



Rep. Laura Faver Dias

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1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 5414

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 5414 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
15 the sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued

1 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
2 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
3 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
4 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
5 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
6 Code;

7 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
8 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
9 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
10 taxable year;

11 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
12 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
13 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
14 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
15 for which a deduction was previously taken under
16 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
17 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
18 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
19 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
20 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
21 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
22 which is attributable to such principal residence;

23 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
24 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
25 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
26 computation of adjusted gross income;

1 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
2 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
3 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
4 medical care savings account and the interest earned
5 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
6 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
7 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of
8 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
9 2000;

10 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
11 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
12 costs that the individual deducted in computing
13 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
14 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

15 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
16 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
17 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
18 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
19 the Internal Revenue Code;

20 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
21 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
22 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
23 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
24 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
25 deductions taken in all taxable years under
26 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

1 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
2 the last day of the last tax year for which a
3 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
4 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
5 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
6 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
7 equal to that subtraction modification.

8 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
9 modification under this subparagraph only once with
10 respect to any one piece of property;

11 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
12 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
13 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the same unitary business group but for the
17 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
18 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
19 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
20 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
21 who would be a member of the same unitary business
22 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
23 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
24 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
25 required to apportion business income under different
26 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification

1 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
2 extent that dividends were included in base income of
3 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
4 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
5 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
6 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
7 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included
8 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
9 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
10 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
11 incurred.

12 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
15 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
16 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
17 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
18 with respect to such interest; or

19 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
21 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
22 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
23 following:

24 (a) the person, during the same taxable
25 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
26 to a person that is not a related member, and

1 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
2 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
3 person did not have as a principal purpose the
4 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
5 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
6 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
7 terms; or

8 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
9 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
10 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
11 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
12 and terms and the principal purpose for the
13 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
14 or

15 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
19 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
20 to the application or use of an alternative method
21 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

22 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
23 Director from making any other adjustment
24 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
25 for any tax year beginning after the effective
26 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is

1 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
2 Department and such regulations provide methods
3 and standards by which the Department will utilize
4 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

5 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
6 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
7 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
10 foreign person who would be a member of the same
11 unitary business group but for the fact that the
12 foreign person's business activity outside the United
13 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
14 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
16 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
17 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
18 from being included in the unitary business group
19 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
20 business income under different subsections of Section
21 304. The addition modification required by this
22 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
23 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
24 group for the same taxable year and received by the
25 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
26 business group (including amounts included in gross

1 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
2 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
3 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
4 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
5 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
6 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
7 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same
8 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
9 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
10 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
11 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
12 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
13 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
14 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
15 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
17 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
18 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
19 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
20 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
21 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
22 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
23 similar types of intangible assets.

24 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

25 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
2 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
3 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
4 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
5 with respect to such item; or

6 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
9 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person during the same taxable
12 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
13 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
14 not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 intangible expense or cost between the
17 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
18 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
19 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
20 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
21 or

22 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
25 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;

1 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
2 writing to the application or use of an
3 alternative method of apportionment under Section
4 304(f);

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
6 Director from making any other adjustment
7 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
8 for any tax year beginning after the effective
9 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
10 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
11 Department and such regulations provide methods
12 and standards by which the Department will utilize
13 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

14 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
16 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
17 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
19 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
20 business group but for the fact that the person is
21 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
22 included in the unitary business group because he or
23 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
24 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
25 addition modification required by this subparagraph
26 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were

1 included in base income of the unitary group for the
2 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
4 (including amounts included in gross income under
5 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
6 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
7 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
8 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
9 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
10 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
11 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
12 the addition modification required under Section
13 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
14 Act;

15 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
16 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
17 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
18 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
19 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
20 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
21 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
22 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
23 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
24 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
25 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
26 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
2 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
3 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
4 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
5 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
6 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
7 adopts and determines that its offering materials
8 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
9 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
10 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
11 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
12 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
13 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
14 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
15 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
16 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
17 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

18 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
19 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
20 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
21 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
22 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
23 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
24 participants in its offering materials or makes a
25 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
26 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the

1 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
2 out-of-state program distributes its offering
3 materials;

4 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
5 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
6 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
7 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from
8 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
9 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
10 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c)(1)(B)
11 of the Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
14 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
16 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
17 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
18 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

19 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
21 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
22 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
23 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
24 State to an ABLE account established under an
25 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
26 the contribution component of the transferred amount

1 that was previously deducted from base income under
2 subsection (a)(2)(Y) or subsection (a)(2)(HH) of this
3 Section;

4 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
5 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
6 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
7 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of
8 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
9 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
10 education institution, an amount equal to the
11 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
12 or refund that was previously deducted from base
13 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,
14 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
15 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
16 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
17 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
18 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
19 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
20 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
22 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
23 or refund that was previously deducted from base
24 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and
25 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
26 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of

1 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
2 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
3 amount equal to the contribution component of the
4 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
5 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)
6 of this Section;

7 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
8 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
9 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
10 Act;

11 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
13 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 for the taxable year;

15 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal
16 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed
17 pursuant to Section 201(p)(7) of this Act;

18 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
19 following amounts:

20 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
21 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
22 any compensation (including but not limited to any
23 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
24 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
25 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
26 Forces of the United States and in respect of any

1 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
2 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
3 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
4 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
5 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
6 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
7 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending
8 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
9 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
11 in respect of any compensation (including but not
12 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
13 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
14 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
15 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
16 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
17 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
18 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
19 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
20 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the
21 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
23 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
24 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
25 of Section 250;

26 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in

1 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
2 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
3 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
4 total as distributions under the provisions of any
5 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
6 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
7 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
8 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
9 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
10 adopted pursuant thereto;

