

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2003 and 2004

Introduced 02/09/04, by Timothy L. Schmitz

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

235 ILCS 5/1-3.05 235 ILCS 5/1-3.38 new 235 ILCS 5/5-1 from Ch. 43, par. 95.05

from Ch. 43, par. 115

Amends the Liquor Control Act of 1934. Defines "alcoholic beverages" to mean the same as "alcoholic liquor". Defines "licensed premises" as a place or location in Illinois where alcoholic liquor is manufactured, stored, displayed, or offered for sale or where drinks containing alcoholic liquors are mixed, concocted, and served for consumption. Provides that a distributor's license allows the wholesale purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors at a licensed premises. Effective immediately.

LRB093 18999 LRD 46888 b

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1 AN ACT in relation to alcoholic liquor.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by changing Sections 1-3.05 and 5-1 and by adding Section 1-3.38
- 6 as follows:

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7 (235 ILCS 5/1-3.05) (from Ch. 43, par. 95.05)
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Sec. 1-3.05. "Alcoholic liquor" or "alcoholic beverages" 8 includes alcohol, spirits, wine and beer, and every liquid or 9 solid, patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine or 10 beer, and capable of being consumed as a beverage by a human 11 being. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to alcohol 12 used in the manufacture of denatured alcohol produced in 13 14 accordance with Acts of Congress and regulations promulgated 15 thereunder, nor to any liquid or solid containing one-half of one per cent, or less, of alcohol by volume. No tax provided 16 17 for in Article VIII of this Act shall apply to wine intended for use and used by any church or religious organization for 18 19 sacramental purposes, provided that such wine shall from licensed manufacturer or 20 purchased а importing distributor under this Act. 21

22 (Source: P.A. 82-783.)

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23 (235 ILCS 5/1-3.38 new)
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Sec. 1-3.38. "Premises" or "licensed premises" means the

place or location in Illinois where alcoholic liquor is

manufactured, stored, displayed, or offered for sale or where

drinks containing alcoholic liquors are mixed, concocted, and

served for consumption.

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29 (235 ILCS 5/5-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 115)
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30 Sec. 5-1. Licenses issued by the Illinois Liquor Control

- 1 Commission shall be of the following classes:
- 2 (a) Manufacturer's license Class 1. Distiller, Class 2.
- 3 Rectifier, Class 3. Brewer, Class 4. First Class Wine
- 4 Manufacturer, Class 5. Second Class Wine Manufacturer, Class 6.
- 5 First Class Winemaker, Class 7. Second Class Winemaker, Class
- 8. Limited Wine Manufacturer,
- 7 (b) Distributor's license,
- 8 (c) Importing Distributor's license,
- 9 (d) Retailer's license,
- 10 (e) Special Event Retailer's license (not-for-profit),
- 11 (f) Railroad license,
- 12 (g) Boat license,
- 13 (h) Non-Beverage User's license,
- 14 (i) Wine-maker's premises license,
- 15 (j) Airplane license,
- 16 (k) Foreign importer's license,
- 17 (1) Broker's license,
- 18 (m) Non-resident dealer's license,
- 19 (n) Brew Pub license,
- 20 (o) Auction liquor license,
- 21 (p) Caterer retailer license,
- 22 (q) Special use permit license.
- No person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal
- 24 business entity that is engaged in the manufacturing of wine
- 25 may concurrently obtain and hold a wine-maker's license and a
- wine manufacturer's license.
- 27 (a) A manufacturer's license shall allow the manufacture,
- 28 importation in bulk, storage, distribution and sale of
- 29 alcoholic liquor to persons without the State, as may be
- 30 permitted by law and to licensees in this State as follows:
- 31 Class 1. A Distiller may make sales and deliveries of
- 32 alcoholic liquor to distillers, rectifiers, importing
- distributors, distributors and non-beverage users and to no
- 34 other licensees.
- 35 Class 2. A Rectifier, who is not a distiller, as defined
- 36 herein, may make sales and deliveries of alcoholic liquor to

rectifiers, importing distributors, distributors, retailers and non-beverage users and to no other licensees.

