- 1 AN ACT concerning taxes.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
- 5 changing Section 201 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 5/201) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-201)
- 7 Sec. 201. Tax Imposed.
- 8 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby
- 9 imposed on every individual, corporation, trust and estate
- 10 for each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the
- 11 privilege of earning or receiving income in or as a resident
- of this State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other
- occupation or privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any
- 14 municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.
- 15 (b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this
- 16 Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by
- 17 subsection (d-1):
- 18 (1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate,
- for taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount
- 20 equal to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the
- 21 taxable year.
- 22 (2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate,
- for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and
- ending after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of
- 25 (i) 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period
- prior to July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3,
- and (ii) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period
- after June 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.
- 29 (3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate,
- for taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, an
- amount equal to 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the

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- 2 (4) (Blank).
- 3 (5) (Blank).
 - (6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
 - (7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.
 - (8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
- (c) Personal Property Tax Replacement Income 17 Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such 18 19 income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on 20 every corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), 21 22 partnership and trust, for each taxable year ending after 23 30, 1979. Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this 24 25 The Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax State. shall be in addition to the income tax imposed by subsections 26 (a) and (b) of this Section and in addition to all other 27 occupation or privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any 28 29 municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.
 - (d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall

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be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an

additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income

7 for the taxable year.

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(d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. 8 the case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of 9 the Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of 10 11 domicile imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a 12 retaliatory tax (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed are 50% or more of its total insurance 13 premiums as determined under paragraph (2) of subsection 14 15 Section 304, except that for purposes of 16 determination premiums from reinsurance do not from inter-affiliate reinsurance arrangements), 17 beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 18 19 1999, the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not increased) to the rate at 20 2.1 which the total amount of tax imposed under this Act, net of 22 all credits allowed under this Act, shall equal (i) the total 23 amount of tax that would be imposed on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for the taxable year by such 24 25 foreign insurer's state or country of domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes and taxes measured by 26 net income imposed by such foreign insurer's state or country 27 of domicile, net of all credits allowed or (ii) a rate of 28 29 zero if no such tax is imposed on such income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the purposes of this 30 subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes a mutual 31 32 insurer under common management.

33 (1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no 34 event shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections (b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:

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- (A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all credits allowed under this Act, plus
- (B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code,
- equals 1.25% of the net taxable premiums written for the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b) and (d).
- (2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i) has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by subsection (d).
- 24 This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of 25 Section 250.
- 26 (e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a 27 credit against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income 28 Tax for investment in qualified property.
- (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to
 30 .5% of the basis of qualified property placed in service
 31 during the taxable year, provided such property is placed
 32 in service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be
 33 allowed an additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of
 34 qualified property placed in service during the taxable

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year, provided such property is placed in service on after July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in which they file employment records with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. provisions added to this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing law and not as a new enactment. in any year, the increase in base employment within If, Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, additional credit shall be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year other than the year in which the property was placed in service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit years if taxpayer (i) makes investments which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii)located in an enterprise zone is established pursuant to the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act

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and (iii) is certified by the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs as complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and Community Affairs shall notify the Department of Revenue of all such certifications immediately. For tax years ending after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit years. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit shall be applied first.

- (2) The term "qualified property" means property which:
 - (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings and signs that are real property, but not including land or improvements to real property that are not a structural component of a building such as landscaping, sewer lines, local access roads, fencing, parking lots, and other appurtenances;
 - (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (e);
 - (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is

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primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal or fluorite, or in retailing; and

- (E) has not previously been used in Illinoisin such a manner and by such a person as wouldqualify for the credit provided by this subsection(e) or subsection (f).
- purposes of this subsection (3) For "manufacturing" means the material staging and production of tangible personal property by procedures regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or assembling which changes some existing material into new shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e), the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal property or services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible consumer goods or commodities.
- (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes.
- (5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.
- (6) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of any qualified property is moved outside Illinois

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within 48 months after being placed in service, the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such property from such computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.

- (8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law, the basis of qualified property shall not include costs incurred after December 31, 2003, except for costs incurred pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before December 31, 2003.
- (9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000, a partnership may elect to pass through to partners the credits to which the partnership is entitled under this subsection (e) for the taxable year. partner may use the credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. partnership makes that election, those credits shall be allocated among the partners in the partnership accordance with the rules set forth in Section 704(b) the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that taxable The partnership shall make this election on its year. Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for that taxable year. The election to pass through the

credits shall be irrevocable.

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For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000, a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during the taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S corporation, determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

(f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone.

(1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for investment in qualified property which is placed in service in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act. For partners, shareholders of Subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit shall be available only in the taxable year in which the property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (2) The term qualified property means property which:

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- (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;
- (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (f);
- (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (D) is used in the Enterprise Zone by the taxpayer; and
- (E) has not been previously used in Illinoisin such a manner and by such a person as wouldqualify for the credit provided by this subsection(f) or subsection (e).
- (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes.