11 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

12 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
13 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
14 and included in such total for the taxable year;

15 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
16 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
17 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
18 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
19 computation of taxable income;

20 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
21 such total which were paid by a corporation which
22 conducts business operations in a River Edge
23 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
24 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
25 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
26 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is

1 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
3 such total that were paid by a corporation that
4 conducts business operations in a federally designated
5 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
6 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
7 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
8 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
9 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
10 this subparagraph (K);

11 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
12 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
13 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
14 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code;

16 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
17 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
18 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
19 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
21 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
23 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
24 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
26 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of

1 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
2 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
3 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
5 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
6 250;

7 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in
8 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
9 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
10 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
11 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
12 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
13 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
14 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
15 net of bond premium amortization;

16 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
17 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
18 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

19 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
20 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
21 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
22 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
23 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
24 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
25 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
26 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

1 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
2 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
3 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
4 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
5 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
6 illness;

7 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
8 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

9 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
10 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
11 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
12 medical care savings account established under the
13 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
14 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
15 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
16 as provided in that Act;

17 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
18 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
19 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
20 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
21 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
22 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
23 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

24 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
25 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
26 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of

1 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
2 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
3 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

4 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
5 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
6 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
7 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
8 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
9 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
10 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
11 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
12 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
13 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
14 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
15 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
16 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
17 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
18 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
19 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
20 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
21 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
22 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
23 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
24 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
25 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
26 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer

1 times a number that represents the fractional
2 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
3 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
4 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

5 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
6 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
7 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year
8 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
9 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
12 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
13 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
14 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
15 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
16 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
17 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
18 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
19 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
20 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
21 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
22 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
23 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
24 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
25 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
26 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a

1 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
2 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
3 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
4 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
5 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
6 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
7 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
8 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
9 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
10 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
11 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
12 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
13 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
14 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
15 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
16 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
17 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
20 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a
21 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
22 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
23 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
25 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
26 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum

1 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
2 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
3 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
4 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
7 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
8 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
9 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
10 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
11 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
12 from the provisions of Section 250;

13 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
14 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
15 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
16 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
17 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
18 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

19 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
20 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
21 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
22 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
23 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
24 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
25 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

26 (2) for taxable years ending on or before

1 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
2 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
3 0.429); and

4 (3) for taxable years ending after December
5 31, 2005:

6 (i) for property on which a bonus
7 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
8 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
9 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
10 by 0.429);

11 (ii) for property on which a bonus
12 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
13 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
14 1.0;

15 (iii) for property on which a bonus
16 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
17 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
18 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
19 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
20 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
21 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
23 depreciation on that property; and

24 (iv) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
26 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis

1 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
2 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
3 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
4 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
5 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
6 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
7 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

8 The aggregate amount deducted under this
9 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
10 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
11 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
12 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
13 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
14 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
20 an amount equal to that addition modification.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which a
23 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
24 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
25 required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
3 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
4 one piece of property.

5 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250;

7 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
8 other than salary, received by a driver in a
9 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

10 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
11 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
13 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
14 modification with respect to such transaction under
15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
17 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
18 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
19 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
21 that is required to make an addition modification with
22 respect to such transaction under Section
23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
25 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
2 into account for the taxable year (net of the
3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
4 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
6 for the fact that the foreign person's business
7 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
8 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
9 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
10 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
11 business group but for the fact that the person is
12 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
13 included in the unitary business group because he or
14 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
15 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
16 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
17 made for the same taxable year under Section
18 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
20 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions
21 of Section 250;

22 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
23 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
24 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
25 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
26 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but

1 for the fact that the foreign person's business
2 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
3 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
4 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
5 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
6 business group but for the fact that the person is
7 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
8 included in the unitary business group because he or
9 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
10 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
11 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
12 made for the same taxable year under Section
13 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
15 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
16 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
18 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
19 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
20 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State
21 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
24 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
25 add back any insurance premiums under Section
26 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract

1 that part of a reimbursement received from the
2 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
3 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
4 company) that would have been taken into account as a
5 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
6 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
7 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
8 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
9 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
10 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
11 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250;

13 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
14 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum
15 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
16 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
17 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
18 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
19 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
20 be considered moneys contributed under this
21 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
22 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
23 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
24 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;

25 (II) For taxable years that begin on or after
26 January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the

1 amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal
2 adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness
4 attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is
5 not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted
6 gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection
7 (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code; ~~and~~

8 (JJ) For taxable years beginning on or after
9 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
10 operating in this State and licensed under the
11 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
12 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
13 organization operating in this State and licensed
14 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
15 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
16 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
17 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
18 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
19 this subparagraph (JJ) are exempt from the provisions
20 of Section 250; ~~:-~~

21 (KK) ~~(JJ)~~ To the extent includible in gross income
22 for federal income tax purposes, any amount awarded or
23 paid to the taxpayer as a result of a judgment or
24 settlement for fertility fraud as provided in Section
25 15 of the Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, donor
26 fertility fraud as provided in Section 20 of the

1 Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, or similar action in
2 another state; ~~and-~~

3 (LL) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2025, all amounts received under the
5 student teaching stipend program under Section 9.44 of
6 the Board of Higher Education Act, to the extent
7 includible in gross income for federal income tax
8 purposes.

9 (b) Corporations.

