AN ACT concerning taxes.


#### Abstract

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:


Section 5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Section 3-10 and by adding Sections 3-41 and 3-42 as follows:
(35 ILCS 105/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.3-10)
Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25\% of either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of the tangible personal property. In all cases where property functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling price of the property. In all cases where property functionally used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail. For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the price at which property would change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of like kind and character in Illinois.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40
of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$.

With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) $70 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 75\% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31,2007 , (iii) $80 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1,2008 and through December 31, 2013, and (iv) もe $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to E85 blend fuel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31, 2013 but applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of E85 blend fuel is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of E85 blend fuel made during that time.

With respect to bio-diesel blend fuel with no more than 10\% fuel made from biomass material, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) $75 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31, 2007, (ii) 80\% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 2008 and through December 31, 2013, and (iii) $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of bio-diesel blend fuel with no more than 10\% fuel made from biomass material is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of bio-diesel blend fuel with no more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material made during that time.

With respect to bio-diesel blend fuel with more than $10 \%$
fuel made from biomass material, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31, 2013 but applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of bio-diesel blend fuel with more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of bio-diesel blend fuel with more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material made during that time.

With respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, the tax is imposed at the rate of $1 \%$. For the purposes of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size. "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50\% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are
dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the
location of the vending machine.
If the property that is purchased at retail from a
retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside
Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is
taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax
is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a
reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior
out-of-state use.
(Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; $90-606$, eff. 6-30-98;
91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)
(35 ILCS 105/3-41 new)
Sec. 3-41. Bio-diesel blend. "Bio-diesel blend" means
diesel fuel blended with no less than 0.5\% and no more than
20\% fuel made from biomass material. "Diesel fuel" means any
petroleum product intended for use or offered for sale as a
fuel for engines in which the fuel is injected into the
combustion chamber and ignited by pressure without electric
spark. "Biomass material" includes, but is not limited to,
soybean oil, other vegetable oils, and denatured ethanol.
(35 ILCS 105/3-42 new)
Sec. 3-42. E85 blend fuel. "E85 blend fuel" means motor fuel that contains at least 70\% denatured ethanol and no more than $30 \%$ gasoline. "Gasoline" means all products commonly or commercially known or sold as gasoline (including casing head and absorption or natural gasoline).

Section 10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing Section $3-10$ as follows:
(35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)
Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in
this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of $6.25 \%$ of the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70\% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003\& (ii) $75 \%$ of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31, 2007, (iii) $80 \%$ of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 2008 and through December 31, 2013, and (iv) もe $100 \%$ of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to E85 blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31, 2013 but applies to $100 \%$ of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of E85 blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of E 85 blend fuel made during that time.

With respect to bio-diesel blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) $75 \%$ of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31,2007 , (ii) $80 \%$ of the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 2008 and through December 31, 2013, and (iii) $100 \%$ of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of bio-diesel blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of bio-diesel blend fuel with no more than 10\% fuel made from biomass material made during that time.

With respect to bio-diesel blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31, 2013 but applies to $100 \%$ of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of bio-diesel blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of bio-diesel blend fuel with more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material made during that time.

At the election of any registered serviceman made for each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than $35 \%$, or 75\% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs
or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of those services.

The tax shall be imposed at the rate of $1 \%$ on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of $1 \%$ on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size. "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing $50 \%$ or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending
machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.
(Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98; 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

Section 15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Section $3-10$ as follows:
(35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)
Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25\% of the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible personal property transferred. The selling price of each item of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the tangible personal property is deemed to be $50 \%$ of the serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When, however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the
serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to the completion of the contract.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) $70 \%$ of the cost price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 75\% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1 , 2003 and through December 31, 2007, (iii) 80\% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 2008 and through December 31, 2013, and (iv) もe 100\% of the cost price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to E85 blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31, 2013 but applies to $100 \%$ of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of E85 blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of E85 blend fuel made during that time.

With respect to bio-diesel blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 75\% of
the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31, 2007 , (ii) $80 \%$ of the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1,2008 and through December 31, 2013, and (iii) 100\% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of bio-diesel blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$ then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of bio-diesel blend fuel with no more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material made during that time.

With respect to bio-diesel blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31,2013 but applies to $100 \%$ of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of bio-diesel blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of bio-diesel blend fuel with more than 10\% fuel made from biomass material made during that time.

At the election of any registered serviceman made for each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than $35 \%$ or 75\% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the
serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to the sale of those services.

The tax shall be imposed at the rate of $1 \%$ on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of $1 \%$ on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless of size. "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50\% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

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(Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98;
91-51, 6-30-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)
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Section 20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Section $2-10$ as follows:
(35 ILCS 120/2-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 441-10)
Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of $6.25 \%$ of gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in the course of business.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$.

Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91 st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty offense for which the fine shall be $\$ 500$ per day per each retail premises where a violation occurs.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70\% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 75\% of the proceeds of sales made
on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31, 2007, (iii) $80 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1,2008 and through December 31, 2013, and (iv) もe 100\% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to E85 blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31,2013 but applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of E85 blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of E85 blend fuel made during that time.

With respect to bio-diesel blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) $75 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31, 2007, (ii) $80 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 2008 and through December 31, 2013, and (iii) $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of bio-diesel blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of bio-diesel blend fuel with no more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material made during that time.

With respect to bio-diesel blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the
proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and through December 31, 2013 but applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of bio-diesel blend fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material is imposed at the rate of $1.25 \%$, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to $100 \%$ of the proceeds of sales of bio-diesel blend fuel with more than $10 \%$ fuel made from biomass material made during that time.

With respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, the tax is imposed at the rate of $1 \%$. For the purposes of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size. "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing $50 \%$ or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the

1 location of the vending machine.
2 (Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98; 3 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 5 becoming law.

