## **103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

# State of Illinois

# 2023 and 2024

#### HB3592

Introduced 2/17/2023, by Rep. Michelle Mussman

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/24-12	from Ch. 1	122, par. 24-12	
105 ILCS 5/34-85	from Ch. 1	122, par. 34-85	

Amends the Employment of Teachers and Chicago School District Articles of the School code. In provisions concerning dismissal due to sexual abuse, changes the requirements to for any charges involving any witness who is or was at the time of the alleged conduct was a student or person under the age of 18 (instead of charges involving sexual abuse or severe physical abuse of a student or a person under the age of 18). Provides for accommodations (instead of alternative hearing procedures) for witnesses. Sets forth requirements for accommodations. Provides that the teacher may not directly, or through a representative, question a witness called by the school board who is or was a student or under 18 years of age at the time of the alleged conduct. The hearing officer must permit the teacher to submit all relevant questions and follow-up questions for such a witness to have the questions posed by the hearing officer (instead of each party must be permitted to ask a witness who is a student or who is under 18 years of age all relevant questions and follow-up questions). Provides that if any hearing officer fails to make an accommodation, the officer shall be removed from the master list of hearing officers. In the Chicago School District Article of the School Code, makes conforming changes to the previously described procedures.

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AN ACT concerning education.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections
24-12 and 34-85 as follows:

6 (105 ILCS 5/24-12) (from Ch. 122, par. 24-12)

Sec. 24-12. Removal or dismissal of teachers in
contractual continued service.

9 This subsection (a) applies only to honorable (a) dismissals and recalls in which the notice of dismissal is 10 provided on or before the end of the 2010-2011 school term. If 11 a teacher in contractual continued service is removed or 12 dismissed as a result of a decision of the board to decrease 13 14 the number of teachers employed by the board or to discontinue some particular type of teaching service, written notice shall 15 16 be mailed to the teacher and also given the teacher either by certified mail, return receipt requested or personal delivery 17 with receipt at least 60 days before the end of the school 18 19 term, together with a statement of honorable dismissal and the 20 reason therefor, and in all such cases the board shall first 21 remove or dismiss all teachers who have not entered upon 22 contractual continued service before removing or dismissing any teacher who has entered upon contractual continued service 23

1 and who is legally qualified to hold a position currently held 2 by a teacher who has not entered upon contractual continued 3 service.

As between teachers who have entered upon contractual 4 5 continued service, the teacher or teachers with the shorter length of continuing service with the district shall be 6 dismissed first unless an alternative method of determining 7 the sequence of dismissal is established in a collective 8 9 bargaining agreement or contract between the board and a 10 professional faculty members' organization and except that 11 this provision shall not impair the operation of any 12 affirmative action program in the district, regardless of whether it exists by operation of law or is conducted on a 13 14 voluntary basis by the board. Any teacher dismissed as a 15 result of such decrease or discontinuance shall be paid all 16 earned compensation on or before the third business day 17 following the last day of pupil attendance in the regular school term. 18

If the board has any vacancies for the following school 19 20 term or within one calendar year from the beginning of the 21 following school term, the positions thereby becoming 22 available shall be tendered to the teachers so removed or 23 dismissed so far as they are legally qualified to hold such positions; provided, however, that if the number of honorable 24 25 dismissal notices based on economic necessity exceeds 15% of 26 the number of full-time equivalent positions filled by

certified employees (excluding principals and administrative 1 2 personnel) during the preceding school year, then if the board has any vacancies for the following school term or within 2 3 calendar years from the beginning of the following school 4 5 term, the positions so becoming available shall be tendered to the teachers who were so notified and removed or dismissed 6 7 whenever they are legally qualified to hold such positions. 8 Each board shall, in consultation with any exclusive employee 9 representatives, each year establish a list, categorized by 10 positions, showing the length of continuing service of each 11 teacher who is qualified to hold any such positions, unless an 12 alternative method of determining a sequence of dismissal is 13 established as provided for in this Section, in which case a list shall be made in accordance with the alternative method. 14 Copies of the list shall be distributed to the exclusive 15 16 employee representative on or before February 1 of each year. 17 Whenever the number of honorable dismissal notices based upon economic necessity exceeds 5, or 150% of the average number of 18 19 teachers honorably dismissed in the preceding 3 years, 20 whichever is more, then the board also shall hold a public hearing on the question of the dismissals. Following the 21 22 hearing and board review, the action to approve any such 23 reduction shall require a majority vote of the board members.

(b) This subsection (b) applies only to honorable
 dismissals and recalls in which the notice of dismissal is
 provided during the 2011-2012 school term or a subsequent

school term. If any teacher, whether or not in contractual 1 2 continued service, is removed or dismissed as a result of a decision of a school board to decrease the number of teachers 3 employed by the board, a decision of a school board to 4 5 discontinue some particular type of teaching service, or a reduction in the number of programs or positions in a special 6 education joint agreement, then written notice must be mailed 7 8 to the teacher and also given to the teacher either by 9 electronic mail, certified mail, return receipt requested, or 10 personal delivery with receipt at least 45 days before the end 11 of the school term, together with a statement of honorable 12 dismissal and the reason therefor, and in all such cases the 13 sequence of dismissal shall occur in accordance with this subsection (b); except that this subsection (b) shall not 14 15 impair the operation of any affirmative action program in the 16 school district, regardless of whether it exists by operation 17 of law or is conducted on a voluntary basis by the board.

teacher must be categorized into one or 18 Each more positions for which the teacher is qualified to hold, based 19 20 upon legal qualifications and any other qualifications established in a district or joint agreement job description, 21 22 on or before the May 10 prior to the school year during which 23 the sequence of dismissal is determined. Within each position and subject to agreements made by the joint committee on 24 25 honorable dismissals that are authorized by subsection (c) of 26 this Section, the school district or joint agreement must

1 establish 4 groupings of teachers qualified to hold the 2 position as follows:

(1) Grouping one shall consist of each teacher who is 3 not in contractual continued service and who (i) has not 4 5 received a performance evaluation rating, (ii) is employed 6 for one school term or less to replace a teacher on leave, 7 (iii) is employed on a part-time basis. "Part-time or 8 basis" for the purposes of this subsection (b) means a 9 teacher who is employed to teach less than a full-day, 10 teacher workload or less than 5 days of the normal student 11 attendance week, unless otherwise provided for in a 12 collective bargaining agreement between the district and the exclusive representative of the district's teachers. 13 14 For the purposes of this Section, a teacher (A) who is 15 employed as a full-time teacher but who actually teaches 16 is otherwise present and participating in or the 17 district's educational program for less than a school term or (B) who, in the immediately previous school term, was 18 19 employed on a full-time basis and actually taught or was 20 otherwise present and participated in the district's 21 educational program for 120 days or more is not considered 22 employed on a part-time basis.

(2) Grouping 2 shall consist of each teacher with a
 Needs Improvement or Unsatisfactory performance evaluation
 rating on either of the teacher's last 2 performance
 evaluation ratings.

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1 (3) Grouping 3 shall consist of each teacher with a 2 performance evaluation rating of at least Satisfactory or 3 Proficient on both of the teacher's last 2 performance 4 evaluation ratings, if 2 ratings are available, or on the 5 teacher's last performance evaluation rating, if only one 6 rating is available, unless the teacher qualifies for 7 placement into grouping 4.

