- 1 AN ACT concerning minors.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 5-615 and 5-710 as follows:
- 6 (705 ILCS 405/5-615)
- 7 Sec. 5-615. Continuance under supervision.
- 8 (1) The court may enter an order of continuance under
- 9 supervision for an offense other than first degree murder, a
- 10 Class X felony or a forcible felony (a) upon an admission or
- 11 stipulation by the appropriate respondent or minor respondent
- of the facts supporting the petition and before proceeding to
- 13 adjudication, or after hearing the evidence at the trial, and
- 14 (b) in the absence of objection made in open court by the
- 15 minor, his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian, the
- 16 minor's attorney or the State's Attorney.
- 17 (2) If the minor, his or her parent, guardian, or legal
- 18 custodian, the minor's attorney or State's Attorney objects
- in open court to any continuance and insists upon proceeding
- 20 to findings and adjudication, the court shall so proceed.
- 21 (3) Nothing in this Section limits the power of the
- 22 court to order a continuance of the hearing for the
- 23 production of additional evidence or for any other proper
- 24 reason.
- 25 (4) When a hearing where a minor is alleged to be a
- delinquent is continued pursuant to this Section, the period
- of continuance under supervision may not exceed 24 months.
- 28 The court may terminate a continuance under supervision at
- 29 any time if warranted by the conduct of the minor and the
- 30 ends of justice.
- 31 (5) When a hearing where a minor is alleged to be

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- delinquent is continued pursuant to this Section, the court
- 2 may, as conditions of the continuance under supervision,
- 3 require the minor to do any of the following:
- 4 (a) not violate any criminal statute of any 5 jurisdiction;
- 6 (b) make a report to and appear in person before 7 any person or agency as directed by the court;
 - (c) work or pursue a course of study or vocational
 training;
 - (d) undergo medical or psychotherapeutic treatment rendered by a therapist licensed under the provisions of the Medical Practice Act of 1987, the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, or the Clinical Social Work and Social Work Practice Act, or an entity licensed by the Department of Human Services as a successor to the Department of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse, for the provision of drug addiction and alcoholism treatment;
 - (e) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of persons on probation;
 - (f) support his or her dependents, if any;
 - (g) pay costs;
- 22 (h) refrain from possessing a firearm or other 23 dangerous weapon, or an automobile;
 - (i) permit the probation officer to visit him or her at his or her home or elsewhere;
 - (j) reside with his or her parents or in a foster
 home;
 - (k) attend school;
 - (k-5) with the consent of the superintendent of the facility, attend an educational program at a facility other than the school in which the offense was committed if he or she committed a crime of violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act in a school, on the real property comprising a school, or

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1	within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a
2	school;
3	(1) attend a non-residential program for youth;
4	(m) contribute to his or her own support at home or
5	in a foster home;

- (n) perform some reasonable public or community
 service;
- (o) make restitution to the victim, in the same manner and under the same conditions as provided in subsection (4) of Section 5-710, except that the "sentencing hearing" referred to in that Section shall be the adjudicatory hearing for purposes of this Section;
- (p) comply with curfew requirements as designated
 by the court;
- (q) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon terms as the court finds appropriate. The terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons accompanying the minor, and advance approval by a probation officer;
- (r) refrain from having any contact, directly or indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular types of persons, including but not limited to members of street gangs and drug users or dealers;
- (r-5) undergo a medical or other procedure to have
 a tattoo symbolizing allegiance to a street gang removed
 from his or her body;
- (s) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug; or
- 34 (t) comply with any other conditions as may be

