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1 AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections
2-3.250, 2-3.71, 10-20.12a, 10-20.67, 21B-20, and 21B-50 as
follows:

7 (105 ILCS 5/2-3.250)

8 Sec. 2-3.250. Registration and recognition of non-public
9 elementary and secondary schools.

(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds and declares (i) 10 that the Constitution of the State of Illinois provides that a 11 "fundamental goal of the People of the State is the 12 educational development of all persons to the limits of their 13 14 capacities" and (ii) that the educational development of every school student serves the public purposes of the State. In 15 16 order to ensure that all Illinois students and teachers have 17 opportunity to enroll and work in State-approved the educational institutions and programs, the State Board of 18 19 Education shall provide for the voluntary registration and 20 recognition of non-public elementary and secondary schools.

(b) Registration. All non-public elementary and secondary
 schools in the State of Illinois may voluntarily register with
 the State Board of Education on an annual basis. Registration

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shall be completed in conformance with procedures prescribed 1 2 by the State Board of Education. Information required for 3 registration shall include assurances of compliance (i) with federal and State laws regarding health examination 4 and 5 immunization, attendance, length of term, and 6 nondiscrimination, including assurances that the school will 7 not prohibit hairstyles historically associated with race, 8 ethnicity, or hair texture, including, but not limited to, 9 protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twists, and 10 (ii) with applicable fire and health safety requirements.

11 (c) Recognition. All non-public elementary and secondary 12 schools in the State of Illinois may voluntarily seek the status of "Non-public School Recognition" from the State Board 13 14 of Education. This status may be obtained by compliance with 15 administrative guidelines and review procedures as prescribed 16 by the State Board of Education. The guidelines and procedures 17 must recognize that some of the aims and the financial bases of non-public schools are different from public schools and will 18 19 not be identical to those for public schools, nor will they be 20 more burdensome. The quidelines and procedures must also recognize the diversity of non-public schools and shall not 21 22 impinge upon the noneducational relationships between those 23 schools and their clientele.

(c-5) Prohibition against recognition. A non-public
 elementary or secondary school may not obtain "Non-public
 School Recognition" status unless the school requires all

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certified and non-certified applicants for employment with the 1 2 school, after July 1, 2007, to authorize a fingerprint-based criminal history records check as a condition of employment to 3 determine if such applicants have been convicted of any of the 4 5 enumerated criminal or drug offenses set forth in Section 21B-80 of this Code or have been convicted, within 7 years of 6 7 the application for employment, of any other felony under the 8 laws of this State or of any offense committed or attempted in 9 any other state or against the laws of the United States that, 10 if committed or attempted in this State, would have been 11 punishable as a felony under the laws of this State.

12 Authorization for the check shall be furnished by the applicant to the school, except that if the applicant is a 13 14 substitute teacher seeking employment in more than one 15 non-public school, a teacher seeking concurrent part-time 16 employment positions with more than one non-public school (as 17 specialist, special education а reading teacher, or otherwise), or an educational support personnel employee 18 seeking employment positions with more than one non-public 19 20 school, then only one of the non-public schools employing the 21 individual shall request the authorization. Upon receipt of 22 this authorization, the non-public school shall submit the 23 applicant's name, sex, race, date of birth, social security 24 number, fingerprint images, and other identifiers, as 25 prescribed by the Illinois State Police, to the Illinois State 26 Police.

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The Illinois State Police and 1 Federal Bureau of Investigation shall furnish, pursuant to a fingerprint-based 2 criminal history records check, records of convictions, 3 forever and hereafter, until expunged, to the president or 4 5 principal of the non-public school that requested the check. 6 The Illinois State Police shall charge that school a fee for 7 conducting such check, which fee must be deposited into the State Police Services Fund and must not exceed the cost of the 8 9 inquiry. Subject to appropriations for these purposes, the 10 State Superintendent of Education shall reimburse non-public 11 schools for fees paid to obtain criminal history records 12 checks under this Section.

13 A non-public school may not obtain recognition status unless the school also performs a check of the Statewide Sex 14 15 Offender Database, as authorized by the Sex Offender Community 16 Notification Law, and the Statewide Murderer and Violent 17 Offender Against Youth Database, as authorized by the Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Act, for each 18 19 applicant for employment, after July 1, 2007, to determine 20 whether the applicant has been adjudicated of a sex offense or 21 of a murder or other violent crime against youth. The checks of 22 the Statewide Sex Offender Database and the Stateside Murderer 23 and Violent Offender Against Youth Database must be conducted 24 by the non-public school once for every 5 years that an 25 applicant remains employed by the non-public school. a sex 26 offender.

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Any information concerning the record of convictions 1 2 obtained by a non-public school's president or principal under 3 this Section is confidential and may be disseminated only to the governing body of the non-public school or any other 4 5 person necessary to the decision of hiring the applicant for employment. A copy of the record of convictions obtained from 6 7 the Illinois State Police shall be provided to the applicant 8 for employment. Upon a check of the Statewide Sex Offender 9 Database, the non-public school shall notify the applicant as 10 to whether or not the applicant has been identified in the Sex 11 Offender Database as а sex offender. Any information 12 concerning the records of conviction obtained by the 13 non-public school's president or principal under this Section 14 for a substitute teacher seeking employment in more than one 15 non-public school, a teacher seeking concurrent part-time 16 employment positions with more than one non-public school (as 17 specialist, special education teacher, а reading or otherwise), or an educational support personnel employee 18 seeking employment positions with more than one non-public 19 20 school may be shared with another non-public school's 21 principal or president to which the applicant seeks 22 employment. Any unauthorized release of confidential 23 information may be a violation of Section 7 of the Criminal 24 Identification Act.