Class 3. A Brewer may make sales and deliveries of beer to importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees, and to retailers provided the brewer obtains an importing distributor's license or distributor's license in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Class 4. A first class wine-manufacturer may make sales and deliveries of up to 50,000 gallons of wine to manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors, and to no other licensees.

Class 5. A second class Wine manufacturer may make sales and deliveries of more than 50,000 gallons of wine to manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors and to no other licensees.

Class 6. A first-class wine-maker's license shall allow the manufacture of up to 50,000 gallons of wine per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors in the State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A first-class wine-maker's license shall allow the sale of no more than 5,000 gallons of the licensee's wine to retailers. The State Commission shall issue only one first-class wine-maker's license to any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal business entity that is engaged in the making of less than 50,000 gallons of wine annually that applies for a first-class wine-maker's license. No subsidiary or affiliate thereof, nor any officer, associate, member, partner, representative, employee, agent, or shareholder may be issued an additional wine-maker's license by the State Commission.

Class 7. A second-class wine-maker's license shall allow the manufacture of between 50,000 and 100,000 gallons of wine per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors in this State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A second-class wine-maker's license shall allow the sale of no more than 10,000 gallons of the licensee's

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only one second-class wine-maker's license to any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal business entity that is engaged in the making of less than 100,000 gallons of wine annually that applies for a second-class wine-maker's license.

wine directly to retailers. The State Commission shall issue

No subsidiary or affiliate thereof, or any officer, associate, member, partner, representative, employee, agent, or shareholder may be issued an additional wine-maker's license by

the State Commission.

Class 8. A limited wine-manufacturer may make sales and deliveries not to exceed 40,000 gallons of wine per year to distributors, and to non-licensees in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

(a-1) A manufacturer which is licensed in this State to make sales or deliveries of alcoholic liquor and which enlists agents, representatives, or individuals acting on its behalf who contact licensed retailers on a regular and continual basis in this State must register those agents, representatives, or persons acting on its behalf with the State Commission.

Registration of agents, representatives, or persons acting on behalf of a manufacturer is fulfilled by submitting a form to the Commission. The form shall be developed by Commission and shall include the name and address of the applicant, the name and address of the manufacturer he or she represents, the territory or areas assigned to sell to or discuss pricing terms of alcoholic liquor, and any other questions deemed appropriate and necessary. All statements in the forms required to be made by law or by rule shall be deemed material, and any person who knowingly misstates any material fact under oath in an application is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Fraud, misrepresentation, false statements, misleading statements, evasions, or suppression of material facts in the securing of a registration are grounds for suspension or revocation of the registration.

(b) A distributor's license shall allow the wholesale purchase and storage of alcoholic liquors at a licensed

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premises and sale of alcoholic liquors to licensees in this

State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by

law.

- (c) An importing distributor's license may be issued to and held by those only who are duly licensed distributors, upon the filing of an application by a duly licensed distributor, with the Commission and the Commission shall, without the payment of immediately issue such importing distributor's any fee, license to the applicant, which shall allow the importation of alcoholic liquor by the licensee into this State from any point in the United States outside this State, and the purchase of alcoholic liquor in barrels, casks or other bulk containers and the bottling of such alcoholic liquors before resale thereof, but all bottles or containers so filled shall be sealed, labeled, stamped and otherwise made to comply with all provisions, rules and regulations governing manufacturers in the preparation and bottling of alcoholic liquors. importing distributor's license shall permit such licensee to purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident dealers and foreign importers only.
- (d) A retailer's license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in such license, alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form: Provided that any retail license issued to a manufacturer shall only permit such manufacturer to sell beer at retail on the premises actually occupied by such manufacturer.

After January 1, 1995 there shall be 2 classes of licenses issued under a retailers license.