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tax depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed in service in the Enterprise Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income

- placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.
- (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- If during any taxable year, any property ceases be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone within 48 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such property from such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.
- (g) Jobs Tax Credit; Enterprise Zone and Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.
 - (1) A taxpayer conducting a trade or business in an enterprise zone or a High Impact Business designated by the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs conducting a trade or business in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section in the amount of \$500 per eligible employee

1 hired to work in the zone during the taxable year. 2 (2) To qualify for the credit: (A) the taxpayer must hire 5 or more eligible 3 4 employees to work in an enterprise zone or federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone during the 5 taxable year; 6 7 (B) the taxpayer's total employment within the 8 enterprise zone or federally designated Foreign 9 Trade Zone or Sub-Zone must increase by 5 or more full-time employees beyond the total employed in 10 11 that zone at the end of the previous tax year for which a jobs tax credit under this Section was 12 taken, or beyond the total employed by the taxpayer 13 as of December 31, 1985, whichever is later; and 14 15 (C) the eligible employees must be employed 16 180 consecutive days in order to be deemed hired for purposes of this subsection. 17 (3) An "eligible employee" means an employee who 18 is: 19 (A) Certified by the Department of Commerce 20 21 and Community Affairs as "eligible for services" 22 pursuant to regulations promulgated in accordance 23 with Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act, Training Services for the Disadvantaged or Title III 24 25 of the Job Training Partnership Act, Employment and Training Assistance for Dislocated Workers Program. 26 27 (B) Hired after the enterprise zone or federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone 28 29 was designated or the trade or business was located 30 in that zone, whichever is later. (C) Employed in the enterprise zone or Foreign 31 Trade Zone or Sub-Zone. An employee is employed in 32 an enterprise zone or federally designated Foreign 33

Trade Zone or Sub-Zone if his services are rendered

there or it is the base of operations for the services performed.

- (D) A full-time employee working 30 or more hours per week.
- (4) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1985 and prior to December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the eligible employees are hired. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year immediately following the tax year in which the eligible employees are hired. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit shall be applied first.
- (5) The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection (g).
- (6) The credit shall be available for eligible employees hired on or after January 1, 1986.
- (h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.
- (1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for investment in qualified property which is placed in service by a Department of Commerce and Community Affairs designated High Impact Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the minimum investments in qualified

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property set forth in subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the time authorized in subsection (b-5) of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact Businesses under subdivisions (a)(3)(B), (a)(3)(C), and (a)(3)(D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, and shall not be allowed to extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this The credit applicable to such Section to below zero. investments shall be taken in the taxable year in which such investments have been completed. The credit for additional investments beyond the minimum investment by a designated high impact business authorized under subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable year in which the property is placed in service and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

Changes made in this subdivision (h)(1) by Public Act 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and

1 reflect existing law.

- 2 (2) The term qualified property means property which:
 - (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;
 - (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (h);
 - (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
 - (D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this Section.
 - (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes.
 - (4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.
 - (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (6) If during any taxable year ending on or before December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed

under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such property from such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.

- (7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).
- (i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax. A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under

1 this subsection which is unused in the year the credit is 2 computed because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the 3 4 original liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by 5 б subsections (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. This credit shall be applied first to 7 the earliest year for which there is a liability. 8 9 is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the earliest credit 10 11 arising under this subsection shall be applied first.

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If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable year to reduce the amount of credit claimed.

(j) Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years ending on or after December 31, 1986, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by the taxpayer in Illinois Illinois residents employed outside of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational training semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled or skilled which were deducted from gross income in computation of taxable income. The credit against the imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if 1 the liability company is treated as a partnership for

2 purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be

3 allowed a credit under this subsection (j) to be determined

in accordance with the determination of income and

distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and

subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

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7 Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to 8 9 each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first computed until it is used. This credit shall 10 11 be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from 12 more than one tax year that is available to offset a 13 liability the earliest credit arising under this subsection 14

(k) Research and development credit.

shall be applied first.

Beginning with tax years ending after July 1, 1990 and 17 ending on or before December 30, 2003, a taxpayer shall be 18 19 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for increasing research activities in 20 2.1 this State. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by 22 subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 6 1/2% of the 23 qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in this State incurred during the taxable year. Beginning with 24 25 tax years ending on or after December 31, 2003, a taxpayer 26 shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for research 27 activities in this State. The credit allowed against the tax 28 29 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 50% of 30 the qualifying expenditures for research activities in this 31 State incurred during the taxable year. For partners, 32 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is 33 34 treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State 1 income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this

2 subsection to be determined in accordance with the

3 determination of income and distributive share of income

under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal

5 Revenue Code.

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For taxable years ending on or before December 30, 2003, 6 7 for purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures" means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal 8 9 credit for increasing research activities which would be allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and 10 11 which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in this State" means the 12 excess of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in 13 which incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base 14 period, "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means 15 16 the average of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years 17 immediately preceding the taxable year for which the 18 19 determination is being made. For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2003, for purposes of this subsection, 20 21 "qualifying expenditures for research activities in this 22 State" means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the 23 federal credit for increasing research activities that would be allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code 24 25 and that are conducted in this State.