No non-public school may obtain recognition status that knowingly employs a person, hired after July 1, 2007, for whom SB2390 Engrossed - 6 - LRB103 28048 RJT 54427 b

an Illinois State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation 1 2 fingerprint-based criminal history records check and a Statewide Sex Offender Database check has not been initiated 3 or who has been convicted of any offense enumerated in Section 4 5 21B-80 of this Code or any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States that, 6 7 if committed or attempted in this State, would have been 8 punishable as one or more of those offenses. No non-public 9 school may obtain recognition status under this Section that 10 knowingly employs a person who has been found to be the 11 perpetrator of sexual or physical abuse of a minor under 18 12 years of age pursuant to proceedings under Article II of the 13 Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

In order to obtain recognition status under this Section, 14 15 а non-public school must require compliance with the 16 provisions of this subsection (c-5) from all employees of 17 persons or firms holding contracts with the school, including, but not limited to, food service workers, school bus drivers, 18 19 and other transportation employees, who have direct, daily 20 contact with pupils. Any information concerning the records of conviction or identification as a sex offender of any such 21 22 employee obtained by the non-public school principal or 23 president must be promptly reported to the school's governing 24 body.

25 Prior to the commencement of any student teaching 26 experience or required internship (which is referred to as SB2390 Engrossed - 7 - LRB103 28048 RJT 54427 b

student teaching in this Section) in any non-public elementary 1 2 or secondary school that has obtained or seeks to obtain recognition status under this Section, a student teacher is 3 required to authorize a fingerprint-based criminal history 4 5 records check. Authorization for and payment of the costs of the check must be furnished by the student teacher to the chief 6 7 administrative officer of the non-public school where the 8 student teaching is to be completed. Upon receipt of this 9 authorization and payment, the chief administrative officer of 10 the non-public school shall submit the student teacher's name, 11 sex, race, date of birth, social security number, fingerprint 12 images, and other identifiers, as prescribed by the Illinois State Police, to the Illinois State Police. The Illinois State 13 14 Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall furnish, 15 pursuant to a fingerprint-based criminal history records 16 check, records of convictions, forever and hereinafter, until 17 to the chief administrative officer of expunged, the non-public school that requested the check. The Illinois State 18 Police shall charge the school a fee for conducting the check, 19 20 which fee must be passed on to the student teacher, must not 21 exceed the cost of the inquiry, and must be deposited into the 22 State Police Services Fund. The school shall further perform a 23 check of the Statewide Sex Offender Database, as authorized by 24 the Sex Offender Community Notification Law, and of the 25 Statewide Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth 26 Database, as authorized by the Murderer and Violent Offender

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Against Youth Registration Act, for each student teacher. No 1 2 school that has obtained or seeks to obtain recognition status 3 under this Section may knowingly allow a person to student teach for whom a criminal history records check, a Statewide 4 5 Sex Offender Database check, and a Statewide Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Database check have not been 6 7 completed and reviewed by the chief administrative officer of 8 the non-public school.

9 A copy of the record of convictions obtained from the 10 Illinois State Police must be provided to the student teacher. 11 Any information concerning the record of convictions obtained 12 by the chief administrative officer of the non-public school is confidential and may be transmitted only to the chief 13 administrative officer of the non-public school or his or her 14 15 designee, the State Superintendent of Education, the State 16 Educator Preparation and Licensure Board, or, for 17 clarification purposes, the Illinois State Police or the Statewide Sex Offender Database or Statewide Murderer and 18 19 Violent Offender Against Youth Database. Any unauthorized 20 release of confidential information may be a violation of Section 7 of the Criminal Identification Act. 21

No school that has obtained or seeks to obtain recognition status under this Section may knowingly allow a person to student teach who has been convicted of any offense that would subject him or her to license suspension or revocation pursuant to Section 21B-80 of this Code or who has been found SB2390 Engrossed - 9 - LRB103 28048 RJT 54427 b

to be the perpetrator of sexual or physical abuse of a minor under 18 years of age pursuant to proceedings under Article II of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

Any school that has obtained or seeks to obtain recognition status under this Section may not prohibit hairstyles historically associated with race, ethnicity, or hair texture, including, but not limited to, protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twists.

9 (d) Public purposes. The provisions of this Section are in 10 the public interest, for the public benefit, and serve secular 11 public purposes.

(e) Definition. For purposes of this Section, a non-public
school means any non-profit, non-home-based, and non-public
elementary or secondary school that is in compliance with
Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at
which satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of this Code.
(Source: P.A. 102-360, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

19 (105 ILCS 5/2-3.71) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.71)

20 Sec. 2-3.71. Grants for preschool educational programs.

21 (a) Preschool program.

(1) The State Board of Education shall implement and
administer a grant program under the provisions of this
subsection which shall consist of grants to public school
districts and other eligible entities, as defined by the

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State Board of Education, to conduct voluntary preschool 1 educational programs for children ages 3 to 5 which 2 3 include a parent education component. A public school district which receives grants under this subsection may 4 5 subcontract with other entities that are eligible to 6 conduct a preschool educational program. These grants must 7 be used to supplement, not supplant, funds received from any other source. 8

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(2) (Blank).

10 (3) Except as otherwise provided under this subsection 11 (a), any teacher of preschool children in the program 12 authorized by this subsection shall hold a Professional 13 Educator License with an early childhood education 14 endorsement.

15 (3.5) Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year and 16 until the 2028-2029 2023 2024 school year, an individual 17 may teach preschool children in an early childhood program under this Section if he or she holds a Professional 18 19 Educator License with an early childhood education 20 endorsement or with short-term approval for earlv 21 childhood education or he or she pursues a Professional 22 Educator License and holds any of the following:

(A) An ECE Credential Level of 5 awarded by the
 Department of Human Services under the Gateways to
 Opportunity Program developed under Section 10-70 of
 the Department of Human Services Act.

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1 (B) An Educator License with Stipulations with a 2 transitional bilingual educator endorsement and he or 3 she has (i) passed an early childhood education 4 content test or (ii) completed no less than 9 semester 5 hours of postsecondary coursework in the area of early 6 childhood education.

(4) (Blank).

