103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

нв5396

Introduced 2/9/2024, by Rep. Will Guzzardi

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

730 ILCS 5/3-3-14

Amends the Unified Code of Corrections. Provides that the Prisoner Review Board shall place no additional restrictions, limitations, or requirements than that provided by the statute creating the procedure for medical release. Provides that upon a determination that the petitioner is eligible for a hearing on medical release, the Prisoner Review Board shall: (1) provide public notice of the petitioner's name, docket number, counsel, and hearing date; and (2) provide a copy of the evaluation and any medical records provided by the Department of Corrections to the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney upon scheduling the institutional hearing. Provides that a hearing on a petitioner's application for medical release is public unless the petitioner requests a non-public hearing. Provides that members of the public shall be permitted to freely attend public hearings on medical release without restriction. Provides that upon denying an eligible petitioner's application for medical release, the Prisoner Review Board shall publish a decision letter outlining the reason for denial. Provides that the decision letter must include an explanation of each statutory factor and the estimated annual cost of the petitioner's continued incarceration, including the petitioner's medical care. Makes technical changes.

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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

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Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
 changing Section 3-3-14 as follows:
- 6 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-14)

7 Sec. 3-3-14. Procedure for medical release.

8 (a) Definitions.

9 (1) As used in this Section, "medically incapacitated" means that a petitioner an inmate has any diagnosable 10 condition, 11 medical including dementia and severe, 12 permanent medical or cognitive disability, that prevents 13 the petitioner inmate from completing more than one 14 activity of daily living without assistance or that incapacitates the petitioner inmate to the extent that 15 16 institutional confinement does not offer additional 17 restrictions, and that the condition is unlikely to improve noticeably in the future. 18

- 19 (2) As used in this Section, "terminal illness" means
 20 a condition that satisfies all of the following criteria:
- 21 (i) the condition is irreversible and incurable;22 and
 - (ii) in accordance with medical standards and a

reasonable degree of medical certainty, based on an individual assessment of the <u>petitioner</u> inmate, the condition is likely to cause death to the <u>petitioner</u> <u>inmate</u> within 18 months.

5 (b) The Prisoner Review Board shall consider an 6 application for compassionate release on behalf of any 7 <u>petitioner</u> inmate who meets any of the following:

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(1) is suffering from a terminal illness; or

9 (2) has been diagnosed with a condition that will 10 result in medical incapacity within the next 6 months; or

(3) has become medically incapacitated subsequent tosentencing due to illness or injury.

13 (c) Initial application.

(1) An initial application for medical release may be 14 15 filed with the Prisoner Review Board by the petitioner an 16 inmate, a prison official, a medical professional who has 17 treated or diagnosed the <u>pe</u>titioner inmate, or the 18 petitioner's an inmate's spouse, parent, guardian, 19 grandparent, aunt or uncle, sibling, child over the age of 20 eighteen years, or attorney. If the initial application is made by someone other than the petitioner inmate, the 21 22 petitioner inmate, or if the petitioner inmate is 23 medically unable to consent, the guardian or family member 24 designated to represent the petitioner's inmate's interests must consent to the application at the time of 25 26 the institutional hearing.

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(2) Application materials shall be maintained on the 1 2 Prisoner Review Board's website and the Department of Corrections' website and maintained in a clearly visible 3 place within the law library and the infirmary of every 4 5 penal institution and facility operated by the Department of Corrections. 6 7 (3) The initial application need not be notarized, can be sent via email or facsimile, and must contain the 8 9 following information: (i) the <u>petitioner's</u> inmate's name and Illinois 10 11 Department of Corrections number; 12 (ii) the petitioner's inmate's diagnosis; 13 (iii) a statement that the petitioner inmate meets 14 one of the following diagnostic criteria: 15 (A) the petitioner inmate is suffering from a 16 terminal illness; 17 (B) the petitioner inmate has been diagnosed with a condition that will result in medical 18 19 incapacity within the next 6 months; or 20 (C) the petitioner inmate has become medically 21 incapacitated subsequent to sentencing due to 22 illness or injury.

23 (3.5) The Prisoner Review Board shall place no
 24 additional restrictions, limitations, or requirements on
 25 applications from petitioners.

(4) Upon receiving the <u>petitioner's</u> inmate's initial

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application, the Board shall order the Department of Corrections to have a physician or nurse practitioner evaluate the <u>petitioner</u> inmate and create a written evaluation within ten days of the Board's order. The evaluation shall include but need not be limited to:

6 (i) a concise statement of the <u>petitioner</u> inmate's 7 medical diagnosis, including prognosis, likelihood of 8 recovery, and primary symptoms, to include 9 incapacitation; and

(ii) a statement confirming or denying that the
 <u>petitioner</u> inmate meets one of the criteria stated in
 subsection (b) of this Section.

13(5) Upon a determination that the petitioner is14eligible for a hearing, the Prisoner Review Board shall:

(i) provide public notice of the petitioner's 15 16 name, docket number, counsel, and hearing date; and 17 (ii) provide a copy of the evaluation and any medical records provided by the Department of 18 19 Corrections to the petitioner or the petitioner's 20 attorney upon scheduling the institutional hearing. 21 (d) Institutional hearing. No public institutional hearing 22 is required for consideration of a petition, but shall be 23 granted at the request of the petitioner. Hearings are public

24 <u>unless the petitioner requests a non-public hearing. The</u> 25 <u>petitioner has a right to attend the hearing and to speak on</u> 26 <u>the petitioner's own behalf.</u> The <u>petitioner</u> <u>inmate</u> may be HB5396 - 5 - LRB103 36926 RLC 67040 b

1 represented by counsel and may present witnesses to the Board 2 members. Hearings shall be governed by the Open Parole 3 Hearings Act. <u>Members of the public shall be permitted to</u> 4 freely attend public hearings without restriction.

