

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Public Utilities Act is amended by changing
5 Section 13-703 as follows:

6 (220 ILCS 5/13-703) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 13-703)

7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2026)

8 Sec. 13-703. (a) The Commission shall design and implement
9 a program whereby each telecommunications carrier providing
10 local exchange service shall provide a telecommunications
11 device capable of servicing the needs of those persons with a
12 hearing or speech disability together with a single party
13 line, at no charge additional to the basic exchange rate, to
14 any subscriber who is certified as having a hearing or speech
15 disability by a hearing instrument ~~care~~ professional, as
16 defined in the Hearing Instrument Consumer Protection Act, a
17 speech-language pathologist, or a qualified State agency and
18 to any subscriber which is an organization serving the needs
19 of those persons with a hearing or speech disability as
20 determined and specified by the Commission pursuant to
21 subsection (d).

22 (b) The Commission shall design and implement a program,
23 whereby each telecommunications carrier providing local

1 exchange service shall provide a telecommunications relay
2 system, using third party intervention to connect those
3 persons having a hearing or speech disability with persons of
4 normal hearing by way of intercommunications devices and the
5 telephone system, making available reasonable access to all
6 phases of public telephone service to persons who have a
7 hearing or speech disability. In order to design a
8 telecommunications relay system which will meet the
9 requirements of those persons with a hearing or speech
10 disability available at a reasonable cost, the Commission
11 shall initiate an investigation and conduct public hearings to
12 determine the most cost-effective method of providing
13 telecommunications relay service to those persons who have a
14 hearing or speech disability when using telecommunications
15 devices and therein solicit the advice, counsel, and physical
16 assistance of Statewide nonprofit consumer organizations that
17 serve persons with hearing or speech disabilities in such
18 hearings and during the development and implementation of the
19 system. The Commission shall phase in this program, on a
20 geographical basis, as soon as is practicable, but no later
21 than June 30, 1990.

22 (c) The Commission shall establish a competitively neutral
23 rate recovery mechanism that establishes charges in an amount
24 to be determined by the Commission for each line of a
25 subscriber to allow telecommunications carriers providing
26 local exchange service to recover costs as they are incurred

1 under this Section. Beginning no later than April 1, 2016, and
2 on a yearly basis thereafter, the Commission shall initiate a
3 proceeding to establish the competitively neutral amount to be
4 charged or assessed to subscribers of telecommunications
5 carriers and wireless carriers, Interconnected VoIP service
6 providers, and consumers of prepaid wireless
7 telecommunications service in a manner consistent with this
8 subsection (c) and subsection (f) of this Section. The
9 Commission shall issue its order establishing the
10 competitively neutral amount to be charged or assessed to
11 subscribers of telecommunications carriers and wireless
12 carriers, Interconnected VoIP service providers, and
13 purchasers of prepaid wireless telecommunications service on
14 or prior to June 1 of each year, and such amount shall take
15 effect June 1 of each year.

16 Telecommunications carriers, wireless carriers,
17 Interconnected VoIP service providers, and sellers of prepaid
18 wireless telecommunications service shall have 60 days from
19 the date the Commission files its order to implement the new
20 rate established by the order.

21 (d) The Commission shall determine and specify those
22 organizations serving the needs of those persons having a
23 hearing or speech disability that shall receive a
24 telecommunications device and in which offices the equipment
25 shall be installed in the case of an organization having more
26 than one office. For the purposes of this Section,

1 "organizations serving the needs of those persons with hearing
2 or speech disabilities" means centers for independent living
3 as described in Section 12a of the Rehabilitation of Persons
4 with Disabilities Act and not-for-profit organizations whose
5 primary purpose is serving the needs of those persons with
6 hearing or speech disabilities. The Commission shall direct
7 the telecommunications carriers subject to its jurisdiction
8 and this Section to comply with its determinations and
9 specifications in this regard.

10 (e) As used in this Section:

11 "Prepaid wireless telecommunications service" has the
12 meaning given to that term under Section 10 of the Prepaid
13 Wireless 9-1-1 Surcharge Act.

14 "Retail transaction" has the meaning given to that term
15 under Section 10 of the Prepaid Wireless 9-1-1 Surcharge Act.

16 "Seller" has the meaning given to that term under Section
17 10 of the Prepaid Wireless 9-1-1 Surcharge Act.

18 "Telecommunications carrier providing local exchange
19 service" includes, without otherwise limiting the meaning of
20 the term, telecommunications carriers which are purely mutual
21 concerns, having no rates or charges for services, but paying
22 the operating expenses by assessment upon the members of such
23 a company and no other person.

24 "Wireless carrier" has the meaning given to that term
25 under Section 2 of the Emergency Telephone System Act.

26 (f) Interconnected VoIP service providers, sellers of

1 prepaid wireless telecommunications service, and wireless
2 carriers in Illinois shall collect and remit assessments
3 determined in accordance with this Section in a competitively
4 neutral manner in the same manner as a telecommunications
5 carrier providing local exchange service. However, the
6 assessment imposed on consumers of prepaid wireless
7 telecommunications service shall be collected by the seller
8 from the consumer and imposed per retail transaction as a
9 percentage of that retail transaction on all retail
10 transactions occurring in this State. The assessment on
11 subscribers of wireless carriers and consumers of prepaid
12 wireless telecommunications service shall not be imposed or
13 collected prior to June 1, 2016.

14 Sellers of prepaid wireless telecommunications service
15 shall remit the assessments to the Department of Revenue on
16 the same form and in the same manner which they remit the fee
17 collected under the Prepaid Wireless 9-1-1 Surcharge Act. For
18 the purposes of display on the consumers' receipts, the rates
19 of the fee collected under the Prepaid Wireless 9-1-1
20 Surcharge Act and the assessment under this Section may be
21 combined. In administration and enforcement of this Section,
22 the provisions of Sections 15 and 20 of the Prepaid Wireless
23 9-1-1 Surcharge Act (except subsections (a), (a-5), (b-5),
24 (e), and (e-5) of Section 15 and subsections (c) and (e) of
25 Section 20 of the Prepaid Wireless 9-1-1 Surcharge Act and,
26 from June 29, 2015 (the effective date of Public Act 99-6), the

1 seller shall be permitted to deduct and retain 3% of the
2 assessments that are collected by the seller from consumers
3 and that are remitted and timely filed with the Department)
4 that are not inconsistent with this Section, shall apply, as
5 far as practicable, to the subject matter of this Section to
6 the same extent as if those provisions were included in this
7 Section. Beginning on January 1, 2018, the seller is allowed
8 to deduct and retain 3% of the assessments that are collected
9 by the seller from consumers and that are remitted timely and
10 timely filed with the Department, but only if the return is
11 filed electronically as provided in Section 3 of the
12 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Sellers who demonstrate that
13 they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate
14 hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department
15 to waive the electronic filing requirement. The Department
16 shall deposit all assessments and penalties collected under
17 this Section into the Illinois Telecommunications Access
18 Corporation Fund, a special fund created in the State
19 treasury. On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the
20 Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the
21 amount available to the Commission for distribution out of the
22 Illinois Telecommunications Access Corporation Fund. The
23 amount certified shall be the amount (not including credit
24 memoranda) collected during the second preceding calendar
25 month by the Department, plus an amount the Department
26 determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were

1 erroneously paid to a different taxing body or fund. The
2 amount paid to the Illinois Telecommunications Access
3 Corporation Fund shall not include any amount equal to the
4 amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar
5 month by the Department to retailers under this Section or any
6 amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset
7 any amounts which were payable to a different taxing body or
8 fund but were erroneously paid to the Illinois
9 Telecommunications Access Corporation Fund. The Commission
10 shall distribute all the funds to the Illinois
11 Telecommunications Access Corporation and the funds may only
12 be used in accordance with the provisions of this Section. The
13 Department shall deduct 2% of all amounts deposited in the
14 Illinois Telecommunications Access Corporation Fund during
15 every year of remitted assessments. Of the 2% deducted by the
16 Department, one-half shall be transferred into the Tax
17 Compliance and Administration Fund to reimburse the Department
18 for its direct costs of administering the collection and
19 remittance of the assessment. The remaining one-half shall be
20 transferred into the Public Utility Fund to reimburse the
21 Commission for its costs of distributing to the Illinois
22 Telecommunications Access Corporation the amount certified by
23 the Department for distribution. The amount to be charged or
24 assessed under subsections (c) and (f) is not imposed on a
25 provider or the consumer for wireless Lifeline service where
26 the consumer does not pay the provider for the service. Where

1 the consumer purchases from the provider optional minutes,
2 texts, or other services in addition to the federally funded
3 Lifeline benefit, a consumer must pay the charge or
4 assessment, and it must be collected by the seller according
5 to this subsection (f).

