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AN ACT to concerning charges imposed by State agencies.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 (20 ILCS 505/9.1 rep.)
- 5 (20 ILCS 505/9.2 rep.)
- 6 (20 ILCS 505/9.3 rep.)
- 7 (20 ILCS 505/9.4 rep.)
- 8 (20 ILCS 505/9.5 rep.)
- 9 (20 ILCS 505/9.6 rep.)
- 10 (20 ILCS 505/9.7 rep.)
- 11 (20 ILCS 505/9.8 rep.)

Section 5. The Children and Family Services Act is amended by repealing Sections 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5, 9.6, 9.7, and 9.8.

Section 10. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Sections 1-3 and 2-23 as follows:

17 (705 ILCS 405/1-3) (from Ch. 37, par. 801-3)

Sec. 1-3. Definitions. Terms used in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, have the following meanings ascribed to them:

21 (1)"Adjudicatory hearing" means a hearing to determine whether the allegations of a petition under Section 2-13, 22 3-15 or 4-12 that a minor under 18 years of age is abused, 23 neglected or dependent, or requires authoritative 24 intervention, or addicted, respectively, are supported by a 25 26 preponderance of the evidence or whether the allegations of a petition under Section 5-520 that a minor is delinquent are 27 28 proved beyond a reasonable doubt.

29 (2) "Adult" means a person 21 years of age or older.
30 (3) "Agency" means a public or private child care

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1 facility legally authorized or licensed by this State for 2 placement or institutional care or for both placement and institutional care. 3

4 (4) "Association" means any organization, public or 5 private, engaged in welfare functions which include services 6 to or on behalf of children but does not include "agency" as herein defined. 7

Whenever a "best interest" determination is 8 (4.05)9 required, the following factors shall be considered in the context of the child's age and developmental needs: 10

11 (a) the physical safety and welfare of the child, including food, shelter, health, and clothing; 12

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(b) the development of the child's identity;

the child's background and ties, including familial, 14 (C) 15 cultural, and religious;

16 (d) the child's sense of attachments, including:

the child actually feels 17 (i) where love, 18 attachment, and a sense of being valued (as opposed to 19 where adults believe the child should feel such love, attachment, and a sense of being valued); 20

21 (ii) the child's sense of security;

(iii) the child's sense of familiarity;

23 (iv) continuity of affection for the child;

(v) the least disruptive placement alternative for 24 25 the child;

the child's wishes and long-term goals; 26 (e)

27 (f) the child's community ties, including church, school, and friends; 28

the child's need for permanence which includes 29 (q) the 30 child's need for stability and continuity of relationships with parent figures and with siblings and other relatives; 31

32 (h) the uniqueness of every family and child;

the risks attendant to entering and being 33 (i) in substitute care; and 34

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(j) the preferences of the persons available to care for
 the child.

3 (4.1) "Chronic truant" shall have the definition
4 ascribed to it in Section 26-2a of the School Code.

5 (5) "Court" means the circuit court in a session or
6 division assigned to hear proceedings under this Act.

7 (6) "Dispositional hearing" means a hearing to determine 8 whether a minor should be adjudged to be a ward of the court, 9 and to determine what order of disposition should be made in 10 respect to a minor adjudged to be a ward of the court.

11 (7) "Emancipated minor" means any minor 16 years of age 12 or over who has been completely or partially emancipated 13 under the "Emancipation of Mature Minors Act",-enacted-by-the 14 Eighty-First-General-Assembly, or under this Act.

15 (8) "Guardianship of the person" of a minor means the 16 duty and authority to act in the best interests of the minor, 17 subject to residual parental rights and-responsibilities, to 18 make important decisions in matters having a permanent effect 19 on the life and development of the minor and to be concerned 20 with his or her general welfare. It includes but is not 21 necessarily limited to:

(a) the authority to consent to marriage, to
enlistment in the armed forces of the United States, or
to a major medical, psychiatric, and surgical treatment;
to represent the minor in legal actions; and to make
other decisions of substantial legal significance
concerning the minor;

(b) the authority and duty of reasonable visitation, except to the extent that these have been limited in the best interests of the minor by court order;

32 (c) the rights and responsibilities of legal
33 custody except where legal custody has been vested in
34 another person or agency; and

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(d) the power to consent to the adoption of the minor, but only if expressly conferred on the guardian in accordance with Section 2-29, 3-30, or 4-27.