- ordered by the court.
- 2 (6) A minor whose case is continued under supervision
- 3 under subsection (5) shall be given a certificate setting
- 4 forth the conditions imposed by the court. Those conditions
- 5 may be reduced, enlarged, or modified by the court on motion
- of the probation officer or on its own motion, or that of the
- 7 State's Attorney, or, at the request of the minor after
- 8 notice and hearing.
- 9 (7) If a petition is filed charging a violation of a
- 10 condition of the continuance under supervision, the court
- 11 shall conduct a hearing. If the court finds that a condition
- of supervision has not been fulfilled, the court may proceed
- 13 to findings and adjudication and disposition. The filing of
- 14 a petition for violation of a condition of the continuance
- under supervision shall toll the period of continuance under
- 16 supervision until the final determination of the charge, and
- 17 the term of the continuance under supervision shall $\$ not $\$ run
- 18 until the hearing and disposition of the petition for
- 19 violation; provided where the petition alleges conduct that
- does not constitute a criminal offense, the hearing must be
- 21 held within 30 days of the filing of the petition unless a
- 22 delay shall continue the tolling of the period of continuance
- 23 under supervision for the period of the delay.
- 24 (8) When a hearing in which a minor is alleged to be a
- 25 delinquent for reasons that include a violation of Section
- 26 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is continued under this
- 27 Section, the court shall, as a condition of the continuance
- under supervision, require the minor to perform community
- 29 service for not less than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if
- 30 community service is available in the jurisdiction. The
- 31 community service shall include, but need not be limited to,
- 32 the cleanup and repair of the damage that was caused by the
- 33 alleged violation or similar damage to property located in
- 34 the municipality or county in which the alleged violation

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occurred. The condition may be in addition to any other condition.

(8.5) When a hearing in which a minor is alleged to be a delinquent for reasons that include a violation of Section 3.02 or Section 3.03 of the Humane Care for Animals Act or paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of Section 21-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is continued under this Section, the court shall, as a condition of the continuance under supervision, require the minor to undergo medical or psychiatric treatment rendered by a psychiatrist or psychological treatment rendered by a clinical psychologist. The condition may be in addition to any other condition.

When a hearing in which a minor is alleged to be a delinquent is continued under this Section, the court, before continuing the case, shall make a finding whether the offense alleged to have been committed either: (i) was related to or in furtherance of the activities of an organized gang or was motivated by the minor's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang, or (ii) is a violation of paragraph (13) of subsection (a) of Section 12-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961, a violation of any Section of Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or a violation of any statute that involved the unlawful use of a firearm. If the court determines the question in the affirmative the court shall, as a condition of the continuance under supervision and as part of or addition to any other condition of the supervision, require the minor to perform community service for not less than hours, provided that community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board of the county where the offense was committed. The community service shall include, but need not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of any damage caused by an alleged violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and similar damage to property located in the municipality or

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1 county in which the alleged violation occurred. When

2 possible and reasonable, the community service shall be

3 performed in the minor's neighborhood. For the purposes of

4 this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it

in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus

6 Prevention Act.

minor's behalf.

(10) The court shall impose upon a minor placed on 7 supervision, as a condition of the supervision, a fee of 8 9 for each month of supervision ordered by the court, unless after determining the inability of the minor placed on 10 11 supervision to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser amount. The court may not impose the fee on a minor who is 12 made a ward of the State under this Act while the minor is in 13 placement. The fee shall be imposed only upon a minor who is 14 15 actively supervised by the probation and court services 16 department. A court may order the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the minor to pay some or all of the fee on the 17

(11) If a minor is placed on supervision for a violation of subsection (b) of Section 1 of the Prevention of Tobacco Use by Minors Act, the court may, in its discretion, and upon recommendation by the State's Attorney, order that minor and his or her parents or legal guardian to attend a smoker's education or youth diversion program as defined in that Act if that program is available in the jurisdiction where the offender resides. Attendance at a smoker's education or youth diversion program shall be time-credited against any community service time imposed for any first violation of subsection (b) of Section 1 of that Act. In addition to any other penalty that the court may impose for a violation of subsection (b) of Section 1 of that Act, the court, upon request by the State's Attorney, may, in its discretion, require the offender to remit a fee for his or her attendance at a smoker's education or youth diversion program.