10 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
11 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
12 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
14 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
15 of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
18 received from regulated investment companies during
19 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
20 income in the computation of taxable income;

21 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
22 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
23 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
24 year;

25 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,

1 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
2 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
3 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as
4 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
6 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
7 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
8 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
9 law and is not a new enactment);

10 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
11 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
12 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
13 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

14 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
15 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
16 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
17 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
18 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
19 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
20 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
21 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
22 year, with the following limitations applied in the
23 order that they are listed:

24 (i) the addition modification relating to the
25 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
26 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to

1 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
2 of addition modification under this subparagraph
3 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
4 which was taken into account in calculating the
5 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

6 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
7 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
8 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
9 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
10 such carryback or carryforward;

11 For taxable years in which there is a net
12 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
13 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
14 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
15 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
16 computed independently under the preceding provisions
17 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

18 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
19 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
20 costs that the corporation deducted in computing
21 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation
22 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

23 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
24 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
25 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
26 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code;

2 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
3 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
4 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
5 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
6 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
7 deductions taken in all taxable years under
8 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

9 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
10 the last day of the last tax year for which a
11 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
12 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
13 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
14 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
15 equal to that subtraction modification.

16 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
17 modification under this subparagraph only once with
18 respect to any one piece of property;

19 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
20 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
21 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the same unitary business group but for the
25 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
26 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign

1 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
3 who would be a member of the same unitary business
4 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
5 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
6 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
7 required to apportion business income under different
8 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
9 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
10 extent that dividends were included in base income of
11 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
12 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
13 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
14 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
15 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
16 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
18 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
19 accrued, or incurred.

20 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

21 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
23 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
24 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
25 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
26 with respect to such interest; or

1 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
3 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
4 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
5 following:

6 (a) the person, during the same taxable
7 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
8 to a person that is not a related member, and

9 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
10 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
11 person did not have as a principal purpose the
12 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
13 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
14 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
15 terms; or

16 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
17 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
18 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
19 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
20 and terms and the principal purpose for the
21 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
22 or

23 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
25 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or

1 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
2 to the application or use of an alternative method
3 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

4 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
5 Director from making any other adjustment
6 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
7 for any tax year beginning after the effective
8 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
9 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
10 Department and such regulations provide methods
11 and standards by which the Department will utilize
12 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

13 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
14 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
15 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
18 foreign person who would be a member of the same
19 unitary business group but for the fact that the
20 foreign person's business activity outside the United
21 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
22 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
24 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
25 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
26 from being included in the unitary business group

1 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
2 business income under different subsections of Section
3 304. The addition modification required by this
4 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
5 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
6 group for the same taxable year and received by the
7 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
8 business group (including amounts included in gross
9 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
11 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
12 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
13 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
14 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
15 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
16 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
17 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
18 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
19 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
20 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
21 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
22 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
23 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
25 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
26 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other

1 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
2 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
3 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
4 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
5 similar types of intangible assets.

6 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

7 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
10 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
11 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
12 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
13 with respect to such item; or

14 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
17 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
18 following:

19 (a) the person during the same taxable
20 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
21 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
22 not a related member, and

23 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
24 intangible expense or cost between the
25 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
26 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois

1 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
2 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
3 or

4 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
9 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
10 writing to the application or use of an
11 alternative method of apportionment under Section
12 304(f);

13 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
14 Director from making any other adjustment
15 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
16 for any tax year beginning after the effective
17 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
18 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
19 Department and such regulations provide methods
20 and standards by which the Department will utilize
21 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

22 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
24 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
25 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to

1 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
2 business group but for the fact that the person is
3 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
4 included in the unitary business group because he or
5 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
6 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
7 addition modification required by this subparagraph
8 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
9 included in base income of the unitary group for the
10 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
12 (including amounts included in gross income under
13 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
15 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
16 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
17 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
18 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
19 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
20 the addition modification required under Section
21 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
22 Act;

23 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
24 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
25 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
26 to a real estate investment trust under Section

1 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
2 dividends paid;

3 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
4 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
5 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
6 Act;

7 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
9 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
10 for the taxable year;

11 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
12 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
13 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
14 Code for the taxable year;

15 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
16 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
17 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
18 Code for the taxable year;

19 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
20 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
21 under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal
22 Revenue Code for the taxable year.

23 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
24 following amounts:

25 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
26 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer

1 and included in such total for the taxable year;

2 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
3 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

4 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
5 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
6 dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
7 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
8 for the taxable year;

9 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
10 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
11 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
12 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
13 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
14 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
15 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
16 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
17 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
18 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
19 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
20 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
21 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
22 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
23 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
24 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
26 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under

1 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
2 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
3 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
4 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
5 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
6 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
7 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
8 from the provisions of Section 250;

9 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
10 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
11 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
12 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
13 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
14 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
15 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
16 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
17 net of bond premium amortization;

18 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
19 such total which were paid by a corporation which
20 conducts business operations in a River Edge
21 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
22 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
23 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
24 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
25 the provisions of Section 250;

26 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total that were paid by a corporation that
2 conducts business operations in a federally designated
3 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
4 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
5 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
6 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
7 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
8 this subparagraph (L);

9 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
10 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
11 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
12 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
13 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
14 property which is eligible for the River Edge
15 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
16 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
17 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
18 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
19 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
20 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)
21 investment credit property which secures the loan or
22 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
23 such property on the date that it was placed in service
24 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
25 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
26 under this subsection shall be that portion of the

1 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
2 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
3 calculated under the previous sentence. This
4 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250;

6 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
7 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
8 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
9 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
10 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
11 property which is eligible for the High Impact
12 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
13 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
14 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
15 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
16 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
17 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
18 investment credit property which secures the loan or
19 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
20 such property on the date that it was placed in service
21 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
22 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
23 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
24 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
25 eligible for the deduction provided under this
26 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification

1 available to taxpayers in any year under this
2 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
3 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
4 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
5 under the previous sentence;

