1

AN ACT in relation to schools.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
Section 18-185 and by adding Section 18-201 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 200/18-185)

Sec. 18-185. Short title; definitions. This Division 5
may be cited as the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.
As used in this Division 5:

"Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price Index for
All Urban Consumers for all items published by the United
States Department of Labor.

"Extension limitation" means (a) the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the l2-month calendar year preceding the levy year or (b) the rate of increase approved by voters under Section 18-205.

17 "Affected county" means a county of 3,000,000 or more 18 inhabitants or a county contiguous to a county of 3,000,000 19 or more inhabitants.

20 "Taxing district" has the same meaning provided in Section 1-150, except as otherwise provided in this Section. 21 22 For the 1991 through 1994 levy years only, "taxing district" includes only each non-home rule taxing district having the 23 majority of its 1990 equalized assessed value within any 24 county or counties contiguous to a county with 3,000,000 or 25 more inhabitants. Beginning with the 1995 levy year, "taxing 26 27 district "includes only each non-home rule taxing district subject to this Law before the 1995 levy year and each 28 29 non-home rule taxing district not subject to this Law before the 1995 levy year having the majority of its 1994 equalized 30 assessed value in an affected county or counties. Beginning 31

with the levy year in which this Law becomes applicable to a
 taxing district as provided in Section 18-213, "taxing
 district" also includes those taxing districts made subject
 to this Law as provided in Section 18-213.

5 "Aggregate extension" for taxing districts to which this б Law applied before the 1995 levy year means the annual 7 corporate extension for the taxing district and those special 8 purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing 9 district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general 10 11 obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made 12 for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before October 1, 1991; (c) 13 made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on 14 bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds 15 16 issued before October 1, 1991; (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to 17 refund or continue to refund bonds issued after October 1, 18 19 1991 that were approved by referendum; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds 20 issued before October 1, 1991 for payment of which a property 21 tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local 22 23 government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after 24 25 the governing body of the unit of local government finds that 26 all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission 27 lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds 28 29 issued by the commission before October 1, 1991, to pay for 30 the building project; (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered into before October 1, 31 1991; made for payments of principal and interest on bonds 32 (h) issued under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act 33 34 to finance construction projects initiated before October 1,

1 1991; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on 2 bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local limited Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the 3 4 service extension base less the amount in items (b), debt. (c), (e), and (h) of this definition for non-referendum 5 obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to 6 referendum; (j) made for payments of principal and interest 7 on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt 8 9 Reform Act; and (k) made by a school district that participates in the Special Education District of Lake 10 11 County, created by special education joint agreement under Section 10-22.31 of the School Code, for payment of the 12 school district's share of the amounts required to be 13 contributed by the Special Education District of Lake County 14 to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund under Article 7 of 15 16 the Illinois Pension Code; the amount of any extension under this item (k) shall be certified by the school district to 17 the county clerk. 18

"Aggregate extension" for the taxing districts to which 19 this Law did not apply before the 1995 levy year (except 20 21 taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with 22 Section 18-213) means the annual corporate extension for the 23 taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special 24 25 purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were 26 approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to 27 pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued 28 29 before March 1, 1995; (c) made for any taxing district to pay 30 interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before March 1, 1995; (d) made 31 for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds 32 issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after 33 34 March 1, 1995 that were approved by referendum; (e) made for

1 any taxing district to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before March 1, 1995 for payment of which a 2 property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of 3 4 local government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only 5 after the governing body of the unit of local government 6 7 finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to 8 make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for 9 the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before March 1, 10 11 1995 to pay for the building project; (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered into before March 1, 12 13 1995; (h) made for payments of principal and interest on under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation issued 14 bonds 15 District Act to finance construction projects initiated 16 before October 1, 1991; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the 17 Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed 18 the debt service extension base less the amount in items (b), 19 20 (c), and (e) of this definition for non-referendum 21 obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum and bonds described in subsection (h) of this 22 23 definition; (j) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt 24 25 Reform Act; (k) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds authorized by Public Act 88-503 and issued under 26 Section 20a of the Chicago Park District Act for aquarium or 27 museum projects; (1) made for payments of principal and 28 interest on bonds authorized by Public Act 87-1191 and issued 29 30 under Section 42 of the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act for zoological park projects; and (m) made pursuant to 31 Section 34-53.5 of the School Code, whether levied annually 32 33 or not.

34

"Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which

1 this Law applies in accordance with Section 18-213, except for those taxing districts subject to paragraph (2) of 2 subsection (e) of Section 18-213, means the annual corporate 3 4 extension for the taxing district and those special purpose 5 extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, б excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing 7 district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) 8 made for any 9 taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before the date on which 10 the 11 referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or 12 principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund 13 those bonds issued before the date on which the referendum 14 making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; 15 16 (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued 17 after the date on which the referendum making this Law 18 19 applicable to the taxing district is held if the bonds were approved by referendum after the date on which the referendum 20 21 making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; 22 (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal 23 on revenue bonds issued before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district 24 25 is held for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local government is pledged; 26 27 however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing body of 28 the unit of local government finds that all other sources for 29 30 payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease 31 32 payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before the date on which the referendum making 33 34 this Law applicable to the taxing district is held to pay for

1 the building project; (g) made for payments due under 2 installment contracts entered into before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing 3 4 district is held; (h) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the 5 Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed 6 7 the debt service extension base less the amount in items (b), 8 (C), and (e) of this definition for non-referendum 9 obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (i) made for payments of principal and interest 10 11 on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt 12 Reform Act; and (j) made for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued 13 for the purpose of paying obligations due under, or financing 14 15 airport facilities required to be acquired, constructed, 16 installed or equipped pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but not including any amendments to 17 such a contract taking effect on or after that date). 18

"Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which 19 20 this Law applies in accordance with paragraph (2) of 21 subsection (e) of Section 18-213 means the annual corporate 22 extension for the taxing district and those special purpose 23 extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing 24 25 district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any 26 27 taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before the effective date of this 28 29 amendatory Act of 1997; (c) made for any taxing district to 30 pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before the effective 31 32 date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to 33 refund or continue to refund bonds issued after the effective 34

1 date of this amendatory Act of 1997 if the bonds were 2 approved by referendum after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (e) made for any taxing district to 3 4 pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before the 5 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the 6 7 unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the 8 payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made 9 only after the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to 10 11 make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for 12 the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before the 13 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 to pay for 14 the 15 building project; (g) made for payments due under installment 16 contracts entered into before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (h) made for payments of principal 17 and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the 18 Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed 19 the debt service extension base less the amount in items (b), 20 21 (c), and (e) of this definition for non-referendum 22 obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to 23 referendum; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt 24 25 Reform Act; and (j) made for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued 26 for the purpose of paying obligations due under, or financing 27 airport facilities required to be acquired, constructed, 28 29 installed or equipped pursuant to, contracts entered into 30 before March 1, 1996 (but not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect on or after that date). 31

32 "Debt service extension base" means an amount equal to 33 that portion of the extension for a taxing district for the 34 1994 levy year, or for those taxing districts subject to this

