

HB3580



103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

HB3580

Introduced 2/17/2023, by Rep. Blaine Wilhour

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Provides that the amendatory Act may be referred to as the Reshore Our Supply Chains Tax Reform Act. In specified provisions concerning base income, provides that a taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes.

LRB103 05339 SPS 50358 b

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 1. This Act may be referred to as the Reshore Our
5 Supply Chains Tax Reform Act.

6 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
7 changing Section 203 as follows:

8 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

9 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

10 (a) Individuals.

11 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
12 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
13 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
14 (2).

15 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
16 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
17 the sum of the following amounts:

18 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
19 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
20 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
21 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
22 stock dividends of qualified public utilities

1 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
2 Code;

3 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
4 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
5 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
6 taxable year;

7 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
8 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
9 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
10 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
11 for which a deduction was previously taken under
12 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
13 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
14 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
15 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
16 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
17 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
18 which is attributable to such principal residence;

19 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
20 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
21 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
22 computation of adjusted gross income;

23 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
24 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
25 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
26 medical care savings account and the interest earned

1 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
2 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
3 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of
4 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
5 2000;

6 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
7 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
8 costs that the individual deducted in computing
9 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
10 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

11 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
12 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
13 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
14 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
15 the Internal Revenue Code;

16 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
20 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
21 deductions taken in all taxable years under
22 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

23 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
24 the last day of the last tax year for which a taxpayer
25 may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income
26 tax purposes ~~a subtraction is allowed with respect to~~

1 ~~that property under subparagraph (Z)~~ and for which the
2 taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a
3 subtraction modification under subparagraph (Z), then
4 an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

5 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
6 modification under this subparagraph only once with
7 respect to any one piece of property;

8 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
9 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
13 member of the same unitary business group but for the
14 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
15 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
18 who would be a member of the same unitary business
19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
22 required to apportion business income under different
23 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
24 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
25 extent that dividends were included in base income of
26 the unitary group for the same taxable year and

1 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
2 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
3 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
4 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included
5 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
7 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
8 incurred.

9 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
12 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
13 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
14 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
15 with respect to such interest; or

16 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
18 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
19 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
20 following:

21 (a) the person, during the same taxable
22 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
23 to a person that is not a related member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
26 person did not have as a principal purpose the

1 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
2 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
3 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
4 terms; or

5 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
6 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
7 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
8 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
9 and terms and the principal purpose for the
10 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
11 or

12 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
15 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
16 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
17 to the application or use of an alternative method
18 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
20 Director from making any other adjustment
21 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
22 for any tax year beginning after the effective
23 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
24 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
25 Department and such regulations provide methods
26 and standards by which the Department will utilize

1 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

2 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
3 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
4 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
6 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
7 foreign person who would be a member of the same
8 unitary business group but for the fact that the
9 foreign person's business activity outside the United
10 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
11 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
13 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
14 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
15 from being included in the unitary business group
16 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
17 business income under different subsections of Section
18 304. The addition modification required by this
19 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
20 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
21 group for the same taxable year and received by the
22 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
23 business group (including amounts included in gross
24 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
25 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
26 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with

1 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
2 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
3 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
4 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same
5 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
6 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
7 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
8 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
9 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
10 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
11 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
12 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
14 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
15 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
16 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
17 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
18 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
19 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
20 similar types of intangible assets.

21 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

22 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
25 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
26 than a state which requires mandatory unitary

1 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
2 with respect to such item; or

3 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
6 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
7 following:

8 (a) the person during the same taxable
9 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
10 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
11 not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
13 intangible expense or cost between the
14 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
15 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
16 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
17 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
18 or

19 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
24 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
25 writing to the application or use of an
26 alternative method of apportionment under Section

1 304(f);

2 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
3 Director from making any other adjustment
4 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
5 for any tax year beginning after the effective
6 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
7 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
8 Department and such regulations provide methods
9 and standards by which the Department will utilize
10 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

11 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
13 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
14 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
16 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
17 business group but for the fact that the person is
18 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
19 included in the unitary business group because he or
20 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
21 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
22 addition modification required by this subparagraph
23 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
24 included in base income of the unitary group for the
25 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
26 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group

1 (including amounts included in gross income under
2 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
4 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
5 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
6 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
7 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
8 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
9 the addition modification required under Section
10 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
11 Act;

12 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
14 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
15 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
16 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
17 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
18 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
19 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
20 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
21 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
22 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
23 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
25 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
26 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from

1 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
2 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
3 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
4 adopts and determines that its offering materials
5 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
6 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
7 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
8 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
9 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
10 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
11 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
12 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
13 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
14 gross income under Section 529(c) (3) (B) .