6 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
7 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
8 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
9 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
10 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
11 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by
12 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
13 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
14 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
15 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
18 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
19 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
20 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
21 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
22 the amount by which dividends included in taxable
23 income and received from a corporation that is not
24 created or organized under the laws of the United
25 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
26 including, for taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
2 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
3 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
4 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph
5 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
6 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
8 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
9 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
10 included in taxable income and received, including,
11 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,
12 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
13 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years
15 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
16 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
17 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
18 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
19 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
20 affiliated group which includes the dividend
21 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
22 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
23 this subsection (b) which is related to such
24 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June
25 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the
26 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as

1 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue
2 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to
3 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under
4 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This
5 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250 of this Act;

7 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
8 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
9 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

10 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
11 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
12 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
13 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
14 the Internal Revenue Code;

15 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
16 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
17 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
18 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
19 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
20 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
21 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
22 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
23 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
24 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
25 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
26 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of

1 Section 250;

2 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
3 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
4 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
5 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
6 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
7 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
8 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
9 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
10 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
13 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
14 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
15 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
16 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
17 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

18 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
19 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
20 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
21 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
22 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
23 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
24 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

25 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
26 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30

1 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
2 0.429); and

3 (3) for taxable years ending after December
4 31, 2005:

5 (i) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
7 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
8 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
9 by 0.429);

10 (ii) for property on which a bonus
11 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
12 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
13 1.0;

14 (iii) for property on which a bonus
15 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
16 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
17 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
18 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
19 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
20 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
21 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
22 depreciation on that property; and

23 (iv) for property on which a bonus
24 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
25 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
26 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after

1 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
2 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
3 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
4 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
5 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
6 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

7 The aggregate amount deducted under this
8 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
9 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
10 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
11 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
12 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
13 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250;

15 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
16 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
17 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
18 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
19 equal to that addition modification.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which a
22 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
23 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
24 required in any taxable year to make an addition
25 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
26 equal to that addition modification.

1 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
2 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
3 one piece of property.

4 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
7 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
8 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
9 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
10 modification with respect to such transaction under
11 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
12 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
13 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
14 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
15 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
16 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
17 that is required to make an addition modification with
18 respect to such transaction under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
20 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
21 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
22 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
23 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
24 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
25 an addition modification with respect to such
26 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section

1 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
2 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
3 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
4 from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
6 into account for the taxable year (net of the
7 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
8 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
10 for the fact that the foreign person's business
11 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
12 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
13 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
14 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
15 business group but for the fact that the person is
16 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
17 included in the unitary business group because he or
18 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
19 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
20 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
21 made for the same taxable year under Section
22 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
24 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250;

26 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible

1 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
2 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
3 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
5 for the fact that the foreign person's business
6 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
7 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
8 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
9 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
10 business group but for the fact that the person is
11 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
12 included in the unitary business group because he or
13 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
14 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
15 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
16 made for the same taxable year under Section
17 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
19 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
20 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
22 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
23 add back any insurance premiums under Section
24 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
25 that part of a reimbursement received from the
26 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense

1 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
2 company) that would have been taken into account as a
3 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
4 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
5 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
6 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
7 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
8 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
9 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
12 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
13 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
14 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
15 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
16 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
17 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250; and

19 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
21 operating in this State and licensed under the
22 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
23 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
24 organization operating in this State and licensed
25 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
26 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that

1 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
2 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
3 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
4 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
5 of Section 250.

6 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A),
7 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,
8 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
9 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
10 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
11 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
12 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
13 Section 803(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

14 (c) Trusts and estates.

15 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
16 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
17 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

18 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
19 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
20 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
21 following amounts:

22 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
23 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
24 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
25 in the computation of taxable income;

1 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
2 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
3 required to distribute all of its income currently,
4 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
5 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
6 the computation of taxable income;

7 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
8 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
9 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
10 year;

11 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
12 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
13 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
14 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

15 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
16 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
17 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
18 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
19 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
20 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
21 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
22 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
23 the following limitations applied in the order that
24 they are listed:

25 (i) the addition modification relating to the
26 net operating loss carried back or forward to the

1 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
2 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
3 of addition modification under this subparagraph
4 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
5 which was taken into account in calculating the
6 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

7 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
8 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
9 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
10 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
11 such carryback or carryforward;

12 For taxable years in which there is a net
13 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
14 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
15 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
16 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
17 computed independently under the preceding provisions
18 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

19 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
20 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
21 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
22 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
23 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601
24 of this Act;

25 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
26 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue

1 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
2 computation of taxable income;

3 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
4 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
5 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
6 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
7 estate claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section
8 201;

9 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
10 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
11 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
12 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
13 the Internal Revenue Code; and

14 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
15 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
16 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
17 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
18 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
19 deductions taken in all taxable years under
20 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which a
23 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
24 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
25 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
26 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount

1 equal to that subtraction modification.

2 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
3 modification under this subparagraph only once with
4 respect to any one piece of property;

5 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
6 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
7 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the same unitary business group but for the
11 fact that the foreign person's business activity
12 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
13 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
15 who would be a member of the same unitary business
16 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
17 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
18 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
19 required to apportion business income under different
20 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
21 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
22 extent that dividends were included in base income of
23 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
24 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
25 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
26 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951

1 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
2 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
4 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
5 accrued, or incurred.

