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AN ACT in relation to parental rights.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
Parental Rights Termination Investigation Agency Act.

6 Section 5. Definition. In this Act, "Agency" means the 7 Parental Rights Termination Investigation Agency established 8 under Section 10.

9 Section 10. Agency established. The Parental Rights Investigation Agency is established in the 10 Termination Executive Branch of the State Government. The Agency shall be 11 12 under the supervision and direction of a Director appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. 13 14 The Director shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The 15 Director is entitled to an annual salary as set by the Governor from time to time or as set by the Compensation 16 17 Review Board, whichever is greater. If set by the Governor, 18 the Director's annual salary may not exceed 85% of the 19 Governor's annual salary. The Director, in accordance with the Personnel Code, shall employ and direct personnel as 20 21 necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

22 Section 15. Investigation of cases of termination of 23 parental rights.

(a) A person whose parental rights have been terminated
in a proceeding under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 may
request the Agency to investigate the circumstances of that
termination of parental rights if all of the following
criteria are met:

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(1) The person alleges that (i) his or her parental

1 rights were terminated for a reason or reasons due in 2 substantial part to the person's financial difficulties, (ii) those financial difficulties no longer exist, and 3 4 (iii) the court that terminated the person's parental rights made no finding that the person had abused the 5 child or children with respect to whom the parental 6 7 rights were terminated.

The person wants his or her parental rights 8 (2) 9 restored and wants custody of his or her child or children with respect to whom the parental rights were 10 11 terminated.

(3) Not more than 3 years have elapsed since the 12 13 termination of the person's parental rights.

(4) A judgment of adoption has not been entered 14 15 with respect to the child with respect to whom the person 16 wants his or her parental rights restored, nor is there a petition for adoption pending with respect to the child. 17

As part of an investigation under this Section, 18 (b) the 19 Agency shall determine whether there is reasonable cause to 20 believe that the person's allegations made in accordance with 21 subdivision (a)(1) of this Section are true. If the Agency 22 determines that there is such reasonable cause, then upon the 23 person's request, the Director shall prepare a statement to be attached to a petition for restoration of parental rights 24 25 as provided in Section 2-29.5, 3-30.5, or 4-27.5 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. 26

27 20. Section Agency's access to information; 28 confidentiality.

29 purpose of conducting investigations (a) For the authorized under this Act, the Agency is entitled to access 30 31 to the records described in Section 11 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act and to the juvenile court 32 33 records relating to a minor who is or has been the subject of

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1 a proceeding under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

(b) All records generated from investigations conducted
by the Agency under this Act are confidential and may not be
disclosed except to a court in connection with a proceeding
for the restoration of parental rights under Section 2-29.5,
3-30.5, or 4-27.5 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

Section 90. The Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act
is amended by changing Section 11.1 as follows:

9 (325 ILCS 5/11.1) (from Ch. 23, par. 2061.1)

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Sec. 11.1. Access to records.

(a) A person shall have access to the records described in Section 11 only in furtherance of purposes directly connected with the administration of this Act or the Intergovernmental Missing Child Recovery Act of 1984. Those persons and purposes for access include:

16 (1) Department staff in the furtherance of their 17 responsibilities under this Act, or for the purpose of 18 completing background investigations on persons or 19 agencies licensed by the Department or with whom the 20 Department contracts for the provision of child welfare 21 services.

(2) A law enforcement agency investigating known or
suspected child abuse or neglect, known or suspected
involvement with child pornography, known or suspected
criminal sexual assault, known or suspected criminal
sexual abuse, or any other sexual offense when a child is
alleged to be involved.

(3) The Department of State Police when
administering the provisions of the Intergovernmental
Missing Child Recovery Act of 1984.

31 (4) A physician who has before him a child whom he32 reasonably suspects may be abused or neglected.

1 (5) A person authorized under Section 5 of this Act 2 to place a child in temporary protective custody when 3 such person requires the information in the report or 4 record to determine whether to place the child in 5 temporary protective custody.

6 (6) A person having the legal responsibility or 7 authorization to care for, treat, or supervise a child or 8 a parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the 9 child's welfare who is the subject of a report.

10 (7) Except in regard to harmful or detrimental
11 information as provided in Section 7.19, any subject of
12 the report, and if the subject of the report is a minor,
13 his guardian or guardian ad litem.

