- 1 AN ACT in relation to criminal law.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 2. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 5 changing Section 21-1.5 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/21-1.5)
- 7 Sec. 21-1.5. Anhydrous ammonia equipment, containers,
- 8 and facilities.
- 9 (a) It is unlawful for any person to tamper with
- 10 anhydrous ammonia equipment, containers, or storage
- 11 facilities.
- 12 (b) Tampering with anhydrous ammonia equipment,
- 13 containers, or storage facilities occurs when any person who
- 14 is not authorized by the owner of the anhydrous ammonia,
- 15 anhydrous ammonia equipment, storage containers, or storage
- 16 facilities transfers or attempts to transfer anhydrous
- 17 ammonia to another container, causes damage to the anhydrous
- 18 ammonia equipment, storage container, or storage facility, or
- 19 vents or attempts to vent anhydrous ammonia into the
- 20 environment.
- 21 (b-5) It is unlawful for any person to transport
- 22 anhydrous ammonia in a portable container if the container is
- 23 not a package authorized for anhydrous ammonia transportation
- 24 as defined in rules adopted under the Illinois Hazardous
- 25 Materials Transportation Act. For purposes of this
- 26 subsection (b-5), an authorized package includes a package
- 27 previously authorized under the Illinois Hazardous Materials
- 28 Transportation Act.
- 29 (b-10) For purposes of this Section:
- 30 "Anhydrous ammonia" means the compound defined in
- 31 paragraph (d) of Section 3 of the Illinois Fertilizer Act of

- 1 1961.
- 2 "Anhydrous ammonia equipment", "anhydrous ammonia storage
- 3 containers", and "anhydrous ammonia storage facilities" are
- 4 defined in rules adopted under the Illinois Fertilizer Act of
- 5 1961.
- 6 (c) Sentence. A--violation-of-subsection-(a)-or-(b)-of
- 7 this-Section-is--a--Class--A--misdemeanor. A violation of
- 8 subsection-(b-5)-of this Section is a Class 4 felony.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 91-402, eff. 1-1-00; 91-889, eff. 1-1-01;
- 10 92-16, eff. 6-28-01.)
- 11 Section 5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
- 12 amended by changing Section 102 and adding Section 405.3 as
- 13 follows:
- 14 (720 ILCS 570/102) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1102)
- 15 Sec. 102. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the
- 16 context otherwise requires:
- 17 (a) "Addict" means any person who habitually uses any
- 18 drug, chemical, substance or dangerous drug other than
- 19 alcohol so as to endanger the public morals, health, safety
- 20 or welfare or who is so far addicted to the use of a
- 21 dangerous drug or controlled substance other than alcohol as
- 22 to have lost the power of self control with reference to his
- 23 addiction.
- 24 (b) "Administer" means the direct application of a
- 25 controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation,
- 26 ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or
- 27 research subject by:
- 28 (1) a practitioner (or, in his presence, by his
- 29 authorized agent), or
- 30 (2) the patient or research subject at the lawful
- 31 direction of the practitioner.
- 32 (c) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on

1	behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor,
2	or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract
3	carrier, public warehouseman or employee of the carrier or
4	warehouseman.
5	(c-1) "Anabolic Steroids" means any drug or hormonal
6	substance, chemically and pharmacologically related to
7	testosterone (other than estrogens, progestins, and
8	corticosteroids) that promotes muscle growth, and includes:
9	(i) boldenone,
10	(ii) chlorotestosterone,
11	(iii) chostebol,
12	(iv) dehydrochlormethyltestosterone,
13	(v) dihydrotestosterone,
14	(vi) drostanolone,
15	(vii) ethylestrenol,
16	(viii) fluoxymesterone,
17	(ix) formebulone,
18	(x) mesterolone,
19	(xi) methandienone,
20	(xii) methandranone,
21	(xiii) methandriol,
22	(xiv) methandrostenolone,
23	(xv) methenolone,
24	(xvi) methyltestosterone,
25	(xvii) mibolerone,
26	(xviii) nandrolone,
27	(xix) norethandrolone,
28	(xx) oxandrolone,
29	(xxi) oxymesterone,
30	(xxii) oxymetholone,
31	(xxiii) stanolone,
32	(xxiv) stanozolol,
33	(xxv) testolactone,

(xxvi) testosterone,

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1 (xxvii) trenbolone, and

2 (xxviii) any salt, ester, or isomer of a drug

or substance described or listed in this paragraph,

4 if that salt, ester, or isomer promotes muscle

5 growth.

