



Sen. Mike Simmons

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1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 5290

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 5290, AS AMENDED,
3 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4 following:

5 "Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
6 Medical Debt Relief Act.

7 Section 5. Findings. The General Assembly finds that:

8 (a) People with medical debt often forgo needed medical
9 care, have difficulty meeting basic needs, and face an
10 increased risk of bankruptcy.

11 (b) Of the estimated 1,900,000 Illinois residents with
12 medical debt in collections, 1,700,000 live at or below 400%
13 of the federal poverty guidelines updated periodically in the
14 Federal Register by the U.S. Department of Health and Human
15 Services. The average medical debt per individual is
16 approximately \$2,300, and of the total estimated

1 \$4,370,000,000 in medical debt that is in collections in
2 Illinois, roughly \$4,000,000,000 is acquirable, erasable
3 medical debt carried by low-income Americans.

4 (c) Medical debt impacts communities throughout the State.
5 There are at least 12 counties in Illinois in which 20% to 30%
6 of residents are living with medical debt in collections:
7 Alexander, Coles, Grundy, Jefferson, Macon, Marion, Massac,
8 Randolph, Schuyler, Shelby, Vermilion, and Warren counties.
9 These 12 counties have approximately 475,000 residents, about
10 112,000 of whom have medical debt in collections. 13% of Cook
11 County residents have medical debt in collections, and their
12 medical debts comprise more than a quarter of the statewide
13 total.

14 (d) While any person can accumulate medical debt, people
15 of color are disproportionately affected. Nationally, 13% of
16 the population has medical debt in collections, but 15% of
17 people in communities of color have medical debt in
18 collections. In Illinois, 14% of the population has medical
19 debt in collections, but 20% of the population in communities
20 of color have medical debt in collections.

21 (e) The medical debt disparity reinforces racial inequity
22 and exacerbates disparities in health outcomes. Structural
23 barriers, including housing, credit, and employment
24 opportunities, further increase financial vulnerability for
25 communities of color, making it more difficult to pay medical
26 bills on time.

1 (f) Since medical debt can be difficult for hospital
2 systems to collect, they will often settle debt obligations
3 for a fraction of the total amount owed.

4 (g) Cook County launched a successful effort to erase
5 medical debt obligations for Cook County residents in
6 partnership with a national nonprofit organization. Accounting
7 for Cook County's investment, an additional commitment of
8 approximately \$24,500,000 would eliminate all current medical
9 debt for Illinois residents living at or below 400% of the
10 federal poverty guidelines.

11 (h) Illinois can accelerate health equity for residents
12 across the State by establishing a Medical Debt Relief Pilot
13 Program to provide grant funding to a nonprofit medical debt
14 relief coordinator to relieve thousands of families from the
15 crushing burden of medical debt.

16 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

17 "Eligible resident" means an individual who:

18 (1) is a resident of the State of Illinois; and

19 (2) has a household income at or below 400% of the
20 federal poverty guidelines or who has medical debt equal
21 to 5% or more of the individual's household income.

22 "Department" means the Department of Healthcare and Family
23 Services.

24 "Medical debt" means an obligation to pay money arising
25 from the receipt of health care services.

1 "Medical debt relief" means the discharge of a patient's
2 medical debt, including debt that is not in collections.

3 "Nonprofit medical debt relief coordinator" means a
4 nonprofit organization that is experienced in locating,
5 acquiring, and relieving medical debt for individuals and that
6 is able to discharge medical debt of an eligible resident in a
7 manner that does not result in a taxable event for the
8 resident.

9 "Pilot program" means the Medical Debt Relief Pilot
10 Program.

11 Section 15. Medical Debt Relief Pilot Program.

12 (a) Subject to appropriation, the Department of Healthcare
13 and Family Services shall establish a Medical Debt Relief
14 Pilot Program to discharge the medical debt of eligible
15 residents.

16 (b) Under the pilot program, the Department shall provide
17 grant funding to a nonprofit medical debt relief coordinator
18 to use the grant funds and any other private funds available to
19 negotiate and settle, to the extent possible, the medical debt
20 of eligible residents owed to hospitals and other health care
21 providers and entities. The hospitals and other health care
22 providers and entities may be located outside of the State of
23 Illinois, so long as the negotiation and settlement of medical
24 debt is on behalf of an eligible resident.

25 (c) The Department shall establish the pilot program no

1 later than January 1, 2025. The Department shall administer
2 the pilot program consistent with the requirements of the
3 Grant Accountability and Transparency Act to determine which
4 nonprofit medical debt relief coordinator to use, unless the
5 Department and the State's Grant Accountability and
6 Transparency Unit determine that only a single nonprofit
7 medical debt relief coordinator has the capacity and
8 willingness to carry out the duties specified in this Act. The
9 Department shall publish on its website any agreement,
10 including amendments and attachments, entered into with a debt
11 relief coordinator within 5 business days after the agreement
12 or amendment was entered into by the Department.

13 (d) The nonprofit medical debt relief coordinator shall:

14 (1) Identify eligible residents who qualify for the
15 pilot program.

16 (2) Review the medical debt accounts of each
17 commercial debt collection agency or health care provider
18 willing to sell medical debt accounts of eligible
19 residents.

20 (3) Conduct an outreach pilot program with hospitals,
21 hospital systems, and other providers and entities about
22 the benefits of the Medical Debt Relief Pilot Program.
23 Such outreach shall first be initiated with safety-net
24 hospitals.

25 (4) Negotiate and acquire medical debt of eligible
26 residents from health care providers and medical debt

1 collection agencies.

