and
17 accurate payment of health care services through fair and
18 reasonable billing and collection practices of hospitals.

19 (b) The General Assembly finds that:

20 (1) Medical debts are the cause of an increasing
21 number of bankruptcies in Illinois and are typically
22 associated with severe financial hardship incurred by
23 bankrupt persons and their families.

24 (2) Patients, hospitals, and government bodies alike

1 will benefit from clearly articulated standards regarding
2 fair billing and collection practices for all Illinois
3 hospitals.

4 (3) Hospitals should employ responsible standards when
5 collecting debt from their patients.

6 (4) Patients should be provided sufficient billing
7 information from hospitals to determine the accuracy of
8 the bills for which they may be financially responsible.

9 (5) Patients should be given a fair and reasonable
10 opportunity to discuss and assess the accuracy of their
11 bill.

12 (6) Hospitals should provide patients with timely and
13 meaningful access to any financial assistance available
14 through the hospital and any public health insurance
15 programs for which patients may be eligible to prevent
16 patients from ending up with avoidable medical debt.
17 Hospitals should assist patients who need financial
18 assistance to access it. Patients who are deemed eligible
19 for hospital financial assistance or public health
20 insurance programs should not be improperly billed,
21 steered into payment plans, or sent to collections
22 ~~Patients should be provided information regarding the~~
23 ~~hospital's policies regarding financial assistance options~~
24 ~~the hospital may offer to qualified patients.~~

25 (7) Hospitals should offer patients the opportunity to
26 enter into a reasonable payment plan for their hospital

1 care.

2 (8) Patients have an obligation to pay for the
3 hospital services they receive subject to any discounts or
4 free care for which they are eligible under Illinois law.

5 (9) Hospitals have an obligation to screen uninsured
6 patients before pursuing collection action. To promote the
7 general welfare and to mitigate the negative impact that
8 medical debt has on accessing and using needed health
9 care, hospitals should not attempt to collect a debt from
10 an uninsured patient without first adequately screening
11 the patient for public health insurance programs and
12 financial assistance available to the patient and
13 assisting the patient in obtaining the hospital financial
14 assistance for which they are eligible.

15 (Source: P.A. 94-885, eff. 1-1-07.)

16 (210 ILCS 88/10)

17 Sec. 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

18 "Collection action" means any referral of a bill to a
19 collection agency or law firm to collect payment for services
20 from a patient or a patient's guarantor for hospital services.

21 "Health care plan" means a health insurance company,
22 health maintenance organization, preferred provider
23 arrangement, or third party administrator authorized in this
24 State to issue policies or subscriber contracts or administer
25 those policies and contracts that reimburse for inpatient and

1 outpatient services provided in a hospital. Health care plan,
2 however, does not include any government-funded program such
3 as Medicare or Medicaid, workers' compensation, and accident
4 liability insurers.

5 "Insured patient" means a patient who is insured by a
6 health care plan.

7 "Medical debt" means a debt arising from the receipt of
8 health care services, products, or devices.

9 "Patient" means the individual receiving services from the
10 hospital and any individual who is the guarantor of the
11 payment for such services.

12 "Public health insurance program" means Medicare;
13 Medicaid; medical assistance under the Non-Citizen Victims of
14 Trafficking, Torture and Other Serious Crimes program; Health
15 Benefit for Immigrant Adults; Health Benefit for Immigrant
16 Seniors; All Kids; or other medical assistance programs
17 offered by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services.

18 "Reasonable payment plan" means a plan to pay a hospital
19 bill that is offered to the patient or the patient's legal
20 representative and takes into account the patient's available
21 income and assets, the amount owed, and any prior payments.

22 "Screen" or "screening" means a process whereby a hospital
23 engages with a patient to review and assess the patient's
24 potential eligibility for any financial assistance offered by
25 the hospital, public health insurance program, or other
26 discounted care known to the hospital; informs the patient of

1 the hospital's assessment; documents in the patient's record
2 the circumstances of the screening; and assists with the
3 application for hospital financial assistance.

4 "Uninsured patient" means a patient who is not insured by
5 a health care plan and is not a beneficiary under a
6 government-funded program, workers' compensation, or accident
7 liability insurance.

8 (Source: P.A. 94-885, eff. 1-1-07.)