(4) Grouping 4 shall consist of each teacher whose 8 9 last 2 performance evaluation ratings are Excellent and each teacher with 2 Excellent performance evaluation 10 11 ratings out of the teacher's last 3 performance evaluation 12 ratings with a third rating of Satisfactory or Proficient. 13 Among teachers gualified to hold a position, teachers must be dismissed in the order of their groupings, with teachers in 14 grouping one dismissed first and teachers in grouping 4 15 16 dismissed last.

17 Within grouping one, the sequence of dismissal must be at the discretion of the school district or joint agreement. 18 Within grouping 2, the sequence of dismissal must be based 19 20 upon average performance evaluation ratings, with the teacher or teachers with the lowest average performance evaluation 21 22 rating dismissed first. A teacher's average performance 23 evaluation rating must be calculated using the average of the 24 teacher's last 2 performance evaluation ratings, if 2 ratings are available, or the teacher's last performance evaluation 25 26 rating, if only one rating is available, using the following

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1 numerical values: 4 for Excellent; 3 for Proficient or 2 2 for for Satisfactory; Needs Improvement; and 1 3 Unsatisfactory. As between or among teachers in grouping 2 with the same average performance evaluation rating and within 4 5 each of groupings 3 and 4, the teacher or teachers with the 6 shorter length of continuing service with the school district 7 joint agreement must be dismissed first unless or an 8 alternative method of determining the sequence of dismissal is 9 established in a collective bargaining agreement or contract 10 between the board and a professional faculty members' 11 organization.

12 Each board, including the governing board of a joint 13 agreement, shall, in consultation with any exclusive employee representatives, each year establish a sequence of honorable 14 dismissal list categorized by positions and the groupings 15 16 defined in this subsection (b). Copies of the list showing 17 each teacher by name and categorized by positions and the groupings defined in this subsection (b) must be distributed 18 19 to the exclusive bargaining representative at least 75 days 20 before the end of the school term, provided that the school 21 district or joint agreement may, with notice to any exclusive 22 employee representatives, move teachers from grouping one into 23 another grouping during the period of time from 75 days until 45 days before the end of the school term. Each year, each 24 25 board shall also establish, in consultation with any exclusive 26 employee representatives, a list showing the length of

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continuing service of each teacher who is qualified to hold 1 2 such positions, unless an anv alternative method of determining a sequence of dismissal is established as provided 3 for in this Section, in which case a list must be made in 4 5 accordance with the alternative method. Copies of the list must be distributed to the exclusive employee representative 6 7 at least 75 days before the end of the school term.

8 Any teacher dismissed as a result of such decrease or 9 discontinuance must be paid all earned compensation on or 10 before the third business day following the last day of pupil 11 attendance in the regular school term.

12 If the board or joint agreement has any vacancies for the 13 following school term or within one calendar year from the beginning of the following school term, the positions thereby 14 15 becoming available must be tendered to the teachers so removed 16 or dismissed who were in grouping 3 or 4 of the sequence of 17 dismissal and are qualified to hold the positions, based upon legal qualifications and any other qualifications established 18 19 in a district or joint agreement job description, on or before 20 the May 10 prior to the date of the positions becoming available, provided that if the number of honorable dismissal 21 22 notices based on economic necessity exceeds 15% of the number 23 full-time equivalent positions filled by certified of employees (excluding principals and administrative personnel) 24 25 during the preceding school year, then the recall period is 26 for the following school term or within 2 calendar years from

the beginning of the following school term. If the board or 1 2 joint agreement has any vacancies within the period from the 3 beginning of the following school term through February 1 of the following school term (unless a date later than February 4 5 1, but no later than 6 months from the beginning of the is 6 following school term, established in а collective 7 bargaining agreement), the positions thereby becoming 8 available must be tendered to the teachers so removed or 9 dismissed who were in grouping 2 of the sequence of dismissal 10 due to one "needs improvement" rating on either of the 11 teacher's last 2 performance evaluation ratings, provided 12 that, if 2 ratings are available, the other performance 13 rating used for grouping evaluation purposes is "proficient", or "excellent", 14 "satisfactory", and are 15 qualified to hold the positions, based upon legal 16 qualifications and any other qualifications established in a 17 district or joint agreement job description, on or before the May 10 prior to the date of the positions becoming available. 18 On and after July 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 19 20 98-648), the preceding sentence shall apply to teachers 21 removed or dismissed by honorable dismissal, even if notice of 22 honorable dismissal occurred during the 2013-2014 school year. 23 Among teachers eligible for recall pursuant to the preceding sentence, the order of recall must be in inverse order of 24 25 dismissal, unless an alternative order of recall is 26 established in a collective bargaining agreement or contract

board and a professional faculty members' 1 between the 2 organization. Whenever the number of honorable dismissal notices based upon economic necessity exceeds 5 notices or 3 150% of the average number of teachers honorably dismissed in 4 5 the preceding 3 years, whichever is more, then the school board or governing board of a joint agreement, as applicable, 6 7 shall also hold a public hearing on the question of the 8 dismissals. Following the hearing and board review, the action 9 to approve any such reduction shall require a majority vote of 10 the board members.

11 For purposes of this subsection (b), subject to agreement 12 on an alternative definition reached by the joint committee 13 described in subsection (c) of this Section, a teacher's performance evaluation rating means the overall performance 14 15 evaluation rating resulting from an annual or biennial 16 performance evaluation conducted pursuant to Article 24A of 17 Code by the school district or joint agreement this determining the sequence of dismissal, not including any 18 performance evaluation conducted during or at the end of a 19 remediation period. No more than one evaluation rating each 20 school term shall be one of the evaluation ratings used for the 21 22 purpose of determining the sequence of dismissal. Except as 23 otherwise provided in this subsection for any performance evaluations conducted during or at the end of a remediation 24 25 period, if multiple performance evaluations are conducted in a 26 school term, only the rating from the last evaluation

conducted prior to establishing the sequence of honorable 1 2 dismissal list in such school term shall be the one evaluation 3 rating from that school term used for the purpose of determining the sequence of dismissal. Averaging ratings from 4 5 multiple evaluations is not permitted unless otherwise agreed to in a collective bargaining agreement or contract between 6 7 the board and a professional faculty members' organization. 8 The preceding 3 sentences are not a legislative declaration 9 that existing law does or does not already require that only 10 one performance evaluation each school term shall be used for 11 the purpose of determining the sequence of dismissal. For 12 performance evaluation ratings determined prior to September 1, 2012, any school district or joint agreement with a 13 14 performance evaluation rating system that does not use either 15 of the rating category systems specified in subsection (d) of 16 Section 24A-5 of this Code for all teachers must establish a 17 basis for assigning each teacher a rating that complies with subsection (d) of Section 24A-5 of this Code for all of the 18 19 performance evaluation ratings that are to be used to 20 determine the sequence of dismissal. A teacher's grouping and ranking on a sequence of honorable dismissal shall be deemed a 21 22 part of the teacher's performance evaluation, and that 23 information shall be disclosed to the exclusive bargaining 24 representative as part of a sequence of honorable dismissal 25 list, notwithstanding any laws prohibiting disclosure of such 26 information. A performance evaluation rating may be used to

