

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 HB4260

Introduced 1/16/2024, by Rep. Amy Elik

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

430 ILCS 65/8 from Ch. 38, par. 83-8 430 ILCS 65/10 from Ch. 38, par. 83-10 430 ILCS 65/13.2 from Ch. 38, par. 83-13.2 430 ILCS 66/60

Amends the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. Provides that, if the Illinois State Police denies an application for or revokes and seizes a Firearm Owner's Identification Card because an individual has been a patient of a mental health facility, the notice to the applicant or card holder of denial of an application for or revocation of the person's Firearm Owner's Identification Card shall include the date or dates of admission of the person to the mental health facility and the name of the facility. Provides that, if the Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board does not, within 90 days of the filing of the applicant's appeal of a denial of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card or revocation of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card, render a decision on the appeal, the failure to render a decision shall constitute a rejection of the appeal, and the applicant or card holder may appeal to the circuit court for relief. Provides that the cost for replacement of a combined Firearm Owner's Identification Card and concealed carry license is \$5 if the person has changed his or her address. Amends the Firearm Concealed Carry Act to make conforming changes.

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1 AN ACT concerning safety.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is amended by changing Sections 8, 10, and 13.2 as follows:
- 6 (430 ILCS 65/8) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-8)
 - Sec. 8. Grounds for denial and revocation. The Illinois State Police has authority to deny an application for or to revoke and seize a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued under this Act only if the Illinois State Police finds that the applicant or the person to whom such card was issued is or was at the time of issuance:
 - (a) A person under 21 years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent;
 - (b) This subsection (b) applies through the 180th day following July 12, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-80). A person under 21 years of age who does not have the written consent of his parent or guardian to acquire and possess firearms and firearm ammunition, or whose parent or guardian has revoked such written consent, or where such parent or guardian does not qualify to have a Firearm Owner's Identification Card;

- (b-5) This subsection (b-5) applies on and after the 181st day following July 12, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-80). A person under 21 years of age who is not an active duty member of the United States Armed Forces or the Illinois National Guard and does not have the written consent of his or her parent or guardian to acquire and possess firearms and firearm ammunition, or whose parent or guardian has revoked such written consent, or where such parent or guardian does not qualify to have a Firearm Owner's Identification Card;
- (c) A person convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction;
 - (d) A person addicted to narcotics;
- (e) A person who has been a patient of a mental health facility within the past 5 years or a person who has been a patient in a mental health facility more than 5 years ago who has not received the certification required under subsection (u) of this Section. An active law enforcement officer employed by a unit of government or a Department of Corrections employee authorized to possess firearms who is denied, revoked, or has his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card seized under this subsection (e) may obtain relief as described in subsection (c-5) of Section 10 of this Act if the officer or employee did not act in a manner threatening to the officer or employee, another person, or the public as determined by the treating

clinical psychologist or physician, and the officer or employee seeks mental health treatment. If the Illinois State Police denies an application for or revokes and seizes a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under this subsection (e), the notice to the applicant or card holder of denial of an application for or revocation of the person's Firearm Owner's Identification Card shall include the date or dates of admission of the person to the mental health facility and the name of the facility;

- (f) A person whose mental condition is of such a nature that it poses a clear and present danger to the applicant, any other person or persons, or the community;
 - (g) A person who has an intellectual disability;
- (h) A person who intentionally makes a false statement in the Firearm Owner's Identification Card application or endorsement affidavit;
- (i) A noncitizen who is unlawfully present in the United States under the laws of the United States;
- (i-5) A noncitizen who has been admitted to the United States under a non-immigrant visa (as that term is defined in Section 101(a)(26) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(26))), except that this subsection (i-5) does not apply to any noncitizen who has been lawfully admitted to the United States under a non-immigrant visa if that noncitizen is:
 - (1) admitted to the United States for lawful