Any person who is otherwise lawfully in possession of 6 7 anabolic steroid, or who otherwise lawfully manufactures, distributes, dispenses, delivers, or possesses with intent to 8 9 deliver an anabolic steroid, which anabolic steroid is expressly intended for and lawfully allowed 10 be 11 administered through implants to livestock or other nonhuman species, and which is approved by the Secretary of Health and 12 Human Services for such administration, and which the person 13 intends to administer or have administered through such 14 15 implants, shall not be considered to be in unauthorized 16 possession or to unlawfully manufacture, distribute, dispense, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver such 17

19 (d) "Administration" means the Drug Enforcement 20 Administration, United States Department of Justice, or its 21 successor agency.

anabolic steroid for purposes of this Act.

- (e) "Control" means to add a drug or other substance, or immediate precursor, to a Schedule under Article II of this Act whether by transfer from another Schedule or otherwise.
- 25 (f) "Controlled Substance" means a drug, substance, or 26 immediate precursor in the Schedules of Article II of this 27 Act.
- "Counterfeit substance" 28 (g) means a controlled 29 substance, which, or the container or labeling of which, 30 without authorization bears the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any 31 32 likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, 33 34 distributed, or dispensed the substance.

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- 2 constructive or attempted transfer of possession of a
- 3 controlled substance, with or without consideration, whether
- 4 or not there is an agency relationship.
- 5 (i) "Department" means the Illinois Department of Human
- 6 Services (as successor to the Department of Alcoholism and
- 7 Substance Abuse) or its successor agency.
- 8 (j) "Department of State Police" means the Department of
- 9 State Police of the State of Illinois or its successor
- 10 agency.
- 11 (k) "Department of Corrections" means the Department of
- 12 Corrections of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.
- 13 (1) "Department of Professional Regulation" means the
- 14 Department of Professional Regulation of the State of
- 15 Illinois or its successor agency.
- (m) "Depressant" or "stimulant substance" means:
- 17 (1) a drug which contains any quantity of (i)
- 18 barbituric acid or any of the salts of barbituric acid
- which has been designated as habit forming under section
- 20 502 (d) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
- 21 U.S.C. 352 (d)); or
- 22 (2) a drug which contains any quantity of (i)
- amphetamine or methamphetamine and any of their optical
- isomers; (ii) any salt of amphetamine or methamphetamine
- or any salt of an optical isomer of amphetamine; or (iii)
- any substance which the Department, after investigation,
- 27 has found to be, and by rule designated as, habit forming
- 28 because of its depressant or stimulant effect on the
- 29 central nervous system; or
- 30 (3) lysergic acid diethylamide; or
- 31 (4) any drug which contains any quantity of a
- 32 substance which the Department, after investigation, has
- found to have, and by rule designated as having, a
- 34 potential for abuse because of its depressant or

- 1 stimulant effect on the central nervous system or
- 2 hallucinogenic effect.
- 3 (n) (Blank).
- 4 "Director" means the Director of the Department of (0)
- 5 State Police or the Department of Professional Regulation or
- 6 his designated agents.
- 7 (p) "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance
- 8 to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the
- lawful order of a prescriber, including the prescribing, 9
- administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary 10
- 11 to prepare the substance for that delivery.
- "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses. 12 (q)
- "Distribute" means to deliver, other 13 (r)than by
- administering or dispensing, a controlled substance. 14
- 15 "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- 16 "Drug" means (1) substances recognized as drugs in
- official United States Pharmacopoeia, 17
- 18 Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official
- 19 National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them;
- substances intended for use in diagnosis, cure, mitigation, 20
- 21 treatment, or prevention of disease in man or animals; (3)
- substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure 22
- substances intended for use as a component of any article

of any function of the body of man or animals and (4)

specified in clause (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection.

- does not include devices or their components, parts, 26 or
- 27 accessories.