6 Interconnected VoIP services shall not be considered an
7 intrastate telecommunications service for the purposes of this
8 Section in a manner inconsistent with federal law or Federal
9 Communications Commission regulation.

10 (g) The provisions of this Section are severable under
11 Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.

12 (h) The Commission may adopt rules necessary to implement
13 this Section.

14 (Source: P.A. 99-6, eff. 6-29-15; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15;
15 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-847, eff. 8-19-16; 99-933, eff.
16 1-27-17; 100-20, eff. 7-1-17; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-303,
17 eff. 8-24-17; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)

18 Section 10. The Hearing Instrument Consumer Protection Act
19 is amended by changing Sections 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9.5,
20 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20 and by adding Sections 4.5, 4.6, and
21 12 as follows:

22 (225 ILCS 50/1) (from Ch. 111, par. 7401)

23 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

24 Sec. 1. Purpose. The purpose of this Act is to protect the

1 deaf or hard of hearing public from the practice of dispensing
2 hearing aids ~~instruments~~ that could endanger the health,
3 safety and welfare of the People of this State. The Federal
4 Food and Drug Administration and Federal Trade Commission has
5 recommended that State legislation is necessary in order to
6 establish standards of competency and to impose stringent
7 penalties for those who violate the public trust in this field
8 of health care.

9 (Source: P.A. 98-827, eff. 1-1-15.)

10 (225 ILCS 50/3) (from Ch. 111, par. 7403)

11 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

12 Sec. 3. Definitions. As used in this Act, except as the
13 context requires otherwise:

14 "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

15 "Director" means the Director of the Department of Public
16 Health.

17 "Direct supervision" means the final approval given by the
18 licensed hearing instrument professional to all work performed
19 by the person under supervision and that the licensed hearing
20 instrument professional is physically present in the facility
21 any time the person under supervision has contact with a
22 client. "Direct supervision" does not mean that the licensed
23 hearing instrument professional is in the same room when the
24 person under supervision has contact with the client.

25 "Federal Trade Commission" means the United States federal

1 agency which regulates business practices and commerce.

2 "Food and Drug Administration" means the United States
3 federal agency which regulates hearing instruments or hearing
4 aids as medical devices.

5 "License" means a license issued by the State under this
6 Act to a hearing instrument dispenser.

7 "Licensed audiologist" means a person licensed as an
8 audiologist under the Illinois Speech-Language Pathology and
9 Audiology Practice Act and who can prescribe hearing aids in
10 accordance with this Act.

11 "National Board Certified Hearing Instrument Specialist"
12 means a person who has had at least 2 years in practice as a
13 licensed hearing instrument dispenser and has been certified
14 after qualification by examination by the National Board for
15 Certification in Hearing Instruments Sciences.

16 "Licensed physician" or "physician" means a physician
17 licensed in Illinois to practice medicine in all of its
18 branches pursuant to the Medical Practice Act of 1987.

19 "Trainee" means a person who is licensed to perform the
20 functions of a hearing instrument dispenser or audiologist in
21 accordance with the Department rules and only under the direct
22 supervision of a hearing instrument dispenser or audiologist
23 who is licensed in the State.

24 "Board" means the Hearing Instrument Consumer Protection
25 Board.

26 "Hearing instrument" or "hearing aid" means any instrument

1 or device, including an instrument or device dispensed
2 pursuant to a prescription, that is designed, intended, or
3 offered for the purpose of improving a person's hearing and
4 any parts, attachments, or accessories, including earmolds.

5 "Hearing instrument" or "hearing aid" does not include
6 batteries, cords, and individual or group auditory training
7 devices and any instrument or device used by a public utility
8 in providing telephone or other communication services
9 ~~wearable instrument or device designed for or offered for the~~
10 ~~purpose of aiding or compensating for impaired human hearing~~
11 ~~and that can provide more than 15 dB full on gain via a 2cc~~
12 ~~coupler at any single frequency from 200 through 6000 cycles~~
13 ~~per second, and any parts, attachments, or accessories,~~
14 ~~including ear molds. "Hearing instrument" or "hearing aid" do~~
15 ~~not include batteries, cords, or group auditory training~~
16 ~~devices and any instrument or device used by a public utility~~
17 ~~in providing telephone or other communication services are~~
18 ~~excluded.~~

19 "Involvement of a licensed person" refers to the
20 supervisor, prescription or other order involvement or
21 interaction by a licensed hearing instrument professional.

22 "Practice of prescribing, fitting, dispensing, or
23 servicing of prescription hearing aids instruments" means the
24 measurement of human hearing with an audiometer, calibrated to
25 the current American National Standard Institute standards,
26 for the purpose of prescribing hearing aids and making

1 selections, recommendations, adaptations, services, or sales of
2 hearing aids ~~instruments~~ including the making of earmolds as a
3 part of the hearing aid ~~instrument~~.

4 "Sell" or "sale" means any transfer of title or of the
5 right to use by lease, bailment, or any other contract,
6 excluding wholesale transactions with distributors or dealers.

7 "Hearing instrument dispenser" means a person who is a
8 hearing instrument ~~care~~ professional that engages in the
9 selling, practice of fitting, selecting, recommending,
10 dispensing, prescribing, or servicing of prescription hearing
11 aids ~~instruments~~ or the testing for means of hearing aid
12 ~~instrument~~ selection or who advertises or displays a sign or
13 represents himself or herself as a person who practices the
14 testing, fitting, selecting, servicing, dispensing,
15 prescribing, or selling of prescription hearing aids
16 ~~instruments~~.

17 "Fund" means the Hearing Instrument Dispenser Examining
18 and Disciplinary Fund.

19 "Hearing instrument ~~care~~ professional" means a person who
20 is a licensed audiologist, a licensed hearing instrument
21 dispenser, or a licensed physician.

22 "Over-the-counter hearing aid" means any instrument or
23 device that:

24 (1) uses the same fundamental scientific technology as
25 air conduction hearing aids, as defined in 21 CFR
26 874.3300, or wireless air conduction hearing aids, as

1 defined in 21 CFR 874.3305;

2 (2) is intended to be used by adults age 18 and older
3 to compensate for perceived mild to moderate hearing
4 impairment;

5 (3) through tools, tests, or software, allows the user
6 to control the over-the-counter hearing aid and customize
7 it to the user's hearing needs;

8 (4) may use wireless technology or include tests for
9 self-assessment of hearing loss; and

10 (5) is available over-the-counter, without the
11 supervision, prescription, or other order, involvement, or
12 intervention of a licensed person, to consumers through
13 in-person transactions, by mail, or online.

14 "Over-the-counter hearing aid" does not include batteries,
15 cords, and individual or group auditory training devices or
16 any instrument or device used by a public utility in providing
17 telephone or other communication services.

18 "Personal sound amplification product" means an
19 amplification device, as defined by the Food and Drug
20 Administration or the Federal Trade Commission, that is not
21 labeled as a hearing aid and is not intended to treat hearing
22 loss.

23 "Prescribe" means an order for a prescription hearing aid
24 issued by a licensed hearing instrument professional.

25 "Prescription hearing aid" means any wearable instrument
26 or device designed, intended, or offered for the purpose of

1 improving a person's hearing that may only be obtained with
2 the involvement of a licensed hearing instrument professional.

3 (Source: P.A. 98-362, eff. 8-16-13; 98-827, eff. 1-1-15.)

4 (225 ILCS 50/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 7404)

5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

6 Sec. 4. Disclosure; ~~waiver;~~ complaints; insurance. The
7 hearing instrument professional dispenser shall give at no
8 charge to every person fitted and sold a hearing aid
9 ~~instrument~~ the "User Instructional Brochure", supplied by the
10 hearing aid instrument manufacturer containing information
11 required by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

12 All hearing instruments or hearing aids must be dispensed
13 or sold in accordance with Food and Drug Administration and
14 Federal Trade Commission regulations governing the dispensing
15 and sale of personal sound amplification products or hearing
16 aids.

