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- 1 AN ACT in relation to criminal law.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 5 changing Section 11-9.3 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)
- 7 Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex
- 8 offenders prohibited.

of the institution.

- 9 (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
- 10 be present in any <u>institution of higher education or</u> school
- 11 building, on real property comprising any <u>institution of</u>
- 12 <u>higher education or</u> school, or in any conveyance owned,
- 13 leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or
- 14 from school or a school related activity when persons under
- 15 the age of 18 are present in the building, on the grounds or
- 16 in the conveyance, unless the offender is a parent or
- 17 guardian of a student present in the building, on the grounds
- or in the conveyance or unless the offender has permission to
- 19 be present from the superintendent or the school board or in

the case of a private school from the principal or in the

In the case of a public school, if

- 21 <u>case of an institution of higher education, the administrator</u>
- 23 permission is granted, the superintendent or school board
- 24 president must inform the principal of the school or school
- 25 <u>security</u> where the sex offender will be present. <u>In the case</u>
- 26 of an institution of higher education, if permission is
- 27 granted, the administrator of the institution must inform
- 28 security personnel of the institution where the sex offender
- 29 <u>will be present.</u> Notification includes the nature of the sex
- 30 offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will
- 31 be present in the school or institution of higher education.

1 The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's

2 office or security personnel's office, or the administrator

of the institution of higher education when he or she arrives

on school property and when he or she departs from school or

institution of high education property. If the sex offender

is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex

offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision

8 of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this

provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

- (1) (Blank; or)
- 11 (2) (Blank.)

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It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 12 loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a school or 13 institution of higher education building or real property 14 comprising any school or institution of higher education 15 16 while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender is a parent or 17 18 guardian of a student present in the building or on the 19 grounds or has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a 20 2.1 private school from the principal or in the case of an institution of higher education, the administrator. 22 23 case of a public school, if permission is granted, superintendent or school board president must inform the 24 25 principal of the school where the sex offender will Notification includes the nature of 26 present. the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will 27 be present in the school or institution of higher education. 28 29 The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's 30 or security personnel's office when he or she arrives on school or institution of higher education property and when 31 32 or she departs from school or institution of higher education property. If the sex offender is to be present in 33

the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to

is found not guilty by reason of

insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section

104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of

1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit

such offense; or

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1		(D) is the subject of a finding not
2		resulting in an acquittal at a hearing
3		conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of Section
4		104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of
5		1963 for the alleged commission or attempted
6		commission of such offense; or
7		(E) is found not guilty by reason of
8		insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant
9		to a federal law or the law of another state
10		substantially similar to subsection (c) of
11		Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal
12		Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the
13		attempted commission of such offense; or
14		(F) is the subject of a finding not
15		resulting in an acquittal at a hearing
16		conducted pursuant to a federal law or the law
17		of another state substantially similar to
18		subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
19		Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged
20		violation or attempted commission of such
21		offense; or
22		(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous
23		person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous
24		Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal
25		law or the law of another state, when any conduct
26		giving rise to such certification is committed or
27		attempted against a person less than 18 years of
28		age; or
29		(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section
30		2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
31		Persons Act.
32		Convictions that result from or are connected with
33	the	same act, or result from offenses committed at the
34	same	time, shall be counted for the purpose of this

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Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5), "sex offense" means:
  - (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding abetting child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10), 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), (indecent solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, or on a conveyance, owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in any school, on real property comprising any school, in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
  - (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 12-15 (criminal sexual

victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13

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Τ	(criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated
2	criminal sexual assault), 12-16 (aggravated criminal
3	sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 12-15
4	(criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any
5	of these offenses.
6	(iii) A violation of any of the following
7	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the
8	victim is a person under 18 years of age and the
9	defendant is not a parent of the victim:
10	10-1 (kidnapping),
11	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
12	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
13	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
14	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
15	(iv) A violation of any former law of this
16	State substantially equivalent to any offense listed
17	in this paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
18	(3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or
19	the law of another state that is substantially equivalent
20	to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c)
21	of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the
22	purpose of this Article. A finding or adjudication as
23	sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of
24	another state that is substantially equivalent to the
25	Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an
26	adjudication for the purposes of this Section.
27	(4) "School" means a public or private pre-school,
28	elementary, or secondary school.
29	(5) "Loiter" means:
30	(i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
31	person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around
32	school property.
33	(ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not

the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around

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- school property, for the purpose of committing or attempting to commit a sex offense.
- 3 (6) "School official" means the principal, a
- 4 teacher, or any other certified employee of the school,
- 5 the superintendent of schools or a member of the school
- 6 board.
- 7 (7) "Institution of higher education" means a
- 8 <u>university</u>, <u>college</u>, <u>community</u> <u>college</u>, <u>or a laboratory</u>
- 9 <u>or facility that trains teachers on how to protect</u>
- themselves and the students from sex offenders.
- 11 (d) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is
- 12 guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 90-234, eff. 1-1-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98;
- 14 91-356, eff. 1-1-00; 91-911, eff. 7-7-00.)
- 15 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 16 becoming law.