103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

SB0198

Introduced 1/31/2023, by Sen. Craig Wilcox - Tom Bennett

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

60 ILCS 1/110-11 new 505 ILCS 147/15

Amends the Township Code. Provides that a township may regulate commercial wind energy facilities, commercial solar energy facilities, or both. Provides that a township may use any of its zoning powers in the regulation of commercial wind energy facilities and commercial solar energy facilities and may prohibit commercial wind energy facilities, commercial solar energy facilities, or both. Provides that a township's regulations over commercial wind energy facilities and commercial solar energy facilities shall prevail over county regulations but not over municipal regulations. Defines terms. Amends the Renewable Energy Facilities Agricultural Impact Mitigation Act making conforming changes. Effective immediate.

LRB103 25527 AWJ 51876 b

SB0198

AN ACT concerning local government.

1

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Township Code is amended by adding Section
110-11 as follows:

(60 ILCS 1/110-11 new) 6 7 Sec. 110-11. Commercial solar and wind energy facilities. (a) As used in this Section: 8 9 "Commercial solar energy facility" means a "commercial solar energy system" as defined in Section 10-720 of the 10 Property Tax Code. "Commercial solar energy facility" does not 11 12 mean a utility-scale solar energy facility being constructed at a site that was eligible to participate in a procurement 13 14 event conducted by the Illinois Power Agency pursuant to subsection (c-5) of Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency 15 16 Act. "Commercial wind energy facility" means a wind energy 17 conversion facility of equal or greater than 500 kilowatts in 18 19 total nameplate generating capacity.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including
 Section 5-12020 of the Counties Code, a township may regulate
 commercial wind energy facilities, commercial solar energy
 facilities, or both. A township's power to regulate commercial

- 2 - LRB103 25527 AWJ 51876 b

1 wind energy facilities and commercial solar energy facilities 2 includes all powers granted under Section 110-10 and the power 3 to prohibit commercial wind energy facilities, commercial 4 solar energy facilities, or both.

5 (c) To the extent that a township's regulation of commercial wind energy facilities or commercial solar energy 6 facilities conflicts with a county's regulation of commercial 7 wind energy facilities or commercial solar energy facilities, 8 9 the township's regulations prevail. To the extent that a township's regulation of commercial wind energy facilities or 10 11 commercial solar energy facilities conflict with a 12 municipality's regulation of commercial wind energy facilities 13 or commercial solar energy facilities, the municipality's 14 regulations prevail, including in the 1.5-mile radius surrounding the municipality's zoning jurisdiction as provided 15 16 in Section 11-13-26 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

Section 10. The Renewable Energy Facilities Agricultural Impact Mitigation Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

20 (505 ILCS 147/15)

21 Sec. 15. Agricultural impact mitigation agreement.

(a) A commercial renewable energy facility owner of a
 commercial wind energy facility or a commercial solar energy
 facility that is located on landowner property shall enter

into an agricultural impact mitigation agreement with the 1 2 Department outlining construction and deconstruction standards 3 and policies designed to preserve the integrity of any agricultural land that is impacted by commercial renewable 4 5 enerqv facility construction and deconstruction. The construction and deconstruction of any commercial solar energy 6 facility shall be in conformance with the Department's 7 8 standard agricultural impact mitigation agreement referenced 9 in subsection (f) of this Section. Except as provided in 10 subsection (a-5) of this Section, the terms and conditions of 11 the Department's standard agricultural impact mitigation 12 agreement are subject to and may be modified by an underlying 13 agreement between the landowner and the commercial solar 14 energy facility owner.

15 (a-5) Prior to the commencement of construction, a 16 commercial solar energy facility owner shall submit to the 17 county or township in which the commercial solar facility is to be located a deconstruction plan. A commercial solar energy 18 19 facility owner shall provide the county or township with an 20 appropriate financial assurance mechanism consistent with the Department's standard agricultural impact mitigation agreement 21 22 for and to assure deconstruction in the event of an 23 abandonment of a commercial solar energy facility.