17 A consumer who purchases an over-the-counter hearing aid
18 must be provided a sales receipt at the time of the
19 transaction.

20 Whenever a sale ~~or service~~ of one or more prescription
21 hearing aids instrument involving \$50 or more is made or
22 contracted to be made, whether under a single contract or
23 under multiple contracts, at the time of the transaction, the
24 hearing instrument professional dispenser shall furnish the
25 consumer with a fully completed receipt or contract pertaining

1 to that transaction, in substantially the same language as
2 that used in the oral presentation to the consumer. The
3 receipt or contract provided to the consumer shall contain (i)
4 the hearing instrument professional's ~~dispenser's~~ name,
5 license number, business address, business phone number, and
6 signature; (ii) the name, address, and signature of the
7 hearing instrument consumer; (iii) ~~and~~ the name and signature
8 of the purchaser if the consumer and the purchaser are not the
9 same person; (iv) the hearing aid instrument manufacturer's
10 name, and the model and serial numbers; (v) the date of
11 purchase; and (vi) the charges required to complete the terms
12 of the sale, which must be fully and clearly stated. When the
13 hearing aid instrument is delivered to the consumer or
14 purchaser, the serial number shall be written on the original
15 receipt or contract and a copy shall be given to the consumer
16 or purchaser. If a used hearing instrument is sold, the
17 receipt and the container thereof shall be clearly marked as
18 "used" or "reconditioned", whichever is applicable, with terms
19 of guarantee, if any.

20 ~~All hearing instruments offered for sale must be~~
21 ~~accompanied by a 30-business day return privilege. The receipt~~
22 ~~or contract provided to the consumer shall state that the~~
23 ~~consumer has a right to return the hearing instrument for a~~
24 ~~refund within 30 business days of the date of delivery. If a~~
25 ~~nonrefundable dispensing fee or restocking fee, or both, will~~
26 ~~be withheld from the consumer in event of return, the terms~~

1 ~~must be clearly stated on the receipt or contract provided to~~
2 ~~the consumer.~~

3 ~~A hearing instrument dispenser shall not sell a hearing~~
4 ~~instrument unless the prospective user has presented to the~~
5 ~~hearing instrument dispenser a written statement, signed by a~~
6 ~~licensed physician, which states that the patient's hearing~~
7 ~~loss has been medically evaluated and the patient is~~
8 ~~considered a candidate for a hearing instrument. The medical~~
9 ~~evaluation must have taken place within the 6 months~~
10 ~~immediately preceding the date of the sale of the hearing~~
11 ~~instrument to the prospective hearing instrument user. If the~~
12 ~~prospective hearing instrument user is 18 years of age or~~
13 ~~older, the hearing instrument dispenser may afford the~~
14 ~~prospective user an opportunity to waive the medical~~
15 ~~evaluation required by this Section, provided that the hearing~~
16 ~~instrument dispenser:~~

17 ~~(i) Informs the prospective user that the exercise of~~
18 ~~a waiver is not in the user's best health interest;~~

19 ~~(ii) Does not in any way actively encourage the~~
20 ~~prospective user to waive the medical evaluation; and~~

21 ~~(iii) Affords the prospective user the option to sign~~
22 ~~the following statement:~~

23 ~~"I have been advised by (hearing~~
24 ~~instrument dispenser's name) that the Food and Drug~~
25 ~~Administration has determined that my best interest~~
26 ~~would be served if I had a medical evaluation by a~~

1 ~~licensed physician (preferably a physician who~~
2 ~~specializes in diseases of the ear) before purchasing~~
3 ~~a hearing instrument. I do not wish a medical~~
4 ~~evaluation before purchasing a hearing instrument."~~

5 The hearing instrument professional dispenser or the
6 professional's ~~his or her~~ employer shall retain proof of the
7 medical examination ~~or the waiver~~ for at least 3 years from the
8 date of the sale.

9 If the parent or guardian of any individual ~~under the~~ age
10 17 or under ~~of 18 years~~ is a member of any church or religious
11 denomination, whose tenets and practices include reliance upon
12 spiritual means through prayer alone and objects to medical
13 treatment and so states in writing to the hearing instrument
14 professional dispenser, such individual shall undergo a
15 hearing examination as provided by this Section but no proof,
16 ruling out any medically treatable problem causing hearing
17 loss, shall be required.

18 All persons licensed under this Act shall have
19 conspicuously displayed in their business establishment a sign
20 indicating that formal complaints regarding hearing aid
21 ~~instrument~~ goods or services may be made to the Department.
22 Such sign shall give the address and telephone number of the
23 Department. All persons purchasing hearing aids ~~instruments~~
24 shall be provided with a written statement indicating that
25 formal complaints regarding hearing aid ~~instrument~~ goods or
26 services may be made to the Department and disclosing the

1 address and telephone number of the Department.

2 Any person wishing to make a complaint, against a hearing
3 instrument professional dispenser under this Act, shall file
4 it with the Department within 3 years from the date of the
5 action upon which the complaint is based. The Department shall
6 investigate all such complaints.

7 All persons licensed under this Act shall maintain
8 liability insurance as set forth by rule and shall be
9 responsible for the annual calibration of all audiometers in
10 use by such persons. Such annual calibrations shall be in
11 conformance with the current standards set by American
12 National Standard Institute.

13 (Source: P.A. 91-932, eff. 1-1-01.)

14 (225 ILCS 50/4.5 new)

15 Sec. 4.5. Hearing aids dispensed by prescription to
16 persons age 17 or younger.

17 (a) A hearing instrument professional may dispense a
18 hearing aid to a person age 17 or younger in accordance with
19 the requirements of this Section.

20 (b) A hearing instrument professional shall not sell a
21 prescription hearing aid to anyone age 17 or younger unless
22 the prospective user has presented to the hearing instrument
23 professional a written statement, signed by a licensed
24 physician, that states that the patient's hearing loss has
25 been medically evaluated and the patient is considered a

1 candidate for a hearing aid. The medical evaluation must have
2 been performed within the 6 months immediately preceding the
3 date of the sale of the hearing aid to the prospective hearing
4 aid user.

5 (c) A person age 17 or younger must be medically evaluated
6 in person by a physician before receiving a prescription for a
7 hearing aid. The evaluation must have been performed within
8 the 6 months immediately preceding the date that the hearing
9 aid is dispensed.

10 (d) Following a medical evaluation by a licensed
11 physician, a licensed audiologist or a licensed physician
12 other than the evaluating physician may prescribe a
13 prescription hearing aid for an individual age 17 or younger.
14 A person age 17 or younger may not waive the medical evaluation
15 or receipt of a prescription from a licensed audiologist or a
16 licensed physician unless the person is replacing a lost or
17 stolen hearing aid that is subject to warranty replacement.

18 (e) A hearing aid prescription for individuals age 17 or
19 younger issued by a licensed audiologist or a licensed
20 physician other than the evaluating physician must include, at
21 a minimum, the following information:

22 (1) name of the patient;

23 (2) documentation of medical evaluation by a
24 physician;

25 (3) date the prescription is issued;

26 (4) expiration date of the prescription, which may not

1 exceed 6 months from the date of issuance;

2 (5) name and license number of the prescribing
3 licensed audiologist or licensed physician;

4 (6) results of the following assessments: (i)
5 age-appropriate pure-tone air conduction audiometry or
6 results of auditory evoked potential testing, including,
7 but not limited to, auditory brainstem response or
8 otoacoustic emissions testing; (ii) bone conduction
9 testing, as age appropriate; and (iii) recorded or live
10 voice speech in quiet, as age appropriate;

11 (7) documentation of type and style of hearing aid;
12 and

13 (8) documentation of medical necessity of the
14 recommended features of a hearing aid.

15 (225 ILCS 50/4.6 new)

16 Sec. 4.6. Prescription hearing aids for persons age 18 or
17 older.

18 (a) A hearing instrument professional may dispense a
19 hearing aid to a person age 18 or older in accordance with the
20 requirements of this Section.

21 (b) A person age 18 or older must be evaluated by a hearing
22 instrument professional in person or via telehealth before
23 receiving a prescription for a hearing aid. A person age 18 or
24 older may not waive evaluation by a hearing instrument
25 professional unless he or she is replacing a lost or stolen

1 hearing aid that is subject to warranty replacement.