2 (5) Within 60 days of the acquisition of an eligible
3 resident's medical debt, notify all eligible residents
4 whose medical debt has been discharged under the pilot
5 program, in a manner approved by the Department, that they
6 no longer have specified medical debt owed to the relevant
7 health care provider or commercial debt collection agency.

8 (6) Not attempt to seek payment from an eligible
9 resident for medical debt purchased by the nonprofit
10 medical debt relief coordinator.

11 (7) To the extent possible, give priority to hospitals
12 and providers who serve a high percentage of volume of
13 Medicaid customers and providers located in
14 disproportionately impacted area zip codes.

15 (e) The Department shall provide an annual report to the
16 Governor and General Assembly that includes, but is not
17 limited to:

18 (1) The amount of medical debt purchased and
19 discharged under the pilot program.

20 (2) The number of eligible residents who received
21 medical debt relief under the pilot program.

22 (3) The demographic characteristics of the eligible
23 residents, including, but not limited to, race, ethnicity,
24 income level, zip code, and insurance status.

25 (4) The number and characteristics of health care
26 providers from whom medical debt was purchased and

1 discharged, including, but not limited to, geography and
2 payor mix.

3 (f) The Department shall adopt any rules necessary to
4 implement this Act.

5 Section 20. Repealer. The Act is repealed on July 1, 2029.

6 Section 100. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
7 Sections 5.1015 and 6z-140 as follows:

8 (30 ILCS 105/5.1015 new)

9 Sec. 5.1015. The Medical Debt Relief Pilot Program Fund.

10 (30 ILCS 105/6z-140 new)

11 Sec. 6z-140. Medical Debt Relief Pilot Program Fund. The
12 Medical Debt Relief Pilot Program Fund is created as a special
13 fund in the State treasury. All moneys in the Fund shall be
14 appropriated to the Department of Healthcare and Family
15 Services and expended exclusively for the Medical Debt Relief
16 Pilot Program to provide grant funding to a nonprofit medical
17 debt relief coordinator to be used to discharge the medical
18 debt of eligible residents as defined in the Medical Debt
19 Relief Act. Based on a budget approved by the Department, the
20 grant funding may also be used for any administrative services
21 provided by the nonprofit medical debt relief coordinator to
22 discharge the medical debt of eligible residents.

1 Section 105. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
2 changing Section 203 as follows:

3 (35 ILCS 5/203)

4 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

5 (a) Individuals.

6 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
7 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
8 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
9 (2).

10 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
11 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
12 the sum of the following amounts:

13 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
14 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
15 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
16 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
17 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
18 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
19 Code;

20 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
21 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
22 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
23 taxable year;

24 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during

1 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
2 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
3 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
4 for which a deduction was previously taken under
5 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
6 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
7 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
8 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
9 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
10 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
11 which is attributable to such principal residence;

12 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
13 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
14 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
15 computation of adjusted gross income;

16 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
17 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
18 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
19 medical care savings account and the interest earned
20 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
21 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
22 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of
23 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
24 2000;

25 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
26 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation

1 costs that the individual deducted in computing
2 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
3 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

4 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
5 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
6 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
7 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
8 the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
10 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
11 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
12 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
13 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
14 deductions taken in all taxable years under
15 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

16 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
17 the last day of the last tax year for which a
18 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
19 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
20 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
21 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
22 equal to that subtraction modification.

23 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
24 modification under this subparagraph only once with
25 respect to any one piece of property;

26 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise

1 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
2 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the same unitary business group but for the
6 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
7 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
10 who would be a member of the same unitary business
11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
14 required to apportion business income under different
15 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
16 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
17 extent that dividends were included in base income of
18 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
19 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
20 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
21 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
22 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included
23 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
25 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
26 incurred.

1 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

2 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
4 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
5 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
6 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
7 with respect to such interest; or

8 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
11 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
12 following:

13 (a) the person, during the same taxable
14 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
15 to a person that is not a related member, and

16 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
17 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
18 person did not have as a principal purpose the
19 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
20 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
21 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
22 terms; or

23 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
24 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
25 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
26 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates

1 and terms and the principal purpose for the
2 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
3 or

4 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
6 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
7 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
8 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
9 to the application or use of an alternative method
10 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

11 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
12 Director from making any other adjustment
13 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
14 for any tax year beginning after the effective
15 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
16 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
17 Department and such regulations provide methods
18 and standards by which the Department will utilize
19 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

20 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
21 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
22 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
24 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
25 foreign person who would be a member of the same
26 unitary business group but for the fact that the

1 foreign person's business activity outside the United
2 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
3 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
5 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
6 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
7 from being included in the unitary business group
8 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
9 business income under different subsections of Section
10 304. The addition modification required by this
11 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
12 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
13 group for the same taxable year and received by the
14 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
15 business group (including amounts included in gross
16 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
17 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
18 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
19 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
20 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
21 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
22 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same
23 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
24 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
25 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
26 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,

1 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
2 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
3 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
4 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
6 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
7 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
8 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
9 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
10 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
11 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
12 similar types of intangible assets.