9 (210 ILCS 88/16 new)

10 Sec. 16. Screening patients for health insurance and
11 financial assistance.

12 (a) All hospitals shall screen each uninsured patient,
13 upon the uninsured patient's agreement, at the earliest
14 reasonable moment for potential eligibility for both:

15 (1) public health insurance programs; and

16 (2) any financial assistance offered by the hospital.

17 (b) All screening activities, including initial screenings
18 and all follow-up assistance, must be provided in compliance
19 with the Language Assistance Services Act.

20 (c) If a patient declines or fails to respond to the
21 screening described in subsection (a), the hospital shall
22 document in the patient's record the patient's decision to
23 decline or failure to respond to the screening, confirming the
24 date and method by which the patient declined or failed to
25 respond.

1 (d) If a patient does not decline the screening described
2 in subsection (a), a hospital should screen an uninsured
3 patient during registration unless it would cause a delay of
4 care to the patient, otherwise a hospital must screen an
5 uninsured patient at the earliest reasonable moment.

6 (e) If a patient does not submit screening, financial
7 assistance application, or reasonable payment plan
8 documentation within 30 days after a request as required under
9 Section 45, the hospital shall document the lack of received
10 documentation, confirming the date that the screening took
11 place and that the 30-day timeline for responding to the
12 hospital's request has lapsed, but may be reopened within 90
13 days after the date of discharge, date of service, or
14 completion of the screening.

15 (f) If the screening indicates that the patient may be
16 eligible for a public health insurance program, the hospital
17 shall provide information to the patient about how the patient
18 can apply for the public health insurance program, including,
19 but not limited to, referral to health care navigators who
20 provide free and unbiased eligibility and enrollment
21 assistance, including health care navigators at federally
22 qualified health centers; local, State, or federal government
23 agencies; or any other resources that Illinois recognizes as
24 designed to assist uninsured individuals in obtaining health
25 coverage.

26 (g) If the uninsured patient's application for a public

1 health insurance program is approved, the hospital shall bill
2 the insuring entity and shall not pursue the patient for any
3 aspect of the bill, except for any required copayment,
4 coinsurance, or other similar payment for which the patient is
5 responsible under the insurance. If the uninsured patient's
6 application for public health insurance is denied, the
7 hospital shall again offer to screen the uninsured patient for
8 hospital financial assistance and the timeline for applying
9 for financial assistance under the Hospital Uninsured Patient
10 Discount Act shall begin again.

11 (h) A hospital shall offer to screen an insured patient
12 for hospital financial assistance under this Section if the
13 patient requests financial assistance screening, if the
14 hospital is contacted in response to a bill, if the hospital
15 learns information that suggests an inability to pay, or if
16 the circumstances otherwise suggest the patient's inability to
17 pay.

18 (i) Any hospital that submits an annual hospital community
19 benefits plan report to the Attorney General shall include in
20 that report the number of uninsured patients who have declined
21 or failed to respond to screening under subsection (a) of
22 Section 16 and the 5 most frequent reasons for declining.

23 (210 ILCS 88/30)

24 Sec. 30. Pursuing collection action.

25 (a) Hospitals and their agents may pursue collection

1 action against an uninsured patient only if the following
2 conditions are met:

3 (1) The hospital has complied with the screening
4 requirements set forth in Section 16 and applied and
5 exhausted any discount available to a patient under
6 Section 10 of the Hospital Uninsured Patient Discount Act.

7 (2) ~~(1)~~ The hospital has given the uninsured patient
8 the opportunity to:

9 (A) assess the accuracy of the bill;

10 (B) apply for financial assistance under the
11 hospital's financial assistance policy; and

12 (C) avail themselves of a reasonable payment plan.

13 (3) ~~(2)~~ If the uninsured patient has indicated an
14 inability to pay the full amount of the debt in one
15 payment, the hospital has offered the patient a reasonable
16 payment plan. The hospital may require the uninsured
17 patient to provide reasonable verification of his or her
18 inability to pay the full amount of the debt in one
19 payment.

20 (4) ~~(3)~~ To the extent the hospital provides financial
21 assistance and the circumstances of the uninsured patient
22 suggest the potential for eligibility for charity care,
23 the uninsured patient has been given at least 90 ~~60~~ days
24 following the date of discharge or receipt of outpatient
25 care to submit an application for financial assistance and
26 shall be provided assistance with the application in

1 compliance with subsection (a) of Section 16 and Section
2 27.