4 (9) "Legal custody" means the relationship created by an 5 order of court in the best interests of the minor which 6 imposes on the custodian the responsibility of physical 7 possession of a minor and the duty to protect, train and 8 discipline him and to provide him with food, shelter, 9 education and ordinary medical care, except as these are limited by residual parental rights and-responsibilities and 10 11 the rights and responsibilities of the guardian of the 12 person, if any.

13 (10) "Minor" means a person under the age of 21 years14 subject to this Act.

"Parent" means the father or mother of a child and 15 (11)16 includes any adoptive parent. It also includes a man (i) whose paternity is presumed or has been established under the 17 18 law of this or another jurisdiction or (ii) who has 19 registered with the Putative Father Registry in accordance with Section 12.1 of the Adoption Act and whose paternity has 20 not been ruled out under the law of this or another 21 jurisdiction. It does not include a parent whose rights in 22 23 respect to the minor have been terminated in any manner provided by law. 24

25 (11.1) "Permanency goal" means a goal set by the court
26 as defined in subdivision (2) of Section 2-28.

(11.2) "Permanency hearing" means a hearing to 27 set the and to review and determine 28 permanency goal (i) the 29 appropriateness of the services contained in the plan and 30 whether those services have been provided, (ii) whether reasonable efforts have been made by all the parties to 31 the 32 service plan to achieve the goal, and (iii) whether the plan 33 and goal have been achieved.

34 (12) "Petition" means the petition provided for in

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Section 2-13, 3-15, 4-12 or 5-520, including any supplemental
 petitions thereunder in Section 3-15, 4-12 or 5-520.

(13) "Residual parental rights and--responsibilities" 3 4 means those rights and-responsibilities remaining with the parent after the transfer of legal custody or guardianship of 5 the person, including, but not necessarily limited to, the 6 7 right to reasonable visitation (which may be limited by the 8 court in the best interests of the minor as provided in 9 subsection (8)(b) of this Section), the right to consent to adoption, and the right to determine the minor's religious 10 11 affiliation,-and-the-responsibility-for-his-support.

12 (14) "Shelter" means the temporary care of a minor in 13 physically unrestricting facilities pending court disposition 14 or execution of court order for placement.

15 (15) "Station adjustment" means the informal handling16 of an alleged offender by a juvenile police officer.

17 (16) "Ward of the court" means a minor who is so 18 adjudged under Section 2-22, 3-23, 4-20 or 5-705, after a 19 finding of the requisite jurisdictional facts, and thus is 20 subject to the dispositional powers of the court under this 21 Act.

"Juvenile police officer" means a sworn police 22 (17)23 officer who has completed a Basic Recruit Training Course, has been assigned to the position of juvenile police officer 24 25 by his or her chief law enforcement officer and has completed the necessary juvenile officers training as prescribed by the 26 Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board, or in the 27 case of a State police officer, juvenile officer training 28 29 approved by the Director of the Department of State Police.

30 (18) "Secure child care facility" means any child care 31 facility licensed by the Department of Children and Family 32 Services to provide secure living arrangements for children 33 under 18 years of age who are subject to placement in 34 facilities under the Children and Family Services Act and who

1 are not subject to placement in facilities for whom standards 2 are established by the Department of Corrections under Section 3-15-2 of the Unified Code of Corrections. "Secure 3 4 child care facility" also means a facility that is designed and operated to ensure that all entrances and exits from the 5 б facility, a building, or a distinct part of the building are 7 under the exclusive control of the staff of the facility, whether or not the child has the freedom of movement within 8 the perimeter of the facility, building, or distinct part of 9 the building. 10

11 (Source: P.A. 90-28, eff. 1-1-98; 90-87, eff. 9-1-97; 90-590, 12 eff. 1-1-99; 90-608, eff. 6-30-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 13 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; revised 10-9-03.)

