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1 AN ACT concerning employment.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Right to Privacy in the Workplace Act is 5 amended by changing Sections 12 and 15 and adding Section 13 as 6 follows:

7 (820 ILCS 55/12)

8 Sec. 12. Use of Employment Eligibility Verification
9 Systems.

(a) Prior to enrolling choosing to voluntarily enroll in 10 any Electronic Employment Verification System, including the 11 E-Verify program and the Basic Pilot program, as authorized by 12 U.S.C. 1324a, Notes, Pilot Programs for Employment 13 8 14 Eligibility Confirmation (enacted by P.L. 104-208, div. C, title IV, subtitle A), employers are urged to consult the 15 16 Illinois Department of Labor's website for current information on the accuracy of E-Verify and to review and understand an 17 employer's legal responsibilities relating to the use of the 18 19 voluntary E-Verify program. Nothing in this Act shall be 20 construed to require an employer to enroll in any Electronic 21 Employment Verification System, including the E-Verify program 22 and the Basic Pilot program, as authorized by 8 U.S.C. 1324a, Notes, Pilot Programs for Employment Eligibility Confirmation 23

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(a-1) The Illinois Department of Labor (IDOL) shall post 4 5 on its website information or links to information from the United States Government Accountability Office, Westat, or a 6 7 similar reliable source independent of the Department of 8 Homeland Security regarding: (1) the accuracy of the E-Verify 9 databases; (2)the approximate financial burden and 10 expenditure of time that use of E-Verify requires from 11 employers; and (3) an overview of an employer's 12 responsibilities under federal and state law relating to the 13 use of E-Verify.

(b) Upon initial enrollment in an Employment Eligibility Verification System or within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, an employer enrolled in E-Verify or any other Employment Eligibility Verification System must attest, under penalty of perjury, on a form prescribed by the IDOL available on the IDOL website:

(1) that the employer has received the Basic Pilot or
E-Verify training materials from the Department of
Homeland Security (DHS), and that all employees who will
administer the program have completed the Basic Pilot or
E-Verify Computer Based Tutorial (CBT); and

(2) that the employer has posted the notice from DHS

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indicating that the employer is enrolled in the Basic 1 2 Pilot or E-Verify program and the anti-discrimination 3 notice issued by the Office of Special Counsel for Immigration-Related Unfair Employment Practices (OSC), 4 5 Civil Rights Division, U.S. Department of Justice in a 6 prominent place that is clearly visible to both 7 prospective and current employees. The employer must 8 maintain the signed original of the attestation form 9 prescribed by the IDOL, as well as all CBT certificates of 10 completion and make them available for inspection or 11 copying by the IDOL at any reasonable time.

12 (c) It is a violation of this Act for an employer enrolled 13 in an Employment Eligibility Verification System, including 14 the E-Verify program and the Basic Pilot program:

(1) to fail to display the notices supplied by DHS and
OSC in a prominent place that is clearly visible to both
prospective and current employees;

18 (2) to allow any employee to use an Employment
19 Eligibility Verification System prior to having completed
20 CBT;

(3) to fail to take reasonable steps to prevent an employee from circumventing the requirement to complete the CBT by assuming another employee's E-Verify or Basic Pilot user identification or password;

25 (4) to use the Employment Eligibility Verification
26 System to verify the employment eligibility of job

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1 applicants prior to hiring or to otherwise use the 2 Employment Eligibility Verification System to screen 3 individuals prior to hiring and prior to the completion of 4 a Form I-9;

5 (5) to terminate an employee or take any other adverse 6 employment action against an individual prior to receiving 7 a final nonconfirmation notice from the Social Security 8 Administration or the Department of Homeland Security;

9 (6) to fail to notify an individual, in writing, of 10 the employer's receipt of a tentative nonconfirmation 11 notice, of the individual's right to contest the tentative 12 nonconfirmation notice, and of the contact information for relevant government agency or agencies that 13 the the 14 individual must contact to resolve the tentative 15 nonconfirmation notice;

16 (7) to fail to safeguard the information contained in 17 the Employment Eligibility Verification System, and the means of access to the system (such as passwords and other 18 19 privacy protections). An employer shall ensure that the 20 System is not used for any purpose other than employment 21 verification of newly hired employees and shall ensure 22 that the information contained in the System and the means 23 of access to the System are not disseminated to any person 24 other than employees who need such information and access 25 perform employer's employment verification to the 26 responsibilities.