5 (e) Voting procedure. Petitions shall be considered by 6 three-member panels, and decisions shall be made by simple 7 majority. <u>Voting shall take place during the public hearing.</u>

8 (f) Consideration. In considering a petition for release 9 under the statute, the Prisoner Review Board may consider the 10 following factors:

11 (i) the <u>petitioner's</u> inmate's diagnosis and 12 likelihood of recovery;

13 (ii) the approximate cost of health care to the
14 State should the <u>petitioner</u> inmate remain in custody;

(iii) the impact that the <u>petitioner's</u> inmate's
continued incarceration may have on the provision of
medical care within the Department;

18 (iv) the present likelihood of and ability to pose
19 a substantial danger to the physical safety of a
20 specifically identifiable person or persons;

21 (v) any statements by the victim regarding 22 release; and

(vi) whether the <u>petitioner's</u> inmate's condition
was explicitly disclosed to the original sentencing
judge and taken into account at the time of
sentencing.

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1 <u>(f-1) Upon denying an eligible petitioner's application</u> 2 <u>for medical release, the Prisoner Review Board shall publish a</u> 3 <u>decision letter outlining the reason for denial. The decision</u> 4 <u>letter must include an explanation of each statutory factor</u> 5 <u>and the estimated annual cost of the petitioner's continued</u> 6 incarceration, including the petitioner's medical care.

7 (q) Petitioners Inmates granted medical release shall be released on mandatory supervised release for a period of 5 8 9 years subject to Section 3-3-8, which shall operate to 10 discharge any remaining term of years imposed upon him or her. 11 However, in no event shall the eligible person serve a period 12 of mandatory supervised release greater than the aggregate of 13 discharged underlying sentence and the the mandatorv supervised release period as set forth in Section 5-4.5-20. 14

(h) Within 90 days of the receipt of the initial application, the Prisoner Review Board shall conduct a hearing if a hearing is requested and render a decision granting or denying the petitioner's request for release.

(i) Nothing in this statute shall preclude a petitioner from seeking alternative forms of release, including clemency, relief from the sentencing court, post-conviction relief, or any other legal remedy.

(j) This act applies retroactively, and shall beapplicable to all currently incarcerated people in Illinois.

(k) Data report. The Department of Corrections and thePrisoner Review Board shall release a report annually

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1 published on their websites that reports the following 2 information about the Medical Release Program:

3 (1) The number of applications for medical release 4 received by the Board in the preceding year, and 5 information about those applications, including:

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 (i) demographic data about the <u>petitioner</u> individual, including race or ethnicity, gender, age, and institution;

(ii) the highest class of offense for which the <u>petitioner</u> individual is incarcerated;

(iii) the relationship of the <u>petitioner</u> applicant
to the person completing the application;

13 (iv) whether the <u>petitioner</u> applicant had applied 14 for medical release before and been denied, and, if 15 so, when;

(v) whether the <u>petitioner</u> person applied as a
 person who is medically incapacitated or a person who
 is terminally ill; and

(vi) a basic description of the underlying medical
 condition that led to the application <u>; and</u>.

21(vii) the institution in which the petitioner was22confined at the time of the application.

(2) The number of medical statements from the
 Department of Corrections received by the Board.

(3) The number of institutional hearings on medical
 release applications conducted by the Board <u>including:</u>-

1	(i) whether the petitioner was represented by an
2	attorney; and
3	(ii) whether the application was considered in a
4	public or non-public hearing.
5	(4) The number of people approved for medical release,
6	and information about them, including:
7	(i) demographic data about the individual
8	including race or ethnicity, gender, age, and zip code
9	to which they were released;
10	(ii) whether the person applied as a person who is
11	medically incapacitated or a person who is terminally
12	ill;
13	(iii) a basic description of the underlying
14	medical condition that led to the application ; and
15	(iv) a basic description of the medical setting
16	the person was released to: $-$
17	(v) whether the petitioner was represented by an
18	attorney; and
19	(vi) whether the application was considered in a
20	public or non-public hearing.
21	(5) The number of people released on the medical
22	release program.
23	(6) The number of people approved for medical release
24	who experienced more than a one-month delay between
25	release decision and ultimate release, including:
26	(i) demographic data about the individuals

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including race or ethnicity, gender and age; 1 2 (ii) the reason for the delay; 3 (iii) whether the person remains incarcerated; and (iv) a basic description of the underlying medical 4 5 condition of the applying person. For those individuals released on mandatory 6 (7)7 supervised release due to a granted application for medical release: 8 9 (i) the number of individuals who were serving

10 terms of mandatory supervised release because of 11 medical release applications during the previous year;

12 (ii) the number of individuals who had their13 mandatory supervised release revoked; and

14 (iii) the number of individuals who died during15 the previous year.

16 (8) Information on seriously ill individuals
 17 incarcerated at the Department of Corrections, including:

(i) the number of people currently receiving full-time one-on-one medical care or assistance with activities of daily living within Department of Corrections facilities and whether that care is provided by a medical practitioner or an <u>incarcerated</u> <u>person inmate</u>, along with the institutions at which they are incarcerated; and

(ii) the number of people who spent more than onemonth in outside hospital care during the previous

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1 year and their home institutions.

All the information provided in this report shall be provided in aggregate, and nothing shall be construed to require the public dissemination of any personal medical information.

6 (Source: P.A. 102-494, eff. 1-1-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)