

Rep. Kelly M. Cassidy

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Filed: 2/28/2024

10300HB5037ham001 LRB103 37909 RLC 70146 a 1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 5037 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 5037 by replacing 2 everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by 4 changing Sections 8-4, 9-1.2, 10-2, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 12-3.05, 5 18-2, 18-4, and 19-6 as follows: 6 7 (720 ILCS 5/8-4) (from Ch. 38, par. 8-4) Sec. 8-4. Attempt. 8 (a) Elements of the offense. 9 A person commits the offense of attempt when, with intent 10 to commit a specific offense, he or she does any act that 11 12 constitutes a substantial step toward the commission of that 13 offense. 14 (b) Impossibility. 15 It is not a defense to a charge of attempt that because of

a misapprehension of the circumstances it would have been

L	impossible	for t	the a	accused	to	commit	the	offense	attemp	ted.

(c) Sentence.

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A person convicted of attempt may be fined or imprisoned or both not to exceed the maximum provided for the offense attempted but, except for an attempt to commit the offense defined in Section 33A-2 of this Code:

- (1) the sentence for attempt to commit first degree murder is the sentence for a Class X felony, except that
 - (A) an attempt to commit first degree murder when at least one of the aggravating factors specified in clauses (iii), (iv), and (v) of subsection (a)(1)(c) of Section 5-8-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections is present is a Class X felony for which the sentence shall be a term of imprisonment of not less than 20 years and not more than 80 years;
 - (B) an attempt to commit first degree murder while armed with a firearm is a Class X felony for which <u>up</u> to 15 years <u>may</u> shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court <u>if the person</u> committed the offense while personally armed with the <u>firearm</u> and while personally displaying the firearm;
 - (C) an attempt to commit first degree murder during which the person personally discharged a firearm is a Class X felony for which <u>up to</u> 20 years <u>may shall</u> be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;

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(D) an attempt to commit first degree murder
during which the person personally discharged a
firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm,
permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or
death to another person is a Class X felony for which
up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life
shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by
the court; and

- (E) if the defendant proves by a preponderance of the evidence at sentencing that, at the time of the attempted murder, he or she was acting under a sudden and intense passion resulting from serious provocation by the individual whom the defendant endeavored to kill, or another, and, had the individual the defendant endeavored to kill died, the defendant would have negligently or accidentally caused that death, then the sentence for the attempted murder is the sentence for a Class 1 felony;
- (2) the sentence for attempt to commit a Class X felony is the sentence for a Class 1 felony;
- (3) the sentence for attempt to commit a Class 1 felony is the sentence for a Class 2 felony;
- (4) the sentence for attempt to commit a Class 2 felony is the sentence for a Class 3 felony; and
- (5) the sentence for attempt to commit any felony other than those specified in items (1), (2), (3), and (4)

- of this subsection (c) is the sentence for a Class A
- 2 misdemeanor.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 103-51, eff. 1-1-24.)
- 4 (720 ILCS 5/9-1.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 9-1.2)
- 5 Sec. 9-1.2. Intentional homicide of an unborn child.
- 6 (a) A person commits the offense of intentional homicide 7 of an unborn child if, in performing acts which cause the death
- 8 of an unborn child, he without lawful justification:
- 9 (1) either intended to cause the death of or do great
- 10 bodily harm to the pregnant individual or unborn child or
- 11 knew that such acts would cause death or great bodily harm
- 12 to the pregnant individual or unborn child; or
- 13 (2) knew that his acts created a strong probability of
- death or great bodily harm to the pregnant individual or
- 15 unborn child; and
- 16 (3) knew that the individual was pregnant.
- 17 (b) For purposes of this Section, (1) "unborn child" shall
- 18 mean any individual of the human species from the implantation
- of an embryo until birth, and (2) "person" shall not include
- the pregnant woman whose unborn child is killed.
- 21 (c) This Section shall not apply to acts which cause the
- 22 death of an unborn child if those acts were committed during
- 23 any abortion, as defined in Section 1-10 of the Reproductive
- 24 Health Act, to which the pregnant individual has consented.
- 25 This Section shall not apply to acts which were committed

- pursuant to usual and customary standards of medical practice during diagnostic testing or therapeutic treatment.
 - (d) Penalty. The sentence for intentional homicide of an unborn child shall be the same as for first degree murder, except that:
 - (1) (blank);

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- (2) if the person committed the offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while personally displaying the firearm, up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;
- (3) if, during the commission of the offense, the person personally discharged a firearm, <u>up to</u> 20 years <u>may</u> shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;
- (4) if, during the commission of the offense, the person personally discharged a firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person, up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.
- (e) The provisions of this Act shall not be construed to prohibit the prosecution of any person under any other provision of law.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 103-51, eff. 1-1-24.)
- 25 (720 ILCS 5/10-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 10-2)

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1	Sec.	10-2.	Aggravated	kidnaping.