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(4.5) The State Board of Education shall provide the 8 9 primary source of funding through appropriations for the 10 program. Such funds shall be distributed to achieve a goal 11 of "Preschool for All Children" for the benefit of all 12 children whose families choose to participate in the program. Based on available appropriations, newly funded 13 14 programs shall be selected through a process giving first 15 priority to qualified programs serving primarily at-risk 16 children and second priority to qualified programs serving 17 primarily children with a family income of less than 4 times the poverty guidelines updated periodically in the 18 19 Federal Register by the U.S. Department of Health and 20 Human Services under the authority of 42 U.S.C. 9902(2). 21 For purposes of this paragraph (4.5), at-risk children are 22 those who because of their home and community environment 23 are subject to such language, cultural, economic and like 24 disadvantages to cause them to have been determined as a 25 result of screening procedures to be at risk of academic 26 failure. Such screening procedures shall be based on

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criteria established by the State Board of Education.

2 Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (4.5), 3 grantees under the program must enter into a memorandum of understanding with the appropriate local Head Start 4 5 agency. This memorandum must be entered into no later than 3 months after the award of a grantee's grant under the 6 7 program, except that, in the case of the 2009-2010 program 8 year, the memorandum must be entered into no later than 9 the deadline set by the State Board of Education for 10 applications to participate in the program in fiscal year 11 2011, and must address collaboration between the grantee's 12 program and the local Head Start agency on certain issues, 13 which shall include without limitation the following:

14 (A) educational activities, curricular objectives,15 and instruction;

(B) public information dissemination and access to
 programs for families contacting programs;

(C) service areas;

(D) selection priorities for eligible children tobe served by programs;

(E) maximizing the impact of federal and State
 funding to benefit young children;

(F) staff training, including opportunities for
 joint staff training;

(G) technical assistance;

(H) communication and parent outreach for smooth

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transitions to kindergarten;

2 (I) provision and use of facilities,
3 transportation, and other program elements;

(J) facilitating each program's fulfillment of its
 statutory and regulatory requirements;

6 (K) improving local planning and collaboration; 7 and

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(L) providing comprehensive services for the neediest Illinois children and families.

10 If the appropriate local Head Start agency is unable or 11 unwilling to enter into a memorandum of understanding as 12 required under this paragraph (4.5), the memorandum of understanding requirement shall not apply and the grantee 13 14 under the program must notify the State Board of Education 15 in writing of the Head Start agency's inability or 16 unwillingness. The State Board of Education shall compile 17 all such written notices and make them available to the 18 public.

19 The State Board of Education shall develop and (5) provide evaluation tools, including tests, that school 20 21 districts and other eligible entities may use to evaluate 22 children for school readiness prior to age 5. The State 23 Board of Education shall require school districts and 24 other eligible entities to obtain consent from the parents 25 or quardians of children before any evaluations are 26 conducted. The State Board of Education shall encourage SB2390 Engrossed - 14 - LRB103 28048 RJT 54427 b

local school districts and other eligible entities to evaluate the population of preschool children in their communities and provide preschool programs, pursuant to this subsection, where appropriate.

5 (6) The State Board of Education shall report to the General Assembly by November 1, 2018 and every 2 years 6 7 thereafter on the results and progress of students who were enrolled in preschool educational programs, including 8 9 an assessment of which programs have been most successful 10 in promoting academic excellence and alleviating academic failure. The State Board of Education shall assess the 11 12 academic progress of all students who have been enrolled 13 in preschool educational programs.

14 On or before November 1 of each fiscal year in which 15 the General Assembly provides funding for new programs 16 under paragraph (4.5) of this Section, the State Board of 17 Education shall report to the General Assembly on what percentage of new funding was provided to programs serving 18 19 primarily at-risk children, what percentage of new funding 20 was provided to programs serving primarily children with a 21 family income of less than 4 times the federal poverty 22 level, and what percentage of new funding was provided to 23 other programs.

(7) Due to evidence that expulsion practices in the
 preschool years are linked to poor child outcomes and are
 employed inconsistently across racial and gender groups,

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early childhood programs receiving State funds under this subsection (a) shall prohibit expulsions. Planned transitions to settings that are able to better meet a child's needs are not considered expulsion under this paragraph (7).

6 (A) When persistent and serious challenging 7 behaviors emerge, the early childhood program shall document steps taken to ensure that the child can 8 9 safely in the program; participate including 10 observations of initial and ongoing challenging 11 behaviors, strategies for remediation and intervention 12 plans to address the behaviors, and communication with 13 the parent or legal guardian, including participation of the parent or legal guardian in planning and 14 15 decision-making.

16 (B) The early childhood program shall, with 17 legal guardian consent as required, parental or utilize a range of community resources, if available 18 19 and deemed necessary, including, but not limited to, developmental screenings, referrals to programs and 20 services administered by a local educational agency or 21 22 early intervention agency under Parts B and C of the 23 federal Individual with Disabilities Education Act, and consultation with infant and early childhood 24 25 mental health consultants and the child's health care 26 provider. The program shall document attempts to engage these resources, including parent or legal guardian participation and consent attempted and obtained. Communication with the parent or legal guardian shall take place in a culturally and linguistically competent manner.

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If there is documented evidence that all 6 (C) 7 available interventions and supports recommended by a 8 qualified professional have been exhausted and the 9 program determines in its professional judgment that 10 transitioning a child to another program is necessary 11 for the well-being of the child or his or her peers and 12 staff, with parent or legal guardian permission, both 13 the current and pending programs shall create a 14 transition plan designed to ensure continuity of 15 services and the comprehensive development of the 16 child. Communication with families shall occur in a 17 culturally and linguistically competent manner.

(D) Nothing in this paragraph (7) shall preclude a
parent's or legal guardian's right to voluntarily
withdraw his or her child from an early childhood
program. Early childhood programs shall request and
keep on file, when received, a written statement from
the parent or legal guardian stating the reason for
his or her decision to withdraw his or her child.

(E) In the case of the determination of a serious
 safety threat to a child or others or in the case of

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behaviors listed in subsection (d) of Section 10-22.6 of this Code, the temporary removal of a child from attendance in group settings may be used. Temporary removal of a child from attendance in a group setting shall trigger the process detailed in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of this paragraph (7), with the child placed back in a group setting as quickly as possible.

