

Rep. Sidney H. Mathias

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09300HB6253ham001

LRB093 14596 AMC 49505 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 6253

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 6253 by replacing

3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Mortgage Act is amended by changing

Sections 2 and 4 as follows:

6 (765 ILCS 905/2) (from Ch. 95, par. 52)

7 Sec. 2. <u>Release; manner.</u>

(a) Every mortgagee of real property, his assignee of 8 record, or other legal representative, having received full 9 satisfaction and payment of all such sum or sums of money as 10 are really due to him from the mortgagor, and every trustee, or 11 his successor in trust, in a deed of trust in the nature of a 12 mortgage, the notes, bonds or other indebtedness secured 13 thereby having been fully paid before September 7, 1973, shall, 14 15 at the request of the mortgagor, or grantor in a deed of trust in the nature of a mortgage, his heirs, legal representatives 16 or assigns, in case such mortgage or trust deed has been 17 18 recorded or registered, make, execute and deliver to the mortgagor or grantor in a deed of trust in the nature of a 19 mortgage, his heirs, legal representatives or assigns, an 20 21 instrument in writing executed in conformity with the provisions of this section releasing such mortgage or deed of 22 trust in the nature of a mortgage, which release shall be 23

entitled to be recorded or registered and the recorder or

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registrar upon receipt of such a release and the payment of the recording fee therefor shall record or register the same.

Mortgages of real property and deeds of trust in the nature of a mortgage shall be released of record only in the manner provided herein or as provided in the Mortgage Certificate of Release Act; however, nothing contained in this Act shall in any manner affect the validity of any release of a mortgage or deed of trust made prior to January 1, 1952 on the margin of the record.

Except in the case of a mortgage that is required to be released under the Mortgage Certificate of Release Act, every mortgagee of real property, his assignee of record, or other legal representative, having received full satisfaction and payment of all such sum or sums of money as are really due to him from the mortgagor, and every trustee, or his successor in trust, in a deed of trust in the nature of a mortgage, the notes, bonds or other indebtedness secured thereby having been fully paid after September 7, 1973, shall make, execute and deliver to the mortgagor or grantor in a deed of trust in the nature of a mortgage, his heirs, legal representatives or assigns, an instrument in writing releasing such mortgage or deed of trust in the nature of a mortgage or shall deliver that release to the recorder or registrar for recording or registering. If the release is delivered to the mortgagor or grantor, it must have imprinted on its face in bold letters at least 1/4 inch in height the following: "FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE OWNER, THIS RELEASE SHALL BE FILED WITH THE RECORDER OR THE REGISTRAR OF TITLES IN WHOSE OFFICE THE MORTGAGE OR DEED OF TRUST WAS FILED". The recorder, or registrar, upon receipt of such a release and the payment of the recording or registration fee, shall record or register the release. A certificate of release issued and recorded by a title insurance company or its duly appointed agent pursuant to the Mortgage Certificate of Release Act shall satisfy the requirements of this Section 2. A

1	mortgagee or trustee in a deed of trust in the nature of a
2	mortgage, its assignee of record, or other legal
3	representative, may include a reasonable fee in its payoff
4	statement for delivering a release as required by this Section
5	or for obtaining verification from a title insurance company
6	that the title insurance company has satisfied the requirements
7	of the Mortgage Certificate of Release Act.
8	(b) A release, in substantially the following form, that is
9	delivered as required by this Section by a mortgagee or trustee
10	in a deed of trust in the nature of a mortgage, its assignee of
11	record, or other legal representative, shall be sufficient if
12	it includes the following:
13	(i) the names of the mortgagors;
14	(ii) the name of the original mortgagee;
15	(iii) the name of the mortgage servicer (if any);
16	(iv) the volume and page or document number of the
17	mortgage recording;
18	(v) an identification of the property described in the
19	mortgage by Permanent Index Number and common address; and
20	(vi) a statement to the effect that the mortgage has
21	been paid in accordance with its terms.
22	(Source: P.A. 92-765, eff. 8-6-02; 93-428, eff. 12-31-03.)
23	(765 ILCS 905/4) (from Ch. 95, par. 54)
24	Sec. 4. If any mortgagee or trustee, in a deed in the
25	nature of a mortgage, of real property, or his executor or
26	administrator, heirs or assigns, or title insurance company
27	that is required to record a certificate of release pursuant to
28	the Mortgage Certificate of Release Act, knowing the same to be
29	paid, shall not, within one month after the payment of the debt
30	secured by such mortgage or trust deed, comply with the
31	requirements of Section 2 of this Act or the Mortgage