1 Law in accordance with Section 18-213, except for those 2 subject to paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213, for the levy year in which the referendum making this Law 3 4 applicable to the taxing district is held, or for those 5 taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213 for the 6 7 1996 levy year, constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the taxing district 8 9 without referendum, but not including (i) bonds authorized by Public Act 88-503 and issued under Section 20a of the Chicago 10 11 Park District Act for aquarium and museum projects; (ii) bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt 12 Reform Act; or (iii) refunding obligations issued to refund 13 or to continue to refund obligations initially 14 issued pursuant to referendum; or (iv) bonds issued for fire 15 16 prevention and safety purposes under Section 17-2.11 of the School Code after the effective date of this amendatory Act 17 of the 93rd General Assembly and bonds issued to refund the 18 19 fire prevention and safety bonds issued after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly. The 20 21 debt service extension base may be established or increased as provided under Section 18-212. 22

23 "Special purpose extensions" include, but are not limited to, extensions for levies made on an annual basis for 24 25 unemployment and workers' compensation, self-insurance, contributions to pension plans, and extensions made pursuant 26 to Section 6-601 of the Illinois Highway Code for a road 27 district's permanent road fund whether levied annually or 28 29 not. The extension for a special service area is not 30 included in the aggregate extension.

31 "Aggregate extension base" means the taxing district's 32 last preceding aggregate extension as adjusted under Sections 33 18-215 through 18-230.

34

"Levy year" has the same meaning as "year" under Section

1 1-155.

2 "New property" means (i) the assessed value, after final of review or board of appeals action, of new 3 board 4 improvements or additions to existing improvements on anv 5 parcel of real property that increase the assessed value of 6 that real property during the levy year multiplied by the 7 equalization factor issued by the Department under Section 8 17-30 and (ii) the assessed value, after final board of 9 review or board of appeals action, of real property not exempt from real estate taxation, which real property was 10 11 exempt from real estate taxation for any portion of the immediately preceding levy year, multiplied 12 by the equalization factor issued by the Department under Section 13 17-30. In addition, the county clerk in a county containing a 14 population of 3,000,000 or more shall include in the 1997 15 16 recovered tax increment value for any school district, any recovered tax increment value that was applicable to the 1995 17 18 tax year calculations.

19 "Qualified airport authority" means an airport authority 20 organized under the Airport Authorities Act and located in a 21 county bordering on the State of Wisconsin and having a 22 population in excess of 200,000 and not greater than 500,000.

23 "Recovered tax increment value" means, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the amount of 24 the 25 current year's equalized assessed value, in the first year after a municipality terminates the designation of an area as 26 a redevelopment project area previously established under the 27 Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the Illinois 28 Municipal Code, previously established under the Industrial 29 30 Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or previously established under the Economic Development Area 31 Tax Increment Allocation Act, of each taxable lot, block, 32 tract, or parcel of real property in the redevelopment 33 project area over and above the initial equalized assessed 34

1 value of each property in the redevelopment project area. For 2 the taxes which are extended for the 1997 levy year, the recovered tax increment value for a non-home rule taxing 3 4 district that first became subject to this Law for the 1995 levy year because a majority of its 1994 equalized assessed 5 б value was in an affected county or counties shall be 7 increased if a municipality terminated the designation of an 8 area in 1993 as a redevelopment project area previously 9 established under the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the Illinois Municipal Code, previously established 10 11 under the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or previously established under the Economic 12 Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, by an amount 13 equal to the 1994 equalized assessed value of each taxable 14 15 lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the 16 redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized assessed value of 17 each property in the redevelopment project area. In the first year 18 after а 19 municipality removes a taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel a redevelopment project 20 of real property from area established under the Tax Increment Allocation Development 21 22 Act in the Illinois Municipal Code, the Industrial Jobs 23 Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or the Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, "recovered tax 24 25 increment value" means the amount of the current year's equalized assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract, 26 or parcel of real property removed from the redevelopment 27 project area over and above the initial equalized assessed 28 29 value of that real property before removal from the 30 redevelopment project area.

31 Except as otherwise provided in this Section, "limiting 32 rate" means a fraction the numerator of which is the last 33 preceding aggregate extension base times an amount equal to 34 one plus the extension limitation defined in this Section and

1 the denominator of which is the current year's equalized 2 assessed value of all real property in the territory under the jurisdiction of the taxing district during the prior levy 3 4 For those taxing districts that reduced their year. 5 aggregate extension for the last preceding levy year, the 6 highest aggregate extension in any of the last 3 preceding 7 levy years shall be used for the purpose of computing the The denominator shall not include 8 limiting rate. new 9 property. The denominator shall not include the recovered tax increment value. 10

11 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-478, eff. 11-1-99; 12 92-547, eff. 6-13-02.)

13

(35 ILCS 200/18-201 new)

14 <u>Sec. 18-201. School districts.</u>

15 (a) The aggregate extension for a school district shall not include any extension (i) made for fire prevention and 16 safety purposes under Section 17-2.11 of the School Code 17 produced by that portion of the rate for that purpose in 18 19 excess of the district's maximum permissible rate for that purpose immediately prior to the effective date of this 20 amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly or (ii) made for 21 22 payments of principal and interest on fire prevention and safety bonds issued under Section 17-2.11 of the School Code 23 24 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly or on bonds issued to refund the fire 25 prevention and safety bonds issued after the effective date 26 of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly. 27

28 (b) The requirements of Section 18-190 of this Code for 29 a direct referendum on the imposition of a new or increased 30 tax rate shall not apply to the tax levies that are not 31 included in the aggregate extension pursuant to this Section.

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(35 ILCS 200/18-200 rep.)

SB22 Engrossed -12- LRB093 02187 NHT 02194 b

Section 10. The Property Tax Code is amended by
 repealing Section 18-200.

3 Section 15. The School Code is amended by changing 4 Sections 2-3.12, 10-22.14, 17-2.2, 17-2.11, and 19-1 as 5 follows:

6 (105 ILCS 5/2-3.12) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.12)

Sec. 2-3.12. School building code. To prepare for school boards with the advice of the Department of Public Health, the Capital Development Board, and the State Fire Marshal a school building code that will conserve the health and safety and general welfare of the pupils and school personnel and others who use public school facilities.