Т	nuncing of sporting purposes;
2	(2) an official representative of a foreign
3	government who is:
4	(A) accredited to the United States Government
5	or the Government's mission to an international
6	organization having its headquarters in the United
7	States; or
8	(B) en route to or from another country to
9	which that noncitizen is accredited;
10	(3) an official of a foreign government or
11	distinguished foreign visitor who has been so
12	designated by the Department of State;
13	(4) a foreign law enforcement officer of a
14	friendly foreign government entering the United States
15	on official business; or
16	(5) one who has received a waiver from the
17	Attorney General of the United States pursuant to 18
18	U.S.C. 922(y)(3);
19	(j) (Blank);
20	(k) A person who has been convicted within the past 5
21	years of battery, assault, aggravated assault, violation
22	of an order of protection, or a substantially similar
23	offense in another jurisdiction, in which a firearm was
24	used or possessed;
25	(1) A person who has been convicted of domestic
26	battery, aggravated domestic battery, or a substantially

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similar offense in another jurisdiction committed before, on or after January 1, 2012 (the effective date of Public Act 97-158). If the applicant or person who has been previously issued a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under this Act knowingly and intelligently waives the right to have an offense described in this paragraph (1) tried by a jury, and by guilty plea or otherwise, results a conviction for an offense in which a domestic relationship is not a required element of the offense but in which a determination of the applicability of 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(9) is made under Section 112A-11.1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, an entry by the court of a judgment of conviction for that offense shall be grounds for denying an application for and for revoking and seizing a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued to the person under this Act;

- (m) (Blank);
- (n) A person who is prohibited from acquiring or possessing firearms or firearm ammunition by any Illinois State statute or by federal law;
- (o) A minor subject to a petition filed under Section 5-520 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 alleging that the minor is a delinquent minor for the commission of an offense that if committed by an adult would be a felony;
- (p) An adult who had been adjudicated a delinquent minor under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for the

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- 1 commission of an offense that if committed by an adult 2 would be a felony;
 - (q) A person who is not a resident of the State of Illinois, except as provided in subsection (a-10) of Section 4;
 - (r) A person who has been adjudicated as a person with a mental disability;
 - (s) A person who has been found to have a developmental disability;
 - (t) A person involuntarily admitted into a mental health facility; or
 - (u) A person who has had his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card revoked or denied under subsection (e) of this Section or item (iv) of paragraph subsection (a) of Section 4 of this Act because he or she was a patient in a mental health facility as provided in subsection (e) of this Section, shall not be permitted to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card, after the 5-year period has lapsed, unless he or she has received a mental health evaluation by a physician, clinical psychologist, or qualified examiner as those terms are defined in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, and has received a certification that he or she is not a clear and present danger to himself, herself, or others. The physician, clinical psychologist, or qualified examiner making the certification and his or

- her employer shall not be held criminally, civilly, or professionally liable for making or not making the certification required under this subsection, except for willful or wanton misconduct. This subsection does not apply to a person whose firearm possession rights have been restored through administrative or judicial action under Section 10 or 11 of this Act.
- 8 Upon revocation of a person's Firearm Owner's
 9 Identification Card, the Illinois State Police shall provide
 10 notice to the person and the person shall comply with Section
 11 9.5 of this Act.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 101-80, eff. 7-12-19; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
- 13 102-645, eff. 1-1-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1030, eff.
- 14 5-27-22; 102-1116, eff. 1-10-23.)
- 15 (430 ILCS 65/10) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-10)
- Sec. 10. Appeals; hearing; relief from firearm prohibitions.
- 18 Whenever an application for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card is denied or whenever such a Card is 19 revoked or seized as provided for in Section 8 of this Act, the 20 21 aggrieved party may (1) file a record challenge with the 22 Director regarding the record upon which the decision to deny or revoke the Firearm Owner's Identification Card was based 23 24 under subsection (a-5); or (2) appeal to the Director of the Illinois State Police through December 31, 2022, or beginning 25

January 1, 2023, the Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board for a hearing seeking relief from such denial or revocation unless the denial or revocation was based upon a forcible felony, stalking, aggravated stalking, domestic battery, any violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or the Cannabis Control Act that is classified as a Class 2 or greater felony, any felony violation of Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or any adjudication as a delinquent minor for the commission of an offense that if committed by an adult would be a felony, in which case the aggrieved party may petition the circuit court in writing in the county of his or her residence for a hearing seeking relief from such denial or revocation.