15 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
16 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
17 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
18 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
19 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
20 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
21 participants in its offering materials or makes a
22 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
23 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
24 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
25 out-of-state program distributes its offering
26 materials;

1 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
2 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
3 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
4 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from
5 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
6 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
7 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c)(1)(B)
8 of the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
10 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
11 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
13 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
14 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
15 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

16 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
17 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
18 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
19 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
20 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
21 State to an ABLE account established under an
22 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
23 the contribution component of the transferred amount
24 that was previously deducted from base income under
25 subsection (a)(2)(Y) or subsection (a)(2)(HH) of this
26 Section;

1 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
2 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
3 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
4 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of
5 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
6 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
7 education institution, an amount equal to the
8 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
9 or refund that was previously deducted from base
10 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,
11 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
12 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
13 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
14 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
15 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
16 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
17 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
18 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
19 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
20 or refund that was previously deducted from base
21 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and
22 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
23 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of
24 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
25 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
26 amount equal to the contribution component of the

1 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
2 deducted from base income under subsection (a) (2) (HH)
3 of this Section;

4 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
5 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
6 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
7 Act;

8 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
10 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
11 for the taxable year;

12 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal
13 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed
14 pursuant to Section 201(p) (7) of this Act;

15 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
16 following amounts:

17 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
18 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
19 any compensation (including but not limited to any
20 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
21 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
22 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
23 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
24 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
25 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
26 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a

1 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
2 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
3 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
4 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending
5 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
6 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
8 in respect of any compensation (including but not
9 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
10 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
11 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
12 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
13 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
14 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
15 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
16 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
17 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the
18 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
19 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
20 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
21 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
22 of Section 250;

23 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
24 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
25 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
26 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such

1 total as distributions under the provisions of any
2 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
3 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
4 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
5 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
6 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
7 adopted pursuant thereto;

8 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

9 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
10 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
11 and included in such total for the taxable year;

12 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
13 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
14 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
15 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
16 computation of taxable income;

17 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
18 such total which were paid by a corporation which
19 conducts business operations in a River Edge
20 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
21 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
22 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
23 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
24 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
26 such total that were paid by a corporation that

1 conducts business operations in a federally designated
2 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
3 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
4 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
5 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
6 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
7 this subparagraph (K);

8 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
9 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
10 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
11 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code;

13 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
14 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
15 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
16 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
17 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
18 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
19 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
20 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
21 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
23 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of
24 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
25 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
26 included in gross income under Section 87 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
2 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
3 250;

4 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in
5 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
6 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
7 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
8 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
9 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
10 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
11 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
12 net of bond premium amortization;

13 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
14 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
15 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

16 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
17 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
18 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
19 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
20 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
21 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
22 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
23 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

24 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
25 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
26 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or

1 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
2 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
3 illness;

4 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
5 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

6 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
7 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
8 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
9 medical care savings account established under the
10 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
11 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
12 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
13 as provided in that Act;

14 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
15 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
16 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
17 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
18 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
19 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
20 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

21 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
22 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
23 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
24 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
25 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
26 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

1 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
2 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
3 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
4 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
5 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
6 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
7 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
8 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
9 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
10 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
11 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
12 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
13 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
14 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
15 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
16 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
17 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
18 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
19 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
20 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
21 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
22 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
23 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
24 times a number that represents the fractional
25 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
26 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually

1 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

2 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
3 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
4 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year
5 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
6 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
7 Section 250;

8 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
9 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
10 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
11 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
12 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
13 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
14 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
15 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
16 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
17 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
18 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
19 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
20 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
21 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
22 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
23 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
24 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
25 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
26 insurance companies immediately prior to and during

1 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
2 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
3 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
4 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
5 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
6 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
7 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
8 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
9 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
10 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
11 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
12 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
13 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
14 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
16 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
17 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a
18 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
19 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
20 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
21 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
22 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
23 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
24 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
25 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
26 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid

1 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
2 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
4 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
5 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
6 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
7 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
8 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
9 from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
11 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
12 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
13 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
15 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

16 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
17 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
19 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
20 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
21 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
22 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

23 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
24 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
25 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
26 0.429); and

1 (3) for taxable years ending after December
2 31, 2005:

3 (i) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
7 by 0.429);

8 (ii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11 1.0;

12 (iii) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
15 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
16 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
17 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
18 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
19 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
20 depreciation on that property; and

21 (iv) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
23 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
24 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
25 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
26 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation

1 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
2 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
3 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
4 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

5 The aggregate amount deducted under this
6 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
7 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
8 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
9 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
10 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
11 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250;

13 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
16 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
17 an amount equal to that addition modification.

18 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
19 the last day of the last tax year for which a taxpayer
20 may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income
21 tax purposes ~~a subtraction is allowed with respect to~~
22 ~~that property under subparagraph (Z)~~ and for which the
23 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
24 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
25 an amount equal to that addition modification.