13 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

14 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
17 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
18 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
19 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
20 with respect to such item; or

21 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
24 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
25 following:

26 (a) the person during the same taxable

1 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
2 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
3 not a related member, and

4 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
5 intangible expense or cost between the
6 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
7 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
8 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
9 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
10 or

11 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
14 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
15 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
16 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
17 writing to the application or use of an
18 alternative method of apportionment under Section
19 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
23 for any tax year beginning after the effective
24 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
25 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
26 Department and such regulations provide methods

1 and standards by which the Department will utilize
2 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
23 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
24 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
25 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
26 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to

1 the addition modification required under Section
2 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
3 Act;

4 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
5 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
6 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
7 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
8 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
9 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
10 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
11 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
12 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
13 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
14 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
15 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
17 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
18 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
19 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
20 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
21 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
22 adopts and determines that its offering materials
23 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
24 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
25 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
26 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing

1 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
2 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
3 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
4 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
5 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
6 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

7 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
8 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
9 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
10 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
11 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
12 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
13 participants in its offering materials or makes a
14 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
15 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
16 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
17 out-of-state program distributes its offering
18 materials;

19 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
21 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
22 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from
23 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
24 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
25 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c)(1)(B)
26 of the Internal Revenue Code;

1 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
2 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
3 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
5 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
6 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
7 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

8 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
9 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
10 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
11 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
12 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
13 State to an ABLE account established under an
14 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
15 the contribution component of the transferred amount
16 that was previously deducted from base income under
17 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this
18 Section;

19 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
21 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
22 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of
23 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
24 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
25 education institution, an amount equal to the
26 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal

1 or refund that was previously deducted from base
2 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,
3 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
4 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
5 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
6 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
7 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
8 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
9 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
10 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
11 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
12 or refund that was previously deducted from base
13 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and
14 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
15 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of
16 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
17 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
18 amount equal to the contribution component of the
19 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
20 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)
21 of this Section;

22 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
23 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
24 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
25 Act;

26 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
2 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 for the taxable year;

4 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal
5 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed
6 pursuant to Section 201(p)(7) of this Act;

7 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
8 following amounts:

9 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
10 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
11 any compensation (including but not limited to any
12 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
13 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
14 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
15 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
16 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
17 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
18 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
19 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
20 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
21 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
22 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending
23 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
24 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
26 in respect of any compensation (including but not

1 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
2 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
3 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
4 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
5 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
6 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
7 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
8 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
9 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the
10 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
12 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
13 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
14 of Section 250;

15 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
16 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
17 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
18 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
19 total as distributions under the provisions of any
20 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
21 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
22 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
23 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
24 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
25 adopted pursuant thereto;

26 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

1 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
2 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
3 and included in such total for the taxable year;

4 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
5 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
6 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
7 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
8 computation of taxable income;

9 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
10 such total which were paid by a corporation which
11 conducts business operations in a River Edge
12 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
13 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
14 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
15 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
16 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
18 such total that were paid by a corporation that
19 conducts business operations in a federally designated
20 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
21 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
22 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
23 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
24 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
25 this subparagraph (K);

26 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,

1 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
2 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
3 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code;

5 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
6 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
7 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
8 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
9 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
10 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
11 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
12 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
13 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
15 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of
16 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
17 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
18 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
20 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
21 250;

22 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in
23 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
24 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
25 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
26 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any

1 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
2 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
3 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
4 net of bond premium amortization;

5 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
6 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
7 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

8 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
9 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
10 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
11 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
13 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
14 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
15 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

16 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
17 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
18 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
19 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
20 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
21 illness;

22 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
23 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

24 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
25 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
26 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a

1 medical care savings account established under the
2 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
3 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
4 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
5 as provided in that Act;

6 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
7 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
8 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
9 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
10 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
11 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
12 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

13 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
14 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
15 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
16 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
17 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
18 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

19 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
20 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
21 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
22 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
23 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
24 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
25 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
26 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that

1 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
2 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
3 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
4 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
5 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
6 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
7 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
8 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
9 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
10 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
11 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
12 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
13 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
14 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
15 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
16 times a number that represents the fractional
17 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
18 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
19 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

20 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
21 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
22 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year
23 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
24 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250;

26 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an

1 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
2 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
3 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
4 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
5 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
6 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
7 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
8 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
9 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
10 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
11 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
12 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
13 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
14 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
15 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
16 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
17 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
18 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
19 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
20 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
21 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
22 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
23 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
24 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
25 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
26 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis

1 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
2 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
3 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
4 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
5 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
6 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
8 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
9 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a
10 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
11 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
12 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
13 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
14 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
15 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
16 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
17 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
18 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
19 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
20 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
21 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
22 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
23 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
24 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
25 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
26 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt

1 from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
3 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
4 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
5 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
7 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

8 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
9 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
10 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
11 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
12 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
13 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
14 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

15 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
16 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
17 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
18 0.429); and

19 (3) for taxable years ending after December
20 31, 2005:

21 (i) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
23 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
24 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
25 by 0.429);

26 (ii) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
2 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
3 1.0;

4 (iii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
7 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
8 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
9 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
10 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
11 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
12 depreciation on that property; and

13 (iv) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
15 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
16 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
17 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
18 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
19 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
20 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
21 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
22 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

23 The aggregate amount deducted under this
24 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
25 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
26 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the

1 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
2 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
3 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
4 Section 250;

5 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
6 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
7 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
8 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
9 an amount equal to that addition modification.

10 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
11 the last day of the last tax year for which a
12 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
13 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
14 required in any taxable year to make an addition
15 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
16 equal to that addition modification.

17 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
18 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
19 one piece of property.