3 (5) ~~(4)~~ If the uninsured patient has agreed to a
4 reasonable payment plan with the hospital, and the patient
5 has failed to make payments in accordance with that
6 reasonable payment plan.

7 (6) ~~(5)~~ If the uninsured patient informs the hospital
8 that he or she has applied for health care coverage under a
9 public health insurance program ~~Medicaid, Kidcare, or~~
10 ~~other government sponsored health care program~~ (and there
11 is a reasonable basis to believe that the patient will
12 qualify for such program) but the patient's application is
13 denied.

14 (a-5) A hospital shall proactively offer information on
15 charity care options available to uninsured patients,
16 regardless of their immigration status or residency.

17 (b) A hospital may not refer a bill, or portion thereof, to
18 a collection agency or attorney for collection action against
19 the insured patient, without first ensuring compliance with
20 Section 16 and offering the patient the opportunity to request
21 a reasonable payment plan for the amount personally owed by
22 the patient. Such an opportunity shall be made available for
23 the 90 ~~30~~ days following the date of the initial bill. If the
24 insured patient requests a reasonable payment plan, but fails
25 to agree to a plan within 90 ~~30~~ days of the request, the
26 hospital may proceed with collection action against the

1 patient.

2 (c) No collection agency, law firm, or individual may
3 initiate legal action for non-payment of a hospital bill
4 against a patient without the written approval of an
5 authorized hospital employee who reasonably believes that the
6 conditions for pursuing collection action under this Section
7 have been met.

8 (d) Nothing in this Section prohibits a hospital from
9 engaging an outside third party agency, firm, or individual to
10 manage the process of implementing the hospital's financial
11 assistance and reasonable payment plan programs and policies
12 so long as such agency, firm, or individual is contractually
13 bound to comply with the terms of this Act.

14 (Source: P.A. 102-504, eff. 12-1-21.)

15 (210 ILCS 88/45)

16 Sec. 45. Patient responsibilities.

17 (a) To receive the protection and benefits of this Act, a
18 patient responsible for paying a hospital bill must act
19 reasonably and cooperate in good faith with the hospital in
20 the screening process by providing the hospital with all of
21 the reasonably requested financial and other relevant
22 information and documentation needed to determine the
23 patient's potential eligibility for coverage under a public
24 health insurance program, under the hospital's financial
25 assistance policy, or for a ~~and~~ reasonable payment plan

1 ~~options to qualified patients~~ within 30 days of a request for
2 such information.

3 (b) To receive the protection and benefits of this Act, a
4 patient responsible for paying a hospital bill shall
5 communicate to the hospital any material change in the
6 patient's financial situation that may affect the patient's
7 ability to abide by the provisions of an agreed upon
8 reasonable payment plan or qualification for financial
9 assistance within 30 days of the change.

10 (Source: P.A. 94-885, eff. 1-1-07.)

11 (210 ILCS 88/70)

12 Sec. 70. Application.

13 (a) This Act applies to all hospitals licensed under the
14 Hospital Licensing Act or the University of Illinois Hospital
15 Act. This Act does not apply to a hospital that does not charge
16 for its services.

17 (b) The obligations of hospitals under this Act shall take
18 effect for services provided on or after the first day of the
19 month that begins 180 days after the effective date of this
20 Act.

21 (c) The obligations of hospitals under this amendatory Act
22 of the 103rd General Assembly shall apply to services provided
23 on or after the first day of the month that begins 180 days
24 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd
25 General Assembly.

1 (Source: P.A. 94-885, eff. 1-1-07.)

2 Section 15. The Hospital Uninsured Patient Discount Act is
3 amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

4 (210 ILCS 89/15)

5 Sec. 15. Patient responsibility.

6 (a) Hospitals may make the availability of a discount and
7 the maximum collectible amount under this Act contingent upon
8 the uninsured patient first applying for coverage under public
9 health insurance programs, such as Medicare, Medicaid,
10 AllKids, the State Children's Health Insurance Program, or any
11 other program, if there is a reasonable basis to believe that
12 the uninsured patient may be eligible for such program. If the
13 patient declines to apply for a public health insurance
14 program on the basis of concern for immigration-related
15 consequences, the hospital may refer the patient to a free,
16 unbiased resource such as an Immigrant Family Resource Program
17 to address the patient's immigration-related concerns and
18 assist in enrolling the patient in a public health insurance
19 program. The hospital may still screen the patient for
20 eligibility under its financial assistance policy.