26 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction

1 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
2 one piece of property.

3 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
4 provisions of Section 250;

5 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
6 other than salary, received by a driver in a
7 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

8 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
9 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
10 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
11 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
12 modification with respect to such transaction under
13 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
14 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
15 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
16 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
17 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
18 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
19 that is required to make an addition modification with
20 respect to such transaction under Section
21 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
22 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
23 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
24 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
26 into account for the taxable year (net of the

1 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
4 for the fact that the foreign person's business
5 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
6 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
7 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
14 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
15 made for the same taxable year under Section
16 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
18 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions
19 of Section 250;

20 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
21 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
22 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
25 for the fact that the foreign person's business
26 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of

1 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
2 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
3 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
4 business group but for the fact that the person is
5 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
6 included in the unitary business group because he or
7 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
8 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
9 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
10 made for the same taxable year under Section
11 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
13 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
14 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
16 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
17 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
18 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State
19 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
22 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
23 add back any insurance premiums under Section
24 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
25 that part of a reimbursement received from the
26 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense

1 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
2 company) that would have been taken into account as a
3 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
4 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
5 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
6 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
7 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
8 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
9 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
12 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum
13 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
14 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
15 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
16 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
17 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
18 be considered moneys contributed under this
19 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
20 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
21 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
22 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;
23 and

24 (II) For taxable years that begin on or after
25 January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the
26 amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal

1 adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness
3 attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is
4 not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted
5 gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection
6 (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code.

7 (b) Corporations.

8 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
9 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
10 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

11 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
12 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
13 of the following amounts:

14 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
15 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
16 received from regulated investment companies during
17 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
18 income in the computation of taxable income;

19 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
20 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
21 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
22 year;

23 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
24 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
25 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the

1 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as
2 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
4 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
6 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
7 law and is not a new enactment);

8 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
9 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
10 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
11 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

12 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
13 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
14 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
15 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
16 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
17 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
18 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
19 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
20 year, with the following limitations applied in the
21 order that they are listed:

22 (i) the addition modification relating to the
23 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
24 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
25 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
26 of addition modification under this subparagraph

1 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
2 which was taken into account in calculating the
3 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

4 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
5 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
6 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
7 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
8 such carryback or carryforward;

9 For taxable years in which there is a net
10 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
11 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
12 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
13 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
14 computed independently under the preceding provisions
15 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

16 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
17 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
18 costs that the corporation deducted in computing
19 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation
20 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

21 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
22 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
23 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
24 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
25 the Internal Revenue Code;

26 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,

1 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
2 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
3 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
4 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
5 deductions taken in all taxable years under
6 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

7 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
8 the last day of the last tax year for a taxpayer may
9 claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax
10 purposes ~~which a subtraction is allowed with respect~~
11 ~~to that property under subparagraph (T)~~ and for which
12 the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a
13 subtraction modification under subparagraph (T), then
14 an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

15 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
16 modification under this subparagraph only once with
17 respect to any one piece of property;

18 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
19 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
20 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the same unitary business group but for the
24 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
25 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
2 who would be a member of the same unitary business
3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
4 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
6 required to apportion business income under different
7 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
8 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
9 extent that dividends were included in base income of
10 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
11 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
12 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
13 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
14 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
15 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
17 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
18 accrued, or incurred.

19 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

20 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
22 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
23 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
24 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
25 with respect to such interest; or

26 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
2 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
3 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
4 following:

5 (a) the person, during the same taxable
6 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
7 to a person that is not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
10 person did not have as a principal purpose the
11 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
12 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
13 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
14 terms; or

15 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
16 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
17 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
18 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
19 and terms and the principal purpose for the
20 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
21 or

22 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
24 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
25 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
26 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing

1 to the application or use of an alternative method
2 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

3 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
4 Director from making any other adjustment
5 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
6 for any tax year beginning after the effective
7 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
8 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
9 Department and such regulations provide methods
10 and standards by which the Department will utilize
11 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

12 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
13 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
14 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
17 foreign person who would be a member of the same
18 unitary business group but for the fact that the
19 foreign person's business activity outside the United
20 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
21 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
23 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
24 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
25 from being included in the unitary business group
26 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion

1 business income under different subsections of Section
2 304. The addition modification required by this
3 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
4 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
5 group for the same taxable year and received by the
6 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
7 business group (including amounts included in gross
8 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
10 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
11 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
12 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
13 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
14 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
15 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
16 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
17 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
18 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
19 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
20 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
21 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
22 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
24 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
25 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
26 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this

1 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
2 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
3 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
4 similar types of intangible assets.