- (1) A "retailers on premise consumption license" shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at retail, only on the premises specified in the license, alcoholic liquor for use or consumption on the premises or on and off the premises, but not for resale in any form.
- (2) An "off premise sale license" shall allow the licensee to sell, or offer for sale at retail, alcoholic

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liquor intended only for off premise consumption and not
for resale in any form.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection (d), a retail licensee may sell alcoholic liquors to a special event retailer licensee for resale to the extent permitted under subsection (e).

(e) A special event retailer's license (not-for-profit) shall permit the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquors from an Illinois licensed distributor (unless the licensee purchases less than \$500 of alcoholic liquors for the special event, in which case the licensee may purchase the alcoholic liquors from a licensed retailer) and shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale, at retail, alcoholic liquors for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form and only at the location and on the specific dates designated for the special event in the license. An applicant for a special event retailer license must (i) furnish with the application: (A) a resale number issued under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or evidence that the applicant is registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, (B) a current, valid exemption identification number issued under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and a certification to the Commission that the purchase of alcoholic liquors will be a tax-exempt purchase, or (C) a statement that the applicant is not registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, does not hold a resale number under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and does not hold an exemption number under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, in which event the Commission shall set forth on the special event retailer's license a statement to that effect; (ii) submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability in the maximum limits; and (iii) show proof insurance satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant has obtained local authority approval.

(f) A railroad license shall permit the licensee to import

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alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be sold or dispensed on a club, buffet, lounge or dining car operated on an electric, gas or steam railway in this State; and provided further, that railroad licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to importing distributors. A railroad license shall also permit the licensee to sell or dispense alcoholic liquors on any club, buffet, lounge or dining car operated on an electric, gas or steam railway regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any licensee within this State. A license shall be obtained for each car in which such sales are made.

- (g) A boat license shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor in individual drinks, on any passenger boat regularly operated as a common carrier on navigable waters in this State or on any riverboat operated under the Riverboat Gambling Act, which boat or riverboat maintains a public dining room or restaurant thereon.
- (h) A non-beverage user's license shall allow the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquor from a licensed manufacturer or importing distributor, without the imposition of any tax upon the business of such licensed manufacturer or importing distributor as to such alcoholic liquor to be used by such licensee solely for the non-beverage purposes set forth in subsection (a) of Section 8-1 of this Act, and such licenses shall be divided and classified and shall permit the purchase, possession and use of limited and stated quantities of alcoholic liquor as follows:

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Section 5-3 of this Act.

1 Class 1, not to exceed 500 gallons 2 3 Class 3, not to exceed 5,000 gallons 4 5 Class 5, not to exceed50,000 gallons 6 (i) A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee 7 that concurrently holds a first-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises specified in 8 such license not more than 50,000 gallons of the first-class 9 10 wine-maker's wine that is made at the first-class wine-maker's 11 licensed premises per year for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license shall allow 12 13 a licensee who concurrently holds a second-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises 14 15 specified in such license up to 100,000 gallons of the 16 second-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the second-class 17 wine-maker's licensed premises per year for use or consumption 18 but not for resale in any form. Upon approval from the State Commission, a wine-maker's premises license shall allow the 19 20 licensee to sell and offer for sale at (i) the wine-maker's 21 licensed premises and (ii) at up to 2 additional locations for 22 use and consumption and not for resale. Each location shall

(j) An airplane license shall permit the licensee to import alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be sold or dispensed on an airplane; and provided further, that airplane licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to

require additional licensing per location as specified in

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1 importing distributors. An airplane licensee shall also permit 2 the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquors on any passenger airplane regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, 3 but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic 4 5 liquors to any licensee within this State. A single airplane 6 license shall be required of an airline company if liquor service is provided on board aircraft in this State. The annual 7 fee for such license shall be as determined in Section 5-3. 8