(8) A court, upon its finding that access to such 14 records may be necessary for the determination of 15 an 16 issue before such court; however, such access shall be limited to in camera inspection, unless the 17 court determines that public disclosure of the information 18 19 contained therein is necessary for the resolution of an issue then pending before it. 20

21 (8.1) A probation officer or other authorized
22 representative of a probation or court services
23 department conducting an investigation ordered by a court
24 under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

(9) A grand jury, upon its determination that
access to such records is necessary in the conduct of its
official business.

(10) Any person authorized by the Director, in
writing, for audit or bona fide research purposes.

30 (11) Law enforcement agencies, coroners or medical
31 examiners, physicians, courts, school superintendents and
32 child welfare agencies in other states who are
33 responsible for child abuse or neglect investigations or
34 background investigations.

1 (12) The Department of Professional Regulation, the 2 State Board of Education and school superintendents in 3 Illinois, who may use or disclose information from the 4 records as they deem necessary to conduct investigations 5 or take disciplinary action, as provided by law.

6 (13) A coroner or medical examiner who has reason 7 to believe that a child has died as the result of abuse 8 or neglect.

9 (14) The Director of a State-operated facility when 10 an employee of that facility is the perpetrator in an 11 indicated report.

(15) The operator of a licensed child care facility 12 13 or a facility licensed by the Department of Human Services (as successor to the Department of Alcoholism 14 15 and Substance Abuse) in which children reside when a 16 current or prospective employee of that facility is the perpetrator in an indicated child abuse or neglect 17 report, pursuant to Section 4.3 of the Child Care Act of 18 19 1969.

(16) Members of a multidisciplinary team in the 20 21 furtherance of its responsibilities under subsection (b) 22 of Section 7.1. All reports concerning child abuse and 23 made available to members of neglect such multidisciplinary teams and all records generated as a 24 25 result of such reports shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed, except as specifically authorized by 26 27 this Act or other applicable law. It is a Class A permit, assist misdemeanor 28 to or encourage the unauthorized release of any information contained in such 29 30 reports or records. Nothing contained in this Section prevents the sharing of reports or records relating or 31 pertaining to the death of a minor under the care of or 32 receiving services from the Department of Children and 33 34 Family Services and under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court with the juvenile court, the State's
 Attorney, and the minor's attorney.

3 (17) The Department of Human Services, as provided
4 in Section 17 of the Disabled Persons Rehabilitation Act.

(18) Any other agency or investigative body, 5 including the Department of Public Health and a local 6 7 board of health, authorized by State law to conduct an 8 investigation into the quality of care provided to 9 children in hospitals and other State regulated care facilities. The access to and release of information 10 11 from such records shall be subject to the approval of the 12 Director of the Department or his designee.

13 (19) The person appointed, under Section 2-17 of 14 the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, as the guardian ad litem 15 of a minor who is the subject of a report or records 16 under this Act.

17 (20) The Parental Rights Termination Investigation
 18 Agency, established under the Parental Rights Termination
 19 Investigation Agency Act, for the purpose of conducting
 20 investigations authorized under that Act.

21 (b) Nothing contained in this Act prevents the sharing disclosure of information or records relating 22 or or 23 pertaining to juveniles subject to the provisions of the Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action Program when 24 25 information is used to assist in the early that identification and treatment of habitual juvenile offenders. 26

(c) To the extent that persons or agencies are given access to information pursuant to this Section, those persons or agencies may give this information to and receive this information from each other in order to facilitate an investigation conducted by those persons or agencies.

32 (Source: P.A. 90-15, eff. 6-13-97; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

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Section 95. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by

1 changing Section 1-8 and adding Sections 2-29.5, 3-30.5, and 2 4-27.5 as follows:

3 (705 ILCS 405/1-8) (from Ch. 37, par. 801-8)

4 Sec. 1-8. Confidentiality and accessibility of juvenile5 court records.

6 (A) Inspection and copying of juvenile court records 7 relating to a minor who is the subject of a proceeding under 8 this Act shall be restricted to the following:

9 (1) The minor who is the subject of record, his10 parents, guardian and counsel.