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
9 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
10 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
11 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
12 with respect to such item; or

13 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
16 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
17 following:

18 (a) the person during the same taxable
19 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
20 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
21 not a related member, and

22 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
23 intangible expense or cost between the
24 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
25 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
26 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract

1 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

2 or

3 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
6 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
7 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
8 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
9 writing to the application or use of an
10 alternative method of apportionment under Section
11 304(f);

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
15 for any tax year beginning after the effective
16 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
17 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
18 Department and such regulations provide methods
19 and standards by which the Department will utilize
20 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
23 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
24 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
26 a person who would be a member of the same unitary

1 business group but for the fact that the person is
2 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
3 included in the unitary business group because he or
4 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
5 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
6 addition modification required by this subparagraph
7 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
8 included in base income of the unitary group for the
9 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
11 (including amounts included in gross income under
12 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
13 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
14 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
15 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
16 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
17 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
18 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
19 the addition modification required under Section
20 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
21 Act;

22 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
23 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
24 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
25 to a real estate investment trust under Section
26 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for

1 dividends paid;

2 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
3 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
4 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
5 Act;

6 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
8 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 for the taxable year;

10 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
11 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
12 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
13 Code for the taxable year;

14 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
15 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
16 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
17 Code for the taxable year;

18 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
19 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
20 under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal
21 Revenue Code for the taxable year.

22 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
23 following amounts:

24 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
25 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
26 and included in such total for the taxable year;

1 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
2 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

3 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
4 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
5 dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
6 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
7 for the taxable year;

8 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
9 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
10 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
11 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
12 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
13 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
14 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
15 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
16 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
17 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
18 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
19 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
20 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
21 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
22 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
23 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
25 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
26 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in

1 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
2 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
3 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
4 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
5 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
6 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
7 from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
9 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
10 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
11 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
12 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
13 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
14 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
15 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
16 net of bond premium amortization;

17 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
18 such total which were paid by a corporation which
19 conducts business operations in a River Edge
20 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
21 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
22 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
23 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
24 the provisions of Section 250;

25 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
26 such total that were paid by a corporation that

1 conducts business operations in a federally designated
2 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
3 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
4 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
5 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
6 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
7 this subparagraph (L);

8 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
9 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
10 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
11 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
12 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
13 property which is eligible for the River Edge
14 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
15 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
16 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
17 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
18 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
19 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)
20 investment credit property which secures the loan or
21 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
22 such property on the date that it was placed in service
23 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
24 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
25 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
26 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to

1 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
2 calculated under the previous sentence. This
3 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
4 Section 250;

5 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
6 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
7 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
8 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
9 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
10 property which is eligible for the High Impact
11 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
12 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
13 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
14 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
15 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
16 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
17 investment credit property which secures the loan or
18 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
19 such property on the date that it was placed in service
20 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
21 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
22 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
23 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
24 eligible for the deduction provided under this
25 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
26 available to taxpayers in any year under this

1 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
2 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
3 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
4 under the previous sentence;

5 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
6 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
7 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
8 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
9 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
10 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by
11 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
12 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
13 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
14 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
17 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
18 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
19 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
20 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
21 the amount by which dividends included in taxable
22 income and received from a corporation that is not
23 created or organized under the laws of the United
24 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
25 including, for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed

1 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
2 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
3 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph
4 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
5 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
6 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
7 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
8 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
9 included in taxable income and received, including,
10 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,
11 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
12 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years
14 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
15 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
16 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
17 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
18 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
19 affiliated group which includes the dividend
20 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
21 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
22 this subsection (b) which is related to such
23 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June
24 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the
25 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as
26 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue

1 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to
2 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under
3 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This
4 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250 of this Act;

6 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
7 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
8 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

9 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
10 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
11 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
12 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
13 the Internal Revenue Code;

14 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
15 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
16 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
17 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
18 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
19 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
20 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
21 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
22 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
23 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
24 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
25 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250;

1 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
2 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
3 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
4 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
5 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
6 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
7 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
8 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
9 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
12 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
13 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
14 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
15 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
16 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

17 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
18 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
20 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
21 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
22 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
23 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

24 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
25 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
26 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by

1 0.429); and

2 (3) for taxable years ending after December
3 31, 2005:

4 (i) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
8 by 0.429);

9 (ii) for property on which a bonus
10 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
11 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
12 1.0;

13 (iii) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
16 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
17 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
18 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
19 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
20 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
21 depreciation on that property; and

22 (iv) for property on which a bonus
23 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
24 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
25 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
26 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied

1 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
2 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
3 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
4 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
5 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

6 The aggregate amount deducted under this
7 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
8 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
9 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
10 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
11 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
12 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
13 Section 250;

14 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
15 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
16 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
17 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
18 equal to that addition modification.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which a taxpayer
21 may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income
22 tax purposes ~~a subtraction is allowed with respect to~~
23 ~~that property under subparagraph (T)~~ and for which the
24 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
25 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
26 an amount equal to that addition modification.