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- (t-5) "Euthanasia agency" means an entity certified by 28
- the Department of Professional Regulation for the purpose of 29
- 30 animal euthanasia that holds an animal control facility
- license or animal shelter license under the Animal Welfare 31
- 32 A euthanasia agency is authorized to purchase, store, Act.
- possess, and utilize Schedule II nonnarcotic and Schedule III 33
- 34 nonnarcotic drugs for the sole purpose of animal euthanasia.

1	(u) "Good faith" means the prescribing or dispensing of
2	a controlled substance by a practitioner in the regular
3	course of professional treatment to or for any person who is
4	under his treatment for a pathology or condition other than
5	that individual's physical or psychological dependence upon
6	or addiction to a controlled substance, except as provided
7	herein: and application of the term to a pharmacist shall
8	mean the dispensing of a controlled substance pursuant to the
9	prescriber's order which in the professional judgment of the
10	pharmacist is lawful. The pharmacist shall be guided by
11	accepted professional standards including, but not limited to
12	the following, in making the judgment:

- 13 (1) lack of consistency of doctor-patient 14 relationship,
- 15 (2) frequency of prescriptions for same drug by one 16 prescriber for large numbers of patients,
 - (3) quantities beyond those normally prescribed,
- 18 (4) unusual dosages,

- (5) unusual geographic distances between patient,pharmacist and prescriber,
- 21 (6) consistent prescribing of habit-forming drugs.
- 22 (u-1) "Home infusion services" means services provided
 23 by a pharmacy in compounding solutions for direct
 24 administration to a patient in a private residence, long-term
 25 care facility, or hospice setting by means of parenteral,
 26 intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, or intraspinal
 27 infusion.
 - (v) "Immediate precursor" means a substance:
- 29 (1) which the Department has found to be and by
 30 rule designated as being a principal compound used, or
 31 produced primarily for use, in the manufacture of a
 32 controlled substance;
- 33 (2) which is an immediate chemical intermediary 34 used or likely to be used in the manufacture of such

- 1 controlled substance; and
- 2 (3) the control of which is necessary to prevent,
- 3 curtail or limit the manufacture of such controlled
- 4 substance.
- 5 (w) "Instructional activities" means the acts of
- 6 teaching, educating or instructing by practitioners using
- 7 controlled substances within educational facilities approved
- 8 by the State Board of Education or its successor agency.
- 9 (x) "Local authorities" means a duly organized State,
- 10 County or Municipal peace unit or police force.
- 11 (y) "Look-alike substance" means a substance, other than
- 12 a controlled substance which (1) by overall dosage unit
- 13 appearance, including shape, color, size, markings or lack
- 14 thereof, taste, consistency, or any other identifying
- 15 physical characteristic of the substance, would lead a
- 16 reasonable person to believe that the substance is a
- 17 controlled substance, or (2) is expressly or impliedly
- 18 represented to be a controlled substance or is distributed
- 19 under circumstances which would lead a reasonable person to
- 20 believe that the substance is a controlled substance. For the
- 21 purpose of determining whether the representations made or

the circumstances of the distribution would lead a reasonable

person to believe the substance to be a controlled substance

- under this clause (2) of subsection (y), the court or other
- 25 authority may consider the following factors in addition to
- 26 any other factor that may be relevant:
- 27 (a) statements made by the owner or person in
- 28 control of the substance concerning its nature, use or
- 29 effect;

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- 30 (b) statements made to the buyer or recipient that
- 31 the substance may be resold for profit;
- 32 (c) whether the substance is packaged in a manner
- normally used for the illegal distribution of controlled
- 34 substances;

1 (d) whether the distribution or attempted 2 distribution included an exchange of or demand for money 3 or other property as consideration, and whether the 4 amount of the consideration was substantially greater 5 than the reasonable retail market value of the substance. 6 Clause (1) of this subsection (y) shall not apply to a

Clause (1) of this subsection (y) shall not apply to a noncontrolled substance in its finished dosage form that was initially introduced into commerce prior to the initial introduction into commerce of a controlled substance in its finished dosage form which it may substantially resemble.

Nothing in this subsection (y) prohibits the dispensing or distributing of noncontrolled substances by persons authorized to dispense and distribute controlled substances under this Act, provided that such action would be deemed to be carried out in good faith under subsection (u) if the substances involved were controlled substances.

Nothing in this subsection (y) or in this Act prohibits the manufacture, preparation, propagation, compounding, processing, packaging, advertising or distribution of a drug or drugs by any person registered pursuant to Section 510 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360).