13 The document known as "Efficient and Adequate Standards 14 for the Construction of Schools" applies only to temporary school facilities, new school buildings, and additions to 15 existing schools whose construction contracts are awarded 16 17 after July 1, 1965. On or before July 1, 1967, each school board shall have its school district buildings that were 18 constructed prior to January 1, 1955, surveyed by 19 an architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois as to 20 21 minimum standards necessary to conserve the health and safety of the pupils enrolled in the school buildings of the 22 23 district. Buildings constructed between January 1, 1955 and July 1, 1965, not owned by the State of Illinois, shall be 24 surveyed by an architect or engineer licensed in the State of 25 Illinois beginning 10 years after acceptance of the completed 26 building by the school board. Buildings constructed between 27 28 January 1, 1955 and July 1, 1955 and previously exempt under the provisions of Section 35-27 shall be surveyed prior to 29 30 July 1, 1977 by an architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois. The architect or engineer, using the 31 document known as "Building Specifications for Health and 32

1 Safety in Public Schools" as a guide, shall make a report of 2 the findings of the survey to the school board, giving priority in that report to fire safety problems 3 and 4 recommendations thereon if any such problems exist. The 5 school board of each district so surveyed and receiving a б report of needed recommendations to be made to improve standards of safety and health of the pupils enrolled has 7 until July 1, 1970, or in case of buildings not owned by the 8 9 State of Illinois and completed between January 1, 1955 and 1965 or in the case of buildings previously exempt 10 July 1, 11 under the provisions of Section 35-27 has a period of 3 years after the survey is commenced, to effectuate those 12 13 recommendations, giving first attention to the recommendations in the survey report having priority status, 14 and is authorized to levy the tax provided for in Section 15 16 17-2.11, according to the provisions of that Section, to make such improvements. School boards unable to effectuate those 17 recommendations prior to July 1, 1970, on July 1, 1980 in the 18 19 case of buildings previously exempt under the provisions of Section 35-27, may petition the State Superintendent of 20 21 Education upon the recommendation of the Regional 22 Superintendent for an extension of time. The extension of 23 time may be granted by the State Superintendent of Education for a period of one year, but may be extended from year 24 to 25 year provided substantial progress, in the opinion of the State Superintendent of Education, is being made toward 26 compliance. However, for fire protection issues, only one 27 one-year extension may be made, and no other provision of 28 29 this Code or an applicable code may supersede this 30 requirement. For routine inspections, fire officials shall provide written notice to the principal of the school to 31 32 schedule a mutually agreed upon time for the fire safety However, no more than 2 routine inspections may be 33 check. 34 made in a calendar year.

1 Within 2 years after the effective date of this 2 amendatory Act of 1983, and every 10 years thereafter, or at such other times as the State Board of Education deems 3 4 necessary or the regional superintendent so orders, each 5 school board subject to the provisions of this Section shall 6 aqain survey its school buildings and effectuate any 7 recommendations in accordance with the procedures set forth engineer licensed in the State of 8 herein. An architect or 9 Illinois is required to conduct the surveys under the provisions of this Section and shall make a report of 10 the 11 findings of the survey titled "safety survey report" to the school board. The school board shall approve the safety 12 survey report, including any recommendations to effectuate 13 compliance with the code, and submit it to the Regional 14 15 Superintendent. The Regional Superintendent shall render a 16 decision regarding approval or denial and submit the safety survey report to the State Superintendent of Education. 17 The 18 State Superintendent of Education shall approve or deny the 19 report including recommendations to effectuate compliance with the code and, if approved, issue a certificate of 20 21 approval. Upon receipt of the certificate of approval, the Regional Superintendent shall issue an order to effect any 22 23 approved recommendations included in the report. Items in the report shall be prioritized. Urgent items shall 24 be 25 considered as those items related to life safety problems that present an immediate hazard to the safety of students. 26 Required items shall be considered as those items that are 27 necessary for a safe environment but present less of 28 an 29 immediate hazard to the safety of students. Urgent and 30 required items shall be defined in rules adopted by the State <u>Board of Education.</u> 31 Urgent and required items shall 32 reference a specific rule in the code authorized by this Section that is currently being violated or will be violated 33 within the next 12 months if the violation is not remedied. 34

1 The school board of each district so surveyed and receiving a 2 report of needed recommendations to be made to maintain standards of safety and health of the pupils enrolled shall 3 4 effectuate the correction of urgent items as soon as 5 achievable to ensure the safety of the students, but in no 6 case more than one year after the date of the State 7 Superintendent of Education's approval of the recommendation. 8 Required items shall be corrected in a timely manner, but in 9 no case more than 3 5 years from the date of the State Superintendent of Education's approval of the recommendation. 10 11 Once each year the school board shall submit a report of progress on completion of any recommendations to effectuate 12 compliance with the code. For each year that the school 13 not effectuate 14 board does any or all approved 15 recommendations, it shall petition the Regional 16 Superintendent and the State Superintendent of Education detailing what work was completed in the previous year and a 17 work plan for completion of the remaining work. If in the 18 19 judgement of the Regional Superintendent and the State Superintendent of Education substantial progress has been 20 21 made and just cause has been shown by the school board, the 22 petition for a one year extension of time may be approved.

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23 As soon as practicable, but not later than 2 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1992, the State 24 25 Board of Education shall combine the document known as "Efficient and Adequate Standards for the Construction of 26 Schools" with the document known as "Building Specifications 27 for Health and Safety in Public Schools" together with any 28 29 modifications or additions that may be deemed necessary. The 30 combined document shall be known as the "Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools" and shall be the governing code for 31 32 all facilities that house public school students or are otherwise used for public school purposes, whether such 33 34 facilities are permanent or temporary and whether they are

owned, leased, rented, or otherwise used by the district.
Facilities owned by a school district but that are not used
to house public school students or are not used for public
school purposes shall be governed by separate provisions
within the code authorized by this Section.

6 The 10 year survey cycle specified in this Section shall 7 continue to apply based upon the standards contained in the 8 "Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools", which shall 9 specify building standards for buildings that are constructed 10 prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1992 11 and for buildings that are constructed after that date.

The "Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools" shall be 12 for public schools; however, the 13 the governing code provisions of this Section shall not preclude inspection of 14 15 school premises and buildings pursuant to Section 9 of the 16 Fire Investigation Act, provided that the provisions of the Safety Code for Public Schools", or such 17 "Health/Life predecessor document authorized by this Section as may be 18 19 applicable are used, and provided that those inspections are Superintendent 20 coordinated with the Regional having 21 jurisdiction over the public school facility. Nothing in 22 this Section shall be construed to prohibit a local fire 23 department, fire protection district, or the Office of the State Fire Marshal from conducting a fire safety check in a 24 25 public school. Upon being notified by a fire official that corrective action must be taken to resolve a violation, the 26 school board shall take corrective action within one year. 27 However, violations that present imminent danger must be 28 addressed immediately. 29

Any agency having jurisdiction beyond the scope of the applicable document authorized by this Section may issue a lawful order to a school board to effectuate recommendations, and the school board receiving the order shall certify to the Regional Superintendent and the State Superintendent of

1 Education when it has complied with the order.

The State Board of Education is authorized to adopt any rules that are necessary relating to the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this Section. The code authorized by this Section shall apply only to those school districts having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants.

8 (Source: P.A. 92-593, eff. 1-1-03.)

9 (105 ILCS 5/10-22.14) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.14)

Sec. 10-22.14. Borrowing money and issuing bonds. To borrow money, and issue bonds for the purposes and in the manner provided by this Act.

When bond proceeds from the sale of bonds include a 13 14 premium, or when the proceeds of bonds issued for the fire prevention, -- safety, -energy-conservation, -and-school-security 15 16 purposes as specified in Section 17-2.11 are invested as 17 authorized by law, the board shall determine by resolution whether the interest earned on the investment of bond 18 proceeds authorized under Section 17-2.11 or the premium 19 20 realized in the sale of bonds, as the case may be, is to be 21 used for the purposes for which the bonds were issued or, instead, for payment of the principal indebtedness and 22 23 interest on those bonds.