1 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
2 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
3 one piece of property.

4 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
7 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
8 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
9 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
10 modification with respect to such transaction under
11 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
12 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
13 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
14 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
15 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
16 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
17 that is required to make an addition modification with
18 respect to such transaction under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
20 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
21 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
22 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
23 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
24 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
25 an addition modification with respect to such
26 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section

1 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
2 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
3 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
4 from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
6 into account for the taxable year (net of the
7 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
8 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
10 for the fact that the foreign person's business
11 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
12 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
13 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
14 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
15 business group but for the fact that the person is
16 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
17 included in the unitary business group because he or
18 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
19 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
20 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
21 made for the same taxable year under Section
22 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
24 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250;

26 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible

1 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
2 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
3 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
5 for the fact that the foreign person's business
6 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
7 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
8 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
9 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
10 business group but for the fact that the person is
11 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
12 included in the unitary business group because he or
13 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
14 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
15 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
16 made for the same taxable year under Section
17 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
19 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
20 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
22 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
23 add back any insurance premiums under Section
24 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
25 that part of a reimbursement received from the
26 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense

1 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
2 company) that would have been taken into account as a
3 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
4 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
5 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
6 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
7 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
8 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
9 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250; and

11 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
12 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
13 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
14 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
15 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
16 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
17 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250.

19 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A),
20 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,
21 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
22 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
23 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
24 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
25 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
26 Section 803(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1 (c) Trusts and estates.

2 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
3 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
4 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

5 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
6 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
7 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
8 following amounts:

9 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
10 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
11 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
12 in the computation of taxable income;

13 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
14 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
15 required to distribute all of its income currently,
16 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
17 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
18 the computation of taxable income;

19 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
20 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
21 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
22 year;

23 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
24 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
25 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year

1 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

2 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
3 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
4 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
5 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
6 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
7 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
8 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
9 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
10 the following limitations applied in the order that
11 they are listed:

12 (i) the addition modification relating to the
13 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
14 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
15 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
16 of addition modification under this subparagraph
17 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
18 which was taken into account in calculating the
19 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

20 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
21 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
22 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
23 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
24 such carryback or carryforward;

25 For taxable years in which there is a net
26 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more

1 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
2 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
3 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
4 computed independently under the preceding provisions
5 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

6 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
7 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
8 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
9 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
10 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601
11 of this Act;

12 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
13 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
14 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
15 computation of taxable income;

16 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
17 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
18 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
19 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
20 estate claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section
21 201;

22 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
23 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
24 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
25 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
26 the Internal Revenue Code; and

1 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
2 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
3 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
4 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
5 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
6 deductions taken in all taxable years under
7 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

8 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
9 the last day of the last tax year for which a taxpayer
10 may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income
11 tax purposes ~~a subtraction is allowed with respect to~~
12 ~~that property under subparagraph (R)~~ and for which the
13 taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a
14 subtraction modification under subparagraph (R), then
15 an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

16 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
17 modification under this subparagraph only once with
18 respect to any one piece of property;

19 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
20 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
21 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the same unitary business group but for the
25 fact that the foreign person's business activity
26 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign

1 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
3 who would be a member of the same unitary business
4 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
5 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
6 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
7 required to apportion business income under different
8 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
9 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
10 extent that dividends were included in base income of
11 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
12 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
13 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
14 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
15 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
16 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
18 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
19 accrued, or incurred.

20 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

21 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
23 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
24 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
25 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
26 with respect to such interest; or

1 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
3 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
4 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
5 following:

6 (a) the person, during the same taxable
7 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
8 to a person that is not a related member, and

9 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
10 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
11 person did not have as a principal purpose the
12 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
13 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
14 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
15 terms; or

16 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
17 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
18 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
19 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
20 and terms and the principal purpose for the
21 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
22 or

23 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
25 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or

1 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
2 to the application or use of an alternative method
3 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

4 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
5 Director from making any other adjustment
6 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
7 for any tax year beginning after the effective
8 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
9 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
10 Department and such regulations provide methods
11 and standards by which the Department will utilize
12 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

13 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
14 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
15 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
18 foreign person who would be a member of the same
19 unitary business group but for the fact that the
20 foreign person's business activity outside the United
21 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
22 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
24 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
25 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
26 from being included in the unitary business group

1 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
2 business income under different subsections of Section
3 304. The addition modification required by this
4 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
5 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
6 group for the same taxable year and received by the
7 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
8 business group (including amounts included in gross
9 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
11 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
12 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
13 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
14 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
15 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
16 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
17 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
18 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
19 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
20 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
21 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
22 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
23 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
25 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
26 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing

1 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
2 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
3 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
4 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
5 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

6 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

7 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
10 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
11 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
12 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
13 with respect to such item; or