- 2 (a) A person commits the offense of aggravated kidnaping 3 when he or she commits kidnapping and:
 - (1) kidnaps with the intent to obtain ransom from the person kidnaped or from any other person;
 - (2) takes as his or her victim a child under the age of 13 years, or a person with a severe or profound intellectual disability;
 - (3) inflicts great bodily harm, other than by the discharge of a firearm, or commits another felony upon his or her victim;
 - (4) wears a hood, robe, or mask or conceals his or her identity;
 - (5) commits the offense of kidnaping while armed with a dangerous weapon, other than a firearm, as defined in Section 33A-1 of this Code;
 - (6) commits the offense of kidnaping while armed with a firearm;
 - (7) during the commission of the offense of kidnaping, personally discharges a firearm; or
 - (8) during the commission of the offense of kidnaping, personally discharges a firearm that proximately causes great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person.
- 25 As used in this Section, "ransom" includes money, benefit, 26 or other valuable thing or concession.

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Sentence. Aggravated kidnaping in violation of (b) paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of subsection (a) is a Class X felony. A violation of subsection (a)(6) is a Class X felony for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, if the person committed the offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while personally displaying the firearm. A violation of subsection (a)(7) is a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a) (8) is a Class X felony for which up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of aggravated kidnaping in violation of paragraphs (1) through (8) of subsection (a) shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

A person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense and who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense of aggravated kidnaping shall be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment; except that a sentence of natural life imprisonment shall not be imposed under this Section unless the second or subsequent offense was committed after conviction on the first offense. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the second or subsequent offense shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

- (Source: P.A. 99-69, eff. 1-1-16; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 1
- 2 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)
- 3 (720 ILCS 5/11-1.30) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-14)
- 4 Sec. 11-1.30. Aggravated Criminal Sexual Assault.
- (a) A person commits aggravated criminal sexual assault if 5
- that person commits criminal sexual assault and any of the 6
- following aggravating circumstances 7 exist during
- commission of the offense or, for purposes of paragraph (7), 8
- 9 occur as part of the same course of conduct as the commission
- 10 of the offense:
- (1) the person displays, threatens to use, or uses a 11
- 12 dangerous weapon, other than a firearm, or any other
- 13 object fashioned or used in a manner that leads the
- 14 victim, under the circumstances, reasonably to believe
- that the object is a dangerous weapon; 15
- 16 (2) the person causes bodily harm to the victim,
- 17 except as provided in paragraph (10);
- 18 (3) the person acts in a manner that threatens or
- 19 endangers the life of the victim or any other person;
- (4) the person commits the criminal sexual assault 20
- 21 during the course of committing or attempting to commit
- 22 any other felony;
- 23 (5) the victim is 60 years of age or older;
- 24 (6) the victim is a person with a physical disability;
- 25 (7) the person delivers (by injection, inhalation,

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- ingestion, transfer of possession, or any other means) any controlled substance to the victim without the victim's consent or by threat or deception for other than medical purposes;
 - (8) the person is armed with a firearm;
 - (9) the person personally discharges a firearm during the commission of the offense; or
 - (10) the person personally discharges a firearm during the commission of the offense, and that discharge proximately causes great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person.
 - (b) A person commits aggravated criminal sexual assault if that person is under 17 years of age and: (i) commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who is under 9 years of age; or (ii) commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who is at least 9 years of age but under 13 years of age and the person uses force or threat of force to commit the act.
 - (c) A person commits aggravated criminal sexual assault if that person commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who is a person with a severe or profound intellectual disability.
- 23 (d) Sentence.
- (1) Aggravated criminal sexual assault in violation of paragraph (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (7) of subsection (a) or in violation of subsection (b) or (c) is a Class X

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felony. A violation of subsection (a)(1) is a Class X felony for which 10 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a)(8) is a Class X felony for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, if the person committed the offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while personally displaying the firearm. A violation subsection (a)(9) is a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a) (10) is a Class X felony for which up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life imprisonment shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of aggravated criminal sexual assault in violation of paragraphs (1) through (10) of subsection (a) shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(2) A person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense and who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault, or who is convicted of the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault after having previously been convicted of the offense of criminal sexual assault or the offense of predatory criminal sexual

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assault of a child, or who is convicted of the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault after having previously been convicted under the laws of this or any other state of an offense that is substantially equivalent to the offense of criminal sexual assault, the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault or the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, shall be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment. The commission of the second or subsequent offense is required to have been after the initial conviction for this paragraph (2) to apply. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense covered by this paragraph (2) shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

- 15 (Source: P.A. 99-69, eff. 1-1-16; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15;
- 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.) 16
- (720 ILCS 5/11-1.40) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-14.1) 17
- 18 Sec. 11-1.40. Predatory criminal sexual assault of a 19 child.
- 2.0 (a) A person commits predatory criminal sexual assault of 21 a child if that person is 17 years of age or older, and commits 22 an act of contact, however slight, between the sex organ or anus of one person and the part of the body of another for the 23 24 purpose of sexual gratification or arousal of the victim or 25 the accused, or an act of sexual penetration, and:

and that

1	(1)	the	victim	is	unde	r 13	years	sofa	age;	or
2	(2)	the	victi	m =	is ur	nder	13	years	of	age

3 person:

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- (A) is armed with a firearm;
- 5 (B) personally discharges a firearm during the commission of the offense; 6
 - (C) causes great bodily harm to the victim that:
 - (i) results in permanent disability; or
 - (ii) is life threatening; or
 - (D) delivers (by injection, inhalation, ingestion, transfer of possession, or any other means) any controlled substance to the victim without the victim's consent or by threat or deception, for other than medical purposes.
 - (b) Sentence.
 - (1) A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a)(1) commits a Class X felony, for which the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 60 years. A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a)(2)(A) commits a Class X felony for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, if the person committed the offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while personally displaying the firearm. A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a)(2)(B) commits a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall

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be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense and who is convicted of a violation of subsection (a)(2)(C) commits a Class X felony for which the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 50 years or up to a term of natural life imprisonment. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child in violation of subsections (a) (1), (a) (2) (A), (a) (2) (B), and (a) (2) (C) shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(1.1) A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a)(2)(D) commits a Class X felony for which the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 50 years and not more than 60 years. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child in violation of subsection (a)(2)(D) shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(1.2) A person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense and convicted of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child committed against 2 or more persons regardless of whether the offenses occurred as the result of the same act or of several related or unrelated acts shall be sentenced to a

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term of natural life imprisonment and an offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(2) A person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense and who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or who is convicted of the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child after having previously been convicted of the offense of criminal sexual assault or the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault, or who is convicted of the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child after having previously been convicted under the laws of this State or any other state of an offense that is substantially equivalent to the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault or the offense of criminal sexual assault, shall be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment. The commission of the second or subsequent offense is required to have been after the initial conviction for this paragraph (2) to apply. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense covered by this paragraph (2) shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

- (Source: P.A. 98-370, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 1
- 2 98-903, eff. 8-15-14; 99-69, eff. 1-1-16.)
- 3 (720 ILCS 5/12-3.05) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-4)
- Sec. 12-3.05. Aggravated battery. 4
- (a) Offense based on injury. A person commits aggravated 5 battery when, in committing a battery, other than by the 6 7 discharge of a firearm, he or she knowingly does any of the
- 8 following:

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- 9 (1) Causes great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement. 10
 - (2) Causes severe and permanent disability, great bodily harm, or disfigurement by means of a caustic or flammable substance, a poisonous gas, a deadly biological or chemical contaminant or agent, a radioactive substance, or a bomb or explosive compound.
 - (3) Causes great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to an individual whom the person knows to be a peace officer, community policing volunteer, fireman, private security officer, correctional institution employee, or Department of Human Services employee supervising or controlling sexually dangerous persons or sexually violent persons:
 - (i) performing his or her official duties;
- 24 (ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her 25 official duties; or

1	(iii)	battered	in	retaliation	for	performing	his
2	or her off	ficial duta	ies.				

- (4) Causes great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to an individual 60 years of age or older.
 - (5) Strangles another individual.
- (b) Offense based on injury to a child or person with an intellectual disability. A person who is at least 18 years of age commits aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, he or she knowingly and without legal justification by any means:
 - (1) causes great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to any child under the age of 13 years, or to any person with a severe or profound intellectual disability; or
 - (2) causes bodily harm or disability or disfigurement to any child under the age of 13 years or to any person with a severe or profound intellectual disability.
- (c) Offense based on location of conduct. A person commits aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, other than by the discharge of a firearm, he or she is or the person battered is on or about a public way, public property, a public place of accommodation or amusement, a sports venue, or a domestic violence shelter, or in a church, synagogue, mosque, or other building, structure, or place used for religious worship.

1	(d) Offense based on status of victim. A person commits
2	aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, other than
3	by discharge of a firearm, he or she knows the individual
4	battered to be any of the following:
5	(1) A person 60 years of age or older.
6	(2) A person who is pregnant or has a physical
7	disability.
8	(3) A teacher or school employee upon school grounds
9	or grounds adjacent to a school or in any part of a
10	building used for school purposes.
11	(4) A peace officer, community policing volunteer,
12	fireman, private security officer, correctional
13	institution employee, or Department of Human Services
14	employee supervising or controlling sexually dangerous
15	persons or sexually violent persons:
16	(i) performing his or her official duties;
17	(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her
18	official duties; or
19	(iii) battered in retaliation for performing his
20	or her official duties.
21	(5) A judge, emergency management worker, emergency
22	medical services personnel, or utility worker:
23	(i) performing his or her official duties;
24	(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her
25	official duties; or

(iii) battered in retaliation for performing his

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or her official duties.

- (6) An officer or employee of the State of Illinois, a unit of local government, or a school district, while performing his or her official duties.
- (7) A transit employee performing his or her official duties, or a transit passenger.
 - (8) A taxi driver on duty.
- (9) A merchant who detains the person for an alleged commission of retail theft under Section 16-26 of this Code and the person without legal justification by any means causes bodily harm to the merchant.
- (10) A person authorized to serve process under Section 2-202 of the Code of Civil Procedure or a special process server appointed by the circuit court while that individual is in the performance of his or her duties as a process server.
- (11) A nurse while in the performance of his or her duties as a nurse.
- (12) A merchant: (i) while performing his or her duties, including, but not limited to, relaying directions for healthcare or safety from his or her supervisor or employer or relaying health or safety guidelines, recommendations, regulations, or rules from a federal, State, or local public health agency; and (ii) during a disaster declared by the Governor, or a state of emergency declared by the mayor of the municipality in which the