When bonds, other than bonds issued for the fire 24 25 prevention,-safety,-energy-conservation,-and-school--security purposes as specified in Section 17-2.11 are issued by any 26 27 school district, and the purposes for which the bonds have 28 been issued are accomplished and paid for in full, and there remain funds on hand from the proceeds of the bonds so 29 30 issued, the board by resolution may transfer those excess 31 funds to the operations and maintenance fund.

32 When bonds are issued by any school district for <u>the</u> fire

1 prevention,-safety,-energy-conservation,-and-school--security 2 purposes as specified in Section 17-2.11, and the purposes for which the bonds have been issued are accomplished and 3 4 full, and there remain funds on hand from the paid in proceeds of the bonds issued, the board by resolution shall 5 б those excess funds (1) for other authorized fire use 7 prevention,-safety,-energy-conservation,-and-school--security 8 purposes as specified in Section 17-2.11 or (2) for transfer 9 to the Bond and Interest Fund for payment of principal and interest on those bonds. If any transfer is made to the Bond 10 11 and Interest Fund, the secretary of the school board shall within 30 days notify the county clerk of the amount of that 12 transfer and direct the clerk to abate the taxes to be 13 extended for the purposes of principal and interest payments 14 15 the respective bonds issued under Section 17-2.11 by an 16 amount equal to such transfer.

17 (Source: P.A. 86-970; 87-984.)

18 (105 ILCS 5/17-2.2) (from Ch. 122, par. 17-2.2)

Sec. 17-2.2. <u>Backdoor</u> Back-door referendum. Whenever any 19 20 school district first levies a tax at a rate within the limit prescribed by paragraph (3) of Section 17-2 but in excess of 21 the maximum permissible on July 9, 1957, or within the limit 22 prescribed by paragraph (1) or (2) of Section 17-2 but 23 in 24 excess of the maximum permissible on June 30, 1965, or whenever after August 3, 1989 any school district maintaining 25 only grades kindergarten through 8 first levies a 26 tax for transportation purposes for any school year which is within 27 28 the limit prescribed for that school year by paragraph (5) of Section 17-2 but in excess of the maximum authorized to be 29 levied for such purposes for the 1988-89 school year, or 30 whenever after August 3, 1989 any school district first 31 levies a tax for operations and maintenance purposes for any 32 33 school year which is within the limit prescribed for that

1 school year by paragraph (3) of Section 17-2 but in excess of 2 the maximum authorized to be levied for such purposes for the immediately preceding school year, or whenever a backdoor 3 4 referendum is required under Section 17-2.11, the district 5 shall cause to be published <u>a notice of the proposed tax levy</u> such---resolution in at least one newspaper of general 6 7 circulation or-more-newspapers--published in the district, 8 within 10 days after such levy is made. The <u>notice</u> publication-of-the-resolution shall include a-notice--of 9 (1) the specific number of voters required to sign a petition 10 11 requesting that the question of the adoption of the tax levy be submitted to the voters of the district; (2) the time in 12 which the petition must be filed; and (3) the date of the 13 prospective referendum. The district Secretary shall provide 14 a petition form to any individual requesting one. 15 Anv 16 registered voter taxpayer in such district may, within 30 days after such levy is made, file with the Secretary of the 17 board of education a petition signed by the voters of the 18 19 district equal to 10% or more of the registered voters of the district requesting the submission to a referendum of the 20 21 following proposition:

"Shall school district No..... be authorized to levy a 22 23 tax for (state purposes) (in excess of but not to 24 exceed....) or (at a rate not to exceed...%) as authorized in 25 Section 17-2 of the School Code?" The secretary of the board of education shall certify the proposition to the 26 proper election authorities for submission to the electorate 27 at a regular scheduled election in accordance with the 28 29 general election law.

If a majority of the voters voting on the proposition vote in favor thereof, such increased tax shall thereafter be authorized; if a majority of the vote is against such proposition, the previous maximum rate authorized, if any, shall remain in effect until changed by law. SB22 Engrossed -20- LRB093 02187 NHT 02194 b

1 (Source: P.A. 86-128; 86-134; 86-1028; 86-1334; 87-767.)

(105 ILCS 5/17-2.11) (from Ch. 122, par. 17-2.11)

2

3 17-2.11. School board power to levy a tax or to Sec. borrow money and issue bonds for fire prevention, safety, 4 5 energy conservation, disabled accessibility, school security, and specified repair purposes. Whenever, as a result of any 6 7 lawful order of any agency, other than a school board, having authority to enforce any school building code applicable to 8 any facility that houses students, or any law or regulation 9 10 for the protection and safety of the environment, pursuant to the Environmental Protection Act, any school district having 11 a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants is required to 12 alter<u>, repair,</u> or reconstruct any school building 13 or 14 permanent, fixed equipment; or whenever any such district 15 determines that it is necessary for energy conservation that any school building or permanent, fixed purposes 16 17 equipment should be altered or reconstructed and that such 18 alterations or reconstruction will be made with funds not necessary for the completion of approved and recommended 19 20 projects contained in any safety survey report or amendments thereto authorized by Section 2-3.12 of this Act; or whenever 21 22 any such district determines that it is necessary for disabled accessibility purposes and to comply with the school 23 24 building code that any school building or equipment should be altered or reconstructed and that such alterations 25 or reconstruction will be made with funds not necessary for the 26 completion of approved and recommended projects contained in 27 28 any safety survey report or amendments thereto authorized 29 under Section 2-3.12 of this Act; or whenever any such district determines that it is necessary for school security 30 purposes and the related protection and safety of pupils and 31 school personnel that any school building or property should 32 33 be altered or reconstructed or that security systems and

1 equipment (including but not limited to intercom, early 2 detection and warning, access control and television monitoring systems) should be purchased and installed, and 3 4 that such alterations, reconstruction or purchase and 5 installation of equipment will be made with funds not б necessary for the completion of approved and recommended 7 projects contained in any safety survey report or amendment thereto authorized by Section 2-3.12 of this Act and will 8 9 deter and prevent unauthorized entry or activities upon school property by unknown or dangerous persons, assure early 10 11 detection and advance warning of any such actual or attempted unauthorized entry or activities and help assure the 12 continued safety of pupils and school staff if any such 13 unauthorized entry or activity is attempted or occurs; or if 14 a school district does not need funds for other fire 15 16 prevention and safety projects, including the completion of approved and recommended projects contained in any safety 17 survey report or amendments thereto authorized by Section 18 2-3.12 of this Act, and it is determined after a public 19 hearing (which is preceded by at least one published notice 20 21 (i) occurring at least 7 days prior to the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the school district 22 23 and (ii) setting forth the time, date, place, and general subject matter of the hearing) that there is a substantial, 24 25 immediate, and otherwise unavoidable threat to the health, safety, or welfare of pupils due to disrepair of school 26 27 sidewalks, playgrounds, parking lots, or school bus turnarounds and repairs must be made: then in any such 28 29 event, such district may, by proper resolution, levy a tax 30 for the purpose of making such alteration, repair, or reconstruction, based on a survey report by an architect or 31 32 engineer licensed in the State of Illinois, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value as assessed by 33 34 the Department of Revenue at a rate not to exceed 0.15% for

-21-

1 <u>elementary and high school districts and 0.30% for unit</u>
2 <u>districts</u> -05% per year for a period sufficient to finance
3 such alterations, repairs, or reconstruction, upon the
4 following conditions:

5 (a) When there are not sufficient funds available in either the operations and maintenance fund of the 6 7 district or the fire prevention and safety fund of the district as determined by the district on the basis of 8 9 regulations adopted by the State Board of Education to make such alterations, repairs, or reconstruction, or to 10 11 purchase and install such permanent fixed equipment so ordered or determined as necessary. Appropriate school 12 district records shall be made available to the State 13 Superintendent of Education upon request to confirm such 14 15 insufficiency.