6 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

7 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
9 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
10 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
11 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
12 with respect to such interest; or

13 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
15 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
16 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
17 following:

18 (a) the person, during the same taxable
19 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
20 to a person that is not a related member, and

21 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
22 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
23 person did not have as a principal purpose the
24 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
25 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
26 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and

1 terms; or

2 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
3 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
4 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
5 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
6 and terms and the principal purpose for the
7 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
8 or

9 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
11 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
12 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
13 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
14 to the application or use of an alternative method
15 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

16 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
17 Director from making any other adjustment
18 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
19 for any tax year beginning after the effective
20 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
21 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
22 Department and such regulations provide methods
23 and standards by which the Department will utilize
24 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

25 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
26 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in

1 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
4 foreign person who would be a member of the same
5 unitary business group but for the fact that the
6 foreign person's business activity outside the United
7 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
8 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
10 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
11 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
12 from being included in the unitary business group
13 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
14 business income under different subsections of Section
15 304. The addition modification required by this
16 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
17 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
18 group for the same taxable year and received by the
19 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
20 business group (including amounts included in gross
21 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
23 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
24 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
25 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
26 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding

1 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
2 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
3 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
4 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
5 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
6 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
7 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
8 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
9 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
11 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
12 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
13 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
14 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
15 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
16 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
17 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

18 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
22 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
23 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
24 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
25 with respect to such item; or

26 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
3 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
4 following:

5 (a) the person during the same taxable
6 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
7 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
8 not a related member, and

9 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
10 intangible expense or cost between the
11 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
12 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
13 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
14 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
15 or

16 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
19 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
20 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
21 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
22 writing to the application or use of an
23 alternative method of apportionment under Section
24 304(f);

25 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
26 Director from making any other adjustment

1 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
2 for any tax year beginning after the effective
3 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
4 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
5 Department and such regulations provide methods
6 and standards by which the Department will utilize
7 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

8 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
10 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
11 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
13 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
14 business group but for the fact that the person is
15 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
16 included in the unitary business group because he or
17 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
18 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
19 addition modification required by this subparagraph
20 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
21 included in base income of the unitary group for the
22 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
24 (including amounts included in gross income under
25 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
26 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78

1 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
2 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
3 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
4 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
5 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
6 the addition modification required under Section
7 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this
8 Act;

9 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
10 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
11 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
12 Act;

13 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
15 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
16 for the taxable year;

17 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
18 following amounts:

19 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
20 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
21 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
22 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total
23 as distributions under the provisions of any
24 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
25 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
26 retired partners, which payments are excluded in

1 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
2 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
3 adopted pursuant thereto;

4 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

5 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
6 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
7 and included in such total for the taxable year;

8 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
9 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
10 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
11 taxation by this State either by reason of its
12 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
13 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
14 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
15 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
16 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
17 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
18 premium amortization;

19 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
20 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
21 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
22 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
23 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
24 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
26 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections

1 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
2 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
3 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
4 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
5 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
6 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
7 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
8 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
9 250;

10 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
11 such total which were paid by a corporation which
12 conducts business operations in a River Edge
13 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
14 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
15 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
16 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
17 the provisions of Section 250;

18 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
19 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
20 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

21 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
22 such total that were paid by a corporation that
23 conducts business operations in a federally designated
24 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
25 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
26 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in

1 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
2 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
3 this subparagraph (O);

4 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
5 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
6 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
7 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
8 the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
10 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
11 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
12 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
13 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
14 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
15 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
16 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
17 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
18 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
19 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
20 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
21 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
22 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
23 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
24 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
25 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
26 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European

1 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
2 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
3 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
4 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
5 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
6 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
7 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
8 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
9 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
10 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
11 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
12 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
13 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
14 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
15 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
17 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
18 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
19 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
20 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
21 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

22 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
23 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
24 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
25 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
26 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section

1 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
2 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

3 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
4 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
5 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
6 0.429); and

7 (3) for taxable years ending after December
8 31, 2005:

9 (i) for property on which a bonus
10 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
11 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
12 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
13 by 0.429);

14 (ii) for property on which a bonus
15 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
16 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
17 1.0;

18 (iii) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
21 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
22 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
23 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
24 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
26 depreciation on that property; and

1 (iv) for property on which a bonus
2 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
3 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
4 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
5 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
6 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
7 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
8 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
9 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
10 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

11 The aggregate amount deducted under this
12 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
13 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
14 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
15 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
16 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
17 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
18 Section 250;

19 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
20 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
21 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
22 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
23 equal to that addition modification.

24 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
25 the last day of the last tax year for which a
26 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property

1 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
2 required in any taxable year to make an addition
3 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
4 equal to that addition modification.

5 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
6 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
7 one piece of property.

8 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
9 provisions of Section 250;

10 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
11 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
13 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
14 modification with respect to such transaction under
15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
17 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
18 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
19 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
21 that is required to make an addition modification with
22 respect to such transaction under Section
23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
25 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
26 from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
2 into account for the taxable year (net of the
3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
4 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
6 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
7 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
10 who would be a member of the same unitary business
11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
14 required to apportion business income under different
15 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
16 addition modification required to be made for the same
17 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
20 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
22 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
23 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
24 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
26 for the fact that the foreign person's business

1 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
2 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
3 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
4 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
5 business group but for the fact that the person is
6 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
7 included in the unitary business group because he or
8 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
9 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
10 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
11 made for the same taxable year under Section
12 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
14 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
15 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
17 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
18 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
19 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
20 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
21 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
22 from Section 250;

23 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
24 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
25 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
26 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is

1 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
3 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
4 add back any insurance premiums under Section
5 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
6 that part of a reimbursement received from the
7 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
8 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
9 company) that would have been taken into account as a
10 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
11 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
12 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
13 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
14 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
15 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
16 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250;

18 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
19 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
20 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
21 deduction by Section 461(l)(1)(B) of the Internal
22 Revenue Code; and

23 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
25 operating in this State and licensed under the
26 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis

1 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
2 organization operating in this State and licensed
3 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
4 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
5 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
6 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
7 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
8 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
9 of Section 250.

