

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 HB3258

Introduced 2/17/2023, by Rep. Kam Buckner

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/9-260 35 ILCS 200/18-250 35 ILCS 200/21-15 35 ILCS 200/21-25 35 ILCS 200/21-45

Amends the Property Tax Code. Makes changes concerning interest penalties for omitted property, forfeited taxes, and delinquent and unpaid taxes. Effective immediately.

LRB103 26864 HLH 53228 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing Sections 9-260, 18-250, 21-15, 21-25, and 21-45 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 200/9-260)

- Sec. 9-260. Assessment of omitted property; counties of 3,000,000 or more.
 - (a) After signing the affidavit, the county assessor shall have power, when directed by the board of appeals (until the first Monday in December 1998 and the board of review beginning the first Monday in December 1998 and thereafter), or on his or her own initiative, subject to the limitations of Sections 9-265 and 9-270, to assess properties which may have been omitted from assessments for the current year and not more than 3 years prior to the current year for which the property was liable to be taxed, and for which the tax has not been paid, but only on notice and an opportunity to be heard in the manner and form required by law, and shall enter the assessments upon the assessment books. Any notice shall include (i) a request that a person receiving the notice who is not the current taxpayer contact the office of the county assessor and explain that the person is not the current

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taxpayer, which contact may be made on the telephone, in writing, or in person upon receipt of the notice, and (ii) the name, address, and telephone number of the appropriate personnel in the office of the county assessor to whom the response should be made. Any time period for the review of an omitted assessment included in the notice shall be consistent with the time period established by the assessor in accordance with subsection (a) of Section 12-55. No charge for tax of previous years shall be made against any property if (1) the assessor failed to notify the board of review of the omitted assessment in accordance with subsection (a-1) of this Section; (2) the property was last assessed as unimproved, the owner of such property gave notice of subsequent improvements and requested a reassessment as required by Section 9-180, and reassessment of the property was not made within the 16 month period immediately following the receipt of that notice; (3) the owner of the property gave notice as required by Section 9-265; (4) the assessor received a building permit for the property evidencing that new construction had occurred or was occurring on the property but failed to list the improvement on the tax rolls; (5) the assessor received a plat map, plat of survey, ALTA survey, mortgage survey, or other similar document containing the omitted property but failed to list the improvement on the tax rolls; (6) the assessor received a real estate transfer declaration indicating a sale from an exempt property owner to a non-exempt property owner but

- failed to list the property on the tax rolls; or (7) the property was the subject of an assessment appeal before the assessor or the board of review that had included the intended omitted property as part of the assessment appeal and provided evidence of its market value.
 - (a-1) After providing notice and an opportunity to be heard as required by subsection (a) of this Section, the assessor shall render a decision on the omitted assessment, whether or not the omitted assessment was contested, and shall mail a notice of the decision to the taxpayer of record or to the party that contested the omitted assessment. The notice of decision shall contain a statement that the decision may be appealed to the board of review. The decision and all evidence used in the decision shall be transmitted by the assessor to the board of review on or before the dates specified in accordance with Section 16-110.
 - (b) Any taxes based on the omitted assessment of a property pursuant to Sections 9-260 through 9-270 and Sections 16-135 and 16-140 shall be prepared and mailed at the same time as the estimated first installment property tax bill for the preceding year (as described in Section 21-30) is prepared and mailed. The omitted assessment tax bill is not due until the date on which the second installment property tax bill for the preceding year becomes due. The omitted assessment tax bill shall be deemed delinquent and shall bear interest beginning on the day after the due date of the second installment (as

- described in Section 21-25). Any taxes for omitted assessments deemed delinquent after the due date of the second installment tax bill shall bear interest, until paid or forfeited (as described in Section 21-25), at the rate of 1.5% per month or portion thereof for tax years prior to 2023 and at the rate of 0.75% per month or portion thereof for tax years 2023 and thereafter until paid or forfeited (as described in Section 21-25).
- 9 The assessor shall have no power to change the 10 assessment or alter the assessment books in any other manner 11 or for any other purpose so as to change or affect the taxes in 12 that year, except as ordered by the board of appeals (until the 13 first Monday in December 1998 and the board of review beginning the first Monday in December 1998 and thereafter). 14 15 The county assessor shall make all changes and corrections 16 ordered by the board of appeals (until the first Monday in 17 December 1998 and the board of review beginning the first Monday in December 1998 and thereafter). The county assessor 18 may for the purpose of revision by the board of appeals (until 19 20 the first Monday in December 1998 and the board of review beginning the first Monday in December 1998 and thereafter) 21 22 certify the assessment books for any town or taxing district 23 after or when such books are completed.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 96-1553, eff. 3-10-11.)