20 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250;

22 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
23 other than salary, received by a driver in a
24 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

25 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
26 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account

1 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
2 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
3 modification with respect to such transaction under
4 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
5 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
6 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
7 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
8 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
9 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
10 that is required to make an addition modification with
11 respect to such transaction under Section
12 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
13 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
14 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
15 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
17 into account for the taxable year (net of the
18 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
19 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
21 for the fact that the foreign person's business
22 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
23 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
24 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
25 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
26 business group but for the fact that the person is

1 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
2 included in the unitary business group because he or
3 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
4 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
5 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
6 made for the same taxable year under Section
7 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
9 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions
10 of Section 250;

11 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
12 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
13 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
16 for the fact that the foreign person's business
17 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
18 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
19 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
20 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
21 business group but for the fact that the person is
22 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
23 included in the unitary business group because he or
24 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
25 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
26 not to exceed the addition modification required to be

1 made for the same taxable year under Section
2 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
4 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
5 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
7 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
8 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
9 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State
10 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
13 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
14 add back any insurance premiums under Section
15 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
16 that part of a reimbursement received from the
17 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
18 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
19 company) that would have been taken into account as a
20 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
21 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
22 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
23 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
24 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
25 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
26 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of

1 Section 250;

2 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
3 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum
4 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
5 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
6 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
7 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
8 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
9 be considered moneys contributed under this
10 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
11 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
12 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
13 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;

14 (II) For taxable years that begin on or after
15 January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the
16 amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal
17 adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness
19 attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is
20 not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted
21 gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection
22 (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code; ~~and~~

23 (JJ) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
25 operating in this State and licensed under the
26 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis

1 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
2 organization operating in this State and licensed
3 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
4 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
5 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
6 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
7 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
8 this subparagraph (JJ) are exempt from the provisions
9 of Section 250; and-

10 (KK) ~~(JJ)~~ To the extent includible in gross income
11 for federal income tax purposes, any amount awarded or
12 paid to the taxpayer as a result of a judgment or
13 settlement for fertility fraud as provided in Section
14 15 of the Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, donor
15 fertility fraud as provided in Section 20 of the
16 Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, or similar action in
17 another state.

18 (LL) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2025, if the taxpayer is an eligible
20 resident as defined in the Medical Debt Relief Act, an
21 amount equal to the amount included in the taxpayer's
22 federal adjusted gross income that is attributable to
23 medical debt relief received by the taxpayer during
24 the taxable year from a nonprofit medical debt relief
25 coordinator under the provisions of the Medical Debt
26 Relief Act. This subparagraph (LL) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250.

2 (b) Corporations.

3 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
4 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
5 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

6 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
7 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
8 of the following amounts:

9 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
10 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
11 received from regulated investment companies during
12 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
13 income in the computation of taxable income;

14 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
15 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
16 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
17 year;

18 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
19 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
20 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
21 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as
22 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
23 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
24 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
25 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act

1 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
2 law and is not a new enactment);

3 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
4 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
5 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
6 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

7 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
8 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
9 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
10 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
11 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
12 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
13 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
14 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
15 year, with the following limitations applied in the
16 order that they are listed:

17 (i) the addition modification relating to the
18 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
19 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
20 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
21 of addition modification under this subparagraph
22 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
23 which was taken into account in calculating the
24 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

25 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
26 net operating loss carried back or forward to the

1 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
2 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
3 such carryback or carryforward;

4 For taxable years in which there is a net
5 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
6 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
7 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
8 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
9 computed independently under the preceding provisions
10 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

11 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
12 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
13 costs that the corporation deducted in computing
14 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation
15 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

16 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
17 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
18 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
19 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
20 the Internal Revenue Code;

21 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
22 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
23 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
24 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
25 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
26 deductions taken in all taxable years under

1 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which a
4 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
5 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
6 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
7 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
8 equal to that subtraction modification.

9 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
10 modification under this subparagraph only once with
11 respect to any one piece of property;

12 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
13 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the same unitary business group but for the
18 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
19 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
2 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
3 extent that dividends were included in base income of
4 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
5 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
6 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
7 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
8 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
9 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
11 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
12 accrued, or incurred.

13 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

14 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
16 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
17 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
18 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
19 with respect to such interest; or

20 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
23 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
24 following:

25 (a) the person, during the same taxable
26 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest

1 to a person that is not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
3 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
4 person did not have as a principal purpose the
5 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
6 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
7 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
8 terms; or

9 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
10 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
11 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
12 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
13 and terms and the principal purpose for the
14 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
15 or

16 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
18 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
20 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
21 to the application or use of an alternative method
22 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
24 Director from making any other adjustment
25 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
26 for any tax year beginning after the effective

1 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
2 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
3 Department and such regulations provide methods
4 and standards by which the Department will utilize
5 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

6 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
7 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
8 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
10 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
11 foreign person who would be a member of the same
12 unitary business group but for the fact that the
13 foreign person's business activity outside the United
14 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
15 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
17 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
18 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
19 from being included in the unitary business group
20 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
21 business income under different subsections of Section
22 304. The addition modification required by this
23 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
24 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
25 group for the same taxable year and received by the
26 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary

1 business group (including amounts included in gross
2 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
4 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
5 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
6 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
7 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
8 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
9 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
10 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
11 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
12 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
13 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
14 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
15 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
16 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
18 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
19 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
20 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
21 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
22 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
23 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
24 similar types of intangible assets.

25 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

26 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
6 with respect to such item; or

7 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
10 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
11 following:

12 (a) the person during the same taxable
13 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
14 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
15 not a related member, and

16 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
17 intangible expense or cost between the
18 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
19 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
20 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
21 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
22 or

23 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
26 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing

1 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
2 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
3 writing to the application or use of an
4 alternative method of apportionment under Section
5 304(f);

6 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
7 Director from making any other adjustment
8 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
9 for any tax year beginning after the effective
10 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
11 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
12 Department and such regulations provide methods
13 and standards by which the Department will utilize
14 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

15 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
17 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
18 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
20 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
21 business group but for the fact that the person is
22 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
23 included in the unitary business group because he or
24 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
25 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
26 addition modification required by this subparagraph

1 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
2 included in base income of the unitary group for the
3 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
5 (including amounts included in gross income under
6 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
8 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
9 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
10 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
11 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
12 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
13 the addition modification required under Section
14 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
15 Act;

16 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
17 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
18 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
19 to a real estate investment trust under Section
20 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
21 dividends paid;

22 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
23 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
24 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
25 Act;

26 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
2 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 for the taxable year;

4 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
5 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
6 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
7 Code for the taxable year;

8 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
9 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
10 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
11 Code for the taxable year;

12 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
13 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
14 under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal
15 Revenue Code for the taxable year.