10 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
11 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
12 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
13 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
14 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
15 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
16 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

17 (d) Partnerships.

18 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
19 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
20 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

21 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
22 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
23 of the following amounts:

24 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
25 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the

1 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
2 in the computation of taxable income;

3 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
4 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
5 the taxable year;

6 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
7 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
9 income;

10 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
11 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
12 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
13 computation of taxable income;

14 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
15 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
16 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
17 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
18 the Internal Revenue Code;

19 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
20 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
21 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
22 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
23 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
24 deductions taken in all taxable years under
25 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

26 If the taxpayer continues to own property through

1 the last day of the last tax year for which a
2 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
3 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
4 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
5 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
6 equal to that subtraction modification.

7 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
8 modification under this subparagraph only once with
9 respect to any one piece of property;

10 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
11 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
12 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the same unitary business group but for the
16 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
17 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
18 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
19 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
20 who would be a member of the same unitary business
21 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
22 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
23 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
24 required to apportion business income under different
25 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
26 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the

1 extent that dividends were included in base income of
2 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
3 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
4 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
5 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
6 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
7 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
9 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
10 accrued, or incurred.

11 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

12 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
14 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
15 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
16 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
17 with respect to such interest; or

18 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
20 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
21 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
22 following:

23 (a) the person, during the same taxable
24 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
25 to a person that is not a related member, and

26 (b) the transaction giving rise to the

1 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
2 person did not have as a principal purpose the
3 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
4 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
5 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
6 terms; or

7 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
8 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
9 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
10 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
11 and terms and the principal purpose for the
12 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
13 or

14 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
16 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
17 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
18 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
19 to the application or use of an alternative method
20 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

21 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
22 Director from making any other adjustment
23 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
24 for any tax year beginning after the effective
25 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
26 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the

1 Department and such regulations provide methods
2 and standards by which the Department will utilize
3 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

4 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
5 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
6 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
9 foreign person who would be a member of the same
10 unitary business group but for the fact that the
11 foreign person's business activity outside the United
12 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
13 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
15 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
16 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
17 from being included in the unitary business group
18 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
19 business income under different subsections of Section
20 304. The addition modification required by this
21 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
22 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
23 group for the same taxable year and received by the
24 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
25 business group (including amounts included in gross
26 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
2 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
3 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
4 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
5 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
6 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
7 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
8 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
9 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
10 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
11 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
12 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
13 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
14 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
16 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
17 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
18 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
19 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
20 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
21 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
22 similar types of intangible assets;

23 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

24 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who

1 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
2 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
3 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
4 with respect to such item; or

5 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
8 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
9 following:

10 (a) the person during the same taxable
11 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
12 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
13 not a related member, and

14 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
15 intangible expense or cost between the
16 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
17 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
18 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
19 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
20 or

21 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
24 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
25 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
26 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in

1 writing to the application or use of an
2 alternative method of apportionment under Section
3 304(f);

4 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
5 Director from making any other adjustment
6 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
7 for any tax year beginning after the effective
8 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
9 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
10 Department and such regulations provide methods
11 and standards by which the Department will utilize
12 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

13 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
15 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
16 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
18 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
19 business group but for the fact that the person is
20 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
21 included in the unitary business group because he or
22 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
23 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
24 addition modification required by this subparagraph
25 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
26 included in base income of the unitary group for the

1 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
3 (including amounts included in gross income under
4 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
5 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
6 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
7 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
8 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
9 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
10 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
11 the addition modification required under Section
12 203(d)(2)(D-7) or Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

13 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
14 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
15 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
16 Act;

17 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
19 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
20 for the taxable year;

21 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
22 amounts:

23 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

24 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
25 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
26 and included in such total for the taxable year;

1 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
2 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
3 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
4 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
5 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
6 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
7 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
8 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
9 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
10 net of bond premium amortization;

11 (H) Any income of the partnership which
12 constitutes personal service income as defined in
13 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
14 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
15 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
16 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
17 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
18 Section 250;

19 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
20 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
21 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
22 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
23 including amounts distributable to organizations
24 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
25 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
26 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
2 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
3 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
4 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
6 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
7 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
8 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
9 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
10 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
11 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
12 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
13 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
14 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
15 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
16 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
17 250;

18 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
19 such total which were paid by a corporation which
20 conducts business operations in a River Edge
21 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
22 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
23 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
24 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
25 the provisions of Section 250;

26 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a

1 job training project established pursuant to the Real
2 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

3 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
4 such total that were paid by a corporation that
5 conducts business operations in a federally designated
6 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
7 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
8 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
9 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
10 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
11 this subparagraph (M);

12 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
13 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
14 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
15 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code;

17 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
18 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
19 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
20 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
22 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

23 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
24 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
25 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
26 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was

1 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
2 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
3 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

4 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
5 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
6 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
7 0.429); and

8 (3) for taxable years ending after December
9 31, 2005:

10 (i) for property on which a bonus
11 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
12 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
13 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
14 by 0.429);

15 (ii) for property on which a bonus
16 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
17 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
18 1.0;

19 (iii) for property on which a bonus
20 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
21 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
22 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
23 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
24 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
25 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
26 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus

1 depreciation on that property; and

2 (iv) for property on which a bonus
3 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
4 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
5 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
6 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
7 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
8 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
9 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
10 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
11 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

12 The aggregate amount deducted under this
13 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
14 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
15 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
16 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
17 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
18 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
19 Section 250;

20 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
21 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
22 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
23 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
24 equal to that addition modification.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
26 the last day of the last tax year for which a

1 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
2 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
3 required in any taxable year to make an addition
4 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
5 equal to that addition modification.

6 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
7 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
8 one piece of property.