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Any claim that an employer refused to hire, 1 (c-1)2 segregated, or acted with respect to recruitment, hiring, promotion, renewal or employment, selection for training or 3 apprenticeship, discharge, discipline, tenure or 4 terms, 5 privileges, or conditions of employment without following the procedures of the Employment Eligibility Verification System, 6 7 including the Basic Pilot and E-Verify programs, mav be 8 brought under paragraph (G)(2) of Section 2-102 of the 9 Illinois Human Rights Act.

10 (c-2) It is a violation of this Section for an individual 11 to falsely pose as an employer in order to enroll in an 12 Employment Eligibility Verification System or for an employer 13 to use an Employment Eligibility Verification System to access 14 information regarding an individual who is not an employee of 15 the employer.

(d) Preemption. Neither the State nor any of its political subdivisions, nor any unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may require any employer to use an Employment Eligibility Verification System, including under the following circumstances:

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(1) as a condition of receiving a government contract;

(2) as a condition of receiving a business license; or(3) as penalty for violating licensing or other

24 similar laws.

This subsection (d) is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of

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1	Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.
2	(Source: P.A. 95-138, eff. 1-1-08; 96-623, eff. 1-1-10;
3	96-1000, eff. 7-2-10.)
4	(820 ILCS 55/13 new)
5	Sec. 13. Restrictions on the use of Employment Eligibility
6	Verification Systems.
7	(a) As used in this Section:
8	"Employee's authorized representative" means an exclusive
9	collective bargaining representative.
10	"Inspecting entity" means the U.S. Immigration and Customs
11	Enforcement, United States Customs and Border Protection, or
12	any other federal entity enforcing civil immigration
13	violations of an employer's I-9 Employment Eligibility
14	Verification forms.
15	(b) An employer shall not impose work authorization
16	verification or re-verification requirements greater than
17	those required by federal law.
18	(c) If an employer contends that there is a discrepancy in
19	an employee's employment verification information, the
20	employer must provide the employee with:
21	(1) The specific document or documents, if made
22	available to the employer, that the employer deems to be
23	deficient and the reason why the document or documents are
24	deficient. Upon request by the employee or the employee's
25	authorized representative, the employer shall give to the

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1	employee the original document forming the basis for the
2	employer's contention of deficiency within 7 business
3	days.
4	(2) Instructions on how the employee can correct the
5	alleged deficient documents if required to do so by law.
6	(3) An explanation of the employee's right to have
7	representation present during related meetings,
8	discussions, or proceedings with the employer, if allowed
9	by a memorandum of understanding concerning the federal
10	E-Verify system.
11	(4) An explanation of any other rights that the
12	employee may have in connection with the employer's
13	contention.
14	(d) When an employer receives notification from any
15	federal or State agency, including, but not limited to, the
16	Social Security Administration or the Internal Revenue
17	Service, of a discrepancy as it relates to work authorization,
18	the following rights and protections are granted to the
19	employee:
20	(1) The employer must not take any adverse action
21	against the employee, including re-verification, based on
22	the receipt of the notification.
23	(2) The employer must provide a notice to the employee
24	and, if allowed by a memorandum of understanding
25	concerning the federal E-Verify system, to the employee's
26	authorized representative, if any, as soon as practicable,

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1	but not more than 5 business days after the date of receipt
2	of the notification, unless a shorter timeline is provided
3	for under federal law or a collective bargaining
4	agreement. The notice to the employee shall include, but
5	not be limited to: (i) an explanation that the federal or
6	State agency has notified the employer that the employee's
7	work authorization documents presented by the employee do
8	not appear to be valid or reasonably relate to the
9	employee; and (ii) the time period the employee has to
10	contest the federal or State agency's determination. The
11	employer shall notify the employee in person and deliver
12	the notification by hand, if possible. If hand delivery is
13	not possible, then the employer shall notify the employee
14	by mail and email, if the email address of the employee is
15	known, and shall notify the employee's authorized
16	representative. Upon request by the employee or the
17	employee's authorized representative, the employer shall
18	give to the employee the original notice from the federal
19	or State agency, including, but not limited to, the Social
20	Security Administration or the Internal Revenue Service,
21	within 7 business days. This original notice shall be
22	redacted in compliance with State and federal privacy laws
23	and shall relate only to the employee receiving the
24	notification.
25	(3) The employee may have a representative of the
26	employee's choosing in any meetings, discussions, or

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1 proceedings with the employer.