Certificate of Release Act, he shall, for every such offense,

be liable for and pay to the party aggrieved the sum of \$200

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which may be recovered by the party aggrieved in a civil 1 action, together with reasonable attorney's fees. In any such 2 3 action, introduction of a loan payment book or receipt which 4 indicates that the obligation has been paid shall be sufficient 5 evidence to raise a presumption that the obligation has been paid. Upon a finding for the party aggrieved, the court shall 6 7 order the mortgagee or trustee, or his executor 8 administrator, heirs or assigns, or title insurance company, to make, execute and deliver the release as provided in Section 2 9 of this Act or the Mortgage Certificate of Release Act. The 10 successor in interest to the mortgagee or trustee in a deed in 11 the nature of a mortgage shall not be liable for the penalty 12 13 prescribed in this Section if he complies with the requirements of Section 2 of this Act within one month after succeeding to 14 15 the interest.

- 16 (Source: P.A. 78-587.)
- Section 10. The Mortgage Certificate of Release Act is amended by changing Section 5, 10, 10.1, 25, 35, and 40 as
- 19 follows:
- 20 (765 ILCS 935/5)
- 21 Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- "Hold-harmless agreement" means a letter whereby a title 22 23 insurance company, as defined in the Title Insurance Act, 24 agrees to indemnify another title insurance company preparing 25 to insure a present transaction that the indemnifying title 26 insurance company has previously insured over without taking an 27 exception to its title insurance policy for matters remaining of record, such as a previously paid but unreleased mortgage. A 28 29 model form of a hold-harmless agreement is set forth in Section 30 70 of this Act.
- "Mortgage" means a mortgage or mortgage lien on an interest in one-to-four family residential real property in this State

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1 given to secure a loan in the original principal amount of less 2 than \$500,000. Trust deeds are not included.

"Mortgagee" means either: (i) the grantee of a mortgage; or (ii) if a mortgage has been assigned of record, the last person to whom the mortgage has been assigned of record.

"Mortgage servicer" means the last person to whom a mortgagor or the mortgagor's successor in interest has been instructed by a mortgagee to send payments on a loan secured by a mortgage. A person transmitting a payoff statement is the mortgage servicer for the mortgage described in the payoff statement.

"Mortgagor" means the grantor of a mortgage.

"Payoff statement" means a written statement issued by mortgagee or its mortgage servicer that includes a statement of: for the amount of the (i) the amount of the unpaid balance of a loan secured by a mortgage as of a specified payoff date, including the principal, interest, and any other charges, fees and costs due under or secured by the mortgage; (ii) any additional charges, fees and costs as may be recited therein including, but not limited to, fees for preparation of a release, charges for delivering a release, late fees, facsimile charges, and other miscellaneous charges; and (ii) (iii) interest on a per diem day basis for the unpaid balance after the specified payoff date; (iv) the place where payment must be made; and (v) any limitation as to the authorized method of payment or other qualifications for satisfaction of the amount due under or secured by the mortgage.

"Record" means to deliver the certificate of release for recording with the county recorder.

"Title insurance" has the same meaning ascribed to it as in Section 3 of the Title Insurance Act.

"Title insurance agent" has the same meaning ascribed to it as in Section 3 of the Title Insurance Act.

"Title insurance company" has the same meaning ascribed to 34

- it as in Section 3 of the Title Insurance Act. 1
- (Source: P.A. 92-765, eff. 8-6-02; 93-428, eff. 12-31-03.) 2
- 3 (765 ILCS 935/10)
- 4 Sec. 10. <u>Certificate of release;</u> mortgage presently being
- 5 paid off. Receipt of payment pursuant to the lender's written
- payoff statement shall constitute authority to record a 6
- 7 certificate of release.
- 8 (a) A title insurance company or its duly appointed title
- insurance agent shall execute and deliver for recording a 9
- certificate of release pursuant to this Act when: 10
- (1) the title insurance company is issuing title 11
- insurance in a transaction in which a mortgage to be 12
- 13 released is presently being paid off by the title insurance
- 14 company;
- 15 (2) the mortgagee or the mortgage servicer has issued a
- 16 payoff statement; and
- 17 (3) the mortgagee or the mortgage servicer has received
- payment in full of the balance needed to satisfy the 18
- obligations secured by the mortgage and set forth in the 19
- 20 payoff statement.
- (b) A certificate of release shall be delivered for 21
- recording to the recorder of each county in which the mortgage 22
- 23 is recorded, together with the other documents from the new
- 24 transaction, including a deed or new mortgage, or both by the
- 25 title insurance company or its duly appointed title insurance
- agent. 26
- 27 (c) The title insurance company or its duly appointed title
- insurance agent shall furnish written notification of the 28
- execution and delivery for recording of the certificate of 29
- 30 release to the mortgagee or mortgage servicer. The notification
- shall be included in the transmittal letter or form sent to the 31
- 32 mortgagee or mortgage servicer with the payment, or as
- otherwise directed by the mortgagee or mortgage servicing 33