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official duties; or

1	merchant is located, due to a public health emergency and
2	for a period of 6 months after such declaration.
3	(e) Offense based on use of a firearm. A person commits
4	aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, he or she
5	knowingly does any of the following:
6	(1) Discharges a firearm, other than a machine gun or
7	a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury
8	to another person.
9	(2) Discharges a firearm, other than a machine gun or
10	a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury
11	to a person he or she knows to be a peace officer,
12	community policing volunteer, person summoned by a police
13	officer, fireman, private security officer, correctional
14	institution employee, or emergency management worker:
15	(i) performing his or her official duties;
16	(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her
17	official duties; or
18	(iii) battered in retaliation for performing his
19	or her official duties.
20	(3) Discharges a firearm, other than a machine gun or
21	a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury
22	to a person he or she knows to be emergency medical
23	services personnel:
24	(i) performing his or her official duties;

(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her

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1	(iii) battered in retaliation for performing his
2	or her official duties.
3	(4) Discharges a firearm and causes any injury to a
4	person he or she knows to be a teacher, a student in a
5	school, or a school employee, and the teacher, student, or
6	employee is upon school grounds or grounds adjacent to a
7	school or in any part of a building used for school
8	purposes.
9	(5) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped
10	with a silencer, and causes any injury to another person.
11	(6) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped
12	with a silencer, and causes any injury to a person he or
13	she knows to be a peace officer, community policing
14	volunteer, person summoned by a police officer, fireman,
15	private security officer, correctional institution
16	employee or emergency management worker:
17	(i) performing his or her official duties;
18	(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her
19	official duties; or
20	(iii) battered in retaliation for performing his
21	or her official duties.
22	(7) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped

with a silencer, and causes any injury to a person he or

(i) performing his or her official duties;

(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her

she knows to be emergency medical services personnel:

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- (iii) battered in retaliation for performing his 2 or her official duties. 3
 - (8) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury to a person he or she knows to be a teacher, or a student in a school, or a school employee, and the teacher, student, or employee is upon school grounds or grounds adjacent to a school or in any part of a building used for school purposes.
 - (f) Offense based on use of a weapon or device. A person commits aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, he or she does any of the following:
 - (1) Uses a deadly weapon other than by discharge of a firearm, or uses an air rifle as defined in Section 24.8-0.1 of this Code.
 - (2) Wears a hood, robe, or mask to conceal his or her identity.
 - (3) Knowingly and without lawful justification shines or flashes a laser gunsight or other laser device attached to a firearm, or used in concert with a firearm, so that the laser beam strikes upon or against the person of another.
 - (4) Knowingly video or audio records the offense with the intent to disseminate the recording.
 - (g) Offense based on certain conduct. A person commits aggravated battery when, other than by discharge of a firearm,

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- he or she does any of the following: 1
 - (1) Violates Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act by unlawfully delivering a controlled substance to another and any user experiences great bodily harm or permanent disability as a result of the injection, inhalation, or ingestion of any amount of the controlled substance.
 - (2) Knowingly administers to an individual or causes him or her to take, without his or her consent or by threat or deception, and for other than medical purposes, any intoxicating, poisonous, stupefying, narcotic, anesthetic, or controlled substance, or gives to another person any food containing any substance or object intended to cause physical injury if eaten.
 - Knowingly causes or attempts to cause correctional institution employee or Department of Human Services employee to come into contact with blood, seminal fluid, urine, or feces by throwing, tossing, or expelling the fluid or material, and the person is an inmate of a penal institution or is a sexually dangerous person or sexually violent person in the custody of the Department of Human Services.
- 23 Sentence. Unless (h) otherwise provided, aggravated 24 battery is a Class 3 felony.
- 25 Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a) (4), 26 (d) (4), or (g) (3) is a Class 2 felony.

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1 Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(3) or 2 (g)(1) is a Class 1 felony.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(1) is a Class 1 felony when the aggravated battery was intentional and involved the infliction of torture, as defined in paragraph (10) of subsection (b-5) of Section 5-8-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections, as the infliction of or subjection to extreme physical pain, motivated by an intent to increase or prolong the pain, suffering, or agony of the victim.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(1) is a Class 2 felony when the person causes great bodily harm or permanent disability to an individual whom the person knows to be a member of a congregation engaged in prayer or other religious activities at a church, synagogue, mosque, or other building, structure, or place used for religious worship.

Aggravated battery under subdivision (a)(5) is a Class 1 felony if:

- (A) the person used or attempted to use a dangerous instrument while committing the offense;
- (B) the person caused great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to the other person while committing the offense; or
- (C) the person has been previously convicted of a violation of subdivision (a)(5) under the laws of this State or laws similar to subdivision (a)(5) of any other state.