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(705 ILCS 405/2-23) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-23)

15 Sec. 2-23. Kinds of dispositional orders.

16 (1) The following kinds of orders of disposition may be 17 made in respect of wards of the court:

18 (a) A minor under 18 years of age found to be neglected or abused under Section 2-3 or dependent under 19 20 Section 2-4 may be (1) continued in the custody of his or 21 her parents, guardian or legal custodian; (2) placed in accordance with Section 2-27; (3) restored to the custody 22 the parent, parents, guardian, or legal custodian, 23 of provided the court shall order the parent, parents, 24 25 guardian, or legal custodian to cooperate with the Department of Children and Family Services and comply 26 with the terms of an after-care plan or risk the loss of 27 custody of the child and the possible termination of 28 their parental rights; or (4) ordered partially or 29 completely emancipated in accordance with the provisions 30 of the Emancipation of Mature Minors Act. 31

32 However, in any case in which a minor is found by 33 the court to be neglected or abused under Section 2-3 of

1 this Act, custody of the minor shall not be restored to 2 any parent, guardian or legal custodian whose acts or omissions or both have been identified, pursuant to 3 4 subsection (1) of Section 2-21, as forming the basis for the court's finding of abuse or neglect, until such time 5 as a hearing is held on the issue of the best interests 6 7 of the minor and the fitness of such parent, guardian or 8 legal custodian to care for the minor without endangering 9 the minor's health or safety, and the court enters an order that such parent, guardian or legal custodian is 10 11 fit to care for the minor.

12 (b) A minor under 18 years of age found to be 13 dependent under Section 2-4 may be (1) placed in 14 accordance with Section 2-27 or (2) ordered partially or 15 completely emancipated in accordance with the provisions 16 of the Emancipation of Mature Minors Act.

However, in any case in which a minor is found by 17 the court to be dependent under Section 2-4 of this Act, 18 custody of the minor shall not be restored to any parent, 19 guardian or legal custodian whose acts or omissions or 20 21 both have been identified, pursuant to subsection (1) of 22 Section 2-21, as forming the basis for the court's 23 finding of dependency, until such time as a hearing is held on the issue of the fitness of such parent, guardian 24 25 legal custodian to care for the minor or without endangering the minor's health or safety, and the court 26 enters an order that 27 such parent, guardian or legal custodian is fit to care for the minor. 28

29 (c) When the court awards guardianship to the 30 Department of Children and Family Services, the court 31 shall order the parents to cooperate with the Department 32 of Children and Family Services, comply with the terms of 33 the service plans, and correct the conditions that 34 require the child to be in care, or risk termination of 1

their parental rights.

2 (2) Any order of disposition may provide for protective
3 supervision under Section 2-24 and may include an order of
4 protection under Section 2-25.

5 Unless the order of disposition expressly so provides, it 6 does not operate to close proceedings on the pending 7 petition, but is subject to modification, not inconsistent 8 with Section 2-28, until final closing and discharge of the 9 proceedings under Section 2-31.

(3) The court also shall enter any other 10 orders 11 necessary to fulfill the service plan, including, but not limited to, (i) orders requiring parties to cooperate with 12 services, (ii) restraining orders controlling the conduct of 13 any party likely to frustrate the achievement of the goal, 14 15 and (iii) visiting orders. Unless otherwise specifically 16 authorized by law, the court is not empowered under this subsection (3) to order specific placements, specific 17 18 services, or specific service providers to be included in the 19 plan. If the court concludes that the Department of Children and Family Services has abused its discretion in setting the 20 21 current service plan or permanency goal for the minor, the court shall enter specific findings in writing based on 22 the 23 evidence and shall enter an order for the Department to develop and implement a new permanency goal and service plan 24 25 consistent with the court's findings. The new service plan shall be filed with the court and served on all parties. 26 The court shall continue the matter until the new service plan is 27 filed. 28

(4) In addition to any other order of disposition, the court may order any minor adjudicated neglected with respect to his or her own injurious behavior to make restitution, in monetary or non-monetary form, under the terms and conditions of Section 5-5-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections, except that the "presentence hearing" referred to therein shall be -9- LRB093 13645 RLC 19021 b

the dispositional hearing for purposes of this Section. The parent, guardian or legal custodian of the minor may pay some or all of such restitution on the minor's behalf.