Any credit in excess of the tax liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A taxpayer may elect to have the unused credit shown on its final completed return carried over as a credit against the tax liability for the following 5 taxable years or until it has been fully used, whichever occurs first.

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If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest year will be applied first against the tax liability

- 1 for the given year. If a tax liability for the given year
- 2 still remains, the credit from the next earliest year will
- then be applied, and so on, until all credits have been used 3
- 4 or no tax liability for the given year remains. Anv
- remaining unused credit or credits then will be carried 5
- forward to the next following year in which a tax liability 6
- 7 is incurred, except that no credit can be carried forward to
- 8 a year which is more than 5 years after the year in which the
- 9 expense for which the credit is given was incurred.
- This subsection (k) is exempt from the provisions of 10
- 11 Section 250. Unless-extended-by-law,--the--credit--shall--not
- 12 include--ests--incurred--after-December-31,-2004,-except-for
- 13 costs-incurred-pursuant-to-a-binding-contract-entered-into-on
- or-before-December-31,-2004. 14

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- No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of 15
- 16 the 91st General Assembly in construing this Section for
- taxable years beginning before January 1, 1999. 17
- Environmental Remediation Tax Credit. 18 (1)
- (i) For tax years ending after December 31, 19
- and on or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be 20
- 2.1 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections
- 22 and (b) of this Section for certain amounts paid for
- 23 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs, as specified in
- 24 this subsection. For purposes of this Section,
- "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" means costs
- ("Agency") under Section 58.14 of the Environmental 27

approved by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

- Protection Act that were paid in performing environmental 28
- 29 remediation at a site for which a No Further Remediation
- 30 Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under
- Section 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. 31
- credit must be claimed for the taxable year in which 32
- Agency approval of the eligible remediation costs is 33
- 34 granted. The credit is not available to any taxpayer if

the taxpayer or any related party caused or contributed

to, in any material respect, a release of regulated

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substances on, in, or under the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control Board rules are adopted pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9 of the Environmental Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs. The total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704

(ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year

and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

for which the credit is first earned until it is used. 1 2 The term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the 3 4 maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i). This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year 5 for which there is a liability. If there is a credit 6 7 under this subsection from more than one tax year that is 8 available to offset a liability, the earliest credit 9 arising under this subsection shall be applied first. credit allowed under this subsection may be sold to a 10 11 buyer as part of a sale of all or part of the remediation site for which the credit was granted. The purchaser of 12 a remediation site and the tax credit shall succeed to 13 the unused credit and remaining carry-forward period of 14 15 the seller. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall 16 record the transfer in the chain of title for the site and provide written notice to the Director of 17 Illinois Department of Revenue of the assignor's intent 18 to sell the remediation site and the amount of the tax 19 credit to be transferred as a portion of the sale. In no 20 21 event may a credit be transferred to any taxpayer if the 22 taxpayer or a related party would not be eligible under 23 the provisions of subsection (i).

(iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site" shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the Environmental Protection Act.

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ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total credit under this subsection claimed by a family

- 1 that is the custodian of qualifying pupils exceed \$500. In
- 2 no event shall a credit under this subsection reduce the
- 3 taxpayer's liability under this Act to less than zero. This
- 4 subsection is exempt from the provisions of Section 250 of
- 5 this Act.
- 6 For purposes of this subsection:
- 7 "Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) are
- 8 residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of
- 9 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is
- 10 sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit
- is sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten
- 12 through twelfth grade education program at any school, as
- defined in this subsection.
- "Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred
- on behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for
- tuition, book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the
- 17 pupil is enrolled during the regular school year.
- 18 "School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or
- 19 secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title
- 20 VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which
- 21 satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School
- 22 Code, except that nothing shall be construed to require a
- 23 child to attend any particular public or nonpublic school to
- 24 qualify for the credit under this Section.
- 25 "Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an
- 26 Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal
- guardian, or the legal guardians of the qualifying pupils.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 91-9, eff. 1-1-00; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99;
- 29 91-643, eff. 8-20-99; 91-644, eff. 8-20-99; 91-860, eff.
- 30 6-22-00; 91-913, eff. 1-1-01; 92-12, eff. 7-1-01; 92-16, eff.
- 31 6-28-01; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-846, eff. 8-23-02.)
- 32 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 33 becoming law.