- 1 Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (e)(1) is a Class X felonv. 2
- Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(2) is a 3
- 4 Class X felony for which a person shall be sentenced to a term
- 5 of imprisonment of a minimum of 6 years and a maximum of 45
- 6 years.
- Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (e)(5) is a 7
- 8 Class X felony for which a person shall be sentenced to a term
- 9 of imprisonment of a minimum of 12 years and a maximum of 45
- 10 years.
- 11 Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (e)(2),
- (e)(3), or (e)(4) is a Class X felony for which a person shall 12
- 13 be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of a minimum of 15 years
- 14 and a maximum of 60 years.
- 15 Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (e)(6),
- 16 (e)(7), or (e)(8) is a Class X felony for which a person shall
- be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of a minimum of 20 years 17
- and a maximum of 60 years. 18
- 19 Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (b)(1) is a
- 20 Class X felony, except that:
- 2.1 (1) if the person committed the offense while
- 22 personally armed with a firearm, and while personally
- 23 displaying the firearm, up to 15 years may shall be added
- 24 to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;
- 25 (2) if, during the commission of the offense, the
- 26 person personally discharged a firearm, up to 20 years may

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1 shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the 2 court:

- (3) if, during the commission of the offense, person personally discharged a firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person, up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.
- (i) Definitions. In this Section:

"Building or other structure used to provide shelter" has the meaning ascribed to "shelter" in Section 1 of the Domestic Violence Shelters Act.

"Domestic violence" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986.

"Domestic violence shelter" means any building or other structure used to provide shelter or other services to victims or to the dependent children of victims of domestic violence pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or the Domestic Violence Shelters Act, or any place within 500 feet of such a building or other structure in the case of a person who is going to or from such a building or other structure.

"Firearm" has the meaning provided under Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, and does not include an air rifle as defined by Section 24.8-0.1 of this Code.

"Machine gun" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section

- 1 24-1 of this Code.
- 2 "Merchant" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section
- 16-0.1 of this Code. 3
- 4 "Strangle" means intentionally impeding the
- 5 breathing or circulation of the blood of an individual by
- applying pressure on the throat or neck of that individual or 6
- by blocking the nose or mouth of that individual. 7
- (Source: P.A. 103-51, eff. 1-1-24.) 8
- 9 (720 ILCS 5/18-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 18-2)
- 10 Sec. 18-2. Armed robbery.
- (a) A person commits armed robbery when he or she violates 11
- 12 Section 18-1; and
- (1) he or she carries on or about his or her person or 13
- 14 is otherwise armed with a dangerous weapon other than a
- 15 firearm; or
- (2) he or she carries on or about his or her person or 16
- is otherwise armed with a firearm; or 17
- (3) he or she, during the commission of the offense, 18
- 19 personally discharges a firearm; or
- 2.0 (4) he or she, during the commission of the offense,
- 21 personally discharges a firearm that proximately causes
- 22 great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent
- 23 disfigurement, or death to another person.
- 2.4 (b) Sentence.
- 25 Armed robbery in violation of subsection (a) (1) is a Class

- X felony. A violation of subsection (a)(2) is a Class X felony 1
- for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of 2
- imprisonment imposed by the court, if the person committed the 3
- 4 offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while
- 5 personally displaying the firearm. A violation of subsection
- (a)(3) is a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall 6
- be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A 7
- violation of subsection (a)(4) is a Class X felony for which up
- to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life shall be added 9
- 10 to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.
- (Source: P.A. 91-404, eff. 1-1-00.) 11
- 12 (720 ILCS 5/18-4)
- 13 Sec. 18-4. Aggravated vehicular hijacking.
- 14 (a) A person commits aggravated vehicular hijacking when
- 15 he or she violates Section 18-3; and
- 16 (1) the person from whose immediate presence the motor
- 17 vehicle is taken is a person with a physical disability or
- 18 a person 60 years of age or over; or
- 19 (2) a person under 16 years of age is a passenger in
- the motor vehicle at the time of the offense; or 20
- 21 (3) he or she carries on or about his or her person, or
- 22 is otherwise armed with a dangerous weapon, other than a
- 23 firearm; or
- 24 (4) he or she carries on or about his or her person or
- 25 is otherwise armed with a firearm; or

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- 1 (5) he or she, during the commission of the offense, personally discharges a firearm; or 2
 - (6) he or she, during the commission of the offense, personally discharges a firearm that proximately causes bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person.
 - (b) Sentence. Aggravated vehicular hijacking in violation of subsections (a)(1) or (a)(2) is a Class X felony. A violation of subsection (a)(3) is a Class X felony for which a term of imprisonment of not less than 7 years shall be imposed. A violation of subsection (a)(4) is a Class X felony for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, if the person committed the offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while personally displaying the firearm. A violation of subsection (a) (5) is a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a)(6) is a Class X felony for which up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.
- (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.) 21
- 22 (720 ILCS 5/19-6) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-11)
- 23 Sec. 19-6. Home Invasion.
- 24 (a) A person who is not a peace officer acting in the line 25 of duty commits home invasion when without authority he or she

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knowingly enters the dwelling place of another when he or she knows or has reason to know that one or more persons is present or he or she knowingly enters the dwelling place of another and remains in the dwelling place until he or she knows or has reason to know that one or more persons is present or who falsely represents himself or herself, including but not limited to, falsely representing himself or herself to be a representative of any unit of government or a construction, telecommunications, or utility company, for the purpose of gaining entry to the dwelling place of another when he or she knows or has reason to know that one or more persons are present and

- (1) While armed with a dangerous weapon, other than a firearm, uses force or threatens the imminent use of force upon any person or persons within the dwelling place whether or not injury occurs, or
- (2) Intentionally causes any injury, except as provided in subsection (a)(5), to any person or persons within the dwelling place, or
- (3) While armed with a firearm uses force or threatens the imminent use of force upon any person or persons within the dwelling place whether or not injury occurs, or
- (4) Uses force or threatens the imminent use of force upon any person or persons within the dwelling place whether or not injury occurs and during the commission of the offense personally discharges a firearm, or