2 <u>The procedures described in this subsection do not apply</u> 3 <u>to inspections of an employer's I-9 Employment Verification</u> 4 <u>Forms by an inspecting entity or any relevant procedure</u> 5 <u>otherwise described in subsection (g).</u>

(e) Except as otherwise required by federal law, an 6 7 employer shall provide a notice to each current employee, by 8 posting in English and in any language commonly used in the 9 workplace, of any inspections of I-9 Employment Eligibility Verification forms or other employment records conducted by 10 the inspecting entity within 72 hours after receiving notice 11 12 of the inspection. Written notice shall also be given within 13 72 hours to the employee's authorized representative, if any. 14 The posted notice shall contain the following information:

15 <u>(1) the name of the entity conducting the inspections</u> 16 <u>of I-9 Employment Eligibility Verification forms or other</u> 17 <u>employment records;</u>

18 (2) the date that the employer received notice of the 19 inspection;

20 (3) the nature of the inspection to the extent known
 21 by the employer; and
 22 (4) a copy of the notice received by the employer.

23 <u>An employer, upon reasonable request, shall provide an</u> 24 <u>employee a copy of the Notice of Inspection of I-9 Employment</u> 25 Eligibility Verification forms.

26 (f) On or before 6 months after the effective date of this

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1	amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly, the Department
2	shall develop a template posting that employers may use to
3	comply with the requirements of subsection (e) to inform
4	employees of a notice of inspection to be conducted of I-9
5	Employment Eligibility Verification forms or other employment
6	records conducted by the inspecting entity. The Department
7	shall make the template available on its website so that it is
8	accessible to any employer.

9 (q) Except as otherwise required by federal law, if during an inspection of the employer's I-9 Employment Eligibility 10 11 Verification forms by an inspecting entity, the inspecting 12 entity makes a determination that the employee's work 13 authorization documents do not establish that the employee is 14 authorized to work in the United States and provide the employer with notice of that determination, the employer shall 15 16 provide a written notice as set forth in this subsection to the 17 employee within 5 business days, unless a shorter timeline is provided for under federal law or a collective bargaining 18 19 agreement. The employer's notice to the employee shall relate 20 to the employee only. The employer shall notify the employee 21 in person and deliver the notification by hand, if possible. If hand delivery is not possible, then the employer shall 22 23 notify the employee by mail and email, if the email address of 24 the employee is known, and shall notify the employee's 25 authorized representative. The employer's notice to the 26 employee shall contain the following information:

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1	(1) an explanation that the inspecting entity has
2	determined that the employee's work authorization
3	documents presented by the employee do not appear to be
4	valid or reasonably relate to the employee;
5	(2) the time period for the employee to notify the
6	employer whether the employee is contesting or not
7	contesting the determination by the inspecting entity;
8	(3) if known by the employer, the time and date of any
9	meeting with the employer and employee or with the
10	inspecting entity and employee related to the correction
11	of the inspecting entity's determination that the
12	employee's work authorization documents presented by the
13	employee do not appear to be valid or reasonably relate to
14	the employee; and
15	(4) notice that the employee has the right to
16	representation during any meeting scheduled with the
17	employer and the inspecting entity.
18	If the employee contests the inspecting entity's
19	determination, the employer will notify the employee within 72
20	hours after receipt of any final determination by the
21	inspecting entity related to the employee's work authorization
22	status. Upon request by the employee or the employee's
23	authorized representative, the employer shall give the
24	employee the original notice from the inspecting entity within
25	7 business days. This original notice shall be redacted in
26	compliance with State and federal privacy laws and shall

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relate only to the employee receiving the notification. 1 (h) This Section does not require a penalty to be imposed 2 3 upon an employer or person who fails to provide notice to an employee at the express and specific direction or request of 4 5 the federal government. In determining the amount of the penalty, the appropriateness of the penalty to the size of the 6 business of the employer charged and the gravity of the 7 violation shall be considered. The penalty may be recovered in 8 9 a civil action brought by the Director in any circuit court. Upon request by the employee or the employee's authorized 10 11 representative, the employer shall give the employee the 12 original notice from the inspecting entity within 7 business 13 days. 14 (i) This Section applies to public and private employers.