determine the sequence of dismissal, notwithstanding the 1 2 pendency of any grievance resolution or arbitration procedures 3 relating to the performance evaluation. If a teacher has received at least one performance evaluation rating conducted 4 5 by the school district or joint agreement determining the sequence of dismissal and a subsequent performance evaluation 6 7 is not conducted in any school year in which such evaluation is required to be conducted under Section 24A-5 of this Code, the 8 9 teacher's performance evaluation rating for that school year 10 for purposes of determining the sequence of dismissal is 11 deemed Proficient, except that, during any time in which the 12 Governor has declared a disaster due to a public health 13 emergency pursuant to Section 7 of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act, this default to Proficient does not 14 15 apply to any teacher who has entered into contractual 16 continued service and who was deemed Excellent on his or her 17 most recent evaluation. During any time in which the Governor has declared a disaster due to a public health emergency 18 19 pursuant to Section 7 of the Illinois Emergency Management 20 Agency Act and unless the school board and any exclusive bargaining representative have completed the performance 21 22 rating for teachers or have mutually agreed to an alternate 23 performance rating, any teacher who has entered into contractual continued service, whose most recent evaluation 24 25 was deemed Excellent, and whose performance evaluation is not 26 conducted when the evaluation is required to be conducted

shall receive a teacher's performance rating deemed Excellent. 1 2 A school board and any exclusive bargaining representative may 3 mutually agree to an alternate performance rating for teachers not in contractual continued service during any time in which 4 5 the Governor has declared a disaster due to a public health emergency pursuant to Section 7 of the Illinois Emergency 6 7 Management Agency Act, as long as the agreement is in writing. 8 If a performance evaluation rating is nullified as the result 9 arbitration, administrative of an agency, or court 10 determination, then the school district or joint agreement is 11 deemed to have conducted a performance evaluation for that 12 school year, but the performance evaluation rating may not be used in determining the sequence of dismissal. 13

Nothing in this subsection (b) shall be construed as limiting the right of a school board or governing board of a joint agreement to dismiss a teacher not in contractual continued service in accordance with Section 24-11 of this Code.

Any provisions regarding the sequence of honorable dismissals and recall of honorably dismissed teachers in a collective bargaining agreement entered into on or before January 1, 2011 and in effect on June 13, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 97-8) that may conflict with Public Act 97-8 shall remain in effect through the expiration of such agreement or June 30, 2013, whichever is earlier.

26 (c) Each school district and special education joint

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agreement must use a joint committee composed of equal representation selected by the school board and its teachers or, if applicable, the exclusive bargaining representative of its teachers, to address the matters described in paragraphs (1) through (5) of this subsection (c) pertaining to honorable dismissals under subsection (b) of this Section.

7 (1) The joint committee must consider and may agree to 8 criteria for excluding from grouping 2 and placing into 9 grouping 3 a teacher whose last 2 performance evaluations 10 include a Needs Improvement and either a Proficient or 11 Excellent.

12 (2) The joint committee must consider and may agree to 13 an alternative definition for grouping 4, which definition 14 must take into account prior performance evaluation 15 ratings and may take into account other factors that 16 relate to the school district's or program's educational 17 objectives. An alternative definition for grouping 4 may not permit the inclusion of a teacher in the grouping with 18 19 Needs Improvement or Unsatisfactory performance а 20 evaluation rating on either of the teacher's last 2 21 performance evaluation ratings.

(3) The joint committee may agree to including within the definition of a performance evaluation rating a performance evaluation rating administered by a school district or joint agreement other than the school district or joint agreement determining the sequence of dismissal.

1 (4) For each school district or joint agreement that 2 administers performance evaluation ratings that are 3 inconsistent with either of the rating category systems specified in subsection (d) of Section 24A-5 of this Code, 4 5 the school district or joint agreement must consult with the joint committee on the basis for assigning a rating 6 7 that complies with subsection (d) of Section 24A-5 of this 8 Code to each performance evaluation rating that will be 9 used in a sequence of dismissal.

10 (5) Upon request by a joint committee member submitted 11 to the employing board by no later than 10 days after the 12 distribution of the sequence of honorable dismissal list, a representative of the employing board shall, within 5 13 14 days after the request, provide to members of the joint 15 committee a list showing the most recent and prior 16 performance evaluation ratings of each teacher identified 17 only by length of continuing service in the district or joint agreement and not by name. If, after review of this 18 19 list, a member of the joint committee has a good faith belief that a disproportionate number of teachers with 20 21 greater length of continuing service with the district or 22 agreement have received a recent performance joint 23 evaluation rating lower than the prior rating, the member 24 may request that the joint committee review the list to 25 assess whether such a trend may exist. Following the joint 26 committee's review, but by no later than the end of the

applicable school term, the joint committee or any member 1 2 or members of the joint committee may submit a report of 3 the review to the employing board and exclusive bargaining representative, if any. Nothing in this paragraph (5) 4 5 shall impact the order of honorable dismissal or a school district's or joint agreement's authority to carry out a 6 7 dismissal in accordance with subsection (b) of this 8 Section.

9 Agreement by the joint committee as to a matter requires 10 the majority vote of all committee members, and if the joint 11 committee does not reach agreement on a matter, then the 12 otherwise applicable requirements of subsection (b) of this Section shall apply. Except as explicitly set forth in this 13 14 subsection (c), a joint committee has no authority to agree to 15 any further modifications to the requirements for honorable 16 dismissals set forth in subsection (b) of this Section. The 17 joint committee must be established, and the first meeting of the joint committee each school year must occur on or before 18 19 December 1.

The joint committee must reach agreement on a matter on or before February 1 of a school year in order for the agreement of the joint committee to apply to the sequence of dismissal determined during that school year. Subject to the February 1 deadline for agreements, the agreement of a joint committee on a matter shall apply to the sequence of dismissal until the agreement is amended or terminated by the joint committee.

1 The provisions of the Open Meetings Act shall not apply to 2 meetings of a joint committee created under this subsection 3 (c).

4 (d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this
5 subsection (d), the requirements and dismissal procedures of
6 Section 24-16.5 of this Code shall apply to any dismissal
7 sought under Section 24-16.5 of this Code.

8 If a dismissal of a teacher in contractual (1)9 continued service is sought for any reason or cause other 10 than an honorable dismissal under subsections (a) or (b) 11 of this Section or a dismissal sought under Section 12 24-16.5 of this Code, including those under Section 10-22.4, the board must first approve a motion containing 13 14 specific charges by a majority vote of all its members. 15 Written notice of such charges, including a bill of 16 particulars and the teacher's right to request a hearing, 17 must be mailed to the teacher and also given to the teacher either by electronic mail, certified mail, return receipt 18 19 requested, or personal delivery with receipt within 5 days 20 of the adoption of the motion. Any written notice sent on or after July 1, 2012 shall inform the teacher of the right 21 22 to request a hearing before a mutually selected hearing 23 officer, with the cost of the hearing officer split 24 equally between the teacher and the board, or a hearing 25 before a board-selected hearing officer, with the cost of 26 the hearing officer paid by the board.

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Before setting a hearing on charges stemming from 1 causes that are considered remediable, a board must give 2 3 teacher reasonable warning in writing, the stating specifically the causes that, if not removed, may result 4 5 in charges; however, no such written warning is required if the causes have been the subject of a remediation plan 6 7 pursuant to Article 24A of this Code.

8 If, in the opinion of the board, the interests of the 9 school require it, the board may suspend the teacher 10 without pay, pending the hearing, but if the board's 11 dismissal or removal is not sustained, the teacher shall 12 not suffer the loss of any salary or benefits by reason of 13 the suspension.

14 (2) No hearing upon the charges is required unless the 15 teacher within 17 days after receiving notice requests in 16 writing of the board that a hearing be scheduled before a 17 mutually selected hearing officer or a hearing officer 18 selected by the board. The secretary of the school board 19 shall forward a copy of the notice to the State Board of 20 Education.

