

## 93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2003 and 2004 HB4428

Introduced 2/3/2004, by Brandon W. Phelps

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

820 ILCS 5/1.2 new 820 ILCS 5/1.3 new 820 ILCS 5/1.4 new 820 ILCS 5/1.5 new

Amends the Labor Dispute Act. Contains findings and a declaration. Provides that persons engaged in picketing in labor disputes may use public rights of way to apprise the public of the existence of a dispute for: "the purposes of picketing"; erection of temporary signs announcing their dispute; parking at least one vehicle on the public right of way; and erection of tents or other temporary shelter for the health, welfare, personal safety, and well-being of picketers. Provides that a sign, tent, or temporary shelter may not be erected or maintained so as to obscure or otherwise physically interfere with an official traffic sign, signal, or device or to obstruct or physically interfere with the driver's view of approaching, merging, or intersecting traffic. Provides that "the burden of proof shall rest on the unit of local government making such a claim". Provides that if a court determines that a sign, tent, or temporary shelter does not obscure or otherwise physically interfere with an official traffic sign, signal or device or to obstruct or physically interfere with the driver's view of approaching, merging or intersecting traffic, the unit of local government shall be liable for all costs, attorney's fees, and treble damages. Provides that an ordinance or resolution adopted before, on, or after the effective date of the new provisions by a unit of local government that imposes restrictions or limitations on the picketing of an employer in a manner inconsistent with this Act is invalid, and that a home rule unit may not regulate picketing.

LRB093 20513 WGH 46307 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

HOME RULE NOTE ACT MAY APPLY STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT 1 AN ACT concerning labor.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Labor Dispute Act is amended by adding Sections 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, and 1.5 as follows:
- 6 (820 ILCS 5/1.2 new)
- 7 Sec. 1.2. Legislative findings and declaration. The
- 8 General Assembly finds that a union, union members,
- 9 sympathizers, and an employer's employees have a right to
- 10 communicate their dispute with a primary employer to the public
- by picketing the primary employer wherever they happen to be.
- 12 The picketing may take place not only at the employer's main
- facility, but at job sites as well. The General Assembly
- 14 recognizes that peaceful primary picketing of any type is
- explicitly permitted by statute, regardless of the effect on an
- 16 <u>employer's operations.</u>
- 17 (820 ILCS 5/1.3 new)
- Sec. 1.3. Definitions. As used in Section 1.2 through 1.5:
- "Employee" means any individual permitted to work by an
- 20 employer in an occupation.
- 21 "Employer" means any individual, partnership, association,
- 22 <u>corporation</u>, <u>business</u> <u>trust</u>, <u>governmental</u> <u>or</u>
- 23 <u>quasi-governmental body</u>, or any person or group of persons that
- 24 employs any person to work, labor, or exercise skill in
- connection with the operation of any business, industry,
- vocation, or occupation.
- 27 "Picketing" means the stationing of a person for an
- organization to apprise the public by signs or other means of
- 29 the existence of a dispute.
- "Dispute" includes any controversy concerning terms or
- 31 conditions of employment, or concerning the association or

- representation of persons in negotiating, fixing, maintaining, 1
- 2 changing, or seeking to arrange terms or conditions of
- employment, regardless of whether or not the disputants stand 3
- in the proximate relationship of employer and employee. 4
- 5 "Temporary sign" means a sign that is not permanently
- affixed and is capable of being removed at the end of each day 6
- or shift. 7
- "Temporary shelter" means a tent or shelter that is not 8
- permanently affixed and is capable of being removed at the end 9
- of each day or shift. 10
- 11 (820 ILCS 5/1.4 new)
- Sec. 1.4. Use of public right of way. 12
- 13 (a) Persons engaged in picketing shall be allowed to use
- public rights of way to apprise the public of the existence of 14
- a dispute for the following: 15
- 16 (1) The purposes of picketing.
- (2) The erection of temporary signs announcing their 17
- 18 dispute.
- 19 (3) The parking of at least one vehicle on the public
- right of way. 20
- (4) The erection of tents or other temporary shelter 21
- for the health, welfare, personal safety, and well-being of 22
- 23 picketers.

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- (b) No sign, tent, or temporary shelter may be erected or 24
- 25 maintained in such a manner as to obscure or otherwise
- 26 physically interfere with an official traffic sign, signal, or
- device or to obstruct or physically interfere with a driver's 27
- view of approaching, merging, or intersecting traffic. The 28
- burden of proof shall rest on the unit of local government 29
- 30 making such a claim. If a court determines that a sign, tent,
- or temporary shelter does not obscure or otherwise physically
- interfere with an official traffic sign, signal, or device or
- obstruct or physically interfere with a driver's view of
- 34 approaching, merging, or intersecting traffic, the unit of
- local government is liable for all costs, attorney's fees, and 35

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## treble damages.

2 (820 ILCS 5/1.5 new)

3 Sec. 1.5. Preemption. The provisions of any ordinance or 4 resolution adopted before, on, or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly by any unit of 5 local government that impose restrictions or limitations on the 6 picketing of an employer in a manner inconsistent with this Act 7 are invalid, and existing ordinances and resolutions, as they 8 apply to picketing, are void. It is declared to be the policy 9 10 of this State that the regulation of picketing is an exclusive power and function of the State. A home rule unit may not 11 regulate picketing. This Section is a denial and limitation of 12 home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 13 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. 14