21 (b) Hospitals shall permit an uninsured patient to apply
22 for a discount within 90 days of the date of discharge, ~~or~~ date
23 of service, completion of the screening under the Fair Patient
24 Billing Act, or denial of an application for a public health

1 insurance program.

2 Hospitals shall offer uninsured patients who receive
3 community-based primary care provided by a community health
4 center or a free and charitable clinic, are referred by such an
5 entity to the hospital, and seek access to nonemergency
6 hospital-based health care services with an opportunity to be
7 screened for and assistance with applying for public health
8 insurance programs if there is a reasonable basis to believe
9 that the uninsured patient may be eligible for a public health
10 insurance program. An uninsured patient who receives
11 community-based primary care provided by a community health
12 center or free and charitable clinic and is referred by such an
13 entity to the hospital for whom there is not a reasonable basis
14 to believe that the uninsured patient may be eligible for a
15 public health insurance program shall be given the opportunity
16 to apply for hospital financial assistance when hospital
17 services are scheduled.

18 (1) Income verification. Hospitals may require an
19 uninsured patient who is requesting an uninsured discount
20 to provide documentation of family income. Acceptable
21 family income documentation shall include any one of the
22 following:

23 (A) a copy of the most recent tax return;

24 (B) a copy of the most recent W-2 form and 1099
25 forms;

26 (C) copies of the 2 most recent pay stubs;

1 (D) written income verification from an employer
2 if paid in cash; or

3 (E) one other reasonable form of third party
4 income verification deemed acceptable to the hospital.

5 (2) Asset verification. Hospitals may require an
6 uninsured patient who is requesting an uninsured discount
7 to certify the existence or absence of assets owned by the
8 patient and to provide documentation of the value of such
9 assets, except for those assets referenced in paragraph
10 (4) of subsection (c) of Section 10. Acceptable
11 documentation may include statements from financial
12 institutions or some other third party verification of an
13 asset's value. If no third party verification exists, then
14 the patient shall certify as to the estimated value of the
15 asset.

16 (3) Illinois resident verification. Hospitals may
17 require an uninsured patient who is requesting an
18 uninsured discount to verify Illinois residency.
19 Acceptable verification of Illinois residency shall
20 include any one of the following:

21 (A) any of the documents listed in paragraph (1);

22 (B) a valid state-issued identification card;

23 (C) a recent residential utility bill;

24 (D) a lease agreement;

25 (E) a vehicle registration card;

26 (F) a voter registration card;

1 (G) mail addressed to the uninsured patient at an
2 Illinois address from a government or other credible
3 source;

4 (H) a statement from a family member of the
5 uninsured patient who resides at the same address and
6 presents verification of residency;

7 (I) a letter from a homeless shelter, transitional
8 house or other similar facility verifying that the
9 uninsured patient resides at the facility; or

10 (J) a temporary visitor's drivers license.

11 (c) Hospital obligations toward an individual uninsured
12 patient under this Act shall cease if that patient
13 unreasonably fails or refuses to provide the hospital with
14 information or documentation requested under subsection (b) or
15 to apply for coverage under public programs when requested
16 under subsection (a) within 30 days of the hospital's request.

17 (d) In order for a hospital to determine the 12 month
18 maximum amount that can be collected from a patient deemed
19 eligible under Section 10, an uninsured patient shall inform
20 the hospital in subsequent inpatient admissions or outpatient
21 encounters that the patient has previously received health
22 care services from that hospital and was determined to be
23 entitled to the uninsured discount.

24 (e) Hospitals may require patients to certify that all of
25 the information provided in the application is true. The
26 application may state that if any of the information is

1 untrue, any discount granted to the patient is forfeited and
2 the patient is responsible for payment of the hospital's full
3 charges.

4 (f) Hospitals shall ask for an applicant's race,
5 ethnicity, sex, and preferred language on the financial
6 assistance application. However, the questions shall be
7 clearly marked as optional responses for the patient and shall
8 note that responses or nonresponses by the patient will not
9 have any impact on the outcome of the application.

10 (Source: P.A. 102-581, eff. 1-1-22.)