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AN ACT relating to schools.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing
Section 18-12 as follows:

6 (105 ILCS 5/18-12) (from Ch. 122, par. 18-12)

Sec. 18-12. Dates for filing State aid claims. 7 The 8 school board of each school district shall require teachers, principals, or superintendents to furnish from records kept 9 by them such data as it needs in preparing and certifying 10 under oath or affirmation to the regional superintendent 11 its school district report of claims provided in Sections 18-8 12 13 through 18-10 on blanks to be provided by the State Superintendent of Education. The district claim shall be 14 based on the latest available equalized assessed valuation 15 16 and tax rates, as provided in Section 18-8.05 and shall use the average daily attendance as determined by the method 17 outlined in Section 18-8.05 and shall be certified and filed 18 with the regional superintendent by July 1. Failure to so 19 file by July 1 constitutes a forfeiture of the right to 20 receive payment by the State until such claim is filed and 21 22 vouchered for payment. The regional superintendent of schools shall certify the county report of claims by July 15; 23 and the State Superintendent of Education shall voucher for 24 25 payment those claims to the State Comptroller as provided in 26 Section 18-11.

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, if any school district fails to provide the minimum school term specified in Section 10-19, the State aid claim for that year shall be reduced by the State Superintendent of Education in an amount equivalent to .56818% for each day less than the HB3480 Engrossed

1 number of days required by this Code.

If the State Superintendent of Education determines that the failure to provide the minimum school term was occasioned by an act or acts of God, or was occasioned by conditions beyond the control of the school district which posed a hazardous threat to the health and safety of pupils, the State aid claim need not be reduced.

8 If the State Superintendent of Education determines that 9 the failure to provide the minimum school term was due to a 10 school being closed on or after September 11, 2001 for more 11 than one-half day of attendance due to a bioterrorism or 12 terrorism threat that was investigated by a law enforcement 13 agency, the State aid claim shall not be reduced.

If, during any school day, (i) a school district has 14 provided at least one clock hour of instruction but must 15 16 close the schools due to adverse weather conditions or due to a condition--beyond--the-control-of-the-school-district-that 17 poses-a-hazardous threat to the health or and safety of 18 19 pupils prior to providing the minimum hours of instruction required for a full day of attendance, or (ii) the school 20 21 district must delay the start of the school day due to 22 adverse weather conditions or due to a threat to the health 23 or safety of pupils and this delay prevents the district from providing the minimum hours of instruction required for a 24 25 full day of attendance, the partial day of attendance may be counted as a full day of attendance. The partial day of 26 attendance and the reasons therefor shall be certified in 27 writing within a month of the closing or delayed start by the 28 29 local school district superintendent to the Regional 30 Superintendent of Schools for forwarding to the State Superintendent of Education for approval. 31

If a school building is ordered to be closed by the school board, in consultation with a local emergency response agency, due to a condition that poses a hazardous threat to 1 the health and safety of pupils, then the school district 2 shall have a grace period of 4 days in which the general 3 State aid claim shall not be reduced so that alternative 4 housing of the pupils may be located.

5 No exception to the requirement of providing a minimum 6 school term may be approved by the State Superintendent of 7 Education pursuant to this Section unless a school district 8 has first used all emergency days provided for in its regular 9 calendar.

If the State Superintendent of Education declares that an 10 11 energy shortage exists during any part of the school year for the State or a designated portion of the State, a district 12 may operate the school attendance centers within the district 13 4 days of the week during the time of the shortage by 14 extending each existing school day by 15 one clock hour of 16 school work, and the State aid claim shall not be reduced, nor shall the employees of that district suffer any reduction 17 in salary or benefits as a result thereof. A district may 18 operate all attendance centers on this revised schedule, or 19 may apply the schedule to selected attendance centers, taking 20 21 into consideration such factors as pupil transportation 22 schedules and patterns and sources of energy for individual 23 attendance centers.

No State aid claim may be filed for any district unless the clerk or secretary of the school board executes and files with the State Superintendent of Education, on forms prescribed by the Superintendent, a sworn statement that the district has complied with the requirements of Section 10-22.5 in regard to the nonsegregation of pupils on account of color, creed, race, sex or nationality.

31 No State aid claim may be filed for any district unless 32 the clerk or secretary of the school board executes and files 33 with the State Superintendent of Education, on forms 34 prescribed by the Superintendent, a sworn statement that to

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1 the best of his or her knowledge or belief the employing or 2 assigning personnel have complied with Section 24-4 in all 3 respects.

4 (Source: P.A. 92-661, eff. 7-16-02.)

5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect on6 July 1, 2003.