14 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
17 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
18 following:

19 (a) the person during the same taxable
20 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
21 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
22 not a related member, and

23 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
24 intangible expense or cost between the
25 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
26 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois

1 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
2 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
3 or

4 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
9 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
10 writing to the application or use of an
11 alternative method of apportionment under Section
12 304(f);

13 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
14 Director from making any other adjustment
15 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
16 for any tax year beginning after the effective
17 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
18 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
19 Department and such regulations provide methods
20 and standards by which the Department will utilize
21 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

22 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
24 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
25 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to

1 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
2 business group but for the fact that the person is
3 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
4 included in the unitary business group because he or
5 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
6 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
7 addition modification required by this subparagraph
8 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
9 included in base income of the unitary group for the
10 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
12 (including amounts included in gross income under
13 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
15 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
16 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
17 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
18 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
19 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
20 the addition modification required under Section
21 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this
22 Act;

23 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
24 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
25 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
26 Act;

1 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
3 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
4 for the taxable year;

5 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
6 following amounts:

7 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
8 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
9 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
10 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total
11 as distributions under the provisions of any
12 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
13 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
14 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
15 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
16 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
17 adopted pursuant thereto;

18 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

19 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
20 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
21 and included in such total for the taxable year;

22 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
23 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
24 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
25 taxation by this State either by reason of its
26 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the

1 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
2 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
3 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
4 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
5 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
6 premium amortization;

7 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
8 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
9 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
10 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
11 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
12 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
13 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
14 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
15 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
16 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
17 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
18 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
19 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
20 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
21 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
22 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
23 250;

24 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
25 such total which were paid by a corporation which
26 conducts business operations in a River Edge

1 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
2 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
3 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
4 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
5 the provisions of Section 250;

6 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
7 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
8 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

9 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
10 such total that were paid by a corporation that
11 conducts business operations in a federally designated
12 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
13 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
14 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
15 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
16 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
17 this subparagraph (O);

18 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
19 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
20 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
21 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
22 the Internal Revenue Code;

23 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
24 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
25 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
26 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of

1 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
2 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
3 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
4 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
5 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
6 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
7 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
8 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
9 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
10 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
11 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
12 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
13 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
14 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
15 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
16 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
17 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
18 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
19 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
20 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
21 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
22 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
23 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
24 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
25 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
26 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion

1 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
2 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
3 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

4 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
5 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
6 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
7 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
8 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
9 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

10 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
11 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
12 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
13 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
14 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
15 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
16 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

17 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
18 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
19 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
20 0.429); and

21 (3) for taxable years ending after December
22 31, 2005:

23 (i) for property on which a bonus
24 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
25 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
26 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied

1 by 0.429);

2 (ii) for property on which a bonus
3 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
4 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
5 1.0;

6 (iii) for property on which a bonus
7 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
8 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
9 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
10 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
11 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
12 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
13 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
14 depreciation on that property; and

15 (iv) for property on which a bonus
16 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
17 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
18 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
19 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
20 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
21 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
22 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
23 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
24 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

25 The aggregate amount deducted under this
26 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of

1 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
2 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
3 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
4 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
5 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250;

7 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
8 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
9 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
10 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
11 equal to that addition modification.

12 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
13 the last day of the last tax year for which a taxpayer
14 may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income
15 tax purposes ~~a subtraction is allowed with respect to~~
16 ~~that property under subparagraph (R)~~ and for which the
17 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
18 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
19 an amount equal to that addition modification.

20 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
21 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
22 one piece of property.

23 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
26 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account

1 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
2 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
3 modification with respect to such transaction under
4 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
5 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
6 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
7 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
8 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
9 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
10 that is required to make an addition modification with
11 respect to such transaction under Section
12 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
13 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
14 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
15 from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
17 into account for the taxable year (net of the
18 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
19 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
21 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
22 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
23 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
24 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
25 who would be a member of the same unitary business
26 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited

1 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
2 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
3 required to apportion business income under different
4 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
5 addition modification required to be made for the same
6 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
7 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
9 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
11 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
12 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
13 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
15 for the fact that the foreign person's business
16 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
17 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
18 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
19 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
20 business group but for the fact that the person is
21 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
22 included in the unitary business group because he or
23 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
24 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
25 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
26 made for the same taxable year under Section

1 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
3 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
4 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
6 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
7 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
8 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
9 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
10 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
11 from Section 250;

12 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
13 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
14 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
15 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
16 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
18 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
19 add back any insurance premiums under Section
20 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
21 that part of a reimbursement received from the
22 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
23 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
24 company) that would have been taken into account as a
25 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
26 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer

1 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
2 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
3 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
4 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
5 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250; and

7 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
8 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
9 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
10 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal
11 Revenue Code.