(a-5) There is created a Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board to consider any appeal under subsection (a) beginning January 1, 2023, other than an appeal directed to the circuit court and except when the applicant is challenging the record upon which the decision to deny or revoke was based as provided in subsection (a-10).

(0.05) In furtherance of the policy of this Act that the Board shall exercise its powers and duties in an independent manner, subject to the provisions of this Act but free from the direction, control, or influence of any other agency or department of State government. All expenses and liabilities incurred by the Board in the

performance of its responsibilities hereunder shall be paid from funds which shall be appropriated to the Board by the General Assembly for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Board.

- (1) The Board shall consist of 7 members appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, with 3 members residing within the First Judicial District and one member residing within each of the 4 remaining Judicial Districts. No more than 4 members shall be members of the same political party. The Governor shall designate one member as the chairperson. The members shall have actual experience in law, education, social work, behavioral sciences, law enforcement, or community affairs or in a combination of those areas.
- January 1, 2022 (the effective date of Public Act 102-237) shall be as follows: one of the initial members shall be appointed for a term of one year, 3 shall be appointed for terms of 2 years, and 3 shall be appointed for terms of 4 years. Thereafter, members shall hold office for 4 years, with terms expiring on the second Monday in January immediately following the expiration of their terms and every 4 years thereafter. Members may be reappointed. Vacancies in the office of member shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment, for the remainder of the unexpired term. The Governor may remove a member

for incompetence, neglect of duty, malfeasance, or inability to serve. Members shall receive compensation in an amount equal to the compensation of members of the Executive Ethics Commission and, beginning July 1, 2023, shall be compensated from appropriations provided to the Comptroller for this purpose. Members may be reimbursed, from funds appropriated for such a purpose, for reasonable expenses actually incurred in the performance of their Board duties. The Illinois State Police shall designate an employee to serve as Executive Director of the Board and provide logistical and administrative assistance to the Board.

- (3) The Board shall meet at least quarterly each year and at the call of the chairperson as often as necessary to consider appeals of decisions made with respect to applications for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under this Act. If necessary to ensure the participation of a member, the Board shall allow a member to participate in a Board meeting by electronic communication. Any member participating electronically shall be deemed present for purposes of establishing a quorum and voting.
- (4) The Board shall adopt rules for the review of appeals and the conduct of hearings. The Board shall maintain a record of its decisions and all materials considered in making its decisions. All Board decisions and voting records shall be kept confidential and all

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materials considered by the Board shall be exempt from inspection except upon order of a court.

- (5) In considering an appeal, the Board shall review the materials received concerning the denial or revocation by the Illinois State Police. By a vote of at least 4 members, the Board may request additional information from Illinois State Police or the applicant or the testimony of the Illinois State Police or the applicant. The Board may require that the applicant submit electronic fingerprints to the Illinois State Police for an updated background check if the Board determines it lacks sufficient information to determine eligibility. The Board may consider information submitted by the Illinois State Police, a law enforcement agency, or the applicant. The Board shall review each denial or revocation and determine by a majority of members whether an applicant should be granted relief under subsection (c).
- (6) The Board shall by order issue summary decisions. The Board shall issue a decision within 45 days of receiving all completed appeal documents from the Illinois State Police and the applicant. However, the Board need not issue a decision within 45 days if:
 - (A) the Board requests information from the applicant, including, but not limited to, electronic fingerprints to be submitted to the Illinois State Police, in accordance with paragraph (5) of this

subsection, in which case the Board shall make a decision within 30 days of receipt of the required information from the applicant;