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- Sec. 18-250. Additions to forfeited taxes and unpaid special assessments; fee for estimate.
 - When any property has been forfeited for taxes or special assessments, the clerk shall compute the amount of back taxes and special assessments, interest, statutory costs, and printer's fees remaining due, with one year's interest on all taxes forfeited, and enter them upon the collector's books as separate items. Except as otherwise provided in Section 21-375, the aggregate so computed shall be collected in the same manner as the taxes on other property for that year. The county clerk shall examine the forfeitures, and strike all errors and make corrections as necessary. In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, interest Interest added to forfeitures under this Section shall be at the rate of 12% per year. In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, interest shall accrue at the rate of 12% per year for tax years prior to 2023 and at the rate of 0.75% per month or portion thereof for tax years 2023 and thereafter.
 - (b) In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, taxes first extended for prior years, or previously extended for prior years for which application for judgment and order of sale is not already pending, shall be added to the tax of the current year, with interest and costs as provided by law. Forfeitures shall not be so added, but they shall remain a lien on the property upon which they were charged until paid or sold as provided by law. There shall be added to such forfeitures

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annually the same interest as would be added if forfeited annually, until paid or sold, and the addition of each year's interest shall be considered a separate forfeiture. Forfeitures may be redeemed in the manner provided in Section 21-370 or 21-375. Taxes and special assessments for which application for judgment and order of sale is pending, or entered but not enforced for any reason, shall not be added to the tax for the current year. However, if the taxes and special assessments remain unpaid, the property, shall be advertised and sold under judgments and orders of sale to be entered in pending applications, already entered in or applications, including judgments and orders of sale under which the purchaser fails to complete his or her purchase.

(c) In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, on or before January 1, 2001 and during each year thereafter, the county clerk shall compute the amount of taxes on each property that remain due or forfeited for any year prior to the current year and have not become subject to Sections 20-180 through 20-190, and the clerk shall enter the same upon the collector's warrant books of the current and all following years as separate items in a suitable column. The county clerk shall examine the collector's warrant books and the Tax Judgment, Sale, Redemption and Forfeiture records for the appropriate years and may take any other actions as the clerk finds to be necessary or convenient in order to comply with this subsection. On and after January 1, 2001, any taxes for

- any year remaining due or forfeited against real property in such county not entered on the current collector's warrant books shall be deemed uncollectible and void, but shall not be subject to the posting or other requirements of Sections 20-180 through 20-190.
- (d) In counties with 100,000 or more inhabitants, the 6 7 county clerk shall, when making the annual collector's books, 8 suitable column, insert and designate previous 9 forfeitures of general taxes by the word "forfeiture", to be 10 stamped opposite each property forfeited at the last previous 11 tax sale for general taxes and not redeemed or purchased 12 previous to the completion of the collector's books. The 13 collectors of general taxes shall stamp upon all bills 14 rendered and receipts given the information on the collector's 15 books regarding forfeiture of general taxes, and the stamped 16 notation shall also refer the recipient to the county clerk 17 for full information. The county clerk shall be allowed to collect from the person requesting an estimate of costs of 18 redemption of a forfeited property, the fee provided by law. 19
- 20 (Source: P.A. 91-668, eff. 12-22-99.)
- 21 (35 ILCS 200/21-15)
- Sec. 21-15. General tax due dates; default by mortgage lender. Except as otherwise provided in this Section or Section 21-40, all property upon which the first installment of taxes remains unpaid on the later of (i) June 1 or (ii) the