8 (F) Early childhood programs may utilize and the 9 State Board of Education, the Department of Human 10 Services, and the Department of Children and Family 11 Services shall recommend training, technical support, 12 and professional development resources to improve the 13 teachers, administrators, program ability of 14 directors, and other staff to promote social-emotional 15 development and behavioral health, to address 16 challenging behaviors, and to understand trauma and 17 trauma-informed care, cultural competence, family engagement with diverse populations, the impact of 18 19 implicit bias on adult behavior, and the use of 20 reflective practice techniques. Support shall include 21 the availability of resources to contract with infant 22 and early childhood mental health consultants.

(G) Beginning on July 1, 2018, early childhood
 programs shall annually report to the State Board of
 Education, and, beginning in fiscal year 2020, the
 State Board of Education shall make available on a

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biennial basis, in an existing report, all of the following data for children from birth to age 5 who are served by the program:

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(i) Total number served over the course of the program year and the total number of children who left the program during the program year.

7 (ii) Number of planned transitions to another 8 program due to children's behavior, by children's 9 race, gender, disability, language, class/group 10 size, teacher-child ratio, and length of program 11 day.

12 (iii) Number of temporary removals of a child 13 from attendance in group settings due to a serious 14 safety threat under subparagraph (E) of this 15 paragraph (7), by children's race, gender, 16 disability, language, class/group size, 17 teacher-child ratio, and length of program day.

18 (iv) Hours of infant and early childhood 19 mental health consultant contact with program 20 leaders, staff, and families over the program 21 year.

(H) Changes to services for children with an
individualized education program or individual family
service plan shall be construed in a manner consistent
with the federal Individuals with Disabilities
Education Act.

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1 The State Board of Education, in consultation with the 2 Governor's Office of Early Childhood Development and the 3 Department of Children and Family Services, shall adopt 4 rules to administer this paragraph (7).

(b) (Blank).

(c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section, 6 7 grantees may serve children ages 0 to 12 of essential workers 8 if the Governor has declared a disaster due to a public health 9 emergency pursuant to Section 7 of the Illinois Emergency 10 Management Agency Act. For the purposes of this subsection, essential workers include those outlined in Executive Order 11 12 20-8 and school employees. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this subsection. 13

14 (Source: P.A. 100-105, eff. 1-1-18; 100-645, eff. 7-27-18; 15 101-643, eff. 6-18-20.)

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(105 ILCS 5/10-20.12a) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-20.12a) Sec. 10-20.12a. Tuition for non-resident pupils.

(a) To charge non-resident pupils who attend the schools
of the district tuition in an amount not exceeding 110% of the
per capita cost of maintaining the schools of the district for
the preceding school year.

Such per capita cost shall be computed by dividing the total cost of conducting and maintaining the schools of the district by the average daily attendance, including tuition pupils. Depreciation on the buildings and equipment of the SB2390 Engrossed - 20 - LRB103 28048 RJT 54427 b

schools of the district, and the amount of annual depreciation
 on such buildings and equipment shall be dependent upon the
 useful life of such property.

The tuition charged shall in no case exceed 110% of the per 4 5 capita cost of conducting and maintaining the schools of the district attended, as determined with reference to the most 6 7 recent audit prepared under Section 3-7 which is available at 8 the commencement of the current school year. Non-resident 9 pupils attending the schools of the district for less than the 10 school term shall have their tuition apportioned, however 11 pupils who become non-resident during a school term shall not 12 be charged tuition for the remainder of the school term in which they became non-resident pupils. 13

Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, a school district may adopt a policy to waive tuition costs for a non-resident pupil if the pupil is a child of a district employee. For purposes of this paragraph, "child" means a district employee's child who is a biological child, adopted child, foster child, stepchild, or a child for which the employee serves as a legal guardian.

(b) Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties involved and where the educational services are not otherwise provided for, educational services for an Illinois student under the age of 24 21 (and not eligible for services pursuant to Article 14 of this Code) in any residential program shall be provided by the district in which the facility is located and financed as SB2390 Engrossed - 21 - LRB103 28048 RJT 54427 b

1 follows. The cost of educational services shall be paid by the 2 district in which the student resides in an amount equal to the 3 cost of providing educational services in the residential 4 facility. Payments shall be made by the district of the 5 student's residence and shall be made to the district wherein 6 the facility is located no less than once per month unless 7 otherwise agreed to by the parties.

8 The funding provision of this subsection (b) applies to 9 all Illinois students under the age of 21 (and not eligible for 10 services pursuant to Article 14 of this Code) receiving 11 educational services in residential facilities, irrespective 12 of whether the student was placed therein pursuant to this 13 Code or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or by an Illinois public 14 agency or a court. The changes to this subsection (b) made by 15 this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly apply to all placements in effect on July 1, 2007 and all placements 16 17 thereafter. For purposes of this subsection (b), a student's district of residence shall be determined in accordance with 18 subsection (a) of Section 10-20.12b of this Code. 19 The 20 placement of a student in a residential facility shall not affect the residency of the student. When a dispute arises 21 22 over the determination of the district of residence under this 23 subsection (b), any person or entity, including without limitation a school district or residential facility, may make 24 25 a written request for a residency decision to the State Superintendent of Education, who, upon review of materials 26

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submitted and any other items or information he or she may request for submission, shall issue his or her decision in writing. The decision of the State Superintendent of Education is final.

5 (Source: P.A. 95-844, eff. 8-15-08; 95-938, eff. 8-29-08.)