(3) Within 5 business days after receiving a notice of
hearing in which either notice to the teacher was sent
before July 1, 2012 or, if the notice was sent on or after
July 1, 2012, the teacher has requested a hearing before a
mutually selected hearing officer, the State Board of
Education shall provide a list of 5 prospective, impartial

hearing officers from the master list of qualified, 1 2 impartial hearing officers maintained by the State Board 3 of Education. Each person on the master list must (i) be accredited by a national arbitration organization and have 4 had a minimum of 5 years of experience directly related to 5 6 labor and employment relations matters between employers 7 their exclusive and employees or bargaining representatives and (ii) beginning September 1, 2012, have 8 9 participated in training provided or approved by the State 10 Board of Education for teacher dismissal hearing officers 11 so that he or she is familiar with issues generally involved in evaluative and non-evaluative dismissals. 12

If notice to the teacher was sent before July 1, 2012 13 14 or, if the notice was sent on or after July 1, 2012, the 15 teacher has requested a hearing before a mutually selected 16 hearing officer, the board and the teacher or their legal 17 representatives within 3 business days shall alternately 18 strike one name from the list provided by the State Board 19 of Education until only one name remains. Unless waived by 20 the teacher, the teacher shall have the right to proceed 21 first with the striking. Within 3 business days of receipt 22 of the list provided by the State Board of Education, the 23 board and the teacher or their legal representatives shall 24 each have the right to reject all prospective hearing 25 officers named on the list and notify the State Board of 26 Education of such rejection. Within 3 business days after

receiving this notification, the State Board of Education shall appoint a qualified person from the master list who did not appear on the list sent to the parties to serve as the hearing officer, unless the parties notify it that they have chosen to alternatively select a hearing officer under paragraph (4) of this subsection (d).

7 If the teacher has requested a hearing before a 8 hearing officer selected by the board, the board shall 9 select one name from the master list of qualified 10 impartial hearing officers maintained by the State Board 11 of Education within 3 business days after receipt and 12 shall notify the State Board of Education of its 13 selection.

A hearing officer mutually selected by the parties, 14 15 selected by the board, or selected through an alternative 16 selection process under paragraph (4) of this subsection 17 (d) (A) must not be a resident of the school district, (B) 18 must be available to commence the hearing within 75 days 19 and conclude the hearing within 120 days after being selected as the hearing officer, and (C) must issue a 20 decision as to whether the teacher must be dismissed and 21 22 give a copy of that decision to both the teacher and the 23 board within 30 days from the conclusion of the hearing or 24 closure of the record, whichever is later.

25 Any hearing convened during a public health emergency 26 pursuant to Section 7 of the Illinois Emergency Management

Agency Act may be convened remotely. Any hearing officer for a hearing convened during a public health emergency pursuant to Section 7 of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act may voluntarily withdraw from the hearing and another hearing officer shall be selected or appointed pursuant to this Section.

7 In this paragraph, "pre-hearing procedures" refers to 8 the pre-hearing procedures under Section 51.55 of Title 23 9 of the Illinois Administrative Code and "hearing" refers to the hearing under Section 51.60 of Title 23 of the 10 11 Illinois Administrative Code. Any teacher who has been 12 charged with engaging in acts of corporal punishment, physical abuse, grooming, or sexual misconduct and who 13 14 previously paused pre-hearing procedures or a hearing 15 pursuant to Public Act 101-643 must proceed with selection 16 of a hearing officer or hearing date, or both, within the 17 timeframes established by this paragraph (3) and paragraphs (4) through (6) of this subsection (d), unless 18 19 the timeframes are mutually waived in writing by both parties, and all timelines set forth in this Section in 20 21 cases concerning corporal punishment, physical abuse, 22 grooming, or sexual misconduct shall be reset to begin the 23 day after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 24 102nd General Assembly. Any teacher charged with engaging 25 in acts of corporal punishment, physical abuse, grooming, or sexual misconduct on or after the effective date of 26

1 2 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly may not pause pre-hearing procedures or a hearing.

3 (4) In the alternative to selecting a hearing officer from the list received from the State Board of Education 4 5 or accepting the appointment of a hearing officer by the State Board of Education or if the State Board of 6 7 Education cannot provide a list or appoint a hearing officer that meets the foregoing requirements, the board 8 9 the teacher or their legal representatives may and 10 mutually agree to select an impartial hearing officer who 11 is not on the master list either by direct appointment by 12 the parties or by using procedures for the appointment of an arbitrator established by the Federal Mediation and 13 Conciliation 14 Service or the American Arbitration 15 Association. The parties shall notify the State Board of 16 Education of their intent to select a hearing officer using an alternative procedure within 3 business days of 17 18 receipt of a list of prospective hearing officers provided 19 by the State Board of Education, notice of appointment of 20 a hearing officer by the State Board of Education, or 21 receipt of notice from the State Board of Education that 22 cannot provide a list that meets the foregoing it 23 requirements, whichever is later.

(5) If the notice of dismissal was sent to the teacher
before July 1, 2012, the fees and costs for the hearing
officer must be paid by the State Board of Education. If

1 the notice of dismissal was sent to the teacher on or after 2 July 1, 2012, the hearing officer's fees and costs must be 3 paid as follows in this paragraph (5). The fees and permissible costs for the hearing officer 4 must be 5 determined by the State Board of Education. If the board 6 and the teacher or their legal representatives mutually 7 agree to select an impartial hearing officer who is not on 8 a list received from the State Board of Education, they 9 may agree to supplement the fees determined by the State 10 Board to the hearing officer, at a rate consistent with 11 the hearing officer's published professional fees. If the 12 hearing officer is mutually selected by the parties, then the board and the teacher or their legal representatives 13 14 shall each pay 50% of the fees and costs and any 15 supplemental allowance to which they agree. If the hearing 16 officer is selected by the board, then the board shall pay 17 100% of the hearing officer's fees and costs. The fees and costs must be paid to the hearing officer within 14 days 18 19 after the board and the teacher or their legal 20 representatives receive the hearing officer's decision set 21 forth in paragraph (7) of this subsection (d).

(6) The teacher is required to answer the bill of particulars and aver affirmative matters in his or her defense, and the time for initially doing so and the time for updating such answer and defenses after pre-hearing discovery must be set by the hearing officer. The State

1 Board of Education shall promulgate rules so that each party has a fair opportunity to present its case and to 2 3 ensure that the dismissal process proceeds in a fair and expeditious manner. These rules shall address, without 4 5 limitation, discovery and hearing scheduling conferences; the teacher's initial answer and affirmative defenses to 6 7 bill of particulars and the updating of that the information after pre-hearing discovery; provision for 8 9 written interrogatories and requests for production of 10 documents; the requirement that each party initially 11 disclose to the other party and then update the disclosure no later than 10 calendar days prior to the commencement 12 of the hearing, the names and addresses of persons who may 13 14 be called as witnesses at the hearing, a summary of the 15 facts or opinions each witness will testify to, and all 16 other documents and materials, including information maintained electronically, relevant to its own as well as 17 the other party's case (the hearing officer may exclude 18 19 witnesses and exhibits not identified and shared, except those offered in rebuttal for which the party could not 20 21 reasonably have anticipated prior to the hearing); 22 pre-hearing discovery and preparation, including provision 23 for written interrogatories and requests for production of 24 documents, provided that discovery depositions are 25 prohibited; the conduct of the hearing; the right of each 26 party to be represented by counsel, the offer of evidence

and witnesses and the cross-examination of witnesses; the 1 authority of the hearing officer to issue subpoenas and 2 3 subpoenas duces tecum, provided that the hearing officer may limit the number of witnesses to be subpoenaed on 4 5 behalf of each party to no more than 7; the length of post-hearing briefs; and the form, length, and content of 6 hearing officers' decisions. The hearing officer shall 7 8 hold a hearing and render a final decision for dismissal 9 pursuant to Article 24A of this Code or shall report to the 10 school board findings of fact and a recommendation as to 11 whether or not the teacher must be dismissed for conduct. 12 The hearing officer shall commence the hearing within 75 days and conclude the hearing within 120 days after being 13 14 selected as the hearing officer, provided that the hearing 15 officer may modify these timelines upon the showing of 16 good cause or mutual agreement of the parties. Good cause 17 for the purpose of this subsection (d) shall mean the illness or otherwise unavoidable emergency of the teacher, 18 19 district representative, their legal representatives, the 20 hearing officer, or an essential witness as indicated in 21 each party's pre-hearing submission. In a dismissal 22 hearing pursuant to Article 24A of this Code in which a 23 witness is a student or is under the age of 18, the hearing 24 officer must make accommodations for the witness, as 25 provided under paragraph (6.5) of this subsection. The 26 hearing officer shall consider and give weight to all of