16 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
17 following amounts:

18 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
19 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
20 and included in such total for the taxable year;

21 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
22 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

23 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
24 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
25 dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
26 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders

1 for the taxable year;

2 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
3 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
4 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
5 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
6 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
8 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
9 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
10 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
11 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
12 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
13 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
14 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
15 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
16 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
17 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
19 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
20 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
21 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
22 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
23 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
24 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
25 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
26 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt

1 from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
3 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
4 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
5 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
6 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
7 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
8 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
9 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
10 net of bond premium amortization;

11 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total which were paid by a corporation which
13 conducts business operations in a River Edge
14 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
15 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
16 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
17 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
18 the provisions of Section 250;

19 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
20 such total that were paid by a corporation that
21 conducts business operations in a federally designated
22 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
23 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
24 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
25 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
26 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under

1 this subparagraph (L);

2 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
3 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
4 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
5 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
6 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
7 property which is eligible for the River Edge
8 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
9 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
10 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
11 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
12 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
13 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)
14 investment credit property which secures the loan or
15 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
16 such property on the date that it was placed in service
17 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
18 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
19 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
20 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
21 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
22 calculated under the previous sentence. This
23 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
24 Section 250;

25 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
26 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of

1 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
2 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
3 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
4 property which is eligible for the High Impact
5 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
6 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
7 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
8 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
9 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
10 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
11 investment credit property which secures the loan or
12 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
13 such property on the date that it was placed in service
14 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
15 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
16 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
17 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
18 eligible for the deduction provided under this
19 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
20 available to taxpayers in any year under this
21 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
22 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
23 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
24 under the previous sentence;

25 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
26 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the

1 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
2 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
3 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
4 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by
5 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
6 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
7 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
8 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
9 provisions of Section 250;

10 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
11 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
12 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
13 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
14 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
15 the amount by which dividends included in taxable
16 income and received from a corporation that is not
17 created or organized under the laws of the United
18 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
19 including, for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
21 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
22 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
23 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph
24 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
25 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends

1 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
2 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
3 included in taxable income and received, including,
4 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,
5 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
6 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years
8 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
9 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
10 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
11 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
12 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
13 affiliated group which includes the dividend
14 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
15 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
16 this subsection (b) which is related to such
17 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June
18 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the
19 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as
20 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue
21 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to
22 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under
23 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This
24 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250 of this Act;

26 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a

1 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
2 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

3 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
4 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
5 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
6 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code;

8 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
9 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
10 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
11 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
12 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
13 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
14 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
15 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
16 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
17 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
18 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
19 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250;

21 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
22 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
23 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
24 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
25 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
26 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts

1 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
2 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
3 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
4 provisions of Section 250;

5 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
6 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
7 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
8 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
9 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
10 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

11 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
12 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
13 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
14 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
15 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
16 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
17 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

18 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
19 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
20 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
21 0.429); and

22 (3) for taxable years ending after December
23 31, 2005:

24 (i) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

1 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
2 by 0.429);

3 (ii) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 1.0;

7 (iii) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
10 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
11 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
12 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
13 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
15 depreciation on that property; and

16 (iv) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
18 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
19 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
20 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
21 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
22 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
23 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
24 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
25 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

26 The aggregate amount deducted under this

1 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
2 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
3 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
4 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
5 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
6 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
7 Section 250;

8 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
9 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
10 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
11 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
12 equal to that addition modification.

13 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
14 the last day of the last tax year for which a
15 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
16 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
17 required in any taxable year to make an addition
18 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
19 equal to that addition modification.

20 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
21 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
22 one piece of property.

23 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
26 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account

1 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
2 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
3 modification with respect to such transaction under
4 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
5 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
6 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
7 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
8 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
9 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
10 that is required to make an addition modification with
11 respect to such transaction under Section
12 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
13 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
14 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
15 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
16 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
17 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
18 an addition modification with respect to such
19 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
20 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
21 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
22 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
23 from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
25 into account for the taxable year (net of the
26 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to

1 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
3 for the fact that the foreign person's business
4 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
5 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
6 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
7 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
8 business group but for the fact that the person is
9 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
10 included in the unitary business group because he or
11 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
12 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
13 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
14 made for the same taxable year under Section
15 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
17 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
18 Section 250;

19 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
20 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
21 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
24 for the fact that the foreign person's business
25 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
26 that person's total business activity and (ii) for

1 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
2 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
3 business group but for the fact that the person is
4 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
5 included in the unitary business group because he or
6 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
7 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
8 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
9 made for the same taxable year under Section
10 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
12 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
13 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

14 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
15 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
16 add back any insurance premiums under Section
17 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
18 that part of a reimbursement received from the
19 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
20 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
21 company) that would have been taken into account as a
22 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
23 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
24 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
25 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
26 add back to income the amount subtracted by the

1 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
2 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
5 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
6 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
7 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
8 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
9 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
10 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250; and

12 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
14 operating in this State and licensed under the
15 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
16 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
17 organization operating in this State and licensed
18 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
19 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
20 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
21 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
22 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
23 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
24 of Section 250.

25 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A),
26 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,

1 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
2 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
3 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
4 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
5 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
6 Section 803(a) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

7 (c) Trusts and estates.