16 (b) When a certified estimate of an architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois stating the 17 estimated amount necessary to make the alterations, or 18 repairs, reconstruction or to purchase and install such 19 equipment so ordered has been secured by the district, 20 21 and the estimate has been approved by the regional 22 superintendent of schools, having jurisdiction of the 23 district, and the State Superintendent of Education. Approval shall not be granted for any work that has 24 25 already started without the prior express authorization of the State Superintendent of Education. If such 26 estimate is not approved or denied approval by the 27 regional superintendent of schools within 3 months after 28 the date on which it is submitted to him or her, the 29 30 school board of the district may submit such estimate directly to the State Superintendent of Education for 31 approval or denial. 32

33(c) Whenever a school district subject to the34Property Tax Extension Limitation Law first levies the

1 tax at a rate permitted by this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly but in excess of its maximum 3 permissible rate for that purpose immediately prior to 4 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd 5 General Assembly, the rate increase shall be subject to a 6 backdoor referendum using the procedures provided in 7 Section 17-2.2 of this Code.

For purposes of this Section a school district may 8 9 replace a school building or build additions to replace portions of a building when it is determined that the 10 11 effectuation of the recommendations for the existing building 12 will cost more than the replacement costs. Such determination shall be based on a comparison of estimated 13 costs made by an architect or engineer licensed in the State 14 15 of Illinois. The new building or addition shall be 16 equivalent in area (square feet) and comparable in purpose and grades served and may be on the same site or another 17 Such replacement may only be done upon order of the 18 site. 19 regional superintendent of schools and the approval of the State Superintendent of Education. 20

The filing of a certified copy of the resolution levying the tax when accompanied by the certificates of the regional superintendent of schools and State Superintendent of Education shall be the authority of the county clerk to extend such tax.

The county clerk of the county in which any school district levying a tax under the authority of this Section is located, in reducing raised levies, shall not consider any such tax as a part of the general levy for school purposes and shall not include the same in the limitation of any other tax rate which may be extended.

32 Such tax shall be levied and collected in like manner as 33 all other taxes of school districts, subject to the 34 provisions contained in this Section. 1 The-tax-rate-limit--specified--in--this--Section--may--be 2 increased--to--.10%--upon--the--approval--of-a-proposition-to 3 effect-such-increase-by-a-majority-of-the-electors-voting--on 4 that--proposition--at--a--regular--scheduled--election---Such 5 proposition--may--be--initiated--by--resolution-of-the-school 6 board-and-shall-be-certified-by-the-secretary-to--the--proper 7 election--authorities--for--submission-in-accordance-with-the 8 general-election-law-

9 When taxes are levied by any school district for the fire 10 prevention,-safety,-energy-conservation,-and-school--security 11 purposes as specified in this Section, and the purposes for which the taxes have been levied are accomplished and paid in 12 full, and there remain funds on hand in the Fire Prevention 13 and Safety Fund from the proceeds of the taxes levied, 14 15 including interest earnings thereon, the school board by 16 resolution shall use such excess and other board restricted funds excluding bond proceeds and earnings from such proceeds 17 (1) for other authorized fire prevention, safety, 18 energy 19 conservation, and school security purposes or (2) for 20 transfer to the Operations and Maintenance Fund for the 21 purpose of abating an equal amount of operations and 22 maintenance purposes taxes. If any transfer is made to the 23 Operation and Maintenance Fund, the secretary of the school board shall within 30 days notify the county clerk of 24 the 25 amount of that transfer and direct the clerk to abate the taxes to be extended for the purposes of operations and 26 maintenance authorized under Section 17-2 of this Act by an 27 amount equal to such transfer. 28

If the proceeds from the tax levy authorized by this Section are insufficient to complete the work approved under this Section, the school board is authorized to sell bonds without referendum under the provisions of this Section in an amount that, when added to the proceeds of the tax levy authorized by this Section, will allow completion of the

1 approved work, provided that a district that is subject to 2 the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law shall submit the authorization to a backdoor referendum as provided in this 3 4 Section. No school district that is subject to the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law may issue bonds under this 5 Section unless it adopts a resolution declaring its intention 6 7 to issue bonds and directs that notice of this intention be 8 published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the district. The notice shall set forth (i) the 9 intention of the district to issue bonds in accordance with 10 11 this Section, (ii) the time within which a petition may be filed requesting the submission to the voters of the 12 proposition to issue the bonds, (iii) the specific number of 13 voters required to sign the petition, and (iv) the date of 14 the prospective referendum. At the time of publication of 15 16 the notice and for 30 days thereafter, the secretary of the district shall provide a petition form to any individual 17 requesting one. If within 30 days after the publication a 18 petition is filed with the secretary of the district, signed 19 by the voters of the district equal to 5% or more of the 20 registered voters of the district requesting that the 21 22 proposition to issue bonds as authorized by this Section be submitted to the voters thereof, then the district shall not 23 be authorized to issue the bonds until the proposition has 24 been certified to the proper election authorities and has 25 been submitted to and approved by a majority of the voters 26 voting on the proposition at a regular scheduled election in 27 accordance with the general election law. If no such 28 petition is filed, or if any and all petitions filed are 29 invalid, the district may issue the bonds. 30

31 Such bonds shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed 32 the maximum rate authorized by law at the time of the making 33 of the contract, shall mature within 20 years from date, and 34 shall be signed by the president of the school board and the

1 treasurer of the school district.

2 In order to authorize and issue such bonds, the school board shall adopt a resolution fixing the amount of bonds, 3 4 the date thereof, the maturities thereof, rates of interest 5 thereof, place of payment and denomination, which-shall-be-in 6 denominations-of-not-less-than-\$100-and-not-more-than-\$5,000, 7 and provide for the levy and collection of a direct annual 8 tax upon all the taxable property in the school district 9 sufficient to pay the principal and interest on such bonds to maturity. Upon the filing in the office of the county clerk 10 of the county in which the school district is located of a 11 certified copy of the resolution, it is the duty of the 12 county clerk to extend the tax therefor in addition to and in 13 excess of all other taxes heretofore or hereafter authorized 14 to be levied by such school district. 15

16 After the time such bonds are issued as provided for by this Section, if additional alterations, repairs, 17 or reconstructions are required to be made because of surveys 18 conducted by an architect or engineer licensed in the State 19 of Illinois, the district may levy a tax at a rate not to 20 21 exceed the rate permitted by this Section -05%-per-year upon all the taxable property of the district or issue additional 22 23 bonds, whichever action shall be the most feasible.