1 2 the teacher's evaluations written pursuant to Article 24A that are relevant to the issues in the hearing.

3 Each party shall have no more than 3 days to present its case, unless extended by the hearing officer to enable 4 5 a party to present adequate evidence and testimony, including due to the other party's cross-examination of 6 7 party's witnesses, for good cause or by mutual the agreement of the parties. The State Board of Education 8 9 shall define in rules the meaning of "day" for such 10 purposes. All testimony at the hearing shall be taken 11 under oath administered by the hearing officer. The 12 hearing officer shall cause a record of the proceedings to be kept and shall employ a competent reporter to take 13 14 stenographic or stenotype notes of all the testimony. The 15 costs of the reporter's attendance and services at the 16 hearing shall be paid by the party or parties who are 17 responsible for paying the fees and costs of the hearing officer. Either party desiring a transcript of the hearing 18 19 shall pay for the cost thereof. Any post-hearing briefs 20 must be submitted by the parties by no later than 21 days 21 after a party's receipt of the transcript of the hearing, 22 unless extended by the hearing officer for good cause or 23 by mutual agreement of the parties.

(6.5) In the case of charges involving <u>any witness who</u>
 <u>is or was at the time of the alleged conduct</u> <del>sexual abuse</del>
 <del>or severe physical abuse of</del> a student or a person under the

1	age of 18, the hearing officer shall make accommodations
2	alternative hearing procedures to protect a witness who is
3	<del>a student or who is under the age of 18</del> from being
4	intimidated <u>,</u> <del>or</del> traumatized <u>, or re-traumatized</u> . <u>No alleged</u>
5	victim or other witness who is or was at the time of the
6	alleged conduct a student or under the age of 18 may be
7	compelled to testify in the physical or visual presence of
8	a teacher or other witness. If such a witness invokes this
9	right, then the hearing officer must provide an
10	accommodation consistent with the invoked right and use a
11	procedure by which each party may hear such witness'
12	testimony. Accommodations Alternative hearing procedures
13	may include, but are not limited to: (i) testimony made
14	via a telecommunication device in a location other than
15	the hearing room and outside the physical or visual
16	presence of the teacher and other hearing participants $_{\boldsymbol{\prime}}$
17	but accessible to the teacher via a telecommunication
18	device, (ii) testimony made in the hearing room but
19	outside the physical presence of the teacher <u>and</u>
20	accessible to the teacher via a telecommunication device,
21	<del>or</del> (iii) non-public testimony <u>, (iv) testimony made via</u>
22	videoconference with the cameras and microphones of the
23	teacher turned off, or (v) pre-recorded testimony,
24	including, but not limited to, a recording of a forensic
25	interview conducted at an accredited Children's Advocacy
26	Center. With all accommodations, the hearing officer shall

1	give such testimony the same consideration as if the
2	witness testified without the accommodation. The teacher
3	may not directly, or through a representative, question a
4	witness called by the school board who is or was a student
5	or under 18 years of age at the time of the alleged
6	conduct. The hearing officer must permit the teacher to
7	submit all relevant questions and follow-up questions for
8	such a witness to have the questions posed by the hearing
9	officer. During a testimony described under this
10	
TO	subsection, each party must be permitted to ask a witness
11	subsection, each party must be permitted to ask a witness who is a student or who is under 18 years of age all
11	who is a student or who is under 18 years of age all
11 12	who is a student or who is under 18 years of age all relevant questions and follow-up questions. All questions
11 12 13	who is a student or who is under 18 years of age all relevant questions and follow-up questions. All questions must exclude evidence of the witness' sexual behavior or

17 (7) The hearing officer shall, within 30 days from the conclusion of the hearing or closure of the record, 18 whichever is later, make a decision as to whether or not 19 20 the teacher shall be dismissed pursuant to Article 24A of this Code or report to the school board findings of fact 21 22 and a recommendation as to whether or not the teacher 23 shall be dismissed for cause and shall give a copy of the decision or findings of fact and recommendation to both 24 25 the teacher and the school board. If a hearing officer fails without good cause, specifically provided in writing 26

1 to both parties and the State Board of Education, to render a decision or findings of fact and recommendation 2 3 within 30 days after the hearing is concluded or the record is closed, whichever is later, the parties may 4 5 mutually agree to select a hearing officer pursuant to the 6 alternative procedure, as provided in this Section, to 7 rehear the charges heard by the hearing officer who failed 8 render decision or findings of fact to а and 9 recommendation or to review the record and render a 10 decision. If any hearing officer fails without good cause, 11 specifically provided in writing to both parties and the 12 State Board of Education, to render a decision or findings fact and recommendation within 30 days after the 13 of 14 hearing is concluded or the record is closed, whichever is 15 later or if any hearing officer fails to make an 16 accommodation as described in paragraph (6.5), the hearing 17 officer shall be removed from the master list of hearing officers maintained by the State Board of Education for 18 19 not more than 24 months. The parties and the State Board of 20 Education may also take such other actions as it deems 21 appropriate, including recovering, reducing, or 22 withholding any fees paid or to be paid to the hearing 23 officer. If any hearing officer repeats such failure, he 24 or she must be permanently removed from the master list 25 maintained by the State Board of Education and may not be 26 selected by parties through the alternative selection

process under this paragraph (7) or paragraph (4) of this 1 2 subsection (d). The board shall not lose jurisdiction to 3 discharge a teacher if the hearing officer fails to render a decision or findings of fact and recommendation within 4 5 the time specified in this Section. If the decision of the 6 hearing officer for dismissal pursuant to Article 24A of 7 this Code or of the school board for dismissal for cause is in favor of the teacher, then the hearing officer or 8 9 school board shall order reinstatement to the same or 10 substantially equivalent position and shall determine the amount for which the school board is liable, including, 11 12 but not limited to, loss of income and benefits.

(8) The school board, within 45 days after receipt of 13 14 the hearing officer's findings of fact and recommendation 15 as to whether (i) the conduct at issue occurred, (ii) the 16 conduct that did occur was remediable, and (iii) the 17 proposed dismissal should be sustained, shall issue a written order as to whether the teacher must be retained 18 19 or dismissed for cause from its employ. The school board's 20 written order shall incorporate the hearing officer's 21 findings of fact, except that the school board may modify 22 or supplement the findings of fact if, in its opinion, the 23 findings of fact are against the manifest weight of the 24 evidence.