8 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
9 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
10 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

11 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
12 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
13 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
14 following amounts:

15 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
16 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
17 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
18 in the computation of taxable income;

19 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
20 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
21 required to distribute all of its income currently,
22 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
23 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
24 the computation of taxable income;

25 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
3 year;

4 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
5 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
6 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
7 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

8 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
9 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
10 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
11 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
12 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
13 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
14 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
15 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
16 the following limitations applied in the order that
17 they are listed:

18 (i) the addition modification relating to the
19 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
20 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
21 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
22 of addition modification under this subparagraph
23 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
24 which was taken into account in calculating the
25 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

26 (ii) the addition modification relating to the

1 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
2 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
3 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
4 such carryback or carryforward;

5 For taxable years in which there is a net
6 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
7 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
8 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
9 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
10 computed independently under the preceding provisions
11 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

12 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
13 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
14 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
15 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
16 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601
17 of this Act;

18 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
19 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
20 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
21 computation of taxable income;

22 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
23 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
24 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
25 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
26 estate claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section

1 201;

2 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
3 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
4 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
5 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
6 the Internal Revenue Code; and

7 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
8 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
9 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
10 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
11 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
12 deductions taken in all taxable years under
13 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which a
16 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
17 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
18 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
19 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
20 equal to that subtraction modification.

21 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
22 modification under this subparagraph only once with
23 respect to any one piece of property;

24 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
25 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
26 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the same unitary business group but for the
4 fact that the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
14 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
15 extent that dividends were included in base income of
16 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
17 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
18 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
19 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
20 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
21 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
23 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
24 accrued, or incurred.

25 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

26 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
2 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
3 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
4 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
5 with respect to such interest; or

6 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
8 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
9 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person, during the same taxable
12 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
13 to a person that is not a related member, and

14 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
15 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
16 person did not have as a principal purpose the
17 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
18 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
19 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
20 terms; or

21 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
22 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
23 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
24 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
25 and terms and the principal purpose for the
26 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;

1 or

2 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
4 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
5 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
6 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
7 to the application or use of an alternative method
8 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
10 Director from making any other adjustment
11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
12 for any tax year beginning after the effective
13 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
14 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
15 Department and such regulations provide methods
16 and standards by which the Department will utilize
17 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

18 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
19 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
20 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
23 foreign person who would be a member of the same
24 unitary business group but for the fact that the
25 foreign person's business activity outside the United
26 States is 80% or more of that person's total business

1 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
3 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
4 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
5 from being included in the unitary business group
6 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
7 business income under different subsections of Section
8 304. The addition modification required by this
9 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
10 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
11 group for the same taxable year and received by the
12 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
13 business group (including amounts included in gross
14 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
16 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
17 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
18 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
19 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
20 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
21 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
22 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
23 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
24 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
25 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
26 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or

1 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
2 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
4 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
5 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
6 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
7 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
8 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
9 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
10 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

11 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

12 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
15 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
16 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
17 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
18 with respect to such item; or

19 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
22 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
23 following:

24 (a) the person during the same taxable
25 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
26 intangible expense or cost to a person that is

1 not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
3 intangible expense or cost between the
4 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
5 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
6 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
7 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
8 or

9 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
12 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
13 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
14 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
15 writing to the application or use of an
16 alternative method of apportionment under Section
17 304(f);

18 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
19 Director from making any other adjustment
20 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
21 for any tax year beginning after the effective
22 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
23 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
24 Department and such regulations provide methods
25 and standards by which the Department will utilize
26 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

1 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
3 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
4 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
6 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
7 business group but for the fact that the person is
8 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
9 included in the unitary business group because he or
10 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
11 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
12 addition modification required by this subparagraph
13 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
14 included in base income of the unitary group for the
15 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
17 (including amounts included in gross income under
18 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
19 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
20 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
21 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
22 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
23 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
24 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
25 the addition modification required under Section
26 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this

1 Act;

2 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
3 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
4 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
5 Act;

6 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
8 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 for the taxable year;

10 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
11 following amounts:

12 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
13 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
14 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
15 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total
16 as distributions under the provisions of any
17 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
18 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
19 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
20 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
21 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
22 adopted pursuant thereto;

23 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

24 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
25 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
26 and included in such total for the taxable year;

1 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
2 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
3 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
4 taxation by this State either by reason of its
5 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
6 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
7 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
8 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
9 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
10 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
11 premium amortization;

12 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
13 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
14 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
15 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
16 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
17 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
19 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
20 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
21 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
22 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
23 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
24 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
25 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
26 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this

1 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
2 250;

3 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
4 such total which were paid by a corporation which
5 conducts business operations in a River Edge
6 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
7 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
8 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
9 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
10 the provisions of Section 250;

11 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
12 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
13 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

14 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
15 such total that were paid by a corporation that
16 conducts business operations in a federally designated
17 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
18 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
19 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
20 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
21 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
22 this subparagraph (O);

23 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
24 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
25 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
26 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code;

2 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
3 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
4 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
5 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
6 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
7 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
8 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
9 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
10 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
11 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
12 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
13 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
14 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
15 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
16 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
17 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
18 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
19 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
20 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
21 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
22 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
23 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
24 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
25 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
26 first recipient of such assets after their recovery

1 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
2 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
3 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
4 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
5 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
6 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
7 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
8 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

9 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
10 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
11 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
12 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
13 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
14 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

15 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
16 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
17 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
18 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
19 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
20 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
21 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

22 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
23 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
24 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
25 0.429); and

26 (3) for taxable years ending after December

1 31, 2005:

2 (i) for property on which a bonus
3 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
4 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
5 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
6 by 0.429);

7 (ii) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
10 1.0;

11 (iii) for property on which a bonus
12 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
13 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
14 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
15 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
16 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
17 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
19 depreciation on that property; and

20 (iv) for property on which a bonus
21 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
22 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
23 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
24 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
25 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
26 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and

1 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
2 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
3 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

4 The aggregate amount deducted under this
5 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
6 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
7 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
8 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
9 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
10 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
11 Section 250;

12 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
13 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
14 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
15 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
16 equal to that addition modification.