- (B) the applicant agrees, in writing, to allow the Board additional time to consider an appeal; or
- (C) the Board notifies the applicant and the Illinois State Police that the Board needs an additional 30 days to issue a decision. The Board may only issue 2 extensions under this subparagraph (C). The Board's notification to the applicant and the Illinois State Police shall include an explanation for the extension.
- (7) If the Board determines that the applicant is eligible for relief under subsection (c), the Board shall notify the applicant and the Illinois State Police that relief has been granted and the Illinois State Police shall issue the Card.
- (8) Meetings of the Board shall not be subject to the Open Meetings Act and records of the Board shall not be subject to the Freedom of Information Act.
- (9) The Board shall report monthly to the Governor and the General Assembly on the number of appeals received and provide details of the circumstances in which the Board has determined to deny Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under this subsection (a-5). The report shall not contain any identifying information about the applicants.

(a-6) If the Board does not, within 90 days of the filing of the applicant's appeal of a denial of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card or revocation of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card, render a decision on the appeal, the failure to render a decision shall constitute a rejection of the appeal, and the applicant or card holder may appeal to the circuit court for relief.

(a-10) Whenever an applicant or cardholder is not seeking relief from a firearms prohibition under subsection (c) but rather does not believe the applicant is appropriately denied or revoked and is challenging the record upon which the decision to deny or revoke the Firearm Owner's Identification Card was based, or whenever the Illinois State Police fails to act on an application within 30 days of its receipt, the applicant shall file such challenge with the Director. The Director shall render a decision within 60 business days of receipt of all information supporting the challenge. The Illinois State Police shall adopt rules for the review of a record challenge.

(b) At least 30 days before any hearing in the circuit court, the petitioner shall serve the relevant State's Attorney with a copy of the petition. The State's Attorney may object to the petition and present evidence. At the hearing, the court shall determine whether substantial justice has been done. Should the court determine that substantial justice has not been done, the court shall issue an order directing the

- Illinois State Police to issue a Card. However, the court shall not issue the order if the petitioner is otherwise prohibited from obtaining, possessing, or using a firearm under federal law.
 - (c) Any person prohibited from possessing a firearm under Sections 24-1.1 or 24-3.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 or acquiring a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under Section 8 of this Act may apply to the Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board or petition the circuit court in the county where the petitioner resides, whichever is applicable in accordance with subsection (a) of this Section, requesting relief from such prohibition and the Board or court may grant such relief if it is established by the applicant to the court's or the Board's satisfaction that:
 - (0.05) when in the circuit court, the State's Attorney has been served with a written copy of the petition at least 30 days before any such hearing in the circuit court and at the hearing the State's Attorney was afforded an opportunity to present evidence and object to the petition;
 - (1) the applicant has not been convicted of a forcible felony under the laws of this State or any other jurisdiction within 20 years of the applicant's application for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card, or at least 20 years have passed since the end of any period of imprisonment imposed in relation to that conviction;

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- (2) the circumstances regarding a criminal conviction, where applicable, the applicant's criminal history and his reputation are such that the applicant will not be likely to act in a manner dangerous to public safety;
 - (3) granting relief would not be contrary to the public interest; and
 - (4) granting relief would not be contrary to federal law.
 - (c-5) (1) An active law enforcement officer employed by a unit of government or a Department of Corrections employee authorized to possess firearms who is denied, revoked, or has his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card seized under subsection (e) of Section 8 of this Act may apply to the Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board requesting relief if the officer or employee did not act in a manner threatening to the officer or employee, another person, or the public as determined by the treating clinical psychologist or physician, and as a result of his or her work is referred by the employer for or voluntarily seeks mental health evaluation or treatment by licensed clinical psychologist, psychiatrist, or qualified examiner, and:
 - (A) the officer or employee has not received treatment involuntarily at a mental health facility, regardless of the length of admission; or has not been voluntarily admitted to a mental health facility for more than 30 days and not for more than one incident within the past 5 years;