day after the date specified on the real estate tax bill as the 1 2 first installment due date annually shall be deemed delinquent 3 and shall bear interest after that date at the rate of 1.5% $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1/2}{8}$ per month or portion thereof in counties with less than 5 3,000,000 inhabitants. In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, interest shall accrue on unpaid taxes at the rate 6 7 of 1.5% per month or portion thereof for tax years prior to 2023 and at the rate of 0.75% per month or portion thereof for 8 9 tax years 2023 and thereafter. Except as otherwise provided in 10 this Section or Section 21-40, all property upon which the 11 second installment of taxes remains due and unpaid on the 12 later of (i) September 1 or (ii) the day after the date real estate tax bill as 13 specified on the the 14 installment due date, annually, shall be deemed delinquent and 15 shall bear interest after that date at the same interest rate. 16 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a taxpayer owes 17 an arrearage of taxes due to an administrative error, and if the county collector sends a separate bill for that arrearage 18 19 as provided in Section 14-41, then any part of the arrearage of 20 taxes that remains unpaid on the day after the due date specified on that tax bill shall be deemed delinquent and 21 22 shall bear interest after that date at the rate of 1 1/2% per 23 month or portion thereof. All interest collected shall be paid 24 into the general fund of the county. Payment received by mail 25 and postmarked on or before the required due date is not 26 delinquent.

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Property not subject to the interest charge in Section 9-260 or Section 9-265 shall also not be subject to the interest charge imposed by this Section until such time as the owner of the property receives actual notice of and is billed for the principal amount of back taxes due and owing.

If an Illinois resident who is a member of the Illinois National Guard or a reserve component of the armed forces of the United States and who has an ownership interest in property taxed under this Act is called to active duty for deployment outside the continental United States and is on active duty on the due date of any installment of taxes due under this Act, he or she shall not be deemed delinquent in the payment of the installment and no interest shall accrue or be charged as a penalty on the installment until 180 days after that member returns from active duty. To be deemed not delinquent in the payment of an installment of taxes and any interest on that installment, the reservist or quardsperson must make a reasonable effort to notify the county clerk and the county collector of his or her activation to active duty and must notify the county clerk and the county collector within 180 days after his or her deactivation and provide verification of the date of his or her deactivation. An installment of property taxes on the property of any reservist guardsperson who fails to provide timely notice and verification of deactivation to the county clerk is subject to interest and penalties as delinquent taxes under this Code

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from the date of deactivation.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when any unpaid taxes become delinquent under this Section through the fault of the mortgage lender, (i) the interest assessed under this Section for delinquent taxes shall be charged against the mortgage lender and not the mortgagor and (ii) the mortgage lender shall pay the taxes, redeem the property and take all necessary steps to remove any liens accruing against the property because of the delinquency. In the event that more than one entity meets the definition of mortgage lender with respect to any mortgage, the interest shall be assessed against the mortgage lender responsible for servicing the mortgage. Unpaid taxes shall be deemed delinquent through the fault of the mortgage lender only if: (a) the mortgage lender has received all payments due the mortgage lender for the property being taxed under the written terms of the mortgage or promissory note secured by the mortgage, (b) the mortgage lender holds funds in escrow to pay the taxes, and (c) the funds are sufficient to pay the taxes after deducting all amounts reasonably anticipated to become due for all hazard insurance premiums and mortgage insurance premiums and any other assessments to be paid from the escrow under the terms of the mortgage. For purposes of this Section, an amount is reasonably anticipated to become due if it is payable within 12 months from the time of determining the sufficiency of funds held in escrow. Unpaid taxes shall not be deemed

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delinquent through the fault of the mortgage lender if the
mortgage lender was directed in writing by the mortgagor not
to pay the property taxes, or if the failure to pay the taxes
when due resulted from inadequate or inaccurate parcel
information provided by the mortgagor, a title or abstract
company, or by the agency or unit of government assessing the
tax.

8 (Source: P.A. 97-944, eff. 8-10-12; 98-286, eff. 1-1-14.)

