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1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Landlord Retaliation Act.
- Section 5. Prohibition on retaliatory conduct by landlord. 6 7 It is declared to be against public policy of the State for a 8 landlord to take retaliatory action against a tenant. A 9 landlord may not knowingly terminate a tenancy, increase rent, decrease services, bring or threaten to bring a lawsuit 10 11 against a tenant for possession or refuse to renew a lease or 12 tenancy because the tenant has in good faith done any of the 13 following:
 - (1) complained of code violations applicable to the premises to the relevant governmental agency, elected representative, or public official charged with responsibility for enforcement of a building, housing, health, or similar code;
 - (2) complained of a building, housing, health, or similar code violation or an illegal landlord practice to a community organization;
 - (3) sought the assistance of a community organization to remedy a code violation or illegal landlord practice;

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| (4) | compla | ained | or | requ | uested | the | lar | ndlord | l to | make |
|---------|---------|--------|-------|------|---------|-------|------|--------|-------|--------|
| repairs | to the | : prem | nises | as | requir | ed b | y a | build | ding | code, |
| health | ordinar | ice, (| other | re | gulatio | on, c | or t | the re | eside | ential |
| rental | agreeme | nt; | | | | | | | | |

- (5) organized or become a member of a tenants' union or similar organization;
- (6) testified in any court or administrative proceeding concerning the condition of the premises; or
 - (7) exercised any right or remedy provided by law.
- Section 10. Remedies for violation of this Act. If the landlord acts in violation of this Act, the tenant has a defense in any retaliatory action against the tenant, and a landlord shall be subject to a civil action for damages and other appropriate relief, including, but not limited to, the following remedies:
 - (1) terminate the rental agreement and, if the rental agreement is terminated, the landlord shall return all security and interest recoverable under the Security Deposit Return Act and all prepaid rent;
 - (2) recover possession of the premises if the landlord has dispossessed, threatened to dispossess, or is in the process of dispossessing; and
 - (3) recovery of an amount equal to and not more than 2 months' rent or 2 times the damages sustained by the tenant, whichever is greater, and reasonable attorney's

- 1 fees.
- 2 Section 15. Non-retaliatory actions. An action is not
- 3 retaliatory if the landlord can prove a legitimate,
- 4 non-retaliatory basis for the action; or the landlord began
- 5 the action before the tenant engaged in the protected
- 6 activity.
- 7 Section 20. Rebuttable presumption. In an action by or
- 8 against the tenant, if within one year before the alleged act
- 9 of retaliation there is evidence that the retaliation was
- 10 against tenant's conduct that is protected under this Act,
- 11 that evidence creates a rebuttable presumption that the
- 12 landlord's conduct was retaliatory. The presumption does not
- arise if the protected tenant activity was initiated after the
- 14 alleged act of retaliation.
- 15 (765 ILCS 720/Act rep.)
- Section 95. The Retaliatory Eviction Act is repealed.