- (k) A foreign importer's license shall permit such licensee alcoholic liquor from Illinois non-resident dealers only, and to import alcoholic liquor other than in bulk from any point outside the United States and to sell such alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed importing distributors and to no one else in Illinois; provided that the foreign importer registers with the State Commission every brand of alcoholic liquor that it proposes to sell to Illinois licensees during the license period and provided further that the foreign importer complies with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 of this Act with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale.
- (1) (i) A broker's license shall be required of all persons who solicit orders for, offer to sell or offer to supply alcoholic liquor to retailers in the State of Illinois, or who offer to retailers to ship or cause to be shipped or to make contact with distillers, rectifiers, brewers or manufacturers or any other party within or without the State of Illinois in order that alcoholic liquors be shipped to a distributor, importing distributor or foreign importer, whether such solicitation or offer is consummated within or without the State of Illinois.

No holder of a retailer's license issued by the Illinois Liquor Control Commission shall purchase or receive any alcoholic liquor, the order for which was solicited or offered for sale to such retailer by a broker unless the broker is the holder of a valid broker's license.

The broker shall, upon the acceptance by a retailer of the broker's solicitation of an order or offer to sell or supply or deliver or have delivered alcoholic liquors, promptly forward to the Illinois Liquor Control Commission a notification of said transaction in such form as the Commission may by regulations prescribe.

(ii) A broker's license shall be required of a person within this State, other than a retail licensee, who, for a fee or commission, promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for alcoholic liquor, for use or consumption and not for resale, to be shipped from this State and delivered to residents outside of this State by an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier. This Section does not apply to any person who promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for wine as specifically authorized in Section 6-29 of this Act.

A broker's license under this subsection (1) shall not entitle the holder to buy or sell any alcoholic liquors for his own account or to take or deliver title to such alcoholic liquors.

This subsection (1) shall not apply to distributors, employees of distributors, or employees of a manufacturer who has registered the trademark, brand or name of the alcoholic liquor pursuant to Section 6-9 of this Act, and who regularly sells such alcoholic liquor in the State of Illinois only to its registrants thereunder.

Any agent, representative, or person subject to registration pursuant to subsection (a-1) of this Section shall not be eligible to receive a broker's license.

(m) A non-resident dealer's license shall permit such licensee to ship into and warehouse alcoholic liquor into this State from any point outside of this State, and to sell such alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed foreign importers and importing distributors and to no one else in this State; provided that said non-resident dealer shall register with the Illinois Liquor Control Commission each and every brand of alcoholic liquor which it proposes to sell to Illinois

- licensees during the license period; and further provided that the it shall comply with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 hereof with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale.
 - (n) A brew pub license shall allow the licensee to manufacture beer only on the premises specified in the license, to make sales of the beer manufactured on the premises to importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees for use and consumption, to store the beer upon the premises, and to sell and offer for sale at retail from the licensed premises, provided that a brew pub licensee shall not sell for off-premises consumption more than 50,000 gallons per year.
 - (o) A caterer retailer license shall allow the holder to serve alcoholic liquors as an incidental part of a food service that serves prepared meals which excludes the serving of snacks as the primary meal, either on or off-site whether licensed or unlicensed.
 - (p) An auction liquor license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at auction wine and spirits for use or consumption, or for resale by an Illinois liquor licensee in accordance with provisions of this Act. An auction liquor license will be issued to a person and it will permit the auction liquor licensee to hold the auction anywhere in the State. An auction liquor licensee must be obtained for each auction at least 14 days in advance of the auction date.
 - (q) A special use permit license shall allow an Illinois licensed retailer to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor inventory from its retail licensed premises to the premises specified in the license hereby created, and to sell or offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the license hereby created, the transferred alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A special use permit license may be granted for the following time periods: one day or less; 2 or more days to a maximum of 15 days per location in any 12 month period. An applicant for the special use permit license must also submit with the

- 1 application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the
- 2 applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the
- 3 maximum limits and have local authority approval.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 92-105, eff. 1-1-02;
- 5 92-378, eff. 8-16-01; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-672, eff.
- 6 7-16-02.)
- 7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 8 becoming law.