2 (c) A hearing instrument professional shall not sell
3 prescription hearing aid to anyone age 18 or older if the
4 prospective user had a negative finding on the Consumer Ear
5 Disease Risk Assessment or a similar standardized assessment.
6 The prospective user who had a negative finding on the
7 Consumer Ear Disease Risk Assessment or similar standardized
8 assessment shall present to the hearing instrument
9 professional a written statement, signed by a licensed
10 physician, which states that the patient's hearing loss has
11 been medically evaluated and the patient is considered a
12 candidate for a prescription hearing aid. The medical
13 evaluation must have been performed within the 12 months
14 immediately preceding the date of the sale of the hearing aid
15 to the prospective hearing aid user.

16 (d) A hearing aid prescription for individuals age 18 or
17 older must include, at a minimum, the following information:

18 (1) name of the patient;

19 (2) date the prescription is issued;

20 (3) expiration date of the prescription, which may not
21 exceed one year from the date of issuance;

22 (4) name and license number of the prescribing hearing
23 instrument professional;

24 (5) results of the following assessments:

25 (A) hearing handicap inventory or similar
26 standardized, evidence-based tool;

- 1 (B) pure-tone air conduction audiometry;
2 (C) bone conduction testing or consumer ear
3 disease risk assessment or a similar standardized
4 evidence-based tool;
5 (D) recorded speech in quiet, as medically
6 appropriate;
7 (E) recorded speech or digits in noise, as medical
8 appropriate;
9 (6) documentation of type and style of hearing aid;
10 and
11 (7) documentation of medical necessity of the
12 recommended features of a hearing aid.

13 (225 ILCS 50/5) (from Ch. 111, par. 7405)

14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

15 Sec. 5. License required. No person shall engage in the
16 selling, practice of testing, fitting, selecting,
17 recommending, adapting, dispensing, or servicing hearing aids
18 ~~instruments~~ or display a sign, advertise, or represent oneself
19 as a person who practices the fitting or selling of hearing
20 aids ~~instruments~~ unless such person holds a current license
21 issued by the Department as provided in this Act. Such person
22 shall be known as a licensed hearing instrument dispenser.
23 Individuals licensed pursuant to the provisions of Section 8
24 of this Act shall be deemed qualified to provide tests of human
25 hearing and hearing aid ~~instrument~~ evaluations for the purpose

1 of dispensing a hearing aid ~~instrument~~ for which any State
2 agency may contract. The license shall be conspicuously
3 displayed in the place of business. Duplicate licenses shall
4 be issued by the Department to licensees operating more than
5 one office upon the additional payment set forth in this Act.
6 No hearing aids ~~instrument~~ manufacturer may distribute, sell,
7 or otherwise provide hearing aids ~~instruments~~ to any
8 unlicensed hearing instrument ~~care~~ professional for the
9 purpose of selling hearing aids ~~instruments~~ to the consumer.

10 Except for violations of the provisions of this Act, or
11 the rules promulgated under it, nothing in this Act shall
12 prohibit a corporation, partnership, trust, association, or
13 other entity from engaging in the business of testing,
14 fitting, servicing, selecting, dispensing, selling, or
15 offering for sale hearing aid ~~instruments~~ at retail without a
16 license, provided it employs only licensed individuals in the
17 direct testing, fitting, servicing, selecting, offering for
18 sale, or dispensing of such products. Each such corporation,
19 partnership, trust, association, or other entity shall file
20 with the Department, prior to doing business in this State and
21 by July 1 of each calendar year thereafter, on forms
22 prescribed by the Department, a list of all licensed hearing
23 instrument dispensers employed by it and a statement attesting
24 that it complies with this Act and the rules promulgated under
25 it and the regulations of the Federal Food and Drug
26 Administration and the Federal Trade Commission insofar as

1 they are applicable.

2 (Source: P.A. 99-204, eff. 7-30-15.)

3 (225 ILCS 50/6) (from Ch. 111, par. 7406)

4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

5 Sec. 6. Mail order and Internet sales. Nothing in this Act
6 shall prohibit a corporation, partnership, trust, association,
7 or other organization, maintaining an established business
8 address, from engaging in the business of selling or offering
9 for sale hearing aids ~~instruments~~ at retail by mail or by
10 Internet to persons 18 years of age or older who have not been
11 examined by a licensed physician or tested by a licensed
12 hearing instrument professional dispenser ~~dispenser~~ provided that:

13 (a) The organization is registered by the Department prior
14 to engaging in business in this State and has paid the fee set
15 forth in this Act.

16 (b) The organization files with the Department, prior to
17 registration and annually thereafter, a Disclosure Statement
18 containing the following:

19 (1) the name under which the organization is doing or
20 intends to do business and the name of any affiliated
21 company which the organization recommends or will
22 recommend to persons as a supplier of goods or services or
23 in connection with other business transactions of the
24 organization;

25 (2) the organization's principal business address and

1 the name and address of its agent in this State authorized
2 to receive service of process;

3 (3) the business form of the organization, whether
4 corporate, partnership, or otherwise and the state or
5 other sovereign power under which the organization is
6 organized;

7 (4) the names of the directors or persons performing
8 similar functions and names and addresses of the chief
9 executive officer, and the financial, accounting, sales,
10 and other principal executive officers, if the
11 organization is a corporation, association, or other
12 similar entity; of all general partners, if the
13 organization is a partnership; and of the owner, if the
14 organization is a sole proprietorship, together with a
15 statement of the business background during the past 5
16 years for each such person;

17 (5) a statement as to whether the organization or any
18 person identified in the disclosure statement:

19 (i) has during the 5-year ~~5-year~~ period
20 immediately preceding the date of the disclosure
21 statement been convicted of a felony, pleaded nolo
22 contendere to a felony charge, or been held liable in a
23 civil action by final judgment, if such felony or
24 civil action involved fraud, embezzlement, or
25 misappropriation of property, and a description
26 thereof; or

1 (ii) is subject to any currently effective
2 injunctive or restrictive order as a result of a
3 proceeding or pending action brought by any government
4 agency or department, and a description thereof; or

5 (iii) is a defendant in any pending criminal or
6 material civil action relating to fraud, embezzlement,
7 misappropriation of property or violations of the
8 antitrust or trade regulation laws of the United
9 States or any state, and a description thereof; or

10 (iv) has during the 5-year ~~5-year~~ period
11 immediately preceding the date of the disclosure
12 statement had entered against such person or
13 organization a final judgment in any material civil
14 proceeding, and a description thereof; or

15 (v) has during the 5-year ~~5-year~~ period
16 immediately preceding the date of the disclosure
17 statement been adjudicated a bankrupt or reorganized
18 due to insolvency or was a principal executive officer
19 or general partner of any company that has been
20 adjudicated a bankrupt or reorganized due to
21 insolvency during such 5-year ~~5-year~~ period, and a
22 description thereof;

23 (6) the length of time the organization and any
24 predecessor of the organization has conducted a business
25 dealing with hearing aid instrument goods or services;

26 (7) a financial statement of the organization as of

1 the close of the most recent fiscal year of the
2 organization. If the financial statement is filed later
3 than 120 days following the close of the fiscal year of the
4 organization it must be accompanied by a statement of the
5 organization of any material changes in the financial
6 condition of the organization;

7 (8) a general description of the business, including
8 without limitation a description of the goods, training
9 programs, supervision, advertising, promotion and other
10 services provided by the organization;

11 (9) a statement of any compensation or other benefit
12 given or promised to a public figure arising, in whole or
13 in part, from (i) the use of the public figure in the name
14 or symbol of the organization or (ii) the endorsement or
15 recommendation of the organization by the public figure in
16 advertisements;

17 (10) a statement setting forth such additional
18 information and such comments and explanations relative to
19 the information contained in the disclosure statement as
20 the organization may desire to present.

21 (b-5) If a device being sold does not meet the definition
22 of an over-the-counter hearing aid or a prescription hearing
23 aid, instrument or hearing device as stated in this Act, the
24 organization shall include a disclaimer in all written or
25 electronic promotions. The disclaimer shall include the
26 following language:

1 "This is not a hearing instrument or hearing aid as
2 defined in the Hearing Instrument Consumer Protection Act,
3 but a personal sound amplification product ~~amplifier~~ and
4 not intended to replace a properly fitted and calibrated
5 hearing aid or treat hearing loss instrument".