25 If the school board dismisses the teacher 26 notwithstanding the hearing officer's findings of fact and

recommendation, the school board shall make a conclusion 1 in its written order, giving its reasons therefor, and 2 3 such conclusion and reasons must be included in its written order. The failure of the school board to strictly 4 5 adhere to the timelines contained in this Section shall 6 not render it without jurisdiction to dismiss the teacher. 7 The school board shall not lose jurisdiction to discharge the teacher for cause if the hearing officer fails to 8 9 render a recommendation within the time specified in this 10 Section. The decision of the school board is final, unless 11 reviewed as provided in paragraph (9) of this subsection 12 (d).

If the school board retains the teacher, the school 13 14 board shall enter a written order stating the amount of 15 back pay and lost benefits, less mitigation, to be paid to 16 the teacher, within 45 days after its retention order. Should the teacher object to the amount of the back pay and 17 18 lost benefits or amount mitigated, the teacher shall give 19 written objections to the amount within 21 days. If the 20 parties fail to reach resolution within 7 days, the 21 dispute shall be referred to the hearing officer, who 22 shall consider the school board's written order and 23 teacher's written objection and determine the amount to 24 which the school board is liable. The costs of the hearing 25 officer's review and determination must be paid by the 26 board.

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(9) The decision of the hearing officer pursuant to 1 Article 24A of this Code or of the school board's decision 2 3 to dismiss for cause is final unless reviewed as provided in Section 24-16 of this Code. If the school board's 4 decision to dismiss for cause is contrary to the hearing 5 officer's recommendation, the court on review shall give 6 7 consideration to the school board's decision and its supplemental findings of fact, if applicable, and the 8 9 hearing officer's findings of fact and recommendation in 10 making its decision. In the event such review is 11 instituted, the school board shall be responsible for 12 preparing and filing the record of proceedings, and such costs associated therewith must be divided equally between 13 14 the parties.

15 (10) If a decision of the hearing officer for 16 dismissal pursuant to Article 24A of this Code or of the 17 school board for dismissal for cause is adjudicated upon review or appeal in favor of the teacher, then the trial 18 court shall order reinstatement and shall remand the 19 20 matter to the school board with direction for entry of an 21 order setting the amount of back pay, lost benefits, and 22 costs, less mitigation. The teacher may challenge the 23 school board's order setting the amount of back pay, lost 24 benefits, and costs, less mitigation, through an expedited 25 arbitration procedure, with the costs of the arbitrator 26 borne by the school board.

Any teacher who is reinstated by any hearing or adjudication brought under this Section shall be assigned by the board to a position substantially similar to the one which that teacher held prior to that teacher's suspension or dismissal.

6 (11) Subject to any later effective date referenced in 7 this Section for a specific aspect of the dismissal 8 process, the changes made by Public Act 97-8 shall apply 9 to dismissals instituted on or after September 1, 2011. 10 Any dismissal instituted prior to September 1, 2011 must 11 be carried out in accordance with the requirements of this 12 Section prior to amendment by Public Act 97-8.

(e) Nothing contained in Public Act 98-648 repeals,
supersedes, invalidates, or nullifies final decisions in
lawsuits pending on July 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
Act 98-648) in Illinois courts involving the interpretation of
Public Act 97-8.

18 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-531, eff. 8-23-19;
19 101-643, eff. 6-18-20; 102-708, eff. 4-22-22.)

20 (105 ILCS 5/34-85) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-85)

21 Sec. 34-85. Removal for cause; notice and hearing;22 suspension.

(a) No teacher employed by the board of education shall
(after serving the probationary period specified in Section
34-84) be removed except for cause. Teachers (who have

completed the probationary period specified in Section 34-84 1 2 of this Code) shall be removed for cause in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section or, at the board's 3 option, the procedures set forth in Section 24-16.5 of this 4 5 Code or such other procedures established in an agreement 6 entered into between the board and the exclusive 7 representative of the district's teachers under Section 34-85c 8 of this Code for teachers (who have completed the probationary 9 period specified in Section 34-84 of this Code) assigned to 10 schools identified in that agreement. No principal employed by 11 the board of education shall be removed during the term of his 12 or her performance contract except for cause, which may 13 include but is not limited to the principal's repeated failure to implement the school improvement plan or to comply with the 14 15 provisions of the Uniform Performance Contract, including 16 additional criteria established by the Council for inclusion 17 in the performance contract pursuant to Section 34-2.3.

Before service of notice of charges on account of causes 18 19 that may be deemed to be remediable, the teacher or principal 20 must be given reasonable warning in writing, stating specifically the causes that, if not removed, may result in 21 22 charges; however, no such written warning is required if the 23 causes have been the subject of a remediation plan pursuant to Article 24A of this Code or if the board and the exclusive 24 representative of the district's teachers have entered into an 25 26 agreement pursuant to Section 34-85c of this Code, pursuant to

an alternative system of remediation. No written warning shall 1 2 be required for conduct on the part of a teacher or principal 3 that is cruel, immoral, negligent, or criminal or that in any way causes psychological or physical harm or injury to a 4 5 student, as that conduct is deemed to be irremediable. No written warning shall be required for a material breach of the 6 uniform principal performance contract, as that conduct is 7 deemed to be irremediable; provided that not less than 30 days 8 9 before the vote of the local school council to seek the 10 dismissal of a principal for a material breach of a uniform 11 principal performance contract, the local school council shall 12 specify the nature of the alleged breach in writing and provide a copy of it to the principal. 13

initiate dismissal proceedings against 14 (1)То a 15 teacher or principal, the general superintendent must 16 first approve written charges and specifications against 17 the teacher or principal. A local school council may direct the general superintendent to approve written 18 19 charges against its principal on behalf of the Council upon the vote of 7 members of the Council. The general 20 21 superintendent must approve those charges within 45 22 calendar days or provide a written reason for not 23 approving those charges. A written notice of those charges, including specifications, shall be served upon 24 25 the teacher or principal within 10 business days of the approval of the charges. Any written notice sent on or 26

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after July 1, 2012 shall also inform the teacher or 1 2 principal of the right to request a hearing before a 3 mutually selected hearing officer, with the cost of the hearing officer split equally between the teacher or 4 principal and the board, or a hearing before a qualified 5 hearing officer chosen by the general superintendent, with 6 7 the cost of the hearing officer paid by the board. If the 8 teacher or principal cannot be found upon diligent 9 inquiry, such charges may be served upon him by mailing a 10 copy thereof in a sealed envelope by prepaid certified 11 mail, return receipt requested, to the teacher's or 12 principal's last known address. A return receipt showing delivery to such address within 20 calendar days after the 13 14 date of the approval of the charges shall constitute proof 15 of service.

16 (2) No hearing upon the charges is required unless the 17 teacher or principal within 17 calendar days after receiving notice requests in writing of the general 18 19 superintendent that a hearing be scheduled. Pending the 20 hearing of the charges, the general superintendent or his 21 or her designee may suspend the teacher or principal 22 charged without pay in accordance with rules prescribed by 23 the board, provided that if the teacher or principal 24 charged is not dismissed based on the charges, he or she 25 must be made whole for lost earnings, less setoffs for 26 mitigation.