(b) The agricultural impact mitigation agreement for a
 commercial wind energy facility shall include, but is not
 limited to, such items as restoration of agricultural land

- 4 - LRB103 25527 AWJ 51876 b

1 affected by construction, deconstruction (including upon 2 abandonment of а commercial wind energy facility), 3 construction staging, and storage areas; support structures; aboveground facilities; guy wires and anchors; underground 4 5 cabling depth; topsoil replacement; protection and repair of drainage tiles; rock removal; 6 agricultural repair of 7 compaction and rutting; land leveling; prevention of soil 8 erosion; repair of damaged soil conservation practices; 9 compensation for damages to private property; clearing of 10 trees and brush; interference with irrigation systems; access 11 roads; weed control; pumping of water from open excavations; 12 advance notice of access to private property; indemnification 13 and deconstruction plans and of landowners; financial assurance for deconstruction (including upon abandonment of a 14 15 commercial wind energy facility).

16 (b-5) The agricultural impact mitigation agreement for a 17 commercial solar energy facility shall include, but is not limited to, such items as restoration of agricultural land 18 affected by construction, deconstruction (including upon 19 20 abandonment of a commercial solar energy facility); support structures; aboveground facilities; guy wires and anchors; 21 22 underground cabling depth; topsoil removal and replacement; 23 rerouting and permanent repair of agricultural drainage tiles; rock removal; repair of compaction and rutting; construction 24 25 during wet weather; land leveling; prevention of soil erosion; 26 repair of damaged soil conservation practices; compensation

for damages to private property; clearing of trees and brush; 1 2 access roads; weed control; advance notice of access to 3 property; indemnification of landowners; private and deconstruction plans and financial for 4 assurance 5 deconstruction (including upon abandonment of a commercial solar energy facility). The commercial solar energy facility 6 owner shall enter into one agricultural impact mitigation 7 8 agreement for each commercial solar energy facility.

9 (c) For commercial wind energy facility owners seeking a 10 permit from a county, township, or municipality for the 11 construction of a commercial wind energy facility, the 12 agricultural impact mitigation agreement shall be entered into 13 prior to the public hearing required prior to a siting decision of a county, township, or municipality regarding the 14 15 commercial wind energy facility. The agricultural impact mitigation agreement is binding on any subsequent commercial 16 17 wind energy facility owner that takes ownership of the commercial wind energy facility that is the subject of the 18 19 agreement.

20 (c-5) A commercial solar energy facility owner shall, not 21 less than 45 days prior to commencement of actual 22 construction, submit to the Department a standard agricultural 23 impact mitigation agreement as referenced in subsection (f) of this Section signed by the commercial solar energy facility 24 25 and including all information required by owner the 26 Department. The commercial solar energy facility owner shall

provide either a copy of that submitted agreement or a copy of 1 2 the fully executed project-specific agricultural impact mitigation agreement to the landowner not less than 30 days 3 prior to the commencement of construction. The agricultural 4 5 impact mitigation agreement is binding on any subsequent commercial solar energy facility owner that takes ownership of 6 the commercial solar energy facility that is the subject of 7 8 the agreement.

9 (d) If a commercial renewable energy facility owner seeks 10 an extension of a permit granted by a county or municipality 11 for the construction of a commercial wind energy facility 12 prior to the effective date of this Act, the agricultural 13 impact mitigation agreement shall be entered into prior to a 14 decision by the county or municipality to grant the permit 15 extension.

16 (e) The Department may adopt rules that are necessary and 17 appropriate for the implementation and administration of 18 agricultural impact mitigation agreements as required under 19 this Act.

(f) The Department shall make available on its website a standard agricultural impact mitigation agreement applicable to all commercial solar energy facilities within 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly.

(g) Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 100th General
 Assembly and nothing in an agricultural impact mitigation

agreement shall be construed to apply to or otherwise impair an underlying agreement for a commercial solar energy facility entered into prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly.

5 (Source: P.A. 99-132, eff. 7-24-15; 100-598, eff. 6-29-18.)

6 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 7 becoming law.