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- 2 (B) the officer or employee has not left the mental institution against medical advice.
 - (2) The Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board shall grant expedited relief to active law enforcement officers and employees described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (c-5) upon a determination by the Board that the officer's or employee's possession of a firearm does not present a threat to themselves, others, or public safety. The Board shall act on the request for relief within 30 business days of receipt of:
 - (A) a notarized statement from the officer or employee in the form prescribed by the Board detailing the circumstances that led to the hospitalization;
 - (B) all documentation regarding the admission, evaluation, treatment and discharge from the treating licensed clinical psychologist or psychiatrist of the officer;
 - (C) a psychological fitness for duty evaluation of the person completed after the time of discharge; and
 - (D) written confirmation in the form prescribed by the Board from the treating licensed clinical psychologist or psychiatrist that the provisions set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection (c-5) have been met, the person successfully completed treatment, and their professional opinion regarding the person's ability to possess

1 firearms.

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- 2 (3) Officers and employees eligible for the expedited 3 relief in paragraph (2) of this subsection (c-5) have the 4 burden of proof on eligibility and must provide all 5 information required. The Board may not consider granting 6 expedited relief until the proof and information is received.
- 7 (4) "Clinical psychologist", "psychiatrist", and 8 "qualified examiner" shall have the same meaning as provided 9 in Chapter I of the Mental Health and Developmental 10 Disabilities Code.
 - (c-10) (1) An applicant, who is denied, revoked, or has his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card seized under subsection (e) of Section 8 of this Act based upon a determination of a developmental disability or an intellectual disability may apply to the Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board requesting relief.
 - (2) The Board shall act on the request for relief within 60 business days of receipt of written certification, in the form prescribed by the Board, from a physician or clinical psychologist, or qualified examiner, that the aggrieved party's developmental disability or intellectual disability condition is determined by a physician, clinical psychologist, or qualified to be mild. If a fact-finding conference is scheduled to obtain additional information concerning the circumstances of the denial or revocation, the 60 business days the Director has to act shall be tolled until the

- 1 completion of the fact-finding conference.
 - (3) The Board may grant relief if the aggrieved party's developmental disability or intellectual disability is mild as determined by a physician, clinical psychologist, or qualified examiner and it is established by the applicant to the Board's satisfaction that:
- 7 (A) granting relief would not be contrary to the 8 public interest; and
- 9 (B) granting relief would not be contrary to federal law.
 - (4) The Board may not grant relief if the condition is determined by a physician, clinical psychologist, or qualified examiner to be moderate, severe, or profound.
 - (5) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 99-29 apply to requests for relief pending on or before July 10, 2015 (the effective date of Public Act 99-29), except that the 60-day period for the Director to act on requests pending before the effective date shall begin on July 10, 2015 (the effective date of Public Act 99-29). All appeals as provided in subsection (a-5) pending on January 1, 2023 shall be considered by the Board.
 - (d) When a minor is adjudicated delinquent for an offense which if committed by an adult would be a felony, the court shall notify the Illinois State Police.
 - (e) The court shall review the denial of an application or the revocation of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card of a

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person who has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense that if committed by an adult would be a felony if an application for relief has been filed at least 10 years after the adjudication of delinquency and the court determines that the applicant should be granted relief from disability to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card. If the court grants relief, the court shall notify the Illinois State Police that the disability has been removed and that the applicant is eligible to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