This Section is cumulative and constitutes complete authority for the issuance of bonds as provided in this Section notwithstanding any other statute or law to the contrary.

With respect to instruments for the payment of money issued under this Section either before, on, or after the effective date of Public Act 86-004 (June 6, 1989), it is, and always has been, the intention of the General Assembly (i) that the Omnibus Bond Acts are, and always have been, supplementary grants of power to issue instruments in accordance with the Omnibus Bond Acts, regardless of any

1 provision of this Act that may appear to be or to have been 2 more restrictive than those Acts, (ii) that the provisions of this Section are not a limitation on the supplementary 3 4 authority granted by the Omnibus Bond Acts, and (iii) that 5 instruments issued under this Section within the supplementary authority granted by the Omnibus Bond Acts are 6 7 not invalid because of any provision of this Act that may 8 appear to be or to have been more restrictive than those 9 Acts.

When the purposes for which the bonds are issued have been accomplished and paid for in full and there remain funds on hand from the proceeds of the bond sale and interest earnings therefrom, the board shall, by resolution, use such excess funds in accordance with the provisions of Section 10-22.14 of this Act.

16 Whenever any tax is levied or bonds issued <u>under this</u> 17 <u>Section, the</u> for---fire---prevention,---safety,---energy 18 conservation,-and-school--security--purposes,--such proceeds 19 shall be deposited and accounted for separately within the 20 Fire Prevention and Safety Fund.

21 (Source: P.A. 88-251; 88-508; 88-628, eff. 9-9-94; 88-670,
22 eff. 12-2-94; 89-235, eff. 8-4-95; 89-397, eff. 8-20-95.)

23

(105 ILCS 5/19-1) (from Ch. 122, par. 19-1)

24 Sec. 19-1. Debt limitations of school districts.

25 (a) School districts shall not be subject to the 26 provisions limiting their indebtedness prescribed in <u>the</u> Local Government Debt Limitation Act "An-Act-to-limit-the 27 28 indebtedness-of-counties-having-a--population--of--less--than 500,000--and--townships,-school-districts-and-other-municipal 29 30 corporations-having-a--population-of--less--than--300,000", approved-February-15,-1928,-as-amended. 31

32 No school districts maintaining grades K through 8 or 9 33 through 12 shall become indebted in any manner or for any 1 purpose to an amount, including existing indebtedness, in the 2 aggregate exceeding 6.9% of on the equalized assessed value of the taxable property therein to be ascertained by the last 3 4 assessment for State and county taxes or, until January 1, 5 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the б school district's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the 7 debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. 8

9 No school districts maintaining grades K through 12 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose to an 10 11 amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate 12 exceeding 13.8% of on the equalized assessed value of the 13 taxable property therein to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes or, until January 1, 14 15 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the 16 school district's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979, 17 previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. 18

19 Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, in any case in which the voters of a school 20 district have approved a proposition for the issuance of 21 22 bonds of such school district at an election held prior to 23 January 1, 1979, and all of the bonds approved at such election have not been issued, the debt limitation applicable 24 25 to such school district during the calendar year 1979 shall be computed by multiplying the value of taxable property 26 27 therein, including personal property, as ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes, previous to the 28 29 incurring of such indebtedness, by the percentage limitation 30 applicable to such school district under the provisions of this subsection (a). 31

32 (b) Notwithstanding the debt limitation prescribed in 33 subsection (a) of this Section, additional indebtedness may 34 be incurred in an amount not to exceed the estimated cost of 1 acquiring or improving school sites or constructing and 2 equipping additional building facilities under the following 3 conditions:

4 (1) Whenever the enrollment of students for the next school year is estimated by the board of education 5 to increase over the actual present enrollment by not 6 7 less than 35% or by not less than 200 students or the actual present enrollment of students has increased over 8 9 the previous school year by not less than 35% or by not less than 200 students and the board of education 10 determines that additional school sites or building 11 facilities are required as a result of such increase in 12 13 enrollment; and

14 (2) When the Regional Superintendent of Schools
15 having jurisdiction over the school district and the
16 State Superintendent of Education concur in such
17 enrollment projection or increase and approve the need
18 for such additional school sites or building facilities
19 and the estimated cost thereof; and

(3) When the voters in the school district approve 20 21 a proposition for the issuance of bonds for the purpose 22 of acquiring or improving such needed school sites or 23 constructing and equipping such needed additional building facilities at an election called and held for 24 25 that purpose. Notice of such an election shall state that the amount of indebtedness proposed to be incurred would 26 exceed the debt limitation otherwise applicable to the 27 school district. The ballot for such proposition shall 28 29 state what percentage of the equalized assessed valuation will be outstanding in bonds if the proposed issuance of 30 bonds is approved by the voters; or 31

32 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs
33 (1) through (3) of this subsection (b), if the school
34 board determines that additional facilities are needed to

provide a quality educational program and not less than 2 2/3 of those voting in an election called by the school 3 board on the question approve the issuance of bonds for 4 the construction of such facilities, the school district 5 may issue bonds for this purpose; or

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs 6 7 (1) through (3) of this subsection (b), if (i) the school district has previously availed itself of the provisions 8 9 of paragraph (4) of this subsection (b) to enable it to issue bonds, (ii) the voters of the school district have 10 11 not defeated a proposition for the issuance of bonds since the referendum described in paragraph (4) of this 12 13 subsection (b) was held, (iii) the school board determines that additional facilities are needed to 14 15 provide a quality educational program, and (iv) а 16 majority of those voting in an election called by the school board on the question approve the issuance of 17 bonds for the construction of such facilities, the school 18 district may issue bonds for this purpose. 19

In no event shall the indebtedness incurred pursuant to 20 21 this subsection (b) and the existing indebtedness of the school district exceed 15% of the equalized assessed value of 22 23 the taxable property therein to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes, previous to the 24 25 incurring of such indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the school 26 district's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt 27 limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979. 28

The indebtedness provided for by this subsection (b) shall be in addition to and in excess of any other debt limitation.

32 (c) Notwithstanding the debt limitation prescribed in 33 subsection (a) of this Section, in any case in which a public 34 question for the issuance of bonds of a proposed school

district maintaining grades kindergarten through 12 received at least 60% of the valid ballots cast on the question at an election held on or prior to November 8, 1994, and in which the bonds approved at such election have not been issued, the school district pursuant to the requirements of Section 11A-10 may issue the total amount of bonds approved at such election for the purpose stated in the question.

8 (d) Notwithstanding the debt limitation prescribed in 9 subsection (a) of this Section, a school district that meets all the criteria set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this 10 11 subsection (d) may incur an additional indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$4,500,000, even though the amount of 12 the additional indebtedness authorized by this subsection 13 (d), when incurred and added to the aggregate amount of 14 15 indebtedness of the district existing immediately prior to 16 the district incurring the additional indebtedness authorized by this subsection (d), causes the aggregate indebtedness of 17 the district to exceed the debt limitation otherwise 18 applicable to that district under subsection (a): 19

(1) The additional indebtedness authorized by this 20 21 subsection (d) is incurred by the school district through the issuance of bonds under and in accordance with 22 23 Section 17-2.11a for the purpose of replacing a school building which, because of mine subsidence damage, 24 has 25 closed as provided in paragraph (2) of this been subsection (d) or through the issuance of bonds under and 26 in accordance with Section 19-3 for the purpose of 27 increasing the size of, or providing for additional 28 29 functions in, such replacement school buildings, or both 30 such purposes.