- 1 For purposes of this Section, "smoker's education
- 2 program" or "youth diversion program" includes, but is not
- 3 <u>limited to, a seminar designed to educate a person on the</u>
- 4 physical and psychological effects of smoking tobacco
- 5 products and the health consequences of smoking tobacco
- 6 products that can be conducted with a locality's youth
- diversion program.
- 8 <u>In addition to any other penalty that the court may</u>
- 9 <u>impose under this subsection (11):</u>
- 10 (a) If a minor violates subsection (b) of Section 1 of
- 11 the Prevention of Tobacco Use by Minors Act, the court may
- 12 <u>impose a sentence of 15 hours of community service or a fine</u>
- of \$25 for a first violation.
- 14 (b) A second violation by a minor of subsection (b) of
- 15 <u>Section 1 of that Act that occurs within 12 months after the</u>
- 16 <u>first violation is punishable by a fine of \$50 and 25 hours</u>
- 17 <u>of community service.</u>
- 18 (c) A third or subsequent violation by a minor of
- 19 <u>subsection (b) of Section 1 of that Act that occurs within 12</u>
- 20 months after the first violation is punishable by a \$100 fine
- 21 <u>and 30 hours of community service.</u>
- 22 (d) Any second or subsequent violation not within the
- 23 <u>12-month time period after the first violation is punishable</u>
- 24 <u>as provided for a first violation.</u>
- 25 (Source: P.A. 91-98; eff. 1-1-00; 91-332, eff. 7-29-99;
- 26 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-282, eff. 8-7-01; 92-454, eff.
- 27 1-1-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02.)
- 28 (705 ILCS 405/5-710)
- Sec. 5-710. Kinds of sentencing orders.
- 30 (1) The following kinds of sentencing orders may be made
- in respect of wards of the court:
- 32 (a) Except as provided in Sections 5-805, 5-810,
- 33 5-815, a minor who is found guilty under Section 5-620

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- (i) put on probation or conditional discharge and released to his or her parents, guardian or legal custodian, provided, however, that any such minor who is not committed to the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Division under this subsection and who is found to be a delinquent for an offense which is first degree murder, a Class X felony, or a forcible felony shall be placed on probation;
- (ii) placed in accordance with Section 5-740,
 with or without also being put on probation or
 conditional discharge;
- (iii) required to undergo a substance abuse assessment conducted by a licensed provider and participate in the indicated clinical level of care;
- (iv) placed in the guardianship of the Department of Children and Family Services, but only if the delinquent minor is under 13 years of age;
- (v) placed in detention for a period not to exceed 30 days, either as the exclusive order of disposition or, where appropriate, in conjunction with any other order of disposition issued under this paragraph, provided that any such detention shall be in a juvenile detention home and the minor so detained shall be 10 years of age or older. However, the 30-day limitation may be extended by further order of the court for a minor under age 13 committed to the Department of Children and Family Services if the court finds that the minor is a danger to himself or others. The minor shall be given credit on the sentencing order of detention for time spent in detention under Sections 5-501, 5-601, 5-710, or 5-720 of this Article as a result of the offense for which the sentencing order was

imposed. The court may grant credit on a sentencing order of detention entered under a violation of probation or violation of conditional discharge under Section 5-720 of this Article for time spent in detention before the filing of the petition alleging the violation. A minor shall not be deprived of credit for time spent in detention before the filing of a violation of probation or conditional discharge alleging the same or related act or acts; (vi) ordered partially or

- (vi) ordered partially or completely
 emancipated in accordance with the provisions of the
 Emancipation of Mature Minors Act;
- (vii) subject to having his or her driver's license or driving privileges suspended for such time as determined by the court but only until he or she attains 18 years of age;
- (viii) put on probation or conditional discharge and placed in detention under Section 3-6039 of the Counties Code for a period not to exceed the period of incarceration permitted by law for adults found guilty of the same offense or offenses for which the minor was adjudicated delinquent, and in any event no longer than upon attainment of age 21; this subdivision (viii) notwithstanding any contrary provision of the law; or
- (ix) ordered to undergo a medical or other procedure to have a tattoo symbolizing allegiance to a street gang removed from his or her body.
- (b) A minor found to be guilty may be committed to the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Division, under Section 5-750 if the minor is 13 years of age or older, provided that the commitment to the Department of

- 1 Corrections, Juvenile Division, shall be made only if a
 2 term of incarceration is permitted by law for adults
 3 found guilty of the offense for which the minor was
 4 adjudicated delinquent. The time during which a minor is
 5 in custody before being released upon the request of a
 6 parent, guardian or legal custodian shall be considered
 7 as time spent in detention.
- 8 (c) When a minor is found to be guilty for an
 9 offense which is a violation of the Illinois Controlled
 10 Substances Act or the Cannabis Control Act and made a
 11 ward of the court, the court may enter a disposition
 12 order requiring the minor to undergo assessment,
 13 counseling or treatment in a substance abuse program
 14 approved by the Department of Human Services.
 - (2) Any sentencing order other than commitment to the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Division, may provide for protective supervision under Section 5-725 and may include an order of protection under Section 5-730.
 - (3) Unless the sentencing order expressly so provides, it does not operate to close proceedings on the pending petition, but is subject to modification until final closing and discharge of the proceedings under Section 5-750.
 - order any minor found to be delinquent to make restitution, in monetary or non-monetary form, under the terms and conditions of Section 5-5-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections, except that the "presentencing hearing" referred to in that Section shall be the sentencing hearing for purposes of this Section. The parent, guardian or legal custodian of the minor may be ordered by the court to pay some or all of the restitution on the minor's behalf, pursuant to the Parental Responsibility Law. The State's Attorney is authorized to act on behalf of any victim in seeking restitution in proceedings under this Section, up to