(f) Any person who is subject to the disabilities of 18 U.S.C. 922(d)(4) and 922(q)(4) of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 because of an adjudication or commitment that occurred under the laws of this State or who was determined to be subject to the provisions of subsections (e), (f), or (g) of Section 8 of this Act may apply to the Illinois State Police requesting relief from that prohibition. The Board shall grant the relief if it is established by a preponderance of the evidence that the person will not be likely to act in a manner dangerous to public safety and that granting relief would not be contrary to the public interest. Ιn making this determination, the Board shall receive evidence concerning (i) the circumstances regarding the firearms disabilities from which relief is sought; (ii) the petitioner's mental health and criminal history records, if any; (iii) the petitioner's reputation, developed at a minimum through character witness statements, testimony, or other character evidence; and (iv)

changes in the petitioner's condition or circumstances since 1 2 the disqualifying events relevant to the relief sought. If 3 relief is granted under this subsection or by order of a court under this Section, the Director shall as soon as practicable 5 but in no case later than 15 business days, update, correct, modify, or remove the person's record in any database that the 6 7 Illinois State Police makes available to the National Instant 8 Criminal Background Check System and notify the United States 9 Attorney General that the basis for the record being made 10 available no longer applies. The Illinois State Police shall 11 adopt rules for the administration of this Section.

- 12 (Source: P.A. 102-237, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
- 13 102-645, eff. 1-1-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1115, eff.
- 14 1-9-23; 102-1129, eff. 2-10-23; revised 2-28-23.)
- 15 (430 ILCS 65/13.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-13.2)

16 Sec. 13.2. Renewal; name, photograph, or address change; replacement card. The Illinois State Police shall, 180 days 17 prior to the expiration of a Firearm Owner's Identification 18 19 Card, forward by first class mail or by other means provided in 20 Section 7.5 to each person whose card is to expire a 21 notification of the expiration of the card and instructions 22 for renewal. It is the obligation of the holder of a Firearm 23 Owner's Identification Card to notify the Illinois State 24 Police of any address change since the issuance of the Firearm Owner's Identification Card. The Illinois State Police may 25

- update the applicant and card holder's address based upon 1 2 records in the Secretary of State Driver's License or Illinois 3 identification card records of applicants who do not have driver's licenses. Any person whose legal name has changed 5 from the name on the card that he or she has been previously issued must apply for a corrected card within 30 calendar days 6 after the change. The cost for an updated or corrected card 7 8 shall be \$5. The cost for replacement of a card which has been 9 lost, destroyed, or stolen shall be \$5 if the loss, 10 destruction, or theft of the card is reported to the Illinois 11 State Police. The cost for replacement of a combined Firearm 12 Owner's Identification Card and concealed carry license if the 13 person has changed his or her address is \$5. The fees collected 14 under this Section shall be deposited into the State Police 15 Firearm Services Fund. 16 (Source: P.A. 102-237, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
- Section 10. The Firearm Concealed Carry Act is amended by changing Section 60 as follows:
- 20 (430 ILCS 66/60)

102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

21 Sec. 60. Fees.

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22 (a) All fees collected under this Act shall be deposited 23 as provided in this Section. Application, renewal, and 24 replacement fees shall be non-refundable.

- (b) An applicant for a new license or a renewal shall submit \$150 with the application, of which \$120 shall be apportioned to the State Police Firearm Services Fund, \$20 shall be apportioned to the Mental Health Reporting Fund, and \$10 shall be apportioned to the State Crime Laboratory Fund.
 - (c) A non-resident applicant for a new license or renewal shall submit \$300 with the application, of which \$250 shall be apportioned to the State Police Firearm Services Fund, \$40 shall be apportioned to the Mental Health Reporting Fund, and \$10 shall be apportioned to the State Crime Laboratory Fund.
 - (d) A licensee requesting a new license in accordance with Section 55 shall submit \$75, of which \$60 shall be apportioned to the State Police Firearm Services Fund, \$5 shall be apportioned to the Mental Health Reporting Fund, and \$10 shall be apportioned to the State Crime Laboratory Fund.
- (e) If a person has been issued a combined Firearm Owner's

 Identification Card and concealed carry license, the fee for a

 new card if the person has changed his or her address is \$5.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 98-63, eff. 7-9-13.)