6 (c) The organization files with the Department prior to
7 registration and annually thereafter a statement that it
8 complies with the Act, the rules issued pursuant to it, and the
9 regulations of the Federal Food and Drug Administration and
10 the Federal Trade Commission insofar as they are applicable.

11 (d) The organization files with the Department at the time
12 of registration an irrevocable consent to service of process
13 authorizing the Department and any of its successors to be
14 served any notice, process, or pleading in any action or
15 proceeding against the organization arising out of or in
16 connection with any violation of this Act. Such service shall
17 have the effect of conferring personal jurisdiction over such
18 organization in any court of competent jurisdiction.

19 (e) Before dispensing a hearing aid by mail or over the
20 Internet ~~instrument~~ to a resident of this State, the
21 organization informs (i) the parent or guardian of a person
22 age 17 or younger that he or she must obtain a prescription
23 issued by a licensed audiologist or licensed physician that
24 meets the requirements of Section 4.5 or (ii) a person age 18
25 or older that he or she must obtain a prescription issued by a
26 hearing instrument professional that meets the requirements of

1 ~~Section 4.6. the prospective users that they need the~~
2 ~~following for proper fitting of a hearing instrument:~~

3 ~~(1) the results of an audiogram performed within the~~
4 ~~past 6 months by a licensed audiologist or a licensed~~
5 ~~hearing instrument dispenser; and~~

6 ~~(2) an earmold impression obtained from the~~
7 ~~prospective user and taken by a licensed hearing~~
8 ~~instrument dispenser or licensed audiologist.~~

9 (f) (Blank). ~~The prospective user receives a medical~~
10 ~~evaluation or the organization affords the prospective user an~~
11 ~~opportunity to waive the medical evaluation requirement of~~
12 ~~Section 4 of this Act and the testing requirement of~~
13 ~~subsection (z) of Section 18, provided that the organization:~~

14 ~~(1) informs the prospective user that the exercise of~~
15 ~~the waiver is not in the user's best health interest;~~

16 ~~(2) does not in any way actively encourage the~~
17 ~~prospective user to waive the medical evaluation or test;~~
18 ~~and~~

19 ~~(3) affords the prospective user the option to sign~~
20 ~~the following statement:~~

21 ~~"I have been advised by (hearing~~
22 ~~instrument dispenser's name) that the Food and Drug~~
23 ~~Administration and the State of Illinois have~~
24 ~~determined that my best interest would be served if I~~
25 ~~had a medical evaluation by a licensed physician,~~
26 ~~preferably a physician who specialized in diseases of~~

1 ~~the ear, before purchasing a hearing instrument; or a~~
2 ~~test by a licensed audiologist or licensed hearing~~
3 ~~instrument dispenser utilizing established procedures~~
4 ~~and instrumentation in the fitting of hearing~~
5 ~~instruments. I do not wish either a medical evaluation~~
6 ~~or test before purchasing a hearing instrument."~~

7 (g) Where a sale, lease, or rental of prescription hearing
8 aids are instruments is sold or contracted to be sold to a
9 consumer by mail order or via the Internet, the consumer may
10 void the contract or sale by notifying the seller within 45
11 business days following that day on which the hearing aids
12 ~~instruments~~ were mailed by the seller to the consumer and by
13 returning to the seller in its original condition any hearing
14 aids instrument delivered to the consumer under the contract
15 or sale. At the time the hearing aid instrument is mailed, the
16 seller shall furnish the consumer with a fully completed
17 receipt or copy of any contract pertaining to the sale that
18 contains a "Notice of Cancellation" informing the consumer
19 that he or she may cancel the sale at any time within 45
20 business days and disclosing the date of the mailing and the
21 name, address, and telephone number of the seller. In
22 immediate proximity to the space reserved in the contract for
23 the signature of the consumer, or on the front page of the
24 receipt if a contract is not used, and in bold face type of a
25 minimum size of 10 points, there shall be a statement in
26 substantially the following form:

1 "You, the buyer, may cancel this transaction at any
 2 time prior to midnight of the 45th business day after the
 3 date of this transaction. See the attached notice of
 4 cancellation form for an explanation of this right."

5 Attached to the receipt or contract shall be a completed
 6 form in duplicate, captioned "NOTICE OF CANCELLATION" which
 7 shall be easily detachable and which shall contain in at least
 8 10 point bold face type the following information and
 9 statements in the same language as that used in the contract:

"NOTICE OF CANCELLATION
 enter date of transaction

 (DATE)

14 YOU MAY CANCEL THIS TRANSACTION, WITHOUT ANY PENALTY OR
 15 OBLIGATION, WITHIN 45 BUSINESS DAYS FROM THE ABOVE DATE.

16 IF YOU CANCEL, ANY PROPERTY TRADED IN, ANY PAYMENTS MADE
 17 BY YOU UNDER THE CONTRACT OR SALE LESS ANY NONREFUNDABLE
 18 RESTOCKING FEE, AND ANY NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT EXECUTED BY YOU
 19 WILL BE RETURNED WITHIN 10 BUSINESS DAYS FOLLOWING RECEIPT BY
 20 THE SELLER OF YOUR CANCELLATION NOTICE AND ALL MERCHANDISE
 21 PERTAINING TO THIS TRANSACTION, AND ANY SECURITY INTEREST
 22 ARISING OUT OF THE TRANSACTION WILL BE CANCELLED.

23 IF YOU CANCEL, YOU MUST RETURN TO THE SELLER, IN
 24 SUBSTANTIALLY AS GOOD CONDITION AS WHEN RECEIVED, ANY GOODS
 25 DELIVERED TO YOU UNDER THIS CONTRACT OR SALE.

26 TO CANCEL THIS TRANSACTION, MAIL OR DELIVER A SIGNED

1 AND DATED COPY OF THIS CANCELLATION NOTICE OR ANY OTHER
 2 WRITTEN NOTICE, OR SEND A TELEGRAM, TO (name of seller),
 3 AT (address of seller's place of business) AND (seller's
 4 telephone number) NO LATER THAN MIDNIGHT OF
 5 (date).

6 I HEREBY CANCEL THIS TRANSACTION.

7 (Date).....

8

9 (Buyers Signature)"

10 The written "Notice of Cancellation" may be sent by the
 11 consumer to the seller to cancel the contract. The 45-day
 12 period does not commence until the consumer is furnished the
 13 Notice of Cancellation and the address and phone number at
 14 which such notice to the seller can be given.

15 If the conditions of this Section are met, the seller must
 16 return to the consumer the amount of any payment made or
 17 consideration given under the contract or for the merchandise
 18 less a nonrefundable restocking fee.

19 It is an unlawful practice for a seller to: (1) hold a
 20 consumer responsible for any liability or obligation under any
 21 mail order transaction if the consumer claims not to have
 22 received the merchandise unless the merchandise was sent by
 23 certified mail or other delivery method by which the seller is
 24 provided with proof of delivery; (2) fail, before furnishing
 25 copies of the "Notice of Cancellation" to the consumer, to
 26 complete both copies by entering the name of the seller, the

1 address of the seller's place of business, the seller's
2 telephone number, the date of the mailing, and the date, not
3 earlier than the 45th business day following the date of the
4 mailing, by which the consumer may give notice of
5 cancellation; (3) include in any contract or receipt any
6 confession of judgment or any waiver of any of the rights to
7 which the consumer is entitled under this Section including
8 specifically his right to cancel the sale in accordance with
9 the provisions of this Section; (4) misrepresent in any manner
10 the consumer's right to cancel; (5) use any undue influence,
11 coercion, or any other wilful act or representation to
12 interfere with the consumer's exercise of his rights under
13 this Section; (6) fail or refuse to honor any valid notice of
14 cancellation and return of merchandise by a consumer and,
15 within 10 business days after the receipt of such notice and
16 merchandise pertaining to such transaction, to (i) refund
17 payments made under the contract or sale, (ii) return any
18 goods or property traded in, in substantially as good
19 condition as when received by the person, (iii) cancel and
20 return any negotiable instrument executed by the consumer in
21 connection with the contract or sale and take any action
22 necessary or appropriate to terminate promptly any security
23 interest created in the transaction; (7) negotiate, transfer,
24 sell, or assign any note or other evidence of indebtedness to a
25 finance company or other third party prior to the 50th
26 business day following the day of the mailing; or (8) fail to

1 provide the consumer of a hearing aid ~~instrument~~ with written
2 information stating the name, address, and telephone number of
3 the Department and informing the consumer that complaints
4 regarding hearing aid ~~instrument~~ goods or services may be made
5 to the Department.