6 (105 ILCS 5/10-20.67)

7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2023)

8 Sec. 10-20.67. Short-term substitute teacher training.

9 (a) Each school board shall, in collaboration with its 10 teachers or, if applicable, the exclusive bargaining 11 representative of its teachers, jointly develop a short-term 12 substitute teacher training program that provides individuals who hold a Short-Term Substitute Teaching License under 13 14 Section 21B-20 of this Code with information on curriculum, 15 classroom management techniques, school safety, and district 16 and building operations. The State Board of Education may develop a model short-term substitute teacher training program 17 for use by a school board under this subsection (a) if the 18 school board and its teachers or, if applicable, the exclusive 19 bargaining representative of its teachers agree to use the 20 21 State Board's model. A school board with a substitute teacher 22 training program in place before July 1, 2018 (the effective date of Public Act 100-596) may utilize that program to 23 24 satisfy the requirements of this subsection (a).

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(b) Nothing in this Section prohibits a school board from

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offering substitute training to substitute teachers licensed
 under paragraph (3) of Section 21B-20 of this Code or to
 substitute teachers holding a Professional Educator License.

4 (c) (Blank) This Section is repealed on July 1, 2023.
5 (Source: P.A. 100-596, eff. 7-1-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.)

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(105 ILCS 5/21B-20)

7 21B-20. Types of licenses. The State Board of Sec. Education shall implement a system of educator licensure, 8 9 whereby individuals employed in school districts who are required to be licensed must have one of the following 10 11 licenses: (i) a professional educator license; (ii) an 12 license educator with stipulations; (iii) a substitute 13 teaching license; or (iv) until June 30, 2028 2023, а 14 short-term substitute teaching license. References in law 15 regarding individuals certified or certificated or required to 16 be certified or certificated under Article 21 of this Code shall also include individuals licensed or required to be 17 licensed under this Article. The first year of all licenses 18 19 ends on June 30 following one full year of the license being 20 issued.

The State Board of Education, in consultation with the State Educator Preparation and Licensure Board, may adopt such rules as may be necessary to govern the requirements for licenses and endorsements under this Section.

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(1) Professional Educator License. Persons who (i)

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1 have successfully completed approved an educator 2 preparation program and are recommended for licensure by 3 the Illinois institution offering the educator preparation program, (ii) have successfully completed the required 4 5 testing under Section 21B-30 of this Code, (iii) have 6 successfully completed coursework on the psychology of, the identification of, and the methods of instruction for 7 exceptional child, including without 8 limitation the 9 children with learning disabilities, (iv) have 10 successfully completed coursework in methods of reading 11 and reading in the content area, and (v) have met all other 12 criteria established by rule of the State Board of Education shall be issued a Professional Educator License. 13 All Professional Educator Licenses are valid until June 30 14 15 immediately following 5 years of the license being issued. 16 The Professional Educator License shall be endorsed with 17 specific areas and grade levels in which the individual is eligible to practice. For an early childhood education 18 19 endorsement, an individual may satisfy the student 20 teaching requirement of his or her early childhood teacher 21 preparation program through placement in a setting with 22 children from birth through grade 2, and the individual 23 may be paid and receive credit while student teaching. The student teaching experience must meet the requirements of 24 25 and be approved by the individual's early childhood 26 teacher preparation program.

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1 Individuals can receive subsequent endorsements on the 2 Professional Educator License. Subsequent endorsements 3 shall require a minimum of 24 semester hours of coursework 4 in the endorsement area and passage of the applicable 5 content area test, unless otherwise specified by rule.

6 (2) Educator License with Stipulations. An Educator 7 License with Stipulations shall be issued an endorsement 8 that limits the license holder to one particular position 9 or does not require completion of an approved educator 10 program or both.

11 An individual with an Educator License with 12 Stipulations must not be employed by a school district or 13 any other entity to replace any presently employed teacher 14 who otherwise would not be replaced for any reason.

An Educator License with Stipulations may be issued
 with the following endorsements:

(A) (Blank).

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(B) Alternative provisional educator. An
alternative provisional educator endorsement on an
Educator License with Stipulations may be issued to an
applicant who, at the time of applying for the
endorsement, has done all of the following:

(i) Graduated from a regionally accredited
college or university with a minimum of a
bachelor's degree.

(ii) Successfully completed the first phase of

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the Alternative Educator Licensure Program for Teachers, as described in Section 21B-50 of this Code.

4 (iii) Passed a content area test, as required
5 under Section 21B-30 of this Code.

6 The alternative provisional educator endorsement is 7 valid for 2 years of teaching and may be renewed for a 8 third year by an individual meeting the requirements set 9 forth in Section 21B-50 of this Code.

10 (C) Alternative provisional superintendent. An 11 alternative provisional superintendent endorsement on 12 an Educator License with Stipulations entitles the holder to serve only as a superintendent or assistant 13 14 superintendent in a school district's central office. 15 This endorsement may only be issued to an applicant 16 who, at the time of applying for the endorsement, has 17 done all of the following:

(i) Graduated from a regionally accredited
college or university with a minimum of a master's
degree in a management field other than education.

(ii) Been employed for a period of at least 5
years in a management level position in a field
other than education.

24 (iii) Successfully completed the first phase
25 of an alternative route to superintendent
26 endorsement program, as provided in Section 21B-55

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of this Code.

(iv) Passed a content area test required under Section 21B-30 of this Code.

The endorsement is valid for 2 fiscal years in order to complete one full year of serving as a superintendent or assistant superintendent.

(D) (Blank).

(E) Career and technical educator. A career and 8 9 technical educator endorsement on an Educator License 10 with Stipulations may be issued to an applicant who 11 has a minimum of 60 semester hours of coursework from a 12 regionally accredited institution of higher education 13 or an accredited trade and technical institution and has a minimum of 2,000 hours of experience outside of 14 15 education in each area to be taught.

16 The career and technical educator endorsement on 17 an Educator License with Stipulations is valid until 18 June 30 immediately following 5 years of the 19 endorsement being issued and may be renewed.

20 An individual who holds a valid career and 21 technical educator endorsement on an Educator License 22 with Stipulations but does not hold a bachelor's 23 degree may substitute teach in career and technical 24 education classrooms.

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(F) (Blank).

(G) Transitional bilingual educator. A

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transitional bilingual educator endorsement on an Educator License with Stipulations may be issued for the purpose of providing instruction in accordance with Article 14C of this Code to an applicant who provides satisfactory evidence that he or she meets all of the following requirements:

7 (i) Possesses adequate speaking, reading, and
8 writing ability in the language other than English
9 in which transitional bilingual education is
10 offered.