(35 ILCS 200/21-25)

Sec. 21-25. Due dates; accelerated billing in counties of 3,000,000 or more. Except as hereinafter provided and as provided in Section 21-40, in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants in which the accelerated method of billing and paying taxes provided for in Section 21-30 is in effect, the estimated first installment of unpaid taxes shall be deemed delinquent and shall bear interest after March 1 and until paid or forfeited, at the rate of 1.5% $\frac{1-1/2}{9}$ per month or portion thereof for tax years prior to 2023 and at the rate of 0.75% per month or portion thereof for tax years 2023 and thereafter until paid or forfeited. For tax year 2010, the estimated first installment of unpaid taxes shall be deemed delinquent and shall bear interest after April 1 at the rate of 1.5% per month or portion thereof until paid or forfeited. For tax year 2022, the estimated first installment of unpaid taxes shall be deemed delinquent and shall bear interest after April

1, 2023 at the rate of 1.5% per month or portion thereof until paid or forfeited. For all tax years, the second installment of unpaid taxes shall be deemed delinquent and shall bear interest after August 1 annually at the same interest rate until paid or forfeited. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a taxpayer owes an arrearage of taxes due to an administrative error, and if the county collector sends a separate bill for that arrearage as provided in Section 14-41, then any part of the arrearage of taxes that remains unpaid on the day after the due date specified on that tax bill shall be deemed delinquent and shall bear interest after that date at the rate of 1.5% 1 1/2% per month or portion thereof for tax years prior to 2023 and at the rate of 0.75% per month or portion thereof for tax year 2023 and thereafter.

If the county board elects by ordinance adopted prior to July 1 of a levy year to provide for taxes to be paid in 4 installments, each installment for that levy year and each subsequent year shall be deemed delinquent and shall begin to bear interest 30 days after the date specified by the ordinance for mailing bills and until paid of forfeited τ at the rate of 1.5% 1 1/2% per month or portion thereof for tax years prior to 2023 and at the rate of 0.75% per month or portion thereof for tax years 2023 and thereafter, until paid or forfeited.

Payment received by mail and postmarked on or before the required due date is not delinquent.

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Taxes levied on homestead property in which a member of the National Guard or reserves of the armed forces of the United States who was called to active duty on or after August 1, 1990, and who has an ownership interest, shall not be deemed delinquent and no interest shall accrue or be charged as a penalty on such taxes due and payable in 1991 or 1992 until one year after that member returns to civilian status.

If an Illinois resident who is a member of the Illinois National Guard or a reserve component of the armed forces of the United States and who has an ownership interest in property taxed under this Act is called to active duty for deployment outside the continental United States and is on active duty on the due date of any installment of taxes due under this Act, he or she shall not be deemed delinquent in the payment of the installment and no interest shall accrue or be charged as a penalty on the installment until 180 days after that member returns to civilian status. To be deemed not delinquent in the payment of an installment of taxes and any interest on that installment, the reservist or quardsperson must make a reasonable effort to notify the county clerk and the county collector of his or her activation to active duty and must notify the county clerk and the county collector within 180 days after his or her deactivation and provide verification of the date of his or her deactivation. An installment of property taxes on the property of any reservist guardsperson who fails to provide timely notice and

- 1 verification of deactivation to the county clerk is subject to
- 2 interest and penalties as delinquent taxes under this Code
- 3 from the date of deactivation.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 102-1112, eff. 12-21-22.)
- 5 (35 ILCS 200/21-45)
- 6 Sec. 21-45. Failure to issue tax bill in prior year. In the
- 7 event no tax bill was issued as provided in Section 21-30, on
- 8 any property in any previous year for any reason, one tax bill
- 9 shall be prepared and mailed by July 1 of the year subsequent
- 10 to the year in which no tax bill was issued, and taxes on that
- 11 property for that year only shall bear interest after the
- first day of August of that year and until paid or forfeited at
- 13 the rate of 1.5% $\frac{1}{1/2}$ % per month or portion thereof for tax
- 14 years prior to 2023 and at the rate of 0.75% per month or
- portion thereof for tax years 2023 and thereafter until paid
- 16 or forfeited.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 87-17; 88-455.)
- 18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 19 becoming law.