- 1 (5) Personally discharges a firearm that proximately
 2 causes great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent
 3 disfigurement, or death to another person within the
 4 dwelling place, or
 - (6) Commits, against any person or persons within that dwelling place, a violation of Section 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, or 11-1.60 of this Code.
 - (b) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of home invasion that the accused who knowingly enters the dwelling place of another and remains in the dwelling place until he or she knows or has reason to know that one or more persons is present either immediately leaves the premises or surrenders to the person or persons lawfully present therein without either attempting to cause or causing serious bodily injury to any person present therein.
 - (c) Sentence. Home invasion in violation of subsection (a)(1), (a)(2) or (a)(6) is a Class X felony. A violation of subsection (a)(3) is a Class X felony for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, if the person committed the offense while personally armed with a firearm, and while personally displaying the firearm. A violation of subsection (a)(4) is a Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a)(5) is a Class X felony for which up to 25 years may or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of

- imprisonment imposed by the court.
- 2 (d) For purposes of this Section, "dwelling place of
- 3 another" includes a dwelling place where the defendant
- 4 maintains a tenancy interest but from which the defendant has
- 5 been barred by a divorce decree, judgment of dissolution of
- 6 marriage, order of protection, or other court order.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 96-1113, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11;
- 8 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 9 Section 10. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
- 10 changing Section 5-8-1 as follows:
- 11 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-1)
- 12 Sec. 5-8-1. Natural life imprisonment; enhancements for
- use of a firearm; mandatory supervised release terms.
- 14 (a) Except as otherwise provided in the statute defining
- 15 the offense or in Article 4.5 of Chapter V, a sentence of
- imprisonment for a felony shall be a determinate sentence set
- 17 by the court under this Section, subject to Section 5-4.5-115
- of this Code, according to the following limitations:
- 19 (1) for first degree murder,
- 20 (a) (blank),
- 21 (b) if a trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable
- doubt that the murder was accompanied by exceptionally
- 23 brutal or heinous behavior indicative of wanton
- 24 cruelty or, except as set forth in subsection

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1	(a)(1)(c) of this Section, that any of the aggravating
2	factors listed in subparagraph (b-5) are present, the
3	court may sentence the defendant, subject to Section
4	5-4.5-105, to a term of natural life imprisonment, or
5	(b-5) A defendant who at the time of the
6	commission of the offense has attained the age of 18 or
7	more and who has been found guilty of first degree
8	murder may be sentenced to a term of natural life
9	<pre>imprisonment if:</pre>
10	(1) the murdered individual was an inmate at
11	an institution or facility of the Department of
12	Corrections, or any similar local correctional
13	agency and was killed on the grounds thereof, or
14	the murdered individual was otherwise present in
15	such institution or facility with the knowledge
16	and approval of the chief administrative officer
17	thereof;
18	(2) the murdered individual was killed as a
19	result of the hijacking of an airplane, train,
20	ship, bus, or other public conveyance;
21	(3) the defendant committed the murder
22	pursuant to a contract, agreement, or
23	understanding by which he or she was to receive
24	money or anything of value in return for

committing the murder or procured another to

commit the murder for money or anything of value;

1	(4) the murdered individual was killed in the
2	course of another felony if:
3	(A) the murdered individual:
4	(i) was actually killed by the
5	defendant, or
6	(ii) received physical injuries
7	personally inflicted by the defendant
8	substantially contemporaneously with
9	physical injuries caused by one or more
10	persons for whose conduct the defendant is
11	legally accountable under Section 5-2 of
12	this Code, and the physical injuries
13	inflicted by either the defendant or the
14	other person or persons for whose conduct
15	he is legally accountable caused the death
16	of the murdered individual; and (B) in
17	performing the acts which caused the death
18	of the murdered individual or which
19	resulted in physical injuries personally
20	inflicted by the defendant on the murdered
21	individual under the circumstances of
22	subdivision (ii) of clause (A) of this
23	clause (4), the defendant acted with the
24	intent to kill the murdered individual or
25	with the knowledge that his or her acts

created a strong probability of death or

1 great bodily harm to the murdered individual or another; and 2 3 (B) in performing the acts which caused 4 the death of the murdered individual or which 5 resulted in physical injuries personally inflicted by the defendant on the murdered 6 the circumstances 7 individual under 8 subdivision (ii) of clause (A) of this clause (4), the defendant acted with the intent to 9 10 kill the murdered individual or with the 11 knowledge that his or her acts created a strong probability of death or great bodily 12 13 harm to the murdered individual or another; 14 and 15 (C) the other felony was an inherently 16 violent crime or the attempt to commit an 17 inherently violent crime. In this clause (C), "inherently violent crime" includes, but is 18 19 not limited to, armed robbery, robbery, 20 predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, 2.1 aggravated criminal sexual assault, aggravated 22 kidnapping, aggravated vehicular hijacking, 23 aggravated arson, aggravated stalking, residential burglary, and home invasion; 24 2.5 (5) the defendant committed the murder with 26 intent to prevent the murdered individual from

