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1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Legislative intent. The laws and public policy of this State have established the fundamental rights of individuals to make autonomous decisions about their own reproductive health, including the fundamental right to use or refuse reproductive health care. It is also the public policy of the State to ensure that patients receive timely access to information and medically appropriate care and that consumers are protected from deceptive and unfair practices. Despite these laws, vulnerable State residents and nonresidents seeking health care in this State have repeatedly been misled by organizations and their agents purporting to provide comprehensive reproductive health care services, but which, in reality, aim to dissuade pregnant persons from considering abortion care through deceptive, fraudulent, and misleading information and practices, without any regard for a pregnant person's concerns or circumstances. These organizations pay for advertising, including online and on billboards and public transportation, that is intended to attract consumers to their organizations and away from medical providers that offer comprehensive reproductive care. The advertisements information given by these organizations provide grossly

inaccurate or misleading information overstating the risks 1 2 associated with abortion, including conveying untrue claims 3 that abortion causes cancer or infertility and concealing data that shows the risk of death associated with childbirth is 5 approximately 14 times higher than the risk of death associated with an abortion. This misinformation is intended 6 7 undue delays and disruption to protected, cause 8 time-sensitive, reproductive health care services, and the 9 State has interest in preventing health risks an 10 associated costs caused and compounded by unnecessary delays 11 in obtaining life-changing or life-saving reproductive care. 12 Even when an organization offers free services, all of this activity has a commercial and economic impact on where, when, 13 14 and how reproductive care is provided. The conduct of these 15 organizations has become increasingly aggressive following the 16 United States Supreme Court decision in Dobbs v. Jackson 17 Women's Health Organization, 142 S.Ct. 2228 (2022). The State has an interest to protect against deceptive, fraudulent, and 18 misleading advertising and practices that interfere with an 19 20 individual's ability to make autonomous, informed, evidence-based decisions about the individual's reproductive 21 22 health and have timely access to quality reproductive health 23 care that adheres to accepted standards of medical practice or 24 care. The State also has an interest to protect against 25 deceptive and unfair practices affecting trade and commerce, 26 ensure a free, open, and fair marketplace for all

- marketplace participants. At the same time, it is the public 1 2 policy of the State to respect the right to hold and express deeply held beliefs about abortion 3 so long as 4 deception, and misleading practices are not employed to 5 interfere with or prevent another from accessing comprehensive reproductive health care. It is not the intention of this Act 6 7 to regulate, limit, or curtail the ability to counsel against 8 abortion if an organization and its agents are otherwise 9 operating in compliance with the law.
- 10 Section 5. The Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business 11 Practices Act is amended by adding Section 2BBBB as follows:
- 12 (815 ILCS 505/2BBBB new)
- Sec. 2BBBB. Deceptive practices related to limited 13 14 services pregnancy centers.
- 15 (a) As used in this Section:
- 16 "Abortion" means the use of any instrument, medicine, 17 drug, or any other substance or device to terminate the pregnancy of an individual known to be pregnant with an 18 intention other than to increase the probability of a live 19 20 birth, to preserve the life or health of the child after live 21 birth, or to remove a dead fetus, as defined in Section 1-10 of 22 the Reproductive Health Act.
- 23 "Affiliates" has the meaning given to the term "hospital affiliate" as defined in subsection (b) of Section 10.8 of the 24

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1	Hospital Licensing Act.
2	"Emergency contraception" means one or more prescription
3	drugs (i) used separately or in combination for the purpose of
4	preventing pregnancy, (ii) administered to or
5	self-administered by a patient within a medically recommended
6	amount of time after sexual intercourse, and (iii) dispensed
7	for such purpose in accordance with professional standards of
8	practice.
9	"Limited services pregnancy center" means an organization
10	or facility, including a mobile facility, that:
11	(1) does not directly provide abortions or provide or
12	prescribe emergency contraception, or provide referrals
13	for abortions or emergency contraception, and has no
14	affiliation with any organization or provider who provides
15	abortions or provides or prescribes emergency
16	contraception; and
17	(2) has a primary purpose to offer or provide
18	pregnancy-related services to an individual who is or has
19	reason to believe the individual may be pregnant, whether
20	or not a fee is charged for such services.
21	"Limited services pregnancy center" does not include:
22	(1) a health care professional licensed by the
23	Department of Financial and Professional Regulation;
24	(2) a hospital licensed under the Hospital Licensing

(3) a hospital licensed under the University of

Act and its affiliates; or

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1	Illinois Hospital Act and its affiliates.
2	"Limited services pregnancy center" includes an organization
3	or facility that has employees, volunteers, or agents who are
4	health care professionals licensed by the Department of
5	Financial and Professional Regulation.
6	"Pregnancy-related services" means any medical service, or
7	health counseling service, related to the prevention,
8	preservation, or termination of pregnancy, including, but not
9	limited to, contraception and contraceptive counseling,
10	pregnancy testing, pregnancy diagnosis, pregnancy options
11	counseling, limited obstetric ultrasound, obstetric
12	ultrasound, obstetric sonogram, sexually transmitted
13	infections testing, and prenatal care.
14	(b) A limited services pregnancy center shall not engage
15	in unfair methods of competition or unfair or deceptive acts
16	or practices, including the use or employment of any
17	deception, fraud, false pretense, false promise, or
18	misrepresentation, or the concealment, suppression, or
19	omission of any material fact, with the intent that others
20	rely upon the concealment, suppression, or omission of such
21	<pre>material fact:</pre>
22	(1) to interfere with or prevent an individual from
23	seeking to gain entry or access to a provider of abortion
24	or emergency contraception;
25	(2) to induce an individual to enter or access the

limited services pregnancy center;

1	(3) in advertising, soliciting, or otherwise offering
2	<pre>pregnancy-related services; or</pre>
3	(4) in conducting, providing, or performing
4	<pre>pregnancy-related services.</pre>
5	(c) A violation of this Section constitutes a violation of
6	this Act.

- 7 Section 97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.
- 9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law. 10