4 (Blank) Any-order-for-disposition-where-the-minor-is (5)5 committed-or-placed-in-accordance--with--Section--2-27--shall provide--for--the--parents--or-guardian-of-the-estate-of-such 6 7 minor-to-pay-to-the-legal-custodian-or-guardian-of-the-person 8 of-the-minor-such-sums-as-are-determined-by-the-custodian-or 9 guardian--of--the--person--of--the-minor-as-necessary-for-the 10 minor's-needs--Such--payments--may--not--exceed--the--maximum 11 amounts--provided--for--by--Section--9.1--of-the-Children-and 12 Family-Services-Act.

13 (6) Whenever the order of disposition requires the minor 14 to attend school or participate in a program of training, the 15 truant officer or designated school official shall regularly 16 report to the court if the minor is a chronic or habitual 17 truant under Section 26-2a of the School Code.

(7) The court may terminate the parental rights of a
parent at the initial dispositional hearing if all of the
conditions in subsection (5) of Section 2-21 are met.
(Source: P.A. 89-17, eff. 5-31-95; 89-235, eff. 8-4-95;
90-27, eff. 1-1-98; 90-28, eff. 1-1-98; 90-608, eff. 6-30-98;
90-655, eff. 7-30-98; revised 10-9-03.)

24 (730 ILCS 5/3-7-6 rep.)

25 Section 15. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended 26 by repealing Section 3-7-6.

27 Section 20. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by 28 changing Section 4-101 as follows:

29 (735 ILCS 5/4-101) (from Ch. 110, par. 4-101)

30 Sec. 4-101. Cause. In any court having competent 31 jurisdiction, a creditor having a money claim, whether

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1 liquidated or unliquidated, and whether sounding in contract 2 or tort, or based upon a statutory cause of action created by law in favor of the People of the State of Illinois, or any 3 4 agency of the State, may have an attachment against the property of his or her debtor, or that of any one or more of 5 6 several debtors, either at the time of commencement of the 7 action or thereafter, when the claim exceeds \$20, in any one 8 of the following cases:

9 1. Where the debtor is not a resident of this 10 State.

2. When the debtor conceals himself or herself or
stands in defiance of an officer, so that process cannot
be served upon him or her.

3. Where the debtor has departed from this State
with the intention of having his or her effects removed
from this State.

4. Where the debtor is about to depart from this
State with the intention of having his or her effects
removed from this State.

205. Where the debtor is about to remove his or her21property from this State to the injury of such creditor.

6. Where the debtor has within 2 years preceding the filing of the affidavit required, fraudulently conveyed or assigned his or her effects, or a part thereof, so as to hinder or delay his or her creditors.

26 7. Where the debtor has, within 2 years prior to
27 the filing of such affidavit, fraudulently concealed or
28 disposed of his or her property so as to hinder or delay
29 his or her creditors.

30 8. Where the debtor is about fraudulently to
31 conceal, assign, or otherwise dispose of his or her
32 property or effects, so as to hinder or delay his or her
33 creditors.

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9. Where the debt sued for was fraudulently

1 contracted on the part of the debtor. The statements of 2 the debtor, his or her agent or attorney, which 3 constitute the fraud, shall have been reduced to writing, 4 and his or her signature attached thereto, by himself or 5 herself, agent or attorney.

6 10. When the debtor is a person convicted of first 7 degree murder, a Class X felony, or aggravated 8 kidnapping, or found not guilty by reason of insanity or 9 guilty but mentally ill of first degree murder, a Class X 10 felony, or aggravated kidnapping, against the creditor 11 and that crime makes the creditor a "victim" under the 12 Criminal Victims' Asset Discovery Act.

13 11. (Blank) When-the--debtor--is--referred--by--the 14 Department--of--Corrections-to-the-Attorney-General-under 15 Section-3-7-6-of--the--Unified--Code--of--Corrections--to 16 recover--the--expenses--incurred--as--a--result--of--that 17 debtor's-cost-of-incarceration.

18 (Source: P.A. 93-508, eff. 1-1-04.)