17 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
18 the last day of the last tax year for which a
19 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
20 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
21 required in any taxable year to make an addition
22 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
23 equal to that addition modification.

24 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
25 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
26 one piece of property.

1 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
2 provisions of Section 250;

3 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
4 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
5 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
6 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
7 modification with respect to such transaction under
8 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
9 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
10 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
11 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
12 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
13 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
14 that is required to make an addition modification with
15 respect to such transaction under Section
16 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
17 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
18 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
19 from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
21 into account for the taxable year (net of the
22 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
25 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
26 outside the United States is 80% or more of that

1 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
3 who would be a member of the same unitary business
4 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
5 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
6 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
7 required to apportion business income under different
8 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
9 addition modification required to be made for the same
10 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
11 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
13 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

14 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
15 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
16 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
17 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
19 for the fact that the foreign person's business
20 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
21 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
22 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
23 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
24 business group but for the fact that the person is
25 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
26 included in the unitary business group because he or

1 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
2 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
3 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
4 made for the same taxable year under Section
5 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
7 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
8 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

9 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
10 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
11 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
12 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
13 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
14 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
15 from Section 250;

16 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
17 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
18 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
19 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
20 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
22 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
23 add back any insurance premiums under Section
24 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
25 that part of a reimbursement received from the
26 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense

1 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
2 company) that would have been taken into account as a
3 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
4 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
5 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
6 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
7 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
8 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
9 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
12 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
13 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
14 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal
15 Revenue Code; and

16 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
17 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
18 operating in this State and licensed under the
19 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
20 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
21 organization operating in this State and licensed
22 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
23 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
24 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
25 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
26 added back under this subsection. The provisions of

1 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
2 of Section 250.

3 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
4 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
5 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
6 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
7 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
8 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
9 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

10 (d) Partnerships.

11 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
12 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
13 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

14 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
15 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
16 of the following amounts:

17 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
18 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
19 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
20 in the computation of taxable income;

21 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
22 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
23 the taxable year;

24 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
25 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the

1 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
2 income;

3 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
4 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
5 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
6 computation of taxable income;

7 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
11 the Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (D) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which a
21 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
22 under subparagraph (D) and for which the taxpayer was
23 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (D), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
4 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the same unitary business group but for the
9 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
20 extent that dividends were included in base income of
21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
24 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
25 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
26 included in gross income under Section 78 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
2 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
3 accrued, or incurred.

4 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

5 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
7 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
8 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
9 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
10 with respect to such interest; or

11 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
13 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
14 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
15 following:

16 (a) the person, during the same taxable
17 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
18 to a person that is not a related member, and

19 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
20 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
21 person did not have as a principal purpose the
22 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
23 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
24 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
25 terms; or

26 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on

1 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
2 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
3 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
4 and terms and the principal purpose for the
5 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
6 or

7 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
9 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
10 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
11 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
12 to the application or use of an alternative method
13 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

14 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
15 Director from making any other adjustment
16 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
17 for any tax year beginning after the effective
18 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
19 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
20 Department and such regulations provide methods
21 and standards by which the Department will utilize
22 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

23 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
24 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
25 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
2 foreign person who would be a member of the same
3 unitary business group but for the fact that the
4 foreign person's business activity outside the United
5 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
6 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
8 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
9 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
10 from being included in the unitary business group
11 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
12 business income under different subsections of Section
13 304. The addition modification required by this
14 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
15 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
16 group for the same taxable year and received by the
17 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
18 business group (including amounts included in gross
19 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
21 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
22 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
23 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
24 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
25 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
26 dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
2 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
3 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
4 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
5 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
6 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
7 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
9 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
10 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
11 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
12 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
13 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
14 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
15 similar types of intangible assets;

16 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

17 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
20 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
21 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
22 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
23 with respect to such item; or

24 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based

1 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
2 following:

3 (a) the person during the same taxable
4 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
5 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
6 not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
8 intangible expense or cost between the
9 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
10 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
11 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
12 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
13 or

14 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
17 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
19 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
20 writing to the application or use of an
21 alternative method of apportionment under Section
22 304(f);

23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
24 Director from making any other adjustment
25 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
26 for any tax year beginning after the effective

1 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
2 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
3 Department and such regulations provide methods
4 and standards by which the Department will utilize
5 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

6 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
8 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
9 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
11 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
12 business group but for the fact that the person is
13 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
14 included in the unitary business group because he or
15 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
16 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
17 addition modification required by this subparagraph
18 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
19 included in base income of the unitary group for the
20 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
22 (including amounts included in gross income under
23 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
24 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
25 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
26 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs

1 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
2 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
3 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
4 the addition modification required under Section
5 203(d)(2)(D-7) or Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

6 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
7 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
8 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
9 Act;

10 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
12 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
13 for the taxable year;

14 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
15 amounts:

16 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

17 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
18 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
19 and included in such total for the taxable year;

20 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
21 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
22 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
23 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
24 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
25 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
26 statute of this State that exempts income derived from

1 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
2 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
3 net of bond premium amortization;

4 (H) Any income of the partnership which
5 constitutes personal service income as defined in
6 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
7 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
8 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
9 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
10 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
11 Section 250;

12 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
13 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
14 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
15 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
16 including amounts distributable to organizations
17 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
18 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
19 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
21 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
22 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
23 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
24 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
25 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
26 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years