(ii) Has the ability to successfullycommunicate in English.

13 (iii) Either possessed, within 5 years 14 previous to his or her applying for a transitional 15 bilingual educator endorsement, а valid and 16 comparable teaching certificate or comparable 17 authorization issued by a foreign country or holds a degree from an institution of higher learning in 18 19 foreign country that the State Educator а 20 Preparation and Licensure Board determines to be the equivalent of a bachelor's degree from a 21 22 regionally accredited institution of higher 23 learning in the United States.

A transitional bilingual educator endorsement shall be valid for prekindergarten through grade 12, is valid until June 30 immediately following 5 years 4

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of the endorsement being issued, and shall not be 1 2 renewed.

Persons holding a transitional bilingual educator 3 endorsement shall not be employed to replace any 5 presently employed teacher who otherwise would not be 6 replaced for any reason.

7 Language endorsement. In an effort to (H) 8 alleviate the shortage of teachers speaking a language 9 other than English in the public schools, an 10 individual who holds an Educator License with 11 Stipulations may also apply for а language 12 endorsement, provided that the applicant provides 13 satisfactory evidence that he or she meets all of the 14 following requirements:

15 (i) Holds a transitional bilingual 16 endorsement.

17 (ii) Has demonstrated proficiency in the language for which the endorsement is to be issued 18 19 by passing the applicable language content test 20 required by the State Board of Education.

21 (iii) Holds a bachelor's degree or higher from 22 a regionally accredited institution of higher 23 education or, for individuals educated in а 24 country other than the United States, holds a 25 degree from an institution of higher learning in a 26 foreign country that the State Educator

Preparation and Licensure Board determines to be the equivalent of a bachelor's degree from a regionally accredited institution of higher learning in the United States.

(iv) (Blank).

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A language endorsement on an Educator License with 6 7 Stipulations is valid for prekindergarten through grade 12 for the same validity period 8 as the 9 individual's transitional bilingual educator 10 endorsement on the Educator License with Stipulations 11 and shall not be renewed.

12 (I) Visiting international educator. A visiting 13 international educator endorsement on an Educator 14 License with Stipulations may be issued to an 15 individual who is being recruited by a particular 16 school district that conducts formal recruitment 17 programs outside of the United States to secure the services of qualified teachers and who meets all of 18 19 the following requirements:

20 (i) Holds the equivalent of a minimum of a
21 bachelor's degree issued in the United States.

(ii) Has been prepared as a teacher at the grade level for which he or she will be employed.

24 (iii) Has adequate content knowledge in the25 subject to be taught.

(iv) Has an adequate command of the English

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language.

2 A holder of a visiting international educator endorsement on an Educator License with Stipulations 3 shall be permitted to teach in bilingual education 4 5 programs in the language that was the medium of 6 instruction in his or her teacher preparation program, 7 provided that he or she passes the English Language 8 Proficiency Examination or another test of writing 9 skills in English identified by the State Board of 10 Education, in consultation with the State Educator 11 Preparation and Licensure Board.

12A visiting international educator endorsement on13an Educator License with Stipulations is valid for 514years and shall not be renewed.

15 (J) Paraprofessional educator. A paraprofessional 16 educator endorsement on an Educator License with 17 Stipulations may be issued to an applicant who holds a high school diploma or its recognized equivalent and 18 19 (i) holds an associate's degree or a minimum of 60 20 semester hours of credit from a regionally accredited 21 institution of higher education; (ii) has passed a 22 paraprofessional competency test under subsection 23 (c-5) of Section 21B-30; or (iii) is at least 18 years 24 of age and will be using the Educator License with 25 Stipulations exclusively for grades prekindergarten 26 through grade 8, until the individual reaches the age

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of 19 years and otherwise meets the criteria for a 1 2 paraprofessional educator endorsement pursuant to this 3 subparagraph (J). The paraprofessional educator endorsement is valid until June 30 immediately 4 5 following 5 years of the endorsement being issued and 6 may be renewed through application and payment of the 7 appropriate fee, as required under Section 21B-40 of this Code. An individual who holds 8 only a 9 paraprofessional educator endorsement is not subject 10 to additional requirements in order to renew the 11 endorsement.

12 (K) Chief school business official. A chief school 13 business official endorsement on an Educator License 14 with Stipulations may be issued to an applicant who 15 qualifies by having a master's degree or higher, 2 16 years of full-time administrative experience in school 17 business management or 2 years of university-approved practical experience, and a minimum of 24 semester 18 19 hours of graduate credit in a program approved by the 20 State Board of Education for the preparation of school 21 business administrators and by passage of the 22 applicable State tests, including an applicable 23 content area test.

The chief school business official endorsement may also be affixed to the Educator License with Stipulations of any holder who qualifies by having a SB2390 Engrossed - 33 - LRB103 28048 RJT 54427 b

master's degree in business administration, finance, 1 accounting, or public administration and who completes 2 3 an additional 6 semester hours of internship in school business management from a regionally accredited 4 5 institution of higher education and passes the 6 applicable State tests, including an applicable 7 content area test. This endorsement shall be required for any individual employed as a chief school business 8 9 official.

The chief school business official endorsement on 10 11 an Educator License with Stipulations is valid until 12 30 immediately following 5 years of June the 13 endorsement being issued and may be renewed if the 14 license holder completes renewal requirements as 15 required for individuals who hold a Professional 16 Educator License endorsed for chief school business 17 official under Section 21B-45 of this Code and such rules as may be adopted by the State Board of 18 19 Education.

20The State Board of Education shall adopt any rules21necessary to implement Public Act 100-288.