(2) Law enforcement officers and law enforcement 11 agencies when such information is essential to executing 12 an arrest or search warrant or other compulsory process, 13 14 or to conducting an ongoing investigation or relating to 15 a minor who has been adjudicated delinquent and there has been a previous finding that the act which constitutes 16 17 the previous offense was committed in furtherance of criminal activities by a criminal street gang. 18

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this 19 Section, "criminal street gang" means any ongoing 20 21 organization, association, or group of 3 or more persons, 22 whether formal or informal, having as one of its primary activities the commission of one or more criminal acts 23 24 and that has a common name or common identifying sign, 25 symbol or specific color apparel displayed, and whose members individually or collectively engage in or have 26 engaged in a pattern of criminal activity. 27

Beginning July 1, 1994, for purposes of this Section, "criminal street gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

32 (3) Judges, hearing officers, prosecutors,
33 probation officers, social workers or other individuals

assigned by the court to conduct a pre-adjudication or predisposition investigation, and individuals responsible for supervising or providing temporary or permanent care and custody for minors pursuant to the order of the juvenile court when essential to performing their responsibilities.

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(4) Judges, prosecutors and probation officers:

8 (a) in the course of a trial when institution 9 of criminal proceedings has been permitted or 10 required under Section 5-805; or

(b) when criminal proceedings have been permitted or required under Section 5-805 and a minor is the subject of a proceeding to determine the amount of bail; or

15 (c) when criminal proceedings have been 16 permitted or required under Section 5-805 and a 17 minor is the subject of a pre-trial investigation, 18 pre-sentence investigation or fitness hearing, or 19 proceedings on an application for probation; or

(d) when a minor becomes 17 years of age or 20 21 older, and is the subject of criminal proceedings, 22 including a hearing to determine the amount of bail, 23 pre-trial investigation, а а pre-sentence investigation, a fitness hearing, or proceedings on 24 25 an application for probation.

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(5) Adult and Juvenile Prisoner Review Boards.

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(6) Authorized military personnel.

(7) Victims, their subrogees and legal
representatives; however, such persons shall have access
only to the name and address of the minor and information
pertaining to the disposition or alternative adjustment
plan of the juvenile court.

33 (8) Persons engaged in bona fide research, with the34 permission of the presiding judge of the juvenile court

and the chief executive of the agency that prepared the particular records; provided that publication of such research results in no disclosure of a minor's identity and protects the confidentiality of the record.

5 (9) The Secretary of State to whom the Clerk of the 6 Court shall report the disposition of all cases, as 7 required in Section 6-204 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 8 However, information reported relative to these offenses 9 shall be privileged and available only to the Secretary 10 of State, courts, and police officers.

11 (10) The administrator of a bonafide substance 12 abuse student assistance program with the permission of 13 the presiding judge of the juvenile court.

(11) Mental health professionals on behalf of the 14 15 Illinois Department of Corrections or the Department of 16 Human Services or prosecutors who are evaluating, 17 prosecuting, or investigating a potential or actual petition brought under the Sexually Persons Commitment 18 Act relating to a person who is the subject of juvenile 19 court records or the respondent to a petition brought 20 21 under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act, who is 22 the subject of juvenile court records sought. Any 23 records and any information obtained from those records 24 under this paragraph (11) may be used only in sexually violent persons commitment proceedings. 25

26 (12) The Parental Rights Termination Investigation
 27 Agency, established under the Parental Rights Termination
 28 Investigation Agency Act, for the purpose of conducting
 29 investigations authorized under that Act.

30 (B) A minor who is the victim in a juvenile proceeding 31 shall be provided the same confidentiality regarding 32 disclosure of identity as the minor who is the subject of 33 record.

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(C) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (C),

juvenile court records shall not be made available to the general public but may be inspected by representatives of agencies, associations and news media or other properly interested persons by general or special order of the court. The State's Attorney, the minor, his parents, guardian and counsel shall at all times have the right to examine court files and records.

8 (1) The court shall allow the general public to 9 have access to the name, address, and offense of a minor 10 who is adjudicated a delinquent minor under this Act 11 under either of the following circumstances:

12 (A) The adjudication of delinquency was based
13 upon the minor's commission of first degree murder,
14 attempt to commit first degree murder, aggravated
15 criminal sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault;
16 or

(B) The court has made a finding that the 17 minor was at least 13 years of age at the time the 18 19 act was committed and the adjudication of delinquency was based upon the minor's commission 20 21 of: (i) an act in furtherance of the commission of a 22 felony as a member of or on behalf of a criminal 23 street gang, (ii) an act involving the use of a firearm in the commission of a felony, (iii) an act 24 25 that would be a Class X felony offense under or the minor's second or subsequent Class 2 or greater 26 felony offense under the Cannabis Control Act if 27 committed by an adult, (iv) an act that would be 28 а 29 second or subsequent offense under Section 402 of 30 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act if committed by an adult, or (v) an act that would be an offense 31 under Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled 32 Substances Act if committed by an adult. 33