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(3) The board shall maintain a list of at least 9 1 qualified hearing officers who will conduct hearings on 2 3 charges and specifications. The list must be developed in good faith consultation with the exclusive representative 4 5 of the board's teachers and professional associations that represent the board's principals. The list may be revised 6 7 on July 1st of each year or earlier as needed. To be a qualified hearing officer, the 8 person must (i) be 9 accredited by a national arbitration organization and have 10 had a minimum of 5 years of experience as an arbitrator in 11 cases involving labor and employment relations matters 12 employers and employees or their exclusive between bargaining representatives and (ii) beginning September 1, 13 14 2012, have participated in training provided or approved 15 by the State Board of Education for teacher dismissal 16 hearing officers so that he or she is familiar with issues 17 generally involved in evaluative and non-evaluative dismissals. 18

Within 5 business days after receiving the notice of 19 20 request for a hearing, the general superintendent and the 21 teacher or principal or their legal representatives shall 22 alternately strike one name from the list until only one 23 name remains. Unless waived by the teacher, the teacher or 24 principal shall have the right to proceed first with the 25 striking. If the teacher or principal fails to participate 26 in the striking process, the general superintendent shall

either select the hearing officer from the list developed pursuant to this paragraph (3) or select another qualified hearing officer from the master list maintained by the State Board of Education pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 24-12 of this Code.

(4) If the notice of dismissal was sent to the teacher 6 or principal before July 1, 2012, the fees and costs for 7 the hearing officer shall be paid by the State Board of 8 9 Education. If the notice of dismissal was sent to the 10 teacher or principal on or after July 1, 2012, the hearing 11 officer's fees and costs must be paid as follows in this 12 paragraph (4). The fees and permissible costs for the hearing officer shall be determined by the State Board of 13 14 Education. If the hearing officer is mutually selected by the parties through alternate striking in accordance with 15 16 paragraph (3) of this subsection (a), then the board and 17 the teacher or their legal representative shall each pay 50% of the fees and costs and any supplemental allowance 18 19 to which they agree. If the hearing officer is selected by 20 the general superintendent without the participation of 21 the teacher or principal, then the board shall pay 100% of 22 the hearing officer fees and costs. The hearing officer 23 shall submit for payment a billing statement to the 24 parties that itemizes the charges and expenses and divides 25 them in accordance with this Section.

26

(5) The teacher or the principal charged is required

1 charges and specifications and to answer the aver 2 affirmative matters in his or her defense, and the time 3 for doing so must be set by the hearing officer. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules so that each party 4 5 has a fair opportunity to present its case and to ensure is concluded in 6 that the dismissal proceeding an 7 expeditious manner. The rules shall address, without limitation, the 8 teacher or principal's answer and 9 affirmative defenses to the charges and specifications; a 10 requirement that each party make mandatory disclosures 11 without request to the other party and then update the 12 disclosure no later than 10 calendar days prior to the commencement of the hearing, including a list of the names 13 14 and addresses of persons who may be called as witnesses at 15 the hearing, a summary of the facts or opinions each 16 witness will testify to, and all other documents and 17 including information materials, maintained electronically, relevant to its own as well as the other 18 19 party's case (the hearing officer may exclude witnesses 20 and exhibits not identified and shared, except those offered in rebuttal for which the party could not 21 22 reasonably have anticipated prior to the hearing); 23 pre-hearing discovery and preparation, including provision 24 for written interrogatories and requests for production of 25 documents, provided that discovery depositions are 26 prohibited; the conduct of the hearing; the right of each

party to be represented by counsel, the offer of evidence 1 2 and witnesses and the cross-examination of witnesses; the 3 authority of the hearing officer to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum, provided that the hearing officer 4 5 may limit the number of witnesses to be subpoenaed in 6 behalf of each party to no more than 7; the length of 7 post-hearing briefs; and the form, length, and content of 8 hearing officers' reports and recommendations to the 9 general superintendent.

10 The hearing officer shall commence the hearing within 11 75 calendar days and conclude the hearing within 120 12 calendar days after being selected by the parties as the hearing officer, provided that these timelines may be 13 14 modified upon the showing of good cause or mutual 15 agreement of the parties. Good cause for the purposes of this paragraph (5) shall mean the illness or otherwise 16 17 emergency of teacher, unavoidable the district representative, their legal representatives, the hearing 18 officer, or an essential witness as indicated in each 19 20 party's pre-hearing submission. In a dismissal hearing in 21 which a witness is a student or is under the age of 18, the 22 hearing officer must make accommodations for the witness, 23 as provided under paragraph (5.5) of this subsection. The 24 hearing officer shall consider and give weight to all of 25 the teacher's evaluations written pursuant to Article 24A 26 that are relevant to the issues in the hearing. Except as

1 otherwise provided under paragraph (5.5)of this 2 subsection, the teacher or principal has the privilege of 3 at the hearing with counsel being present and of cross-examining witnesses and may offer evidence and 4 5 witnesses and present defenses to the charges. Each party shall have no more than 3 days to present its case, unless 6 extended by the hearing officer to enable a party to 7 8 present adequate evidence and testimony, including due to 9 other party's cross-examination of the party's the 10 witnesses, for good cause or by mutual agreement of the 11 parties. The State Board of Education shall define in 12 rules the meaning of "day" for such purposes. All testimony at the hearing shall be taken under oath 13 14 administered by the hearing officer. The hearing officer 15 shall cause a record of the proceedings to be kept and 16 shall employ a competent reporter to take stenographic or 17 stenotype notes of all the testimony. The costs of the reporter's attendance and services at the hearing shall be 18 19 paid by the party or parties who are paying the fees and 20 costs of the hearing officer. Either party desiring a 21 transcript of the hearing shall pay for the cost thereof. 22 At the close of the hearing, the hearing officer shall 23 direct the parties to submit post-hearing briefs no later 24 than 21 calendar days after receipt of the transcript. 25 Either or both parties may waive submission of briefs. 26 (5.5) In the case of charges involving any witness who

ar severe physical abuse of a student or a person under it age of 18, the hearing officer shall make accommodation alternative hearing procedures to protect a witness where a student or who is under the age of 18 from best intimidated, or traumatized, or re-traumatized. No allest victim or other witness who is or was at the time of it alleged conduct a student or under the age of 18 may compelled to testify in the physical or visual presence accommodation consistent with the invoked right and use procedure by which each party may hear such witness are not limited to: (i) testimony may include, but are not limited to: (i) testimony may include, but are not principal and other hear: participants, but accessible to the teacher via telecommunication device, (ii) testimony made in it hearing room but outside the physical presence of the teacher via telecommunication device, or (iii) non-public testimony is the presence of the teacher via telecommunication device, or (iii) non-public testimony is the physical or visual presence of the teacher via telecommunication device, or (iii) non-public testimony is the physical or visual presence of the teacher visual participants, or principal and other hearing telecommunication device, or (iii) non-public testimony is the physical presence of the teacher visual presence of the teacher visual presence of the teacher visual participants and accessible to the teacher visual participants and accessible to the teacher visual presence of teacher or principal and participants and accessible to the teacher visual participants and participants and accessible to the teacher visual participants and participants and participants and participants and participants and participants and participants a		
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17 the hearing room and outside the physical <u>or visu</u> 18 presence of the teacher or principal and other hear 19 participants, <u>but accessible to the teacher via</u> 20 <u>telecommunication device</u> , (ii) testimony <u>made in t</u> 21 <u>hearing room but</u> outside the physical presence of the 22 teacher or principal <u>and accessible to the teacher via</u> 23 <u>telecommunication device</u> , <del>or</del> (iii) non-public testimon	15	may include, but are not limited to: (i) testimony made
presence of the teacher or principal and other hears participants, but accessible to the teacher via telecommunication device, (ii) testimony made in the hearing room but outside the physical presence of the teacher or principal and accessible to the teacher via telecommunication device, or (iii) non-public testimon	16	via a telecommunication device in a location other than
19participants, but accessible to the teacher via20telecommunication device, (ii) testimony made in the telecommunication device, (ii) testimony made in the hearing room but outside the physical presence of the teacher or principal and accessible to the teacher via21teacher or principal and accessible to the teacher via23telecommunication device, or (iii) non-public testimon	17	the hearing room and outside the physical or visual
20 <u>telecommunication device</u> , (ii) testimony <u>made in t</u> 21 <u>hearing room but</u> outside the physical presence of t 22 teacher or principal <u>and accessible to the teacher via</u> 23 <u>telecommunication device</u> , <del>or</del> (iii) non-public testimon	18	presence of the teacher or principal and other hearing
21 <u>hearing room but</u> outside the physical presence of t 22 teacher or principal <u>and accessible to the teacher via</u> 23 <u>telecommunication device</u> , <del>or</del> (iii) non-public testimor	19	participants, but accessible to the teacher via a
22 teacher or principal <u>and accessible to the teacher via</u> 23 <u>telecommunication device</u> , <del>or</del> (iii) non-public testimor	20	telecommunication device, (ii) testimony made in the
23 <u>telecommunication device</u> , <del>or</del> (iii) non-public testimor	21	hearing room but outside the physical presence of the
	22	teacher or principal and accessible to the teacher via a
24 (iv) testimony made via videoconference with the came:	23	telecommunication device, <del>or</del> (iii) non-public testimony <u>,</u>
	24	(iv) testimony made via videoconference with the cameras
25 and microphones of the teacher turned off, or	25	and microphones of the teacher turned off, or (v)
26 pre-recorded testimony, including, but not limited to,	26	pre-recorded testimony, including, but not limited to, a