(L) Provisional in-state educator. A provisional
 in-state educator endorsement on an Educator License
 with Stipulations may be issued to a candidate who has
 completed an Illinois-approved educator preparation
 program at an Illinois institution of higher education

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1 and who has not successfully completed an evidence-based assessment of teacher effectiveness but 2 3 who meets all of the following requirements: (i) Holds at least a bachelor's degree. 4 5 (ii) Has completed an approved educator 6 preparation program at an Illinois institution. 7 (iii) Has passed an applicable content area 8 test, as required by Section 21B-30 of this Code. 9 (iv) Has attempted evidence-based an 10 assessment of teacher effectiveness and received a 11 minimum score on that assessment, as established 12 by the State Board of Education in consultation 13 with the State Educator Preparation and Licensure 14 Board. 15 A provisional in-state educator endorsement on an

A provisional in-state educator endorsement on an Educator License with Stipulations is valid for one full fiscal year after the date of issuance and may not be renewed.

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(M) (Blank).

(N) Specialized services. A specialized services
 endorsement on an Educator License with Stipulations
 may be issued as defined and specified by rule.

(3) Substitute Teaching License. A Substitute Teaching
License may be issued to qualified applicants for
substitute teaching in all grades of the public schools,
prekindergarten through grade 12. Substitute Teaching

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Licenses are not eligible for endorsements. Applicants for a Substitute Teaching License must hold a bachelor's degree or higher from a regionally accredited institution of higher education or must be enrolled in an approved educator preparation program in this State and have earned at least 90 credit hours.

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Substitute Teaching Licenses are valid for 5 years.

8 Substitute Teaching Licenses are valid for substitute 9 teaching in every county of this State. If an individual 10 has had his or her Professional Educator License or 11 Educator License with Stipulations suspended or revoked, 12 then that individual is not eligible to obtain a 13 Substitute Teaching License.

14 A substitute teacher may only teach in the place of a 15 licensed teacher who is under contract with the employing 16 board. If, however, there is no licensed teacher under 17 contract because of an emergency situation, then a district may employ a substitute teacher for no longer 18 19 than 30 calendar days per each vacant position in the 20 district if the district notifies the appropriate regional office of education within 5 business days after the 21 22 employment of the substitute teacher in the emergency 23 situation. An emergency situation is one in which an 24 unforeseen vacancy has occurred and (i) a teacher is 25 unable to fulfill his or her contractual duties or (ii) 26 teacher capacity needs of the district exceed previous SB2390 Engrossed - 36 - LRB103 28048 RJT 54427 b

indications, and the district is actively engaged in advertising to hire a fully licensed teacher for the vacant position.

There is no limit on the number of days that a 4 5 substitute teacher may teach in a single school district, provided that no substitute teacher may teach for longer 6 7 than 120 days beginning with the 2021-2022 school year 8 through the 2022-2023 school year, otherwise 90 school 9 days for any one licensed teacher under contract in the same school year. A substitute teacher who holds a 10 11 Professional Educator License or Educator License with 12 Stipulations shall not teach for more than 120 school days 13 for any one licensed teacher under contract in the same 14 school year. The limitations in this paragraph (3) on the 15 number of days a substitute teacher may be employed do not 16 apply to any school district operating under Article 34 of 17 this Code.

A school district may not require an individual who holds a valid Professional Educator License or Educator License with Stipulations to seek or hold a Substitute Teaching License to teach as a substitute teacher.

(4) Short-Term Substitute Teaching License. Beginning
on July 1, 2018 and until June 30, <u>2028</u> 2023, <u>applicants</u>
<u>may apply to</u> the State Board of Education <u>for issuance of</u>
may issue a Short-Term Substitute Teaching License. A
Short-Term Substitute Teaching License may be issued to a

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qualified applicant for substitute teaching in all grades of the public schools, prekindergarten through grade 12. Short-Term Substitute Teaching Licenses are not eligible for endorsements. Applicants for a Short-Term Substitute Teaching License must hold an associate's degree or have completed at least 60 credit hours from a regionally accredited institution of higher education.

8 Short-Term Substitute Teaching Licenses are valid for 9 substitute teaching in every county of this State. If an 10 individual has had his or her Professional Educator 11 License or Educator License with Stipulations suspended or 12 revoked, then that individual is not eligible to obtain a 13 Short-Term Substitute Teaching License.

14The provisions of Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5 of this15Code apply to short-term substitute teachers.

16 An individual holding a Short-Term Substitute Teaching 17 License may teach no more than 15 consecutive days per licensed teacher who is under contract. For teacher 18 19 absences lasting 6 or more days per licensed teacher who is under contract, a school district may not hire an 20 21 individual holding a Short-Term Substitute Teaching 22 License, unless the Governor has declared a disaster due 23 to a public health emergency pursuant to Section 7 of the 24 Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act. An individual 25 holding a Short-Term Substitute Teaching License must complete the training program under Section 10-20.67 or 26

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34-18.60 of this Code to be eligible to teach at a public 1 2 school. Short-term substitute teaching licenses under this Section are valid for 5 years. This paragraph (4) is 3 inoperative on and after July 1, 2023. 4 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-220, eff. 8-7-19; 5 101-594, eff. 12-5-19; 101-643, eff. 6-18-20; 102-711, eff. 6 1-1-23; 102-712, eff. 4-27-22; 102-713, eff. 1-1-23; 102-717, 7 eff. 4-29-22; 102-894, eff. 5-20-22; revised 12-13-22.) 8 9 (105 ILCS 5/21B-50) 10 Sec. 21B-50. Alternative Educator Licensure Program. 11 (a) There is established an alternative educator licensure 12 program, to be known as the Alternative Educator Licensure 13 Program for Teachers. 14 (b) The Alternative Educator Licensure Program for 15 Teachers may be offered by a recognized institution approved 16 to offer educator preparation programs by the State Board of Education, in consultation with the State Educator Preparation 17 18 and Licensure Board. 19 The program shall be comprised of up to 3 4 phases: (1) A course of study that at a minimum includes 20 21 instructional planning; instructional strategies, 22 including special education, reading, and English language 23 learning; classroom management; and the assessment of 24 students and use of data to drive instruction.

