1 AN ACT in relation to minors.

2	Ве	it	enacted	by	the	People	of	the	State	of	Illinois,
3	represe	nte	d in the (Gene	eral A	ssembly	:				

4	Section 5. The Child Curfew Act is amended by changing
5	Section 1 as follows:
6	(720 ILCS 555/1) (from Ch. 23, par. 2371)
7	Sec. 1. Curfew.
8	(a) Definitions. In this Section.
9	(1) "Curfew hours" means:
10	(A) Between 12:01 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. Saturday;
11	(B) Between 12:01 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. on Sunday; and
12	(C) Between 11:00 p.m. on Sunday to Thursday,
13	inclusive, and 6:00 a.m. on the following day.
14	(2) "Emergency" means an unforeseen combination of
15	circumstances or the resulting state that calls for
16	immediate action. The term includes, but is not limited to
17	a fire, a natural disaster, an automobile accident, or any
18	situation requiring immediate action to prevent serious
19	bodily injury or loss of life.
20	(3) "Establishment" means any privately-owned place of
21	business operated for a profit to which the public is
22	invited including but not limited to any place of amusement
23	or entertainment.
24	(4) "Guardian" means:
25	(A) a person who, under court order, is the
26	guardian of the person of a minor; or
27	(B) a public or private agency with whom a minor
28	has been placed by a court.
29	(5) "Minor" means any person under 17 years of age.
30	(6) "Parent" means a person who is:
31	(A) a natural parent, adoptive parent, or
32	step-parent of another person; or

1	(B) at least 18 years of age and authorized by a
2	parent or guardian to have the care and custody of a
3	minor.
4	(7) "Public Place" means any place to which the public
5	or a substantial group of the public has access and
6	includes but is not limited to streets, highways, and the
7	common areas of schools, hospitals, apartment houses,
8	office buildings, transport facilities, and shops.
9	(8) "Remain" means to:
10	(A) linger or stay; or
11	(B) fail to leave premises when requested to do so
12	by a police officer or the owner, operator, or other
13	person in control of the premises.
14	(9) "Serious bodily injury" means bodily injury that
15	creates a substantial risk of death or that causes death,
16	serious permanent disfigurement, or protracted loss or
17	impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ.
18	(b) Offenses.
19	(1) A minor commits an offense if he or she remains in
20	any public place or on the premises of any establishment
21	during curfew hours.
22	(2) A parent or guardian of a minor or other person in
23	custody or control of a minor commits an offense if he or
24	she knowingly permits the minor to remain in any public
25	place or on the premises of any establishment during curfew
26	hours.
27	(c) Defenses. It is a defense to prosecution under
28	subsection (b) that the minor was:
29	(A) accompanied by the minor's parent or quardian
30	or other person in custody or control of the minor;
31	(B) on an errand at the direction of the minor's
32	parent or guardian, without any detour or stop;
33	(C) in a motor vehicle involved in interstate
34	<pre>travel;</pre>
35	(D) engaged in an employment activity or going to
36	or returning home from an employment activity, without

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1	any detour or stop;
2	(E) involved in an emergency;
3	(F) on the sidewalk abutting the minor's residence
4	or abutting the residence of a next-door neighbor if
5	the neighbor did not complain to the police department
6	about the minor's presence;
7	(G) attending an official school, religious, or
8	other recreational activity supervised by adults and
9	sponsored by a government or governmental agency, a
10	civic organization, or another similar entity that
11	takes responsibility for the minor, or going to or
12	returning home from, without any detour or stop, an
13	official school, religious, or other recreational
14	activity supervised by adults and sponsored by a
15	government or governmental agency, a civic
16	organization, or another similar entity that takes
17	responsibility for the minor;
18	(H) exercising First Amendment rights protected by
19	the United States Constitution, such as the free
20	exercise of religion, freedom of speech, and the right
21	of assembly; or
22	(I) married or had been married or is an
23	emancipated minor under the Emancipation of Minors
24	Act.
25	(d) Enforcement. Before taking any enforcement action
26	under this Section, a law enforcement officer shall ask the
27	apparent offender's age and reason for being in the public
28	place. The officer shall not issue a citation or make an arrest
29	under this Section unless the officer reasonably believes that
30	an offense has occurred and that, based on any response and
31	other circumstances, no defense in subsection (c) is present.
32	It is unlawful for a person less than 17 years of age to be
33	present at or upon any public assembly, building, place, street
34	or highway at the following times unless accompanied and
35	supervised by a parent, legal guardian, or other responsible

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legal guardian or unless engaged in a business or occupation
which the laws of this State authorize a person less than 17
years of age to perform:

1. Between 12:01 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. Saturday;

2. Between 12:01 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. Sunday; and

3. Between 11:00 p.m. on Sunday to Thursday, inclusive, and 6:00 a.m. on the following day.

(b) It is unlawful for a parent, legal guardian, or other person to knowingly permit a person in his or her custody or control to violate subparagraph (a) of this Section.

(e) (c) A person convicted of a violation of any provision of this Section shall be guilty of a petty offense and shall be fined not less than \$10 nor more than \$500, except that neither a person who has been made a ward of the court under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, nor that person's legal guardian, shall be subject to any fine. In addition to or instead of the fine imposed by this Section, the court may order a parent, legal guardian, or other person convicted of a violation of subsection (b) of this Section to perform community service as determined by the court, except that the legal guardian of a person who has been made a ward of the court under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 may not be ordered to perform community service. The dates and times established for the performance of community service by the parent, legal guardian, or other person convicted of a violation of subsection (b) of this Section shall not conflict with the dates and times that the person is employed in his or her regular occupation.

28 (Source: P.A. 89-682, eff. 1-1-97.)

29 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 30 becoming law.