12 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
13 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
14 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
15 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
16 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
17 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
18 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

19 (d) Partnerships.

20 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
21 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
22 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

23 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
24 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
25 of the following amounts:

1 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
2 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
3 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
4 in the computation of taxable income;

5 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
6 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
7 the taxable year;

8 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
9 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
10 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
11 income;

12 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
13 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
14 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
15 computation of taxable income;

16 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
17 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
18 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
19 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
20 the Internal Revenue Code;

21 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
22 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
23 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
24 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
25 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
26 deductions taken in all taxable years under

1 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which a taxpayer
4 may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income
5 tax purposes ~~a subtraction is allowed with respect to~~
6 ~~that property under subparagraph (O)~~ and for which the
7 taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a
8 subtraction modification under subparagraph (O), then
9 an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

10 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
11 modification under this subparagraph only once with
12 respect to any one piece of property;

13 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
14 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
15 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
18 member of the same unitary business group but for the
19 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
20 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
21 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
23 who would be a member of the same unitary business
24 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
25 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
26 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily

1 required to apportion business income under different
2 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
3 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
4 extent that dividends were included in base income of
5 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
6 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
7 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
8 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
9 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
10 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
12 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
13 accrued, or incurred.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
17 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
18 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
19 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
20 with respect to such interest; or

21 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
23 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
24 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
25 following:

26 (a) the person, during the same taxable

1 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
2 to a person that is not a related member, and

3 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
4 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
5 person did not have as a principal purpose the
6 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
7 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
8 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
9 terms; or

10 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
11 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
12 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
13 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
14 and terms and the principal purpose for the
15 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
16 or

17 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
19 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
20 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
21 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
22 to the application or use of an alternative method
23 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act

1 for any tax year beginning after the effective
2 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
3 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
4 Department and such regulations provide methods
5 and standards by which the Department will utilize
6 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

7 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
8 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
9 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
12 foreign person who would be a member of the same
13 unitary business group but for the fact that the
14 foreign person's business activity outside the United
15 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
16 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
18 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
19 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
20 from being included in the unitary business group
21 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
22 business income under different subsections of Section
23 304. The addition modification required by this
24 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
25 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
26 group for the same taxable year and received by the

1 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
2 business group (including amounts included in gross
3 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
5 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
6 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
7 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
8 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
9 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
10 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
11 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
12 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
13 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
14 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
15 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
16 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
17 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
19 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
20 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
21 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
22 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
23 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
24 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
25 similar types of intangible assets;

26 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

1 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
4 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
5 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
6 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
7 with respect to such item; or

8 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
11 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
12 following:

13 (a) the person during the same taxable
14 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
15 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
16 not a related member, and

17 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
18 intangible expense or cost between the
19 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
20 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
21 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
22 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
23 or

24 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if

1 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
2 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
3 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
4 writing to the application or use of an
5 alternative method of apportionment under Section
6 304(f);

7 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
8 Director from making any other adjustment
9 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
10 for any tax year beginning after the effective
11 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
12 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
13 Department and such regulations provide methods
14 and standards by which the Department will utilize
15 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

16 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
18 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
19 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
21 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
22 business group but for the fact that the person is
23 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
24 included in the unitary business group because he or
25 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
26 income under different subsections of Section 304. The

1 addition modification required by this subparagraph
2 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
3 included in base income of the unitary group for the
4 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
6 (including amounts included in gross income under
7 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
8 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
9 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
10 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
11 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
12 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
13 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
14 the addition modification required under Section
15 203(d) (2) (D-7) or Section 203(d) (2) (D-8) of this Act;

16 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
17 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
18 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
19 Act;

20 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
22 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
23 for the taxable year;

24 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
25 amounts:

26 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

1 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
2 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
3 and included in such total for the taxable year;

4 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
5 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
6 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
7 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
8 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
9 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
10 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
11 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
12 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
13 net of bond premium amortization;

14 (H) Any income of the partnership which
15 constitutes personal service income as defined in
16 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
17 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
18 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
19 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
20 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
23 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
24 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
25 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
26 including amounts distributable to organizations

1 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
2 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
3 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

4 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
5 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
6 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
7 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
8 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
9 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
10 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
11 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
12 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
13 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
14 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
15 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
16 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
17 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
18 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
19 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
20 250;

21 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
22 such total which were paid by a corporation which
23 conducts business operations in a River Edge
24 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
25 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
26 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment

1 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
2 the provisions of Section 250;

3 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
4 job training project established pursuant to the Real
5 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

6 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
7 such total that were paid by a corporation that
8 conducts business operations in a federally designated
9 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
10 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
11 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
12 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
13 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
14 this subparagraph (M);

15 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
16 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
17 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
18 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
19 the Internal Revenue Code;

20 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
21 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
22 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
23 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
25 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