34 (2) The court shall allow the general public to

have access to the name, address, and offense of a minor who is at least 13 years of age at the time the offense is committed and who is convicted, in criminal proceedings permitted or required under Section 5-4, under either of the following circumstances:

6 (A) The minor has been convicted of first 7 degree murder, attempt to commit first degree 8 murder, aggravated criminal sexual assault, or 9 criminal sexual assault,

(B) The court has made a finding that the 10 11 minor was at least 13 years of age at the time the offense was committed and the conviction was based 12 upon the minor's commission of: (i) an offense in 13 furtherance of the commission of a felony as a 14 15 member of or on behalf of a criminal street gang, 16 (ii) an offense involving the use of a firearm in the commission of a felony, (iii) a Class X felony 17 offense under or a second or subsequent Class 2 or 18 greater felony offense under the Cannabis Control 19 Act, (iv) a second or subsequent offense under 20 Section 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances 21 Act, or (v) an offense under Section 401 of the 22 23 Illinois Controlled Substances Act.

Pending or following any adjudication of delinquency 24 (D) 25 for any offense defined in Sections 12-13 through 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961, the victim of any such offense 26 shall receive the rights set out in Sections 4 and 6 of 27 the Bill of Rights for Victims and Witnesses of Violent Crime 28 29 Act; and the juvenile who is the subject of the adjudication, 30 notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, shall be treated as an adult for the purpose of affording such rights 31 to the victim. 32

33 (E) Nothing in this Section shall affect the right of a
 34 Civil Service Commission or appointing authority of any

state, county or municipality examining the character and fitness of an applicant for employment with a law enforcement agency, correctional institution, or fire department to ascertain whether that applicant was ever adjudicated to be a delinquent minor and, if so, to examine the records of disposition or evidence which were made in proceedings under this Act.

8 (F) Following any adjudication of delinquency for a 9 crime which would be a felony if committed by an adult, or following any adjudication of delinquency for a violation of 10 11 Section 24-1, 24-3, 24-3.1, or 24-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961, the State's Attorney shall ascertain whether the minor 12 respondent is enrolled in school and, if so, shall provide a 13 copy of the dispositional order to the principal or chief 14 administrative officer of the school. 15 Access to such 16 juvenile records shall be limited to the principal or chief administrative officer of the school and any 17 quidance 18 counselor designated by him.

19 (G) Nothing contained in this Act prevents the sharing or disclosure of information or records 20 relating or 21 pertaining to juveniles subject to the provisions of the Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action Program when 22 23 information is used to assist in that the early identification and treatment of habitual juvenile offenders. 24

25 When a Court hearing a proceeding under Article II (H) of this Act becomes aware that an earlier proceeding under 26 Article II had been heard in a different county, that Court 27 shall request, and the Court in which the earlier proceedings 28 initiated shall transmit, an authenticated copy of the 29 were 30 Court record, including all documents, petitions, and orders filed therein and the minute orders, transcript of 31 32 proceedings, and docket entries of the Court.

33 (I) The Clerk of the Circuit Court shall report to the34 Department of State Police, in the form and manner required

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by the Department of State Police, the final disposition of each minor who has been arrested or taken into custody before his or her 17th birthday for those offenses required to be reported under Section 5 of the Criminal Identification Act. Information reported to the Department under this Section may be maintained with records that the Department files under Section 2.1 of the Criminal Identification Act.

8 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-368, eff. 1-1-00, 9 92-415, eff. 8-17-01.)

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(705 ILCS 405/2-29.5 new)

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Sec. 2-29.5. Restoration of parental rights.

12 (a) A person whose parental rights with respect to a minor have been terminated by a court under Section 2-29 may 13 14 file with the court a petition for restoration of those 15 parental rights. The parents of a minor may file a joint 16 petition. The petitioner must attach to the petition a 17 statement signed by the Director of the Parental Rights Termination Investigation Agency or his or her designee and 18 setting forth, in substance, the following: 19

20 (1) The Agency has conducted an investigation of
 21 the circumstances of the termination of the petitioner's
 22 parental rights as authorized under the Parental Rights
 23 Termination Investigation Agency Act.