31 (2) The bonds issued by the school district as
32 provided in paragraph (1) above are issued for the
33 purposes of construction by the school district of a new
34 school building pursuant to Section 17-2.11, to replace

1 existing school building that, because of mine an 2 subsidence damage, is closed as of the end of the 1992-93 3 school year pursuant to action of the regional 4 superintendent of schools of the educational service region in which the district is located under Section 5 3-14.22 or are issued for the purpose of increasing the 6 7 size of, or providing for additional functions in, the 8 new school building being constructed to replace a school 9 building closed as the result of mine subsidence damage, 10 or both such purposes.

11 (e) Notwithstanding the debt limitation prescribed in subsection (a) of this Section, a school district that meets 12 all the criteria set forth in paragraphs (1) through (5) of 13 subsection (e) may, without referendum, incur 14 this an 15 additional indebtedness in an amount not to exceed the lesser 16 of \$5,000,000 or 1.5% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property within the district even though the amount 17 of the additional indebtedness authorized by this subsection 18 (e), when incurred and added to the aggregate amount of 19 indebtedness of the district existing immediately prior to 20 21 the district incurring that additional indebtedness, causes 22 the aggregate indebtedness of the district to exceed or 23 increases the amount by which the aggregate indebtedness of the district already exceeds the debt limitation otherwise 24 25 applicable to that district under subsection (a):

26 (1) The State Board of Education certifies the
27 school district under Section 19-1.5 as a financially
28 distressed district.

(2) The additional indebtedness authorized by this subsection (e) is incurred by the financially distressed district during the school year or school years in which the certification of the district as a financially distressed district continues in effect through the issuance of bonds for the lawful school purposes of the district, pursuant to resolution of the school board and
 without referendum, as provided in paragraph (5) of this
 subsection.

4 (3) The aggregate amount of bonds issued by the financially distressed district during a fiscal year in 5 which it is authorized to issue bonds under this 6 7 subsection does not exceed the amount by which the aggregate expenditures of the district for operational 8 9 purposes during the immediately preceding fiscal year exceeds the amount appropriated for the operational 10 11 purposes of the district in the annual school budget adopted by the school board of the district for the 12 fiscal year in which the bonds are issued. 13

(4) Throughout each fiscal 14 year in which certification of the district as a financially distressed 15 16 district continues in effect, the district maintains in effect a gross salary expense and gross wage expense 17 freeze policy under which the district expenditures for 18 19 total employee salaries and wages do not exceed such expenditures for the immediately preceding fiscal year. 20 21 Nothing in this paragraph, however, shall be deemed to 22 impair or to require impairment of the contractual 23 obligations, including collective bargaining agreements, of the district or to impair or require the impairment of 24 25 the vested rights of any employee of the district under the terms of any contract or agreement in effect on the 26 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1994. 27

(5) Bonds issued by the financially distressed district under this subsection shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed the maximum rate authorized by law at the time of the making of the contract, shall mature within 40 years from their date of issue, and shall be signed by the president of the school board and treasurer of the school district. In order to issue bonds under

1 this subsection, the school board shall adopt а 2 resolution fixing the amount of the bonds, the date of the bonds, the maturities of the bonds, the rates of 3 4 interest of the bonds, and their place of payment and denomination, and shall provide for the 5 levy and collection of a direct annual tax upon all the taxable 6 7 property in the district sufficient to pay the principal 8 and interest on the bonds to maturity. Upon the filing 9 in the office of the county clerk of the county in which the financially distressed district is located of a 10 11 certified copy of the resolution, it is the duty of the county clerk to extend the tax therefor in addition to 12 and in excess of all other taxes at any time authorized 13 to be levied by the district. If bond proceeds from the 14 15 sale of bonds include a premium or if the proceeds of the 16 bonds are invested as authorized by law, the school board shall determine by resolution whether the interest earned 17 on the investment of bond proceeds or the premium 18 realized on the sale of the bonds is to be used for any 19 the lawful school purposes for which the bonds were 20 of 21 issued or for the payment of the principal indebtedness 22 and interest on the bonds. The proceeds of the bond sale 23 shall be deposited in the educational purposes fund of the district and shall be used to pay operational 24 expenses of the district. This subsection is cumulative 25 and constitutes complete authority for the issuance of 26 bonds as provided in this subsection, notwithstanding any 27 other law to the contrary. 28

Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of 29 (f) this Section or of any other law, bonds in not to exceed the 30 aggregate amount of \$5,500,000 and issued by a school 31 district meeting the following criteria shall 32 not be considered indebtedness for purposes of any statutory 33 limitation and may be issued in an amount or amounts, 34

including existing indebtedness, in excess of any heretofore
 or hereafter imposed statutory limitation as to indebtedness:

-35-

3 (1) At the time of the sale of such bonds, the
4 board of education of the district shall have determined
5 by resolution that the enrollment of students in the
6 district is projected to increase by not less than 7%
7 during each of the next succeeding 2 school years.

8 (2) The board of education shall also determine by 9 resolution that the improvements to be financed with the 10 proceeds of the bonds are needed because of the projected 11 enrollment increases.

(3) The board of education shall also determine by 12 13 resolution that the projected increases in enrollment are the result of improvements made or expected to be made to 14 passenger rail facilities located in the school district. 15 16 (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section or any other law, bonds in not to exceed an 17 aggregate amount of 25% of the equalized assessed value of 18 the taxable property of a school district and issued by a 19 school district meeting the criteria in paragraphs (i) 20 21 through (iv) of this subsection shall not be considered 22 indebtedness for purposes of any statutory limitation and may 23 be issued pursuant to resolution of the school board in an amount or amounts, including existing indebtedness, in excess 24 25 any statutory limitation of indebtedness heretofore or of hereafter imposed: 26

(i) The bonds are issued for the purpose of
constructing a new high school building to replace two
adjacent existing buildings which together house a single
high school, each of which is more than 65 years old, and
which together are located on more than 10 acres and less
than 11 acres of property.

33 (ii) At the time the resolution authorizing the34 issuance of the bonds is adopted, the cost of

constructing a new school building to replace the
 existing school building is less than 60% of the cost of
 repairing the existing school building.

4 (iii) The sale of the bonds occurs before July 1,
5 1997.

6 (iv) The school district issuing the bonds is a 7 unit school district located in a county of less than 8 70,000 and more than 50,000 inhabitants, which has an 9 average daily attendance of less than 1,500 and an 10 equalized assessed valuation of less than \$29,000,000.

(h) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section or the provisions of any other law, until January 1, 1998, a community unit school district maintaining grades K through 12 may issue bonds up to an amount, including existing indebtedness, not exceeding 27.6% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the district, if all of the following conditions are met:

18 (i) The school district has an equalized assessed
19 valuation for calendar year 1995 of less than
20 \$24,000,000;

(ii) The bonds are issued for the capital improvement, renovation, rehabilitation, or replacement of existing school buildings of the district, all of which buildings were originally constructed not less than 40 years ago;

26 (iii) The voters of the district approve a
27 proposition for the issuance of the bonds at a referendum
28 held after March 19, 1996; and

29 (iv) The bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2
30 through 19-7 of this Code.