1 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
2 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
4 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
5 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
6 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
7 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
8 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
9 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
10 250;

11 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total which were paid by a corporation which
13 conducts business operations in a River Edge
14 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
15 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
16 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
17 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
18 the provisions of Section 250;

19 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
20 job training project established pursuant to the Real
21 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

22 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
23 such total that were paid by a corporation that
24 conducts business operations in a federally designated
25 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
26 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided

1 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
2 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
3 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
4 this subparagraph (M);

5 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
6 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
7 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
8 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
9 the Internal Revenue Code;

10 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
11 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
12 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
13 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
15 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

16 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
17 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
19 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
20 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
21 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
22 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

23 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
24 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
25 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
26 0.429); and

1 (3) for taxable years ending after December
2 31, 2005:

3 (i) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
7 by 0.429);

8 (ii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11 1.0;

12 (iii) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
15 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
16 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
17 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
18 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
19 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
20 depreciation on that property; and

21 (iv) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
23 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
24 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
25 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
26 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation

1 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
2 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
3 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
4 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

5 The aggregate amount deducted under this
6 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
7 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
8 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
9 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
10 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
11 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250;

13 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
14 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
15 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
16 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
17 equal to that addition modification.

18 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
19 the last day of the last tax year for which a
20 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
21 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
22 required in any taxable year to make an addition
23 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
24 equal to that addition modification.

25 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
26 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any

1 one piece of property.

2 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
5 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
6 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
7 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
8 modification with respect to such transaction under
9 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
10 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
11 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
12 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
13 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
14 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
15 that is required to make an addition modification with
16 respect to such transaction under Section
17 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
18 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
19 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
20 from Section 250;

21 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
22 into account for the taxable year (net of the
23 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
24 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
26 for the fact that the foreign person's business

1 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
2 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
3 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
4 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
5 business group but for the fact that the person is
6 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
7 included in the unitary business group because he or
8 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
9 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
10 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
11 made for the same taxable year under Section
12 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
14 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

15 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
16 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
17 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
20 for the fact that the foreign person's business
21 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
22 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
23 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
24 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
25 business group but for the fact that the person is
26 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

1 included in the unitary business group because he or
2 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
3 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
4 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
5 made for the same taxable year under Section
6 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
7 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
8 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
9 Section 250;

10 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
11 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
12 add back any insurance premiums under Section
13 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
14 that part of a reimbursement received from the
15 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
16 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
17 company) that would have been taken into account as a
18 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
19 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
20 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
21 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
22 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
23 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
24 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250; and

26 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after

1 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
2 operating in this State and licensed under the
3 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
4 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
5 organization operating in this State and licensed
6 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
7 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
8 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
9 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
10 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
11 this subparagraph (U) are exempt from the provisions
12 of Section 250.

13 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

14 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
15 (2) and subsection (b)(3), for purposes of this Section
16 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
17 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
18 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
19 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
20 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
21 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
22 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
24 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
25 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable

1 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
2 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
3 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
4 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
5 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
6 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
8 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
9 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
10 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
11 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
12 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
13 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
14 addition modification must be made under those
15 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
16 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
17 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
18 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
19 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code.

21 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
22 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
23 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

24 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
25 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
26 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life

1 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
2 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
3 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
4 Internal Revenue Code;

5 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
6 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
7 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
8 insurance company taxable income;

9 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
10 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
11 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
12 investment company taxable income;

13 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
14 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
15 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
16 real estate investment trust taxable income;

17 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
18 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
19 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
20 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
21 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
22 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
23 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
24 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
25 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
26 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be

1 determined as if the election provided by Section
2 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in
3 effect for all such years;

4 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
5 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
6 organization determined in accordance with the
7 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
9 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
10 activities against income from nonpatronage
11 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
12 association may make an election to follow its federal
13 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
14 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
15 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
16 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
17 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
18 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
19 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
20 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
21 effective for all taxable years with original returns
22 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
23 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
24 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
25 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
26 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to

1 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
2 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The
3 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
4 requirements for documenting the elections and any
5 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
6 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
7 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
8 existing law;

9 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
10 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
11 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
12 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
13 of such corporation determined in accordance with
14 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
15 that taxable income shall take into account those
16 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
18 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
19 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
20 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
21 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
22 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
23 such corporation determined in accordance with the
24 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
25 1982; and

26 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,

1 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
2 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
3 income shall take into account those items which are
4 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
5 but which would be taken into account by an individual
6 in calculating his taxable income.

7 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
8 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
9 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
10 business has been classified as business income and in a
11 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
12 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
13 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
14 related to that asset or business that generated the
15 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
16 business income in the year of the disposition of the
17 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
18 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
19 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
20 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
21 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
22 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
23 preceding taxable years.

24 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

25 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount

1 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
2 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

3 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
4 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
5 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
7 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
8 plus

9 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
10 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
11 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
12 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
13 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
14 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
15 of such gain included in the amount determined under
16 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

17 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

18 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
19 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
20 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
21 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
22 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
23 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
24 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
25 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
26 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in

1 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
2 such property.

3 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
4 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
5 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
6 amount for such property is that amount which bears
7 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
8 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
9 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
10 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
11 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
12 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
13 period for the property.

14 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
15 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
16 purposes of this paragraph.

17 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
18 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
19 to be deducted more than once.

20 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
21 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
22 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
23 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
24 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable

1 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
2 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
3 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
4 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

5 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
6 102-658, eff. 8-27-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1112, eff.
7 12-21-22; 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; 103-478, eff. 1-1-24; revised
8 9-26-23.)

9 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
10 becoming law."