- 1 agent. In the case of a payoff by a wire transfer or other
- 2 electronic means, a separate notification shall be sent.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 92-765, eff. 8-6-02; 93-428, eff. 12-31-03.)
- 4 (765 ILCS 935/10.1)
- Certificate of release; previously paid 5 mortgages. A title insurance company or its duly appointed 6 7 title insurance agent may issue a mortgage certificate of release pursuant to this Act for a mortgage that appears in the 8 9 chain of title prior to the mortgage presently being paid. The title insurance company must have proof of payment from its own 10 prior files that it paid the mortgage or mortgages pursuant to 11 a payoff statement. Where another title insurance company has 12 13 paid off an unreleased mortgage pursuant to a payoff statement, 14 the title insurance company or its duly appointed title 15 insurance agent in the current transaction may rely upon the hold-harmless letter of that prior title insurance company to 16 17 issue a mortgage certificate of release. This grant of authority is subject to the condition that the issuer of the 18 19 mortgage certificate of release does not have notice that the 20 lender opposes its release. A single mortgage certificate of release may include more than one mortgage, including both 21 22 presently and previously paid mortgages.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 93-428, eff. 12-31-03.)
- 24 (765 ILCS 935/25)
- Sec. 25. Execution. A certificate of release <u>issued under</u>

 Sections 10 and 10.1 authorized by Section 15 must be executed

 and acknowledged as required by law, as in the case of a deed,

 and may be executed by an officer or a duly appointed agent of

 a title insurance company. The agent must be a currently

 registered title insurance agent of the title insurance

 company.
- 32 (Source: P.A. 92-765, eff. 8-6-02.)

1 (765 ILCS 935/35)

2 Sec. 35. Effect of recording certificate of release. For 3 purposes of releasing the lien of the mortgage, a certificate 4 of release containing the information and statements provided for in Section 20 and executed as provided in Section 25 is 5 prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein, and upon 6 7 being recorded with the recorder, shall constitute a release of 8 the lien of the mortgage described in the certificate of 9 release. The title insurance company or title insurance agent 10 recording the certificate of release may use the recording fee it may have collected for the recording of a release or 11 12 satisfaction of the mortgage to effect the recording of the 13 certificate of release. The title insurance company or its duly 14 appointed title insurance agent may rely upon a payoff 15 statement to determine the amount that must be paid to the mortgagee or mortgage servicer in order to execute and deliver 16 17 for recording a certificate of release if the title insurance company or its duly appointed title insurance agent acts in 18 19 good faith and does not know or have reason to know the amount 20 is incorrect. The recording of the certificate of release does 21 not itself extinguish the liability of any person liable for repayment of the obligations secured by the mortgage. The 22 23 mortgagee or mortgage servicer may recover any sums from the 24 mortgagor or any other person personally liable for the 25 performance of the obligations secured by the mortgage, even if those sums were not included in the payoff statement prior to 26 payment of the obligation in full. 27

29 (765 ILCS 935/40)

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Sec. 40. Wrongful or erroneous certificate of release.

Delivery for recording of a wrongful or erroneous certificate

of release by a title insurance company or its title insurance

(Source: P.A. 92-765, eff. 8-6-02; 93-428, eff. 12-31-03.)

- 1 agent shall not relieve the mortgagor or the mortgagor's
- 2 successors or assignees from any personal liability on the loan
- 3 or other obligations secured by the mortgage. In addition to
- 4 any other remedy provided by law, a title insurance company
- 5 executing <u>and delivering for</u> recording a certificate of
- 6 release under this Act, directly or by its duly appointed title
- 7 <u>insurance agent</u>, is liable to the mortgagee for actual damages
- 8 sustained due to the recording of the certificate of release.
- 9 The prevailing party in any action or proceeding seeking actual
- damages due to the recording of a certificate of release shall
- 11 be entitled to the recovery of reasonable attorneys fees and
- 12 costs incurred in that action or proceeding.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 92-765, eff. 8-6-02; 93-428, eff. 12-31-03.)
- 14 (765 ILCS 935/15 rep.)
- 15 Section 15. The Mortgage Certificate of Release Act is
- amended by repealing Section 15.
- 17 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 18 becoming law.".