6 (h) The organization employs only licensed hearing
7 instrument professionals ~~dispensers~~ in the dispensing of
8 hearing aids ~~instruments~~ and files with the Department, by
9 January 1 of each year, a list of all licensed hearing
10 instrument professionals ~~dispensers~~ employed by it.

11 (Source: P.A. 98-362, eff. 8-16-13; 98-827, eff. 1-1-15.)

12 (225 ILCS 50/7) (from Ch. 111, par. 7407)

13 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

14 Sec. 7. Exemptions.

15 (a) The following are exempt from this Act:

16 (1) Licensed physicians. This exemption, however, does
17 not apply to a physician's employee or subcontractor who
18 is not a physician.

19 (2) Persons who only repair or manufacture hearing
20 instruments and their accessories for wholesale.

21 (b) Audiometers used by persons exempt from this Act to
22 dispense hearing instruments must meet the annual calibration
23 requirements and current standards set by the American
24 National Standards Institute.

25 (c) Audiologists licensed under the Illinois

1 Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Practice Act are
2 exempt from licensure under this Act, but are otherwise
3 subject to the practices and provisions of this Act.

4 (d) Hearing aid technicians are exempt from licensure
5 under this Act but are otherwise subject to the practices and
6 provisions of this Act.

7 (Source: P.A. 91-932, eff. 1-1-01.)

8 (225 ILCS 50/8) (from Ch. 111, par. 7408)

9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

10 Sec. 8. Applicant qualifications; examination.

11 (a) In order to protect persons who are deaf or hard of
12 hearing, the Department shall authorize or shall conduct an
13 appropriate examination, which may be the International
14 Hearing Society's licensure examination, for persons who
15 dispense, test, select, recommend, fit, or service hearing
16 aids instruments. The frequency of holding these examinations
17 shall be determined by the Department by rule. Those who
18 successfully pass such an examination shall be issued a
19 license as a hearing instrument dispenser, which shall be
20 effective for a 2-year period.

21 (b) Applicants shall be:

22 (1) at least 18 years of age;

23 (2) of good moral character;

24 (3) the holder of an associate's degree or the
25 equivalent;

1 (4) free of contagious or infectious disease; and

2 (5) a citizen or person lawfully present in the United
3 States.

4 Felony convictions of the applicant and findings against
5 the applicant involving matters set forth in Sections 17 and
6 18 shall be considered in determining moral character, but
7 such a conviction or finding shall not make an applicant
8 ineligible to register for examination.

9 (c) Prior to engaging in the practice of prescribing,
10 fitting, dispensing, or servicing hearing aids ~~instruments~~, an
11 applicant shall demonstrate, by means of written and practical
12 examinations, that such person is qualified to practice the
13 testing, selecting, recommending, fitting, selling, or
14 servicing of hearing aids ~~instruments~~ as defined in this Act.
15 An applicant must obtain a license within 12 months after
16 passing either the written or practical examination, whichever
17 is passed first, or must take and pass those examinations
18 again in order to be eligible to receive a license.

19 The Department shall, by rule, determine the conditions
20 under which an individual is examined.

21 (d) Proof of having met the minimum requirements of
22 continuing education as determined by the Board shall be
23 required of all license renewals. Pursuant to rule, the
24 continuing education requirements may, upon petition to the
25 Board, be waived in whole or in part if the hearing instrument
26 dispenser can demonstrate that he or she served in the Coast

1 Guard or Armed Forces, had an extreme hardship, or obtained
2 his or her license by examination or endorsement within the
3 preceding renewal period.

4 (e) Persons applying for an initial license must
5 demonstrate having earned, at a minimum, an associate degree
6 or its equivalent from an accredited institution of higher
7 education that is recognized by the U.S. Department of
8 Education or that meets the U.S. Department of Education
9 equivalency as determined through a National Association of
10 Credential Evaluation Services (NACES) member, and meet the
11 other requirements of this Section. In addition, the applicant
12 must demonstrate the successful completion of (1) 12 semester
13 hours or 18 quarter hours of academic undergraduate course
14 work in an accredited institution consisting of 3 semester
15 hours of anatomy and physiology of the hearing mechanism, 3
16 semester hours of hearing science, 3 semester hours of
17 introduction to audiology, and 3 semester hours of aural
18 rehabilitation, or the quarter hour equivalent or (2) an
19 equivalent program as determined by the Department that is
20 consistent with the scope of practice of a hearing instrument
21 dispenser as defined in Section 3 of this Act. Persons
22 licensed before January 1, 2003 who have a valid license on
23 that date may have their license renewed without meeting the
24 requirements of this subsection.

25 (Source: P.A. 102-1030, eff. 5-27-22.)

1 (225 ILCS 50/9) (from Ch. 111, par. 7409)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

3 Sec. 9. Areas of examination. The examination required by
4 Section 8 shall be set forth by rule and demonstrate the
5 applicant's technical qualifications by:

6 (a) Tests of knowledge in the following areas as they
7 pertain to the testing, selecting, recommending, fitting,
8 and selling of hearing aids ~~instruments~~:

9 (1) characteristics of sound;

10 (2) the nature of the ear; and

11 (3) the function and maintenance of hearing aids
12 ~~instruments~~.

13 (b) Practical tests of proficiency in techniques as
14 they pertain to the fitting of hearing aids ~~instruments~~
15 shall be prescribed by the Department, set forth by rule,
16 and include candidate qualifications in the following
17 areas:

18 (1) pure tone audiometry including air conduction
19 testing and bone conduction testing;

20 (2) live voice or recorded voice speech
21 audiometry, including speech reception, threshold
22 testing and speech discrimination testing;

23 (3) masking;

24 (4) proper selection and adaptation of a hearing
25 instrument;

26 (5) taking earmold impressions;

1 (6) proper maintenance procedures; and

2 (7) a general knowledge of the medical and
3 physical contra-indications to the use and fitting of
4 a hearing aids ~~instrument~~.

5 (c) Knowledge of the general medical and hearing
6 rehabilitation facilities in the area being served.

7 (d) Knowledge of the provisions of this Act and the
8 rules promulgated hereunder.

9 (Source: P.A. 96-683, eff. 1-1-10.)

10 (225 ILCS 50/9.5)

11 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

12 Sec. 9.5. Trainees.

13 (a) In order to receive a trainee license, a person must
14 apply to the Department and provide acceptable evidence of his
15 or her completion of the required courses pursuant to
16 subsection (e) of Section 8 of this Act, or its equivalent as
17 determined by the Department. A trainee license expires 12
18 months from the date of issue and is non-renewable.

19 (b) A trainee shall perform the functions of a hearing
20 instrument dispenser in accordance with the Department rules
21 and only under the direct supervision of a hearing instrument
22 dispenser or audiologist who is licensed in the State. ~~For the~~
23 ~~purposes of this Section, "direct supervision" means that the~~
24 ~~licensed hearing instrument dispenser or audiologist shall~~
25 ~~give final approval to all work performed by the trainee and~~

1 ~~shall be physically present anytime the trainee has contact~~
2 ~~with the client.~~ The licensed hearing instrument dispenser or
3 audiologist is responsible for all of the work that is
4 performed by the trainee.

5 (c) The Department may limit the number of trainees that
6 may be under the direct supervision of the same licensed
7 hearing instrument dispenser or licensed audiologist.

8 (d) The Department may establish a trainee licensing fee
9 by rule.

10 (e) A trainee may be supervised by more than one licensed
11 hearing instrument professional. The trainee must complete a
12 hearing instrument consumer protection program license
13 verification form for each supervising licensed hearing
14 instrument professional.

15 (Source: P.A. 98-827, eff. 1-1-15.)

16 (225 ILCS 50/12 new)

17 Sec. 12. Hearing aid technicians.

18 (a) Hearing aid technicians may be employed by a hearing
19 instrument professional to assist in the dispensing and
20 servicing of hearing instruments without a license. A hearing
21 aid technician must work under the direct supervision of a
22 licensed hearing instrument professional.