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- the maximum amount allowed in Section 5 of the Parental
 Responsibility Law.
- 3 (5) Any sentencing order where the minor is committed or 4 placed in accordance with Section 5-740 shall provide for the 5 parents or guardian of the estate of the minor to pay to the 6 legal custodian or guardian of the person of the minor such 7 sums as are determined by the custodian or guardian of the 8 person of the minor as necessary for the minor's needs. The 9 payments may not exceed the maximum amounts provided for by
- 11 (6) Whenever the sentencing order requires the minor to 12 attend school or participate in a program of training, the 13 truant officer or designated school official shall regularly 14 report to the court if the minor is a chronic or habitual

truant under Section 26-2a of the School Code.

Section 9.1 of the Children and Family Services Act.

- 16 (7) In no event shall a guilty minor be committed to the
 17 Department of Corrections, Juvenile Division for a period of
 18 time in excess of that period for which an adult could be
 19 committed for the same act.
- (8) A minor found to be guilty for reasons that include 20 21 a violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 22 shall be ordered to perform community service for not less 23 than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if community service is available in the jurisdiction. The community service shall 24 25 include, but need not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of the damage that was caused by the violation or similar 26 damage to property located in the municipality or county in 27 which the violation occurred. The order may be in addition 28 to any other order authorized by this Section. 29
- 30 (8.5) A minor found to be guilty for reasons that
 31 include a violation of Section 3.02 or Section 3.03 of the
 32 Humane Care for Animals Act or paragraph (d) of subsection
 33 (1) of Section 21-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 shall be
 34 ordered to undergo medical or psychiatric treatment rendered

- 1 by a psychiatrist or psychological treatment rendered by a
- 2 clinical psychologist. The order may be in addition to any
- 3 other order authorized by this Section.
- 4 In addition to any other sentencing order, the court 5 shall order any minor found to be guilty for an act which would constitute, predatory criminal sexual assault of a 6 7 child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, or criminal sexual 8 9 abuse if committed by an adult to undergo medical testing to determine whether the defendant 10 has any sexually 11 transmissible disease including a test for infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified 12 agency of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome 13 causative Any medical test shall be performed only 14 (AIDS). appropriately licensed medical practitioners and may include 15 16 an analysis of any bodily fluids as well as an examination of the minor's person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the 17 results of the test shall be kept strictly confidential by 18 19 all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the 20 2.1 court in which the sentencing order was entered for the 22 judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the 23 best interests of the victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom the results of 24 25 testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the minor of the results of the test for infection with the human 26 The court shall also notify immunodeficiency virus (HIV). 27 the victim if requested by the victim, and if the victim is 28 under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's parents 29 30 or legal guardian, the court shall notify the victim's parents or the legal guardian, of the results of the test for 31 32 infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). court shall provide information on the availability of 33

testing and counseling at the Department of Public Health

1 facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing

2 are revealed. The court shall order that the cost of any

3 test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs

4 against the minor.