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testifying or participating in any criminal investigation or prosecution or giving material assistance to the State in any investigation or prosecution, either against the defendant or another; or the defendant committed the murder because the murdered individual was a witness in any prosecution or gave material assistance to the State in any investigation or prosecution, either against the defendant or another; for purposes of this clause (5), "participating in any criminal investigation or prosecution" is intended to include those appearing in the proceedings in any capacity such as trial judges, prosecutors, defense attorneys, investigators, witnesses, or jurors;

- (6) the defendant, while committing an offense punishable under Section 401, 401.1, 401.2, 405, 405.2, 407 or 407.1 or subsection (b) of Section 404 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or while engaged in a conspiracy or solicitation to commit such offense, intentionally killed an individual or counseled, commanded, procured or caused the intentional killing of the murdered individual;
- (7) the defendant was incarcerated in an institution or facility of the Department of

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Corrections at the time of the murder, and while committing an offense punishable as a felony under Illinois law, or while engaged in a conspiracy or solicitation to commit such offense, intentionally killed an individual or counseled, commanded, induced, procured or caused the intentional killing of the murdered individual;

- (8) the murder was committed in a cold, calculated and premeditated manner pursuant to a preconceived plan, scheme or design to take a human life by unlawful means, and the conduct of the defendant created a reasonable expectation that the death of a human being would result therefrom;
- (9) the defendant principal was a administrator, organizer, or leader of a calculated criminal drug conspiracy consisting of a hierarchical position of authority superior to that of all other members of the conspiracy, and the defendant counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the intentional killing of the murdered person;
- (10) the murder was intentional and involved the infliction of torture. For the purpose of this clause (10), torture means the infliction of or subjection to extreme physical pain, motivated by

1	an intent to increase or prolong the pain,
2	suffering or agony of the victim;
3	(11) the murder was committed as a result of
4	the intentional discharge of a firearm by the
5	defendant from a motor vehicle and the victim was
6	not present within the motor vehicle;
7	(12) the murdered individual was a person with
8	a disability and the defendant knew or should have
9	known that the murdered individual was a person
10	with a disability. For purposes of this clause
11	(12), "person with a disability" means a person
12	who suffers from a permanent physical or mental
13	impairment resulting from disease, an injury, a
14	functional disorder, or a congenital condition
15	that renders the person incapable of adequately
16	providing for his or her own health or personal
17	care;
18	(13) the murdered individual was subject to an
19	order of protection and the murder was committed
20	by a person against whom the same order of
21	protection was issued under the Illinois Domestic
22	Violence Act of 1986;
23	(14) the murdered individual was known by the
24	defendant to be a teacher or other person employed
25	in any school and the teacher or other employee is

upon the grounds of a school or grounds adjacent

1	to a school, or is in any part of a building used
2	for school purposes;
3	(15) the murder was committed by the defendant
4	in connection with or as a result of the offense of
5	terrorism as defined in Section 29D-14.9 of this
6	Code;
7	(16) the murdered individual was a member of a
8	congregation engaged in prayer or other religious
9	activities at a church, synagogue, mosque, or
10	other building, structure, or place used for
11	religious worship; or
12	(17)(i) the murdered individual was a
13	physician, physician assistant, psychologist,
14	nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse;
15	(ii) the defendant knew or should have known
16	that the murdered individual was a physician,
17	physician assistant, psychologist, nurse, or
18	advanced practice registered nurse; and
19	(iii) the murdered individual was killed in
20	the course of acting in his or her capacity as a
21	physician, physician assistant, psychologist,
22	nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse, or
23	to prevent him or her from acting in that
24	capacity, or in retaliation for his or her acting
25	in that capacity.
26	(c) the court shall sentence the defendant to a

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1	term of natural life imprisonment if the defendant, at
2	the time of the commission of the murder, had attained
3	the age of 18, and:
4	(i) has previously been convicted of first

- (i) has previously been convicted of first degree murder under any state or federal law, or
- (ii) is found quilty of murdering more than one victim, or
- (iii) is found guilty of murdering a peace officer, fireman, or emergency management worker when the peace officer, fireman, or emergency management worker was killed in the course of performing his official duties, or to prevent the peace officer or fireman from performing his official duties, or in retaliation for the peace officer, fireman, or emergency management worker from performing his official duties, and the defendant knew or should have known that murdered individual was a peace officer, fireman, or emergency management worker, or
- (iv) is found guilty of murdering an employee of an institution or facility of the Department of Corrections, or any similar local correctional agency, when the employee was killed in the course of performing his official duties, or to prevent the employee from performing his official duties, or in retaliation for the employee performing his

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official duties, or

(v) is found guilty of murdering an emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver or other medical assistance or first aid person while employed by a municipality or other governmental unit when the person was killed in the course of performing official duties or to prevent the person from performing official duties or in retaliation for performing official duties and the defendant knew or should have known that the murdered individual was an emergency medical technician ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistant or first aid personnel, or

(vi) (blank), or

(vii) is found quilty of first degree murder and the murder was committed by reason of any person's activity as a community policing volunteer or to prevent any person from engaging in activity as a community policing volunteer. For the purpose of this Section, "community policing volunteer" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