23 (b) The duties of a hearing aid technician are limited to
24 the following:

25 (1) packaging and mailing earmold orders, repaired

1 devices, and manufacturer or lab returns;
2 (2) maintaining an inventory of supplies;
3 (3) performing checks on hearing aids and other
4 amplification devices and equipment;
5 (4) troubleshooting and performing minor repairs to
6 hearing aids, earmolds, and other amplification devices
7 which do not alter the shape, sound characteristics, or
8 performance of the device;
9 (5) cleaning of hearing aids and other amplification
10 devices;
11 (6) performing electroacoustic analysis of hearing
12 aids and other amplification devices;
13 (7) instructing patients in proper use and care of
14 hearing aids and other amplification devices;
15 (8) demonstration of alerting and assistive listening
16 devices;
17 (9) performing infection control duties within the
18 clinic or service; and
19 (10) contacting hearing instrument manufacturers and
20 suppliers regarding status of orders and repairs.
21 (c) The licensed hearing instrument professional is
22 responsible for all services performed by the hearing aid
23 technician under the professional's direct supervision.

24 (225 ILCS 50/14) (from Ch. 111, par. 7414)

25 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

1 Sec. 14. Powers and duties of the Department. The powers
2 and duties of the Department are:

3 (a) To issue licenses and to administer examinations to
4 applicants, which must be offered at least on a quarterly
5 basis;

6 (b) To license persons who are qualified to engage in the
7 testing, recommending, fitting, selling, and dispensing of
8 hearing instruments;

9 (c) To provide the equipment and facilities necessary for
10 the examination;

11 (d) To issue and to renew licenses;

12 (e) To suspend or revoke licenses or to take such other
13 disciplinary action as provided in this Act;

14 (f) To consider all recommendations and requests of the
15 Board and to inform it of all actions of the Department insofar
16 as hearing instrument dispensers are concerned, including any
17 instances where the actions of the Department are contrary to
18 the recommendations of the Board;

19 (g) To promulgate rules necessary to implement this Act;

20 (h) (Blank); and

21 (i) To conduct such consumer education programs and
22 awareness programs for persons with a hearing impairment as
23 may be recommended by the Board.

24 (Source: P.A. 91-932, eff. 1-1-01.)

25 (225 ILCS 50/16) (from Ch. 111, par. 7416)

1 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

2 Sec. 16. Hearing Instrument Consumer Protection Board.
3 There shall be established a Hearing Instrument Consumer
4 Protection Board which shall assist, advise and make
5 recommendations to the Department.

6 The Board shall consist of 7 ~~6~~ members who shall be
7 residents of Illinois. One shall be a licensed physician who
8 specializes in otology or otolaryngology; one shall be a
9 member of a consumer-oriented organization concerned with the
10 deaf or hard of hearing; one shall be from the general public,
11 preferably a senior citizen; 2 shall be licensed hearing
12 instrument dispensers who are National Board Certified Hearing
13 Instrument Specialists; and 2 ~~one~~ shall be a licensed
14 audiologist. If a vote of the Board results in a tie, the
15 Director shall cast the deciding vote.

16 Members of the Board shall be appointed by the Director
17 after consultation with appropriate professional organizations
18 and consumer groups. As soon as practical after the effective
19 date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly, the
20 Director shall appoint the members of the Board. The term of
21 office of each shall be 4 years. Before a member's term
22 expires, the Director shall appoint a successor to assume
23 member's duties at the expiration of his or her predecessor's
24 term. A vacancy shall be filled by appointment for the
25 unexpired term. The members shall annually designate one
26 member as chairman. No member of the Board who has served 2

1 successive, full terms may be reappointed. The Director may
2 remove members for good cause.

3 Members of the Board shall receive reimbursement for
4 actual and necessary travel and for other expenses, not to
5 exceed the limit established by the Department.

6 (Source: P.A. 98-827, eff. 1-1-15.)

7 (225 ILCS 50/17) (from Ch. 111, par. 7417)

8 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

9 Sec. 17. Duties of the Board. The Board shall advise the
10 Department in all matters relating to this Act and shall
11 assist as requested by the Director.

12 The Board shall respond to issues and problems relating to
13 the improvement of services to the deaf or hard of hearing and
14 shall make such recommendations as it considers advisable. It
15 shall file an annual report with the Director and shall meet at
16 least twice a year. The Board may meet at any time at the call
17 of the chair.

18 The Board shall recommend specialized education programs
19 for persons wishing to become licensed as hearing instrument
20 dispensers and shall, by rule, establish minimum standards of
21 continuing education required for license renewal. No more
22 than 5 hours of continuing education credit per year, however,
23 can be obtained through programs sponsored by hearing
24 instrument manufacturers. Continuing education credit ~~A~~
25 ~~minimum of 2 hours of continuing education credit~~ per

1 licensing period must include a minimum of (i) 2 hours ~~be~~
2 ~~obtained~~ in Illinois law and ethics, (ii) one hour in sexual
3 harassment prevention training, and (iii) one hour in implicit
4 bias awareness. Continuing education offered by a college,
5 university, or bar association, the International Hearing
6 Society, the American Academy of Audiology, the American
7 Speech-Language-Hearing Association, the Illinois
8 Speech-Language-Hearing Association, the Illinois Academy of
9 Audiology, or the Illinois Hearing Society regarding Illinois
10 law and ethics shall be accepted toward satisfaction of the
11 Illinois law and ethics continuing education requirement.

12 The Board shall hear charges brought by any person against
13 hearing instrument dispensers and shall recommend disciplinary
14 action to the Director.

15 Members of the Board are immune from liability in any
16 action based upon a licensing proceeding or other act
17 performed in good faith as a member of the Board.

18 (Source: P.A. 98-827, eff. 1-1-15; 99-204, eff. 7-30-15.)

19 (225 ILCS 50/18) (from Ch. 111, par. 7418)

20 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

21 Sec. 18. Discipline by the Department. The Department may
22 refuse to issue or renew a license or it may revoke, suspend,
23 place on probation, censure, fine, or reprimand a licensee for
24 any of the following:

25 (a) Material misstatement in furnishing information to

1 the Department or to any other State or federal agency.

2 (b) Violations of this Act, or the rules promulgated
3 hereunder.

4 (c) Conviction of any crime under the laws of the
5 United States or any state or territory thereof which is a
6 felony or misdemeanor, an essential element of dishonesty,
7 or of any crime which is directly related to the practice
8 of the profession.

9 (d) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of
10 obtaining a license or renewing a license, including
11 falsification of the continuing education requirement.

12 (e) Professional incompetence.

13 (f) Malpractice.

14 (g) Aiding or assisting another person in violating
15 any provision of this Act or the rules promulgated
16 hereunder.

17 (h) Failing, within 30 days, to provide in writing
18 information in response to a written request made by the
19 Department.

20 (i) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or
21 unprofessional conduct which is likely to deceive,
22 defraud, or harm the public.

23 (j) Knowingly employing, directly or indirectly, any
24 suspended or unlicensed person to perform any services
25 covered by this Act.

26 (k) Habitual intoxication or addiction to the use of

1 drugs.

2 (l) Discipline by another state, the District of
3 Columbia, territory, or a foreign nation, if at least one
4 of the grounds for the discipline is the same or
5 substantially equivalent to those set forth herein.

6 (m) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from
7 any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association
8 any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation
9 for any service not actually rendered. Nothing in this
10 paragraph (m) affects any bona fide independent contractor
11 or employment arrangements among health care
12 professionals, health facilities, health care providers,
13 or other entities, except as otherwise prohibited by law.
14 Any employment arrangements may include provisions for
15 compensation, health insurance, pension, or other
16 employment benefits for the provision of services within
17 the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act.
18 Nothing in this paragraph (m) shall be construed to
19 require an employment arrangement to receive professional
20 fees for services rendered.

21 (n) A finding by the Board that the licensee, after
22 having his or her license placed on probationary status,
23 has violated the terms of probation.

24 (o) Willfully making or filing false records or
25 reports.

26 (p) Willfully failing to report an instance of

1 suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused
2 and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

3 (q) Physical illness, including, but not limited to,
4 deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor
5 skill which results in the inability to practice the
6 profession with reasonable judgement, skill or safety.