(2) The Agency has determined that there is 24 25 reasonable cause to believe that (i) the petitioner's 26 parental rights were terminated for a reason or reasons due in substantial part to the person's financial 27 28 difficulties, (ii) those financial difficulties no longer exist, and (iii) the court that terminated the person's 29 30 parental rights made no finding that the person had abused the child or children with respect to whom the 31 32 parental rights were terminated.

33 The Director's statement must also include a summary of

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1 the Agency's findings with respect to the investigation.

2 (b) A petition filed under this Section shall name the
3 guardian of the person of the minor as respondent.

4 (c) The State shall pay the petitioner's reasonable
5 attorney's fees incurred in maintaining an action under this
6 Section.

7 (d) The court shall conduct a hearing on the petition, 8 at which the petitioner and the respondent may present oral 9 or written evidence, or both, on the question of whether the 10 petitioner's parental rights should be restored. After 11 hearing the evidence, the court shall grant or deny the 12 petition or take other action, based on the evidence, as it 13 deems appropriate.

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(705 ILCS 405/3-30.5 new)

15 <u>Sec. 3-30.5.</u> Restoration of parental rights.

16 (a) A person whose parental rights with respect to a 17 minor have been terminated by a court under Section 3-30 may file with the court a petition for restoration of those 18 parental rights. The parents of a minor may file a joint 19 petition. The petitioner must attach to the petition a 20 statement signed by the Director of the Parental Rights 21 Termination Investigation Agency or his or her designee and 22 23 setting forth, in substance, the following:

24 (1) The Agency has conducted an investigation of
 25 the circumstances of the termination of the petitioner's
 26 parental rights as authorized under the Parental Rights
 27 Termination Investigation Agency Act.

28 (2) The Agency has determined that there is 29 reasonable cause to believe that (i) the petitioner's 30 parental rights were terminated for a reason or reasons 31 due in substantial part to the person's financial 32 difficulties, (ii) those financial difficulties no longer 33 exist, and (iii) the court that terminated the person's -15- LRB093 11865 DRJ 16081 b

parental rights made no finding that the person had abused the child or children with respect to whom the parental rights were terminated. The Director's statement must also include a summary of

5 the Agency's findings with respect to the investigation.

6 (b) A petition filed under this Section shall name the
7 guardian of the person of the minor as respondent.

8 <u>(c) The State shall pay the petitioner's reasonable</u> 9 <u>attorney's fees incurred in maintaining an action under this</u> 10 <u>Section.</u>

11 (d) The court shall conduct a hearing on the petition, 12 at which the petitioner and the respondent may present oral 13 or written evidence, or both, on the question of whether the 14 petitioner's parental rights should be restored. After 15 hearing the evidence, the court shall grant or deny the 16 petition or take other action, based on the evidence, as it 17 deems appropriate.

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(705 ILCS 405/4-27.5 new)

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Sec. 4-27.5. Restoration of parental rights.

20 (a) A person whose parental rights with respect to a 21 minor have been terminated by a court under Section 4-27 may file with the court a petition for restoration of those 22 parental rights. The parents of a minor may file a joint 23 24 petition. The petitioner must attach to the petition a statement signed by the Director of the Parental Rights 25 Termination Investigation Agency or his or her designee and 26 setting forth, in substance, the following: 27

28 (1) The Agency has conducted an investigation of
 29 the circumstances of the termination of the petitioner's
 30 parental rights as authorized under the Parental Rights
 31 Termination Investigation Agency Act.

32 (2) The Agency has determined that there is
 33 reasonable cause to believe that (i) the petitioner's

1	parental rights were terminated by the for a reason or
2	reasons due in substantial part to the person's financial
3	difficulties, (ii) those financial difficulties no longer
4	exist, and (iii) the court that terminated the person's
5	parental rights made no finding that the person had
6	abused the child or children with respect to whom the
7	parental rights were terminated.
8	The Director's statement must also include a summary of
9	the Agency's findings with respect to the investigation.
10	(b) A petition filed under this Section shall name the
11	guardian of the person of the minor as respondent.
12	(c) The State shall pay the petitioner's reasonable
13	attorney's fees incurred in maintaining an action under this
14	Section.
15	(d) The court shall conduct a hearing on the petition,
16	at which the petitioner and the respondent may present oral
17	or written evidence, or both, on the question of whether the
18	petitioner's parental rights should be restored. After
19	hearing the evidence, the court shall grant or deny the
20	petition or take other action, based on the evidence, as it
21	deems appropriate.