9 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
12 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
13 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
14 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
15 modification with respect to such transaction under
16 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
17 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
18 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
19 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
20 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
21 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
22 that is required to make an addition modification with
23 respect to such transaction under Section
24 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
25 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
26 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt

1 from Section 250;

2 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
3 into account for the taxable year (net of the
4 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
5 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
6 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
7 for the fact that the foreign person's business
8 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
9 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
10 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
11 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
12 business group but for the fact that the person is
13 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
14 included in the unitary business group because he or
15 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
16 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
17 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
18 made for the same taxable year under Section
19 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
21 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

22 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
23 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
24 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
25 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
26 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but

1 for the fact that the foreign person's business
2 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
3 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
4 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
5 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
6 business group but for the fact that the person is
7 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
8 included in the unitary business group because he or
9 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
10 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
11 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
12 made for the same taxable year under Section
13 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
14 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
15 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
16 Section 250;

17 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
18 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
19 add back any insurance premiums under Section
20 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
21 that part of a reimbursement received from the
22 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
23 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
24 company) that would have been taken into account as a
25 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
26 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer

1 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
2 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
3 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
4 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
5 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250; and

7 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after
8 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
9 operating in this State and licensed under the
10 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
11 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
12 organization operating in this State and licensed
13 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
14 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
15 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
16 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
17 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
18 this subparagraph (U) are exempt from the provisions
19 of Section 250.

20 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

21 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
22 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
23 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
24 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
25 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or

1 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
2 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
3 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
4 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
6 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
7 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
8 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
9 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
10 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
11 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
12 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
13 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
15 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
16 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
17 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
18 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
19 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
20 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
21 addition modification must be made under those
22 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
23 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
24 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
25 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
26 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code.

2 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
3 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
4 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

5 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
6 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
7 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
8 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
9 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
10 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
13 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
14 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
15 insurance company taxable income;

16 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
17 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
18 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
19 investment company taxable income;

20 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
21 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
22 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
23 real estate investment trust taxable income;

24 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
25 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
26 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax

1 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
2 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
3 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
4 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
5 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
6 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
7 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
8 determined as if the election provided by Section
9 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in
10 effect for all such years;

11 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
12 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
13 organization determined in accordance with the
14 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
16 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
17 activities against income from nonpatronage
18 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
19 association may make an election to follow its federal
20 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
21 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
22 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
23 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
24 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
25 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
26 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which

1 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
2 effective for all taxable years with original returns
3 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
4 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
5 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
6 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
7 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
8 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
9 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The
10 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
11 requirements for documenting the elections and any
12 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
13 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
14 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
15 existing law;

16 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
17 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
18 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
19 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
20 of such corporation determined in accordance with
21 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
22 that taxable income shall take into account those
23 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
25 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
26 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions

1 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
2 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
3 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
4 such corporation determined in accordance with the
5 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
6 1982; and

7 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
8 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
9 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
10 income shall take into account those items which are
11 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
12 but which would be taken into account by an individual
13 in calculating his taxable income.

14 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
15 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
16 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
17 business has been classified as business income and in a
18 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
19 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
20 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
21 related to that asset or business that generated the
22 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
23 business income in the year of the disposition of the
24 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
25 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
26 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act

1 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
2 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
3 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
4 preceding taxable years.

5 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

6 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
7 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
8 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

9 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
10 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
11 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
13 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
14 plus

15 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
16 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
17 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
18 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
19 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
20 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
21 of such gain included in the amount determined under
22 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

23 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

24 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
25 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on

1 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
2 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
3 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
4 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
5 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
6 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
7 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
8 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
9 such property.

10 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
11 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
12 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
13 amount for such property is that amount which bears
14 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
15 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
16 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
17 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
18 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
19 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
20 period for the property.

21 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
22 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
23 purposes of this paragraph.

24 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
25 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item

1 to be deducted more than once.

2 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
3 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
4 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
5 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
6 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
7 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
8 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
9 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
10 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

11 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
12 102-658, eff. 8-27-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1112, eff.
13 12-21-22; 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; 103-478, eff. 1-1-24; revised
14 9-26-23.)

15 Section 10. The School Code is amended by adding Section
16 21B-120 as follows:

17 (105 ILCS 5/21B-120 new)

18 Sec. 21B-120. Cooperating teachers. The State Board of
19 Education shall make training available for cooperating
20 teachers that aligns with training for teacher mentors and
21 covers the basic responsibilities of a cooperating teacher,
22 evidence-based practices in supporting student teachers in
23 public school and early childhood education-based settings,

1 and the effective assessment of student teachers that aligns
2 with relevant State educator performance evaluation
3 requirements.

4 Section 15. The Board of Higher Education Act is amended
5 by adding Section 9.44 as follows:

6 (110 ILCS 205/9.44 new)

7 Sec. 9.44. Student teaching stipend program.

8 (a) As used in this Section:

9 "Educator preparation program" means an approved educator
10 preparation program offered by a recognized school or
11 institution under Article 21B of the School Code.

12 "Eligible cooperating teacher" means a teacher who is
13 licensed under Article 21B of the School Code or has attained a
14 Gateways Credential in Level 5 or higher, who is qualified to
15 teach in the subject area assigned, and who is matched with an
16 eligible student.

17 "Eligible student" means a student who is enrolled in an
18 educator preparation program, who is maintaining satisfactory
19 academic progress, who is in a student teaching placement, and
20 who is not contracted as the teacher of record or lead teacher
21 for the student teaching placement.

22 "Student teaching" means a supervised clinical experience
23 that prepares a candidate to take full responsibility in an
24 instructional setting.