31 (i) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section 32 or the provisions of any other law, until January 1, 1998, a 33 community unit school district maintaining grades K through 34 12 may issue bonds up to an amount, including existing 1 indebtedness, not exceeding 27% of the equalized assessed 2 value of the taxable property in the district, if all of the 3 following conditions are met:

4 (i) The school district has an equalized assessed
5 valuation for calendar year 1995 of less than
6 \$44,600,000;

7 (ii) The bonds are issued for the capital 8 improvement, renovation, rehabilitation, or replacement 9 of existing school buildings of the district, all of 10 which existing buildings were originally constructed not 11 less than 80 years ago;

12 (iii) The voters of the district approve a 13 proposition for the issuance of the bonds at a referendum 14 held after December 31, 1996; and

15 (iv) The bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2
16 through 19-7 of this Code.

(j) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section or the provisions of any other law, until January 1, 1999, a community unit school district maintaining grades K through 12 may issue bonds up to an amount, including existing indebtedness, not exceeding 27% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the district if all of the following conditions are met:

(i) The school district has an equalized assessed
valuation for calendar year 1995 of less than
\$140,000,000 and a best 3 months average daily attendance
for the 1995-96 school year of at least 2,800;

(ii) The bonds are issued to purchase a site and build and equip a new high school, and the school district's existing high school was originally constructed not less than 35 years prior to the sale of the bonds;

33 (iii) At the time of the sale of the bonds, the34 board of education determines by resolution that a new

high school is needed because of projected enrollment
 increases;

3 (iv) At least 60% of those voting in an election
4 held after December 31, 1996 approve a proposition for
5 the issuance of the bonds; and

6

7

(v) The bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2 through 19-7 of this Code.

Notwithstanding the debt limitation prescribed in 8 (k) 9 subsection (a) of this Section, a school district that meets all the criteria set forth in paragraphs (1) through (4) of 10 11 this subsection (k) may issue bonds to incur an additional indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$4,000,000 even 12 though the amount of the additional indebtedness authorized 13 by this subsection (k), when incurred and added to the 14 aggregate amount of indebtedness of the school district 15 16 existing immediately prior to the school district incurring additional indebtedness, causes 17 such the aggregate indebtedness of the school district to exceed or increases 18 the amount by which the aggregate indebtedness of the 19 district already exceeds the debt limitation otherwise 20 21 applicable to that school district under subsection (a):

(1) the school district is located in 2 counties, and a referendum to authorize the additional indebtedness was approved by a majority of the voters of the school district voting on the proposition to authorize that indebtedness;

(2) the additional indebtedness is for the purpose
of financing a multi-purpose room addition to the
existing high school;

30 (3) the additional indebtedness, together with the 31 existing indebtedness of the school district, shall not 32 exceed 17.4% of the value of the taxable property in the 33 school district, to be ascertained by the last assessment 34 for State and county taxes; and 1 (4) the bonds evidencing the additional 2 indebtedness are issued, if at all, within 120 days of 3 the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1998.

4 (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section
5 or the provisions of any other law, until January 1, 2000, a
6 school district maintaining grades kindergarten through 8 may
7 issue bonds up to an amount, including existing indebtedness,
8 not exceeding 15% of the equalized assessed value of the
9 taxable property in the district if all of the following
10 conditions are met:

11 (i) the district has an equalized assessed 12 valuation for calendar year 1996 of less than 13 \$10,000,000;

14 (ii) the bonds are issued for capital improvement, 15 renovation, rehabilitation, or replacement of one or more 16 school buildings of the district, which buildings were 17 originally constructed not less than 70 years ago;

18 (iii) the voters of the district approve a 19 proposition for the issuance of the bonds at a referendum 20 held on or after March 17, 1998; and

21 (iv) the bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2
22 through 19-7 of this Code.

(m) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section or the provisions of any other law, until January 1, 1999, an elementary school district maintaining grades K through 8 may issue bonds up to an amount, excluding existing indebtedness, not exceeding 18% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the district, if all of the following conditions are met:

30 (i) The school district has an equalized assessed
31 valuation for calendar year 1995 or less than \$7,700,000;
32 (ii) The school district operates 2 elementary
33 attendance centers that until 1976 were operated as the
34 attendance centers of 2 separate and distinct school

1 districts;

2 (iii) The bonds are issued for the construction of 3 a new elementary school building to replace an existing 4 multi-level elementary school building of the school 5 district that is not handicapped accessible at all levels 6 and parts of which were constructed more than 75 years 7 ago;

8 (iv) The voters of the school district approve a 9 proposition for the issuance of the bonds at a referendum 10 held after July 1, 1998; and

11 (v) The bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2
12 through 19-7 of this Code.

Notwithstanding the debt limitation prescribed in 13 (n) subsection (a) of this Section or any other provisions of 14 this Section or of any other law, a school district that 15 16 meets all of the criteria set forth in paragraphs (i) through (vi) of this subsection (n) may incur additional indebtedness 17 by the issuance of bonds in an amount not exceeding the 18 19 amount certified by the Capital Development Board to the school district as provided in paragraph (iii) of this 20 21 subsection (n), even though the amount of the additional indebtedness so authorized, when incurred and added to the 22 23 aggregate amount of indebtedness of the district existing immediately prior to the district incurring the additional 24 25 indebtedness authorized by this subsection (n), causes the aggregate indebtedness of the district to exceed the debt 26 limitation otherwise applicable by law to that district: 27

(i) The school district applies to the State Board
of Education for a school construction project grant and
submits a district facilities plan in support of its
application pursuant to Section 5-20 of the School
Construction Law.

33 (ii) The school district's application and34 facilities plan are approved by, and the district

receives a grant entitlement for a school construction
 project issued by, the State Board of Education under the
 School Construction Law.

4 (iii) The school district has exhausted its bonding capacity or the unused bonding capacity of the district 5 is less than the amount certified by the Capital 6 7 Development Board to the district under Section 5-15 of the School Construction Law as the dollar amount of the 8 9 school construction project's cost that the district will be required to finance with non-grant funds in order to 10 11 receive a school construction project grant under the School Construction Law. 12

(iv) The bonds are issued for 13 а "school construction project", as that term is defined in Section 14 5-5 of the School Construction Law, in an amount that 15 16 does not exceed the dollar amount certified, as provided in paragraph (iii) of this subsection (n), by the Capital 17 Development Board to the school district under Section 18 19 5-15 of the School Construction Law.

20 (v) The voters of the district approve a 21 proposition for the issuance of the bonds at a referendum 22 held after the criteria specified in paragraphs (i) and 23 (iii) of this subsection (n) are met.

(vi) The bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2
through 19-7 of the School Code.

26 (Source: P.A. 90-570, eff. 1-28-98; 90-757, eff. 8-14-98; 27 91-55, eff. 6-30-99.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect uponbecoming law.