(2) A year of residency, which is a candidate's

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assignment to a full-time teaching position or as a 1 2 co-teacher for one full school year. An individual must 3 hold an Educator License with Stipulations with an alternative provisional educator endorsement in order to 4 5 enter the residency. In residency, the candidate must: be assigned an effective, fully licensed teacher by the 6 7 principal or principal equivalent to act as a mentor and coach the candidate through residency, and must complete 8 9 additional program requirements that address required 10 State and national standards, pass the State Board's 11 teacher performance assessment no later than the end of 12 the first semester of the second year of residency, as required under phase (3) of this subsection (b), and be 13 recommended by the principal or qualified equivalent of a 14 15 principal, as required under subsection (d) of this 16 Section, and the program coordinator to be recommended for 17 full licensure or to continue with a the second year of the 18 residency.

(3) <u>(Blank)</u>. A second year of residency, which shall
 include the candidate's assignment to a full-time teaching
 position for one school year. The candidate must be
 assigned an experienced teacher to act as a mentor and
 coach the candidate through the second year of residency.

(4) A comprehensive assessment of the candidate's
 teaching effectiveness, as evaluated by the principal or
 qualified equivalent of a principal, as required under

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(d) of this 1 subsection Section, and the program 2 coordinator, at the end of either the first or the second 3 year of residency. If there is disagreement between the 2 evaluators about the candidate's teaching effectiveness at 4 5 the end of the first year of residency, a second year of residency shall be required. If there is disagreement 6 7 between the 2 evaluators at the end of the second year of 8 residency, the candidate may complete one additional year 9 of residency teaching under a professional development 10 plan developed by the principal or qualified equivalent 11 and the preparation program. At the completion of the 12 third year, a candidate must have positive evaluations and 13 recommendation for full licensure from both the а 14 principal or qualified equivalent and the program 15 coordinator or no Professional Educator License shall be 16 issued.

Successful completion of the program shall be deemed to satisfy any other practice or student teaching and content matter requirements established by law.

20 (c) An alternative provisional educator endorsement on an 21 Educator License with Stipulations is valid for up to 2 years 22 teaching in the public schools, including without of 23 limitation a preschool educational program under Section 24 2 - 3.71of this Code or charter school, in or а 25 State-recognized nonpublic school in which the chief 26 administrator is required to have the licensure necessary to SB2390 Engrossed - 41 - LRB103 28048 RJT 54427 b

be a principal in a public school in this State and in which a majority of the teachers are required to have the licensure necessary to be instructors in a public school in this State, but may be renewed for a third year if needed to complete the Alternative Educator Licensure Program for Teachers. The endorsement shall be issued only once to an individual who meets all of the following requirements:

8 (1) Has graduated from a regionally accredited college
9 or university with a bachelor's degree or higher.

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(2) (Blank).

11 (3) Has completed a major in the content area if 12 seeking a middle or secondary level endorsement or, if early childhood, elementary, or 13 seeking an special 14 education endorsement, has completed a major in the 15 content area of early childhood reading, English/language 16 arts, mathematics, or one of the sciences. Τf the 17 individual does not have a major in a content area for any level of teaching, he or she must submit transcripts to 18 19 the State Board of Education to be reviewed for 20 equivalency.

(4) Has successfully completed phase (1) of subsection(b) of this Section.

(5) Has passed a content area test required for the
 specific endorsement for admission into the program, as
 required under Section 21B-30 of this Code.

26 A candidate possessing the alternative provisional

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educator endorsement may receive a salary, benefits, and any 1 2 other terms of employment offered to teachers in the school 3 who are members of an exclusive bargaining representative, if any, but a school is not required to provide these benefits 4 5 during the years of residency if the candidate is serving only as a co-teacher. If the candidate is serving as the teacher of 6 7 record, the candidate must receive a salary, benefits, and any 8 other terms of employment. Residency experiences must not be 9 counted towards tenure.

10 (d) The recognized institution offering the Alternative 11 Educator Licensure Program for Teachers must partner with a 12 school district, including without limitation a preschool educational program under Section 2-3.71 of this Code or 13 14 charter school, or a State-recognized, nonpublic school in 15 this State in which the chief administrator is required to 16 have the licensure necessary to be a principal in a public 17 school in this State and in which a majority of the teachers are required to have the licensure necessary to be instructors 18 in a public school in this State. A recognized institution 19 20 that partners with a public school district administering a preschool educational program under Section 2-3.71 of this 21 22 Code must require a principal to recommend or evaluate 23 candidates in the program. A recognized institution that partners with an eligible entity administering a preschool 24 25 educational program under Section 2-3.71 of this Code and that 26 is not a public school district must require a principal or SB2390 Engrossed - 43 - LRB103 28048 RJT 54427 b

qualified equivalent of a principal to recommend or evaluate 1 2 candidates in the program. The program presented for approval 3 by the State Board of Education must demonstrate the supports that are to be provided to assist the provisional teacher 4 5 during the 1-year or 2-year residency period and if the residency period is to be less than 2 years in length, 6 7 assurances from the partner school districts to provide 8 intensive mentoring and supports through at least the end of 9 the second full year of teaching for educators who completed 10 the Alternative Educators Licensure Program in less than 2 11 years. These supports must, at a minimum, provide additional 12 contact hours with mentors during the first year of residency.

(e) Upon completion of the 4 phases <u>under paragraphs (1)</u>,
(<u>2</u>), (<u>4</u>), and, <u>if needed</u>, (<u>3</u>) <u>outlined</u> in subsection (b) of
this Section and all assessments required under Section 21B-30
of this Code, an individual shall receive a Professional
Educator License.

(f) The State Board of Education, in consultation with the State Educator Preparation and Licensure Board, may adopt such rules as may be necessary to establish and implement the Alternative Educator Licensure Program for Teachers.

22 (Source: P.A. 100-596, eff. 7-1-18; 100-822, eff. 1-1-19; 23 101-220, eff. 8-7-19; 101-570, eff. 8-23-19; 101-643, eff. 24 6-18-20; 101-654, eff. 3-8-21.)

25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 26 becoming law.