26 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation

1 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
2 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
3 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
4 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
5 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
6 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

7 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
8 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
9 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
10 0.429); and

11 (3) for taxable years ending after December
12 31, 2005:

13 (i) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
17 by 0.429);

18 (ii) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 1.0;

22 (iii) for property on which a bonus
23 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
24 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
25 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
26 depreciation deduction that would be allowed

1 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
2 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
4 depreciation on that property; and

5 (iv) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
7 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
8 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
9 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
10 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
11 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
12 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
13 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
14 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

15 The aggregate amount deducted under this
16 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
17 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
18 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
20 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
21 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250;

23 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
24 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
25 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which a taxpayer
4 may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income
5 tax purposes ~~a subtraction is allowed with respect to~~
6 ~~that property under subparagraph (O)~~ and for which the
7 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
8 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
9 an amount equal to that addition modification.

10 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
11 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
12 one piece of property.

13 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
16 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
17 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
18 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
19 modification with respect to such transaction under
20 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
21 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
22 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
23 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
24 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
25 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
26 that is required to make an addition modification with

1 respect to such transaction under Section
2 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
3 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
4 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
5 from Section 250;

6 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
7 into account for the taxable year (net of the
8 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
11 for the fact that the foreign person's business
12 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
13 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
14 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
15 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
16 business group but for the fact that the person is
17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
18 included in the unitary business group because he or
19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
20 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
21 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
22 made for the same taxable year under Section
23 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
25 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

26 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible

1 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
2 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
3 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
5 for the fact that the foreign person's business
6 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
7 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
8 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
9 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
10 business group but for the fact that the person is
11 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
12 included in the unitary business group because he or
13 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
14 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
15 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
16 made for the same taxable year under Section
17 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
18 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
19 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
20 Section 250; and

21 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
22 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
23 add back any insurance premiums under Section
24 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
25 that part of a reimbursement received from the
26 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense

1 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
2 company) that would have been taken into account as a
3 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
4 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
5 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
6 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
7 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
8 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
9 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250.

11 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

12 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
13 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
14 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
15 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
16 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
17 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
18 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
19 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
20 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
22 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
23 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
24 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
25 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications

1 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
2 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
3 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
4 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
6 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
7 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
8 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
9 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
10 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
11 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
12 addition modification must be made under those
13 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
14 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
15 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
16 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
17 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code.

19 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
20 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
21 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

22 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
23 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
24 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
25 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
26 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus

1 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
2 Internal Revenue Code;

3 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
4 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
5 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
6 insurance company taxable income;

7 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
8 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
9 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
10 investment company taxable income;

11 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
12 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
13 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
14 real estate investment trust taxable income;

15 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
16 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
17 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
18 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
19 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
20 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
21 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
22 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
23 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
24 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
25 determined as if the election provided by Section
26 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in

1 effect for all such years;

2 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
3 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
4 organization determined in accordance with the
5 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
7 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
8 activities against income from nonpatronage
9 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
10 association may make an election to follow its federal
11 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
12 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
13 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
14 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
15 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
16 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
17 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
18 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
19 effective for all taxable years with original returns
20 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
21 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
22 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
23 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
24 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
25 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
26 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The

1 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
2 requirements for documenting the elections and any
3 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
4 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
5 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
6 existing law;

7 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
8 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
9 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
10 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
11 of such corporation determined in accordance with
12 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
13 that taxable income shall take into account those
14 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
16 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
17 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
18 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
19 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
20 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
21 such corporation determined in accordance with the
22 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
23 1982; and

24 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
25 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
26 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable

1 income shall take into account those items which are
2 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
3 but which would be taken into account by an individual
4 in calculating his taxable income.

5 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
6 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
7 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
8 business has been classified as business income and in a
9 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
10 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
11 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
12 related to that asset or business that generated the
13 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
14 business income in the year of the disposition of the
15 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
16 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
17 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
18 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
19 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
20 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
21 preceding taxable years.

22 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

23 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
24 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and
25 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

1 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
2 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
3 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
5 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
6 plus

7 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
8 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
9 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
10 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
11 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
12 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
13 of such gain included in the amount determined under
14 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

15 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

16 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
17 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
18 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
19 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
20 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
21 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
22 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
23 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
24 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
25 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
26 such property.

1 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
2 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
3 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
4 amount for such property is that amount which bears
5 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
6 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
7 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
8 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
9 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
10 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
11 period for the property.

12 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
13 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
14 purposes of this paragraph.

15 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
16 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
17 to be deducted more than once.

18 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
19 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
20 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
21 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
22 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
23 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
24 computation of base income and net income under this Act for

1 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
2 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

3 (Source: P.A. 101-9, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19;
4 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-658, eff.
5 8-27-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1112, eff. 12-21-22.)