5 (10) When a court finds a minor to be guilty the court б shall, before entering a sentencing order under this Section, 7 make a finding whether the offense committed either: (a) was 8 related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang or was motivated by the minor's membership in 9 or allegiance to an organized gang, or (b) involved a 10 11 violation of subsection (a) of Section 12-7.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, a violation of any Section of Article 24 of the 12 Criminal Code of 1961, or a violation of any statute that 13 involved the wrongful use of a firearm. If the court 14 15 determines the question in the affirmative, and the court 16 does not commit the minor to the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Division, the court shall order the minor to perform 17 community service for not less than 30 hours nor more than 18 19 120 hours, provided that community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county 20 21 board of the county where the offense was committed. The community service shall include, but need not be limited to, 22 23 the cleanup and repair of any damage caused by a violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and similar 24 25 damage to property located in the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. When possible and reasonable, 26 the community service shall be performed in the minor's 27 neighborhood. This order shall be in addition to any other 28 29 order authorized by this Section except for an order to place 30 the minor in the custody of the Department of Corrections, 31 Juvenile Division. For the purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 32 33 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

(11) If a minor is found to be guilty of a violation of

- 1 <u>subsection</u> (b) of Section 1 of the Prevention of Tobacco Use
- 2 by Minors Act, the court may, in its discretion, and upon
- 3 recommendation by the State's Attorney, order that minor and
- 4 <u>his or her parents or legal guardian to attend a smoker's</u>
- 5 <u>education or youth diversion program as defined in that Act</u>
- 6 <u>if that program is available in the jurisdiction where the</u>
- 7 <u>offender resides. Attendance at a smoker's education or</u>
- 8 youth diversion program shall be time-credited against any
- 9 community service time imposed for any first violation of
- 10 <u>subsection (b) of Section 1 of that Act. In addition to any</u>
- 11 other penalty that the court may impose for a violation of
- 12 <u>subsection (b) of Section 1 of that Act, the court, upon</u>
- 13 request by the State's Attorney, may, in its discretion,
- 14 require the offender to remit a fee for his or her attendance
- 15 <u>at a smoker's education or youth diversion program.</u>
- 16 For purposes of this Section, "smoker's education
- 17 program" or "youth diversion program" includes, but is not
- 18 <u>limited to, a seminar designed to educate a person on the</u>
- 19 physical and psychological effects of smoking tobacco
- 20 products and the health consequences of smoking tobacco
- 21 products that can be conducted with a locality's youth
- diversion program.
- 23 <u>In addition to any other penalty that the court may</u>
- 24 <u>impose under this subsection (11):</u>
- 25 <u>(a) If a minor violates subsection (b) of Section 1 of</u>
- 26 the Prevention of Tobacco Use by Minors Act, the court may
- 27 <u>impose a sentence of 15 hours of community service or a fine</u>
- 28 of \$25 for a first violation.
- 29 (b) A second violation by a minor of subsection (b) of
- 30 <u>Section 1 of that Act that occurs within 12 months after the</u>
- 31 <u>first violation is punishable by a fine of \$50 and 25 hours</u>
- 32 <u>of community service.</u>
- 33 (c) A third or subsequent violation by a minor of
- 34 <u>subsection (b) of Section 1 of that Act that occurs within 12</u>

- 1 months after the first violation is punishable by a \$100 fine
- 2 <u>and 30 hours of community service.</u>
- 3 (d) Any second or subsequent violation not within the
- 4 <u>12-month time period after the first violation is punishable</u>
- 5 <u>as provided for a first violation.</u>
- 6 (Source: P.A. 91-98, eff. 1-1-00; 92-454, eff. 1-1-02.)
- 7 Section 10. The Sale of Tobacco to Minors Act is amended
- 8 by changing the title of the Act and Sections 0.01, 1, and 2
- 9 as follows:
- 10 (720 ILCS 675/Act title)
- "An Act to prohibit minors from buying, or selling, or
- 12 possessing tobacco in any of its forms, to prohibit selling,
- giving or furnishing tobacco, in any of its forms, to minors,
- 14 and providing penalties therefor.
- 15 (720 ILCS 675/0.01) (from Ch. 23, par. 2356.9)
- Sec. 0.01. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
- 17 <u>Prevention of Tobacco Use by</u> Sale-of-Tobacco-to Minors Act.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 86-1324.)
- 19 (720 ILCS 675/1) (from Ch. 23, par. 2357)
- Sec. 1. Sale to and possession by minors of tobacco
- 21 prohibited.
- 22 (a) No minor under 18 years of age shall buy any cigar,
- 23 cigarette, smokeless tobacco or tobacco in any of its forms.
- 24 No person shall sell, buy for, distribute samples of or
- furnish any cigar, cigarette, smokeless tobacco or tobacco in
- any of its forms, to any minor under 18 years of age.
- 27 (b) No minor under 18 years of age shall possess any
- 28 <u>cigar, cigarette, smokeless tobacco, or tobacco in any of its</u>
- 29 <u>forms</u>.
- 30 (c) For the purpose of this Section, "smokeless tobacco"