(y-1) "Mail-order pharmacy" means a pharmacy that is located in a state of the United States, other than Illinois, that delivers, dispenses or distributes, through the United States Postal Service or other common carrier, to Illinois residents, any substance which requires a prescription.

(z) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling of its container, except that this term does not

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- (1) by an ultimate user, the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance for his own use; or
- 4 (2) by a practitioner, or his authorized agent 5 under his supervision, the preparation, compounding, 6 packaging, or labeling of a controlled substance:
- 7 (a) as an incident to his administering or 8 dispensing of a controlled substance in the course 9 of his professional practice; or
- 10 (b) as an incident to lawful research,
 11 teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale.
- 12 (z-1) "Methamphetamine manufacturing chemical" means any
 13 of the following chemicals or substances containing any of
 14 the following chemicals: benzyl methyl ketone, ephedrine,
 15 methyl benzyl ketone, phenylacetone, phenyl-2-propanone, er
 16 pseudoephedrine, or red phosphorous or any of the salts,
 17 optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers of the
 18 above-listed chemicals.
- 19 (aa) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether 20 produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances 21 of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical 22 synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical 23 synthesis:
- 24 (1) opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, 25 derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate;
 - (2) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in clause (1), but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
 - (3) opium poppy and poppy straw;
- 32 (4) coca leaves and any salts, compound, isomer, 33 salt of an isomer, derivative, or preparation of coca 34 leaves including cocaine or ecgonine, and any salt,

- 1 compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof
- which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of
- 3 these substances, but not including decocainized coca
- 4 leaves or extractions of coca leaves which do not contain
- 5 cocaine or ecgonine (for the purpose of this paragraph,
- 6 the term "isomer" includes optical, positional and
- 7 geometric isomers).
- 8 (bb) "Nurse" means a registered nurse licensed under the
- 9 Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act.
- 10 (cc) (Blank).
- 11 (dd) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction
- 12 forming or addiction sustaining liability similar to morphine
- or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction
- 14 forming or addiction sustaining liability.
- 15 (ee) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species
- Papaver somniferum L., except its seeds.
- 17 (ff) "Parole and Pardon Board" means the Parole and
- 18 Pardon Board of the State of Illinois or its successor
- 19 agency.
- 20 (gg) "Person" means any individual, corporation,
- 21 mail-order pharmacy, government or governmental subdivision
- 22 or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or
- association, or any other entity.
- 24 (hh) "Pharmacist" means any person who holds a
- 25 certificate of registration as a registered pharmacist, a
- 26 local registered pharmacist or a registered assistant
- 27 pharmacist under the Pharmacy Practice Act of 1987.
- 28 (ii) "Pharmacy" means any store, ship or other place in
- 29 which pharmacy is authorized to be practiced under the
- 30 Pharmacy Practice Act of 1987.
- 31 (jj) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of
- 32 the opium poppy, after mowing.
- 33 (kk) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed to
- 34 practice medicine in all its branches, dentist, podiatrist,

- 1 veterinarian, scientific investigator, pharmacist, physician
- 2 assistant, advanced practice nurse, licensed practical nurse,
- 3 registered nurse, hospital, laboratory, or pharmacy, or other
- 4 person licensed, registered, or otherwise lawfully permitted
- 5 by the United States or this State to distribute, dispense,
- 6 conduct research with respect to, administer or use in
- 7 teaching or chemical analysis, a controlled substance in the
- 8 course of professional practice or research.
- 9 (11) "Pre-printed prescription" means a written
- 10 prescription upon which the designated drug has been
- indicated prior to the time of issuance.
- 12 (mm) "Prescriber" means a physician licensed to practice
- 13 medicine in all its branches, dentist, podiatrist or
- 14 veterinarian who issues a prescription, a physician assistant
- 15 who issues a prescription for a Schedule III, IV, or V
- 16 controlled substance in accordance with Section 303.05 and
- 17 the written guidelines required under Section 7.5 of the
- 18 Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987, or an advanced
- 19 practice nurse with prescriptive authority in accordance with
- 20 Section 303.05 and a written collaborative agreement under
- 21 Sections 15-15 and 15-20 of the Nursing and Advanced Practice
- 22 Nursing Act.
- 23 (nn) "Prescription" means a lawful written, facsimile,
- or verbal order of a physician licensed to practice medicine
- in all its branches, dentist, podiatrist or veterinarian for
- 26 any controlled substance, of a physician assistant for a
- 27 Schedule III, IV, or V controlled substance in accordance
- with Section 303.05 and the written guidelines required under
- 29 Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987,
- 30 or of an advanced practice nurse who issues a prescription
- 31 for a Schedule III, IV, or V controlled substance in
- 32 accordance with Section 303.05 and a written collaborative
- 33 agreement under Sections 15-15 and 15-20 of the Nursing and
- 34 Advanced Practice Nursing Act.