1	recording of a forensic interview conducted at an
2	accredited Children's Advocacy Center. With all
3	accommodations, the hearing officer shall give such
4	testimony the same consideration as if the witness
5	testified without the accommodation. The teacher may not
6	directly, or through a representative, question a witness
7	called by the school board who is or was a student or under
8	18 years of age at the time of the alleged conduct. The
9	hearing officer must permit the teacher to submit all
10	relevant questions and follow-up questions for such a
11	witness to have the questions posed by the hearing
12	officer. During a testimony described under this
13	subsection, each party must be permitted to ask a witness
14	who is a student or who is under 18 years of age all
15	relevant questions and follow-up questions. All questions
16	must exclude evidence of the witness' sexual behavior or
17	predisposition, unless the evidence is offered to prove
18	that someone other than the teacher subject to the
19	dismissal hearing engaged in the charge at issue.

(6) The hearing officer shall within 30 calendar days from the conclusion of the hearing report to the general superintendent findings of fact and a recommendation as to whether or not the teacher or principal shall be dismissed and shall give a copy of the report to both the teacher or principal and the general superintendent. The State Board of Education shall provide by rule the form of the hearing

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officer's report and recommendation.

2 (6.5) If any hearing officer fails without good cause, 3 specifically provided in writing to both parties and the State Board of Education, to render findings of fact and 4 5 recommendation within 90 days after the closing of the record and receipt of post-hearing briefs, or if any 6 hearing officer fails to make an accommodation pursuant to 7 8 paragraph (5.5) of this subsection (a), the hearing 9 officer shall be removed from the list of hearing officers 10 developed pursuant to paragraph (3) of this subsection (a) 11 and the master list of qualified hearing officers 12 maintained by the State Board of Education for not more than 24 months. The parties and the State Board of 13 14 Education may also take such other actions as it deems appropriate, including recovering, reducing, or 15 16 withholding any fees paid or to be paid to the hearing officer. If any hearing officer repeats such failure, he 17 or she must be permanently removed from the list of 18 19 hearing officers developed described in paragraph (3) and 20 the master list maintained by the State Board of Education and may not be selected by parties. The board shall not 21 22 lose jurisdiction to discharge a teacher or principal if 23 the hearing officer fails to render findings of fact and 24 recommendation within the time specified in this Section. 25 The board, within 45 days of receipt of the (7)

hearing officer's findings of fact and recommendation,

shall make a decision as to whether the teacher or 1 2 principal shall be dismissed from its employ. The failure 3 the board to strictly adhere to the timeliness of contained herein shall not render it without jurisdiction 4 5 to dismiss the teacher or principal. In the event that the 6 board declines to dismiss the teacher or principal after 7 review of a hearing officer's recommendation, the board shall set the amount of back pay and benefits to award the 8 9 teacher or principal, which shall include offsets for 10 interim earnings and failure to mitigate losses. The board 11 shall establish procedures for the teacher's or 12 principal's submission of evidence to it regarding lost 13 earnings, lost benefits, mitigation, and offsets. The 14 decision of the board is final unless reviewed in 15 accordance with paragraph (8) of this subsection (a).

16 The teacher may seek judicial review of the (8) 17 board's decision in accordance with the Administrative Review Law, which is specifically incorporated in this 18 19 Section, except that the review must be initiated in the 20 Illinois Appellate Court for the First District. In the 21 event judicial review is instituted, any costs of 22 preparing and filing the record of proceedings shall be paid by the party instituting the review. In the event the 23 24 appellate court reverses a board decision to dismiss a 25 teacher or principal and directs the board to pay the 26 teacher or the principal back pay and benefits, the

appellate court shall remand the matter to the board to issue an administrative decision as to the amount of back pay and benefits, which shall include a calculation of the lost earnings, lost benefits, mitigation, and offsets based on evidence submitted to the board in accordance with procedures established by the board.

7 (9) Any hearing convened during a public health 8 emergency pursuant to Section 7 of the Illinois Emergency 9 Management Agency Act may be convened remotely. Any 10 hearing officer for a hearing convened during a public 11 health emergency pursuant to Section 7 of the Illinois 12 Emergency Management Agency Act may voluntarily withdraw from the hearing and another hearing officer shall be 13 14 selected or appointed pursuant to this Section.

15 In this paragraph, "pre-hearing procedures" refers to 16 the pre-hearing procedures under Section 51.55 of Title 23 17 of the Illinois Administrative Code and "hearing" refers to the hearing under Section 51.60 of Title 23 of the 18 19 Illinois Administrative Code. Any teacher or principal who 20 has been charged with engaging in acts of corporal 21 punishment, physical abuse, grooming, or sexual misconduct 22 and who previously paused pre-hearing procedures or a 23 hearing pursuant to Public Act 101-643 must proceed with 24 selection of a hearing officer or hearing date, or both, 25 within the timeframes established by paragraphs (3) 26 through (5) of this subsection (a), unless the timeframes - 47 - LRB103 29766 RJT 56172 b

are mutually waived in writing by both parties, and all 1 2 timelines set forth in this Section in cases concerning 3 corporal punishment, physical abuse, grooming, or sexual misconduct shall be reset to begin the day after the 4 5 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. Any teacher or principal charged with engaging 6 7 in acts of corporal punishment, physical abuse, grooming, or sexual misconduct on or after the effective date of 8 9 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly may not 10 pause pre-hearing procedures or a hearing.

(b) Nothing in this Section affects the validity of removal for cause hearings commenced prior to June 13, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 97-8).

14 The changes made by Public Act 97-8 shall apply to 15 dismissals instituted on or after September 1, 2011 or the 16 effective date of Public Act 97-8, whichever is later. Any 17 dismissal instituted prior to the effective date of these carried out in accordance 18 changes must be with the 19 requirements of this Section prior to amendment by Public Act 20 97-8.

21 (Source: P.A. 101-531, eff. 8-23-19; 101-643, eff. 6-18-20; 22 102-708, eff. 4-22-22.)

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