1 (b) Subject to appropriation, the Board shall create a
2 student teaching stipend program to reduce financial barriers
3 into the teaching profession and increase the quality of the
4 student teaching experience in order to better prepare
5 teaching candidates for the classroom and increase teacher
6 retention.

7 (c) To participate in the stipend program, an eligible
8 student must be placed as a student teacher. An educator
9 preparation program shall notify the Board of all eligible
10 students and eligible cooperating teachers who qualify for the
11 stipend program and which eligible students qualify for
12 prioritization under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (f).

13 (d) Notwithstanding subsection (n), in a given fiscal
14 year, 80% of the total amount appropriated for the stipend
15 program shall be allocated for stipends to eligible students,
16 15% of the total amount appropriated for the stipend program
17 shall be allocated for stipends to eligible cooperating
18 teachers, and 5% of the total amount appropriated for the
19 stipend program shall be allocated for the direct operating
20 costs incurred by educator preparation programs.

21 (e) Under the stipend program and subject to available
22 appropriations, the Board shall disburse to each educator
23 preparation program funds to distribute to each eligible
24 student a stipend of up to \$10,000, plus additional funds to
25 pay the direct costs of operating the stipend program. The
26 educator preparation program shall distribute stipend funds

1 using the standard methods for allocating State-based
2 financial aid or as wages for employment to each eligible
3 student in monthly installments.

4 (f) If the amount appropriated in a fiscal year is
5 insufficient to fully fund stipends for the total number of
6 eligible students for that fiscal year, the Board shall
7 prioritize granting stipend funds to the following eligible
8 students in the following order:

9 (1) Eligible students who, in the absence of stipend
10 assistance, will be deterred by financial considerations
11 from completing the student teaching requirements of an
12 educator preparation program, as determined by the Board,
13 and eligible students who are currently working in a
14 public school or early childhood education-based setting
15 in this State or have worked in a public school or early
16 childhood education-based setting in this State in the
17 last 2 years.

18 (2) Eligible students pursuing credentials in
19 high-need certification areas, as determined by the State
20 Board of Education in collaboration with the relevant
21 early childhood agency, and eligible students who are
22 placed in a hard-to-staff school during student teaching,
23 as determined by the State Board of Education in
24 collaboration with the relevant early childhood agency.

25 If the appropriated funds are insufficient to fully fund
26 stipends for all eligible students under paragraph (1) of this

1 subsection (f), then the Board shall prioritize granting
2 stipend funds to those eligible students under paragraph (1)
3 of this subsection (f) with the greatest financial need or as
4 otherwise specified by the Board. If the appropriated funds
5 are sufficient to fully fund stipends for all eligible
6 students under paragraph (1) of this subsection (f) but are
7 insufficient to fully fund stipends for all eligible students
8 under paragraph (2) of this subsection (f), then the Board
9 shall prioritize granting stipend funds to those eligible
10 students under paragraph (2) of this subsection (f) with the
11 greatest financial need or as otherwise specified by the
12 Board.

13 (g) Under the stipend program, an eligible cooperating
14 teacher shall be matched with an eligible student.

15 (h) Under the stipend program and subject to available
16 appropriations, the Board shall disburse to each educator
17 preparation program funds to distribute to each eligible
18 cooperating teacher a stipend of up to \$2,000 per academic
19 semester, plus additional funds to pay the direct costs of
20 operating the stipend program. The educator preparation
21 program shall distribute stipend funds to each eligible
22 cooperating teacher in one payment.

23 (i) To participate in the stipend program, the Board shall
24 require an eligible cooperating teacher to complete
25 State-approved, evidence-based training that aligns with
26 training for teacher mentors and covers the basic

1 responsibilities of a cooperating teacher, practices in
2 supporting student teachers in public school and early
3 childhood education-based settings, and the effective
4 assessment of student teachers that aligns with relevant State
5 educator performance evaluation requirements.

6 (j) An eligible cooperating teacher shall receive
7 professional development hours for completing cooperating
8 teacher training that counts toward the eligible cooperating
9 teacher's license renewal or Gateways Credential.

10 (k) Nothing in this Section is intended to preclude
11 educator preparation programs from providing eligible
12 cooperating teachers with additional incentives.

13 (l) An educator preparation program may not prohibit an
14 eligible student or an eligible cooperating teacher from
15 participating in the stipend program or receiving a stipend
16 from the stipend program.

17 (m) No institution of higher education may establish or
18 maintain a policy that requires student teaching for
19 preservice teachers to be unpaid.

20 (n) If more than \$2,000,000 is appropriated for the
21 stipend program each fiscal year for 3 consecutive fiscal
22 years, then the Board shall complete an evaluation of the
23 stipend program. The Board may allocate up to \$200,000 for the
24 evaluation from funds that would otherwise be disbursed to
25 educator preparation programs for the direct costs of
26 operating the stipend program. The evaluation shall include an

1 analysis of the impact of the stipend program on enrollment in
2 and completion of educator preparation programs, the racial
3 and ethnic diversity of educator preparation programs, the
4 hiring rates of students who complete educator preparation
5 programs and work in public schools or early childhood
6 education programs in this State, and the classroom
7 effectiveness and retention of early career teachers. The
8 Board shall prepare this report in collaboration with the
9 State Board of Education. The Board shall deliver this report
10 to the General Assembly and Governor on or before June 30
11 following the third consecutive fiscal year appropriation.

12 (o) Funds not distributed by an educator preparation
13 program under this Section for a given fiscal year shall be
14 returned to the Board to be used for the subsequent fiscal
15 year's stipend program.

16 (p) The Board shall provide guidance to educator
17 preparation programs on the effective administration of the
18 stipend program.

19 (q) The Board shall adopt rules regarding the
20 administration of the stipend program."