- 1 (oo) "Production" or "produce" means manufacture,
- 2 planting, cultivating, growing, or harvesting of a controlled
- 3 substance.
- 4 (pp) "Registrant" means every person who is required to
- 5 register under Section 302 of this Act.
- 6 (qq) "Registry number" means the number assigned to each
- 7 person authorized to handle controlled substances under the
- 8 laws of the United States and of this State.
- 9 (rr) "State" includes the State of Illinois and any
- 10 state, district, commonwealth, territory, insular possession
- 11 thereof, and any area subject to the legal authority of the
- 12 United States of America.
- 13 (ss) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully
- 14 possesses a controlled substance for his own use or for the
- use of a member of his household or for administering to an
- animal owned by him or by a member of his household.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 91-403, eff. 1-1-00; 91-714, eff. 6-2-00;
- 18 92-449, eff. 1-1-02.)
- 19 (720 ILCS 570/405.3 new)
- 20 <u>Sec. 405.3. Criminal synthetic drug manufacturing</u>
- 21 <u>conspiracy</u>.
- 22 (a) A person commits criminal synthetic drug
- 23 <u>manufacturing conspiracy when, with the intent that a</u>
- 24 <u>controlled substance be manufactured or produced in violation</u>
- of any provision of Section 401, 402, 406.1, or 407, he or
- 26 she aids in the manufacture or production of a synthetic
- 27 <u>controlled substance. No person may be convicted of criminal</u>
- 28 synthetic drug manufacturing conspiracy unless an act in
- 29 <u>furtherance to aid in the manufacture or production of a</u>
- 30 synthetic controlled substance is alleged and proved to have
- 31 <u>been committed by the person or a co-conspirator.</u>
- 32 (b) Aiding in the manufacture of a synthetic controlled
- 33 <u>substance</u> may be accomplished by: (1) providing

- 1 <u>methamphetamine</u> <u>manufacturing</u> <u>chemicals</u>, <u>precursors</u>,
- 2 <u>essential ingredients</u>, or apparatus required to produce the
- 3 synthetic controlled substance; or (2) permitting the use of
- 4 any structure for the purpose of the manufacture of a
- 5 <u>synthetic controlled substance.</u>
- 6 (c) Apparatus required to manufacture the synthetic
- 7 <u>controlled substance may include laboratory glassware and</u>
- 8 apparatus or other common or household items used or modified
- 9 for use in the manufacture of the synthetic controlled
- 10 <u>substance</u>.
- 11 (d) In this Section, "structure" means any house,
- 12 <u>apartment building, shop, barn, warehouse, building, vessel,</u>
- 13 <u>railroad car, cargo container, motor vehicle, housecar,</u>
- 14 trailer, trailer coach, camper, mine, floating home,
- 15 <u>watercraft</u>, any <u>structure capable of holding a clandestine</u>
- 16 <u>laboratory or any real property.</u>
- (e) It is not a defense to conspiracy that the person or
- 18 persons with whom the accused is alleged to have conspired:
- 19 <u>(1) have not been prosecuted or convicted; or</u>
- 20 (2) have been convicted of a different offense; or
- 21 (3) are not amenable to justice; or
- 22 <u>(4) have been acquitted; or</u>
- 23 (5) lacked the capacity to commit the offense.
- 24 (f) Sentence. A person convicted of criminal synthetic
- 25 <u>drug manufacturing conspiracy may be fined or imprisoned or</u>
- 26 both, but any fines or term of imprisonment imposed may not
- 27 <u>be less than the minimum nor more than the maximum provided</u>
- for the offense that is the object of the conspiracy.
- 29 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 30 becoming law.