- 1 means any tobacco products that are suitable for dipping or
- 2 chewing.
- 3 (d) Tobacco products listed in this Section above may be
- 4 sold through a vending machine only in the following
- 5 locations:

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- 6 (1) Factories, businesses, offices, private clubs,
- 7 and other places not open to the general public.
- 8 (2) Places to which minors under 18 years of age
- 9 are not permitted access.
- 10 (3) Places where alcoholic beverages are sold and
- 11 consumed on the premises.
- 12 (4) Places where the vending machine is under the
- direct supervision of the owner of the establishment or
- 15 products from a vending machine under direct supervision

an employee over 18 years of age. The sale of tobacco

of the owner or an employee of the establishment is

used in this subdivision, "direct supervision" means that

- produced from a venaring machine anact arrest supervibres.
- 17 considered a sale of tobacco products by that person. As

- 19 the owner or employee has an unimpeded line of sight to
- the vending machine.
- 21 (5) Places where the vending machine can only be
- operated by the owner or an employee over age 18 either
- 23 directly or through a remote control device if the device
- is inaccessible to all customers.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 89-181, eff. 7-19-95.)
- 26 (720 ILCS 675/2) (from Ch. 23, par. 2358)
- 27 Sec. 2. (a) Any person who violates <u>subsection</u> (a) of
- 28 <u>Section 1</u> any--provision of this Act is guilty of a petty
- offense and for the first offense shall be fined \$200, \$400
- 30 for the second offense in a 12-month period, and \$600 for the
- 31 third or any subsequent offense in a 12-month period.
- 32 (b) If a minor violates subsection (b) of Section 1, the
- 33 <u>court may impose a sentence of 15 hours of community service</u>

- 1 or a fine of \$25 for a first violation.
- (c) A second violation by a minor of subsection (b) of 2
- Section 1 that occurs within 12 months after the first 3
- 4 violation is punishable by a fine of \$50 and 25 hours of
- 5 community service.
- 6 (d) A third or subsequent violation by a minor of
- 7 subsection (b) of Section 1 that occurs within 12 months
- after the first violation is punishable by a \$100 fine and 30 8
- 9 hours of community service.
- 10 (e) Any second or subsequent violation not within the
- 11 12-month time period after the first violation is punishable
- as provided for a first violation. 12
- (f) If a minor is convicted of or placed on supervision 13
- for a violation of subsection (b) of Section 1, the court 14
- may, in its discretion, and upon recommendation by the 15
- 16 State's Attorney, order that minor and his or her parents or
- <u>legal</u> <u>guardian</u> to attend a <u>smoker's</u> education or youth 17
- diversion program if that program is available in the 18
- jurisdiction where the offender resides. Attendance at a 19
- smoker's education or youth diversion program shall be 20
- 21 time-credited against any community service time imposed for
- any first violation of subsection (b) of Section 1. In 22
- violation of subsection (b) of Section 1, the court, upon

addition to any other penalty that the court may impose for a

- 25 request by the State's Attorney, may, in its discretion,
- require the offender to remit a fee for his or her attendance 26
- at a smoker's education or youth diversion program. 27
- (g) For purposes of this Section, "smoker's education 28
- program" or "youth diversion program" includes, but is not 29
- <u>limited to, a seminar designed to educate a person on the</u> 30
- physical and psychological effects of smoking tobacco 31
- products and the health consequences of smoking tobacco 32
- products that can be conducted with a locality's youth 33
- 34 diversion program.

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1	(h) All moneys collected as fines for violations of
2	subsection (a) of Section 1 shall be distributed in the
3	following manner:
4	(1) one-half of each fine shall be distributed to
5	the unit of local government or other entity that
6	successfully prosecuted the offender; and
7	(2) one-half shall be remitted to the State to be
8	used for enforcing this Act. One-halfofeachfine
9	collectedunder-this-Section-shall-be-distributed-to-the
10	unitoflocalgovernmentorotherentitythat
11	successfullyprosecutedthe-offender-and-one-half-shall
12	be-remitted-to-the-State-to-be-usedforenforcingthis
13	Aet.
14	(Source: P.A. 88-418.)