7 (r) Solicitation of services or products by
8 advertising that is false or misleading. An advertisement
9 is false or misleading if it:

10 (1) contains an intentional misrepresentation of
11 fact;

12 (2) contains a false statement as to the
13 licensee's professional achievements, education,
14 skills, or qualifications in the hearing instrument
15 dispensing profession;

16 (3) makes a partial disclosure of a relevant fact,
17 including:

18 (i) the advertisement of a discounted price of
19 an item without identifying in the advertisement
20 or at the location of the item either the specific
21 product being offered at the discounted price or
22 the usual price of the item; and

23 (ii) the advertisement of the price of a
24 specifically identified hearing instrument if more
25 than one hearing instrument appears in the same
26 advertisement without an accompanying price;

1 (4) contains a representation that a product
2 innovation is new when, in fact, the product was first
3 offered by the manufacturer to the general public in
4 this State not less than 12 months before the date of
5 the advertisement;

6 (5) contains any other representation, statement,
7 or claim that is inherently misleading or deceptive;
8 or

9 (6) contains information that the licensee
10 manufactures hearing instruments at the licensee's
11 office location unless the following statement
12 includes a statement disclosing that the instruments
13 are manufactured by a specified manufacturer and
14 assembled by the licensee.

15 (s) Participating in subterfuge or misrepresentation
16 in the fitting or servicing of a hearing instrument.

17 (t) (Blank).

18 (u) Representing that the service of a licensed
19 physician or other health professional will be used or
20 made available in the fitting, adjustment, maintenance, or
21 repair of hearing instruments or hearing aids when that is
22 not true, or using the words "doctor", "audiologist",
23 "clinic", "Clinical Audiologist", "Certified Hearing Aid
24 Audiologist", "State Licensed", "State Certified",
25 "Hearing Instrument ~~Care~~ Professional", "Licensed Hearing
26 Instrument Dispenser", "Licensed Hearing Aid Dispenser",

1 "Board Certified Hearing Instrument Specialist", "Hearing
2 Instrument Specialist", "Licensed Audiologist", or any
3 other term, abbreviation, or symbol which would give the
4 impression that service is being provided by persons who
5 are licensed or awarded a degree or title, or that an
6 entity utilizes the services of an individual who is
7 licensed or has been awarded a degree or title, or that the
8 person's service who is holding the license has been
9 recommended by a governmental agency or health provider,
10 when such is not the case.

11 (v) Advertising a manufacturer's product or using a
12 manufacturer's name or trademark implying a relationship
13 which does not exist.

14 (w) Directly or indirectly giving or offering anything
15 of value to any person who advises another in a
16 professional capacity, as an inducement to influence the
17 purchase of a product sold or offered for sale by a hearing
18 instrument dispenser or influencing persons to refrain
19 from dealing in the products of competitors.

20 (x) Conducting business while suffering from a
21 contagious disease.

22 (y) Engaging in the fitting or sale of hearing
23 instruments under a name with fraudulent intent.

24 (z) Dispensing a hearing instrument to a person who
25 has not been given tests utilizing appropriate established
26 procedures and instrumentation in the fitting of

1 ~~prescription hearing aids instruments, except where there~~
2 ~~is the replacement of a hearing instrument, of the same~~
3 ~~make and model within one year of the dispensing of the~~
4 ~~original hearing instrument.~~

5 (aa) Unavailability or unwillingness to adequately
6 provide for service or repair of hearing instruments or
7 hearing aids fitted and sold by the dispenser.

8 (bb) Violating the regulations of the Federal Food and
9 Drug Administration or the Federal Trade Commission as
10 they affect hearing aids or instruments.

11 (cc) Violating any provision of the Consumer Fraud and
12 Deceptive Business Practices Act.

13 (dd) Violating the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
14 Act.

15 (ee) Failing to adequately supervise a hearing aid
16 technician or allowing a hearing aid technician to
17 practice beyond the hearing aid technician's training or
18 the duties set forth in Section 12.

19 (ff) Filing a false claim with a third-party payer.

20 The Department, with the approval of the Board, may impose
21 a fine not to exceed \$1,000 plus costs for the first violation
22 and not to exceed \$5,000 plus costs for each subsequent
23 violation of this Act, and the rules promulgated hereunder, on
24 any person or entity described in this Act. Such fine may be
25 imposed as an alternative to any other disciplinary measure,
26 except for probation. The imposition by the Department of a

1 fine for any violation does not bar the violation from being
2 alleged in subsequent disciplinary proceedings. Such fines
3 shall be deposited in the Fund.

4 (Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

5 (225 ILCS 50/19) (from Ch. 111, par. 7419)

6 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

7 Sec. 19. Injunctions; civil penalties.

8 (a) The practice of prescribing, fitting, dispensing, and
9 servicing hearing instruments or hearing aids by any person
10 not at that time in possession of a valid and current license
11 under this Act is hereby declared to be a Class A misdemeanor.
12 The Director of the Department, through the Attorney General
13 or the State's Attorney of any county, may maintain an action
14 in the name of the people of the State of Illinois and may
15 apply for an injunction in the circuit court to enjoin such
16 person from engaging in such practice. Any person may apply
17 for an injunction in the circuit court to enjoin a person from
18 engaging without a license in practices for which a license is
19 required under this Act. Upon the filing of a verified
20 petition in such court, the court, if satisfied by affidavit
21 or otherwise, that such person has been engaged in such
22 practice without a current license to do so, may enter a
23 temporary restraining order without notice or bond, enjoining
24 the defendant from such further practice. A copy of the
25 verified complaint shall be served upon the defendant and the

1 proceedings shall thereafter be conducted as other civil
2 cases. If it is established that the defendant has been, or is
3 engaged in any unlawful practice, the court may enter an order
4 or judgment perpetually enjoining the defendant from further
5 such practice. In all proceedings hereunder, the court, in its
6 discretion, may apportion the costs among the parties
7 interested in the action, including cost of filing the
8 complaint, service of process, witness fees and expenses,
9 court reporter charges and reasonable attorneys fees. In case
10 of violation of any injunctive order entered pursuant to this
11 Section, the court, may try and punish the offender for
12 contempt of court. Such injunctive proceedings shall be in
13 addition to all penalties and other remedies in this Act. Any
14 such costs that may accrue to the Department shall be placed in
15 the Fund.

16 (b) A person who engages in the selling of hearing
17 instruments or hearing aids or the practice of prescribing,
18 fitting, dispensing, or servicing hearing instruments or
19 hearing aids or displays a sign, advertises, or represents
20 himself or herself as a person who practices the fitting and
21 selling of hearing instruments or hearing aids without being
22 licensed or exempt under this Act shall, in addition to any
23 other penalty provided by law, pay a civil penalty to the
24 Department in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for each offense,
25 as determined by the Department. The civil penalty shall be
26 assessed by the Department after a hearing is held in

1 accordance with the provisions set forth in this Act regarding
2 the provision of a hearing for the discipline of a licensee.

3 (c) The Department may investigate any actual, alleged, or
4 suspected unlicensed activity.

5 (d) The civil penalty shall be paid within 60 days after
6 the effective date of the order imposing the civil penalty.
7 The order shall constitute a judgment and may be filed and
8 execution had thereon in the same manner as any judgment from
9 any court of record.

10 (Source: P.A. 89-72, eff. 12-31-95.)

11 (225 ILCS 50/20) (from Ch. 111, par. 7420)

12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

13 Sec. 20. Inactive status. A hearing instrument dispenser
14 who notifies the Department, on the prescribed forms, may
15 place his or her license on inactive status and shall be exempt
16 from payment of renewal fees until he or she notifies the
17 Department in writing, of the intention to resume the practice
18 of testing, fitting, dispensing, selecting, recommending, and
19 servicing hearing aids ~~instruments~~ and pays the current
20 renewal fee and demonstrates compliance with any continuing
21 education that may be required. However, if such period of
22 inactive status is more than 2 years, the hearing instrument
23 dispenser shall also provide the Department with sworn
24 evidence certifying to active practice in another jurisdiction
25 that is satisfactory to the Department. If such person has not

1 practiced in any jurisdiction for 2 years or more, he or she
2 shall be required to restore his or her license by retaking and
3 passing the examinations required in Section 8. Any hearing
4 instrument dispenser whose license is on inactive status shall
5 not practice in Illinois.

6 (Source: P.A. 89-72, eff. 12-31-95.)

7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January
8 1, 2024.