1	For purposes of clause (v), "emergency medical
2	technician - ambulance", "emergency medical technician
3	- intermediate", "emergency medical technician -
4	paramedic", have the meanings ascribed to them in the
5	Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act.
6	(d)(i) if the person committed the offense while
7	personally armed with a firearm, and while
8	personally displaying the firearm, up to 15 years
9	$\underline{\text{may}}$ shall be added to the term of imprisonment
10	imposed by the court;
11	(ii) if, during the commission of the offense, the
12	person personally discharged a firearm, up to 20 years
13	$\underline{\text{may}}$ shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed
14	by the court;
15	(iii) if, during the commission of the offense,
16	the person personally discharged a firearm that
17	proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent
18	disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to
19	another person, <u>up to</u> 25 years <u>may</u> or up to a term of
20	natural life shall be added to the term of
21	imprisonment imposed by the court.
22	(2) (blank);
23	(2.5) for a person who has attained the age of 18 years
24	at the time of the commission of the offense and who is
25	convicted under the circumstances described in subdivision

(b)(1)(B) of Section 11-1.20 or paragraph (3) of

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subsection (b) of Section 12-13, subdivision (d)(2) of Section 11-1.30 or paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Section 12-14, subdivision (b) (1.2) of Section 11-1.40 or paragraph (1.2) of subsection (b) of Section 12-14.1, subdivision (b)(2) of Section 11-1.40 or paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 12-14.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the sentence shall be a term of natural life imprisonment.

- (b) (Blank).
- 10 (c) (Blank).
- (d) Subject to earlier termination under Section 3-3-8, 11 the parole or mandatory supervised release term shall be 12 13 written as part of the sentencing order and shall be as 14 follows:
 - (1) for first degree murder or for the offenses of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, and criminal sexual assault if committed on or before December 12, 2005, 3 years;
 - (1.5) except as provided in paragraph (7) of this subsection (d), for a Class X felony except for the offenses of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, and criminal sexual assault if committed on or after December 13, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-715) and except for the offense of aggravated child pornography under Section 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-20.1 with sentencing under

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subsection (c-5) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, if committed on or after January 1, 2009, 18 months;

- (2) except as provided in paragraph (7) of this subsection (d), for a Class 1 felony or a Class 2 felony except for the offense of criminal sexual assault if committed on or after December 13, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-715) and except for the offenses of manufacture and dissemination of child pornography under (a) (1) and (a) (2) of Section 11-20.1 of the clauses Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, if committed on or after January 1, 2009, 12 months;
- (3) except as provided in paragraph (4), (6), or (7) of this subsection (d), for a Class 3 felony or a Class 4 felony, 6 months; no later than 45 days after the onset of the term of mandatory supervised release, the Prisoner Review Board shall conduct a discretionary discharge review pursuant to the provisions of Section 3-3-8, which shall include the results of a standardized risk and needs assessment tool administered by the Department Corrections; the changes to this paragraph (3) made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly apply to all individuals released on mandatory supervised release on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, including those individuals whose sentences were imposed prior to the effective date

of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly;

- (4) for defendants who commit the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault, on or after December 13, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-715), or who commit the offense of aggravated child pornography under Section 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-20.1 with sentencing under subsection (c-5) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, manufacture of child pornography, or dissemination of child pornography after January 1, 2009, the term of mandatory supervised release shall range from a minimum of 3 years to a maximum of the natural life of the defendant;
- (5) if the victim is under 18 years of age, for a second or subsequent offense of aggravated criminal sexual abuse or felony criminal sexual abuse, 4 years, at least the first 2 years of which the defendant shall serve in an electronic monitoring or home detention program under Article 8A of Chapter V of this Code;
- (6) for a felony domestic battery, aggravated domestic battery, stalking, aggravated stalking, and a felony violation of an order of protection, 4 years;
- (7) for any felony described in paragraph (a) (2) (ii), (a) (2) (iii), (a) (2) (iv), (a) (2) (vi), (a) (2.1), (a) (2.3), (a) (2.4), (a) (2.5), or (a) (2.6) of Article 5, Section 3-6-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections requiring an

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inmate to serve a minimum of 85% of their court-imposed sentence, except for the offenses of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, and criminal sexual assault if committed on or after December 13, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-715) and except for the offense of aggravated child pornography under Section 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-20.1 with sentencing under subsection (c-5) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, if committed on or after January 1, 2009 and except as provided in paragraph (4) or paragraph (6) of this subsection (d), the term of mandatory supervised release shall be as follows:

- (A) Class X felony, 3 years;
- (B) Class 1 or Class 2 felonies, 2 years;
- 16 (C) Class 3 or Class 4 felonies, 1 year.
- 17 (e) (Blank).
- (f) (Blank). 18
 - (g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act and of Public Act 101-652: (i) the provisions of paragraph (3) of subsection (d) are effective on July 1, 2022 and shall apply to all individuals convicted on or after the effective date of paragraph (3) of subsection (d); and (ii) the provisions of paragraphs (1.5) and (2) of subsection (d) are effective on July 1, 2021 and shall apply to all individuals convicted on or after the effective date of paragraphs (1.5) and (2) of

- 1 subsection (d).
- 2 (Source: P.A. 102-28, eff. 6-25-21; 102-687, eff. 12-17-21;
- 102-694, eff. 1-7-22; 102-1104, eff. 12-6-22; 103-51, eff. 3
- 4 1-1-24.)".