15 <u>(j) Nothing in this Section shall be interpreted,</u> 16 <u>construed, or applied to restrict or limit an employer's</u> 17 <u>compliance with a memorandum of understanding concerning the</u> 18 use of the federal E-Verify system.

19 (820 ILCS 55/15) (from Ch. 48, par. 2865)

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Sec. 15. Administration and enforcement.

(a) The Director of Labor or his authorized representative
shall administer and enforce the provisions of this Act. The
Director of Labor may issue rules and regulations necessary to
administer and enforce the provisions of this Act.

25 (b) If an employee or applicant for employment alleges

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that he or she has been denied his or her rights under this 1 2 Act, he or she may file a complaint with the Department of 3 Labor. The Department shall investigate the complaint and shall have authority to request the issuance of a search 4 5 warrant or subpoena to inspect the files of the employer or prospective employer, if necessary. The Department shall 6 7 attempt to resolve the complaint by conference, conciliation, 8 or persuasion. If the complaint is not so resolved and the 9 Department finds the employer or prospective employer has 10 violated the Act, the Department may commence an action in the 11 circuit court to enforce the provisions of this Act including 12 an action to compel compliance. The circuit court for the 13 county in which the complainant resides or in which the complainant is employed shall have jurisdiction in such 14 15 actions.

16 (c) If an employer or prospective employer violates this 17 Act, an employee or applicant for employment may commence an action in the circuit court to enforce the provisions of this 18 Act, including actions to compel compliance, where efforts to 19 20 resolve the employee's or applicant for employment's complaint concerning the violation by conference, conciliation or 21 22 persuasion under subsection (b) have failed and the Department 23 has not commenced an action in circuit court to redress the violation. The circuit court for the county in which the 24 25 complainant resides or in which the complainant is employed 26 shall have jurisdiction in such actions.

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1 (d) Failure to comply with an order of the court may be 2 punished as contempt. In addition, the court shall award an 3 employee or applicant for employment prevailing in an action 4 under this Act the following damages:

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(1) Actual damages plus costs.

6 (2) For a willful and knowing violation of this Act,
7 \$200 plus costs, reasonable attorney's fees, and actual
8 damages.

9 (3) For a willful and knowing violation of Section 10 12(c) or Section 12(c-2) of this Act, \$500 per affected 11 employee plus costs, reasonable <u>attorney's</u> attorneys' 12 fees, and actual damages.

13 <u>(4) For a willful and knowing violation of Section 13,</u> 14 <u>a civil penalty of a minimum of \$2,000 up to a maximum of</u> 15 <u>\$5,000 for a first violation and a civil penalty of a</u> 16 <u>minimum of \$5,000 up to a maximum of \$10,000 for each</u> 17 <u>subsequent violation per affected employee plus costs,</u> 18 <u>reasonable attorney's fees, and actual damages.</u>

(e) Any employer or prospective employer or his agent who violates the provisions of this Act is guilty of a petty offense.

(f) Any employer or prospective employer, or the officer or agent of any employer or prospective employer, who discharges or in any other manner discriminates against any employee or applicant for employment because that employee or applicant for employment has made a complaint to his employer, SB0508 Engrossed - 15 - LRB103 02960 SPS 47966 b

or to the Director or his authorized representative, or because that employee or applicant for employment has caused to be instituted or is about to cause to be instituted any proceeding under or related to this Act, or because that employee or applicant for employment has testified or is about to testify in an investigation or proceeding under this Act, is guilty of a petty offense.

8 (Source: P.A. 96-623, eff. 1-1-10.)